OMRON

Machine Automation Controller Industrial PC Platform

NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller

User's Manual

NJ501-5300 NY532-5400





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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller. ("NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller" is sometimes abbreviated as "NC Integrated Controller".)

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the NC Integrated Controller. Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the NC Integrated Controller before you attempt to use it in a control system.

Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

This manual only describes functions that are added to NJ501-5300 or NY532-5400.

When you use NJ501-5300, also consult manuals for the NJ-series listed in *Related Manuals* on page 27 for functions common to NJ501-

When you use NY532-5400, also consult manuals for the NY-series listed in *Related Manuals* on page 27 for functions common to NY532-DDD Series including NY532-1DD.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems
- Personnel in charge of designing FA systems
- Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems
- Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities

This manual is also intended for personnel who understand the following contents.

- For programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard IEC 61131-3 or Japanese standard JIS 3503.
- For NC programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard ISO 6983-1 or Japanese standard JIS 6315.

Applicable Products

This manual covers the following products.

- NJ-series NC Integrated Controller NJ501-5300
- NY-series NC Integrated Controller NY532-5400

Relevant Manuals

The following table lists the relevant manuals for this product. Read all of the manuals that are relevant to your system configuration and application before you use this product.

Most operations are performed from the Sysmac Studio and CNC Operator Automation Software.

Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W504) for information on the Sysmac Studio, and *CNC Operator Operation Manual* (Cat. No. 0032) for the CNC Operator.

Relevant Manuals for NJ Series

					Ма	nual				
	Bas	ic informa	ation]						
Purpose of use	NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT [®] Port User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP™ Port User's Manual	NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual	NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual
Introduction to NJ-series Controllers	•						_			
Setting devices and hardware										
Using motion control				•						
Using EtherCAT	•					•				
Using EtherNet/IP							•			
Software settings										
Using motion control				•						
Using EtherCAT		•				•				
Using EtherNet/IP							•			
Using numerical control								•		
Writing the user program										
Using motion control		1		•	•					
Using EtherCAT						•				
Using EtherNet/IP		1 •	•				•			
Using numerical control		1						•	•	
Programming error processing		1								•
Testing operation and debugging										
Using motion control		1		•						
Using EtherCAT		•				•				
Using EtherNet/IP		1					•			
Using numerical control		1						•		

	Basi	Manual Basic information								
Purpose of use	NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT [®] Port User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP TM Port User's Manual	NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual	NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual
Learning about error management and corrections ^{*1}	\bigtriangleup	Δ		Δ		Δ	\bigtriangleup	Δ		•
Maintenance										
Using motion control				•						
Using EtherCAT	•					•				
Using EtherNet/IP							•			

*1. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for error management concepts and an overview of the items subject to errors. Refer to the manuals that are indicated with triangles for details on errors for the corresponding Units.

Relevant Manuals for NY Series

	Manual											
	Basic information											
Purpose of use	NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual	NY-series Instructions Reference Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual	NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual	NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual	NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual	NY-series Troubleshooting Manual
Introduction to NY-series Panel PCs	0											
Introduction to NY-series Box PCs		0										
Setting devices and hardware												
Using motion control	-					0						
Using EtherCAT	0	0						0				
Using EtherNet/IP	-								0			
Making setup ^{*1}												
Making initial settings			0									
Preparing to use Controllers			-									
Software settings												
Using motion control				-		0						
Using EtherCAT				0				0				
Using EtherNet/IP				Ŭ				0	0			
Using numerical control									0	0		
Writing the user program	1									0		
Using motion control				1		0	0					
Using EtherCAT				-			Ŭ	0				
Using EtherNet/IP				0	0			-	0			
Using numerical control				1						0	0	
Programming error processing				1						-		0
Testing operation and debugging												
Using motion control				1		0						
Using EtherCAT				0				0				
Using EtherNet/IP				1					0			
Using numerical control	1		1	1						0		
Learning about error management and				1								6
corrections ^{*2}										\triangle		0
Maintenance												
Using motion control						0				1		
Using EtherCAT	0	0						0				
Using EtherNet/IP	1								0			

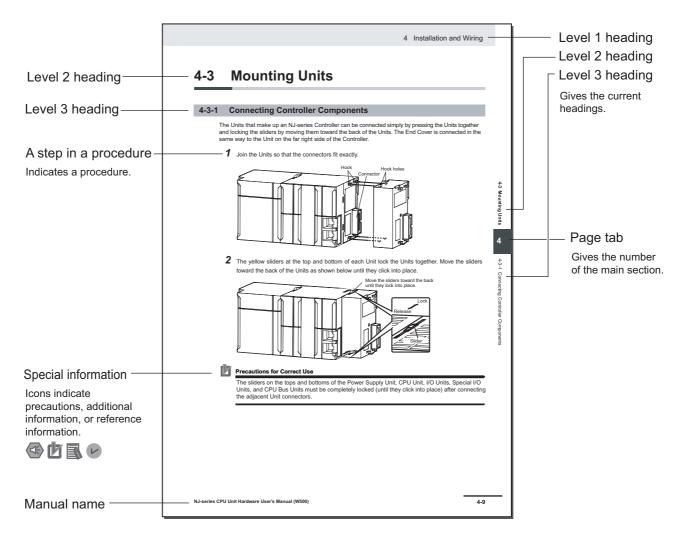
*1. Refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568) for how to set up and how to use the utilities on Windows.

*2. Refer to the NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564) for the error management concepts and an overview of the items subject to errors.

Manual Structure

Page Structure and Symbols

The following page structure and symbols are used in this manual.



Note This illustration is only provided as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.

Special Information

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:

Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.

Precautions for Correct Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.



Additional Information

Additional information to read as required.

This information is provided to increase understanding and ease of operation.



Version Information

Information on differences in specifications and functionality for NC Integrated Controller with different unit versions and for different versions of the Sysmac Studio and the CNC Operator are given.

Note References are provided to more detailed or related information.

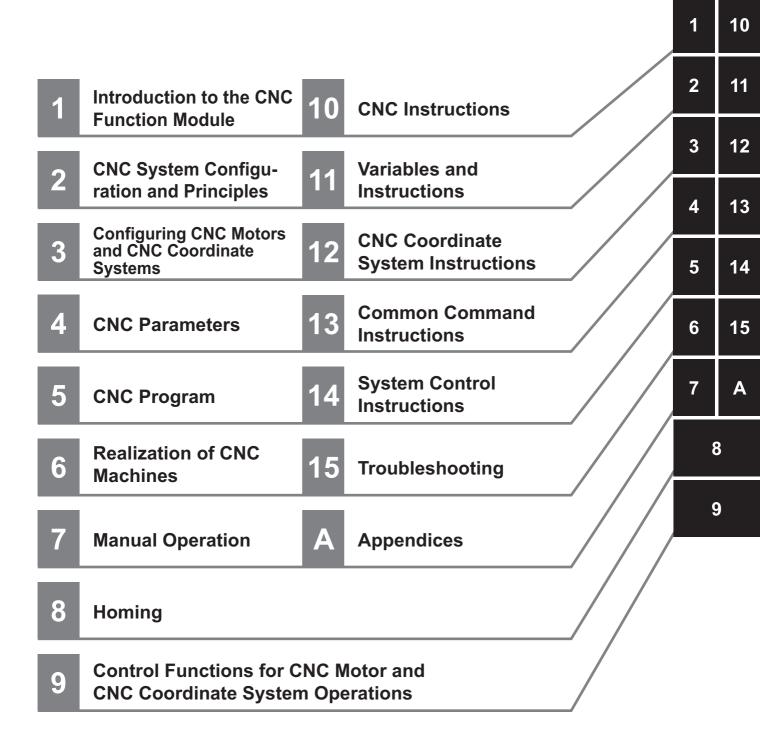
Precaution on Terminology

 In this manual, "download" refers to transferring data from the Sysmac Studio to the physical Controller and "upload" refers to transferring data from the physical Controller to the Sysmac Studio.

For the Sysmac Studio, synchronization is used to both upload and download data. Here, "synchronize" means to automatically compare the data for the Sysmac Studio on the computer with the data in the physical Controller and transfer the data in the direction that is specified by the user.

- Some of the instructions described in this manual are common to NJ/NY-series as well. Therefore, note the following conditions.
- (a) NJ-series enables you to connect a computer that runs the Support Software directly to the CPU Unit with a USB connection. However, NY-series has no peripheral USB port. For details, refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) or the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558).
- (b) NY-series Controllers have no SD Memory Card slots. Instead, they provide the Virtual SD Memory Card function that uses the Windows shared folder. Therefore, replace the term SD Memory Card with Virtual SD Memory Card. For details on the Virtual SD Memory Card, refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558) or the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568).

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Warranty, Limitations of Liability

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Safety Precautions

Refer to the following manuals for safety precautions.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Precautions for Safe Use

Refer to the following manuals for precautions for safe use.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Numerical Control

- When you have changed CNC motor compensation table values with CNC Operator, be sure to save the values to the retained memory or to a file and load them when the power is turned ON again. If the CNC motor compensation table values are not saved, the previous condition will be restored when the power is turned ON thus possibly causing the machine to operate unexpectedly.
- When you execute feed hold reset, the tool automatically returns to the feed hold stop position with rapid feed. For this reason ensure that there are no obstacles in the way of the execution of feed hold reset.
- The operation is not restricted by **Maximum Velocity** and **Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration** in the Operation Settings of CNC motor when the time-base override method is used.

Check that **VelLimit** (Velocity Limit Over) is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds **Maximum Velocity**.

Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to the following manuals for precautions for correct use.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Numerical Control

Use the system-defined variable in the user program to confirm that EtherCAT communications are
established before you attempt to execute CNC instructions. CNC instructions are not executed normally if EtherCAT communications are not established.

Regulations and Standards

Refer to the following manuals for regulations and standards.

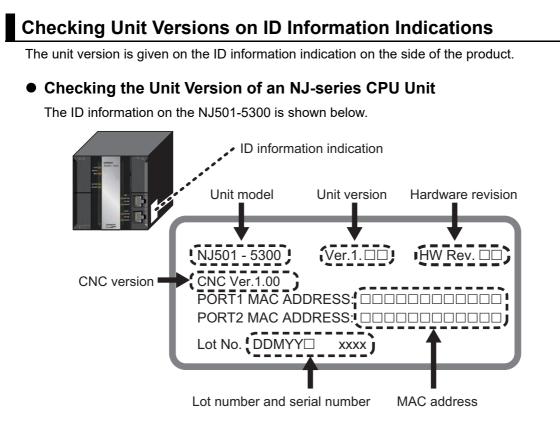
- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)

Versions

Hardware revisions and unit versions are used to manage the hardware and software in NJ/NY-series Units and EtherCAT slaves. The hardware revision or unit version is updated each time there is a change in hardware or software specifications. Even when two Units or EtherCAT slaves have the same model number, they will have functional or performance differences if they have different hardware revisions or unit versions.

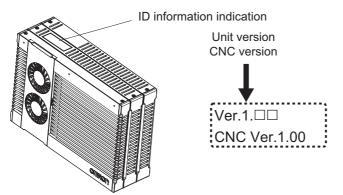
Checking Versions

You can check versions on the ID information indications or with the Sysmac Studio.



• Checking the Unit Version of an NY-series Controller

The ID information on an NY-series NY5□2-1□□□ Controller is shown below.



Checking Unit Versions with the Sysmac Studio

You can use the Sysmac Studio to check unit versions. The procedure is different for Units and for EtherCAT slaves.

• Checking the Unit Version of an NJ-series CPU Unit

You can use the Production Information while the Sysmac Studio is online to check the unit version of a Unit. You can do this for the CPU Unit, CJ-series Special I/O Units, and CJ-series CPU Bus Units. You cannot check the unit versions of CJ-series Basic I/O Units with the Sysmac Studio.

Use the following procedure to check the unit version.

1 Double-click CPU/Expansion Racks under Configurations and Setup in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click CPU/Expansion Racks under Configurations and Setup and select Edit from the menu.

The Unit Editor is displayed.

2 Right-click any open space in the Unit Editor and select **Production Information**.

The Production Information Dialog Box is displayed.

• Checking the Unit Version of an NY-series Controller

You can use the Production Information while the Sysmac Studio is online to check the unit version of a Unit. You can only do this for the Controller.

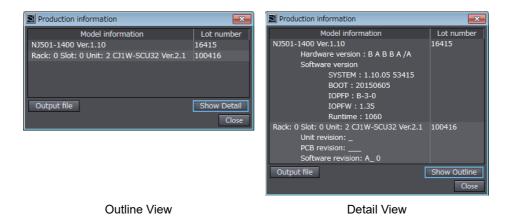
1 Right-click CPU Rack under Configurations and Setup - CPU/Expansion Racks in the Multiview Explorer and select Production Information.

The Production Information Dialog Box is displayed.

Changing Information Displayed in Production Information Dialog Box

1 Click the **Show Detail** or **Show Outline** Button at the lower right of the **Production Information** Dialog Box.

The view will change between the production information details and outline.



The information displayed is different for the Outline View and Detail View. The Detail View displays the unit version, hardware version, and software version. The Outline View displays only the unit version.

Note The hardware revision is separated by "/" and displayed on the right of the hardware version.

• Checking the Unit Version of an EtherCAT Slave

You can use the Production Information while the Sysmac Studio is online to check the unit version of an EtherCAT slave. Use the following procedure to check the unit version.

1 Double-click **EtherCAT** under **Configurations and Setup** in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click **EtherCAT** under **Configurations and Setup** and select **Edit** from the menu.

The EtherCAT Tab Page is displayed.

2 Right-click the master on the EtherCAT Tab Page and select **Display Production Information**.

The Production Information Dialog Box is displayed.

The unit version is displayed after "Rev."

	Production Information	×
I	Type information	Serial number
I	Node1 R88D-KN01L-ECT Rev:2.1 (OMRON Corporation)	0x00000000
I	Node2 R88D-KN01L-ECT Rev:2.1 (OMRON Corporation)	0x0000000
	Output file	
l	Close	

- Changing Information Displayed in Production Information Dialog Box
 - 1 Click the Show Detail or Show Outline Button at the lower right of the Production Information Dialog Box.

The view will change between the production information details and outline.

Production Information	—	Production Information	X
Type information	Serial number	Type information	Serial number
Node11 NX-ECC201 Rev:1.2 (OMRON Corporation)	0xB0002AD4	Node11 NX-ECC201 Rev:1.2 (OMRON Corporation)	0xB0002AD4
Node5 E3X-ECT Rev:1.0 (OMRON Corporation)	0xB0000009	Hardware Version : V1.00	
		Software Version : V1.02	
		Node5 E3X-ECT Rev:1.0 (OMRON Corporation)	0xB0000009
		Hardware Version : V1.00	
		Software Version : V1.00	
Output file Close	Show Detail	Output file	Show Outline
		Close	

Outline View

Detail View

Related Manuals

The following manuals are related. Use these manuals for reference.

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W500	NJ501-□□□ NJ301-□□□ NJ101-□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NJ-series CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and main- tenance. Mainly hardware infor- mation is provided.	An introduction to the entire NJ-series system is provided along with the following informa- tion on the CPU Unit. • Features and system configuration • Introduction • Part names and functions • General specifications • Installation and wiring • Maintenance and inspection
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	W501	NX701-□□□ NX1P2-□□□ NJ501-□□□ NJ301-□□□ NJ101-□□□	Learning how to pro- gram and set up an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Mainly software infor- mation is provided.	 The following information is provided on a Controller built with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. CPU Unit operation CPU Unit features Initial settings Programming based on IEC 61131-3 lan- guage specifications
NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual	W502	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ301-000	Learning detailed specifications on the basic instructions of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC 61131-3 specifications) are described.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	W507	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ301-000	Learning about motion control set- tings and program- ming concepts.	The settings and operation of the CPU Unit and programming concepts for motion control are described.
NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	W508	NX701-000 NX1P2-0000 NJ501-0000 NJ301-0000 NJ101-0000	Learning about the specifications of the motion control instructions.	The motion control instructions are described.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT® Port User's Manual	W505	NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Using the built-in Eth- erCAT port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	Information on the built-in EtherCAT port is provided. This manual provides an introduction and pro- vides information on the configuration, fea- tures, and setup.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP [™] Port User's Manual	W506	NX701-000 NX1P2-0000 NJ501-0000 NJ301-0000 NJ101-0000	Using the built-in Eth- erNet/IP port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features.
NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual	O030	NJ501-5300 NY532-5400	Performing numeri- cal control with NJ/NY-series Control- lers.	Describes the functionality to perform the numerical control. Use this manual together with the <i>NJ/NY-series G code Instructions</i> <i>Reference Manual</i> (Cat. No. 0031) when pro- gramming.
NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual	O031	NJ501-5300 NY532-5400	Learning about the specifications of the G code/M code instructions.	The G code/M code instructions are described. Use this manual together with the <i>NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. 0030) when programming.
NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual	W503	NX701-000 NX1P2-0000 NJ501-0000 NJ301-0000 NJ101-0000	Learning about the errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Con- troller.	Concepts on managing errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Controller and information on individual errors are described.

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual	W504	SYSMAC- SE2□□□	Learning about the operating proce- dures and functions of the Sysmac Studio.	Describes the operating procedures of the Sysmac Studio.
CNC Operator Operation Manual	O032	SYSMAC- RTNC0□□□D	Learning an introduc- tion of the CNC Oper- ator and how to use it.	An introduction of the CNC Operator, installa- tion procedures, basic operations, connection operations, and operating procedures for main functions are described.
NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual	W557	NY532-1	Learning the basic specifications of the NY-series Industrial Panel PCs, including introductory informa- tion, designing, instal- lation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware infor- mation is provided.	 An introduction to the entire NY-series system is provided along with the following informa- tion on the Industrial Panel PC. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection
NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Box PC Hard- ware User's Manual	W556	NY512-1	Learning the basic specifications of the NY-series Industrial Box PCs, including introductory informa- tion, designing, instal- lation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware infor- mation is provided.	 An introduction to the entire NY-series system is provided along with the following informa- tion on the Industrial Box PC. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection
NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual	W568	NY532-1	Learning the initial set- tings of the NY-series Industrial PCs and preparations to use Controllers.	 The following information is provided on an introduction to the entire NY-series system. Two OS systems Initial settings Industrial PC Support Utility NYCompolet Industrial PC API Backup & recovery
NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual	W558	NY532-1	Learning how to pro- gram and set up the Controller functions of an NY-series Industrial PC.	 The following information is provided on the NY-series Controller functions. Controller operations Controller functions Controller settings Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language specifications
NY-series Instructions Refer- ence Manual	W560	NY532-1	Learning detailed specifications on the basic instructions of an NY-series Indus- trial PC.	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC61131-3 specifications) are described.
NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Con- trol User's Manual	W559	NY532-1	Learning about motion control settings and programming con- cepts of an NY-series Industrial PC.	The settings and operation of the Controller and programming concepts for motion control are described.
NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	W561	NY532-1	Learning about the specifications of the motion control instructions of an NY-series Industrial PC.	The motion control instructions are described.

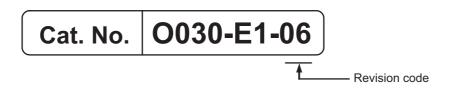
Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NY-series	W562	NY532-1	Using the built-in Eth-	Information on the built-in EtherCAT port is
IPC Machine Controller Indus- trial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherCAT® Port User's Manual		NY512-1□□□	erCAT port in an NY-series Industrial PC.	provided. This manual provides an introduction and pro- vides information on the configuration, fea- tures, and setup.
NY-series	W563	NY532-1	Using the built-in Eth-	Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is
IPC Machine Controller Indus- trial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherNet/IP [™] Port User's Manual		NY512-1□□□	erNet/IP port in an NY-series Industrial PC.	provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features.
NY-series Troubleshooting	W564	NY532-1	Learning about the	Concepts on managing errors that may be
Manual		NY512-1□□□	errors that may be detected in an NY-series Industrial PC.	detected in an NY-series Controller and infor- mation on individual errors are described.

Terminology

Term	Description
NJ501-1	Represents NJ501-1300/-1400/-1500.
NJ-series NJ NC Integrated Controller	Represents NJ501-5300. It may also be described as NJ501-5
NY-series NY NC Integrated Controller	Represents NY532-5400. It may also be described as NY5 $\Box\Box$ -5400.
Axis Coordinate System	Indicates a rotational coordinate system or orthogonal coordinate system unique
(Axis Coordinate System)	to each axis.
	It is abbreviated as ACS.
Machine Coordinate System	Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system unique to a machine.
(Machine Coordinate System)	It is abbreviated as MCS.
User Coordinate System	Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system that the user can define arbitrarily.
(User Coordinate System)	It is abbreviated as UCS.
Tool Coordinate System	Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system having TCP as the origin.
(Tool Coordinate System)	It is abbreviated as TCS.
TCS0	Indicates the default TCS. The origin is TCP0.
(Tool Coordinate System 0)	
TCSi	Indicates the TCS that the robot is currently selecting. It represents the TCS
(Tool Coordinate System i)	whose TooIID is i, where i is a number 1 to 16.
TCP (Tool Center Point)	Indicates the end with which the machine (robot) works.
	Specify this TCP to set positioning in an orthogonal coordinate system.
TCP0 (Tool Center Point 0)	Indicates the default TCP.

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.



Revision code	Date	Revised content
01	October 2017	Original production
02	October 2017	Corrected mistakes.
03	July 2018	 Made changes accompanying release of version 1.01 of the CNC version. Corrected mistakes.
04	April 2021	Made changes accompanying release of version 1.02 of the CNC version.
05	April 2022	Added information to Terms and Conditions Agreement.
06	June 2022	Corrected mistakes.

1

Introduction to the CNC Function Module

This section describes the features, system configuration, and application flow for the CNC Function Module.

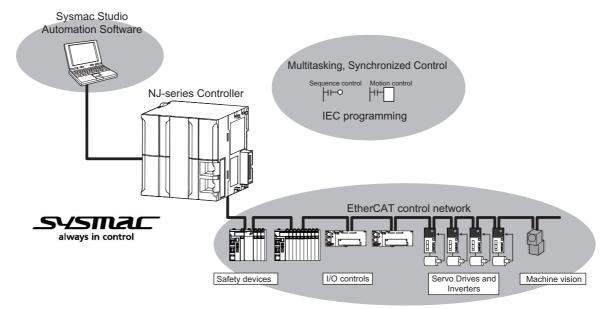
1-1	Feature	s 1-2				
1-2	System Configuration 1-4					
1-3	Basic Flow of Operation 1-6					
1-4	4 Specifications					
	1-4-1	General Specifications 1-7				
	1-4-2	Performance Specifications 1-7				
	1-4-3	Function Specifications 1-9				
	1-4-4	NC Program Specifications1-11				

1-1 Features

The NJ/NY-series Controllers are the machine automation controllers of the next generation. They provide various functionality and high-speed performance required for machine control, as well as safety, reliability, and maintainability required as industrial controllers.

In addition to the functionality given by conventional OMRON PLCs, the NJ/NY-series Controllers, as the integrated controllers, are equipped with multiple functionality required for numeric control, and can control input and output devices such as safety, vision, motion devices, and I/O Units synchronously via high-speed EtherCAT.

OMRON offers Sysmac devices that are control devices built with unified communications and user interface specifications. The NJ/NY-series Controllers are designed to realize the optimum functionality and operability when they are used with the Sysmac devices such as EhtherCAT slaves and the Sysmac Studio Automation Software. In a system configured with Sysmac devices, you can improve connectability and operability as the devices share the consistent usability concept.



CNC Function Module

The CNC Function Module is a software function module that is built into the NC Integrated Controller.

The CNC Function Module can control CNC coordinate systems via the EtherCAT port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller. Up to four CNC coordinate systems can be controlled with the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller, and up to eight with the NY-series NC Integrated Controller.

Cyclic communications are performed with Servo Drives and other devices that are connected to the EtherCAT port to enable high-speed and high-precision numerical control.

NC Program

NC programs for numerical control of the CNC Function Module use languages dedicated to the NC program, represented by G codes. By using NC programs, you can easily machine complex shapes and change machining drawings.

NC programs enable to use the interpolation function that specifies target positions and feed rate, the function of spindle axis that specifies cutting feed rate, and the tool functions such as compensating tool length and radius.

Synchronization with sequence control programs (ladder and ST) is possible by using M codes.

Sequence Control Program

Sequence control programs use CNC instructions to control the CNC Function Module.

In addition to the function block used to start an NC program, the sequence control program has other function blocks used to perform jogging, deceleration stop, and maintenance operation that reads and writes parameters.

Data Transmission Using EtherCAT Communications

The CNC Function Module can be combined with OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives with built-in Ether-CAT communications or G5-series with built-in EtherCAT communications to enable exchange of all control information by using high-speed data communications.

Various control commands are transmitted via data communications. This means that the Servomotor's operational performance is maximized without being limited by interface specifications, such as the response frequency of encoder feedback pulses.

You can use the Servo Drive's various control parameters and monitor data on a host controller to unify system information management.

Additional Information

What is EtherCAT?

EtherCAT is an open ultrahigh-speed industrial network system that conforms to Ethernet (IEEE802.3). Each node achieves a short communication cycle time by transmitting Ethernet frames at a high speed. The mechanism that shares clock information enables high-precision synchronized control with low communications jitter.

1-2 System Configuration

The CNC Function Module receives sensor signal status from devices and control panels. It receives commands from the CNC instructions that are executed in the NC program or sequence control program. It uses both of them to control Servo Drives and spindle drivers as well as to perform precise numerical control and spindle axis control.

CNC System Configuration

The CNC Function Module uses the EtherCAT network configuration, the Slave Terminal configurations for EtherCAT Coupler Units, Sysmac Studio, and CNC Operator.

• EtherCAT Network Configuration

The CNC Function Module controls Servo Drives and the spindle driver by using the EtherCAT communications master port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller.

The EtherCAT network configuration is used to perform precise numerical control in a fixed period with very little deviation.

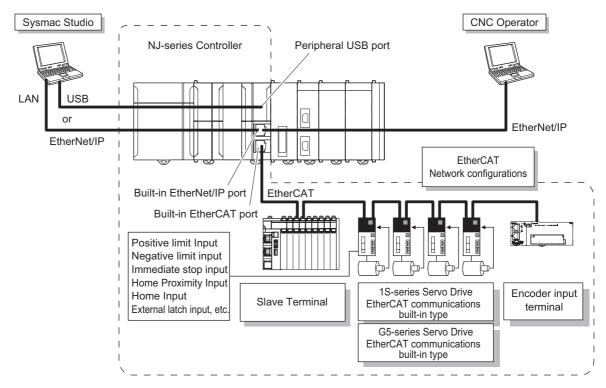
• Slave Terminal Configurations of EtherCAT Coupler Units

The CNC Function Module uses the Pulse Encoder Unit and Digital Input Unit that are mounted under an EtherCAT Coupler Unit to load the MPG and Jog switch.

You can also use this configuration to perform numerical control for maintenance operation that can be carried out from a user program.

Sysmac Studio

Sysmac Studio is connected to the peripheral USB port on the NC Integrated Controller using a commercially available USB cable. You can also connect it through an Ethernet cable that is connected to the EtherNet/IP port built into the NC Integrated Controller.



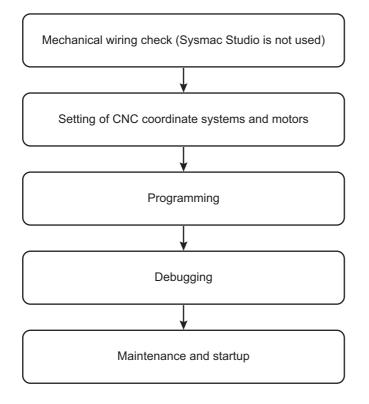
* The NY-series NC Integrated Controller is not equipped with peripheral USB ports.

• CNC Operator

In this system, NC programs are transferred from CNC Operator that is running on a Windows computer. To establish a connection to a Windows computer, connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet/IP port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller. You cannot use a USB cable to establish the connection.

1-3 Basic Flow of Operation

This section describes the basic procedure to perform numerical control using the CNC Function Module.



1-4 Specifications

This section describes the specifications of the CNC Function Module.

1-4-1 General Specifications

General specifications conform to the general specifications of each series of the Controllers.

For details, refer to the *NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual* (Cat. No. W500) or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual* (Cat. No. W557).

1-4-2 Performance Specifications

The following table describes the performance specifications for each NC Integrated Controller.

	Item			cifications
				NY532-5400
Task period	Primary period	Setting	500 μs to 4 ms	500 μs to 8 ms
		value		
		Default	1 ms	1 ms
	CNC Planner Service	Setting	500 μs to 16 ms ^{*1}	500 μs to 16 ms ^{*1}
	period	value	•	
		Default	2 ms	2 ms
System service moni-	System service execu-	Setting	5% to 50%	
toring settings	tion time ratio	value		
		Default	30%	
	System service execu-	Setting	10 ms to 1 s	
	tion interval	value		
		Default	10 ms	
Number of CNC	Maximum number of CN	IC motors ^{*2}	16	32
motors				
CNC coordinate sys- tem	Maximum number of CN systems	IC coordinate	4	8
	Maximum number of com	position CNC	8	8
	motors in a CNC coordinate system			
	(excluding spindle axes))		
	Number of spindle axes	in a CNC	1	1
	coordinate system			
Number of simultaneou	is interpolation axes		4	4

	Marina.	Specifi	cations
	Item	NJ501-5300	NY532-5400
NC Program ^{*3}	Program buffer size ^{*4,*5}	16 MB	64 MB
	Maximum number of programs ^{*4}	Main program	Main program
		- Upper limit of registra- tions: 512	- Upper limit of registra- tions: 512
		- Range of program num- bers	- Range of program num- bers
		For Sysmac Studio: 0001 to 0299	For Sysmac Studio: 0001 to 0299
		For CNC Operator: 0300 to 0999	For CNC Operator: 0300 to 0999
		Subprogram	Subprogram
		- Upper limit of registra- tions: 512	- Upper limit of registra- tions: 512
		- Range of program num- bers	- Range of program num- bers
		For Sysmac Studio: 1000 to 2999	For Sysmac Studio: 1000 to 2999
		For CNC Operator: 3000 to 9999	For CNC Operator: 3000 to 9999
NC program vari-	P variable	Long reals	Long reals
ables ^{*3}		65536 variables	65536 variables
	Q variable	Long reals	Long reals
		8192 variables	8192 variables
	L variable	Long reals	Long reals
		256 variables	256 variables
CNC motor compensa- tion table	Maximum number of CNC motor compensation tables	32	64
	Maximum size of all compensation tables	1 MB	2 MB

*1. They satisfy the following conditions: *Primary periodic task* ≤ *CNC Planner Service period,* and *Integer multiples of primary periodic task.*

- *2. The number of controlled axes of the MC Control Function Module is included.
- *3. Some parts of the area are reserved by the system.
- *4. This is the number of programs or their capacities that can be loaded into the NC Integrated Controller at the same time.
- *5. The program capacity is the maximum size available. As fragmentation will occur, the size that is actually available will be smaller than the maximum size. As a guideline, limit the size to be used to approximately half the capacity.

Precautions for Correct Use

To run the CNC Function Module, approximately 150 µs must be secured for system service execution time. Adjust the system service execution time ratio, so that the above system service execution time can be secured.

