

Medium & Heavy Payload Series

Hardware Installation Manual

Corresponding models: TM16/20 Series



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Revision History Table

Revision	Date	Revised Content
01	June 2022	Original release
02	March 2023	Added TM20 information

1. Product Description

1.1 Product Description

The TM Robot is a six-axis robot with power and force limiting function featuring simple programming, innovative integrated vision capabilities together with the latest safety functionality to run at full speed with barriers and operate in collaborative workspace.

1.2 How Can I Get Help?

You can access information sources on the corporate website:

http://www.ia.omron.com/

Related Manuals

This manual covers the hardware installation, operation and user maintenance of TM Robot. See the following table for additional available manuals.

Manual Title	Description
Safety Manual	Contains safety information for TM Robots.
TMflow	Instructions for use of TMflow software.
TMvision	Instructions for use of TMvision software.

Table 1: Manual Title & Description

1.3 Disposal and Environment

TM Robots must be disposed of in accordance with the applicable legislation, regulations, and codes by the authorities.

TM Robots are produced with restricted used of hazardous substances to protect the environment; as defined by the Europe RoHS directive 2011/65/EU. These substances include mercury, cadmium, lead, chromium VI, polybrominated biphenyls, and polyborminated diphenyl ethers.

The following symbols are affixed on the respective manuals to indicate conformity with the above legislation.





2. Safety Information

2.1 Overview

Users should read, understand and abide by the safety information provided in this manual before using the TM Robot.

2.2 Warning and Caution Symbols

The Table below shows the definitions of the warning and caution levels used in this manual. Pay close attention to them when reading the manual, and observe them to avoid personal injuries or equipment damage.



DANGER:

Identifies an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, is likely to result in serious injury, and might result in death or severe property damage.



WARNING:

Identifies a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in minor or moderate injury, and might result in serious injury, death, or significant property damage.



CAUTION:

Identifies a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, might result in minor injury, moderate injury, or property damage.

Table 2: Danger, Warning, and Caution Symbols

2.3 Safety Precautions



DANGER:

This product can cause serious injury or death, or damage to itself and other equipment, if the following safety precautions are not observed.

• All personnel who install, operate, teach, program, or maintain the system must read the *Hardware installation Manual*, *Software Manual*, and *Safety Manual* according to the software and hardware version of this product, and complete a training course for their responsibilities in regard to the robot.





Read Manual and Impact Warning Labels

- All personnel who design the robot system must read the Hardware installation Manual, Software Manual, and Safety Manual according to the software and hardware version of this product, and must comply with all local and national safety regulations for the location in which the robot is installed.
- The TM Robot must be used according to its intended use.
- Results of the risk assessment may require the use of additional risk reduction measures.

- Power to the robot and its power supply must be locked out and tagged out or have means to control
 hazardous energy or implement energy isolation before any maintenance is performed.
- Dispose of the product in accordance with the relevant rules and regulations of the country or area where the product is used.

2.4 Validation and Liability

The information contained herein neither includes how to design, install, and operate a complete robotic arm system, nor involves the peripherals that may affect the safety of the complete system. The integrators of the robot should understand the safety laws and regulations in their countries and prevent hazards from occurring in the complete system.

This includes but is not limited to:

- Risk assessment of the whole system
- Adding other machines and additional risk reduction measures based on the results of the risk assessment
- Using appropriate software safety features
- Ensuring Users will not modify any safety measures
- Ensuring all systems are correctly designed and installed
- Clearly labeling user instructions
- Clearly marking the contact information for the integrator
- Making relevant documents accessible, including the risk assessment, and this manual

CAUTION:



This product is a partly complete machine. The design and installation of the complete system must comply with the safety standards and regulations in the country of use. Users and integrators of the robot should understand the safety laws and regulations in their countries and prevent major hazards from occurring in the complete system.

2.5 Statement of Responsibilities for Cybersecurity Threats

To maintain the security and reliability of the system, a robust cybersecurity defense program should be implemented, which may include some or all of the following:

Anti-virus protection

- Install the latest commercial-quality anti-virus software on the computer connected to the control system and keep the software and virus definitions up-to-date.
- Scan USB drives or other external storage devices before connecting them to control systems and equipment.

Security measures to prevent unauthorized network access

- Install physical controls so that only authorized personnel can access control systems and equipment.
- Reduce connections to control systems and equipment via networks to prevent access from untrusted devices.

- Install firewalls to block unused communications ports and limit communication between systems. Limit access between control systems and systems from the IT network.
- Control remote access and adopt multifactor authentication to devices with remote access to control systems and equipment.
- Set strong password policies and monitor for compliance frequently.

Data input and output protection

- Backup data and keep the data up-to-date periodically to prepare for data loss.
- Validate backups and retention policies to cope with unintentional modification of input/output data to control systems and equipment.
- Validate the scope of data protection regularly to accommodate changes.
- Check validity of backups by scheduling test restores to ensure successful recovery from incidents.
- Safety design, such as emergency shutdown and fail-soft operations in case of data tampering and incidents.

Additional recommendations

- When using an external network environment to connect to an unauthorized terminal such as a SCADA, HMI or to an unauthorized server may result in network security issues such as spoofing and tampering.
- You must take sufficient measures such as restricting access to the terminal, using a terminal equipped with a secure function, and locking the installation area by yourself.
- When constructing network infrastructure, communication failure may occur due to cable disconnection or the influence of unauthorized network equipment.
- Take adequate measures, such as restricting physical access to network devices, by means such as locking the installation area.
- When using devices equipped with an SD Memory Card, there is a security risk that a third party may acquire, alter, or replace the files and data in the removable media by removing or unmounting the media.
- Please take sufficient measures, such as restricting physical access to the Controller or taking appropriate management measures for removable media, by means of locking and controlling access to the installation area.
- Educate employees to help them identify phishing scams received via email on systems that will connect to the control network.

2.6 Limitations on Liability

Even if the safety instructions are followed, any safety information in the manual shall not be considered as a guarantee that the product will not cause any personal injury or property damage.

2.7 General Safety Warning

- 1. The noise measured in a factory setting is about 50.4 dB (A) without production. (Measured 1m from the robot and 1.6m above the floor, at 80% of maximum speed). If the sound pressure is over 80 dB(A) while operating, wear proper ear protection.
- 2. Environmental Conditions:

Ambient air temperature: 0°C ~ +50°C

Ambient relative humidity: < 85%

Transportation & Storage condition: -20°C ~ +60°C

Transportation & Storage humidity: < 75%

The robot needs to be protected from shock or vibration

Observe ESD precautions when installing or removing robot

2.8 Risk Assessment

Before installing or using this product, Users must first carry out the necessary risk assessment based on the conditions of use, and pay attention to the potential remaining risk addressed by the Corporation. Refer to and abide by the relevant chapters in *Safety Manual* in accordance with its software and hardware version.

2.9 Emergency Stop

If any accidents occur during the operation of the robot, Users can stop all movement by pressing the Emergency Stop switch. When the robot stops, Users must ensure that all hazards are eliminated before manually restarting the robot. The Emergency Stop switch is only for use in critical conditions. To stop the robot during normal operations use the Stop Button on the system controller. When Users presses the Emergency Stop switch, the TM Robot will disconnect power from the robot and activate the brakes after the robot motion is stopped. The indication light ring of the robot will not display light, and the three lights from the robot stick will be constantly blinking.

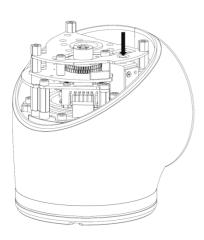
Once the risk assessment has been conducted, if an Emergency Stop switch needs to be installed, the selected device must comply with the requirements of IEC 60204-1. After an Emergency Stop, factory reset, or any other safety incident, refer and abide by the relevant chapters in *Safety Manual* in accordance with its software and hardware version.

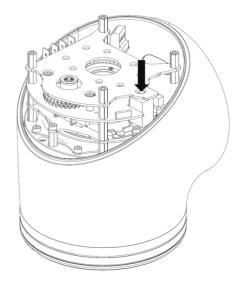
2.10 Movement without Drive Power

Robot without Drive Power could be found in three circumstances: Emergency stop, when disengaging packaging posture to initial booting, and power loss. The first two could enter Safe Start up Mode by means of releasing the Emergency Switch; the latter one is when robot loses external power. Regarding how to operate as well as safety precautions refer and abide by the relevant chapters in the *Safety Manual*.

If the robot loses power, and joints need to be moved in order to clear error conditions, you will need to release the brake for each joint as follows:

- 1. Remove joint cover screws (M3, Torx-T10) and joint cover.
- 2. Release the brake by pushing the pin on the brake solenoid shown in the following figures.





4th / 5th /6th Joint

3rd Joint

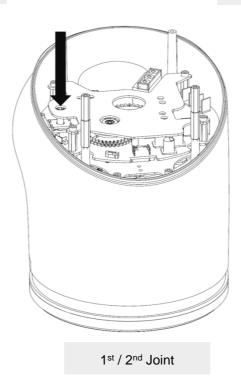


Figure 1: Reference of Brake Solenoid by Joints



WARNING:

- 1. Due to gravity, additional supports are recommended when manually releasing the brake.
- 2. When manually moving each robot joint, the movement angle must be within a range of $\pm 1/45^{\circ}$.

2.11 Labels

The following labels, especially the warning ones, are attached to the locations where specific dangers may occur. Be sure to comply with description and warnings of the labels when operating to avoid accidents. Do not tear, damage, or remove the labels. Be very careful if you need to handle the parts where the labels are attached.

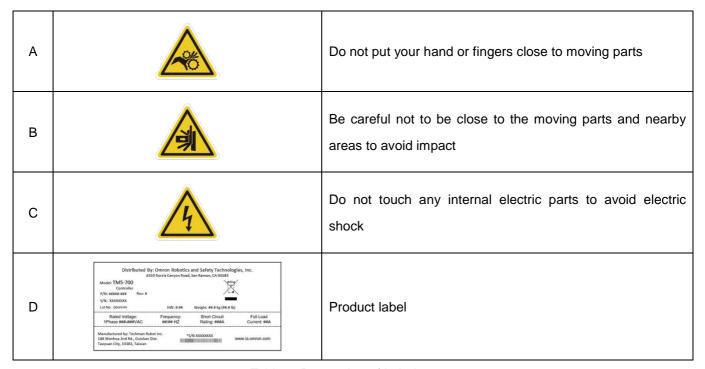


Table 3: Denotation of Labels

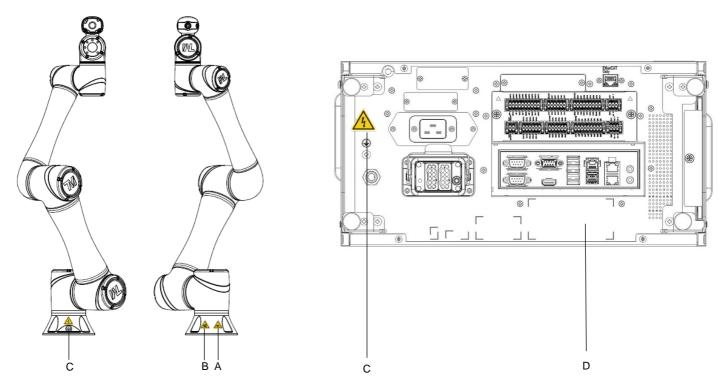


Figure 2: Locations of Labels

3. Transportation and Storage

Transport the TM Robot using its original packing materials. If you will need to transport the TM Robot after unpacking, store the packing materials in a dry place. Hold both arms of the TM Robot during transportation. Support the arms while tightening the base screws.

Lift the control box by its handles. Store the cables before transportation.



WARNING:

Pay attention to your posture when moving the arm and control box cartons to avoid back injury. The Corporation will not be liable for any injuries caused during transportation.



WARNING:

If the robot has not moved for a period of time, the base oil may be separated and leaked due to the influence of gravity. It is recommended to let the joints of the robot move at a slow speed (less than 10%) for at least 30 minutes every other month to make the base oil circulates effectively in the joints.

WARNING:



This product must be shipped and stored in a temperature-controlled environment, within the range -20°C to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F). The recommended humidity is up to 75 percent, non-condensing. It should be shipped and stored in the supplied package, which is designed to prevent damage from normal shock and vibration, You should protect the package from excessive shock and vibration.

The product must always be stored and shipped in an upright position in a clean, dry area that is free from condensation. Do not lay the package on its side or any other non-upright position. This could damage the product.

4. System Hardware

4.1 Overview

This chapter introduces the mechanical interface of the TM Robot System.

4.2 System Overview

TM Robot is made up of the robot arm and control box (including a robot stick).



Robot arm





Control Box

Robot Stick

4.2.1 Robot Arm

4.2.1.1 Dimension Drawings of Robot

Shown below is the dimension drawing of the robot

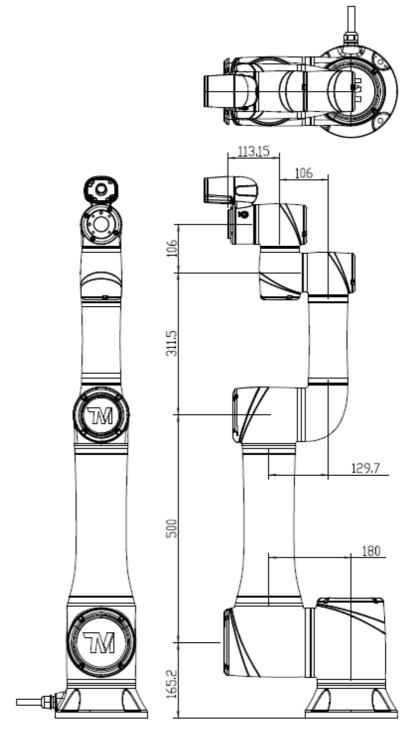


Figure 4: Dimension of TM16 / TM16M *All measures are in mm.

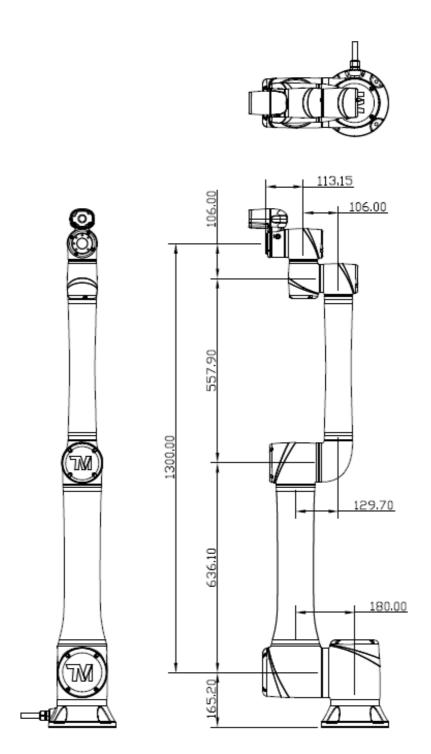


Figure 5: Dimension of TM20 / TM20M *All measures are in mm.

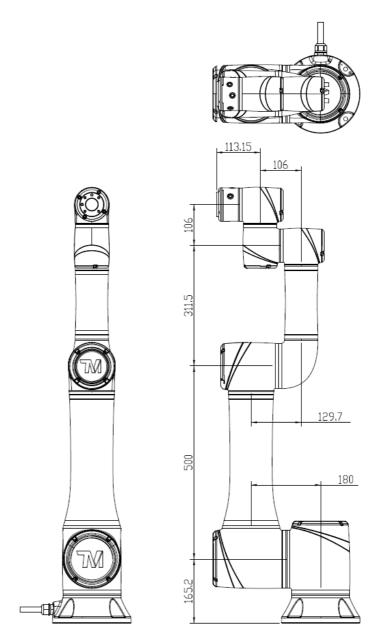


Figure 6: Dimension of TM16X *All measures are in mm.

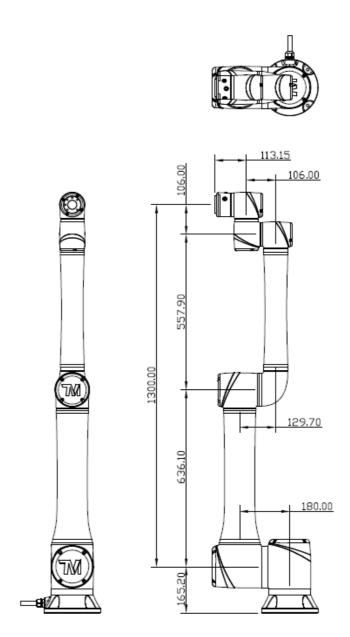


Figure 7: Dimension of TM20X *All measures are in mm.

4.2.1.2 Robot Assembly Diagram

Shown below is an illustration of the robot components. To avoid safety risks, do not attempt to disassemble any component on your own. Contact your local corporation support for any service request.

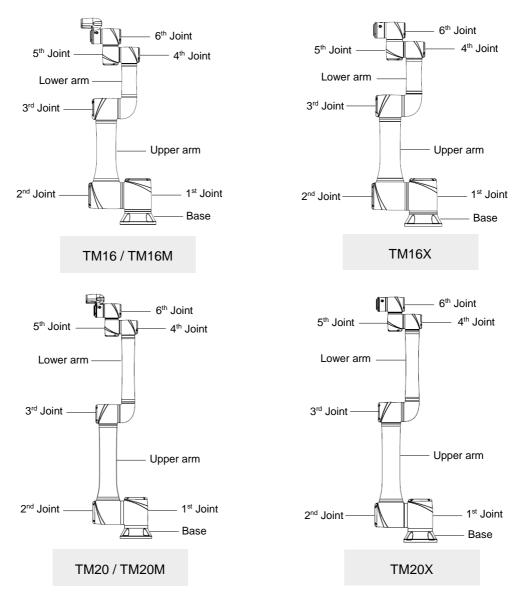


Figure 8: References of Joints by Models

4.2.1.3 Range of Motion

The working spherical (radius) range from the base is 1300 mm for the TM20 series, and 900 mm for the TM16 Series.

DANGER:

With the exception of an individual being in full control of robot motion during hand-guiding, personnel shall be outside the safeguarded space when the robot is in motion while in manual mode (i.e. teaching).



The emergency stop on the robot stick must be readily accessible during manual mode. At least one emergency switch is installed outside of the motion range of the robot. When no motion limit is set for the robot, the motion range of the robot is equal to the maximum motion range of the robot arm. You can set a motion limit to avoid the situation whereby all operators have to be outside of the maximum motion range of the robot arm.

The robot stick should be placed in an area that the robot cannot reach. Users should also make sure that the movement of the robot will not be within any area where personnel will enter to press any buttons on the robot stick.

TM20 / TM20M / TM20X Movement Range Diagram

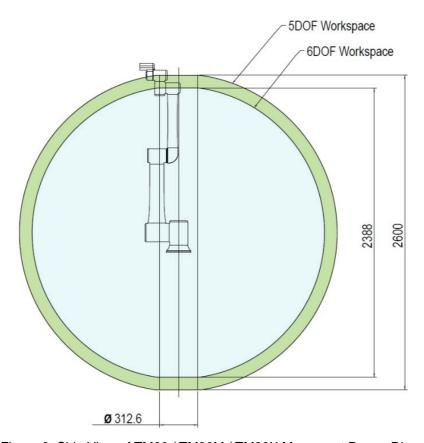


Figure 9: Side View of TM20 / TM20M / TM20X Movement Range Diagram *All measures are in mm.

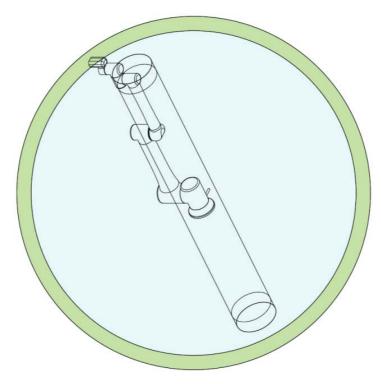
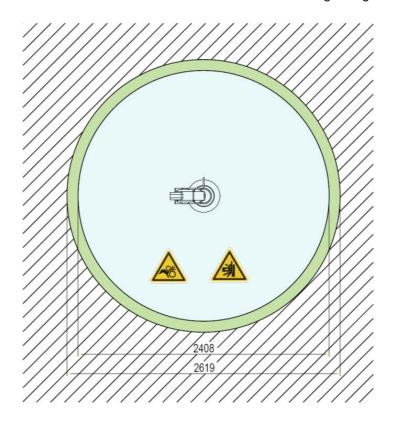


Figure 10: Pictorial view of TM20 / TM20M / TM20X Movement Range Diagram





Operator Position



Warning: Risk of crushing within the operating area of the arm.



Warning: Risk of collision within the operating area of the arm.

Figure 11: Top view of TM20 / TM20M / TM20X Movement Range Diagram *All measures are in mm.

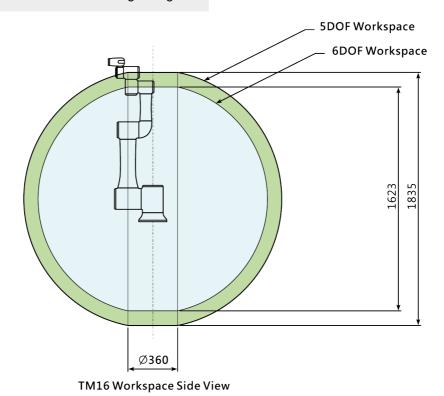


Figure 12: Side view of TM16 / TM16M / TM16X Movement Range Diagram *All measures are in mm.

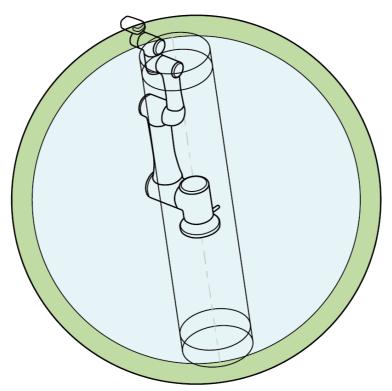
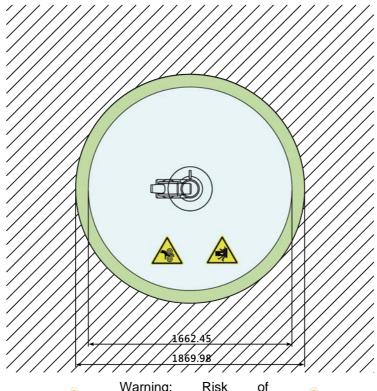


Figure 13: Pictorial view of TM16 / TM16M / TM16X Movement Range Diagram







Warning: Risk of crushing within the operating area of the arm.



Warning: Risk of collision within the operating area of the arm.

Figure 14: Top View of TM16 / TM16M / TM16X Movement Range Diagram *All measures are in mm.