1-4-3 Function Specifications

The following table shows the functions that are supported when the Controller is connected to OMRON control devices.

		ltem			NJ501-5300
Numeri-	CNC coordi-	Axis type			Positioning axis, spindle axis
cal con-	nate system	Control	Positioning axi	S	Position control
trol		modes	Spindle axis		Velocity control
		Positions that can be managed			Absolute position (command), absolute position (feedback), program position, remaining travel distance
		NC program	Execute		Executes the NC program.
		execution	Reset		Interrupts the NC program.
			Single block ex	kecution	Executes the NC program by block.
			Back trace		Executes back trace of interpolation path.
			Feed hold, and	feed hold reset	Temporarily stops the NC program, and restarts it.
			Optional stop		Stops the NC program with optional signal.
			Option block sl	kip	Skips one block of the NC program with optional signal.
			Dry run		Runs from the NC program.
			Machine lock		Locks each axis operation during execution of the NC program.
			Auxiliary function lock		Locks M code output.
			Override		Overrides the feed rate and spindle velocity.
		G code	Positioning	Rapid position-	Rapid feed of each CNC motor according to the
			function	ing	motor setting
				Linear interpo- lation	Interpolates linearly.
				Circular inter- polation	Interpolates circularly, helically, spirally, or coni- cally.
				Skip function	Rapid feed until an external signal is input
			Return to refer	ence point	Returns to a specified position on the machine.
			Fixed cycle	Rigid tap	Performs tapping machining.
			Feed function	Exact stop	Temporarily prevents blending of positioning oper- ations before and after an exact stop command.
				Exact stop mode	Mode in which anteroposterior positioning opera- tions are not blended
				Continu- ous-path mode	Mode in which anteroposterior positioning opera- tions are blended
				Dwell	Waits for the specified period of time.
			Coordinate system selec-	Dimension Shift Cancel	The coordinate system uses the machine home position as the home of the system.
			tion	Zero Shift	The coordinate system has work offset for the Machine Coordinate System.
				Local Coordi- nate System Set	The coordinate system has additional offset for the Work Coordinate System.

		ltem			NJ501-5300
Numeri- cal con-	CNC coordi- nate system	G code	Auxiliary for coordinate	Absolute or rel- ative selection	Switches the manipulated variable specification method between absolute and relative ones.
trol			system	Metric or inch selection	Selects metric or inch as the orthogonal axes uni system.
				Scaling	Scales up or down the current coordinates of the orthogonal axes.
				Mirroring	Mirrors the current coordinates against the speci- fied orthogonal axes.
				Rotation	Rotates the current coordinates around the coor- dinates of the specified orthogonal axis.
			Tool functions	Tool radius compensation	Compensation of the tool edge path according to the tool radius
				Tool offset	Compensation of tool center point path according to the tool length
		M Code	M code output	and reset	Outputs M codes, and interlocks with sequence control program using reset.
			Spindle axis	CW, CCW, or OFF	Outputs and stops velocity commands in velocity loop control mode.
				Orientation	Stops spindle axes to the specified phase by set ting up feedback loop.
			Subroutine call		Calls a subroutine of the NC program.
		NC Pro-	Arithmetic calculation		Performs a calculation in the NC program.
	gramm	gramming	gramming Branch control		Branches on conditions in the NC program.
			NC program va	ariables	Memory area in the NC program used for data processing and so on
				P variable	Global memory area commonly used by CNC coordinate systems
				Q variable	Global memory area unique to each CNC coordi nate system
				L variable	Memory area that can be used as the primary area during execution of the NC program
		Auxiliary control func-	Error reset		Clears errors for CNC coordinate system and CNC motors.
		tions	Immediate stop		Immediately stops all CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system.
	CNC motor		can be manage		Command positions and feedback positions
		Position control	Absolute positioning		Positioning to target positions specified by abso- lute coordinates.
			Relative positioning		Positioning by specifying travel distances from command current positions.
			Cyclic position		Outputs a command position in each control cycle of position control mode.
		Spindle con- trol	stop	CW rotation, or	Outputs and stops velocity commands in velocity control mode.
		Manual operation	Powering the S	Servo	The Servo in the Servo Drive is turned ON to enable CNC motor operation.
			Jogging		Jogs a CNC motor at a specified target velocity.
		Auxiliary control func- tions	Homing		Defines home by operating a CNC motor and using limit signals, home proximity signal and home signal.
			Immediate stor	0	Stops the CNC motor immediately.
		Compensa- tion table	Ball screw com		Compensates the pitch errors for one-dimensional ball screw.
			Cross-axis con	npensation	Compensates one-dimensional cross-axis.
			Edit of comper		Edits (reads and writes) compensation tables from using sequence control program.

		ltem			NJ501-5300
Numeri- cal con- trol	CNC motor	Auxiliary function	In-position Check Stop method selection		You can set an in-position range and in-position check time to confirm when positioning is completed.
					You can set the stop method to the immediate stop input signal or limit input signal.
			Monitoring	Software limits	Monitors the movement range of a CNC motor.
			functions	Following error	Monitors the positional error between the com- mand current value and the feedback current value for a CNC motor.
			Absolute encoder support		You can use an OMRON G5-series Servo Drive or 1S-series Servomotor with an Absolute Encoder to eliminate the need to perform homing at startup.
		l	Input signal logic inversion		You can inverse the logic of immediate stop input signal, positive limit input signal, negative limit input signal, or home proximity input signal.
		External interf	ace signals		The Servo Drive input signals given below are used.
					Home signal, home proximity signal, positive limit signal, negative limit signal, immediate stop sig- nal, and interrupt input signal
	Common items			C coordinate sys- rs and CNC ters	References and changes CNC coordinate system parameters and CNC motor parameters from the user program.

1-4-4 NC Program Specifications

Refer to the *NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. 0031) for NC program specifications.

1 Introduction to the CNC Function Module

2

CNC System Configuration and Principles

This section outlines the internal structure of the NC Integrated Controller and describes the configuration and principles of the CNC Function Module.

2-1	Interna	al Structure of NC Integrated Controller	2-2
2-2	CNC S	System Configuration	2-4
	2-2-1	Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller	2-4
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2-1 Internal Structure of NC Integrated Controller

This section provides an overview of the internal mechanisms of the NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller.

The NC Integrated Controller has the following software configuration.

The CNC Function Module is a software module that performs numerical control.

CNC Function Module	Motion Control Function Module	EtherCAT Master Function Module	Other Function* ¹ Modules		
PLC Function Module					

OS

*1. For information on other Function Modules, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W558).

The PLC Function Module runs on top of the OS. The other Function Modules run on top of the PLC Function Module.

A description of each Function Module is given in the following table.

Function module name	Abbreviation	Description
PLC Function Module	PLC	This module manages overall scheduling, executes the user program, sends commands to the CNC Function
		Module, and interfaces with USB ^{*1} and an SD Memory Card ^{*2} .
CNC Function Module	CNC	This module performs numerical control according to the commands from CNC instructions that are executed in the user program. It sends data to the EtherCAT Master Function Module.
		The module is primarily used to perform numerical con- trol.
Motion Control Function Module	MC	This module performs motion control according to the commands from motion control instructions that are exe- cuted in the user program. It sends data to the EtherCAT Master Function Module.
		The module is primarily used to perform general motion controls such as conveyance and press, which are differ- ent from numerical control.
EtherCAT Master Function Module	ECAT	As the EtherCAT master, this module communicates with the EtherCAT slaves.

*1. On the NY-series Controllers, this module interfaces with virtual SD Memory Cards.

*2. The NY-series Controllers is not equipped with USB.

Precautions for Correct Use

For information on other Function Modules, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W558).

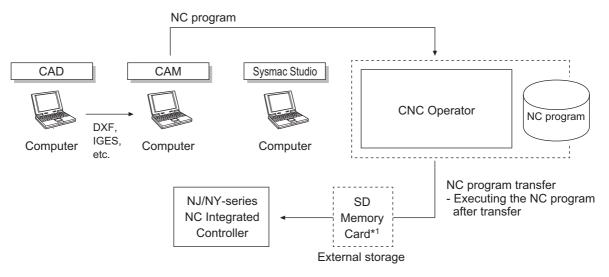
2-2 CNC System Configuration

A CNC system consists of the following two system elements:

- A system for which coordination with CNC Operator is required. Such coordination includes creation, execution, and stop of NC programs (refer to 2-2-1 Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller on page 2-4).
- A system that performs numerical control and controls Servomotors with instructions received from CNC Operator (refer to 2-2-2 Configuration of NC Integrated Controller and Drive Control on page 2-5).

2-2-1 Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller

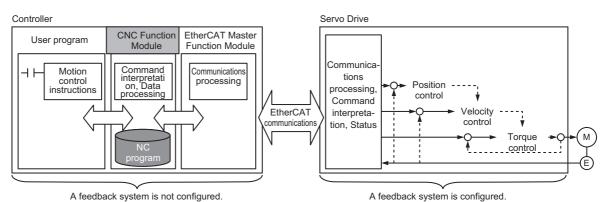
- NC programs are created using CAD/CAM software, or directly created on CNC Operator.
- The created NC program is transferred from CNC Operator to the NC Integrated Controller.
- When executing the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction in the user program, according to NC program execution processing by CNC Operator, the NC program transferred from CNC Operator is interpreted to perform numerical control.



*1 On the NY-series NC Integrated Controller, this is a virtual SD Memory Card.

2-2-2 Configuration of NC Integrated Controller and Drive Control

- When the CNC_CoordControl instruction in the user program is executed, the CNC Function Module interprets the NC program.
- The CNC Function Module executes path calculation in a fixed cycle based on the results of the NC program interpretation, and generates and sends the command values to Servo Drives.
- The command values are sent by using PDO communications during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.
- The Servo Drive performs position control, velocity control, and torque control based on the command values received during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.
- The encoder's current value and the Servo Drive status are sent to the NC Integrated Controller during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.

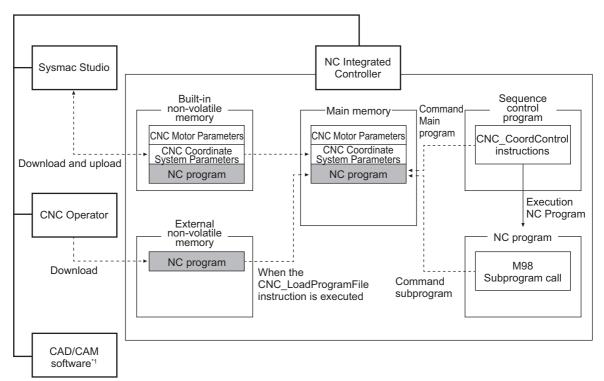


2-2-3 Configuration of NC Program

The NC program is a program used to perform numerical control.

NC Program Configuration

The following diagram describes the configuration of the NC program.



*1. The NC program that was created using CAD/CAM software conforms to the grammar of CNC Function Module when the program is parsed with Sysmac Studio or CNC Operator.

Precautions for Correct Use

 If you have transferred the same NC program number more than once, the program transferred last is enabled. Arrange the user program so that duplication of NC program numbers does not occur.

How to Transfer an NC Program

The following three methods are available to transfer an NC program to the NC Integrated Controller.

- Transferring an NC program from Sysmac Studio to the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. The NC program that is transferred to the non-volatile memory of the NC Integrated Controller is read into the main memory when the power is turned ON or the download process is completed. This method is typically used to download subprograms provided by a machining equipment manufacturer.
- Using FTP or other protocols or methods to transfer intermediate codes, generated by CNC Operator, from the computer to the SD Memory Card. They are transferred from the SD Memory Card into the main memory by executing the dedicated program read instruction. This method is typically used to change recipes more easily by only operating HMI.
- Transferring the NC program from CNC Operator into the main memory by temporarily using an SD Memory Card

Additional Information

To expand the NC program into the main memory via an SD Memory Card, insert the SD Memory Card in advance.

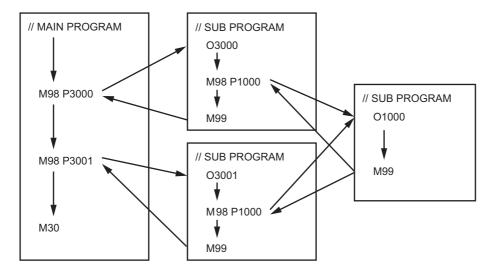
For an NY-series Controller, enable the virtual SD Memory Card.

Main Program and Subprogram

An NC program executed from CNC instructions of a user program is called the main program. Programs that pick up and summarize similar parts of the main programs, such as machining in the same pattern, are called subprograms.

If the Subprogram Call (M98) instruction is read during execution of the main program, the subprogram is executed. After the execution of the subprogram is completed, the process returns to the main program and executes the remaining part of the main program.

The following shows an image of the relationship between the main program and the subprogram.

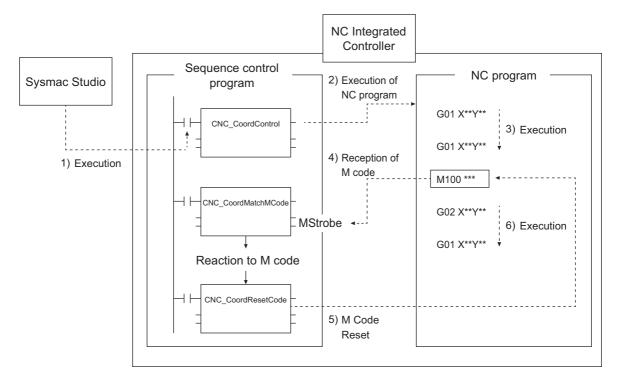


2-3 Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program

The section describes the relationship between the sequence control program and the NC program of the NC Integrated Controller.

Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program

The following diagram describes the relationship between the sequence control program and the NC program.



Start and Stop of NC Program

- The CNC_CoordControl instruction in the sequence control program is executed when the NC program start command is received from CNC Operator, etc.
- The CNC Function Module starts to interpret the NC program after the CNC_CoordControl instruction is executed.
- The CNC Function Module executes path calculation in a fixed cycle based on the results of the NC program interpretation, and generates and sends the command values to Servo Drives.
- The CNC Function Module continues to run the NC program until it executes the End of Program (M30) instruction, or until it receives the reset by the CNC_CoordControl instruction or a program abort by the CNC_CoordStop instruction of the sequence control program.

2

Feed Hold and Feed Hold Reset of NC Program

- When the *FeedHold* input variable under the *ControlInputs* in-out variable for the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction is changed to TRUE, the NC program currently under execution is temporarily stopped.
- When the CycleStart input variable under the ControlInputs in-out variable for the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction is changed to TRUE, the NC program execution is resumed.

M-code and M-code Reset of NC Program

- If the CNC Function Module finds an M code during execution of the NC program, the module sends the M code to the sequence control program.
- The sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction to receive the M code.
- The sequence control program executes peripheral controls (conveyance control, valve ON/OFF, etc.) corresponding to the received M code.
- After completing peripheral controls, the sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordReset-MCode (Reset M code) instruction to send M code reset.
- The CNC Function Module, after receiving the M code reset signal, clears the waiting status for a M code reset, and moves on to the next block.

2-4 Configuration of Variables

This section describes variables provided for the NC Integrated Controller that is equipped with the CNC Function Module.

As is the case with standard CPU Units, the NC Integrated Controller has variables used for the sequence control program to access I/O and information inside the CPU Unit.

In addition, the NC Integrated Controller particularly has variable areas called NC program variables used for data calculations and other processing in NC program.

In this section, user-defined variables and system-defined variables refer to variables that can be accessed from the sequence control program. On the other hand, NC program variables and system-defined NC program variables refer to variables that can be accessed from the NC program.

2-4-1 What is the NC Program Variable?

The NC program variables refer to variable areas used for data calculations and other processing in NC program.

There are the system global variables (P variables) that are common to CNC coordinate systems, global variables (Q variables) that are unique to individual CNC coordinate systems, and local variables (L variables) that can be used as the primary area during program execution.

Some NC program variable areas are reserved for system definitions. They are called system-defined NC program variables.

The NC program variables are provided as variable areas with which data can be read and written from the NC program. Some of them can be read and written from the sequence control program.

			Limited to CNC package	Remarks	
Variables ^{*1}	User-define	d variables		-	-
	Semi-user	Device variable	EtherCAT		-
	-defined		slaves		
	variables		device variable		
			CJ-series Unit		-
			device variable ^{*2}		
		Cam data variable) }		-
		CNC motor comp	ensation table variable	Yes	-
	Sys- tem-define	System-defined va tion Module	ariable for PLC Func-		-
	d variable	Motion control	MC common variable		-
		system-defined	Axis variable		-
		variable	Axes group variable		-
		CNC sys- tem-defined vari-	CNC common vari- able	Yes	-
		able	CNC motor variable	Yes	-
			CNC coordinate sys- tem variable	Yes	-
			NC program variable monitoring	Yes	Among the NC program vari- ables, user areas are monitored
		System-defined va	ariable for EtherNet/IP		-
		System-defined variable for EtherCAT master			-
NC program vari-	System Glo	bal Variables (P Va	riables)	Yes	P0 to P65535
ables ^{*3}		System-defined va	ariables	Yes	P32768 to P65535
	CNC coord ables)	nate system global	variables (Q vari-	Yes	Q0 to Q8191
		System-defined va	ariables	Yes	Q4096 to Q8191
	Local Varia	bles (L Variables)		Yes	L0 to L255

The variables are classified into the following categories.

*1. Can be accessed from the sequence control program.

*2. You can use CJ-series Units only with NJ-series CPU Units.

*3. Can be accessed from NC program

2-4-2 NC Program Variable Types

System Global Variables (P Variables)

They refer to system global variable areas that are common to CNC coordinate systems. They are used for waiting and data exchange between CNC coordinate systems.

The system global variable is double-precision real type. The CNC Function Module has 65,536 system global variables (P0 to P65535). Among them, P0 to P32767 are used for user areas and P32768 to P65535 are for system-defined areas. User areas can be read and written from the sequence control program as they are displayed by the *_CNC_ComNCVar* system-defined variable.

In NC program, a number is specified after P. This number is specified as a constant right after the letter P. Examples are provided below.

P17=3.14159			
P200=P100+1			

In the system areas of P variables, there is no system-defined NC program variable that is made public to users.

CNC Coordinate System Global Variables (Q Variable)

They refer to global variable areas that are unique to each CNC coordinate system. While the same NC program can be executed in multiple CNC coordinate systems, this type of variable enables independent program operation to each CNC coordinate system.

The CNC coordinate system global variable is double-precision real type. For each CNC coordinate system, there are 8,192 CNC coordinate system global variables (Q0 to Q8191). Among them, Q0 to Q4095 are used for user areas, and Q4096 to Q8191 are for system-defined areas. User areas can be read and written from the sequence control program as they are displayed by the *_CNC_CoordNCVarX* system-defined variable (where X is a CNC coordinate system number).

In NC program, a number is specified after Q. This number is specified as a constant right after the letter Q. Examples are provided below.

Q17=3.14159			
Q200=Q100+1			

System defined	Remarks	Description
Auxiliary Function Output Reset Return Value	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue0	Stores a value specified by Inputs[0] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue1	Stores a value specified by Inputs[1] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue2	Stores a value specified by Inputs[2] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue3	Stores a value specified by Inputs[3] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue4	Stores a value specified by Inputs[4] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue5	Stores a value specified by Inputs[5] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue6	Stores a value specified by Inputs[6] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue7	Stores a value specified by Inputs[7] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code.
Skip Function (G31) Capture Position	_CNC_CapturedPosition0	Logical motor 0 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition1	Logical motor 1 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition2	Logical motor 2 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition3	Logical motor 3 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition4	Logical motor 4 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition5	Logical motor 5 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition6	Logical motor 6 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition7	Logical motor 7 capture position

The following system-defined NC program variables are declared in the system area of the Q variable. They can be accessed from NC program.

Local Variables (L Variables)

They refer to variable areas that can be used as the primary area during execution of an NC program.

The local variable values are saved to the stack when program execution jumps to a subprogram, and restored from the stack when it returns from the subprogram. The local variable values that are changed in an NC program will be cleared when program execution returns from a subprogram.

The local variable is double-precision real type. There are 256 local variables (L0 to L255).

In NC program, a number is specified after L. This number is specified as a constant right after the letter L. Examples are provided below.

L200=L100+1	
T500=T100+1	

2-5 Principle of Task Processing

This section provides information on the NC Integrated Controller tasks and how they relate to numerical control.

For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat No. W507) or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W559).

NC Integrated Controller Tasks and Services

Tasks are the attributes of a user program, etc. that determine execution conditions and the sequence of executions. The NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller supports the following tasks. Besides the tasks, three types of services are supported: Tag Data Link Service, System Service, and CNC Planner Service.

Task or service type	Task or service name		
Tasks that execute programs at regular intervals	Primary periodic task		
	Priority 16, 17, and 18 periodic tasks		
Tasks that execute programs only once when the execu-	Event tasks (execution priority 8 and 48)		
tion conditions for the tasks are met			
Service that plans NC program execution, calculates the	CNC Planner Service (execution priority 6)		
interpolation path for a coordinate system, or performs			
other processing.			

内

Precautions for Correct Use

- CNC instructions can be used in a primary periodic task.
- If CNC instructions are used in any other tasks, an error will occur when the user program is built using Sysmac Studio.

Basic Operation of Tasks

Overall Task Operation

The primary periodic task includes operations such as system common processing, motion control, and the servo processing of the CNC Function Module in addition to I/O refreshing and user program execution.

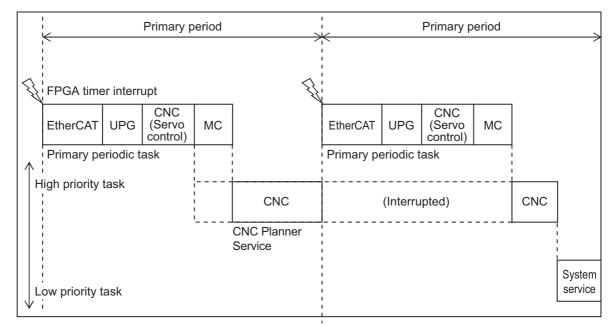
The CNC instruction included in the sequence control program is executed during the next servo control period after the END instruction is executed for the task.

The following diagram shows the operation for NJ501-5300.

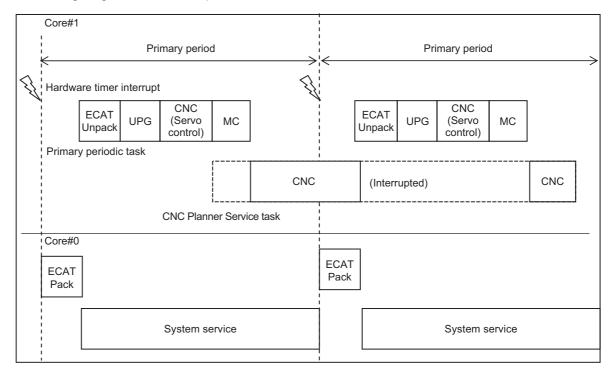
The CNC Planner Service (execution priority 6) is executed after execution of the primary periodic task is completed.

The Priority 16, 17, and 18 periodic tasks have lower execution priorities than the CNC Planner Service task, so they are executed when the CNC Planner Service is not being executed.

System services are executed in the unused time between execution of tasks.



The following diagram shows the operation for NY532-5400.



• Operation of the Primary Periodic Task

		eriod)						
	Task execution time							
	I/O refresh			Control processing				
Output data processing	Refreshing	Input data processing	System common processing 1	User program execution	CNC Servo control	Motion control	System common processing 2	

For details, refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W559).

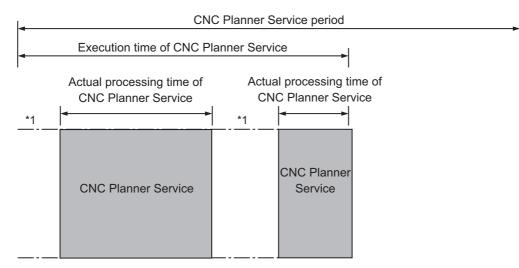
Processing	Processing contents
Output data processing	Output refresh data is generated for Output Units that execute I/O
	refreshing.
	• If forced refreshing is set, the forced refreshing values are reflected in the
	output refresh data.
Refreshing	Data exchange with I/O is executed.
Input data processing	• Whether or not the condition expression for event task execution is met is determined.
	 Input refresh data is loaded from Input Units that have executed I/O refresh.
	• If forced refreshing is set, the forced refreshing value (input) is reflected on the input refresh data that has been loaded.
System common processing 1	Processing for exclusive control of variables in tasks is performed (when
	accessing tasks are set).
	 Motion input processing is performed.^{*1}
	Data trace processing (sampling and trigger checking) is performed.
Execution of user program	 Programs assigned to tasks are executed in the order that they are assigned.
CNC servo control	Software tasks that are driven at the control period of Servo Drives include:
	Encoder conversion
	Distribution calculation from interpolation path to motor position
	Updating CNC motor compensation tables
	Closed loop processing for positions
	Equation calculation for CNC motor command travel
	Checking CNC motor status and errors: Deviation, commanded velocity zero, in-position
Motion control	• The motion control commands from the motion control instructions in the user programs in the primary periodic task and the priority-16 periodic task are executed.
	 Motion output processing is performed.^{*2}

Processing	Processing contents
System common processing 2	Processing for exclusive control of variables in tasks is performed (when refreshing tasks are set).
	• Processing for variables accessed from outside of the Controller is per- formed to maintain concurrency with task execution (executed for the variable access time that is set in Task Settings).
	• If there is processing for EtherNet/IP tag data links and refreshing tasks are set for the tags (i.e., variables with a Network Publish attribute), variable access processing is performed.

*1. The Servo Drive status, axis current values, and other motion control system-defined variables are updated based on data received from Servo Drives, etc.

*2. Data is sent to the Servo Drives during I/O refreshing in the next primary periodic task.

• Operation of CNC Planner Service



*1. The CPU Unit temporarily interrupts the execution of a task in order to execute a task that has a higher execution priority.

Processing	Processing contents
CNC Planner Service	Services that are driven at the CNC Planner Service period include:
	NC program operation planning
	 Interpolation path calculation for the coordinate system
	CNC motor safety and status check
	 Software limit check during execution of the NC program
	 Monitoring servo lock, driver errors, and driver warning
	 Processing external latch signals for the G31 command
	Updating the status of coordinate systems

• CNC Planner Service period

CNC Planner Service is repeated periodically.

Set the CNC Planner Service period to the integral multiple of task period of the primary periodic task.

For example, if the primary period is 1 ms and the CNC Planner Service period is 4 ms, CNC Planner Service is executed once at every fourth execution of the primary periodic task.

• CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded

If CNC Planner Service processing is not finished within two periods, a CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded error occurs.

This is a controller error of observation information level. Operation continues even when this error occurs.

If CNC Planner Service processing is not completed within the period, information is output to the _CNC_ServiceExceeded (CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded Flag) and _CNC_ServiceExceed-Count (CNC Planner Service Exceeded Count) the system-defined variable as well as to the event log.

2-6 Relationship with EtherCAT Communications

The CNC Function Module controls Servo Drives through PDO communications of the EtherCAT Master Function Module in the NC Integrated Controller.

This section describes EtherCAT communications and other items related to the CNC Function Module.

2-6-1 CAN Application Protocol over EtherCAT (CoE)

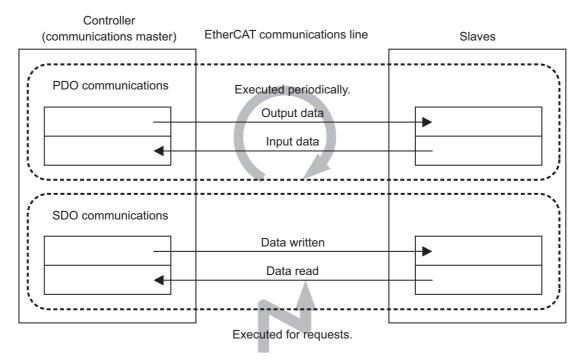
The CNC Function Module exchanges data with the slaves on EtherCAT using the CAN application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE).

With CoE, the parameters and control information held by the slaves are specified according to data specifications of the object dictionary (OD).

There are two methods that can be used to communicate data between the Controller (communications master) and slaves. One is Process Data Objects (PDO) that are used to periodically exchange data in real time. The other is Service Data Objects (SDO) that are used to exchange data when required.

The CNC Function Module uses PDO communications for commands to refresh I/O data, such as data for Servomotor position control, on a fixed control period.

It uses SDO communications for commands to read and write data at specified times, such as when parameter transfer occurs.



2-6-2 Relationship between EtherCAT Master Function Module and CNC Function Module

The NC Integrated Controller can perform sequence control, motion control, and numerical control through connections to EtherCAT slaves.

Sequence Control

- I/O ports for configuration slaves are automatically created when you create the EtherCAT configuration in EtherCAT Tab Page in Sysmac Studio.
- You can use the I/O Map Tab Page in Sysmac Studio to assign device variables.
- Perform sequence control through instructions other than CNC instructions.

CNC or Numerical Control

- I/O ports for configuration slaves are automatically created when you create the EtherCAT configuration in EtherCAT Tab Page in Sysmac Studio.
- Create CNC motor variables in the CNC Setup View and assign the EtherCAT slaves for which numerical control is performed.
- · Perform numerical control through CNC instructions and the NC program.

Devices that can be assigned to CNC motor variables are EtherCAT slave Servo Drives.

Additional Information

In instructions other than CNC instructions, commands cannot be sent directly from the sequence control program to RxPDO of EtherCAT slaves assigned to CNC motors. On the other hand, the RxPDO data that was not assigned to CNC motors can be changed from the sequence control program.

2

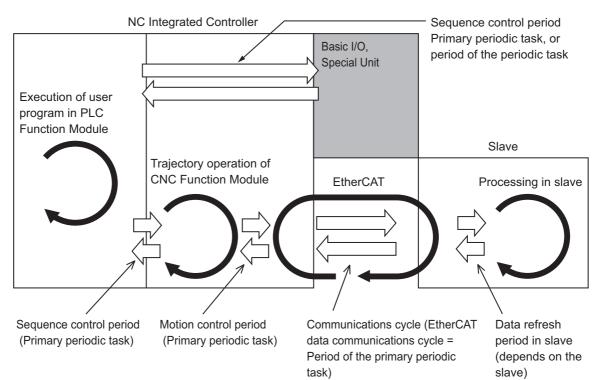
2-6-3 Relationship between Process Data Communications Cycle and the Control Period for Servo Drive

2-6-3 Relationship between Process Data Communications Cycle and the Control Period for Servo Drive

The PLC Function Module sends numerical control commands to the CNC Function Module when CNC instructions are executed in the user program. The CNC Function Module then performs servo processing based on those commands and sends the results of processing as commands to the EtherCAT's Servo Drive or other devices.

This type of data exchange is updated in the following processing period.

Primary period = Control period for Servo Drive = Process data communications cycle for EtherCAT communications



2 CNC System Configuration and Principles

3

Configuring CNC Motors and CNC Coordinate Systems

This section outlines CNC motors and CNC coordinate systems.

3-1	CNC Mo	otors	3-2
3-2	CNC Co	oordinate System	3-3
	3-2-1	Configuration of CNC Coordinate System	. 3-3
	3-2-2	Types of Coordinate Systems	3-4
	3-2-3	Reference Point	3-6

3-1 CNC Motors

This section describes CNC motors that are used in a CNC Function Module.

CNC Motors

In the NC Integrated Controller, CNC motors are elements of the CNC coordinate system.

Typically, CNC motors are assigned one-to-one to logical axes (X, Y, Z, A, B and C axes) of the CNC coordinate system.

It is also possible to assign multiple CNC motors to one logical axis of the CNC coordinate system. Using this assignment process, you can more easily construct a Gantry system.

3-2 CNC Coordinate System

This section outlines the CNC coordinate system of the CNC Function Module.

3-2-1 Configuration of CNC Coordinate System

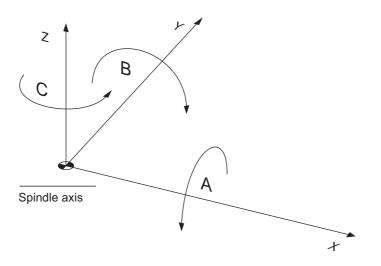
The following describes the configuration of the CNC coordinate system.

CNC Coordinate System

The CNC coordinate system is a control group or object to be controlled mainly by the NC program in the CNC Function Module.

The CNC coordinate system consists of logical axes and a spindle axis.

In the following figure, the direction indicated by the arrow is the positive direction.



Logical Axes

Logical axes mean the X-, Y-, and Z-axis that represent Cartesian coordinates of the CNC coordinate system, and the A-, B-, and C-axis that represent rotation coordinates.

Spindle Axis

A spindle axis is a CNC coordinate system tool. It is a rotation axis that is parallel to the Z-axis of Cartesian coordinates.

3-2-2 Types of Coordinate Systems

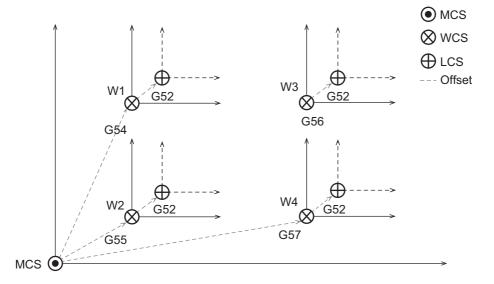
In the CNC Function Module, the coordinate values can be specified in the following three types of coordinate systems.

The position of the tool center point is handled as a coordinate value.

- a) Machine Coordinate System (MCS)
- b) Workpiece Coordinate System (WCS)
- c) Local Coordinate System (LCS)

Relationship between Machine Coordinate System, Work Coordinate System, and Local Coordinate System

The following figure describes the relationship between the Machine Coordinate System, Work Coordinate System, and Local Coordinate System. With reference to the Machine Coordinate System, a Work Coordinate System possesses work offset to the Machine Coordinate System. With reference to a Work Coordinate System, a Local Coordinate System possesses work offset to the Work Coordinate System.



Machine Coordinate System (MCS)

The point unique to a machine, that is, the reference point for the machine is called the home. A coordinate system that references the home as its home position is called the Machine Coordinate System. When homing is completed after the power is turned on, or when communications with the Drive is established while an absolute encoder is used, the Machine Coordinate System is established.

Work Coordinate System (WCS)

A coordinate system used to machine workpieces is called Work Coordinate System. Up to six work coordinate systems can be configured in one CNC coordinate system.

With reference to the Machine Coordinate System, a Work Coordinate System processes offset to the Machine Coordinate System.

Configure six Work Coordinate Systems in advance as parameters of the CNC coordinate system. Then you can select Work Coordinate Systems to use, by NC program commands G54 to G59.