NOTE:

Internal Singularity Point in Space:

The distance from the intersection of the rotational axes of the fifth joint and the sixth joint to the extended line of the rotational axis of the first joint is defined as Roffset. The cylindrical space that is formed by Roffset as the radius and centered on the extended line of the rotational axis of the first joint is the Internal Singularity Point in Space. As soon as the robotic arm approaches the Internal Singularity Point in Space, the arm will stop and issue a warning. The Roffset value of TM16/20 series is shown in the following table:

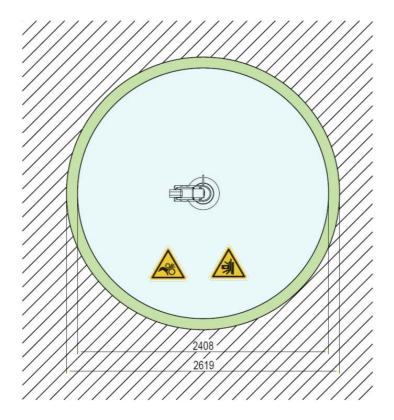
Main model	Roffset
TM16/20 Series	156.3mm



Figure 15: The Definition of R_{offset} .

4.2.1.4 Robot Hazard Zone Diagram and Operator Position Diagram

Shown below is an illustration of the robot hazard zone and operator position diagrams. Do not operate the robot while anyone is inside of the hazard zone to avoid safety risks.







Warning: Risk of crushing within the operating area of the arm.



Warning: Risk of collision within the operating area of the arm.

Figure 16: Robot Hazard Zone Diagram and Operator Position Diagram of TM20 / TM20M / TM20X *All measures are in mm.

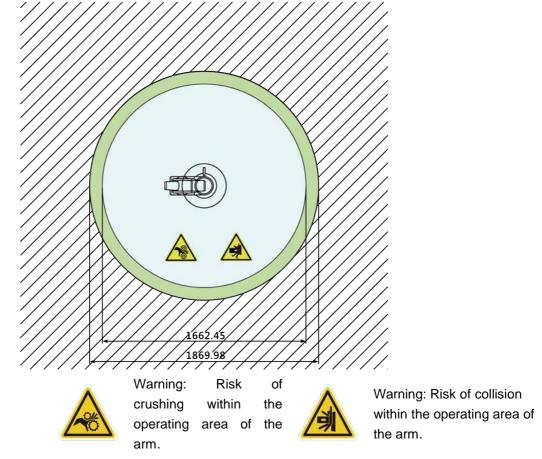


Figure 17: Robot Hazard Zone Diagram and Operator Position Diagram of TM16 / TM16M / TM16X
*All measures are in mm.

4.2.1.5 Payload and Torque

Operator

Position

The maximum allowed payload of the robot arm is related to its center of gravity offset, which is defined as the distance from the center point of tool flange to the payload's center of gravity.

The following figure shows the relationship between payload and the center of gravity offset:

TM16 / TM16M / TM16X

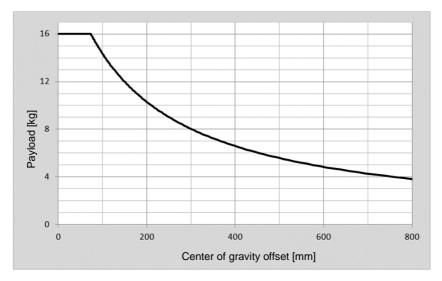


Figure 18: Relationship between Payload and the Center of Gravity Offset in TM16 / TM16M / TM16X

TM20 / TM20M / TM20X

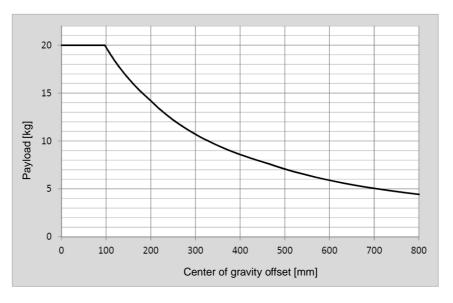


Figure 19: Relationship between Payload and the Center of Gravity Offset in TM20 / TM20M / TM20X

Refer the table below for the rated torque and the limit of repeated peak torque of the robot. Exceeding torque may reduce the life of the robot or damage the robot.

Model	TM1	6 Series	TM20 \$	Series
Item	Rated torque	Limit for repeated peak	Rated torque	Limit for repeated
		torque		peak torque
J1	311	353	463	484
J2	311	353	463	484
J3	118	157	227	229
J4	41	54	52	70
J5	41	54	44	54
J6	34	54	35	43
Unit: Nm				

Table 4: Rated Torque and Limit for Repeated Peak Torque of Regular Payload Robot Series



WARNING:

Use the total weight of the end-effector and the payload to stay within the payload rating of the robot. Ensure that the system never exceeds that maximum payload. Users should perform a full risk assessment that includes the end-effector and payload samples to prevent hazards such as shocks, vibrations, collisions, entanglements, stabbings, and piercings to secure the entire system.

4.2.1.6 Robot Arm Installation

The robot can be secured to another surface with the use of four M10 screws and washers. The mounting pattern is shown below. The recommended tightening torque is 40 Nm.

Optional - Two openings for 6 mm position pins are provided for more secure position mounting. Ensure the strength of the mounting surface and its surround area before installations for upside down mounting and side mounting such as on the ceiling or the wall. Wherever the installation takes place, the robot setting remains equivalent.

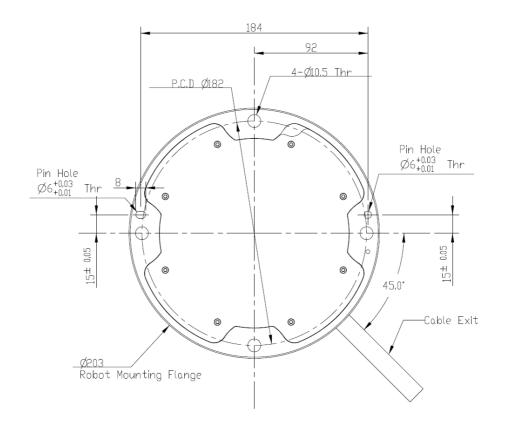
DANGER:

- The TM Robot must be securely and tightly screwed down before use. The strength of the mounting surface must be sufficient.
 - When operating at high speed, the robot can generate up to 710 N reaction force to the mounting surface and screws. In order to avoid decreased performance caused by robot slip or vibration, the recommended mounting surface should be a steel plate at least 20 mm thick, its flatness should be 0.1 mm or less, its surface roughness should be Rz25 or less. The recommended screw should be M10 x L30 mm, at least 8.8 strength.
- 2. Do not immerse TM Robot in water. Installation in water or a humid environment will permanently damage the robot.



WARNING:

In contact with liquids with chemical substances such as chemical solvents, lubricants, sanitizers, cleansers, etc. may cause damage to the joint covers or other components of the robot.



BOTTOM VIEW OF ROBOT BASE

Figure 20: Bottom View of Robot Base
*All measures are in mm.

Use the M4L5 pan head screw to secure the ground wire with the robot as shown below.



Figure 21: Securing the ground wire with the robot

4.2.2 Robot End Module

4.2.2.1 End Module Components



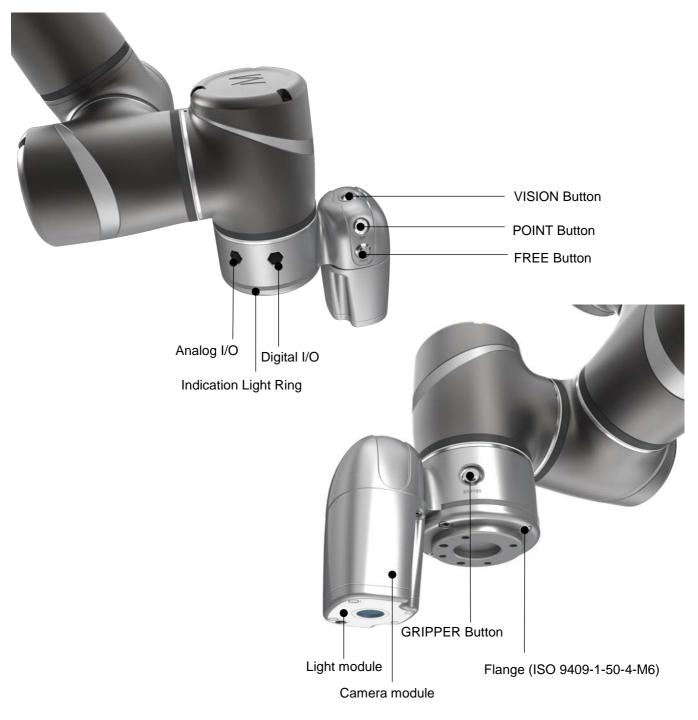


Figure 22: References of TM16 / TM16M End Module Components



Figure 23: References of TM20 / TM20M End Module Components

TM16X End Module Components

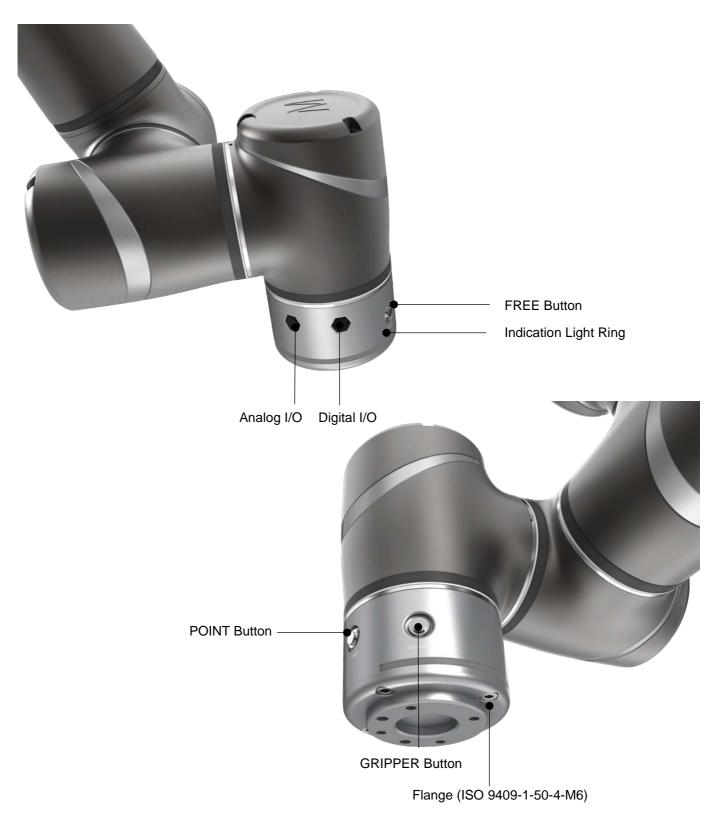


Figure 24: References of TM16X End Module Components

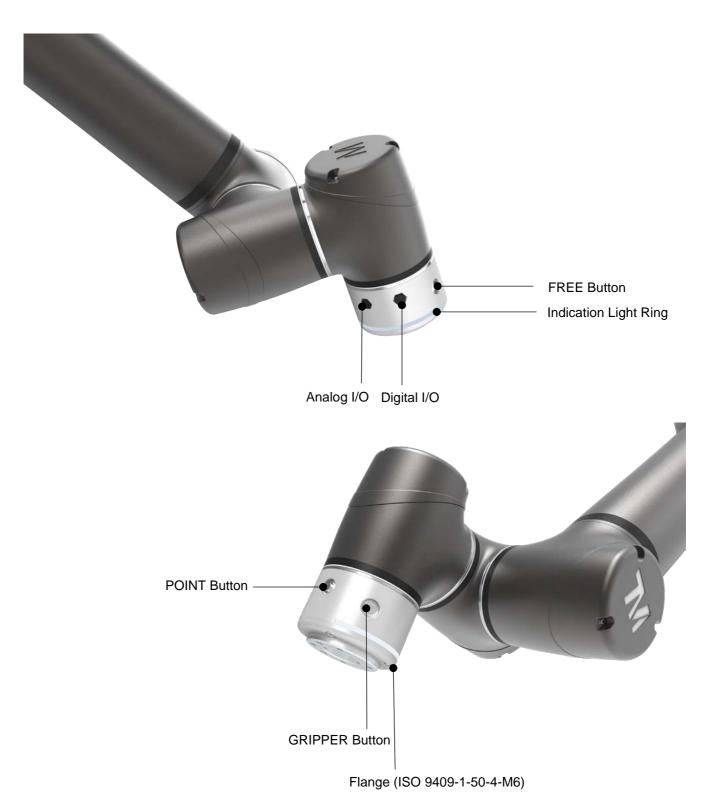
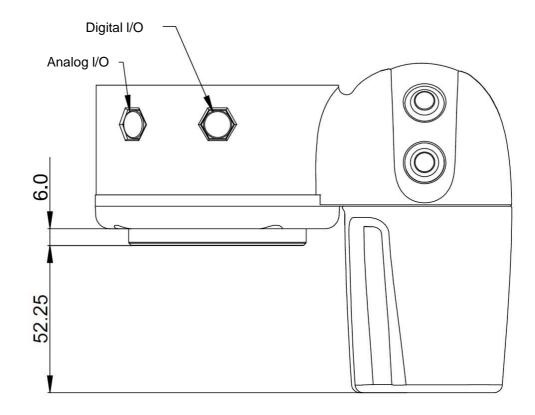


Figure 25: References of TM20X End Module Components

4.2.2.2 End Flange Surface



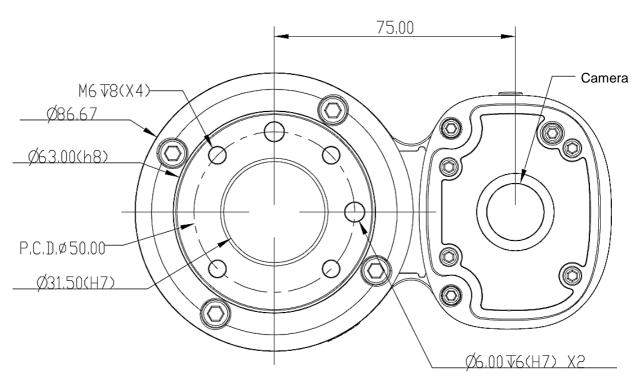


Figure 26: References of End Flange Surface
*All measures are in mm.

4.2.2.3 End Mounting Caution

The 16/20 Series uses four M6 threaded holes on the end flange and four M6 screws for mounting tools. The strength of the M6 screw should be 8.8 or above, and the tightening torque of 9 Nm is recommended. If your application requires higher precision, you can use two positioning pins with a diameter of 6 mm for a more secure mounting.



DANGER:

- 1. Tools must be properly tightened when using this product. Improper tightening may cause the tool or part to fall out, or even cause personal injury and death.
- 2. Follow the rule L ≤ 8 + T to choose the screw to secure tools at the end of the flange, otherwise it may result in short circuits or irreparable damages at the bottom of the flange leading to the relevant parts replacement.

L	Length of the screw to secure tools. Unit: mm
8	Depth of the thread in the screw hole at the end of the flange. Unit: mm
Т	Thickness of the object to be fixed. Unit: mm



CAUTION:

The application of mounting an actuator in the tool end with high vibration or impact may cause damage to the robot. Design the tool with proper anti-vibration/impact such as damping/cushion or shock absorber, or use low impact actuator such as pneumatic cylinder/system with shock absorb/buffer/cushion design to prevent this.

4.2.2.4 End Indication Light Ring Table

The Indication Light Ring of the TM Robot has several colors which represent different modes and error status. Refer to the Software Manual for the definition of the light colors.

4.2.3 Control Box

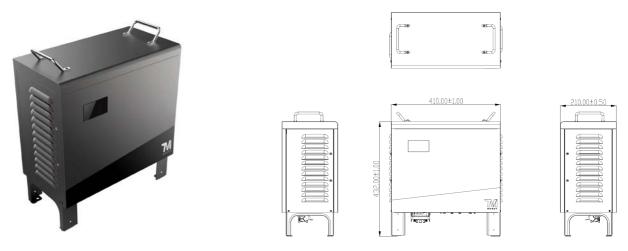


Figure 27: The Exterior and Diagram of the Control Box



CAUTION:

The control box can be placed on the floor or in your working cell. Note that 5 cm clearance should be left at both sides for ventilation.

Use the M4L6 screw to secure the ground wire with the control box as shown below.



Figure 28: Securing the ground wire with control box

4.2.3.1 Robot Stick

The Robot Stick has 6 function buttons, 3 indicator lights, 1 Emergency Switch, 1 set of speed indicator, and 1 QR-code. Their functions are as follow:

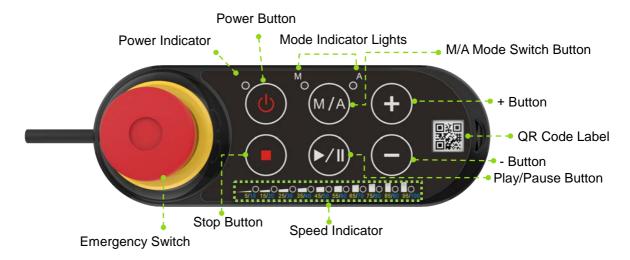


Figure 29: Robot Stick



CAUTION:

When operating the robot stick, do not use other objects than fingers to press the robot stick.

CAUTION:

There are notable differences in robot stopping behavior between pausing the robot with the Play/Pause Button and stopping the robot with the Stop Button. Please refer to the *Safety Manual* for more information on the robot's ESTOP behavior.



 When the Play/Pause Button is used, the robot takes more time to decelerate to a complete stop, allowing for a more smooth transition from the moving state to the paused state.

When the Stop Button is used, the robot must decelerate to a stop quickly, which can result in an abrupt stopping behavior. This could lead to high torque on the joints, especially with higher speed and payload.

Items	Basic Function		
Emergency Switch	Default emergency button for the robot		
Power Button	Power initiation (single press)/ Shutdown (long press)		
M/A Mode Switch Button	Toggle Manual/Auto Mode (single press). See Safety Manual for details.		
Play/Pause Button	Play/Pause Project (single press)		
Stop Button	Press this button to stop any project.		
+- Button	Adjust project speed (single press) under Manual Trial Run Mode. See Safety Manual for details.		
Power Indicator	This indicator shows the robot's power status. Not on: Switched off Flashing: Booting Constant: Startup completed		
Mode Indicator Lights	One is Manual Mode, the other one is Auto Mode. They show the robot's current operating mode. Once boot up is complete only one will always be on.		
Speed Indicator	Display the current project speed. Lit in green for 5% and in blue for 10% such as 4 in blue and 1 in green equals to 45%.		
QR Code Label The content of the SSID is also the robot's name in TCP/IP netw			

Table 5: Robot Stick Basic Functions

Items	Advanced Function		
	- Press and release, and then wait for 3 seconds to enter Safe Start up		
Emergency Switch	Mode.		
	- Press and release to enter Safe Start up Mode while booting.		
Play/Pause Button Play/pause visual calibration operation (single press)			
Stop Button Stop visual calibration operation (single press)			
	- Hold to jog the robot at the HMI robot controller page (Hold to Run).		
	See Safety Manual for details.		
+- Button	- Lock/ Unlock: press and hold both the + button and the - button until		
	the mode indicator light flashes, then follow the sequence "-, +, -, -, +"		
	to lock/unlock the Robot Stick (except the Power Button)		

Table 6: Robot Stick Advanced Functions

CAUTION:



The robot stick is magnetic so that it can be attached to iron or steel surfaces. However, the risk of falling or rotating caused by poor attachment should be taken into account. It is recommended using the Robot Stick Stand (official accessory) to secure the robot stick. The Robot Stick Stand should be fixed with screws. Always attach the robot stick when it is not in use. The robot stick should be placed in a way such that the signal cables are routed to avoid damage caused by pulling.

DANGER:



- 1. The control box, cables, power signal cables, and robot stick cannot be used when any of them is in contact with liquids. This may result in personal injury or death.
- 2. The control box comes with the IP32 rating, but it is not recommended to use in dusty and humid environments. Pay extra attention to environments with conductive dust (such as metal particles).
- 3. Be noted that the control box can only be in standing pose for the IP32 rating.

4.2.4 Robot Light Module

4.2.4.1 Light Module Surface

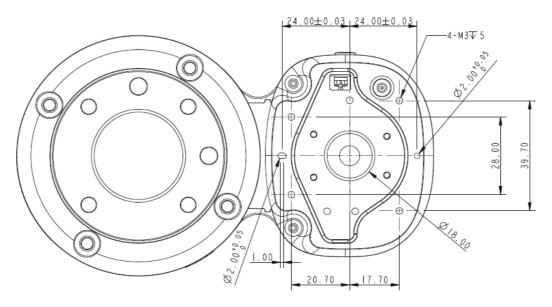


Figure 30: Light Module Surface

*All measures are in mm.

4.2.4.2 Install Light Module

The light module uses 4 of M3 screws to fix, and the recommended tightening torque is 1 Nm. For higher accuracy on usages in demand, use both of the 2 mm diameter openings with the positioning pins to get the better steadiness. Users can replace the light module by applications in demand. The choice depends on the torque load of the light module, the available load of the robot, the possible influence the other light module made to the camera's field of view, and the electrical specifications.

1. The torque load of the light module (M): this torque load must be lower than 900 kgfmm, which is the available strength of the camera module M3 screw can be loaded.

Calculation formula: M = (L+59.2)*W

The weight of the light module	W	kgf
The center of gravity of the light module	L	mm

Table 7: Reference of the Symbol and Unit in Calculation the Torque Load of the Light Module

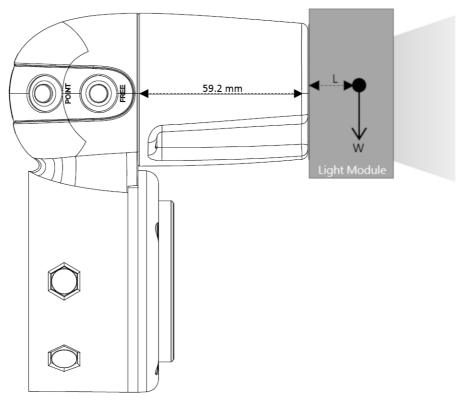


Figure 31: Calculation the Torque Load of the Light Module

- 2. The maximum allowed payload of the robot: the weight of the light module must match the relative relationship between the maximum allowed payload and the center of gravity offset distance. If the tool end flange goes with additional applications, it is required to generate the equivalent center of gravity for its position and total load from the combination of the light module and the application tool as well as follow 4.2.1.5 Payload and Torque of this manual.
- 3. Refer to 4.4 for Working distance and field of view of TM Robot's EIH camera.
- 4. Electrical Specification of the Light Module



Table 8: Electrical Specification of the Light Module

Fill light cable:

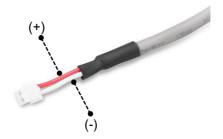


Figure 32: Electrical Polarity of Fill Light Cable

Connector: 2P/1.5 mm pin pitch. Refer to JST model ZHR-4 series.

Dimming mode: PWM control



NOTE:

The robot comes with the IP54 rating, but the Corporation does not guarantee this rating if users replace with the other light modules.



DANGER:

Be aware that the tool must be correctly and firmly secured to use with this product; otherwise, personal injuries or death may occur should the tool or the workpiece fall.

4.3 Operating Position of TM Robot with AGV/AIV

When TM Robot is placed on an AGV/AIV in operation, the TM Robot should be paused and should not exceed the footprint of the AGV/AIV.

AGV/AIV Footprint

Figure 33: Top View of TM Robot Placed on the AGV/AIV

4.4 Working distance and field of view of TM Robot's EIH camera

The field of view of TM Robot's EIH camera varies linearly in accordance with the working distance. The minimum working distance is about 100 mm and the maximum working distance is about 300 mm. The zero working distance point is approximately 46.5 mm in front of the flange surface and right behind the center of the protection lens.