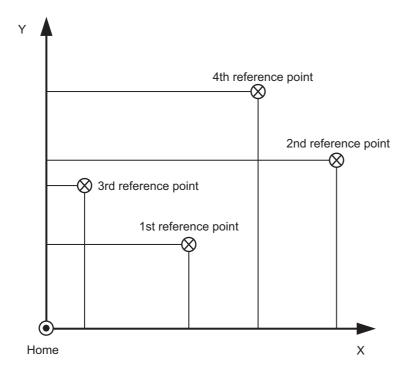
Local Coordinate System (LCS)

A Local Coordinate System is created on a Work Coordinate System to help create programs easier. A Local Coordinate System (G52) is valid on a specified coordinate system of the Work Coordinate System (G54 to G59).

3-2-3 Reference Point

For a machine tool, specific positions on the machine are defined. These positions are called reference points.

Typically, reference points are used as positions to be referenced when changing tools or for other purposes. Up to four reference points can be assigned to CNC coordinate system parameters by using coordinate values of the Machine Coordinate System.



4

CNC Parameters

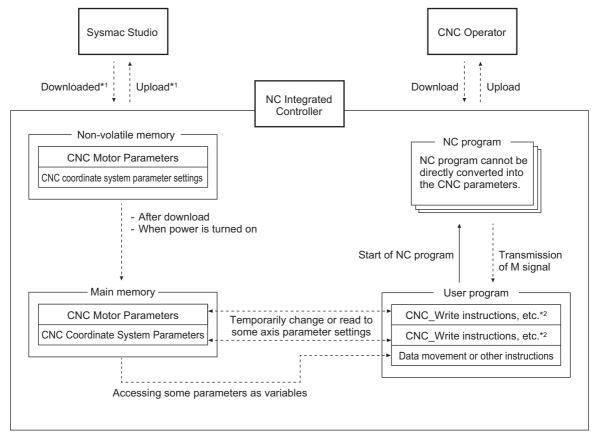
This section describes the parameter settings to be configured in the CNC Function Module.

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4-1 Introduction

With the CNC Function Module of this Controller, you can perform the numerical control of a CNC coordinate system with NC programs. You can also operate CNC motors of the CNC coordinate system with CNC instructions of the sequence control program. The CNC motor parameters and CNC coordinate system parameters are set to determine these operations.

In order to run the NC program for a CNC coordinate system, you must set CNC coordinate system parameters, and CNC motor parameters that compose the CNC coordinate system. If you want to operate the system in units of a CNC motor, you must only set CNC motor parameters. These parameters are called CNC parameters.



- *1. Use the synchronization function of Sysmac Studio to upload and download the project.
- *2. The NC Integrated Controller and Sysmac Studio version 1.20 or higher are required to use CNC instructions such as CNC_Write.

Precautions for Correct Use

• If the CNC parameters are changed by CNC instructions, they are saved to the main memory in the NC Integrated Controller. They are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. The parameter settings stored in the non-volatile memory are restored when the power is recycled, or when settings are downloaded from Sysmac Studio. You cannot upload these data by using Sysmac Studio.

If you need to save settings to the non-volatile memory, use Sysmac Studio to change the parameter settings and then download the settings to the NC Integrated Controller.

- The CNC_Write instruction can change the CNC parameters.
- Some CNC parameter settings are expressed by floating point reals. Precautions for using them are provided. Refer to A-2 Cancellation of Digits of Real Type Data on page A-7.

Data Flow for CNC Parameters

- Download your CNC Parameter Settings to the NC Integrated Controller using Sysmac Studio to save those settings to the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. When you upload the CNC Parameter Settings to the Sysmac Studio, the CNC Parameter Settings that were saved in the non-volatile memory are uploaded.
- The settings that were saved in the non-volatile memory are applied to the main memory after you download them or when the power is turned ON.
- If there are no problems with the saved settings, the CNC Function Module executes control based on the settings in the main memory.
- The settings of some parameters can be accessed as CNC system-defined variables in the user program.
- You can upload and download CNC parameter settings regardless of the NC Integrated Controller mode or the status of the CNC Function Module.
- When you start the download process, all CNC motors in motion will stop immediately.

You can also continue sending commands to I/O devices during the download process. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) for how to set to stop or continue sending commands to the I/O devices when the download process starts.

• Stopping Sending Commands to I/O Devices

During download process, CNC motors enter the Servo OFF state.

• Continuing Sending Commands to I/O Devices

During download process, the Servo ON state resulted from the CNC_Power instruction immediately before the download is maintained. The Servo ON state and torque limit are maintained even if the CNC_Power instruction is deleted from the user program after the program is updated by downloading. Depending on the item to download, however, they may not be able to be maintained. Refer to the following table.

Item to download	Behavior of CNC Function Module
Sequence control program	Continues sending commands to I/O devices.
NC program	Stops sending commands to I/O devices.
CNC coordinate system parameters, CNC motor parameters, CNC motor compensation table	Stops sending commands to I/O devices.
Others	Conforms to the device output hold setting function

Overwriting CNC Parameters with CNC Instructions

- You can use the CNC instruction CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) to change the settings of some of the CNC parameters in the main memory while the sequence control program is running.
- If the specified set value is outside the value range, the *Error* output variable from the instruction changes to TRUE and the CNC parameter setting is not changed.
- All changes to the parameters for CNC coordinate systems and CNC motors that compose the CNC coordinate system become valid.
- Changes of some parameters are applied immediately, and changes of others are applied when an operation instruction is executed. Refer to the list of each parameter for the application timing of the parameter.

Relationship between NC Program and CNC Parameters

- You cannot read or change CNC parameters directly from an NC program.
- To change CNC parameters, rewrite the parameters directly from a sequence control program, or write a sequence control program with which the parameters can be changed indirectly by using M codes.

4-2 CNC Common Parameter Settings

The CNC Common Parameters set the CNC Planner Service period and other settings for the CNC Function Module.

One CNC common parameter is provided for each NC Integrated Controller.

4-2-1 List of CNC Common Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC common parameters for each CNC motor.

		Temporary changes				
Classification	Parameter name	Support	Update timing	Applica- ble instruc- tion	Reading variables	
CNC Planner Service	CNC Planner Service					
Settings	Period					

4-2-2 CNC Planner Service Settings

Select **Configurations and Setup - Controller Setup - Task Settings** from the Sysmac Studio to set the CNC Planner Service Period.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Planner Service Period ^{*1}	Sets the period of	Refer to 1-4-2 Performance	2 ms
	Planner Service.	Specifications on page 1-7.	

*1. Set the CNC Planner Service period to an integer multiple of the task period of the primary periodic task. If the least common multiple of the CNC Planner Service period and a primary task period exceeds 600 ms, you cannot use the two in combination.

4-3 CNC Coordinate System Parameter Settings

The CNC Coordinate System Parameters set composition CNC motor, the maximum feed rate, and configure other settings for the CNC coordinate system controlled by the CNC Function Module.

The number of CNC coordinate system parameters provided is the same as the maximum number of controlled CNC coordinate systems for each model. For NJ501-5300, parameters are provided for four CNC coordinate systems. For NY532-5400, parameters are provided for eight coordinate systems.

The same parameter settings are applied to all CNC coordinate systems. This section describes the parameters for one CNC coordinate system.

4-3-1 List of CNC Coordinate System Parameters

			Temporary change	s	Read-	
Classification	Parameter name	Sup- port	Update timing	Applicable instruction	ing vari- ables	
CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Basic Settings	CNC Coordinate System Num- ber				OK	
	CNC Coordinate System Use				OK	
	Positioning Axis Assignment				OK	
	Spindle Axis Assignment				OK	
	Unit of Cartesian Axes					
CNC Coordinate Sys-	Maximum Feedrate	ОК	Immediate ^{*1}	CNC_Write		
tem Operation Settings	Rotary Axis Velocity	OK	Immediate ^{*1}	CNC_Write		
	Dry Run Velocity	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write		
	Immediate Stop Input Stop Method					
	Limit Input Stop Method					
	Feed Hold Acceleration/Deceler- ation Time	OK	When an operation instruction is executed	CNC_Write		
	In-position Check Time	ОК	When an operation is executed ^{*2}	CNC_Write		
	Software Overtravel Limit Opera- tion Control	OK	When an operation instruction is executed	CNC_Write		
	Lookahead Distance	ОК	When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable ^{*3}	CNC_Write		
	Override Method Selection	OK	Immediate ^{*4}	CNC_Write		

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC coordinate system parameters for each CNC coordinate system.

	Parameter name		Temporary changes			Read-
Classification			Sup- port	Update timing	Applicable instruction	ing vari- ables
CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Extended Operation Settings	CNC Coordi- nate System Extended	Other than Lookahead Distance	OK	When G500/G501 P0 command is issued ^{*5}	CNC_Write	
	Operation Set- tings No.0	Lookahead Distance	OK	When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after G500/G501 P0 com- mand was issued ^{*6}	CNC_Write	
	CNC Coordi- nate System Extended	Other than Lookahead Distance	OK	When G500/G501 P1 command is issued ^{*5}	CNC_Write	
	Operation Set- tings No. 1	Lookahead Distance	OK	When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after G500/G501 P1 com- mand was issued ^{*6}	CNC_Write	
	CNC Coordi- nate System Extended	Other than Lookahead Distance	ОК	When G500/G501 P2 command is issued ^{*5}	CNC_Write	
	Operation Set- tings No. 2	Lookahead Distance	ОК	When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after G500/G501 P2 was issued ^{*6}	CNC_Write	
NC Program Default Set-	NC Program Default Set- Acceleration Time			*7		
tings	Deceleration Tin	ne		*7		
	Jerk Time			*7		
Tool Compensation Set-	Tool Radius		ОК	Immediate	CNC_Write	
tings	Tool Length		ОК	Immediate	 CNC Write	
	Overcut Mode		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Circular Feed R	ate Mode	OK	Immediate	 CNC_Write	
Work Coordinate System Settings	1st Work Coordi set	nate System Off-	ОК	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	2nd Work Coord Offset	-	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	3rd Work Coord Offset	-	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	4th Work Coordi Offset		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	5th Work Coordi Offset	-	ОК	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	6th Work Coordi Offset	-	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
Reference Point Settings	1st Reference P		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	2nd Reference F		OK OK	Immediate	CNC_Write CNC_Write	
	3rd Reference F			Immediate		
M Codo Sattinga	4th Reference P		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
M Code Settings	M Code Output		0.1			
Spindle Axis Operation	Orientation Posi		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
Settings	Orientation Velo Orientation Acce		OK OK	Immediate Immediate	CNC_Write CNC_Write	

- *1. This parameter is reflected to the operation when this parameter is changed while P99 is selected, or when G500/G501 P99 command is issued after this parameter was changed.
- *2. This parameter is reflected to the operation at the startup of operation instruction after this parameter was changed while P99 was selected or after G500/G501 P99 command was issued.
- *3. This parameter is reflected to the operation when the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after this parameter was changed while P99 was selected or after G500/G501 P99 command was issued.
- *4. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Then, when all axes in the coordinate system are in Servo OFF state, this parameter is reflected to the operation.
- *5. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, you need to specify the relevant parameter set with G500/G501 in order to reflect it to the operation.
- *6. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, the parameter is reflected to the operation when you switch the lookahead function to enable from disable after you specified the relevant parameter with G500/G501.
- *7. If you issue G500/G501 P99 command, this parameter is applied for the operation.
- *8. M codes can be set individually for each M code address. However, M0, M1, M2, M30, M98, and M99 are fixed.

4-3-2 CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings

These parameters are used to set whether or not to enable the CNC coordinate system. To enable the system, set CNC motors to be assigned.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Coordinate	Set the logical number of the CNC coordinate sys-	0 to (Maximum num-	
System Number ^{*1}	tem. The numbers set by this parameter will be	ber of CNC coordi-	
	applied to the numeric values of the _CNC_Co-	nate systems)	
	ord[0-7] system-defined variable.		
CNC Coordinate	Set whether to enable or disable the CNC coordi-	0 to 2	
System Use ^{*2}	nate system.		
	0: Undefined CNC coordinate system ^{*3}		
	1: Unused CNC coordinate system		
	2: Used CNC coordinate system		

*1. You cannot use the same CNC coordinate system number more than once.

- *2. Except for 2: Used CNC coordinate system, parameter settings other than the CNC coordinate system number are not required.
- *3. When a CNC instruction is executed in an undefined or unused CNC coordinate system, *Busy* (Executing) changes to TRUE.

Busy (Executing) changes to FALSE when Execute or Enable changes to FALSE.

If you select Undefined coordinate system, you do not need to delete the program for the unused axes even if one user program is shared among devices that have different axis configurations.

Composition CNC Motor

Select the CNC motors to be used in the CNC coordinate system. CNC motors used in the CNC coordinate system are called composition CNC motors. Set the axis of the CNC coordinate system to which each composition CNC motor is assigned.

The axis types are: X/Y/Z-axes that constitute the orthogonal axes and A/B/C-axes that are rotational axes. These axes are called the positioning axes as they determine the position of a tool or work object of a machine tool.

Other than positioning axes, an axis is provided to control rotational speed by installing a cutting tool such as a drill or milling cutter used to machine the object. This axis is called the spindle axis.

The CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis must be different from CNC motors assigned to the positioning axes.

Precautions for Correct Use

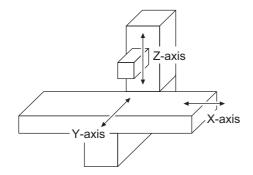
- If you change the axis assignment for a CNC motor that is set to Positioning Axis Assignment or Spindle Axis Assignment, the command unit of the axis to which the CNC motor is assigned may be different. Accordingly, you must review the unit conversion settings for the CNC motor.
- Refer to Axis and Motor Command Unit on page 4-13 for information on the axis and motor command unit.
- Refer to 4-4-3 Unit Conversion Settings on page 4-27 for information on the unit conversion settings.

CNC Motors Used to Configure Positioning Axes

Set the CNC motors to be assigned to the positioning axes.

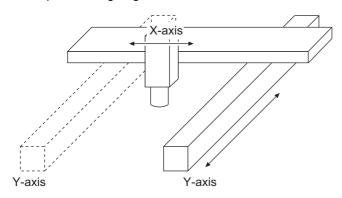
In most cases, one CNC motor is assigned to one positioning axis.

Example 1: Using the X-, Y-, and Z-axes, and assigning a CNC motor to each of the three axes.



However, a one-to-two setting can also be configured for a positioning axis and CNC motors as shown in the following figure.

Example 2: Assigning two CNC motors to the Y-axis to use Gantry Control.



Version Information

Gantry settings were added in the CNC version 1.01 or higher. When you use the gantry control, enable the gantry settings of the CNC motor that is used as a gantry slave axis. For details on the gantry settings, refer to 4-4-11 Gantry Settings on page 4-37.

If commands are issued or the status is obtained separately for each CNC motor of the CNC coordinate system, the positioning axis composition motor number may be used instead of the CNC motor number in order to increase the reusability of the program.

A composition CNC motor sets the assignment of positioning axis composition motor numbers and the CNC motor numbers belonging to the CNC coordinate system.

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC motors in the order from positioning axis composition motor number P0.

Even when you create two or more CNC coordinate systems, you must set the CNC motors in the order of positioning axis composition motor number P0 for each CNC coordinate system.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Position Axis Composition	Set CNC motor numbers to use	0 to (Maximum CNC	No assignment
Motor Number	for the positioning axes of the	motor number) -1	
	CNC coordinate system.		

Precautions for Correct Use

- The positioning axis composition motor numbers must be filled from the top. For example, you cannot set P2 to No Assignment and P3 to CNC Motor 5 at the same time.
- For a CNC coordinate system which is set to 2: Used CNC coordinate system in CNC Coordinate System Use, you cannnot specify CNC motor numbers that are undefined or unused.
- If CNC Coordinate System Use is set to anything other than 2: Used CNC coordinate system, all composition CNC motors are identified as undefined or unused.
- You cannot use the same CNC motor number more than once.
- · CNC motors specified for Spindle Axis Assignment (described later) cannot be set.
- You cannot specify CNC motor numbers that have been set to the composition CNC motors for other CNC coordinate systems.

Example 1: Assigning CNC motor numbers 1, 3, 5, 6, and 8 as positioning CNC motor configura-	-
tions	

Positioning axis composition motor number	CNC motor number
P0	1
P1	3
P2	5
P3	6
P4	8
P5	(No assignment)
P6	(No assignment)
P7	(No assignment)

Positioning axis composition motor number	CNC motor number
P0	7
P1	2
P2	4
P3	(No assignment)
P4	(No assignment)
P5	(No assignment)
P6	(No assignment)
P7	(No assignment)

Example 2: Assigning CNC motor numbers 7, 2, and 4 as positioning CNC motor configurations

• Positioning Axis Assignment

Set which CNC motors that are assigned to positioning axes correspond to the axes in the CNC coordinate system.

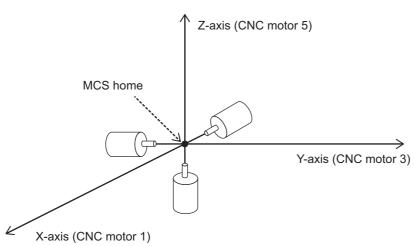
Parameter name **Function** Setting range Default Positioning Axis 0 to 5, 200 to Select the positioning axis to P0 ... 0: X-axis which a CNC motor is 202 Assignment^{*1} P1 ... 1: Y-axis assigned. P2 ... 2: Z-axis 0: X-axis P3 ... 5: C-axis 1: Y-axis P4 ... 0: X-axis 2: Z-axis P5 ... 0: X-axis 3: A-axis P6 ... 0: X-axis 4: B-axis P7 ... 0: X-axis 5: C-axis * Settings of positioning axis composi-200: X gantry slave axis tion motor numbers to which no CNC 201: Y gantry slave axis motor is assigned are invalid. 202: Z gantry slave axis

Set the positioning axis assignment, for each positioning axis composition motor number.

*1. Only two to four types of positioning axes can be set for each CNC coordinate system. However, gantry slave axes are not counted for this assignment restriction.

For information on the setting of Positioning Axis Assignment for each positioning axis composition motor number, refer to the following example.

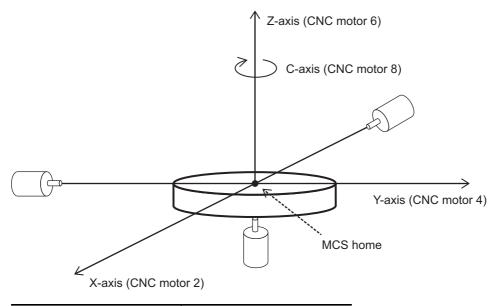
Example 1: Assigning CNC motors 1, 3, and 5 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes.



Positioning axis composi- tion motor ^{*1}	Positioning axis assign- ment
P0 (1)	0: X-axis
P1 (3)	1: Y-axis
P2 (5)	2: Z-axis

*1. The number in the parentheses is a CNC motor number.

Example 2: Assigning CNC motors 2, 4, and 6 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes, and a CNC motor 8 to the C-axis.



Positioning axis composi- tion motor ^{*1}	Positioning axis assign- ment
P0 (2)	0: X-axis
P1 (4)	1: Y-axis
P2 (6)	2: Z-axis
P3 (8)	5: C-axis

*1. The number in the parentheses is a CNC motor number.

Spindle Axis Assignment

Select a CNC motor to assign to the spindle axis. Specify one CNC motor number.

No CNC motor needs to be assigned to the spindle axis for tool machines that do not rotate cutting tools.

Example: If you do not use the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system, specify No assignment.



Precautions for Correct Use

- You cannot set CNC motor numbers of undefined or unused CNC motors.
- You cannot set CNC motor numbers that are set to composition CNC motors for other CNC coordinate systems.
- · You cannot set CNC motors that are set to positioning axes composition motors.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Spindle Axis Assign-	Set a CNC motor number to use for	0 to (Maximum number of CNC	No assign-
ment	the spindle axis of the CNC coordi- nate system.	motors) - 1	ment

Axis and Motor Command Unit

The command unit of each axis is shown in the following table. In particular, the unit of position is called the axis command unit.

Axis type	Unit of position (axis com- mand unit)		Unit of	velocity		leration and tion rates
type	metric	inch	metric	metric inch		inch
Х	mm	inch	mm/min	inch/min	mm/s ²	inch/s ²
Y						
Z						
А	degree		degree/min		degree/s ²	
В					Ũ	
С	1					
Spindle	rev		rev/min		rev/s ²	

The axis command unit for orthogonal axes X, Y, and Z can be selected from metric and inch by using Unit of Cartesian Axes.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Unit of Cartesian	Set the command unit for the X-, Y-, and Z-orthogonal axes	0 to 1	0
Axes	and the unit for CNC motors assigned to these axes collec-		
	tively.		
	0: Metric (mm)		
	1: inch (inch)		

The command unit system for composition CNC motors assigned to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes also conform to the Unit of Cartesian Axes settings.

This command unit for the CNC motors is called the motor command unit.

Basically, the axis command unit of the CNC coordinate system is equal to the motor command unit.

However, only for the orthogonal axes of the CNC coordinate system, the command unit can be changed between metric and inch by G codes G20 and G21.

As only the axis command unit is changed at this time and the motor command unit retains the Unit of Cartesian Axes settings, the axis command unit is not equal to the motor command unit.

4-3-3 CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings

Set operations of the CNC coordinate system such as the maximum feedrate and immediate stop method. Set them according to the specifications of the device to be controlled.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Maximum Fee- drate	Set the maximum feed rate of a path. Value 0 means there is no limit to the feed rate. If a target speed exceeding the max- imum feed rate is specified using a CNC coordinate system operation instruction, the specified maximum feed rate is applied. ^{*1} (Unit: Axis command units/min)	Positive long reals or 0	0
Rotary Axis Velocity	Set the speed of feeding the A-, B-, and C-axes using linear interpolation (G01) for a non-dry run. (Unit: degree/min)	Positive long reals	2,160
Dry Run Veloc- ity ^{*2}	Specify the speed for a dry run. (Unit: mm, inch, degree/min)	Positive long reals	3,000
Immediate Stop Input Stop Method	Set the stopping method for CNC motors when immediate stop input is enabled in any of the composition CNC motor. Composition CNC motors without any error are immediately stopped. 0: Immediate stop	0, 2, or 3	0
	2: Immediate stop and error counter reset		
Limit Input Stop Method	3: Immediate stop and Servo OFF Set the stopping method for CNC motors when positive limit input or negative limit input is enabled in any of the composi- tion CNC motor. Composition CNC motors without any error are immediately stopped.	0 or 3	0
	0: Immediate stop 3: Immediate stop and Servo OFF		
Feed Hold Acceleration Deceleration Time	The time taken until operation stops when the override value changes from 100% to 0% at execution of feed hold. This parameter is also used for the acceleration time when override returns to 100% after operation resumes from the	1 to 10,000	1,000
In-position Check Time ^{*4}	feed hold stop. ^{*3} (Unit: ms) An error occurs if all positioning axis composition CNC motors in a coordinate system are not in-positioned within this time period at the completion of the travel command while an execution of a CNC instruction. Set this check time in milliseconds. ^{*5} However, the in-position check is not performed for the blending operation. The in-position check is also not per- formed if 0 is set. (Unit: ms)	0 to 10,000	0
Software Over- travel Limit Operation Con- trol	 Set the operation when the software overtravel limit of the CNC motor is reached while the CNC coordinate system is operating. 0: An error occurs. Each CNC motor stops immediately. 1: No error occurs. The command position of the CNC motor is limited by software overtravel limit, and the operation continues without observing the path. 	0 or 1	0
Lookahead Dis- tance	Set the lookahead distance. ^{*6 *7} (Unit: CNC Planner Service period (ms))	1 to 4,096	4,096

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Override	Select the method of override control.	0 or 1	0
Method Selec-	0: Segment override method		
tion	1: Time-base override method		

- *1. This parameter limits the specified feed rate. If the feedrate override value is set to 100% or more, the rate to be output is not limited by this parameter.
- *2. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum feedrate if the maximum feedrate is not 0.
- *3. If feed hold is executed while Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable (G500) is enabled, operation does not stop according to this parameter. A sudden stop takes place within the range of maximum acceleration/deceleration rate of composition motors.
- *4. Set a value larger than the number of in-position continuance cycles for the positioning axis composition CNC motor.

Example: Suppose that the control cycle time of a primary periodic task is 2 milliseconds, and that the largest number of the in-position check continuance cycles of the composition CNC motors is 100 control cycles. Then the in-position check time must be set to a value larger than 200 milliseconds. Cases where the in-position check time is 0 milliseconds or it is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period are excluded.

*5. The result of an in-position check of the CNC coordinate system is determined by the CNC Planner Service. Actually, therefore, the accuracy of the in-position check time is rounded down to the unit of the CNC Planner Service period. If the in-position check time is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period, it is rounded down to be 0, and the in-position check is not executed.

Example: Suppose that the in-position check time is 6 milliseconds and that the CNC Planner Service period is 4 milliseconds. Then normal operation is performed when the in-position check of all the positioning axis composition CNC motors is completed within one CNC Planner Service period (4 milliseconds) from the CNC Planner Service that has actually finished the travel command. An error occurs if the in-position check takes longer than the period.

*6. While G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable) and G64 (Continuous-path Mode) are both enabled, the CNC Function Module reads the path ahead for the below execution time at maximum and searches for a location where the limitation of position, velocity or acceleration may be exceeded.

Lookahead Distance × CNC Planner Service period (ms)

When the location is found, it decelerates to control the path within the limit range. This change applies retroactively to the path previously calculated, and is completed prior to actual execution.

*7. Lookahead Distance is not reflected to the operation if you execute G500 again when G500 was already enabled.

If you want to update Lookahead Distance, execute G501 once to disable Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration.

4-3-4 NC Program Default Settings

Set the default values for the parameters and modal values that can be changed from the NC program, for each CNC coordinate system.

Default values are restored when modal reset is executed.

If you issue G500/G501 P99 command, the set default values are applied for the operation.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Acceleration Time	Set the default acceleration time.	Positive long reals or 0	100
	(Unit: ms)		
Deceleration Time	Set the default deceleration time.	Positive long reals or 0	100
	(Unit: ms)		
Jerk Time ^{*1}	Set the default jerk time. (Unit: ms)	Positive long reals or 0	0

*1. Refer to the NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031) for Jerk Time.

4-3-5 Tool Compensation Settings

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Tool Radius	Set the tool radius for 2D tool radius compensation. (Unit: Axis command units)	Positive long reals or 0	0
Tool Length	Set the tool length (offset in the Z-axis direction) for tool length compensation. (Unit: Axis command units)	Negative or positive long reals or 0	0
Overcut Mode	Specify the overcut mode for tool radius compensation con- trol.	Enumerator 0 to 3	0
	0: Overcut error		
	At the instant when an over-cut is detected, the program operation stops in an error state.		
	1: Overcutting avoidance		
	In an attempt to avoid overcuts, the corrected path between the first and second intersection points is eliminated. As the result, the entry path and outgoing path at the intersection points are connected directly. This operation mode is nor- mally used for rough machining by large tools which cannot go into detailed profiles of any components.		
	2: Overcutting ignorance		
	Continues program operation without detecting overcuts.		
	3: Overcutting test avoidance		
	Attempts to avoid an overcut. If the overcut cannot be avoided, it is ignored to continue program operation.		
Circular Feed Rate Mode	Specify the circular feed rate mode to be applied for tool radius compensation control.	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE
	FALSE:		
	The tool center moves at the programmed feedrate.		
	The velocity of tool edge along the programmed path becomes lower when tool radius compensation is outside the arc. The velocity becomes higher when tool radius compen- sation is inside the arc.		
	TRUE:		
	The tool edge along the programmed path moves at the pro- grammed feedrate. The tool center becomes faster when tool radius compensation is outside the arc. It becomes slower when tool radius compensation is inside the arc.		

Set parameters relevant to compensation of tool radius and length.

4-3-6 Work Coordinate System Offset Settings

Set the offset value for each axis in the first to sixth Work Coordinate Systems.

As shown in the table below, you can set a total of six work coordinate system offset values for each of first to sixth Work Coordinate System.

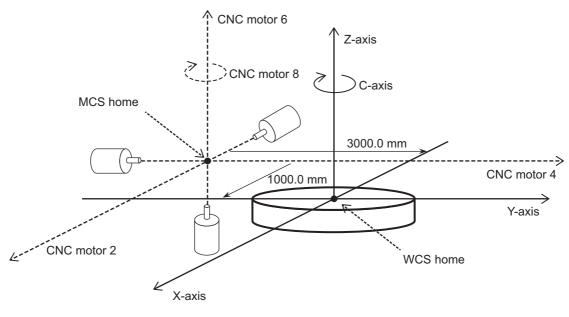
Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Work Coordinate System	Set the offset of a Work Coordinate Sys-	Negative or positive long	0
Offset X Value ^{*1}	tem against the Machine Coordinate	reals or 0	
Work Coordinate System	System of each axis.		
Offset Y Value ^{*1}	(Unit: Axis command units)		
Work Coordinate System			
Offset Z Value ^{*1}			
Work Coordinate System			
Offset A Value ^{*1}			
Work Coordinate System			
Offset B Value ^{*1}			
Work Coordinate System			
Offset C Value ^{*1}			

*1. Values for positioning axes that are not used are invalid.

Example: Assigning CNC motors 2, 4, and 6 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes

Assign CNC motor 8 to the C-axis.

The homes of the Z-axis and C-axis in the Machine Coordinate System are the same as the home of the Work Coordinate System. However, if you want to set the homes of the X-axis and Y-axis in the Work Coordinate System to the center of the circular table, it must be offset against the home in the Machine Coordinate System.



Axis type	Х	Y	Z	Α	В	С
Work Coordinate System Off-	1000.0	3000.0	0	0	0	0
set Value						

4-3-7 Reference Point Settings

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Reference Point X ^{*1}	Set the positions of reference points for	Negative or positive long	0
Reference Point Y ^{*1}	each axis. (Unit: Axis command units)	reals or 0	
Reference Point Z ^{*1}			
Reference Point A ^{*1}			
Reference Point B ^{*1}			
Reference Point C ^{*1}			

The position of each axis that constitutes the reference point can be set.

*1. Values for positioning axes that are not used are invalid.

You can set the first to fourth reference points.

However, you do not have to set reference points for unused positioning axes.

Example: Using the X-, Y-, Z-, and C-axes.

Reference point	X-axis	Y-axis	Z-axis	A-axis	B-axis	C-axis
1st Reference Point	Supported	Supported	Supported	Unneces-	Unneces-	Supported
				sary	sary	
2nd Reference Point	Supported	Supported	Supported	Unneces-	Unneces-	Supported
				sary	sary	
3rd Reference Point	Supported	Supported	Supported	Unneces-	Unneces-	Supported
				sary	sary	
4th Reference Point	Supported	Supported	Supported	Unneces-	Unneces-	Supported
				sary	sary	

4-3-8 M Code Settings

Select the output timing of M codes.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
M Code Output Timing	Select the output timing of M codes.	-1 to 2	0
	-1: Do not use		
	0: Synchronous (Wait for M code reset)		
	1: Immediate		
	2: Synchronous (Not wait for M code reset)		

The timing can be set individually for each M code address. However, M0, M1, M2, M30, M98, and M99 are fixed.

M code address	Parameters
0	(No output)
1	(No output)
2	(No output)
3	-1 to 2
	-1 to 2
29	-1 to 2
30	Always 0
31	-1 to 2
	-1 to 2
98	(No output)
99	(No output)
	-1 to 2
191	-1 to 2

The following is an example of controlling M code output timing using an NC program.

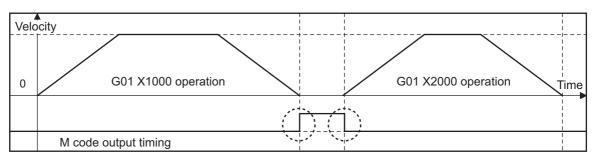
```
(Sample of NC Program)
N10 G01 X1000
N20 M10
N30 G01 X2000
```

Additional Information

When an M code which is set to **-1: Do not use** is executed in an NC program, no processing is performed (handled as an NOP instruction).

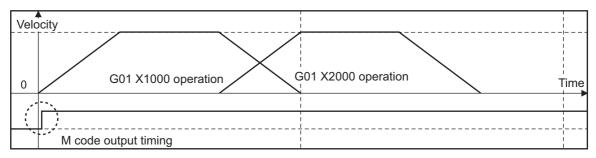
• 0: Synchronous (Wait for M Code Reset)

- The M10 signal is output when the G01 X1000 travel is completed.
- The next axis motion is not executed until the M10 signal is reset by the sequence control program.



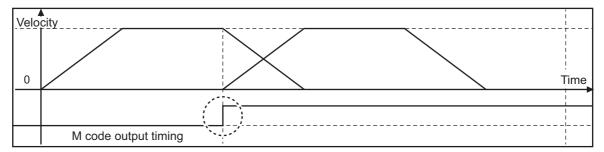
• 1: Immediate

The M10 signal is output at the timing when the line N20 M10 in the NC program is interpreted. It does not synchronize with the operation.



• 2: Synchronous (Not Wait for M Code Reset)

• The M10 signal is output when the G01 X1000 travel is started.