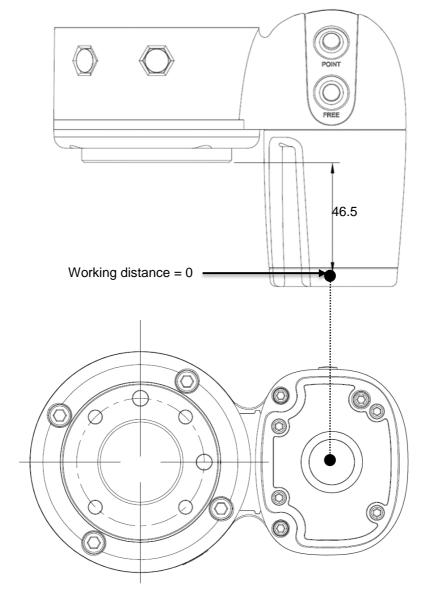


Figure 34: Working Distance and Field of View of TM Robot's EIH camera *AII measures are in mm.

The relation between the working distance and the field of view is listed below.

Working distance (mm) Field of view (mm)	300	100
Width	281.6	96.9
Height	211.2	72.7

Table 9: The Relation between the Working Distance and the Field of View

5. Electrical Interface

5.1 Overview

This chapter introduces all electrical interfaces of the robot arm and control box.

5.2 Electrical Warnings and Cautions

The application design and installation of the robot should comply with the following warnings.

DANGER:



- 1. Ensure all pieces of the equipment are kept dry. If water enters the equipment, disconnect the power and contact your supplier.
- 2. Only use the original cables included with the robot. If you need longer cables, contact your supplier.
- 3. Ensure that the robot is properly grounded. If the grounding is not correct, it may cause a fire or electric shock.



WARNING:

The I/O cables used for the link between the control box and other pieces of equipment should not be longer than 30 meters, unless testing shows that longer cables are feasible.

5.3 Control Box



WARNING:

Except for USB ports, other interfaces have to be installed while arm is powered off. Do not install while arm is on to avoid abnormal shutdown.

Control Box I/O configuration

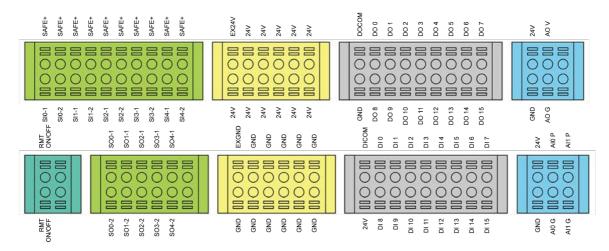


Figure 35: Control Box I/O Configuration (1/2)

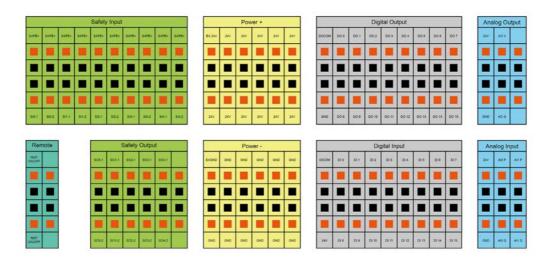


Figure 36: Control Box I/O Configuration (2/2)

Input			Output		
Safety Connector	Definition	SF Input	Safety Connector	Definition	SF Output
SI0-1 SI0-2	User Connected ESTOP Input	SF1	SO0-1 SO0-2	Robot ESTOP Output	SF10
SI1-1 SI1-2	User Connected External Safeguard Input	SF3	SO1-1 SO1-2	User Connected External Safeguard Output	SF11
SI2-1 SI2-2	User Connected External Safeguard Input for Human– Machine Safety Settings	SF9	SO2-1 SO2-2	User Connected External Safeguard Output for Human— Machine Safety Settings	SF12
SI3-1 SI3-2	User Connected Enabling Device Input	SF15	SO3-1 SO3-2	Robot Internal Protective Stop Output	SF13
SI4-1 SI4-2	User Connected ESTOP Input without Robot ESTOP Output	SF16	SO4-1 SO4-2	Robot Encoder Standstill Output	SF14

Table 10: Definitions of Safety Connectors



NOTE:

For details about safety functions, please refer to the Safety Manual.

5.3.1 Safety Connector

Safety I/O comes with dual redundant channel connector and has to keep both channel input/output the same value simultaneously. Single fault on either one of the single channel will not result in failure of safety functions.

5.3.1.1 Safety Input Connector

- User Connected ESTOP Input Port is a N.C. contact (Normally closed). When User Connected ESTOP Input Port is OPEN, the robot enters the Emergency STOP state.
- 2. User Connected External Safeguard Input Port is a N.C. contact (Normally closed). When User Connected External Safeguard Input Port is OPEN, the robot enters the Protective Stop state.
- 3. User Connected External Safeguard Input Port for Human–Machine Safety Settings is a N.C. contact (Normally closed). When User Connected External Safeguard Input Port for Human–Machine Safety Settings is OPEN, the robot decrease the limits to which is set in Human-Machine Safety Settings
- 4. User Connected Enabling Device Input Port is an N.C. contact (Normally closed). When User Connected Enabling Device Input Port is OPEN in Manual mode, the robot is unable to present manual control operation. When User Connected Enabling Device Input Port is CLOSED in Manual mode, the robot is able to present manual control operation.
- 5. User Connected ESTOP Input Port without Robot ESTOP Output functions as the User Connected ESTOP Input Port above, but it does not trigger the function of Robot ESTOP output.

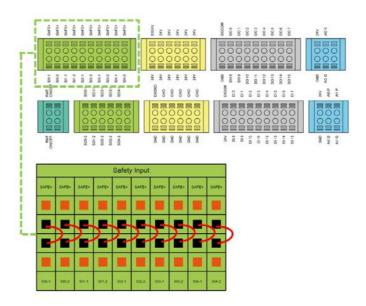


Figure 37: Safety Input Connector

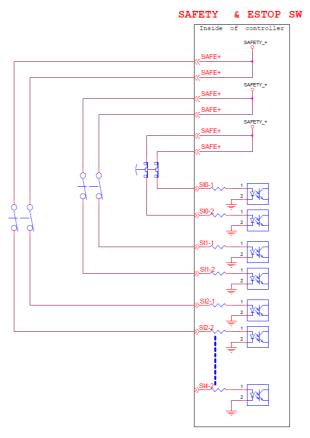


Figure 38: The Wiring Diagram Example of Switch Type Safety Device.

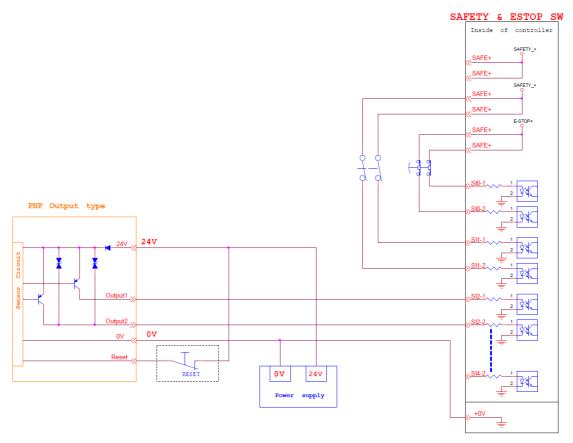


Figure 39: The Wiring Diagram Example of PNP Output Type Safety Device

Inside of controller SAFEH SAFEH SI3-1 SI3-2 S

Figure 40: The Wiring Diagram Example of PNP Output Type Safety Device

5.3.1.2 Safety Output Connector

- Robot ESTOP Output Port. When the robot triggers the Robot (stick) Emergency Stop signal, the output will be LOW.
- 2. User Connected External Safeguard Output Port. When the robot triggers the User Connected External Safeguard Input, the output will be LOW.
- User Connected External Safeguard Output Port for Human–Machine Safety Settings. When the robot triggers the User Connected External Safeguard Input for Human–Machine Safety Settings, the output will be LOW.
- 4. Robot Internal Protective Stop Output Port. When the robot triggers the internal Protective Stop, the output will be LOW.
- 5. Robot Encoder Standstill Output Port. When the Encoder Standstill is not monitoring (robot is moving), the output will be LOW.

For details about the safety functions, please refer to the Safety Manual.

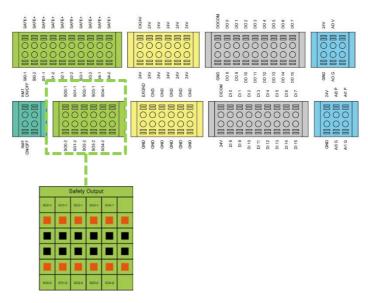


Figure 41: Safety Output Connector

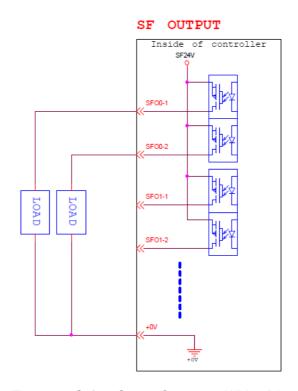


Figure 42: Safety Output Connector Wiring Diagram

DANGER:



- 1. Do not connect the safety signals to a non-safety device without the fulfilled safety level. Failure to do so may result in injury or death due to a malfunction of the safety stop.
- 2. All safety I/Os come with dual redundant channel connectors. Maintain both redundant channels while pairing and connecting to make sure that single fault on either one of the single channel will not result in failure of safety functions.
- 3. Before putting to use the robot, be sure to check the safety functions and schedule to check the safety functions for a regular basis.

5.3.2 Power Connector

- 1. During boot, the control box will check for an external 24V input. If none is found, then it will switch to the internal 24V supply.
- 2. The control box itself offers a 24V/2A output (24_EX). If the 24V load exceeds 2A, it enters Safe Mode and disables the 24V output.
- 3. EX24V provides an external 24V input port. If the load exceeds 2A an external power supply can be used instead. The load on EX24V must not exceed 3.5A.

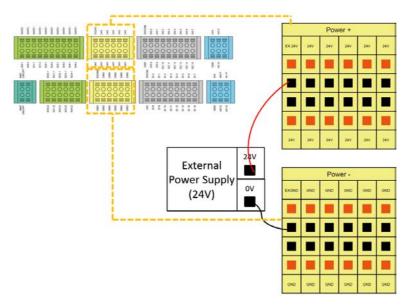


Figure 43: Power Connector

5.3.3 Digital In/Out

Digital input/output each has 16 channels, and its application is connected to the following sections.

5.3.3.1 Digital Input

Inputs can be set to either sink input or source input by selection.

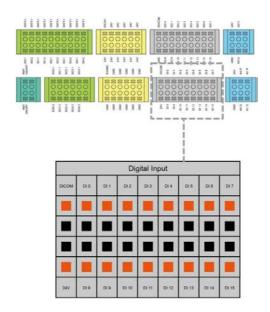


Figure 44: Digital Input

Set to sink input type

When a device such as a transistor output sensor is connected, NPN open collector transistor output can be used.

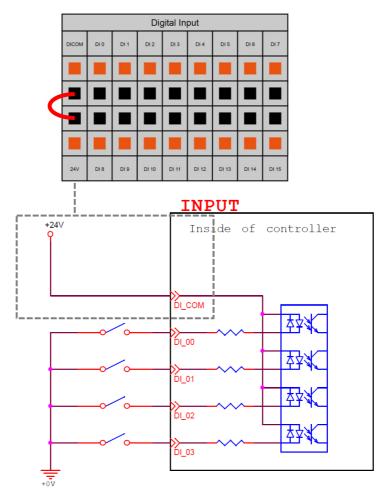


Figure 45: Set to Sink Input Type

Set to Source input type

When a device such as a transistor output sensor is connected, PNP open collector transistor output can be used.