4-3-9 Spindle Axis Operation Settings

Set orientation operation for the spindle axis assigned to the coordinate system.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Orientation Position	Specify the stop position [rev] within	Long reals	0
	one spindle axis rotation at Spindle Orientation (M19).	0 ≤ x < 1	
Orientation Velocity ^{*1}	Specify the target velocity [rev/min] in	Single-precision	600.0
	the constant velocity section at Spindle	reals	
	Orientation (M19).	Positive number	
Orientation Acceleration/Deceler-	Specify an acceleration/deceleration	Single-precision	0
ation ^{*2}	rate [rev/s ²] at Spindle Orientation	reals	
	(M19).	Positive number, 0	

*1. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity of the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

*2. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration of the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis, if the maximum acceleration is not 0.

Orientation operation is a function to be performed for tool replacement. Orientation operation enables to stop the spindle axis at a specific phase and replace tools.

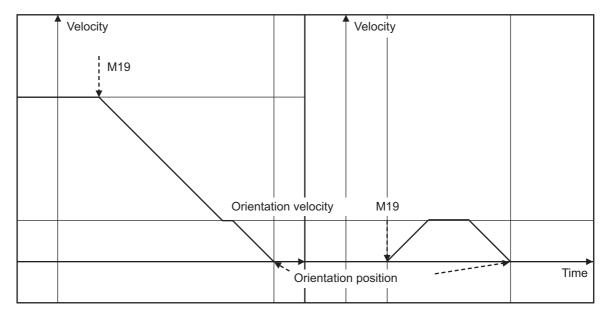
0 [rev] Orientation position [rev]

As shown in the following figure, the orientation position is specified for an offset position within one rotation from position 0.

For the orientation velocity, specify a speed in the constant velocity section during orientation operation of the spindle axis.

For the orientation acceleration/deceleration, specify an acceleration/deceleration rate until the orientation velocity or speed 0 is reached.

The figure to the left shows the operation when M19 (Spindle Orientation) is executed during positive rotation (CW) or negative rotation (CCW) of the spindle axis. The figure to the right shows the operation when M19 (Spindle Orientation) is executed when the spindle axis in standby status.



Precautions for Correct Use

If M19 is executed during CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis, the spindle axis status switches from open loop to closed loop. This makes the rotation speed temporarily discontinuous. Therefore, you need to reduce the rotation speed of the spindle axis to an adequately low level before executing M19.

4-3-10 CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings

You can switch the operation parameters of CNC coordinate system with the use of G500/G501 command.

Set operation parameters shown below.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Coordinate System	Set the operation parameter for when	Refer to _sCNC_0	COORD_OPE
Extended Operation Set-	G500/G501 P0 command is issued.	SETTINGS.	
tings No.0			
CNC Coordinate System	Set the operation parameter for when		
Extended Operation Set-	G500/G501 P1 command is issued.		
tings No.1			
CNC Coordinate System	Set the operation parameter for when		
Extended Operation Set-	G500/G501 P2 command is issued.		
tings No.2			

• _sCNC_COORD_OPE_SETTINGS

Input variable	Meaning	Function ^{*1}	Setting range	Default
MaxFeedrate	Maximum Fee-	Setting of the maximum feed	Positive long reals or 0	0
	drate ^{*1}	rate of a path		
RotaryAxisVel	Rotary Axis Veloc-	Setting of the rotary axis veloc-	Positive long reals	2,160
	ity ^{*1}	ity		
InPosCheckTime	In-position Check	Setting of the In-position check	0 to 10,000	0
	Time ^{*1 *2}	time		
AccTime	Operation Accelera-	Operation setting of the accel-	Positive long reals or 0	100
	tion Time ^{*3}	eration time		
DecTime	Operation Decelera-	Operation setting of the decel-	Positive long reals or 0	100
	tion Time ^{*3}	eration time		
JerkTime	Operation Jerk	Operation setting of the jerk	Positive long reals or 0	0
	Time ^{*3}	time		
LHDistance	Lookahead Dis-	Setting of the lookahead dis-	1 to 4,096	4,096
	tance ^{*1}	tance		

*1. Refer to 4-3-3 CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings on page 4-14 for details.

*2. This parameter is also applied to the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction and the CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning) instruction.

*3. This parameter has a recommended usage range. Refer to the NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031) for details.

4-4 CNC Motor Parameter Settings

The CNC motor parameters set CNC motor operation such as the maximum velocity, homing, and other settings related to CNC motors controlled by the CNC Function Module.

The number of CNC motor parameters provided is the same as the maximum number of controlled CNC motors for each model. For NJ501-5300, the parameters are provided for 16 axes. For NY532-5400, they are provided for 32 axes.

The same parameter settings are applied to each CNC motor. This section describes the parameters for one CNC motor.

4-4-1 List of CNC Motor Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC motor parameters for each CNC motor.

		Temporary changes			Read-
Classification	Parameter name	Sup- port	Update timing	Applicable instruction	ing vari- ables
CNC Motor Basic Set-	CNC Motor Number				OK
tings	CNC Motor Use				OK
	Virtual CNC Motors				OK
	Coordinate System Number				OK
	Axis Assignment Type				
	Input/Output Device				
Unit Conversion Settings	Command Pulse Count Per				
	Motor Rotation				
	Travel Distance Per Work				
	Rotation				
	Work Gear Ratio				
	Motor Gear Ratio				
Operation Settings	Maximum Velocity				
	Maximum Acceleration/Decel- eration	OK	Immediate ^{*1}	CNC_Write	
	Rapid Feed Velocity	OK	Immediate ^{*1}	CNC_Write	
	Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration	OK	Immediate ^{*1}	CNC_Write	
	In-position Range	OK	Immediate ^{*1}	CNC_Write	
	Number of In-position Continu- ance Cycles	OK	Immediate ^{*1}	CNC_Write	
	Skip Velocity	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
CNC Motor Operation	CNC Motor Operation	OK	When G500/G501 P0 com-	CNC_Write	
Extended Settings	Extended Settings No.0		mand is issued ^{*2}		
	CNC Motor Operation	ОК	When G500/G501 P1 com-	CNC_Write	1
	Extended Settings No.1		mand is issued ^{*2}	_	
	CNC Motor Operation	ОК	When G500/G501 P2 com-	CNC Write	
	Extended Settings No.2		mand is issued ^{*2}	_	

		Temporary changes			Read-
Classification	Parameter name	Sup- port	Update timing	Applicable instruction	ing vari- ables
Other Operation Param-	Driver Error Reset Monitoring				
eters	Time				
	Immediate Stop Input Logic				
	Inversion				
	Positive Limit Input Logic				
	Inversion				
	Negative Limit Input Logic Inversion				
	Home Proximity Input Logic Inversion				
Limit Settings	Software Overtravel Limit	OK	When an operation instruc- tion is executed	CNC_Write	
	Positive Software Overtravel Limit	ОК	When an operation instruc- tion is executed	CNC_Write	
	Negative Software Overtravel Limit	ОК	When an operation instruc- tion is executed	CNC_Write	
	Following Error Over Value	ОК	Immediate	CNC Write	
	Following Error Warning Value	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
Position Count Parame- ters	Encoder Type				
Servo Drive Types	PDS Status Control Method				
Homing Settings	Homing Operation Mode				
	Home Input Signal				
	Homing Start Direction				
	Home Input Detection Direc-				
	tion				
	Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input				
	Operation Selection at Nega- tive Limit Input				
	Homing Velocity				
	Homing Approach Velocity				
	Homing Acceleration/Deceler- ation				
	Home Input Mask Distance				
	Home Offset				
	Homing Holding Time				
	Homing Compensation Value				
	Homing Compensation Veloc- ity				
Servo Gain Settings	Position Loop Gain	ОК	Immediate	CNC_Write	
Ŭ	Velocity Feedforward Gain	ОК	Immediate	 CNC_Write	
Gantry Settings	Gantry Enable				
	CNC Motor Number for Gantry				
	Master Axis				
	Alignment Velocity				
	Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value				
	Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value				

*1. This parameter is reflected to the operation when this parameter is changed while P99 is selected, or when G500/G501 P99 command is issued after this parameter was changed.

*2. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when the CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) instruction is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, you need to specify the relevant parameter set with G500/G501 in order to reflect it to the operation.

4-4-2 CNC Motor Basic Settings

Set whether to use CNC motors, and to use real or virtual CNC motors, as well as the node addresses of the EtherCAT slave devices.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Motor Num-	Set the logical number of the CNC motor. The number speci-	0 to (Largest	
ber ^{*1}	fied with this parameter will be the numeric value in	CNC motor	
	_CNC_Motor[0-15] system-defined variable.	number)-1	
CNC Motor Use ^{*2}	Set whether to use the CNC motor.	0 to 2	
	0: Undefined CNC motor		
	1: Unused CNC motor		
	2: Used CNC motor		
Virtual CNC Motor	Select whether to enable or disable the virtual CNC motor.	0 to 1	1
	I/O wiring is not required for virtual CNC motors.		
	0: Disable (Real CNC motor)		
	1: Enable (Virtual CNC motor)		
Coordinate Sys-	Display the number of the assigned CNC coordinate system.	0 to (Largest	^{*5}
tem Number ^{*3, *4}		CNC coordi-	
		nate system	
		number)-1	
Axis Assignment	Display whether the axis is a positioning axis (orthogonal or	0, 1, or 2	
Type ^{*3, *6}	rotational) or the spindle axis, and the purpose of axis use.		
	0: Positioning orthogonal axis		
	1: Positioning rotational axis		
	2: Spindle axis		
Input/Output	Specify the node address of the EtherCAT slave device that is	0 to 65,535	
Device ^{*7}	assigned to the CNC motor.		

*1. You cannot use the same CNC motor number more than once.

- *2. These settings are determined in association with the setting for the CNC Coordinate System Use in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings of the CNC coordinate system parameters. They cannot be set as CNC motor parameters.
- *3. These settings are determined when CNC motors are assigned in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings of the CNC coordinate system parameters. They cannot be set as CNC motor parameters. The CNC motor parameter setting screen is shown on the Sysmac Studio, but they cannot be set from the Sysmac Studio.
- *4. A CNC motor must be assigned to any CNC coordinate system.
- *5. When you add a CNC motor on Sysmac Studio, the coordinate system number changes to (none) and an error occurs. Assign it to any CNC coordinate system before transferring the parameter to the NC Integrated Controller.
- *6. This parameter is automatically set from Positioning Axis Assignment or Spindle Axis Assignment of the coordinate system to which the CNC motor is assigned.
- *7. This setting is not required when a virtual CNC motor is enabled.

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Precautions for Correct Use

When absolute encoders are used, the absolute encoder home offset for each CNC motor is associated with a CNC motor number and saved to the battery-backup memory. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, set the Homing Settings again.

CNC Motor Number

You can set the numbers for CNC motors up to the maximum number of CNC motors.

Item	NJ501-5300	NY532-5400
Settable CNC motor numbers	0 to 15	0 to 31
Maximum number of CNC motors	16	32

Virtual CNC Motors

Virtual CNC motors are provided in the CNC Function Module. Set to enable or disable the virtual CNC motors.

If the virtual CNC motors are enabled, the EtherCAT slave Servo Drives and EtherCAT spindle driver are not used. By enabling the virtual CNC motors, you can create programs even if you have not yet obtained actual CNC motors and drivers to use when starting up a machine tool.

The virtual CNC motors do not have physical encoders or external I/O signals.

When the virtual CNC motors are enabled, the following points differ from when they are disabled.

- As the feedback current position, the command position that is rounded down to the precision in pulse will be replicated.
- The feedback current velocity is derived from the difference of the feedback current position.
- External input signals cannot be used.
- If the CNC_Home (Homing) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction is executed, the instruction is processed as a zero position preset regardless of the setting of the Homing Method of the CNC motor parameter.
- Errors do not occur for immediate stop inputs or positive/negative limit inputs because the input signals do not exist for them.

Input Device/Output Device

When the virtual CNC motors are disabled, specify the node address of the EtherCAT slave device that is assigned to the axis.

The node address parameter cannot be selected when the virtual CNC motors are enabled.



Precautions for Correct Use

 OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives and G5-series Servo Drives can be set to specific node addresses by using the node address switches on the front panel. If the node address switches are set to 00, the node address will be determined by the settings set in the Ether-CAT Editor of Sysmac Studio.

If the node address switches are set to 00 for all connected Servo Drives, errors will not occur even if the Servo Drive's connection position is changed. Set the node addresses on the node address switches to assign specific Servo Drives for each machine control.

• The value set on the Servo Drive's node address switches is loaded only once when the Servo Drive's control power is turned ON.

Such changes are enabled only after the power supply is turned ON again.

Do not change the setting on the node address switches after the power supply has been turned ON.

• An error occurs if the same node address is used more than once.

4-4-3 Unit Conversion Settings

Set the units for positions, and determine the electronic gear ratio (unit conversion).

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation ^{*1}	Set the number of pulses per motor rotation for commanded positions according to the encoder resolution.	1 to 4,294,967,295	10,000
	The command value is converted to a number of pulses based on the electronic gear ratio.		
Travel Distance Per Work Rotation ^{*2,*3}	Set the work travel distance per work rotation at the commanded position.	Positive long reals	10.0
	This parameter can only be set when Axis Assignment Type is <i>0: Positioning orthogonal</i> <i>axis.</i> The unit used for this parameter is the orthogonal axis command unit set by the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings to which the CNC motor is assigned.		
Work Gear Ratio ^{*2}	Set the gear ratio for the workpiece.*4	1 to 4,294,967,295	1
Motor Gear Ratio ²	Set the gear ratio of the CNC motor. ^{*4}	1 to 4,294,967,295	1

*1. For example, if the encoder resolution is 10,000 pulses/rotation, specify 10,000.

- *2. There is a condition to be satisfied for these settings. Refer to *Condition for Unit Conversion Settings* on page 4-30 for the condition.
- *3. This parameter can only be set when Axis Assignment Type is *0: Positioning orthogonal axis*. If Axis Assignment. Type is *1: Positioning rotational axis*, the setting is fixed to 360.0 degrees, and if it is *2: Spindle axis*, the setting is fixed to 1.0 rev.
- *4. When you do not use a reducer or other gears, do not change the default value 1.

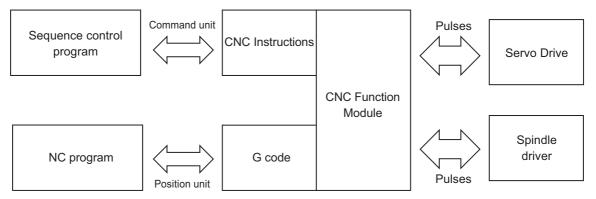
Precautions for Correct Use

When you make a change in the unit conversion settings, there are some differences between the physical position of the machine and the command current position of the CNC Function Module. Therefore, if you made a change in the unit conversion settings, execute the Home instruction to define the home again.

Positions are generally given in pulses between the CNC Function Module and Servo Drives or spindle driver.

4-4

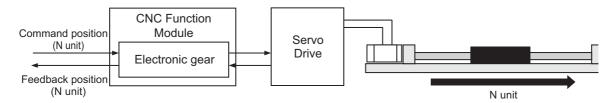
For positions used to control a machine tool, use the motor command units such as millimeter, inch, degree, and revolution for easier understanding of actual operations.



Electronic Gear Ratio (Unit Conversion Formula)

Use the electronic gear to set the relationship between the command unit and pulse unit in the CNC Function Module.

Use Sysmac Studio and set the electronic gear ratio.



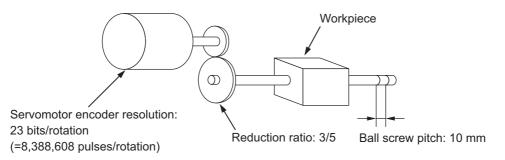
Commanded position value (pulses) = Commanded position (N units) × Electronic gear ratio

Electronic gear ratio = Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation × Motor Gear Ratio Travel Distance Per Work Rotation × Work Gear Ratio

In this example, an OMRON 1S-series Servomotor with a 23-bit absolute encoder is used.

The CNC motor is assigned to the CNC coordinate system as a positioning orthogonal axis, and the metric unit (millimeter) is used as the orthogonal axis command unit of the CNC coordinate system.

Mechanically, the reduction ratio of the reducer is 3/5 and the workpiece moves 10 mm for each rotation of the ball screw.



The Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation is set to the resolution of the encoder on the Servomotor.

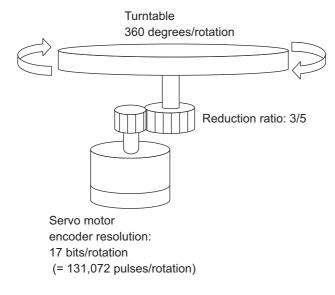
The Travel Distance Per Work Rotation is set to 10 mm, which is equivalent to the ball screw pitch.

A reducer with a reduction ratio of 3/5 is used, so the ball screw turns three times for every five rotations of the Servomotor. For this reduction ratio setting, the work gear ratio is set to 3 and the motor gear ratio is set to 5.

Parameter name	Setting
CNC Coordinate System Number	The number of the CNC coordinate system whose orthogonal axis command
	unit is 0: metric.
Axis Assignment Type	0: Positioning orthogonal axis
Command Pulse Count Per	8,388,608
Motor Rotation	
Travel Distance Per Work Rota-	10
tion	
Work Gear Ratio	3
Motor Gear Ratio	5

In this example, an OMRON G5-series Servomotor with a 17-bit absolute encoder is used as a positioning rotational axis.

Mechanically, the reduction ratio of the reducer is 3/5 and the workpiece moves 360 degrees for every rotation of the turntable.



The Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation is set to the resolution of the encoder on the Servomotor.

The Travel Distance Per Work Rotation is automatically set to 360.

A reducer with a reduction ratio of 3/5 is used, so the turntable (or workpiece) turns three times for every five rotations of the Servomotor. For this reduction ratio setting, the work gear ratio is set to 3 and the motor gear ratio is set to 5.

Parameter name	Setting
Axis Assignment Type	1: Positioning rotational axis
Command Pulse Count Per	131,072
Motor Rotation	
Travel Distance Per Work Rota-	Always 360
tion	
Work Gear Ratio	3
Motor Gear Ratio	5

Condition for Unit Conversion Settings

The unit conversion settings must satisfy the following condition:

• The result of the following calculation must be equal to or between 0.000000001 and 65,535: Travel Distance Per Work Rotation × Work Gear Ratio ÷ Motor Gear Ratio.

4-4-4 Operation Settings

These parameters set items for the operation of CNC motor, such as the maximum velocity and maximum acceleration/deceleration rate. Set them according to the specifications of the device you are controlling.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Maximum Velocity ^{*1 *2}	Set the maximum velocity for the CNC motor. ^{*3}	Positive sin-	30000.0
	This parameter is also used as the rapid feed rate.	gle-precision	
	Do not set a value that exceeds the maximum speed of the motor that you are using. (Unit: Motor com- mand units/min)	reals ^{*4}	
Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration	Set the maximum acceleration rate for a CNC motor operation command.	Positive sin-	0
	Value 0 means there is no limit to the acceleration rate.	gle-precision reals or 0	
	(Unit: Motor command units/s ²) ^{*5}		
Rapid Feed Velocity ^{*6}	Set the velocity of the rapid feed command.	Positive sin-	30000.0
	(Unit: Motor command units/min)	gle-precision reals	
Rapid Feed Accelera-	Set the acceleration and deceleration rates of the	Positive sin-	0
tion/Deceleration ^{*7}	rapid feed command.	gle-precision	
	(Unit: Motor command units/s ²)	reals or 0	
In-position Range ^{*8,*9}	Set the in-position width. ^{*10}	0 or larger	10
	When the value is set to 0, positioning is complete when the position command is completed.	single-preci- sion real type value	
	(Unit: Motor command units)	Value	
Number of In-position	Set the time for checking completion of positioning in	0 to 255	0
Continuance Cycles ^{*11}	units of control periods. (Unit: Control period)		
Skip Velocity	Set the velocity of the rapid feed command in Skip Function (G31).	Positive sin- gle-precision	600.0
	(Unit: Motor command units/min)	reals	

*1. Parameters related to the following velocities must be set to a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity.

- Rapid feed velocity
- Homing velocity
- Homing approach velocity
- Homing compensation velocity
- Skip velocity
- Alignment velocity
- *2. With CNC version 1.01 or lower, this parameter is also used as the velocity for rapid feed.
- *3. The maximum velocity is used as the command velocity if you specify a velocity command value that is greater than the maximum velocity. This parameter also applies to CNC coordinate system operation.

- *4. The maximum value that can be specified for the maximum velocity is 128,849,018,820 pulses/min, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *5. The limitations set by the Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration become valid when acceleration/deceleration rate is enabled by the CNC_MoveJog or CNC_Move instruction, or in NC program operation and Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable (G500). This function does not work in Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Disable (G501)
- *6. The rapid feed velocity is changed to the same value as the maximum velocity if you change the maximum velocity using the Sysmac Studio.
- *7. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate.
- *8. The in-position check is processed by the CNC Function Module. Servo Drive functions are not used.
- *9. In-position check does not function when Continuous-path mode (G64) is enabled.
- *10.The maximum value that you can set for the in-position range is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *11.Set a value less than the In-position Check Time of the CNC coordinate system to which the CNC motor is assigned.

Example: Suppose that the control period of the primary periodic task is 2 ms and that the in-position check time of the CNC coordinate system is set to 100 ms.

Then the in-position check time must be set to a value less than 50 control periods.



Precautions for Correct Use

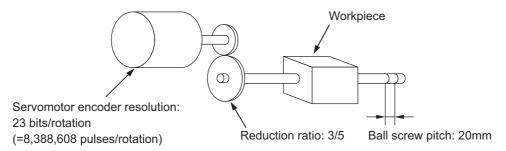
The Maximum Velocity parameter is also used as the speed of the rapid feed command for the CNC coordinate system. Be sure to set a value that is supported by the machine.

Maximum Velocity

The following provides a setting example for the maximum velocity.

Setting Example for the Maximum Velocity

This is an example for orthogonal axis and a Servomotor with a maximum speed of 1,000 r/min.



When calculating from a maximum speed of 1,000 r/min., a reduction ratio of 3/5, and a ball screw pitch of 20 mm, the formula 1,000 r/min \times 3/5 \times 20 mm yields 1,200 mm/min. Accordingly, specify 1200 for the maximum velocity.

The default setting of 30,000 exceeds the maximum speed of the CNC motor, so you must change the setting.

4-4-5 Other Operation Settings

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Driver Error Reset	Set the monitor time for a driver error reset. (Unit: ms)	1 to 1000	200
Monitoring Time	After the monitor time has elapsed, reset processing		
	will end even if the drive error is not yet reset.		
Immediate Stop	Set whether to reverse the logic of the immediate stop	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE
Input Logic Inversion	input signal.		
	FALSE: Do not reverse.		
	TRUE: Reverse.		
Positive Limit Input	Set whether to reverse the logic of the positive limit	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE
Logic Inversion	input signal.		
	FALSE: Do not reverse.		
	TRUE: Reverse.		
Negative Limit Input	Specify whether to invert the logic of the negative limit	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE
Logic Inversion	input signal.		
	FALSE: Do not reverse.		
	TRUE: Reverse.		
Home Proximity	Set whether to reverse the logic of the home proximity	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE
Input Logic Inversion	input signal.		
	FALSE: Do not reverse.		
	TRUE: Reverse.		

Set the input logic inversion, etc. of each signal.

4-4-6 Limit Settings

Use the following parameters to select functions for limiting the following error and for software limits.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Software Overtravel Limit ^{*1}	Enable or disable the software overtravel limit. The stop method is an immediate stop for the command position (stop using remaining pulses).	0 or 1	0
	0: Disabled		
	1: Enable		
Positive Software Overtravel Limit ^{*2,*3,*4}	Set the software overtravel limit in the positive direction.	Positive sin- gle-precision	10,000
	(Unit: Motor command units)	reals	
Negative Software Overtravel Limit ^{*2,*4,*5}	Set the software overtravel limit in the negative direction. (Unit: Motor command units)	Negative sin- gle-precision reals	-10,000
Following Error Over Value ^{*6}	Set the excessive following error check value. Set 0 to disable the excessive following error check. (Unit: Motor command units)	Positive long reals or 0	0
Following Error Warning Value ^{*7}	Set the following error warning check value. Set 0 to disable the following error warning check. (Unit: motor command units)	Positive long reals or 0	0

*1. This function is activated only when the home is defined.

*2. If the software overtravel limit is disabled, the value does not need to be input.

- *3. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 549755813887.
- *4. When assigned to the spindle axis, the software limit does not work.
- *5. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be equal to or larger than -549755813888.
- *6. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 1099511627775.
- *7. When the Following Error Over Value is not 0, a value that is less than or equal to the Following Error Over Value must be set to this parameter.

4-4-7 Position Count Settings

Set the count mode for the position.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Encoder Type	Set the encoder type. ^{*1,*2}	0 to 1	0
	0: Incremental encoder		
	1: Absolute encoder		

*1. If you use any of the following products, set the encoder type to 1: Absolute encoder.

When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used

When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an absolute external scale for fully-closed control is used

When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications is used with an absolute external scale

*2. The settings are as follows when you use an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an external scale for fully-closed control, or when you use an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications.

0: Incremental external scale

1: Absolute external scale

4-4-8 Servo Drive Settings

Set the value that is set on the Servo Drive that is connected.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
PDS Status Control	Set the status to which PDS status changes	0 to 1	0
Method ^{*1}	when Servo is turned OFF by the CNC_Power		
	instruction. ^{*1}		
	0: Switched on by Servo OFF		
	1: Ready to switch on by Servo OFF		

*1. If you set this parameter to 1, the Servo Ready (Switched on) status of OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives or G5-series Servo Drives cannot be used. To use the Servo Ready (Switched on) status, set this parameter to 0.

4-4-9 Homing Settings

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Homing Operation Mode	Set the homing operation.	0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 9,	14
	0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input	or 11 to 14	
	OFF		
	1: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input		
	ON		
	4: Home proximity input OFF		
	5: Home proximity input ON		
	8: Limit input OFF		
	9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask dis- tance		
	11: Limit inputs only		
	12: Proximity reverse turn/holding time		
	13: No home proximity input/holding home input		
	14: Zero position preset		
Home Input Signal	Select the input to use for the home input signal.	0 or 1	0
	0: Use the Z-phase input as home.		
	1: Use external home input ^{*1}		
Homing Start Direction	Set the start direction for when homing is started.	0 or 2	0
	0: Positive direction		
	2: Negative direction		
Home Input Detection Direction	Set the home input detection direction of the homing operation.	0 or 2	0
	0: Positive direction		
	2: Negative direction		
Operation Selection at Pos- itive Limit Input	Set the stopping method when the positive limit input turns ON during homing.	0 to 2	1
	0: No reverse turn, minor fault stop		
	(Stop according to Limit Input Stop Method parameter.)		
	1:Reverse turn/immediate stop		
	2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop		
Operation Selection at Neg- ative Limit Input	Set the stopping method when the negative limit input turns ON during homing.	0 to 2	1
	0: No reverse turn/minor fault stop		
	(Stop according to Limit Input Stop Method parameter.)		
	1:Reverse turn/immediate stop		
	2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop		
Homing Velocity ^{*2}	Set the homing velocity.	Positive sin-	600.0
	(Unit: Motor command units/min)	gle-precision reals	
Homing Approach Veloc-	Set the velocity to use after the home proximity	Positive sin-	60.0
ity ^{*3}	input turns ON.	gle-precision	
	(Unit: Motor command units/min)	reals	

Set the CNC motor operation to use to determine home.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Homing Accelera- tion/Deceleration ^{*4}	Specify the acceleration and deceleration rates for homing.	Positive sin- gle-precision	0
	If the homing acceleration/deceleration rate is set to 0, the homing velocity, homing approach velocity or other target velocity is used without any acceleration/deceleration rate. (Unit: Motor command units/s ²)	reals or 0	
Home Input Mask Dis- tance ^{*5}	Set the home input mask distance to be applied when the homing operation mode is set to the proximity reverse turn/home input mask dis- tance.	Positive long reals or 0	10.0
	(Unit: Motor command units)		
Home Offset ^{*6}	Preset the actual position for the value that is set after homing. (Unit: Motor command units)	Single-preci- sion real type negative, posi- tive, or 0	0
Homing Holding Time	Set the holding time when you set the Homing Operation Mode to the proximity reverse turn/holding time. (Unit: ms)	0 to 10,000	100
Homing Compensation Value ^{*7, *8, *9}	Set the homing compensation value that is applied after the home is defined. (Unit: Motor command units)	Negative or positive long reals or 0	0
Homing Compensation Velocity	Set the velocity to use for homing compensa- tion. (Unit: Motor command units/min)	Positive sin- gle-precision reals	60

*1. This setting can be used for an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive. The input allocated to latch 1 for the Servo Drive is used as the external home input. In the default setting of the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives or G5-series Servo Drives, the external latch input 1 is allocated to latch 1. For details, refer to the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives 1S-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1586), AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1577).

- *2. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity.
- *3. Set a value less than or equal to the homing velocity.
- *4. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate if the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate is not 0.
- *5. The settable maximum value is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses when the value is converted into pulses.
- *6. The settable values are -549,755,813,888 to 549,755,813,887 pulses when the value is converted to pulses.
- *7. The settable values are -549,755,813,888 to 549,755,813,887 pulses when the value is converted to pulses.
- *8. These parameters are for homing operation. Refer to Section 8 Homing for details.
- *9. You cannot map the Z-phase input to a PDO for an OMRON G5-series Linear Motor Type Servo Drive. Therefore, if you set the Homing Operation Mode to No home proximity input/holding home input, which can use a Z-phase input mapped to a PDO, do not select the Z-phase input for the home input signal.

4

4-4-10 Servo Gain Settings

Set the servo gain parameters of the CNC motor. The setting values are used to calculate the output command based on the command position and feedback position.

These parameters must be set only when you position the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis with the closed-loop control.



Precautions for Safe Use

- Before adjusting this parameter, adjust the gain on the spindle driver to ensure normal operation of the following functions that perform spindle open-loop control.
 - CNC_SpindleGo
 - Spindle CW (M03)
 - Spindle CCW (M04)
- · When adjusting the gain, take sufficient measures to ensure safety.
- If oscillation (abnormal noise or vibration) occurs, immediately turn OFF the power to the driver or turn the Servo OFF.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Position Loop Gain	Set the value of Position Loop Gain (K_p).	0 to 3,000	40
	(Unit: 1/s)	Single-preci-	
		sion reals	
Velocity Feedforward	Set the value of Velocity Feedforward Gain (K_vff)	0 to 100	0
Gain	(Unit: %)	Single-preci-	
		sion reals	

Refer to 9-2-2 *Position Loop by Cyclic Velocity Control* on page 9-7 for details on the meaning of each parameter and how to adjust the parameter.

4-4-11 Gantry Settings

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Gantry Enable ^{*1 *2}	Specify whether to use the CNC motor	0/1	0
	as the gantry slave axis.		
	0: Not used as the gantry slave axis		
	1: Used as the gantry slave axis		
CNC Motor Number for	Specify a CNC motor number of the	0 to maximum motor num-	0
Gantry Master Axis ^{*3}	CNC motor used as the gantry master	ber	
	axis.		
Alignment Velocity ^{*4}	Set the velocity to use for alignment.	Positive single-precision	60.0
	(Unit: Motor command units/min)	reals	
Position Deviation	Specify a value to check the position	Positive long reals or 0	0
Between Axes Over	deviation over value between gantry		
Value ^{*5}	axes.		
	Set 0 to disable the check for the posi-		
	tion deviation over between gantry axes.		
	(Unit: Motor command units)		
Position Deviation	Specify a value to check the position	Positive long reals or 0	0
Between Axes Warning	deviation warning between gantry axes.		
Value ^{*5 *6}	Set 0 to disable the following error warn-		
	ing check. (Unit: motor command units)		

Set the operation of the gantry slave axis that configure the gantry system.

*1. Any other gantry settings parameters are enabled when 1: Used as the gantry slave axis is selected for this setting.

*2. The CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis must be assigned to *Auxiliary Axis* under *Positioning Axis Assignment* in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings.

- *3. The CNC motor used as the gantry master axis must satisfy the following conditions. If the conditions are not satisfied, the Sysmac Studio will detect a setting error.
 - The motor must be assigned to the same CNC coordinate system where the CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis is assigned.
 - The CNC motor number is smaller than the CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis.
 - The motor is not used as a gantry master or slave axis of another gantry system.
 - The encoder type and the unit conversion settings are consistent with those for the gantry slave axis.
- *4. The value must be less than or equal to the parameter setting for the maximum velocity.
- *5. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 1099511627775.
- *6. When the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value is not 0, a value that is less than or equal to the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value must be set to this parameter.

Precautions for Correct Use

- The gantry master and salve axes must be set the same value specified for *Operation Settings* and *Limit Settings* in the CNC motor parameter settings.
- If you set the *encoder type* to *0: Incremental encoder*, you must also set the slave to use an incremental encoder. For an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive, you can set this by the *Absolute Encoder Operation Selection* parameter.

4-4

4-4-12 CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings

The operation parameters of CNC coordinate system can be switched with the use of G500/G501 command.

Set the operation parameters shown below.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Coordinate System	Set the operation parameter for when	Refer to _sCNC_M	OTOR_OPE_SET-
Extended Operation Set-	G500/G501 P0 command is issued.	TINGS.	
tings No.0			
CNC Coordinate System	Set the operation parameter for when		
Extended Operation Set-	G500/G501 P1 command is issued.		
tings No.1			
CNC Coordinate System	Set the operation parameter for when		
Extended Operation Set-	G500/G501 P2 command is issued.		
tings No.2			

• _sCNC_MOTOR_OPE_SETTINGS

Input variable	Meaning	Function	Setting range	Default
MaxAccDec	Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration	Setting of the maximum acceleration rate for a CNC motor operation command	Positive single-precision reals or 0	0
RapidVel	Rapid Feed Veloc- ity ^{*1}	Setting of the velocity of the rapid feed command	Positive single-precision reals	30000.0
RapidAccDec	Rapid Feed Acceler- ation/Deceleration ^{*1}	Setting of the accelera- tion/deceleration rate of the rapid feed command	Positive single-precision reals or 0	0
AbortDec (Reserved)	Reserved	Reserved		
InPosRange	In-position Range ^{*1*2}	Setting of the in-position width	0 or larger single-preci- sion real type value	10
InPosCycle	Number of In-posi- tion Continuance Cycles ^{*1 *2}	Setting of the time for check- ing completion of positioning	0 to 255	0

*1. Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30 for details.

*2. This parameter is also applied to the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction and the CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning) instruction.

4-5 CNC Motor Compensation Table Parameter Settings

The CNC motor compensation table parameters are provided to set data tables which are used to correct CNC motors controlled in the CNC Function Module.

The number of CNC motor compensation table parameter set is the same as the maximum number of CNC motor compensation tables for each model.

For NJ501-5300, the parameter sets are provided for 32 tables. For NY532-5400, they are provided for 64 tables.

The same parameter settings are applied to each CNC motor compensation table. This section describes the parameters for one table.

• List of CNC Motor Compensation Table Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the compensation table parameters for each CNC motor compensation table.

			Temporary cha	nges	Read-
Classification Parameter name		Sup- port	Update timing	Applicable instruction	ing vari- ables
CNC Motor Compensation	CNC Motor Compensation				
Table Basic Parameters	Table Number				
	Source CNC Motor Number				
	Target CNC Motor Number				
	Compensation Scaling	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Source Compensation Start				
	Position				
	Source Compensation Sec-				
	tion Distance				
	Number of Compensation				
	Table Point Sections				
	Source Reference Position				
	Compensation Output Method				
	Repetition Mode				
	Table Point Interpolation Method				
CNC Motor Compensation Table Data					
	Target Compensation Value	ОК	Immediate	Write as a variable	ОК

Refer to 5-4 CNC Motor Compensation Table on page 5-21 for information on each setting and how to edit the setting.

4

5

CNC Program

This section describes CNC programs.

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5-1 Sequence Control Program

CNC instructions are used in a sequence control program to execute CNC functions. These instructions are defined as function blocks (FBs).

The CNC Function Module controls CNC motors and CNC coordinate systems. The CNC motor corresponds to axis used in the MC Function Module. The CNC coordinate system of the CNC Function Module corresponds to an axes group used in the MC Function Module.

This section describes an overview of the CNC instructions used in the CNC Function Module, and gives the specifications of the CNC Function Module.

For basic information on the function block (FB), refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W558).

For information on MC Function Module programs, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W507) or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W559).

• CNC Instructions

The procedure for executing CNC instructions conforms to that for executing motion control instructions of the MC Function Module. For this reason, user programs can be more easily reused without hardware dependence.

Costs of training and support can also be reduced.

Refer to Section 10 CNC Instructions for details.

5-2 Status Transitions

The status transitions of CNC coordinate systems caused by the execution of CNC instructions of the CNC Function Module conform to those of the MC Function Module.

The status transitions of CNC instructions are affected by the composition CNC motor status, start and stop of an NC program, and other factors.

This section describes the statuses and status transitions including those of the overall CNC Function Module.

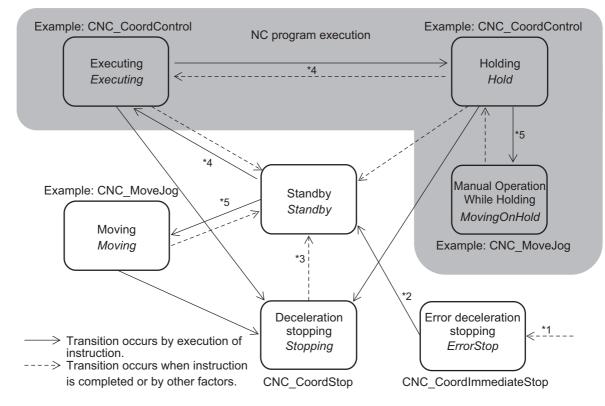
5-2-1 Status of the CNC Function Module

The status of the overall CNC Function Module are described in the following table.

Status name	Definition	
CNC Run Mode ^{*1}	CNC instructions are enabled.	
	The CNC instructions in the user program are interpreted to perform numerical control.	
	You can enable CNC Run Mode regardless of the operating mode of the NC Integrated Controller.	

*1. This status can be monitored with the CNC Common Variable _CNC_COM.Status.RunMode.

5-2-2 Statuses of CNC Coordinate System



The status transitions of a CNC coordinate system are shown in the following figure.

- *1. Transition into this status occurs from any status when an error occurs in the CNC coordinate system.
- *2. Transition into this status occurs when the error is reset by the CNC_CoordReset or ResetCNCError instruction.

- *3. Transition into this status occurs when the *Done* output from the CNC_CoordStop instruction changes to TRUE and the *Execute* input is FALSE.
- *4. Transition into this status occurs according to the status of executing the NC program by the CNC_CoordControl instruction. Refer to Section 8 Homing for details.
- *5. Transition into this status occurs when a certain CNC coordinate system motion instruction is executed. Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-15 for details.

Status name	Definition
Standby	In this status, no CNC coordinate system motion instruction is executed. The status where the NC program is executed to a specific block line and stopped at a program point is also included.
Moving	In this status, a CNC coordinate system motion instruction is running.
	Transition into the <i>Standby</i> status occurs when the instruction is completed or interrupted.
Executing	In this status, an NC Program is being executed by the CNC_CoordControl instruction. However, the status where the process stops because of the held NC program is not included.
Holding	In this status, the NC program is held and being stopped.
Manual Operation While Holding	In this status, the NC program is held and being stopped or a CNC coordi- nate system operation instruction is being executed.
	Transition into the <i>Hold</i> status occurs when the instruction is completed or interrupted.
Deceleration Stopping	In this status, the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruc- tion is executing.
	The includes when <i>Execute</i> is TRUE after the coordinate system is stopped due to the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop).
	In this state, it is not possible to execute a CNC instruction.
	If one is executed, <i>CommandAborted</i> (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE.
Error Deceleration Stopping	In this status, an error has occurred in the CNC coordinate system.
	This included during execution of CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordi- nate System Immediate Stop) instruction, and when the CNC coordinate sys- tem is decelerating to stop due to an error on the coordinate system.
	It is not possible to execute CNC coordinate system instruction in this status.
	If an attempt is made to execute one of them, <i>CommandAborted</i> (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE.

5-3 CNC System-defined Variables

This section describes variables that belong to the CNC Function Module.

5-3-1 Overview of CNC System-defined Variables

The NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller is compliant with the IEC 61131-3 standard. Parameter settings, status information, and other data are handled as variables in the user program in the NJ/NY-series Controller.

Of these, system-defined variables that belong to the CNC Function Module are called CNC system-defined variables.

Types of CNC System-defined Variables

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
System-defined	CNC Sys-	CNC Common	Monitor the common status of the CNC Func-
Variables	tem-defined Vari-	Variables	tion Module.
	ables	CNC Motor Vari-	Monitor the status of each CNC motor and set-
		ables	tings of part of CNC motor parameters.
		CNC Coordinate	Monitor the status of each CNC coordinate sys-
		System Variables	tem and the setting of part of CNC coordinate
			system parameters.

The following table lists the types of CNC system-defined variables.

• CNC Common Variables

You can monitor the overall status of the CNC Function Module with the CNC Common Variable. The variable name is *_CNC_COM*.

• CNC Motor Variables

Use these variables to handle EtherCAT slaves, Servo Drives (including spindle drives) and virtual CNC motors. You can use either the system-defined variables or the variables that are set on Sysmac Studio in the user program.

You can change any of the CNC Motor Variables names that you create on Sysmac Studio.

Variable names in the system-defined variable: _C	CNC_Motor[
---	------------

Variable names created using Sysmac Studio:

_CNC_Motor[0] to _CNC_Motor[31] CNC_Motor000 to CNC_Motor031 (default)

• CNC Coordinate System Variables

Use these variables to handle a CNC coordinate system composed of multiple CNC motors.

You can use either the system-defined variables or the variables that are set on Sysmac Studio in the user program.

You can change any of the CNC Coordinate System Variable names that you create on Sysmac Studio.

 Variable names in the system-defined variable: 	_CNC_Coord[0] to _CNC_Coord[7]
 Variable names created using Sysmac Studio: 	CNC_Coord000 to CNC_Coord007 (default)

Data Types Used for CNC System-defined Variables

The types of CNC system-defined variables are basic data types and derivative data types.

Basic Data Types

Category	Data type	Size	Range of values	Notation
Boolean	BOOL	2 ^{*1}	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE or FALSE
Integer	UINT	2 4	0 to +65,535 0 to +4,294,967,295	Binary expression: "2#" is prefixed to the number. ^{*2} Octal notation: "8#" is prefixed to the num- ber. ^{*3} Decimal notation: "10#" is prefixed to the number. ^{*4} Hexadecimal notation: "16#" is prefixed to the number. ^{*5} If you do not prefix any notation to a num- ber, that number is treated as a decimal number.
Real numbers	LREAL	8	-1.79769313486231e+308 to -2.22507385850721e-308, 0, 2.22507385850721e-308 to 1.79769313486231e+308, positive infinity, or negative infinity	Written as (sign) + integer_part + (deci- mal_point) + (decimal_part) + (exponent). ^{*6} You can omit items in parentheses.
Dura- tion ^{*7, *8}	TIME	8	T#-9223372036854.775808ms (T#-106751d_23h_47m_16s _854.775808ms) to T#+9223372036854.775807ms (T#+106751d_23h_47m_16s _854.775807ms)	T#12d3h3s T#3s56ms TIME#6d_10m TIME#16d_5h_3m_4s T#12d3.5h T#10.12s T#61m5s (same as T#1h1m5s) TIME#25h_3m

- *1. BOOL data is only 1 bit in size but it takes up 2 bytes of memory.
- *2. Example of binary expression: 2#1111_1111, 2#1110_0000
- *3. Example of octal notation: 8#377, 8#340
- *4. Example of decimal notation: -12, 0, 123_456, +986, 10#1234
- *5. Example of hexadecimal notation: 16#FF, 16#ff, 16#E0, 16#e0
- *6. Example: 2, -12.0, 0.0, 0.4560, 3.14159_26, -1.34E-12, -1.34e-12, 1.0E+6, 1.0e+6, 1.234E6, 1.234e6
- *7. Use the NanoSecToTime and TimeToNanoSec instructions for conversion between durations and integer data.

For details on instruction specifications, refer to the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502), or the *NY-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W560).

*8. Variables are compared with nanosecond precision for comparison instructions. To change the precision for comparison, use the TruncTime, TruncDt, or TruncTod instruction. For details on instruction specifications, refer to the NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502), or the NY-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502).

Derivative Data Types

Туре	Description	
Enumerated data type	This data type uses one item from a prepared name list as its value.	
	Variables of this data type starts with "_e".	
Structure data type	This data type consists of multiple data types placed together into a single layered structure.	
	Variables with this data type start with "_s".	

Attributes of CNC System-defined Variables

The attributes that are shown in the following table are the same for all CNC system-defined variables.

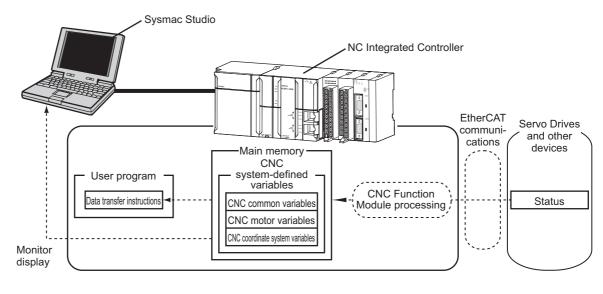
Attribute type	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables	
Global/local	Global variable	
R/W access	_CNC_ComNCVar, _CNC_CoordNCVarX: Read/Write	
	 Other CNC system-defined variables: Read only 	
Retain Non-retain		
Network publish	Publish ^{*1}	
Usage in user program	Available	

*1. Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are created when CNC motors or CNC coordinate systems were created on the Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

5-3-2 Mechanism of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC system-defined variables consist of information indicating the status of the CNC Function Module, status information on slave devices connected via EtherCAT communications, and some settings of the CNC motor parameters that are used to perform numerical control.

You can access the CNC system-defined variables as variables in a user program. You can also monitor them from Sysmac Studio.



Update Timing of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC system-defined variables are updated every primary task period.

5-3-3 Lists of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC Common Variable

The variable name _CNC_COM is used for CNC Common Variable. The data type is _sCNC_COM_REF, which is a structure variable.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC Common Variable and provides details on the members.

Va	ariable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
CNC	COM	_sCNC_COM_REF	CNC Common Variable	
Sta	atus	_sCNC_COM_STA	CNC Common Status	
	RunMode	BOOL	CNC Run	TRUE during CNC Function Module operation.
PF	aultLvl	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Common Partial Fault	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC common partial fault.
	Code	WORD	CNC Common Partial Fault Code	Contains the code for a CNC common partial fault.
				This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
MF	aultLvl	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Common Minor Fault	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Common Minor Fault Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC common minor fault.
	Code	WORD	CNC Common Minor Fault Code	Contains the code for a CNC common minor fault.
				This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
Ob	osr	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Common Observation	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Common Observation Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC common observation.
	Code	WORD	CNC Common Observation Code	Contains the code for a CNC common observation.
				This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.

The attributes of the CNC Common Variable are shown in the following table.

Attribute type	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish
Usage in user program	Available

CNC Coordinate System Variables

The variable name _*CNC_Coord* is used for CNC coordinate system variables. The data type is _sCNC_COORD_REF, which is a structure variable.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC coordinate system variable and provides details on the members.

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function	
NC_Coord[07]	_sCNC_COORD_REF	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Variable		
Status	_sCNC_COORD_STA	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Status		
Ready	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Ready-to-execute	 TRUE if the composition CNC motor satisfies all of the following conditions The home is defined for the positioning axis CNC motor. 	
			The Servo is locked for the positio ing axis CNC motor.	
			The Servo is locked for the spindle axis CNC motor.	
			The CNC coordinate system is in a Standby status.	
Standby	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Ready	TRUE when a CNC coordinate syste motion instructions and the NC pro- gram stop, and when CNC coordinat system operations and the NC pro- gram are ready to start. The followin CNC coordinate system statuses are mutually exclusive. Only one of them can be TRUE at a time.	
			Standby, Moving, Executing, Hold, Mo ingOnHold, Stopping, or ErrorStop	
Moving	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Moving	TRUE while a CNC operation instruction is executed from a Standby statu This also includes the in-position waing status.	
Executing	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Execution	TRUE during execution of the NC pr gram. This also includes the in-posi- tion waiting status, a stop occurs due to dwelling, deceleration due to Hold and acceleration after resuming oper tion from Hold.	
Hold	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Holding	TRUE when operation stops due to Hold during execution of the NC pro- gram. This changes to FALSE when the NC Program is resumed or inter- rupted.	
MovingOnHold	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Operation Holding	TRUE when a CNC coordinate syste motion instruction is executed from a status where the NC program has stopped due to Hold. This also includes the in-position waiting statu	
Stopping	BOOL	Deceleration Stopping	TRUE until the CNC coordinate sys- tem stops for the CNC_CoordStop instruction.	
			This includes a status where <i>Executu</i> is TRUE after the CNC coordinate sy tem stopped for the CNC CoordStop	
			instruction.	
			No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. (<i>CommandAborted</i> is TRUE.)	

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
ErrorStop	BOOL	Error Deceleration Stop- ping	TRUE while the CNC coordinate sys- tem is stopping or stopped for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruc- tion or a CNC coordinate system minor fault occurrence (when _CNC_Co- ord[*].MFaultLvI.Active is TRUE). No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. (CommandAborted is TRUE.)
Spindle	_sCNC_SPINDLE_STA	Spindle Axis Status	
Standby	BOOL	Standby	TRUE when the spindle axis stopped and is waiting for start-up from the NC program or a CNC instruction. TRUE also when the spindle axis is not
			assigned to the CNC coordinate system
CW	BOOL	Forward	TRUE when the spindle axis rotates clockwise (CW).
CCW	BOOL	Reverse	TRUE when the spindle axis rotates counterclockwise (CCW).
Orientation	BOOL	Orientation	TRUE when the spindle axis is in Spin dle Orientation (M19).
Tapping	BOOL	Tapping	TRUE when the spindle axis is in tap ping cycle (G74, G84).
Moving	BOOL	Spindle Axis Operating	TRUE when the spindle axis is opera ing, activated by CNC_Move or CNC_Home.
Stopping	BOOL	Spindle Axis Stopping	TRUE until the CNC coordinate sys- tem stops for the CNC_CoordStop instruction.
			This includes a status where <i>Execute</i> is TRUE after the CNC coordinate sy- tem stopped for the CNC_CoordStop instruction.
			No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state.
			(CommandAborted is TRUE.)
ErrorStop	BOOL	Error Stop	TRUE while the CNC coordinate sys- tem is stopping or stopped for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction or a CNC coordinate system minor fau occurrence (when _CNC_Co- ord[*].MFaultLvI.Active is TRUE). No CNC coordinate system motion instru- tion can be executed in this state.
			(CommandAborted is TRUE.)

Variable name	Data type	Meaning CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Control Status	Function
Details	_sCNC_COORD_DET		
Idle	BOOL	Standby	TRUE when processing is not cur- rently performed for the command value, except when waiting for in-po tion state. Processing status include operation
			velocity 0, stop processing when an error occurs, and operating status of the CNC coordinate system.
Homed	BOOL	Home Defined	TRUE when the homes of all the CN motors assigned to positioning axes are defined.
InPos	BOOL	In-position Completed	TRUE when all the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes satisfy the in-position conditions.
VelLimit	BOOL	Velocity Limit Over	TRUE when VelLimit of any of the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes is TRUE.
Feedrate	_sCNC_FEEDRATE	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Interpolation Veloc- ity	
CmdVel	LREAL	Current Command Interpolation Velocity	Contains the current value of the co mand interpolation velocity for the X Y-, and Z-axes.
ActVel	LREAL	Feedback Current Inter- polation Velocity	Contains the current value of the fea back interpolation velocity for the X- Y-, and Z-axes.
AxCmdPos	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Command Position for CNC Coordinate Sys- tem	
Х	LREAL	X-axis Position	Shows the command position (tool
Y	LREAL	Y-axis Position	center point) of each axis according
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Position	the currently valid CNC coordinate
A	LREAL	A-axis Position	system parameters. ^{*1} This also show a position offset from the center of the
В	LREAL	B-axis Position	tool during tool radius compensation
С	LREAL	C-axis Position	Unit: Axis command units
AxProgPos	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Target Position for CNC Coordinate System	
Х	LREAL	X-axis Position	Shows the target program position o
Y	LREAL	Y-axis Position	each axis of an NC program execution block.
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Position	Unit: Axis command units
A	LREAL	A-axis Position	
В	LREAL	B-axis Position	-
C AxDistanceToGo	LREAL SCNC COORD AX DATA	C-axis Position Remaining Travel Dis-	
		tance in the CNC Coor- dinate System	
х	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in X-axis	Shows the remaining travel distance the target position on each axis of ar
Y	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in Y-axis	NC program execution block. ^{*2} Unit: Axis command units
Z	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in Z-axis	
A	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in A-axis	
В	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in B-axis	
С	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in C-axis	

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Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
AxActPos	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Feedback Current Posi- tion for CNC Coordinate	
Х	LREAL	System X-axis Position	Shows the feedback current position
Y		Y-axis Position	(tool center point) of each axis accor
Z		Z-axis Position	ing to the current CNC coordinate sy
			tem parameters.*1
A	LREAL	A-axis Position	Unit: Axis command units
В	LREAL	B-axis Position	
С	LREAL	C-axis Position	
AxCmdVel	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Command Current Velocity for CNC Coor- dinate System	
Х	LREAL	X-axis Velocity	Shows the current value of the com-
Y	LREAL	Y-axis Velocity	mand velocity of each axis according
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Velocity	to the current CNC coordinate system
_ 		A-axis Velocity	parameters.
В	LREAL	B-axis Velocity	Unit: Axis command units
C	LREAL	C-axis Velocity	0 is output if no CNC motor is assigned to the axis.
AxActVel	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Feedback Current Velocity for CNC Coor- dinate System	
Х	LREAL	X-axis Velocity	Shows the current velocity of each
Y	LREAL	Y-axis Velocity	axis according to the current CNC
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Velocity	coordinate system settings.
А	LREAL	A-axis Velocity	Unit: Axis command units
В	LREAL	B-axis Velocity	
C	LREAL	C-axis Velocity	-
MFaultLvl	sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Coordinate Sys-	
		tem Minor Fault	
Active	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Minor Fault Occur- rence	TRUE while there is a CNC coordina system minor fault.
Code	WORD	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Minor Fault Code	Contains the code for a CNC coordi- nate system minor fault. This is the same value as the upper
			four digits of the event code.
Obsr	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Observation	
Active	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Observation Occur- rence	TRUE while there is a CNC coordina system observation.
Code	WORD	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Observation Code	Contains the code for CNC coordina system observation.
			This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
Cfg	_sCNC_COORD_CFG	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Basic Parameters	
CoordNo	UINT	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Number	Shows the logical number of the CN coordinate system.
CoordEnable	_eCNC_COORD_USE	Using CNC Coordinate System	Shows whether to use the CNC coordinate system.
			0: _cncNoneCoord (Undefined CNC coordina system)
			1: _cncUnusedICoord (Unused CNC coordina system)
			2: _cncUsedCoord (Used CNC coordinate system)
PosMotorNum	UINT	Number of Positioning Axis Composition CNC Motors	Shows the number of CNC motors th are assigned to positioning axes.

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
PosAxes	_ARRAY [015] OF _sCNC_AXIS_ASSIGN	Positioning Axis Com- position CNC Motor Assignment	Shows the assignment of CNC motors to respective positioning axes of the CNC coordinate system.
MotorNo	UINT	Positioning Axis Com- position CNC Motor Number	Shows the CNC motor numbers that are assigned to positioning axes. 65535: No assignment
АхТуре	_eCNC_AXIS_TYPE	Positioning Axis Com- position CNC Motor Assignment Type	Shows the assigned axis type. The value is 0 for no assignment. _cncAxisX = 0 _cncAxisY = 1 _cncAxisZ = 2 cncAxisA = 3
			cncAxisB = 4 _cncAxisC = 5 _cncAxisGantrySlaveX := 200 _cncAxisGantrySlaveY := 201 _cncAxisGantrySlaveZ := 202
SpindleAxes	ARRAY [03] OF _sCNC_AX- IS_ASSIGN	Spindle Axis CNC Motor Assignment	Shows the assignment of a CNC motor to the spindle axis of the CNC coordinate system.
MotorNo	UINT	Spindle Axis CNC Motor Number	Shows the number of the CNC motor that is assigned as the spindle axis. 65535: No assignment
АхТуре	_eCNC_AXIS_TYPE	Spindle Axis CNC Motor Assignment Type	Shows the assigned axis type. The value is 100 for no assignment. _cncAxisSpindle = 100

*1. When two or more CNC motors are assigned to the same axis, the value of each current position is calculated on the basis of the current position of CNC motor with the lowest motor number.

*2. AxDistanceToGo (Remaining Travel Distance in the CNC Coordinate System) is derived from the difference between AxProgPos (Target Position for CNC Coordinate System) and AxCmdPos (Command Position for CNC Coordinate System). When you execute a G code for converting the coordinate system such as mirroring, rotation, or work offset, the coordinate system to be referenced is different between the target program position on each axis and the commanded position on each axis. Consequently, no correct value will be output from immediately after the coordinate system conversion is executed until the next target program position on each axis is determined.

The attributes of the CNC coordinate system variables are shown in the following table.

Attribute type	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish ^{*1}
Usage in user program	Available

*1. Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are created when the CNC coordinate system was created on Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

CNC Motor Variables

The variable name _*CNC_Motor* is used for CNC motor variables. The data type is _sCNC_MO-TOR_REF, which is a structure.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC motor variables and provides details on the members.

V	ariable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
NC_Motor[031]		_sCNC_MOTOR_REF	CNC Motor Variables	
De	tails	_sCNC_MOTOR_DET	CNC Motor Control Sta- tus	
	Homed	BOOL	Home Defined	TRUE when the home is defined.
				FALSE: Home not defined.
				TRUE: Home is defined.
	SoftLimitPosi	BOOL	Positive Software Over- travel Limit	TRUE when exceeding the positive software overtravel limit of the com-
	SoftLimitNega	BOOL	Negative Software Overtravel Limit	manded position is detected. ^{*1} TRUE when exceeding the negative software overtravel limit of the com- manded position is detected. ^{*1}
	InPos	BOOL	In-position Completed	TRUE when the in-position conditions are satisfied.
	InPosTimer	UINT	In-position	Shows the number of remaining cycle
			Check Timer	of in-position monitoring. The default i the setting number of in-position con- tinuance cycles. When the following four conditions are satisfied at the same time, in-position monitoring starts and this value is decremented by one every control period.
				(1) The Servo of the CNC motor is being locked.
				(2) The CNC motor commanded velocity i 0.
				(3) No operation and dwell commands are given to the CNC motor.
				(4) The absolute value of difference between the commanded position and current position of the CNC motor is within or below the in-position check range.
				InPos is TRUE if this value is 0 and conditions (1) to (4) are satisfied.
	VelLimit	BOOL	Velocity Limit Over	TRUE when the command velocity exceeds the maximum velocity. The monitoring is performed only in the servo lock state. ^{*2}
Dir		_sCNC_MOTOR_DIR	Command Direction	
	Posi	BOOL	Positive Direction	TRUE when there is a command in th positive direction.
	Nega	BOOL	Negative Direction	TRUE when there is a command in th negative direction.

Va	ariable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
Drv	Status	_sCNC_MOTOR_STA_DRV	Servo Drive Status	
	ServoOn	BOOL	Servo ON	TRUE when the Servomotor is pow- ered.
	Ready	BOOL	Servo Ready	TRUE when the Servo is ready ^{*3} .
	MainPower	BOOL	Main Power	TRUE when the Servo Drive main power is ON.
	P_OT	BOOL	Positive Limit Input	TRUE when the positive limit input is enabled.
	N_OT	BOOL	Negative Limit Input	TRUE when the negative limit input is enabled.
	HomeSw	BOOL	Home Proximity Input	TRUE when the home proximity input is enabled.
	ImdStop	BOOL	Immediate Stop Input	TRUE when the immediate stop input is enabled.
	Latch1	BOOL	External Latch Input 1	TRUE when latch input 1 is enabled.
	Latch2	BOOL	External Latch Input 2	TRUE when latch input 2 is enabled.
	DrvAlarm	BOOL	Driver Error Input	TRUE while there is a Servo Drive error.
	DrvWarning	BOOL	Driver Warning Input	TRUE while there is a driver warning.
	ILA	BOOL	Driver Internal Limiting	TRUE when the Servo Drive limiting function actually limits the axis.
				This corresponds to one of the follow- ing limits in the G5-series Servo Drive. ^{*4}
				Torque limits, velocity limit, drive pro- hibit inputs, software limits
Cmo	d	_sCNC_MOTOR_CMD _DATA	CNC Motor Command Value	
	Pos	LREAL	Command Current Position	Contains the current value of the com- manded position. This variable con- tains the feedback current position while the Servo is OFF. (Unit: Motor
				command units) ^{*5}
	Vel	LREAL	Command Current Velocity	Contains the current value of the com- manded velocity.
				(Unit: Motor command units/min)
	CompPos	LREAL	Current Compensation Position	Contains the current compensation position. (Unit: Motor command units/min)
Act		_sCNC_MOTOR_ACT_DATA	CNC Motor Current Value	
	Pos	LREAL	Feedback Current Posi- tion	Contains the feedback current posi- tion. (Unit: Motor command units)
	Vel	LREAL	Feedback Current Velocity	Contains the feedback current posi- tion. (Unit: Motor command units/min ²
	Trq	LREAL	Feedback Current Torque	Contains the current value of the feed back torque. (Unit: %)
				A plus sign is added during travel in the positive direction, and a minus sign during travel in the negative direction.
MFa	aultLvl	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Motor Minor Fault	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Motor Minor Fault Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC motor minor fault.
	Code	WORD	CNC Motor Minor Fault Code	Contains the code for a CNC motor minor fault.
				This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.

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Variable name		Data type	Meaning	Function	
Ob	osr	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Motor Observation		
	Active	BOOL	CNC Common Obser- vation Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC motor observation.	
	Code	WORD	CNC Motor Observation Code	Contains the code for a CNC motor observation.	
				This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.	
Cf	g	_sCNC_MOTOR_CFG	CNC Motor Basic Set- tings	Gives the settings of the CNC motor basic parameters.	
	MotorNo	UINT	CNC Motor Number	Shows the logical number of the CNC motor.	
Ī	MotorEnable	_eCNC_MOTOR_USE	CNC Motor Use	Shows whether to use the CNC motor.	
				0: _cncNoneMotor (Undefined CNC motor)	
				1: _cncUnusedMotor (Unused CNC motor)	
				2: _cncUsedMotor (Used CNC motor)	
	Virtual	BOOL	Virtual CNC Motor	Shows whether the CNC motor is virtual.	
	CoordNo	UINT	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Number to which CNC Motors are Assigned	Shows the logical number of the CNC coordinate system.	

*1. In *Executing*, the CNC motor commanded position does not exceed the software overtravel limit. The path is limited or stopped on the software overtravel limit. However, the *SoftLimitPosi* and *SoftLimitNega* change to TRUE in that status.

When it is not *Executing* while the *SoftLimitPosi* and *SoftLimitNega* are TRUE, they change to FALSE.

- *2. This variable is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds the maximum velocity by one pulse or more.
- *3. This variable is TRUE when the PDS state of the Servo Drive is either *Ready to switch on*, *Switched on* or *Operation enabled* and the main circuit power supply (voltage enabled) is ON. For details on the PDS status, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W507) or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W559).
- *4. This variable gives the status of bit 11 (internal limit enabled) in the Status Word (6041 hex) that is mapped to a PDO. The conditions for this variable to change to TRUE depend on the specifications of the Servo Drive. Refer to the manual for the connected Servo Drive for details.
- *5. If the Axis Assignment Type is set to 2: Spindle axis and open loop control is applied with the following functions, the feedback current position is replicated for the commanded position. For a virtual motor, however, the commanded position is output as is the case when CNC_Move is used for operation.
 - CNC_SpindleGo
 - Spindle CW (M03)
 - Spindle CCW (M04)

The attributes of the CNC motor variable are shown in the following table.

Attribute type	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish ^{*1}
Usage in user program	Available

*1. Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are defined when the CNC motors were created on Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

• Relationship between CNC Motor Variables and Enabled Virtual CNC Motors

CNC motor variables are enabled or disabled depending on the virtual CNC motor settings. Disabled members are FALSE or 0.