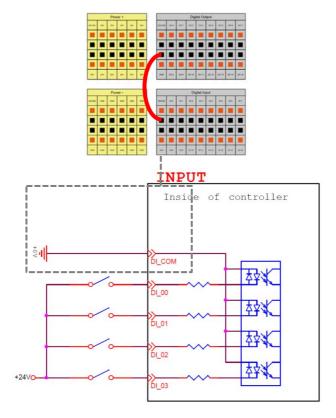


Figure 46: Set to Source Input Type

5.3.3.2 Digital Output

Outputs can be set to either sink output or source output by selection.

The maximum drive current is 300mA per channel. If the load exceeds 300mA, a relay should be used to drive it.

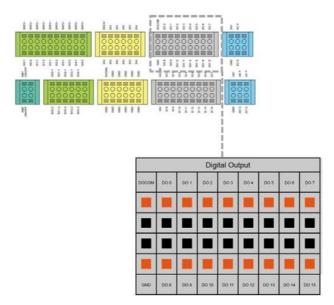


Figure 47: Digital Output

Set to sink output type

Connect DO_COM terminal to the minus side of the power supply.

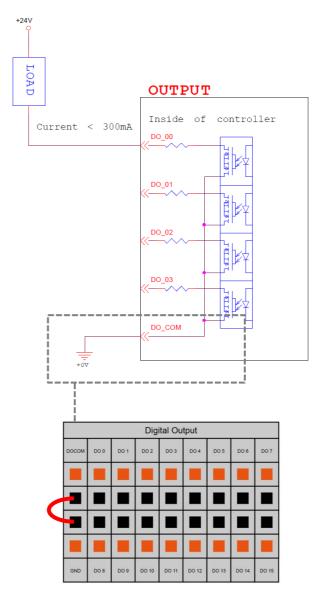


Figure 48: Set to Sink Output Type

• Set to source output type

Connect DO_COM terminal to the plus side of the power supply.

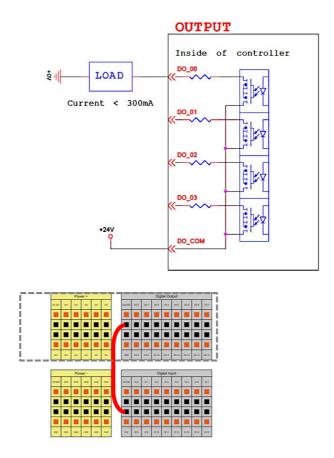


Figure 49: Set to Source Output Type

5.3.4 Analog In

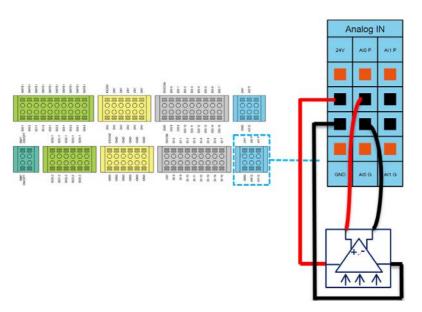


Figure 50: Analog In

5.3.5 Analog Out

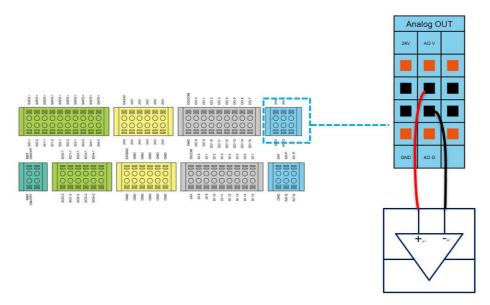


Figure 51: Analog Out

	Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Conversion Time
Analog In	+10.00V~-10.00V	11bit	≤ 0.2%	1 ms
Analog Out	+10.00V~-10.00V	11bit	± 0.07%	1 ms

Table 11: Analog In & Analog Out

5.3.6 System Remote Power ON/OFF

The function of Remote ON/OFF shares the same functionality of the Robot Stick Power Button.

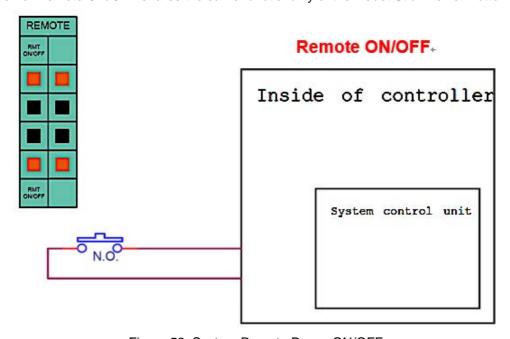


Figure 52: System Remote Power ON/OFF

5.3.7 EtherCAT: For EtherCAT Slave I/O Expansion



Figure 53: EtherCAT



WARNING:

The robot must be powered off when installing the EtherCAT Slave. Do not plug or unplug the connector while the robot is on.

5.3.8 USB Port

The USB port of the control box is used for connecting the keyboard, mouse and external storage devices. External storage devices should only be used for the import/export functions of TMflow. No other device than those listed above should be connected. Be noted that the external storage device should be labelled **TMROBOT**.

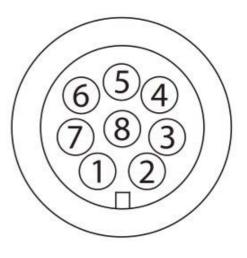
5.4 Tool End I/O Interface

There are two small connectors on the tool end of the robot: the 8-pin connector is for digital I/O and the 5-pin connector is for analog I/O.

5.4.1 I/O Terminals

The tool end 24V has a total maximum output current of 1.5A included 900 mA of the light module. If overloaded, overload protection is activated and the robot will turn off the 24V output power.

Pin	Wire color	Pin define	
1	Brown	+24v	24V output
2	Red	DI_0	Digital Input0
3	Orange	DI_1	Digital Input1
4	Yellow	DI_2	Digital Input2
5	Green	DO_0	Digital
5			Output0
6	6 Blue		Digital
0			Output1
7	Dl.	DO 0	Digital
	7 Purple DO_2		Output2
8	Black	+0V	+0v



^{*}The M8/8PIN connector complies with the regulation of IEC 61076-2-104.

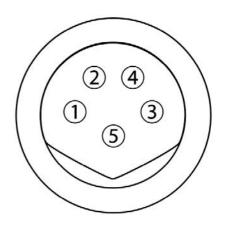
Table 12: 8-pin Digital I/O Connectors of Cable

Pin	Wire Color	Pin Define	
1	Brown	+24v	24V output
2	Red	DI_0	Digital intput0
3	Orange	DI_1	Digital intput1
4	Yellow	DI_2	Digital intput2
5	Green	DO_0	Digital
5			outtput0
6	Blue DO_1		Digital
0			outtput1
7	Dismole	DO 0	Digital
1	Purple	DO_2	outtput2
8	Black	+0V	+0V



Table 13: 8-pin Digital I/O Connector of Robot

Pin	Wire Color	Pin Define	
1	Black	+24V	24V output
2	Brown	DI_3	Digital Input3
3	Red	DO_3	Digital
3			Output3
4	Orange	Al Analog	Input
5	Yellow	+0V	GND



^{*}The M8/5PIN connector complies with the regulation of IEC 61076-2-104.

Table 14: 5-pin Analog I/O Connector of Cable

Pin	Wire Color	Pin Define	
1	Black	+24V	24V output
2	Brown	DI_3	Digital Input3
3	Red	DO_3	Digital Output3
4	Orange	Al Analog	Input
5	Yellow	+0V	GND

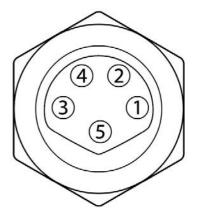


Table 15: 5-pin Analog I/O connector of Robot

5.4.2 Connecting Tool End Digital Output

The following figure shows how to connect the tool end digital output:

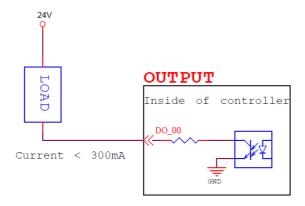


Figure 54: Connecting Tool End Digital Output

5.4.3 Connecting Tool End Digital Input

The following figure shows how to connect the tool end digital input:

NOTE: If sensors are connected directly then they should be NPN.

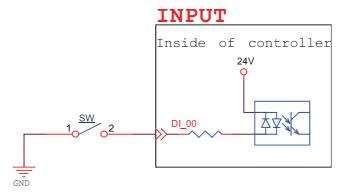


Figure 55: Connecting Tool End Digital Input

5.4.4 Connecting Tool End Analog Input

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Conversion Time
+10.00V~-10.00V	11bit	≤ 0.2%	1 ms

Table 16: Analog Input Range

The following figure shows how to connect the tool end Analog input:

(Because AIN_GND is connected to ground, when AIN is a dead contact, a pressure difference will occur, which is a normal phenomenon.)

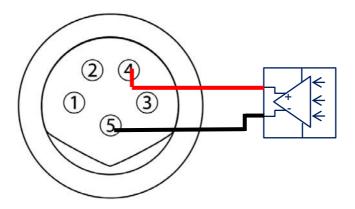


Figure 56: Connecting Tool End Analog Input

5.5 Control Box Interfaces

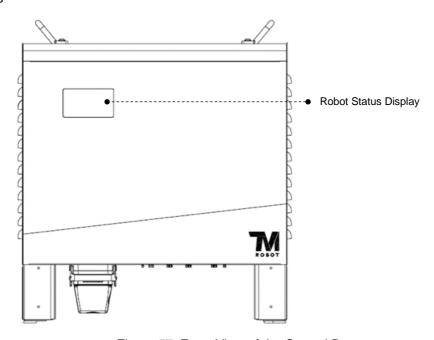


Figure 57: Front View of the Control Box



CAUTION:

The ETHERCAT interface can only be used to connect ETHERCAT devices. Improper connection may cause the robot to stop.

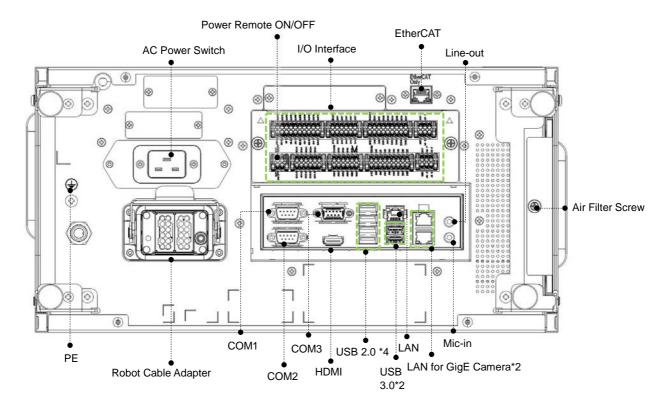


Figure 58: Interfaces of the TM16 / TM20 / TM16X / TM20X Series

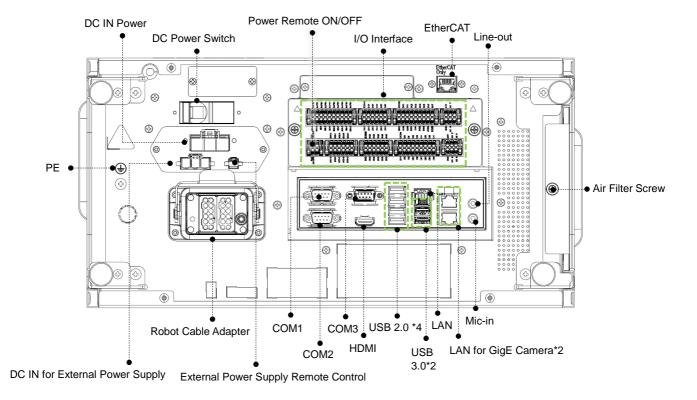


Figure 59: Interfaces of the TM16M / TM20M Series

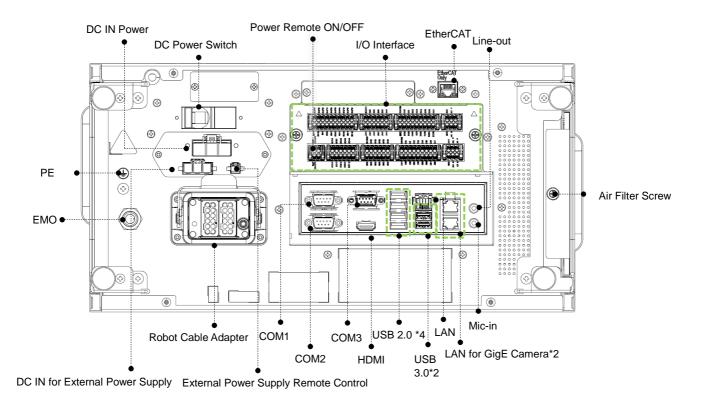


Figure 60: Interfaces of the TM16M SEMI / TM20M SEMI Series

5.6 Control Box Power Interface and Robot Interface

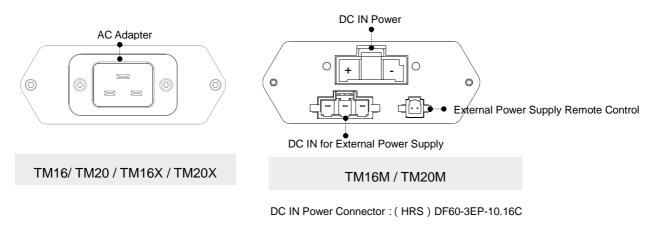
5.6.1 Control Box Power Interface

TM16 / TM20 / TM16X / TM20X:

The power cable of the control box has an IEC plug. The local power plug is connected to the IEC plug. The AC power switch must be in OFF state before plugging in or out the power cable.

TM16M / TM20M:

The power cable of the control box has Hirose (HRS) DF60 series connector.



AC Adapter: IEC plug

External Power Supply Remote Control Connector: For applications with more power consumptions, please contact the Corporation to purchase the external power supply.

Figure 61: Control Box Power Interfaces

The power supply should be equipped with the following:

- Grounding
- Main fuse
- Residual current device (RCD)

It is recommended to install a master switch on the equipment power supply for robot applications for servicing and inspection.

Parameters	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
Input voltage	100	•	240	VAC
External mains fuse (100V~120V)	-	-	15	А
External mains fuse (220V~240V)	-	-	10	А

Input frequency	43	-	63	Hz

Table 17: TM20 / TM16 / TM16X / TM20X Series Electrical Specifications

^{*}If using AC100V~AC199V power supply, the Robot will automatically limit the total output power

Parameters	Minimum Value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
Input voltage	22	-	60	V (DC)
Power consumption		300	1500	W

Table 18: TM16M Series Electrical Specifications

^{*}If using DC22~47V power supply or operating at high speed, the Robot will automatically limit the total output power.

Parameters	Minimum Value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
Input voltage	24	-	60	V (DC)
Power consumption		300	1500	W

Table 19: TM20M Series Electrical Specifications

DANGER:



- 1. Ensure that the robot is correctly grounded (electrical grounding).
- 2. Ensure that the input current of the control box is protected by the Residual Current Device (RCD) and appropriate fuses.
- 3. Ensure that all cables are correctly connected before the control box is energized. Always use genuine power cables correctly.

5.6.2 Robot Interface

The following figure shows the connection interface of the robot. The cables of the robot are connected to the control box through the interface.

^{*}If using DC24~47V power supply or operating at high speed, the Robot will automatically limit the total output power.

^{*}The maximum power consumption of TM16M /TM20M series defaults to 1500W. For applications with more power consumptions, please contact the Corporation to purchase the external power supply.

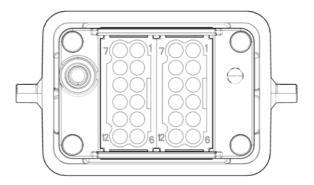


Figure 62: Robot Interface



WARNING:

- 1. When the robot is turned on, do not disconnect the cable of robot. When the cable of robot is not connected to the connection interface, do not turn on the robot.
- 2. Do not extend or modify the original cable of robot.
- 3. The cable of the robot is only suitable for a fixed installation. If the applications have the request for flexible or longer cable, contact the corporation.

5.6.3 SEMI Emergency Off Interfaces (SEMI series exclusive)

Refer below for the SEMI Emergency Off interfaces. The SEMI Emergency Off switch is connected with control box through the EMO port. Please remove the padlock on the power interface for the power cable or the power switch, and secure the padlock back to the box with the screws for shipping the box.

5.6.3.1 TM16M SEMI / TM20M SEMI Series

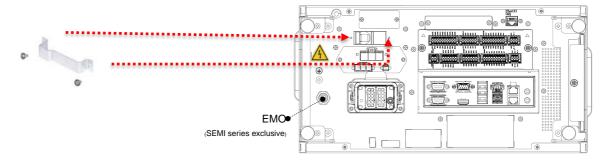


Figure 63: The TM16M SEMI / TM20M SEMI SEMI Emergency Off Interface



CAUTION:

For SEMI series, when SEMI Emergency Off Switch is not connected with EMO, the TM Robot cannot be booted.



WARNING:

When SEMI Emergency Off Switch is pressed, all power will be cut off immediately. This action impacts on the motion of the robot. Users should take with caution.

5.6.4 Detachable I/O Panel

To facilitate the wiring of the detachable I/O panel which comes with a 15 cm cable, users can loosen the tethered screws to remove the detachable I/O panel and install easily in the other place. Users are free to change the cable for the placement farther away; however, it is suggested to use the cable no longer than 3 m. The box header connector comes with 40 pins and 44 pins in spacing for 2.54 mm.



Figure 64: Detachable I/O Panel



NOTE:

The control box comes with the IP32 rating, but the Corporation does not guarantee this rating for disassembling detachable I/O panel from its original location.

6. Unboxing & Installation

6.1 Overview

These instructions guide Users of the TM Robot through the first set up. Users must thoroughly read and understand this Guide before performing the operations of this Chapter. Fail to do so may cause serious danger.



WARNING:

If this is your first time using the TM Robot, follow instructions in this chapter to perform installation and initial set up. If the robot has been implemented in the working environment, please note the following:

- To avoid potential hazards after changing the original environment setting, verify with current responsible operator and to back up all necessary software settings and hardware wirings scheme.
- Remove all of the control box's external I/O connections including the analog I/O,
 EtherCAT port and network port. Remove all air lines or external power lines connected
 to the optional equipment before Commissioning.
- 3. Remove all of the control box's connections to external devices / external storage devices through USB interface, Serial port, and network interface.
- 4. Unload any object/end effector attached to the end flange, and any electrical connection between the end effector and end module / control box of the robot.
- 5. Unload any hardware attached to the robot arm.

6.2 Inspecting the Equipment

6.2.1 Before Unpacking

Carefully inspect all shipping crates for evidence of damage during transit. If any damage is indicated, request that the carrier's agent be present at the time the container is unpacked

6.2.2 Upon Unpacking

Before signing the carrier's delivery sheet, compare the actual items received (not just the packing slip) with your equipment purchase order and verify that all items are present and that the shipment is correct and free of visible damage. If the items received do not match the packing slip or are damaged, do not sign the receipt, contact your corporation support as soon as possible. If the items received do not match your order, contact your corporation support immediately. Inspect each item for external damage as it is removed from its container. If any damage is evident, contact your corporation support (see HOW Can I Get Help? on 1.2)

Retain all shipping containers and packaging materials. These items may be necessary to settle claims or at a later date, to relocate equipment.

6.3 Unboxing

6.3.1 Carton Types

The TM Robot product comes with 2 cartons: the robot arm carton, and the control box carton, as shown below. Also, a SEMI Emergency OFF switch carton will comes along with the SEMI series.. Refer below for the ratio of the cartons. The actual sizes of the cartons may differ from measurements

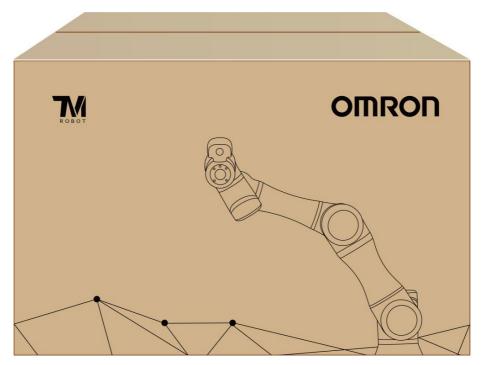


Figure 65: Robot Arm Carton



Figure 66: Control Box Carton

6.3.2 Contents of Each Carton

Each carton has the following contents. Check them when you unpack the cartons for the first time. If any item is missing, contact your vendor.

The robot arm carton contains:

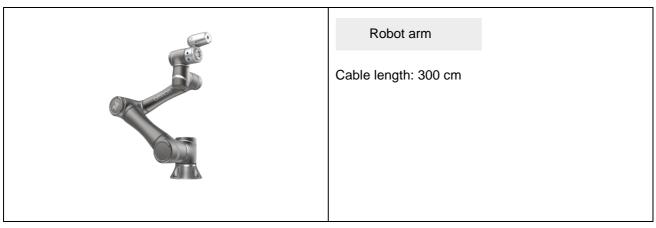
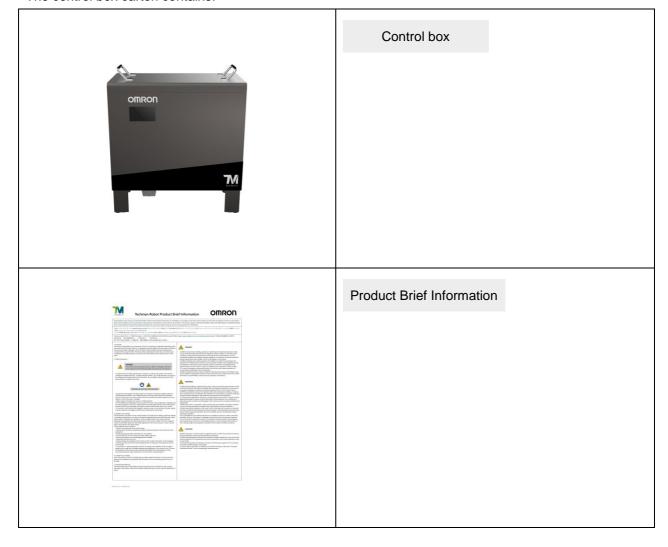
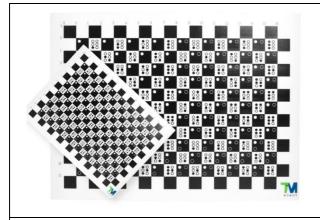


Table 20: The Robot Arm Carton Contents

The control box carton contains:





Calibration Plates

(One large calibration plate and one small calibration plate. Peel the protective wrap off before using.) *The Calibration Plate comes only with TM Robots fitted with the hand-eye camera.



IO cables

(One 8-pin digital I/O cable and one 5-pin analog I/O cable)

Length: 100 cm



OMRON Landmark

(Two OMRON Landmarks. Peel the protective wrap off before using.)

*The OMRON Landmark comes only with TM Robots fitted with the hand-eye camera.