Variable	name	Data type	Meaning	Physical CNC motor	Virtual CNC Mot
NC_Motor[0	31]	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF	CNC Motor Variables		
Details		_sCNC_MOTOR_DET	CNC Motor Control Status		
Homed	1	BOOL	Home Defined	Enabled	Enabled
SoftLin	nitPosi	BOOL	Positive Software Overtravel Limit	Enabled	Enabled
SoftLin	nitNega	BOOL	Negative Software Overtravel Limit	Enabled	Enabled
InPos		BOOL	In-position Completed	Enabled	Enabled
InPosT	ïmer	UINT	In-position Check Timer	Enabled	Enabled
VelLim	it	BOOL	Velocity Limit Over	Enabled	Enabled
Dir		_sCNC_MOTOR_DIR	Command Direction	Enabled	
Posi		BOOL	Positive Direction	Enabled	Enabled
Nega		BOOL	Negative Direction	Enabled	Enabled
DrvStatus		_sCNC_MOTOR_STA_DRV	Servo Drive Status		
ServoC	Dn	BOOL	Servo ON	Enabled	Enabled
Ready		BOOL	Servo Ready	Enabled	Always TRUE
MainPo	ower	BOOL	Main Power	Enabled	Always TRUE
P_OT		BOOL	Positive Limit Input	Enabled	
N_OT		BOOL	Negative Limit Input	Enabled	
HomeS	Sw	BOOL	Home Proximity Input	Enabled	
ImdSto	р	BOOL	Immediate Stop Input	Enabled	
Latch1		BOOL	External Latch Input 1	Enabled	
Latch2		BOOL	External Latch Input 2	Enabled	
DrvAla	rm	BOOL	Driver Error Input	Enabled	
DrvWa	rning	BOOL	Driver Warning Input	Enabled	
ILA		BOOL	Driver Internal Limiting	Enabled	
Cmd		_sCNC_MOTOR_CMD_DATA	CNC Motor Command Value		
Pos		LREAL	Command Current Position	Enabled	Enabled
Vel		LREAL	Command Current Velocity	Enabled	Enabled
CompF	Pos	LREAL	Current Compensation Position	Enabled	Enabled
Act		_sCNC_MOTOR_ACT_DATA	CNC Motor Current Value		
Pos		LREAL	Feedback Current Position	Enabled	Enabled
Vel		LREAL	Feedback Current Velocity	Enabled	Enabled
Trq		LREAL	Feedback Current Torque	Enabled	
MFaultLvl		_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Motor Minor Fault		
Active		BOOL	CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	Enabled	Enabled
Code		WORD	CNC Motor Minor Fault Code	Enabled	Enabled
Obsr		_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Motor Observation		
Active		BOOL	CNC Common Observation Occurrence	Enabled	Enabled
Code		WORD	CNC Motor Observation Code	Enabled	Enabled
Cfg		_sCNC_MOTOR_CFG	CNC Motor Basic Settings		
MotorN	lo		CNC Motor Number	Enabled	Enabled
MotorE		eCNC MOTOR USE	CNC Motor Use	Enabled	Enabled
Virtual		BOOL	Virtual CNC Motor	Enabled	Enabled
Coord	No	UINT	CNC Coordinate System Num- ber to which CNC Motors are Assigned	Enabled	Enabled

Other System-defined Variables for CNC Function Module

This section describes other system-defined variables other than CNC common variables, CNC coordinate system variables, and CNC motor variables.

• Variable for Monitoring CNC Planner Service Execution Time

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
_CNC_ServiceLastExecTime ^{*1}	TIME	Previous CNC Planner	Shows the last execution time of
		Service Execution Time	the CNC Planner Service. ^{*2}
_CNC_ServiceMaxExecTime ^{*1}	TIME	Maximum CNC Planner	Contains the maximum value of
		Service Execution Time	the task execution time. ^{*2}
_CNC_ServiceMinExecTime ^{*1}	TIME	Minimum CNC Planner	Contains the minimum value of
		Service Execution Time	the task execution time. ^{*2}
_CNC_ServiceExecCount ^{*1}	UDINT	CNC Planner Service	Contains the number of execu-
		Execution Count	tions of the task.
			If 4,294,967,295 is exceeded,
			the value returns to 0 and count-
*4	DOOL		ing is continued.
_CNC_ServiceExceeded ^{*1}	BOOL	CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded Flag	TRUE if the task period was exceeded.
		Fellou Exceeded Flag	
			FALSE if task execution was completed within the task
			period.
_CNC_ServiceExceedCount ^{*1}	UDINT	CNC Planner Service	Stores the number of times that
		Exceeded Count	the task period is exceeded.
			If the current value exceeds
			4,294,967,295, the value
			returns to 0 and counting contin-
			ues.

*1. These variables can be reset from the Task Execution Time Monitor on Sysmac Studio. The variables are also reset when NC Integrated Controller Mode is changed.

*2. The TIME data type can express time in units of nanoseconds, however, the effective accuracy of this variable is in units of one microsecond.

The attributes of the variable for Monitoring CNC Planner Service Execution Time are shown in the following table.

Туре	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish
Usage in user program	Available

NC Program Variable Monitoring

These system-defined variables are for monitoring variables used in NC programs. With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control program.

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
_CNC_ComNCVar	ARRAY[0.32767] OF	P variable monitor	Displays the areas made
	LREAL		public to users (P0 to
			P32767) for P variables.
_CNC_CoordNCVar0	ARRAY[04095] OF	Q Variable Monitor for CNC	Displays the areas made
	LREAL	coordinate system No0	public to users (Q0 to
_CNC_CoordNCVar1	ARRAY[04095] OF	Q Variable Monitor for CNC	Q4095) for Q variables.
	LREAL	Coordinate System No1	
_CNC_CoordNCVar2	ARRAY[04095] OF	Q Variable Monitor for CNC	
	LREAL	Coordinate System No2	
_CNC_CoordNCVar3	ARRAY[04095] OF	Q Variable Monitor for CNC	
	LREAL	Coordinate System No3	
_CNC_CoordNCVar4	ARRAY[04095] OF	Q Variable Monitor for CNC	
	LREAL	Coordinate System No4	
_CNC_CoordNCVar5	ARRAY[04095] OF	Q Variable Monitor for CNC	
	LREAL	Coordinate System No5	
_CNC_CoordNCVar6	ARRAY[04095] OF	Q Variable Monitor for CNC	
	LREAL	Coordinate System No6	
_CNC_CoordNCVar7	ARRAY[04095] OF	Q Variable Monitor for CNC	
	LREAL	Coordinate System No7	

Туре	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	CNC Ver.1.00: Read only
	CNC Ver.1.01 and later: Read/Write
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish
Usage in user program	Available

Precautions for Correct Use

- With CNC version 1.00, use this system-defined variable for the purpose of monitoring debugs such as Watch Tab Page and data racing.
- With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control program. While the NC program execution is in progress, you need to interlock the NC program and the sequence control program with M codes and control the write timing in order to prevent data from writing from both programs at the same time.
- The execution priority differs between the CNC Planner Service where NC programs are processed and the primary periodic task where the sequence control program is running. For this reason, writing multiple blocks may not be updated at the same timing when they are referenced from the sequence control program. To maintain the concurrency, make sure to interlock the sequence control program with M codes. Refer to 6-1 M Codes on page 6-2 for details on the interlock procedure with M codes.

Version Information

With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control
program. It is useful for writing multi-point data such as a point table from the sequence control program all at once before executing the NC program.

5

5-3-3 Lists of CNC System-defined Variables

• CNC Error Status Variables

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
_CNC_ErrSta	WORD	CNC Function Module Error Status	Shows the status of errors that are detected in the CNC Func- tion Module.
_CNC_ComErrSta	WORD	CNC Common Error Status	Shows the status of errors that are detected by common pro- cessing in the CNC Function Module.
_CNC_CoordErrSta	ARRAY [07] OF WORD	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Error Status	Shows the status of errors that are detected for each CNC coordinate system. Up to eight coordinate systems are dis- played.
_CNC_MotorErrSta	ARRAY [031] OF WORD	CNC Motor Error Sta- tus	Shows the status of errors that are detected for each CNC motor. Up to 32 CNC motors are displayed.

The attributes of the CNC error status variable are shown in the following table.

Туре	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish
Usage in user program	Available

5-4 CNC Motor Compensation Table

This section describes the CNC motor compensation table.

The CNC Function Module uses the CNC motor compensation table parameter settings that you created using the CNC Motor Compensation Table Editor of Sysmac Studio as CNC motor compensation tables.

The CNC motor compensation table data is handled as data variables for CNC motor compensation table in the NJ/NX-series Controller.

5-4-1 Editing the CNC Motor Compensation Table

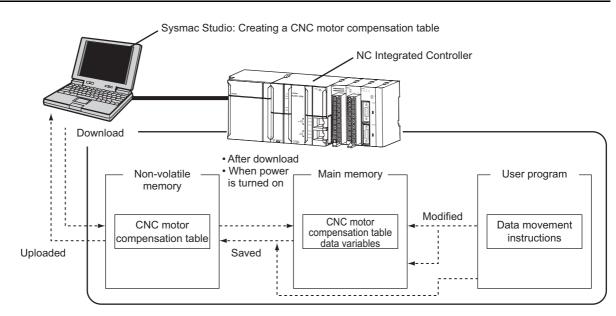
The CNC motor compensation table function compensates geometrical inclinations, bends, and deviations of individual machine tools. The CNC motor compensation table can be edited in Sysmac Studio and CNC Operator.

According to a CNC motor compensation table that you created on Sysmac Studio, data variables for CNC motor compensation table are generated. The data variables for CNC motor compensation table only represent data columns of the CNC motor compensation table. The data variables for CNC motor compensation table are global, which can be edited from the sequence control program.

Variable Definition

Configuration element	Description
Variable name	User-defined on Sysmac Studio
Variable type	REAL array type ^{*1}
Variable scope	Global
Network publish	Read and write

*1. The array size is variable.



Creating and Saving CNC Motor Compensation Table

5-4-2 Edit

CNC motor compensation table variables that can referenced from the sequence control program are generated. However, the variables only contain data columns and do not include settings such as source motor numbers and target motor numbers.

Typically, geometrical differences are obtained by using an external measuring instrument, and the CNC motor compensation table is output as a file in CSV or another format. For the NJ series, the CSV file is placed on the SD Memory Card. It is placed on the virtual SD Memory Card for the NY-series. Then the differences are read from the sequence control program, and the file is transferred to CNC motor compensation table data.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Editing the CNC motor compensation table while a CNC motor is running will cause a critical problem. Disable the CNC motor compensation table once if you want to edit it.
- When cycle the power supply, or when data is downloaded from Sysmac Studio, CNC motor compensation table data that you edited by the sequence control program is overwritten by the data stored in the non-volatile memory. You cannot upload these data by using Sysmac Studio.

5-4-3 Enabling/Disabling CNC Motor Compensation Table

When you created a CNC motor compensation table on the Sysmac Studio and transferred it, the table is automatically enabled. If you want to disable the CNC motor compensation table, rewrite the compensation scale to 0 with the CNC_Write instruction. To enable it again, rewrite it to 1 with the CNC_Write instruction.

Refer to 5-4-8 Basic Settings on page 5-26 for information about the compensation scale.

Refer to the Section 13 Common Command Instructions for how to use the CNC_Write instruction.

When the compensation scale is rewritten, the compensation value is reflected on the position the slave is commanded in the control period. For example, if the compensation value is 100 mm, the command position moves 100 mm per control period. It is recommended that you rewrite the scale with values incremented or decremented step-by-step over several periods if the target value is not minute.

5-4-4 Saving

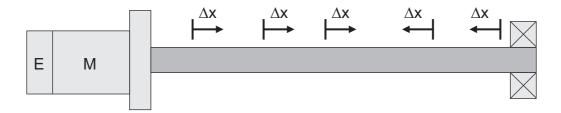
The CNC Function Module does not include a function of automatically saving the CNC motor compensation table. Create a user program that makes a CSV file then saves it to the SD Memory Card, and reads the file from the SD Memory Card when cycling the power supply.

5-4-5 Functions and Purposes of CNC Motor Compensation Table

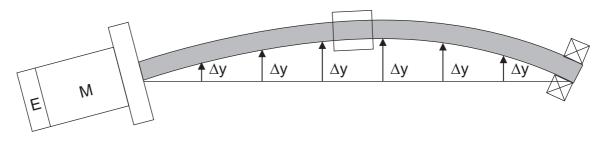
The compensation table function compensates the travel distance of a specific CNC motor or other CNC motors according to the commanded position of the CNC motor.

If there is a position-related error between an actual machine tool and a program, the function compensates the mechanical error as shown in the following figures.

Example of error 1: Shows a mechanical error generated when the rotation of a ball screw assigned to the X-axis is converted into translatory movement.



Example of error 2: Shows a mechanical error caused by a deflection in the Y-axis.



5-4-6 Terminology

Term	Description
CNC motor compensation table	A data table on which compensation table points are aligned in equal intervals from the source compensation point that is set to current posi- tion 0, the initial point. It is represented as a two-dimensional array of the target compensation value and the source compensation point of com- pensation table points.
	This is often referred to as Compensation table.
Source CNC motor	A CNC motor of input source for determining the compensation value by the compensation table.
Target CNC motor	A CNC motor to be compensated with the source data and CNC motor compensation table. The source CNC motor can also be the target CNC motor.
Source compensation section	Shows a section in which to perform compensation on the source CNC motor.
Source compensation point	Shows a relative distance from the start position of the source compensa- tion section. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the source CNC motor.
Target compensation value	Shows a compensation value of the target CNC motor position at the source compensation point. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the target CNC motor.
Compensation table point	Data on a set of the source compensation point and target compensation value. This shows the target compensation value of a position on the source CNC motor.
Compensation table point span	Shows an interval between the compensation table points that are adjacent to each other.
	The compensation table point spans are equally aligned.
Motor current compensation position	A value that stores the compensation amount internally for each CNC motor based on the compensation table.
	The value is edited from multiple CNC motor compensation tables when the multiple CNC motor compensation tables are used to compensate a single CNC motor as the target.

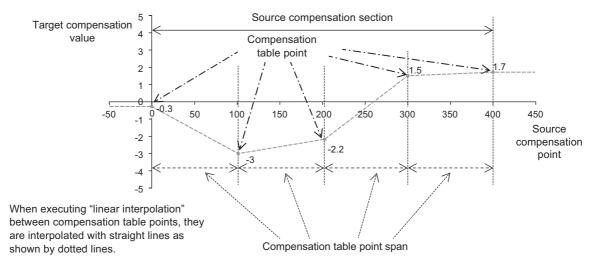
5-4-7 Outline

In the CNC Function Module of CNC motor compensation table points, a compensation table point is the combination of a source compensation point and target compensation value.

The CNC motor compensation table is represented by a data table as shown in the following.

Source compensation point	Target compensation value
0.0	-0.3
100.0	-3.0
200.0	-2.2
300.0	1.5
400.0	1.7

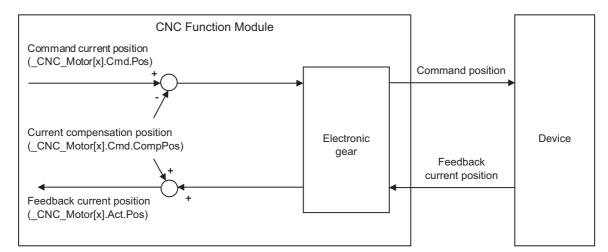
The following graph shows a CNC motor compensation table in which the horizontal axis represents the source compensation point, and the vertical axis the target compensation value.



The target compensation value is calculated from the source CNC motor position and compensation table value every control period, and output to the CNC motor current compensation position of each CNC motor.

In the control period, the value of feedback position in the CNC motor variable (_*CNC_Mo-tor[x].Cmd.Pos*) does not make any noticeable changes. To the Servo Drive and spindle drive, however, the commanded position is output as a value subtracted by the CNC motor current compensation position.

The value of the feedback position of CNC motor variable (_*CNC_Motor[x].Act.Pos*) is a value output from the actual Servo Drive and spindle driver to which the CNC motor current compensation position is added.



The processing enables you to match the position of CNC motor in the program with that of the actual machine.

Precautions for Correct Use

To calculate the target compensation value, the current position value specified for the source position is used as it is. Accordingly, edit and enable the CNC motor compensation table after home is determined.

5-4-8 Basic Settings

Create a CNC motor compensation table with the CNC Motor Compensation Table Editor of Sysmac Studio.

After you create a CNC motor compensation table, configure the basic settings of the CNC compensation table before inputting a compensation value. This section describes the basic setting items.

Parameter name	Description	Setting range	Default
CNC Motor Compensation	A logical number of a CNC motor compen-	0 to (Maximum num-	
Table Number	sation table.	ber of CNC motor	
	It must not be duplicated with a number	compensation	
	used for another CNC motor compensation	tables)-1	
	table.		
Source CNC Motor Number	A CNC motor of input source for determining	Number of CNC	
	the compensation value by the CNC motor	motors created	
	compensation table.		
	Only one can be selected.		
Target CNC Motor Number	A CNC motor to be compensated with the	Number of CNC	
	source data and compensation data table.	motors in the same	
	The source CNC motor can also be the tar-	CNC coordinate sys-	
	get CNC motor. Only one can be selected.	tem.	
Compensation Scaling	Specify a coefficient that multiplies the com-	0 to 2.0	1.0
	pensation value calculated in the CNC		
	motor compensation table. Specifying 0 dis-		
	ables compensation.		
Source Compensation Start	Shows the absolute start position of a	Positive long reals or	0
Position	source compensation section. (Unit: Source	0	
	motor command units)		

Parameter name	Description	Setting range	Default
Source Compensation Sec-	Shows a relative distance between the	Positive long reals or	100
tion Distance	source compensation start position and the	0	
	absolute position at which the source com-		
	pensation section ends. (Unit: Source motor command units)		
Number of Compensation	Shows the number of source compensation	1 to 65,534	4
Table Point Sections	points generated by dividing a source sec-	1 10 00,004	4
	tion distance.		
	The number of arrays for the CNC motor		
	compensation table is calculated in the fol-		
	lowing formula. (Source section dis-		
	tance/Number of compensation table point		
	sections)+1		
Source Reference Position	Select whether to reference the commanded	0: Command position	0
	position or the feedback position for the	1: Feedback position	
Compensation Output Method	source CNC motor. Select whether to Overwrite or Add the CNC	0: Overwrite	0
Compensation Output Method	motor current compensation position.		0
	Select Overwrite in most cases. However,	1: Add	
	when compensating a single target CNC		
	motor by using multiple CNC motor compen-		
	sation tables, you can: Select Overwrite for		
	Compensation Output Mode of the least		
	compensation table number, and select Add		
	for that of remaining tables, so that multiple		
D (C M L	compensations are possible.		0
Repetition Mode	Select a compensation mode for outside of the source compensation section.	0: No repetition	0
		1: Repetition	
	No repetition		
	Retains the target compensation value of both ends for outside of the source com-		
	pensation section. ^{*1}		
	Repetition		
	Repeats compensation according to the CNC motor compensation table for each		
	source compensation section distance, for		
	outside of the source compensation sec-		
	tion.		
Table Point Interpolation	Select whether to set the interpolation	0: 1st-order interpola-	0
Method	between CNC motor compensation table	tion	
	points to the 1st-order or 3rd-order.	1: 3rd-order interpola-	
	If the 1st-order interpolation is selected, liner	tion	
	interpolation applies to CNC motor compen-		
	sation table data items. This makes the compensation positions continuous, how-		
	ever, the velocities are discontinuous.		
	If the 3rd-order interpolation is selected, the		
	tertiary interpolation applies to CNC motor		
	compensation table data items. This makes		
	the compensation positions continuous and		
	velocity variation smooth. However, this		
	interpolation will take approximately double		
	the calculation time that is required for the		
	Primary interpolation.		

*1. If No repetition and 3rd-order interpolation are set, there are sections where the target compensation value varies before and after the source compensation section to make the velocities continuous.

Precautions for Correct Use

When Add is selected for Compensation Output Mode, make sure that multiple CNC motor compensation tables are used for a single target CNC motor, and that the CNC motor compensation table number is not the least value.

If Add is selected in other conditions, the compensation value continues to be added every control period. Consequently, the compensation value becomes excessively large and an unintended motion may result.

Setting basic settings determines the size of the CNC motor compensation table array, and the value of source compensation point for each CNC motor compensation table point.

Source compensation point	Target compensation value
0.0	0.0
Source Compensation Section ^{*1}	0.0
Source Compensation Section ^{*1}	0.0
	0.0
Source Compensation Section Distance	0.0

*1. Source section range = Source compensation section distance/Number of compensation table point sections

Then set the target compensation value in each CNC motor compensation table point.

Parameter name	Description	Setting range	Default
Target Compensation Value	Shows a compensation value of the target CNC motor position at the source compensation point. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the tar- get CNC motor.	Range of single-precision reals ^{*1}	0.0

*1. - ∞ and + ∞ are excluded.

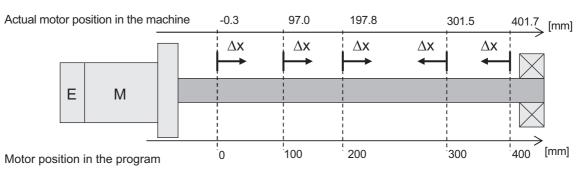
5-4-9 Setting Example

This section describes the method to set the CNC motor compensation table.

Examples of Ball Screw Pitch Compensation, Ball Screw Deflection, and Rotary Table Compensation are provided.

Ball Screw Pitch Compensation

Suppose that you executed the operation command for five points on the X-axis from absolute position 0 mm to 400 mm at 100 mm intervals, and measured X-axis positions of the actual machine tool. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors caused by displacement of the ball screw pitch.



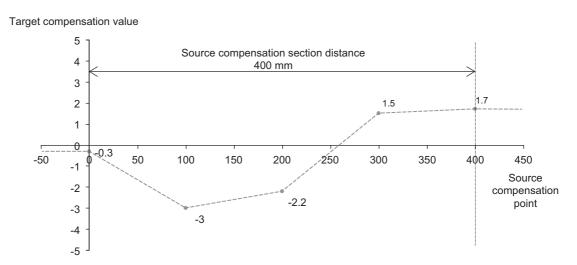
Use the CNC motor compensation table to cancel the error and match the positions in the program with those of the actual machine.

First, input the basic settings.

Setting	Value
Source CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Target CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Compensation Scaling	1.0
Source Compensation Start Posi-	0 (mm)
tion	
Source Compensation Section	400 (mm)
Distance	
Number of Compensation Table	4
Point Sections	
Source Reference Position	0: Command position
Compensation Output Method	0: Overwrite
Repetition Mode	0: No repetition
Table Point Interpolation Method	0: 1st-order interpolation

5

Then set the displacement of each measurement point (Measured position - Position in the program) for each target compensation value.



Source com- pensation point [mm]	Target compensa- tion value [mm]
0.0	-0.3
100.0	-3.0
200.0	-2.2
300.0	1.5
400.0	1.7

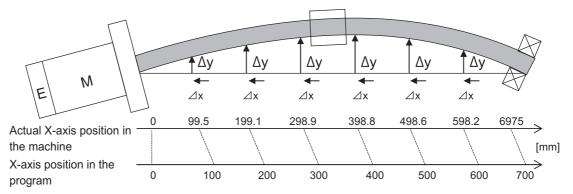
Ball Screw Deflection Compensation

Suppose that CNC motor 0 is assigned to the X-axis, and CNC motor 1 to the Y-axis. The CNC motor in the X-axis direction deflects in the Y-axis direction.

In this case, use two CNC motor compensation tables. The first one compensates the deflection in the X-axis direction. The second one compensates the deflection in the Y-axis direction.

• Compensation in the X-axis direction

Suppose that, without moving the Y-axis from 0 mm, you executed the operation command for eight points on the X-axis from absolute position 0 mm to 700 mm at 100 mm intervals, and measured the X-axis position of the actual tool machine at each point. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors caused by displacement of the ball screw pitch.



The following table shows the basic settings of the first CNC motor compensation table (number 0) and CNC motor compensation table data.

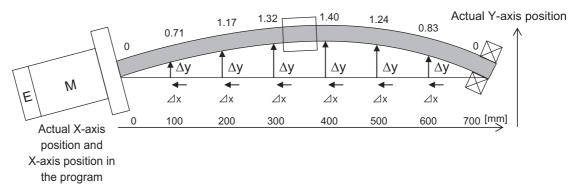
The settings must be set in the same way as you did for Ball Screw Pitch Compensation as described in the previous section.

Setting	Value
CNC Motor Compensation Table	0
Number	
Source CNC Motor Number	0 (CNC_Motor000)
Target CNC Motor Number	0 (CNC_Motor000)
Compensation Scaling	1.0
Source Compensation Start Posi-	0 (mm)
tion	
Source Compensation Section	700 (mm)
Distance	
Number of Compensation Table	7
Point Sections	
Source Reference Position	0: Command position
Compensation Output Method	0: Overwrite
Repetition Mode	0: No repetition
Table Point Interpolation Method	1: 3rd-order interpolation

Source com- pensation point [mm]	Target compensa- tion value [mm]
0.0	0
100.0	-0.5
200.0	-0.9
300.0	-1.1
400.0	-1.2
500.0	-1.4
600.0	-1.8
700.0	-2.5

• Compensation in the Y-axis direction

Measure eight points with CNC motor compensation table number 0 enabled, and obtain the following errors in the Y-axis direction.



Set the basic settings and compensation table data settings for the second CNC motor compensation table (number 1).

This table differs from the first CNC motor compensation table in the following two points:

- · The source CNC motor and the target CNC motor are different.
- The source reference position is set to "1: Feedback position".

Setting	Value
CNC Motor Compensation Table	1
Number	
Source CNC Motor Number	0 (CNC_Motor000)
Compensation Scaling	1.0
Target CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Source Compensation Start Posi-	0 (mm)
tion	
Source Compensation Section	700 (mm)
Distance	
Number of Compensation Table	7
Point Sections	
Source Reference Position	1: Feedback position
Compensation Output Method	0: Overwrite
Repetition Mode	0: No repetition
Table Point Interpolation Method	1: 3rd-order interpolation

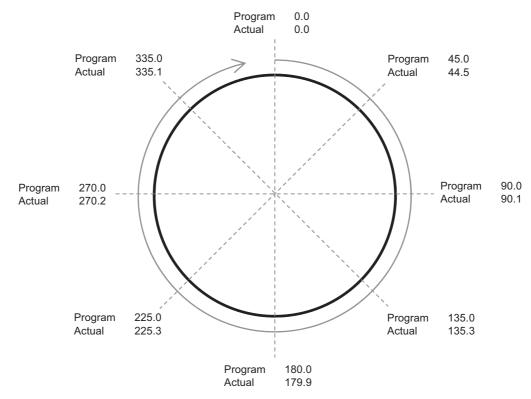
Source com- pensation point [mm]	Target compensa- tion value [mm]
0.0	0.0
100.0	0.71
200.0	1.17
300.0	1.32
400.0	1.40
500.0	1.24
600.0	0.83
700.0	0.0

With these settings, the position set to the input source in the second CNC motor compensation table is the X position, a position of the actual machine that was compensated in the first CNC motor compensation table.

When you move the X-axis in the positive direction without moving the Y-axis from 0 mm, the operation actually moves CNC motor 1 on the Y-axis in the negative direction to disable the error.

Rotary Table Compensation

Suppose that you assigned CNC motor 1 to the rotary table of the C-axis, rotated it from 0 degrees at intervals of 45.0 degrees, and measured the actual rotation angle. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors.

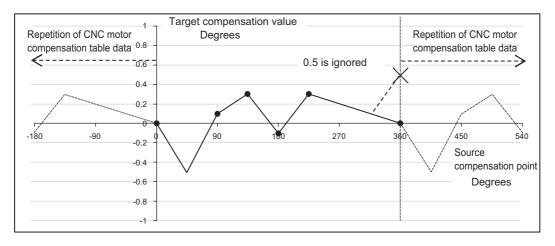


Input the basic settings and the target compensation value of each point.

In this example, the Repetition setting is selected as similar errors must be compensated every time the rotary table is rotated.

Setting	Value
CNC Motor Compensation Table	0
Number	
Source CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Target CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Compensation Scaling	1.0
Source Compensation Start Posi-	0 (degree)
tion	
Source Compensation Section	360 (degree)
Distance	
Number of Compensation Table	8
Point Sections	
Source Reference Position	0: Command position
Compensation Output Method	0: Overwrite
Repetition Mode	1: Repetition
Table Point Interpolation Method	0: 1st-order interpolation

Source com- pensation point degrees	Target compensation value degrees
0.0	0.0
45.0	-0.5
90.0	0.1
135.0	0.3
180.0	-0.1
225.0	0.3
270.0	0.2
315.0	0.1
360.0	0.5 -> 0.0
	(The setting value is ignored.)



If 1: Repetition is selected, the target compensation value of the first point is used for that of the last point. The following graph shows the compensation value to be used when 0.5 is set.

5-4-10 CNC Motor Compensation Table Specifications

This section describes specifications of the CNC motor compensation table.

Item	Description
Maximum number of compensation table	65,535
points per CNC motor compensation table	
Upper limit of the size of all CNC motor	Maximum size of all compensation tables varies
compensation tables	depending on the model. Refer to 1-4-1 General Speci-
	fications on page 1-7 for details.
	Size of a CNC motor compensation table = 100 + CNC
	motor compensation table points x 4 bytes
Upper limit of the number of CNC motor	The upper limit of the maximum number of compensa-
compensation tables	tion tables varies depending on the model. Refer to
	1-4-1 General Specifications on page 1-7 for details.
Changing a CNC motor compensation table	CNC motor compensation table data can be edited
	from a user program.
Saving a CNC motor compensation table	The file read/write instruction enables you to use this
	function.
Timing to reflect CNC motor compensation	At power ON
tables on main memory	At synchronous download of Sysmac Studio

6

Realization of CNC Machines

This section describes the functions and means of producing CNC machine applications with the aid of sequence control programs, NC programs, and CNC functions.

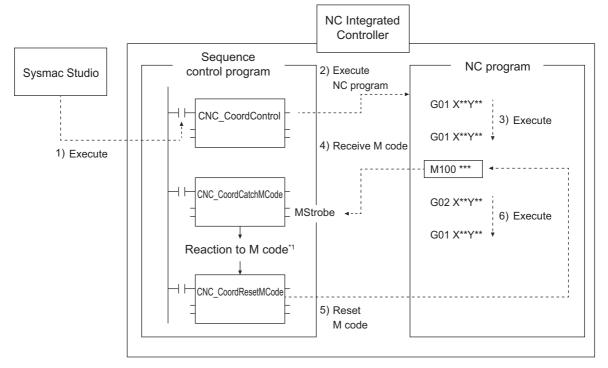
6-1	M Code	s
6-2	S-2 Tool Functions	
	6-2-1	Method for Realizing Tool Data Management
	6-2-2	Method for Realizing Tool Change
6-3	6-3 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis	
	6-3-1	Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with CNC Function Module 6-8
	6-3-2 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with General-purpose I/O Control or	
		MC Function Module
	6-3-3	When No Spindle Axis is Assigned
6-4	Connec	t with MPG

6-1 M Codes

This section describes procedures to interlock the sequence control program with an NC program to construct CNC machine applications, by using M codes.

You can transmit M codes to the sequence control program with the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction. Up to 192 (M0 to M191) M codes to output from the NC program can be specified for each CNC coordinate system. M code numbers (0 to 191) are used to specify the M codes to accept with the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction. A different M code can be programmed for each M code number. The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction can also place multiple instances. Accordingly, there is no limit to the number of M codes that can be output simultaneously. After performing processing according to M codes, such as coolant control and ATC control, the sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction to send M code reset to the NC program.

Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program



- *1. Processing must be programmed according to M codes. For specific applications, refer to the following examples.
 - Coolant, spindle, and other I/O controls.
 - ATC control and tool data writing. Refer to 6-2 Tool Functions on page 6-3 for details.
 - Writing and reading NC program variable monitor. Refer to *NC Program Variable Monitoring* on page 5-19 for details.

6-2 Tool Functions

This section describes the tool change function and tool data management function.

6-2-1 Method for Realizing Tool Data Management

Tool data includes the tool radius and length used for tool compensation, as well as the usage frequency and time recorded for managing the tool life. This Controller does not have a function that manages the tool data. Realize the tool data management function with the aid of the sequence control program, which is capable of saving the data to the hold memory inside the program.

Tool data management can be realized, for example, by defining global variables (shown in the following table) and constructing the following logics using the sequence control program and CNC Operator.

Tool Shape Data Management

Procedure to manage tool shape data is as follows.

- **1** Create a CNC Operator screen used to input the tool length and tool radius for each tool ID.
- 2 Create a logic that initializes the tool life data.

Tool Life Data Management

Procedure for managing tool life data is as follows.

- **1** Create a logic that accumulates the usage frequency, usage time, and abrasion of a tool when the tool is used.
- 2 Set the thresholds for the usage frequency, usage time, and abrasion, and create a logic that detects errors.

Example : The following table shows an example of tool data management.

۱	/ariable name	Data type	Name	Function
oolMa	anagementData	Array[N] of User Define Struct	Tool Data	Tool data (for each tool ID)
Sh	apeData	User Define Struct	Tool Shape Data	A data group related to tool com- pensation
	Offset	LREAL	Tool Length	A value used for tool length com- pensation
	Radius	LREAL	Tool Radius	A value used for tool radius com- pensation
Lif	ecycleData	User Define Struct	Tool Life Data	A data group related to tool life.
	UsageCount	UDINT	Usage Frequency	A value indicating the frequency of tool usage
	OperationTime	Time	Usage Time	A value indicating the elapsed time of tool usage
	LengthWear	LREAL	Abrasion	A value indicating the abrasion of tool length
	RadiusWear	LREAL	Abrasion	A value indicating the abrasion of tool radius

6-2-2 Method for Realizing Tool Change

Refer to the description in 6-1 M Codes on page 6-2 for tool change.

The following example shows how to realize tool change.

When the NC program requests that the tool be replaced, the sequence control program executes automatic tool change. After completing the automatic tool change, the sequence control program transmits the information to the NC program.

Prior Conditions

- a) M code is M100 for tool replacement.
- b) Use the tool ID as an argument of M code output (ID 0 to 2)

Example (Replace with Tool ID #1)

- a) Output M06 VA1 from the NC program.
- b) Receive M06 with the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction in the sequence control program.
- c) Check the Tool ID that has been output to MCodeRef.Outputs[0].
- d) Execute the tool change operation according to the Tool ID.
- e) Execute the CNC_Write instruction to change the tool length and radius.
- After the tool change is completed, execute the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction and restart the NC program.
- g) Enable tool radius compensation and tool length compensation from the NC program.

NC Program

```
G90 G17 F100

G28 // Return to reference point

M06 VA1 //M06 (tool change) Tool ID #1

G41 X10 Y10 // Enables tool radius compensation

G04 P5000

G04 P5000

G40 X0 Y0

G04 P5000

G43 X10 Z10 // Enables tool length compensation

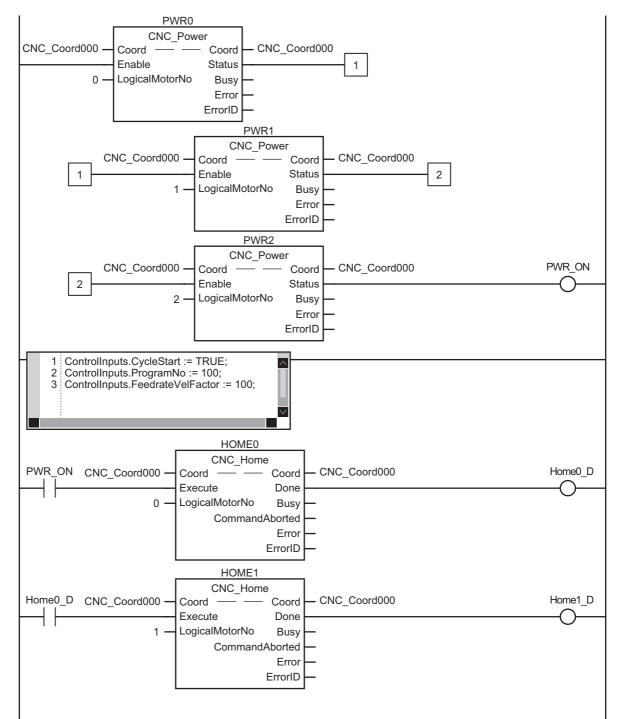
G04 P5000

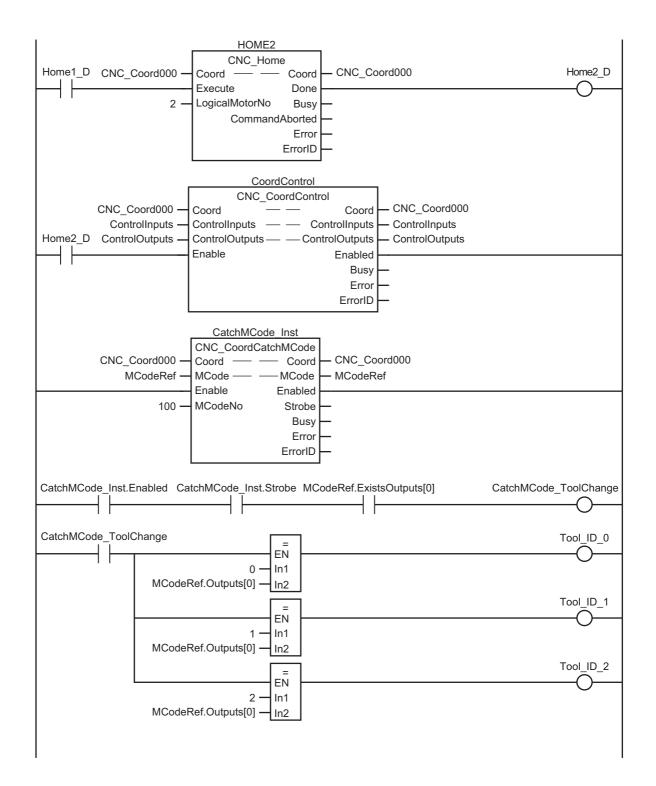
G49 X0 Z0

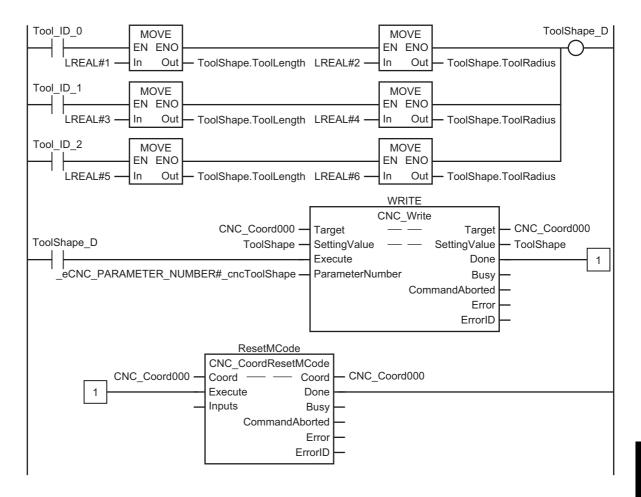
M30
```



• Sequence Control Program







6-3 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis

This section describes the function of spindle axis. There are two methods to realize the function of spindle axis. One is to use the CNC Function Module, and the other is to use the I/O control or MC Function Module.

Refer to 6-3-3 When No Spindle Axis is Assigned on page 6-12 if spindle axis assignment is not required.

6-3-1 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with CNC Function Module

This section describes how to realize the function of spindle axis with the CNC Function Module.

Spindle Axis Assignment

If you control spindle axis with the CNC Function Module, assign a CNC motor to the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system. The spindle axis must conform to CiA402, and support CSV (Cyclic Synchronous Velocity) mode by default.

Positive, Negative, and Stop Operations

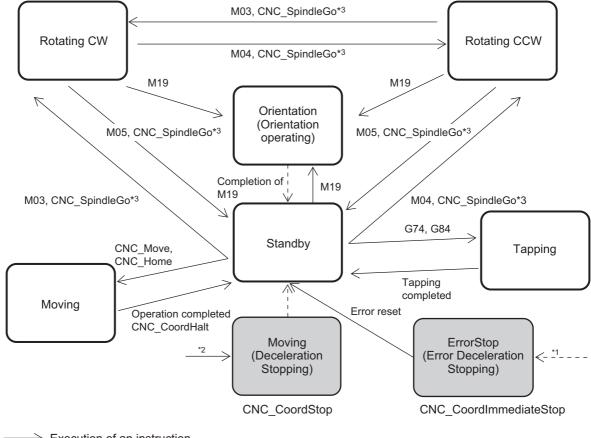
While the NC program is running, the spindle axis is automatically controlled from the CNC Function Module. The user program does not need to receive Positive (M03), Negative (M04), and Stop (M05). If you want to operate the spindle axis in manual mode, use the CNC_SpindleGo instruction.

Orientation of Spindle Axis

The orientation of the spindle axis is automatically controlled from the CNC Function Module. The user program does not need to be used to receive Orientation of Spindle axis (M19). Unlike CW and CCW operations, Orientation of Spindle axis cannot be executed in manual mode.

Spindle Axis States

The status transitions of the spindle axis are shown in the following diagram. The states correspond to respective variables for CNC_Coord[*].Status.Spindle of CNC coordinate system variables.



 \longrightarrow Execution of an instruction.

---> Completion of an instruction and other

Transition occurs when the instruction is completed or due to other factors.

- *1. An error stop event occurs.
- *2. A sop event occurs.
- *3. If Velocity of CNC_SpindleGo is set to 0, transition takes place in the standby state.

Status	Status name	Definition
Standby	Standby	A state where the spindle motor stops.
CW	Rotating in CW direction	Spindle CW (M03), a state where the spindle axis is
		rotating in the CW direction with CNC_SpindleGo.
CCW	Rotating in CCW direction	Spindle CCW (M04), a state where the spindle axis is
		rotating in the CCW direction with CNC_SpindleGo.
Orientation	Orientation operating	A state where the spindle axis is positioned to the ori-
		entation position with Spindle Orientation (M19).
Tapping	Tapping	A state where the spindle axis is tapping with
		Left-handed Tapping cycle (G74) and Tapping cycle
		(G84).
Moving	Moved by instruction	A state where the spindle axis is being moved with
		CNC_Move or CNC_Home
Stopping	Deceleration Stopping	A state until the CNC coordinate system stops for the
		CNC_CoordStop instruction.

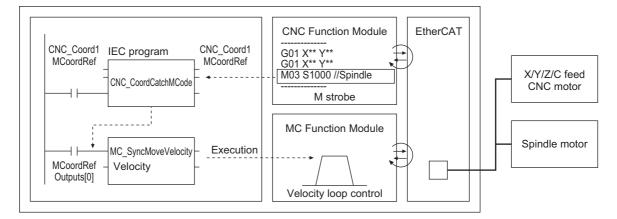
Status	Status name	Definition
ErrorStop	Error Deceleration Stopping	A state until the CNC coordinate system stops or a state where it stops for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction or a CNC coordinate system minor fault.

6-3-2 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with General-purpose I/O Control or MC Function Module

Besides assigning the spindle axis to a CNC coordinate system, the function of spindle axis can also be realized by using I/O control or the MC Function Module. This section describes how to determine the function of the spindle axis with the MC Function Module.

Spindle Axis Assignment

The spindle axis is controlled by the axis assigned to the Motion Control Function Module. Spindle axis operation is realized by programming the transmission of commands from the CNC Function Module to the Motion Control Function Module via an M code and the sequence control program.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When an error occurs for the spindle motor, an appropriate remedy must be programmed so that the sequence control program detects errors and stops the operation of the CNC coordinate system.
- In the same way, when an error occurs in the CNC coordinate system, an appropriate remedy must be programmed so that the sequence control program detects the error and stops the operation of the spindle motor.

Positive, Negative, and Stop Operations

By receiving M03, M04, and M05 using the user program, the following instruction is executed:

MC_SyncMoveVelocity instruction is used for positive/negative operation.

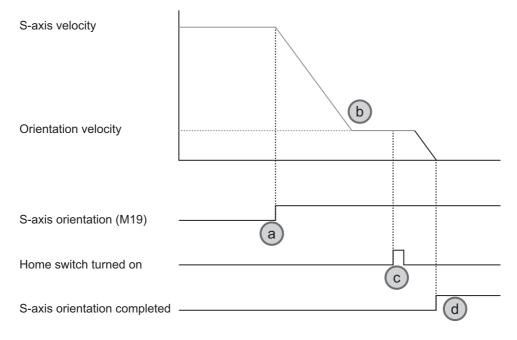
MC_Stop instruction is used for stop operation.

Orientation of Spindle Axis

The sequence control program and MC Function Module are used for the orientation of the spindle axis.

• Example

- a) Receive the M19 (Spindle Orientation) command.
- b) Gradually reduce the velocity instructed for MC_SyncMoveVelocity instruction to the orientation velocity.
- c) Detect the Z-phase position with MC_TouchProbe instruction.
- d) Consider the Z-phase position and orientation position offset, and perform the positioning to the orientation position with MC_MoveAbsolute instruction.



6-3-3 When No Spindle Axis is Assigned

If no spindle axis is assigned to the CNC coordinate system, CNC instructions and G codes/M codes behave differently.

Behavior of the Spindle Axis Instruction

If you execute the instruction without assigning a spindle axis to the CNC coordinate system, an error occurs due to the instruction.

Behaviors of G codes and M Codes for Spindle Axis

If you execute G codes/M codes without assigning a spindle axis to the CNC coordinate system, they behave differently as shown in the following table.

G/M code		Difference of behavior
M03	Spindle CW	Converts into general M code
M04	Spindle CCW	Converts into general M code
M05	Spindle OFF	Converts into general M code
M19	Spindle Orientation	Converts into general M code
G74	Left-handed Tapping Cycle	X/Y/Z/A/B/C operation only (Soft tapping)
G84	Tapping Cycle	X/Y/Z/A/B/C operation only (Soft tapping)

6-4 Connect with MPG

Signals from a manual pulse generator (MPG) or other external input devices are handled as device variables in the sequence control program via EtherCAT slaves such as NX units.

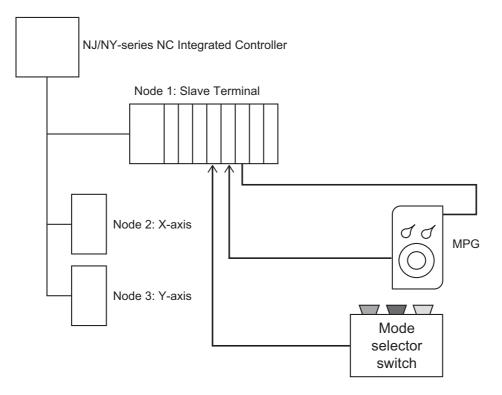
This enables you to connect multiple MPGs without physical limitations, and control the CNC Function Module.

This section provides an example of how to connect an MPG.

Signals from the MPG are received by the NX unit and treated as device variables, and thereby you can control the MPG.

System Configuration

Configuration Diagram



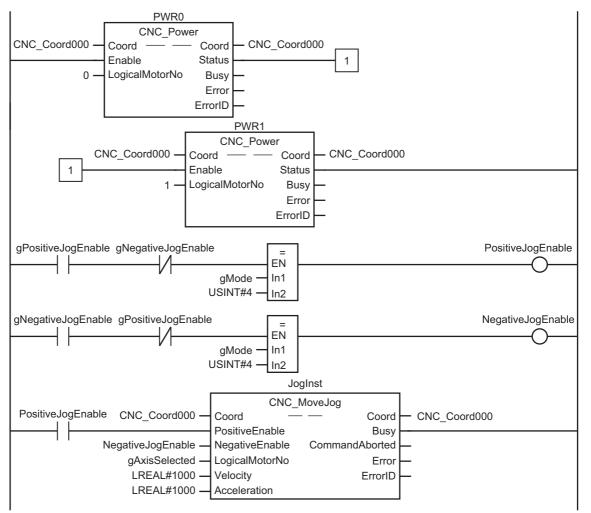
Example of Function List

The following table lists the functions of general MPG. Variables described in the table are the variables used in sample programs of each functions.

Function name	Function	Variables					
		Device variables	Variable name	Data type			
Mode Selection	Switch for selecting	Mode selection	gMode	USINT			
	jog operation/MPG	switch input	0: Edit mode				
	mode		1: Auto mode				
			2: MDI mode				
			3: MPG mode				
			4: Jog mode				
			5: Home mode				
Axis Selection	ction Switch for selecting Axis selection input		gAxisSelected USINT				
	the X/Y-axis		0: X, 1: Y				
Positive/Negative	Switch for jog opera-	Positive direction jog	gPositiveJogEnable	BOOL			
Direction Jog Switch	tion of the selected	switch input					
	axis	Negative direction jog switch input	gNegativeJogEnable	BOOL			
MPG	Operation of the	MPG pulse input	gPulseInput	DINT			
	MPG for the						
	selected axis						
Magnification Ratio	Magnification ratio	Magnification ratio	gRatioSelection	USINT			
Selection	operation and jog input		0: 1 time, 1: 10 times, 2:				
			100 times				
	operation						

Application of Jogging

• Sample Program of Jogging

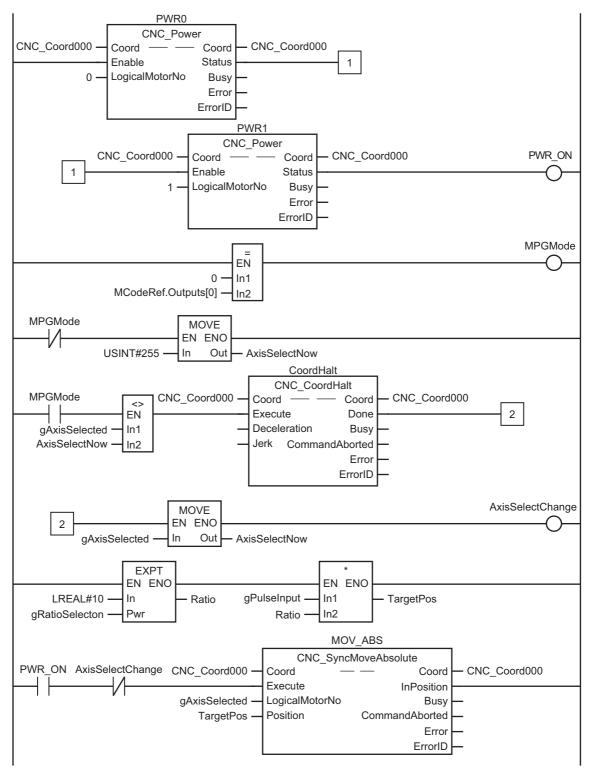


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6 - 15

Application of MPG Operations

• Sample Program of MPG



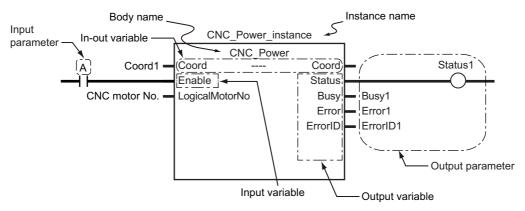
Manual Operation

This section describes functions related to manual operation.

7-1	Turning	ON the Servo	7-2
7-2	Jogging]	7-3
	7-2-1	Jogging Procedure	7-3
	7-2-2	Setting CNC Parameters	7-4
	7-2-3	Input Variable Setting Example	7-4
	7-2-4	Programming Example	7-5

7-1 Turning ON the Servo

You can turn the Servo ON or OFF to enable or disable sending operation commands to the Servo Drive. Use the CNC instruction CNC_Power (Power Servo).



Specify the motors to operate with the *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System Variable)) and *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) in-out variables. Change the *Enable* input variable for CNC_Power to TRUE to turn ON the Servo. Change *Enable* to FALSE to turn OFF the Servo.

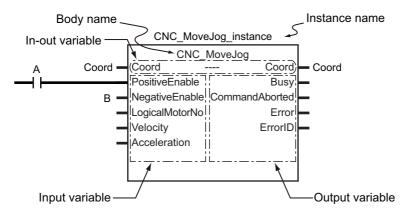
Precautions for Correct Use

Manual operation requires CNC coordinate system or CNC motor settings.

Additional Information

- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when EtherCAT process data communication transitions from the non-established status to the established status.
- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when the *Enable* input variable to the CNC_Power instruction changes to TRUE.

7-2 Jogging



For jogging, use the CNC instruction CNC_MoveJog (Jog).

Specify the axis to jog with the *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System Variable) and *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) in-out variables.

Change the *PositiveEnable* input variable to TRUE to start the axis with the specified positive *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate). Change *PositiveEnable* to FALSE to decelerate and stop the axis at the specified *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate).

Similarly, if you change the *NegativeEnable* input variable to TRUE, the axis will start in the negative direction. Change *NegativeEnable* to FALSE to stop the axis.

You can perform jogging even if the home has not yet been defined.

7-2-1 Jogging Procedure

- Adding and Setting a CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motors
 Add and set a CNC coordinate system and CNC motor from Sysmac Studio.
 Refer to Section 4 CNC Parameters for details.
- 2 Setting the CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motor Parameters Set the CNC coordinate system and CNC motor parameters from Sysmac Studio. Refer to Section 4 CNC Parameters for details.
- **3** Writing the User Program

Create the user program from Sysmac Studio.

4 Downloading the CNC Coordinate System Parameters, and CNC Motor Parameters, and User Program

Download the CNC coordinate system and CNC motor parameters you have set, and the user program to the CPU Unit.

Use the Synchronization menu command of the Sysmac Studio to download the project to the CPU Unit.

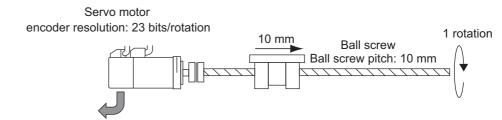
5 Executing the User Program

Execute the user program and change the Enable input variable for CNC_Power to TRUE to change the Servo Drive to the Servo ON state.

Set either the *PositiveEnable* or *NegativeEnable* input variable of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction to TRUE to start jogging.

7-2-2 Setting CNC Parameters

Set the following CNC parameters if you want to jog when home is not defined. The following setting example is for a one-axis device.



Encoder output pulses per motor rotation

23 bits = 8,388,608

Parameter name	Setting
CNC Motor Variable Name	Motor1 ^{*1}
CNC Motor Number	1*2
CNC Motor Use	CNC motor in use
Axis Assignment Type	X-axis
Input/Output Device	1*3
Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation	8,388,608 ^{*4}
Travel Distance Per Work Rotation	10 ^{*4}
Unit of Display	mm
Maximum Velocity	30,000 ^{*5}
Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration	5,000 ^{*6}

*1. If there is more than one axis, a different variable name is set for each CNC motor.

*2. If there is more than one axis, a different value is set for each CNC motor.

- *3. Set the node address to the same value as the node address that is set on the Servo Drive. If there is more than one axis, a different value is set for each CNC motor.
- *4. The position command unit is 1 (mm).
- *5. The maximum velocity will be 3,000 r/min = 30 m/min = 30,000 mm/min.
- *6. The maximum acceleration/deceleration rate is 5000mm/s². The acceleration time to the maximum velocity (3,000 r/min) is 0.1s.

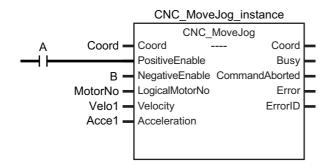
7-2-3 Input Variable Setting Example

This section describes the settings for *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) input variables of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction.

- For example, set Velocity to 6000 to jog at a velocity of 6,000 mm/min.
- Set Acceleration to 500 to accelerate and decelerate at 0.5 m/s².

7-2-4 Programming Example

The following programming example jogs a CNC motor named Motor1 in the positive direction for the value of bit A and in the negative direction for the value of bit B.



At this time, *MotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) is the logical motor number that indicates Motor1, *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is Velo1, and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is Acce1.

Set the values for each variable in the user program in advance to operate the axis with the example input variable settings.

- Coord=CNC_Coord000
- MotorNo = 0
- Velo1 = 1000
- Acce1 = 500

Refer to CNC_MoveJog on page 12-85 for details on the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction.

Homing

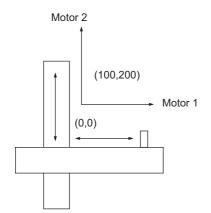
This section describes homing.

8-1	Outline	
8-2	Homing	Procedure
	8-2-1	Setting Homing Parameters
	8-2-2	Monitoring the Homing Operation
8-3	Homing	Operation
8-4	Homing	with an Absolute Encoder 8-12
	8-4-1	Outline of Functions
	8-4-2	Setting Procedure

8-1 Outline

To perform positioning to absolute positions in a positioning system, you first need to define the home.

For example, if you want to position at (Motor 1, Motor 2) = (100 mm, 200 mm) on the XY stage shown below, you must define the home position (0, 0). The process of defining home is called homing.



In the CNC Function Module, use the CNC instruction CNC_Home (Home) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) to define home.

Additional Information

- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when EtherCAT process data communication transitions from the non-established status to the established status.
- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when the *Enable* input variable to the CNC_Power instruction changes to TRUE.
- No NC program can be executed when the home is not defined.
- The software limit function is disabled when the home is not defined.

8-2 Homing Procedure

This section describes the procedure to perform homing.

- Adding and Setting a CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motor
 Add and set a CNC motor and a CNC coordinate system from the Sysmac Studio.
- **2** Setting CNC Motor Parameters Set the homing method with the homing parameters.
- **3** Writing the User Program

Create the user program from Sysmac Studio.

4 Downloading the CNC Parameters and the User Program

Download the CNC motor parameters and CNC coordinate system parameters you have set, and the user program to the NC Integrated Controller.

Use the Synchronization menu command of Sysmac Studio to download the project to the NC Integrated Controller.

5 Executing the User Program

Execute the user program and change the *Enable* input variable for CNC_Power instruction to TRUE to change the Servo Drive to the Servo ON state.

Homing is performed when the *Execute* input variable of the CNC_Home instruction changes to TRUE.

8-2-1 Setting Homing Parameters

Set the homing parameters to specify the homing procedure.

Set the homing parameters from Sysmac Studio.

Setting	Description					
Homing Operation Mode	Select a homing method.					
Home Input Signal	Select the input to use for the home input signal.					
Homing Start Direction	Set the start direction for when homing is started.					
Home Input Detection Direction	Set the home input detection direction for homing.					
Operation Selection at Positive	Set the stopping method when the positive limit input turns ON during hom-					
Limit Input	ing.					
Operation Selection at Negative	Set the stopping method when the negative limit input turns ON during hom-					
Limit Input	ing.					
Homing Velocity	Set the homing velocity. (Unit: command units/min)					
Homing Approach Velocity	Set the velocity to use after the home proximity input turns ON.					
	(Unit: command units/min)					
Homing Acceleration/Decelera-	Specify the acceleration and deceleration rates for homing.					
tion	If the homing acceleration is set to 0, the homing velocity is reached without					
	any acceleration.					
Hame Input Maak Distance	(Unit: command units/s ²)					
Home Input Mask Distance	Set the home input mask distance to be applied when the homing operation mode is set to the proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance. (Unit:					
	command units)					
Home Offset	Preset the actual position for the value that is set after homing.					
	(Unit: command units)					
Homing Holding Time	Set the holding time when you set the homing operation mode to the proxim-					
Tioning Tioning Time	ity reverse turn/holding time. (Unit: ms)					
Homing Compensation Value	Set the homing compensation value that is applied after the home is defined.					
Fielding Compensation Value	(Unit: command units)					
Homing Compensation Velocity	Set the velocity to use for homing compensation. (Unit: command units/min)					
	[
Home proximity input ON						
signal OFF ON						
Home input signal OFF						
Velocity						
Homing velocity -						
Horning velocity						
	Homing compensation					
Homing approach velocity	Stop velocity					
Star						
	Absolute travel to position Homing compensation value					
	where nome input signal					
	was detected					

The homing parameters are described individually below.

Homing Operation Mode

You can select any of the ten operations to define home.

- Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF
- Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON
- Home proximity input OFF
- Home proximity input ON
- Limit input OFF
- Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance
- · Limit inputs only
- Proximity reverse turn/holding time
- No home proximity input/holding home input
- Zero position preset

The following table shows the homing parameters that are used for each Homing Operation Mode.

					(163	. i aiai	netei	13 430	u, 110.	i aiai	netei	15 1101	usea.)
		Homing parameters											
Homing Operation Mode	Home Input Signal	Homing Start Direction	Home Input Detection Direction	Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input	Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input	Homing Velocity	Homing Approach Velocity	Homing Acceleration/Deceleration	Home Input Mask Distance	Home Offset	Homing Holding Time	Homing Compensation Value	Homing Compensation Velocity
Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Home proximity input OFF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Home proximity input ON	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Limit input OFF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Proximity reverse turn/home input mask dis- tance	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Limit inputs only	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Proximity reverse turn/holding time	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
No home proximity input/holding home input	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Zero position preset	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No

(Yes: Parameter is used, No: Parameter is not used.)

Homing Input Signal

In a Homing Operation Mode that uses the home input signal, select either the Z-phase signal of the Servo Drive or an external home signal as the signal to define the home.



Precautions for Correct Use

This parameter can be used to set a home input signal only when an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive is connected.

Homing Start Direction

Select the direction (positive or negative) in which the axis starts moving when homing is started.

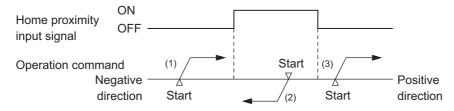
If homing starts while the home proximity signal is ON in a Homing Operation Mode that includes reversal operation for a proximity reverse turn, the axis starts motion in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction (regardless of the setting of the homing start direction).

There are four Homing Operation Modes that include reversal operation for a proximity reverse turn. These are listed below.

- 0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF
- 1: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON
- 9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance
- 12: Proximity reverse turn/holding time

Homing start direction: Positive

Home input detection direction: Positive



(1), (3): The home proximity signal is OFF, so the axis starts moving in the homing start direction.

(2): The home proximity signal is ON, so the axis starts moving in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction.

Homing start direction: Negative Home input detection direction: Negative

Home proximity input signal	ON OFF -				
	and egative <i>—</i> rection	Start	⁽²⁾ ► Start	Start	Positive direction

- (1), (3): The home proximity signal is OFF, so the axis starts moving in the homing start direction.
- (2): The home proximity signal is ON, so the axis starts moving in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction.

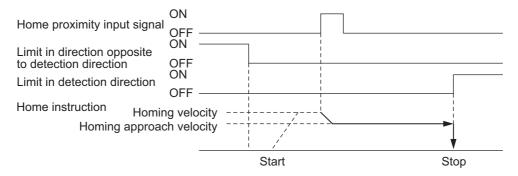
Home Input Detection Direction

Select the direction (positive or negative) in which to detect home.

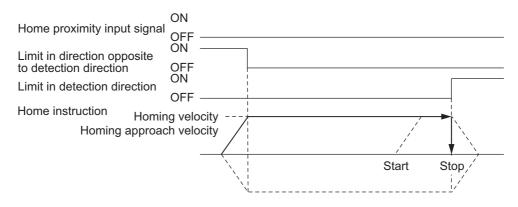
Refer to *Homing Start Direction* on page 8-6 for the relationship between the home detection method and the initial direction in which the machine moves when homing starts.

Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input and Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input

- Select the operation when the axis reaches a limit input in the operating direction during homing: reverse the axis and continue with homing, or do not reverse the axis, create an error, and stop the axis. When you have decided to reverse the direction, also select the method to stop the motor.
- When the motor is set to reverse the direction, an error occurs and the motor stops if the limit signal in the home input detection direction turns ON while the motor travels at the homing approach velocity. However, if the Homing Operation Mode is 13: no home proximity input/holding home input, which does not use proximity signals, no error will occur and the axis will not stop.



When the limit input operations for both directions are set to reverse the directions, an error occurs and the motor stops if home cannot be detected even after the motor moves from one limit input of the home detection direction to the other limit input of the opposite direction.



Homing Velocity

Set the homing velocity in command units/min.

Homing Approach Velocity

Set the velocity after the home proximity input turns ON in command units/min.

8-2 Homing Procedure

8

8-2-1 Setting Homing Parameters

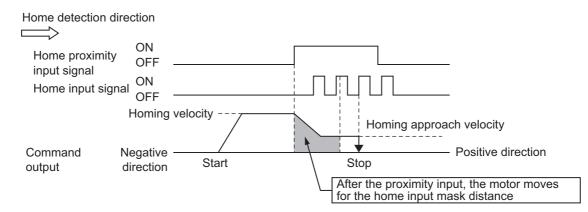
Homing Acceleration/Deceleration

Set the homing acceleration and deceleration rates in command units/s².

If the homing acceleration and deceleration rates is set to 0, the homing velocity and other target velocities are reached without any acceleration.

Homing Input Mask Distance

Set the home input mask distance in command units when you set the homing operation mode to 9: proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance. This is the distance from the position at which the home proximity input signal is set to OFF to the position at which the home proximity input signal is set to OFF to the position at which the home proximity input signal is set to ON to start deceleration.



Home Offset

When the home is defined and the homing compensation value is set, the current value is preset to the specified value after the homing compensation operation is completed.

This function is used when you set home to any specified value rather than to 0.

For systems with absolute encoders, the absolute encoder home offset value is calculated automatically and saved in the battery-backup memory in the NC Integrated Controller.

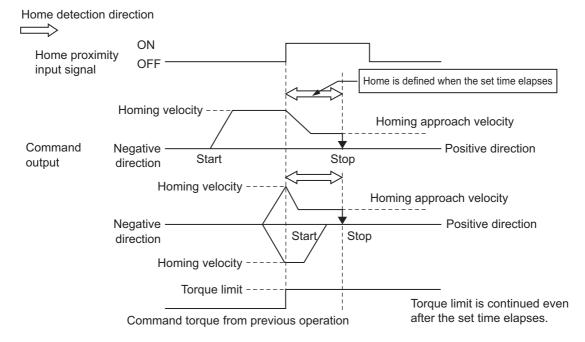
Additional Information

If the target position of the Home Offset overflows or underflows, a Target Position Setting Out of Range (56070000 hex) error is output.

Homing Holding Time

Set the holding time in milliseconds to be applied when you set the homing operation mode to 12: proximity reverse turn/holding time.

This is the period from the time when the home proximity input signal is set to OFF to the time when the home proximity input signal is set to ON to start deceleration.



Homing Compensation Value

After home is defined, relative positioning is performed at the set value to adjust the position of home. This homing compensation is performed at the homing compensation velocity.

Adjusting the workpiece is sometimes difficult after home is defined. The homing compensation can be used to fine-tune the position of home after it is first determined.

This is useful when you cannot easily replace the home proximity sensor or when home has moved after a motor replacement.

Additional Information

If the target position of the homing compensation value overflows or underflows, a Target Position Setting Out of Range (56070000 hex) error is output.

Homing Compensation Velocity

If you set a homing compensation value, set the velocity to use for the compensation in command units/min.

8-2-2 Monitoring the Homing Operation

You can read CNC motor variables from the user program to monitor the homing status and the input signal status.