TM Landmark size: 50.5 * 50.5 mm (tolerance ± 0.1 mm)



Power cord of the control box (TM16 / TM20 / TM16X / TM20X)

(3 cable)

Length: 180 cm

* Exact delivery of power plug will vary from regions to regions.



Power cable of the control box (TM16M/TM20M)

(1 cable)

Length: 120 cm

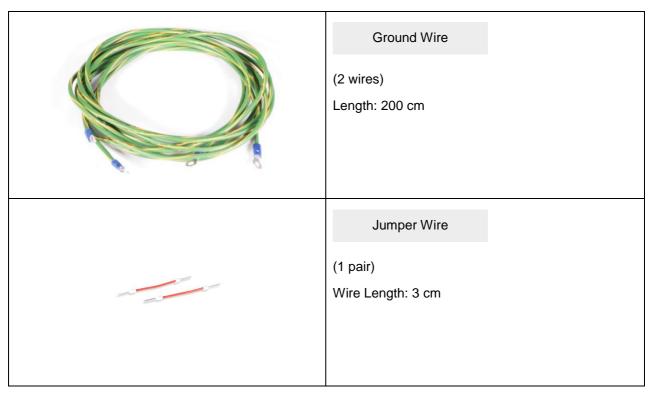


Table 21: The Control Box Carton Contents

The SEMI Emergency OFF Switch carton contains:

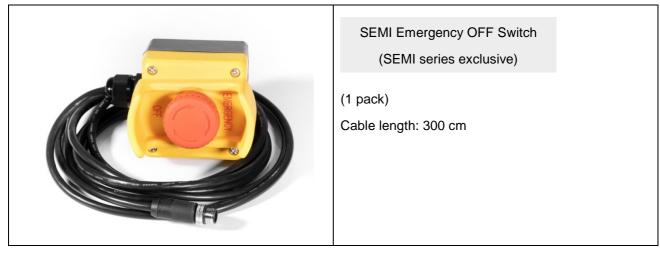


Table 22: The SEMI Emergency OFF Switch Carton Contents

6.4 Installing Your Robot

The TM Robot arm cannot stand independently after being removed from the carton. Therefore, prepare the mounting base with the corresponding holes as described in 4.2.1.6 Robot Arm Installation, and follow the instructions below to install the robot.



WARNING:

At the installation site, at least two people should simultaneously perform installation of the robot; otherwise you risk robot arm damage or personal injury. Do not install the robot alone.



WARNING:

Do not attempt to move any robot links until the robot has been secured in position. Failure to comply could result in the robot falling and causing either personnel injury or equipment damage.

6.4.1 Remove the Control Box

After checking the contents, remove the contents in order and perform installation.

Control box carton:

- Remove the Calibration Plates and TM Landmark
- Remove the power cable of the control box
- Remove the control box (At least two people should remove the control box from the carton.
 Refer the figure below for the correct holding positions.)
- Connect the power cable to the control box
- Place the control box near the robot base



Figure 67: Moving the Control Box (1/2)

The control box should be carried by at least two people. One should hold on to the control box handles, while the other should carry the foot stands. Before handling, the cable of the robot stick should not be pulled to avoid any performance degradation.



Figure 68: Moving the Control Box (2/2)



WARNING:

At this stage, do not connect the power cable of the control box to any electrical outlet, or it may cause equipment damage.

6.4.2 Verification Before Removal of the Robot Arm

The TM Robot arm cannot stand independently after being removed from the carton. Prepare four screws (M10 *4) that used to attach the robot to the base near the robot base in advance. If the base is designed with corresponding pinholes, mount them to the base.

6.4.3 Removal of the Robot Arm and Tightening

At least two people should remove the robot arm from the carton. For the correct holding positions, refer to the figure below. Place the robot on the mounting base. If it is designed with connection pins, align the pinholes of the robot base module. Tighten two locking screws with metal washers for the robot base that are diagonally across from each other, and then tighten the other two locking screws.

Follow the tightening torque recommended in 4.2.1.6 Robot Arm Installation



Figure 69: Moving the Robot Arm (1/2)

The Robot Arm itself should be handled with at least two people. One person should carry the Lower arm and Upper arm, and the other should hold on to the position between the base and 1st Joint as well as the 6th Joint. Before the Robot Base is fastened with screws tightly, the Robot Arm should always be supported to avoid tipping.



Figure 70: Moving the Robot Arm (2/2)



WARNING:

When the robot is installed to the base, make sure two people work together to install it. If it is designed with pinholes, pay attention to your safety to avoid pinching. If you do not have connection parts at hand, such as the connecting pins and screws, do not leave the robot without completely tightening it (with the 4 screws completely tightened). One person should continuously support the robot arm while the other person goes to get required parts. Otherwise, the robot arm may tip, result in equipment damage or personal injury.

For users of SEMI models, please remove the SEMI Emergency OFF Box out of its carton. For the correct holding positions, refer to the figure below.



Figure 71: Moving the SEMI Emergency OFF Box

6.4.4 Connect the Robot and the Control Box

- 1. Connect the cable from the robot to the robot interface of the control box.
- 2. Connect the power cable between the wall socket and the power interface of the control box.

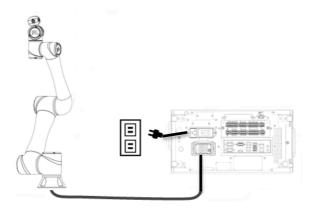


Figure 72: Connecting the Robot and the Control Box

For the SEMI series users only, connect the SEMI Emergency OFF switch to the EMO interface of the control box.



WARNING:

- 1. Ensure that all cables are correctly connected before the control box is energized. Always use genuine power cables correctly.
- 2. When the robot is turned on, do not disconnect cables of the robot. When cables of the robot are not connected to the connection interface, do not turn on the robot.
- 3. Do not extend or modify the original cables of the robot.

7. Maintenance and Repair

The following table gives a summary of the preventive maintenance procedures and guidelines:

Items	Period	Remark
Warning, Safety labels	1 week	Ensure labels are present and legible.
warning, Salety labels	i week	Replace them if necessary.
Check Filter	1 month	Replace filter every 3 months.
	1 month	Press the Emergency Switch and the IO
Check Emergency Switch		E-Stop in open-loop status. Verify that each
		shuts off power.
		When the User Connected External
		Safeguard Input Port is open, the current
		motion is supposed to stop, and the
		indication light of current mode will be
Check User Connected External Safeguard		constantly flashing.
Input Port, User Connected External		When the User Connected External
Safeguard Input Port for Human–Machine		Safeguard Input Port for Human–Machine
Safety Settings, & User Connected	1 month	Safety Setting is open, the purple light will be
Enabling Device Input Port		alternating between the indication light of the
Litabiling Device input Fort		current mode.
		When the User Connected Enabling Device
		Input Port is open, the current motion is
		supposed to stop, and the indication light of
		current mode will be constantly flashing. This
		function is invalid in auto mode.
Check Robot Mounting Screws	3 months	Follow 4.2.1.6 Robot Arm Installation
ENO huston (CEMI version and A	6 months	Press the EMO button. Verify that power
EMO button (SEMI version only)	o monuis	shuts off.

Table 23: Summary of the Preventive Maintenance Procedures and Guidelines

Only the legal distributor or authorized service center should repair the TM Robot. Users should not repair it by themselves.

DANGER:



Before performing maintenance or service record the details of each setting for the robot for normal operation. Make sure that each setting satisfies the original conditions before resuming normal operation, including but not limited to:

- Safety Software Settings
- Safety I/O

- Preset operation project
- TCP Settings
- I/O Settings
- I/O Wiring

NOTE:

The filter must be changed regularly to maintain efficiency. Please contact the Corporation to purchase the filter if in demand.



Figure 73: Air Filter Tray

Removal method:

- 1. Turn of the power and lay the control box flat.
- 2. Remove the rubber edge trim and loosen the air filter screw.
- 3. Pull out the air filter tray and replace the filter with a new one.



Appendix A. Technical Specifications

	И20M Т	TM16X	TM20X	TNATCNAV		
Weight 32 kg 32.8 kg 32 kg 32			TIVIZOA	TM16MX	TM20MX	
	2.8 kg	31.7 kg	32.5 kg	31.4kg	32.2kg	
Maximum Payload 16 kg 20 kg 16kg 20	20 kg	16 kg	20 kg	16 kg	20 kg	
Reach 900 mm 1300 mm 900mm 136	300 mm	900 mm	1300 mm	900 mm	1300 mm	
J1, J6 +/- 270° +/- 270° +/- 270° +/-	- 270° +	+/- 360°	+/- 360°	+/- 360°	+/- 360°	
Joint ranges J2, J4, J5 +/- 180° +/- 180° +/- 180° +/-	- 180° +	+/- 360°	+/- 360°	+/- 360°	+/- 360°	
J3 +/- 155° +/- 166° +/- 155° +/-	- 166° +	+/- 155°	+/- 166°	+/- 155°	+/- 166°	
J1, J2 120°/s 90°/s 120°/s 9	90°/s	120°/s	90°/s	120°/s	90°/s	
J3 120°/s 12	20°/s	_	120°/s	180°/s	120°/s	
	50°/s	4009/-	150°/s		150°/s	
J5 180°/s 180°/s 180°/s 18	80°/s	180°/s	180°/s		180°/s	
J6 225°/s 22	25°/s		225°/s		225°/s	
Typical Speed 1.1 \(\mathrm{m}\s \) 1.3 \(\mathrm{m}\s \) 1.1 \(\mathrm{m}\s \) 1.	.3 ^m /s	1.1 ^m /s	1.3 ^m /s	1.1 ^m /s	1.3 ^m /s	
Maximum Speed	4					
Repeatability	+/- 0.1 m	mm				
Degrees of freedom	6 rotating jo	oints				
	Digital In:	: 16				
Control Box	Digital Out:	t: 16				
Control Box	Analog In	n: 2				
I/O ports	Analog Ou	ut: 1				
ino ports	Digital In: 4					
Tool Conn.	Digital Out	ut: 4				
Tool Collin.	Analog In	n: 1				
	Analog Out: 0					
I/O power supply 24V 2.0A for co	24V 2.0A for control box and 24V 1.5A for tool					
IP classification IP54 (Robo	oot Arm); IP3	32 (Control I	Box)			
Power consumption	Typical 300	watts				
Temperature The robot can work	c in a temper	rature range	e of 0 to 50°C			
Cleanliness	ISO Class	ss 3				
Power supply 100 to 240 VAC, 50 to 22 to 60 24	to 60 1	100 to 240 '	VAC, 50 to	22 to 60	24 to 60	
60 Hz VDC V	/DC	60 I	Hz	VDC	VDC	
I/O Interface 3xCOM, 1xHDM	3×COM, 1×HDMI, 3×LAN, 4×USB2.0, 2×USB3.0					
Communication RS232, Ethernet, Modbus TCP/RTU (mas	RS232, Ethernet, Modbus TCP/RTU (master & slave), PROFINET (optional), EtherNet/IP (optional)					
Programming Environment TMf	TMflow, flowchart based					
	E, SEMI S2 (d	optional)				
	2D Positioning: 0.1 mm* ⁽¹⁾					
	TM Landmark 3D Positioning (Working Point away from Landmark					
100/200/300 mm): 0.24/0.53/	0.24/0.53/1.00 mm* ⁽¹⁾					
Eye in Hand (Built in) Auto-focused color camera with 5M resolution	n, Working di	listance 100				
∞						
Eye to Hand (Optional) Support Maximum 2×GigE 2D cameras *(1)The data in this table are measured by TM laboratory and the working distance is 100 mm. It should be noted that in practical applications, the						

^{*(1)}The data in this table are measured by TM laboratory and the working distance is 100 mm. It should be noted that in practical applications, the relevant values may be different due to factors such as the on-site ambient light source, object characteristics, and vision programming methods that will affect the change in accuracy.

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