Variable name	Data type	Name	Function
_CNC_Coord[*].Status.Moving	BOOL	CNC Coordinate	TRUE when homing for the CNC_Home
		System Moving	or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction
			is in progress.
_CNC_Motor[*].Details.Homed	BOOL	Home Defined	TRUE when the home is defined.
			FALSE: Home is not defined.
			TRUE: Home is defined.
_CNC_Motor[*].DrvStatus.P_OT	BOOL	Positive Limit	TRUE when the positive limit input is
		Input	enabled.
_CNC_Motor[*].DrvStatus.N_OT	BOOL	Negative Limit	TRUE when the negative limit input is
		Input	enabled.
_CNC_Motor[*].DrvStatus.HomeSw	BOOL	Home Proximity	TRUE when the home proximity input is
		Input	enabled.

8-3 Homing Operation

Select the home definition method based on the configuration of the positioning system and its purpose.

There are ten homing operation modes supported by the CNC Function Module.

You can also fine-tune the home that was once determined with a homing compensation value.



Additional Information

• The most suitable mode depends on the configuration of the positioning system and the application.

Proximity reverse turn /home proximity input OFF is normally used for a machine that is equipped with home proximity sensor, positive limit input, and negative limit input.

• The in-position check will follow the in-position check settings only for the completion of the home definition and homing compensation motions.

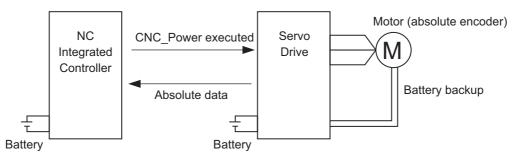
Refer to CNC Instructions on page 10-1 for details on homing.

8-4 Homing with an Absolute Encoder

This section describes how to use an OMRON 1S-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in Ether-CAT communications.

If you use an absolute encoder, the absolute data can be retained by the battery backup function of the encoder even when the power supply to the NC Integrated Controller is turned OFF. When you execute the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction or an EtherCAT communication is established, the position is determined by reading the actual position from the absolute encoder.

Unlike the case where an incremental encoder is used, once the home is defined, you do not need to perform the homing operation again.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When using the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller with an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive, connect the NC Integrated Controller battery to the Servo Drive.
- If you use an absolute encoder in combination with the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller and OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, connect each of the CNC Controller battery and the backup battery of the absolute encoder for the Servo Drive.
- Always execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to define home when you use the absolute encoder for the first time, after you replace the motor, when you use an OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, when the battery in the absolute encoder expires, or at any other time when the absolute value data is lost.
- If there is an error for the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, when the power supply to the NC Integrated Controller is turned ON, an Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error (event code: 17810000 hex) occurs. In this case, you can use the ResetCNCError (Reset CNC Error) instruction to reset the error and turn the Servo Drive ON.

Additional Information

If you use an OMRON G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in Ether-CAT communications, you can set the absolute encoder home position. If you use a Linear Motor Type, observe the followings points when reading this section.

- A Linear Motor Type does not use an encoder. It uses an external scale, which functions in a similar way.
- "Absolute encoder" in this section can be read as an absolute external scale.
- An absolute external scale does not have the rotation data of an absolute encoder. Any rotation data setting procedures that are required for an absolute encoder are not required. A battery to back up the rotation data is also not required.
- Refer to the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCATR[®] Communications Linear Motor Type User's Manual (Cat. No. 1577) for the specification of Linear Motor Type.

8-4-1 Outline of Functions

To define the home of an absolute encoder system, absolute encoder offset compensation is performed when the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction is executed or when EtherCAT process data communications changes from non-established to established state.

The home can be defined by performing the homing operation in the same way as for an incremental encoder. After the home has been defined, the difference between the commanded position and the absolute value data read from the absolute encoder is saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory of the NC Integrated Controller as an offset.

When the actual position is preset with the CNC_Home (Home) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction, the difference between the commanded position and absolute value data after home is defined is also saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** as an offset.

The CNC Function Module saves **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When you replace the NC Integrated Controller or the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, be sure to back up **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** with the home defined before you start the replacement procedure.
- When absolute encoders are used, the **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** for each CNC motor is saved to the battery-backup memory along with the CNC motor number. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, set the Homing Settings again.
- By restoring the backup data after the replacement has been completed, you can use the home defined before the replacement was carried out.
- To back up or restore data, use Sysmac Studio. Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for details on the operation procedure.

8-4-2 Setting Procedure

This section describes the procedure to set the home of an absolute encoder system.

1 Setting the Absolute Encoder

Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W504) for the setup procedures.

2 Setting the CNC Motor Parameters

Select **1: Absolute encoder** for **Encoder Type** of **Position Count Parameters** in the CNC motor parameter of the CNC Function Module. Refer to *4-4-7 Position Count Settings* on page 4-33 for details.

3 Executing Homing

Set the **Homing Operation Mode** in **Homing Settings** in the CNC motor parameter of the CNC Function Module.

After home is defined, the difference between the command position and the absolute value data read from the absolute encoder is saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory when the power supply is interrupted.

Absolute Encoder Setup

The absolute encoder must be set up when it is used for the first time, when you want to initialize the rotation data to 0, when the absolute encoder is left for an extended period of time without the battery connected, or in other cases.

Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for details on the setup procedures.



Precautions for Correct Use

After the absolute encoder is set up, the power supply to the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive must be cycled. When setup processing for the absolute encoder is completed, an Absolute Value Clear Error (A27.1) will occur in the Servo Drive. Cycle the control power supply to the Servo Drive to clear this error and complete the absolute encoder setup procedure.

9

Control Functions for CNC Motor and CNC Coordinate System Operations

This section describes the control functions for CNC motor and CNC coordinate system operations.

9-1	CNC M	lotor Position Control	9-2
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	9-1-2	Absolute Positioning	9-2
	9-1-3	Relative Positioning	9-2
	9-1-4	Cyclic Synchronous Positioning	9-3
	9-1-5	Stopping	9-3
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9-1 CNC Motor Position Control

Position control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to a logical axis. Position control and velocity control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

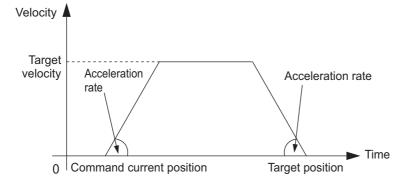
This section describes CNC motor positioning operations.

9-1-1 Outline of Operations

The CNC motor control function of the CNC Function Module supports the PTP operation, manual operations such as jogging, and the homing operation.

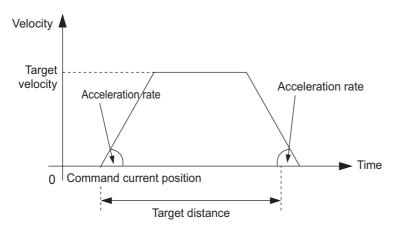
9-1-2 Absolute Positioning

Absolute positioning specifies the absolute coordinates of the target position in relation to home.



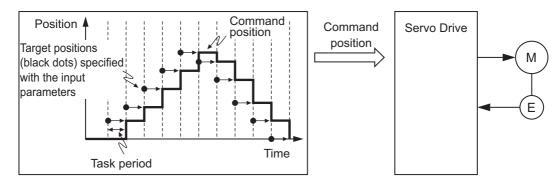
9-1-3 Relative Positioning

Relative positioning specifies the distance from the actual position.



9-1-4 Cyclic Synchronous Positioning

Cyclic synchronous positioning is used to output a target position to a specified CNC coordinate system in each task period. The target position is specified as an absolute position. This function is used to perform MPG feeding and other operations.



9-1-5 Stopping

Functions to stop CNC motor operation include immediate stop input signal and limit input signals connected to the Servo Drive, stop functions of CNC instructions in the user program, and stopping due to errors.

Stopping for Servo Drive Input Signals

CNC motor motion is stopped for the immediate stop input signal or a limit input signal from the Servo Drive.

You can select the stop method with the Sysmac Studio.

Immediate Stop Input

Stop processing in the CNC Function Module is executed according to the state of the Servo Drive input signals. You can select one of the following stopping methods for the CNC Function Module.

- · Immediate stop
- · Immediate stop and error counter reset
- · Immediate stop and Servo OFF

Precautions for Correct Use

The immediate stop input for the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive also causes an error and executes stop processes in the Servo Drive itself.

Limit Input (Positive Limit Input or Negative Limit Input)

Stop processing in the CNC Function Module is executed according to the state of the Servo Drive input signals.

The CNC motor stop method can be selected from the following based on the Limit Input Stop Method of the CNC motor.

- · Immediate stop
- Immediate Stop and Servo OFF

Other CNC motors of the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.



Precautions for Correct Use

If a limit input signal turns ON, do not execute an instruction for CNC coordinate system command in the same direction as the limit input signal.

Stopping for a CNC Instruction

For information about stopping for a CNC instruction, refer to CNC_CoordStop on page 12-70, CNC_CoordImmediateStop on page 12-74, and CNC_CoordHalt on page 12-78 in Section 12 CNC Coordinate System Instructions.

Stopping Due to Errors or Other Problems

Stopping for Errors during CNC Motor Operation

When an error occurs during a CNC motor operation, the motor will stop immediately depending on the error.

Stopping for a Software Limit

When **Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control** is set to *0: An error occurs* and the software limit is judged to be exceeded during execution of an NC program, each CNC motor stops immediately. In other cases, adjust the path or target position so that the software limit is not exceeded.

Errors That Cause the Servo to Turn OFF

An immediate stop is performed if an error occurs that causes the Servo to turn OFF. The operation of Servo Drive during Servo OFF state depends on the settings in the Servo Drive.

While an NC program is running, all other CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system will decelerate to stop at their maximum deceleration rate. In other cases, the other CNC motors are not affected.

Stopping Due to Change in the NC Integrated Controller Mode

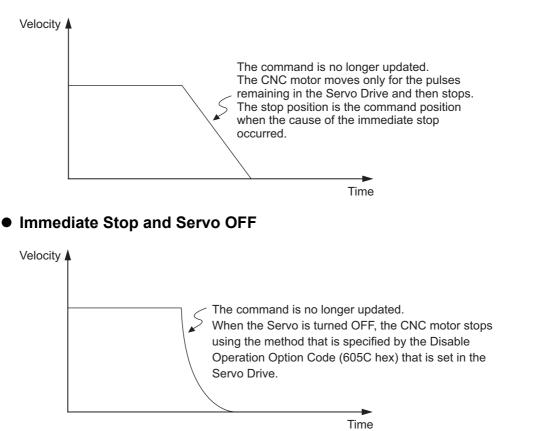
All CNC motors will immediately stop if the NC Integrated Controller operating mode changes.

Additional Information

- When RUN mode changes to PROGRAM mode, any CNC instructions that are currently in execution are aborted. *CommandAborted* output variable from the instructions remains FALSE. The Servo ON/OFF status is maintained after the mode has been switched to the PROGRAM mode.
- If the operating mode returns to RUN mode while a immediate stop is in progress after the
 operating mode changes from RUN to PROGRAM mode, the output variables from CNC
 instructions are cleared. The CommandAborted output variables from the CNC instructions
 therefore remain FALSE.

Stop Methods

Immediate Stop



Stop Priorities

The priorities for each stop method are listed in the following table. If a stop with a higher priority stop method occurs while stopping, the stop method will switch to the higher priority method.

Stop method	Priority (higher numbers mean higher priority)
Immediate stop and Servo OFF	3
Immediate stop and error counter reset	2
Immediate stop	1

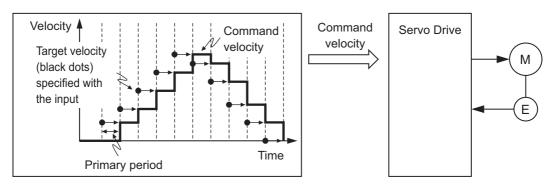
9-2 CNC Motor Velocity Control

Velocity control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

This section describes the CNC motor velocity control functions.

9-2-1 Cyclic Velocity Control

The control mode of the Servo Drive is set to Velocity Control Mode and a command speed is output every control period.

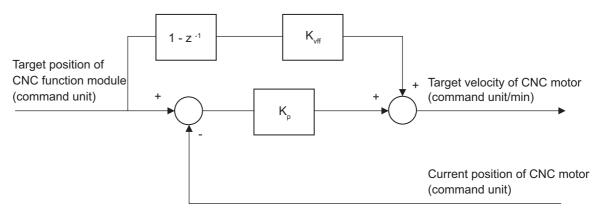


Additional Information

The open loop control is set during velocity control processing.

9-2-2 Position Loop by Cyclic Velocity Control

The CNC Function Module controls the spindle axis using the velocity command. However, the positioning is required for some spindle functions. Therefore, the CNC Function Module has a position loop for each CNC motor that is assigned to the spindle axis. To adjust the responsiveness of the position loop, you can set the Position Loop Gain (K_p) and Velocity Feedforward Gain (K_vff) parameters.





Precautions for Safe Use

- Before adjusting this parameter, use the following methods to control the spindle in open-loop and adjust the gain on the spindle driver to ensure normal operation.
 - CNC_SpindleGo
 - Spindle CW (M03)
 - Spindle CCW (M04)
- · When adjusting the gain, take sufficient measures to ensure safety.
- If oscillation (abnormal noise or vibration) occurs, immediately turn OFF the power to the Drive or turn the Servo OFF.

Position Loop Gain

The Position Loop Gain (K_p) parameter gives the main gain for servo loop, and it provides control outputs that are proportional to the position error (i.e. difference between the command position and the current position) of the CNC motor.

Velocity Feedforward Gain

Velocity Feedforward Gain K_vff adds the control amount that is proportional to the command velocity of the CNC motor to the control output. This parameter is used to reduce following errors caused by physical damping effects.

If you need adjustments using this parameter, make sure that both adjustments of spindle driver and position loop gain are completed. Increase the setting value gradually from zero. Overshooting will increase if an excessively large value is set at once.

9-3 Common Functions for CNC Motor Control

This section describes the common functions of CNC motor control.

9-3-1 Positions

Types of Positions

The CNC Function Module uses the following two types of positions.

Type of position	Definition
Command position	This is the command position of the CNC motor.
Feedback current position	This is the feedback position of the CNC motor.

Position Parameters

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
In-position Range ^{*1}	Set the in-position width. ^{*2}	0 or larger single-preci-	10
	(Unit: motor command units)	sion real value	
	When the value is set to 0, positioning is completed when the positioning command is completed.		
In-position Check Time ^{*3}	While a CNC instruction is executed, an error occurs if CNC motors for all of the positioning axes in the coordinate system are not in-positioned within this time period at the completion of the travel command. Set this check time in milliseconds. ^{*4}	0 to 10,000	0
	However, the in-position check is not per- formed for the blending operation. The in-position check is also not performed if 0 is set. (Unit: ms)		
Software Overtravel Limit ^{*5}	Set the operation when the software over- travel limit of the CNC motor is reached while the CNC coordinate system is oper- ating.	0 or 1	0
	0: An error occurs.		
	Each CNC motor stops immediately.		
	1: No error occurs.		
	The commanded position of the CNC motor is limited by software overtravel limit, and the operation continues with- out observing the path.		
Positive Software	Set the software overtravel limit in the	Positive single-preci-	10,000
Overtravel Limit	positive direction.	sion reals	
	(Unit: motor command units)		

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Negative Software	Set the software overtravel limit in the	Negative single-preci-	-10,000
Overtravel Limit	negative direction.	sion reals	
	(Unit: motor command units)		
Following Error Over Value	Set the excessive following error check	Positive single-preci-	0
	value.	sion reals or 0	
	Set 0 to disable the excessive following		
	error check. (Unit: motor command units)		
Following Error Warning	Set the following error warning check	Positive single-preci-	0
Value	value.	sion reals or 0	
	Set 0 to disable the following error warn-		
	ing check. (Unit: motor command units)		

*1. The in-position check is processed by the CNC Function Module. The function in the Servo Drive is not used.

- *2. The maximum value that you can set for the in-position range is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *3. Set a value larger than the number of in-position check continuance cycle of the positioning axis composition CNC motor.

Example: Suppose that the control cycle time of a primary periodic task is 2 milliseconds, and that the largest value of the in-position check continuance cycle for the composition CNC motor is 100 control periods. Then the in-position check time must be set to a value larger than 200 milliseconds.

*4. The result of an in-position check of the CNC coordinate system is determined with the CNC Planner Service. Actually, therefore, the accuracy of the in-position check time is rounded down to the unit of the CNC Planner Service period. If the in-position check time is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period, it becomes 0 after being rounded down and the in-position check is not executed.

Example: Suppose that the in-position check time is 6 milliseconds and that the CNC Planner Service period is 4 milliseconds. Then normal operation is performed when the in-position check for all of the positioning axis CNC motors is completed within one period (4 milliseconds) of the CNC Planner Service that has actually finished the travel command. An error occurs if it takes longer than this period.

*5. This function is enabled only when the home has been determined.

Monitoring Positions

You can read CNC Motor variables in the user program to monitor positions.

Variable name	Data type	Name	Function
_CNC_Motor[*].Cmd.Pos	LREAL	Command Current Position	This is the current value of the command position.
			When the Servo is OFF and the mode is not the position control mode, the feedback cur- rent position is output.
_CNC_Motor[*].Act.Pos	LREAL	Feedback Current Position	This is the feedback current position.

Count Mode

The count mode is the linear mode that has a finite axis feed range. The linear mode has the following features:

- The linear mode is centered around 0.
- When the CNC motor is assigned to the feed axis, the range is set using a 40-bit signed integer (0x8000000000 to 7FFFFFFFF) after pulse unit conversion has been completed.
- If the CNC motor is assigned to the spindle axis, the range when the value is converted to pulses is 54-bit signed integer ($-2^{53} \le Position \le +2^{53} 1$).
- For positioning that specifies target positions, such as relative and absolute positioning, you cannot assign targets that exceed the specified range.
- A Command Position Overflow/Underflow observation will occur if the specified range is exceeded. Command position outputs will continue, but the actual position is not updated and is fixed to either the upper limit or the lower limit.
- In a state where the current position is fixed, positioning used to specify the target position can be executed when a position within the operating range is specified (CNC_Move, CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute). Any operation that does not specify the target position can be performed when a direction within the operating range is specified (CNC_MoveJog). Any command that specifies a direction away from the range will cause an error on execution of the instruction. (CNC_Move, CNC_Sync-MoveAbsolute, CNC_MoveJog)
- During home definition, velocity control, and stop operation, the status in which the value of the current position is fixed is not determined as an error. (CNC_HomeWithParameter, CNC_Home, CNC_SpindleGo, CNC_CoordHalt, CNC_CoordImmediateStop, CNC_CoordStop)
- During multi-axis coordinated control operation (execution control of NC program), the status in which the current position is fixed is determined as an error when an instruction is executed regardless of the direction. Note that a spindle axis is not included in axes that perform the coordinated operation. (CNC_CoordControl)
- The current position is not updated until a command position overflow or underflow observation status is cleared.

9-3-2 Velocity

Types of Velocities

The CNC Function Module uses the following two types of velocities.

Type of velocity	Definition
Command velocity	This is the velocity that the CNC Function Module outputs to control a CNC motor.
Feedback velocity	This is the velocity calculated in the CNC Function Module based on the feedback position that is input from the Servo Drive or counter.

Velocity Unit

A velocity is given in command units/min. The command unit is the value obtained from unit conversion of the position display unit and the electronic gear.

Parameters That Are Related to Velocities

Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30.

9-3-2 Velocity

9 - 11

Monitoring Velocities

You can read CNC Motor Variables in the user program to monitor velocities.

Variable name	Data type	Name	Function
_CNC_Motor[*].Cmd.Vel	LREAL	Command Current Velocity	This is the current value of the command velocity.
			A plus sign is added during travel in the pos- itive direction, and a minus sign is added during travel in the negative direction.
_CNC_Motor[*].Act.Vel	LREAL	Feedback Current Velocity	This is the feedback current velocity. A plus sign is added during travel in the pos- itive direction, and a minus sign is added during travel in the negative direction.

9-3-3 Acceleration Control

The acceleration and deceleration characteristics at the CNC motor position control are determined by the acceleration/deceleration rate settings.

Acceleration/Deceleration Rate Control

Specify the acceleration/deceleration rate in motor command units/s². The target velocity does not determine acceleration/deceleration rate. The required acceleration/deceleration time also differs for some target velocities. The target velocity may not be reached with some combination of specifications for travel distance, target velocity, and acceleration/deceleration rate.

Acceleration Parameters

Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30.

9-3-4 **Gantry Control**

Gantry control is a special control function for the gantry system.

The CNC motor that is set to the slave axis for the gantry axis in the Gantry Settings of the CNC motor settings is called a gantry slave axis. In addition, the CNC motor specified at CNC Motor Number for Gantry Master Axis is called a gantry master axis.

The gantry slave axis automatically follows the command position of the gantry master axis. This makes it easier to realize the gantry system only by specifying absolute positioning, jog operation and linear interpolation for the gantry master axis.

CNC_Power (Power Servo), CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting), and CNC_Read (Read CNC Setting) are the only CNC instructions that can be issued to the gantry slave axis individually.

If you instruct CNC Move (Positioning), CNC MoveJog (Jog), CNC SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning), CNC_Home (Home), or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) for the gantry slave axis, the Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified (56050000 hex) will occur.

Other than a function that follows a command position, the gantry control also has the following functions to control the gantry system:

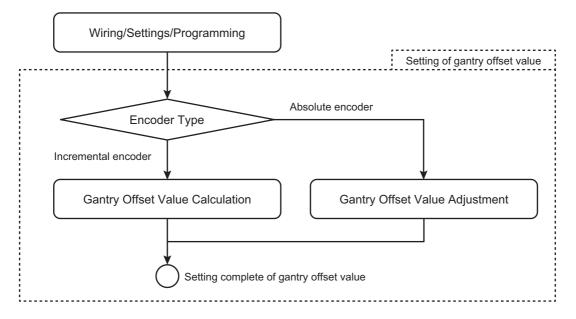
- · Gantry offset
- · Gantry homing
- · Alignment compensation
- · Gantry monitor function

9

The initial setup and start for devices that have a gantry system are implemented by the following procedure.

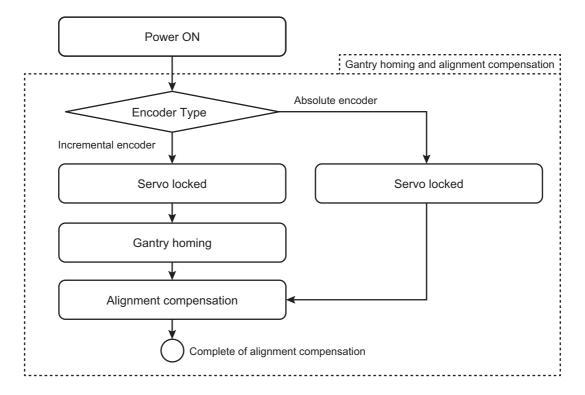
Initial Setup Procedure for Devices That Have a Gantry System

The initial setup for devices that have a gantry system is implemented by the following chart.



Start Procedure for Devices That Have a Gantry System

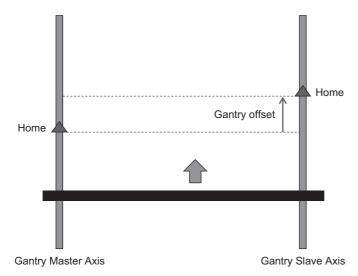
The start for devices that have a gantry system is implemented by the following chart.



Gantry Offset

A displacement from the home exists between the gantry axes. The value that compensates this displacement is called a gantry offset. Before starting up the gantry system machine, you need to calculate the gantry offset and adjust the value at first.

The CNC_GantrySkewControl (Gantry Skew Control) instruction is used to calculate and adjust the gantry offset. Refer to *CNC_GantrySkewControl* on page 12-132 for details.



The CNC Function Module updates the gantry offset value when the CNC_SkewControl execution completes, and it saves the value in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted.

Precautions for Correct Use

The **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** area of each CNC motor is used for the gantry offset. As with the case of the **Absolute Encoder Home Offset**, note the following conditions.

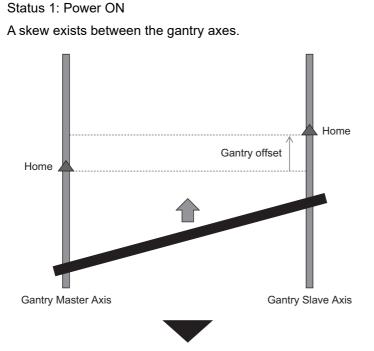
- For the NY-series Controllers, the gantry offset for each CNC motor is saved to the non-volatile memory along with the CNC motor number. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, calculate the gantry offset again.
- If there is an error for the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, when the power supply to the NC Integrated Controller is turned ON, an *Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error* (event code: 17810000 hex) occurs. In this case, note that a read error for the gantry offset value also occurs.
- When you replace the NC Integrated Controller or the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, be sure to back up **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** with the gantry home defined before you start the replacement procedure.
- By restoring the backup data after the replacement has been completed, you can use the home defined before the replacement was carried out.

Gantry Homing

When homing is executed for the gantry master axis with the CNC_Home (Home) instruction or the CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction, homing is executed for the gantry master axis first and then for the gantry slave axis next.

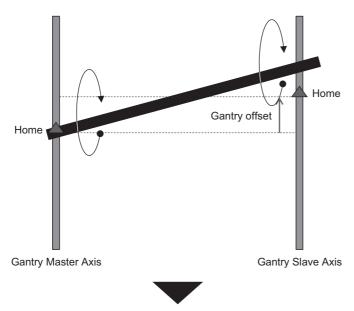
In addition, based on the position of the home of each axis and the gantry offset, the skew between the axes is measured and compensated automatically. This operation is called alignment compensation.

Example of gantry homing



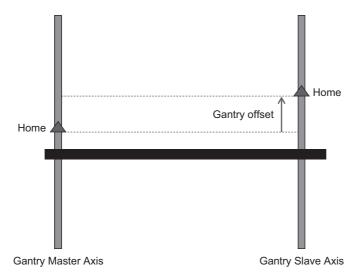


Homing operation is executed sequentially for the gantry master axis and the gantry salve axis.



Status 3: Alignment compensation

Alignment compensation executes with the gantry offset.



By performing the gantry homing, the value of *Home Defined* (Homed) system-defined variable changes to TRUE.

Precautions for Correct Use

For the alignment compensation after gantry homing, the gantry offset must be calculated correctly. Always execute gantry homing after the calculation of the gantry offset.

Additional Information

- When 1: Absolute encoder is set for the encoder type of the gantry master and slave axes, the home is defined when communications are established or when the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction is executed.
- When the CNC_Home (Home) instruction is used, values specified for the gantry master axis are used for the homing parameters of the gantry master axis and values specified for the gantry slave axis are used for the homing parameters of the gantry slave axis.
- When the CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction is used, values specified for the gantry slave axis are used for the homing parameters of the gantry slave axis.
- *Home Offset* is not used the setting value for the gantry slave axis. Instead, it is preset based on the current position for the gantry master axis.
- By setting Homing Operation Mode for the gantry slave axis to *14: Zero position preset*, you can use the homing method where the current position for the gantry master axis is preset to the gantry slave axis without inputting home signal for the gantry slave axis.
- Gantry homing is not necessary for the gantry system that uses the absolute encoder. Alignment compensation executes automatically when the servo is locked.

Alignment Compensation

When any of the following conditions are met, alignment compensation executes automatically depending on the *Alignment Velocity* in Gantry Settings.

- Right after the gantry home is defined
- When the Servo is locked for the CNC motor assigned to the gantry slave axis with its home defined
- · When the gantry offset is adjusted with CNC_GantrySkewControl (Gantry skew control)

Precautions for Correct Use

When the absolute encoder is used, the home is defined for the CNC motor since the initial power is ON. To avoid unexpected behavior of alignment compensation, make sure to check the monitor value of the current position and the actual machine position before the Servo is locked when the initial power is ON.

Gantry Monitor Function

This function automatically monitors the status between the gantry axes. This function is further classified into the following two functions.

Position Deviation between Axes Monitor Function

This function monitors a difference of the feedback position between the gantry axes. This function allows you to stop the gantry axes operation automatically in case the axes have a displacement from each other due to an error with one of the axes or other reasons.

Once the deviation exceeds *Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value* in the gantry slave axis settings, the *Position Deviation between Axes Limit Warning* (679A0000 hex) will occur. Furthermore, if the deviation exceeds *Position Deviation between Axes Over Value*, the *Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded* (679B0000 hex) will occur.

Additional Information

The position deviation between axes monitor function is enabled when the gantry slave axis is in the servo lock state. In the following cases, the gantry home is not defined. Therefore, this function monitors the difference of the current position of each Servo Drive for the master axis and the slave axis.

- · When the gantry home is undefined
- · When the gantry homing operation is in progress

Gantry Master Axis Status Monitor Function

This function automatically turns the Servo OFF for the gantry slave axis when a Servo OFF state is detected for the gantry master axis.

Note that the relationship between the master axis and slave axis in the gantry system is switched internally during the homing operation of the gantry slave axis. Therefore, the monitoring target by this function is switched accordingly.

Effects on System-defined Variables

Some of the system-defined variables that are related to the gantry master and slave axes will behave differently from the standard functions.

Details are given below.

• CNC Motor Variables

The following statuses affect the CNC motor variables for the gantry master axis.

Variable name	Data type	Name	Changes to the function
_CNC_Motor[031].	BOOL	Home Defined	TRUE when Home Defined is speci-
Details.Homed			fied for the gantry master and slave
			axes.
_CNC_Motor[031].	BOOL	Positive Software Overtravel	TRUE when Positive Software Over-
Details.SoftLimitPosi		Limit	<i>travel Limit</i> is specified for the gantry
			master or slave axis.
_CNC_Motor[031].	BOOL	Negative Software Overtravel	TRUE when Negative Software
Details.SoftLimitNega		Limit	Overtravel Limit is specified for the
			gantry master or slave axis.
_CNC_Motor[031].	BOOL	In-position Completed	TRUE when In-position Completed is
Details.InPos			specified for the gantry master and
			slave axes.

• NC Program Variables

The following variable affects the NC program variables that are related to the gantry slave axis.

Variable name	Name	Function
_CNC_CapturedPosition@ ^{*1}	Logical motor @ capture position	This function does not work.
		The capture function for the gantry slave axis does not work. It only works for the master axis. ^{*2}

*1. @ indicates the logical motor number from 0 to 7.

*2. The capture function for the gantry slave axis does not work. No value is assigned to the variable for the capture position.

9-4 CNC Coordinate System Position Control

This section describes the operation of multi-axes coordinated control. With the CNC Function Module, you can set a CNC coordinate system in advance from Sysmac Studio to perform interpolation control for multiple axes.

9-4-1 Outline of Operations

Multi-axes coordinated control performs a motion with multiple related CNC motors together as a single group to control the path of the target control object such as tool center points.

The CNC Function Module treats all CNC motors that perform coordinated operation as a CNC coordinate system. CNC coordinate system are set from the Sysmac Studio. The NC program is used to control the path of the tool center point in the CNC coordinate system.

In the user program, each of the composition CNC motors for a CNC coordinate system are set to Servo ON status and to complete homing. Then, the CNC instruction to start the NC program and path operation is executed. If any error occurs on any CNC motor in the CNC coordinate system, all other CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.



Precautions for Correct Use

You cannot execute NC programs to a coordinate system if a CNC motor that composes the coordinate system is manually operated. In the same way, the manual operation cannot be executed during execution of the NC program except for the *Hold* (Holding) status.

Resetting CNC Coordinate System Errors

If an error occurs in a CNC coordinate system, you can use the CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instruction to remove the error once you have eliminated the cause.

9-4-2 Preparatory Function (G code)

Refer to the NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031).

9-5 Common Functions for CNC Coordinate System Position Control

For information about position, feedrate, acceleration time, deceleration time, and override, refer to the *NJ/NY-Series G code Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. 0031).

9

9-6 Other Functions

This section describes other functions of the CNC Function Module.

9-6-1 Latching

Latching is used to control positioning based on the position where a trigger signal occurs, such as a signal from a sensor input. The position of the CNC motor is recorded (i.e., latched) when the trigger signal occurs.

Latching is required for G31 (Skip Function).

9-6-2 Software Limit

The positive and negative software limit parameters are provided for each CNC motor.

When **Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control** is set to *0: An error occurs* and the software limit is judged to be exceeded during execution of an NC program, each CNC motor stops immediately. In other cases, the path or target position is adjusted so that the software limit is not exceeded.

The software limit is valid only when the home is defined. The software limit is invalid during homing.

9-6-3 In-position Check

In-position Check for CNC Motors

For the in-position range, specify the maximum position error value so that the CNC motor can be assumed in the in-position status when any command operations are not executed. For the number of in-position continuance cycles, specify the number of consecutive repetitions during which the in-position status must be true so that the CNC motor can be assumed in the in-position status.

If the number of in-position continuance cycles is greater than 0, the in-position status must continue to be true for the period specified by the additional number of consecutive check times. The NC Integrated Controller checks these conditions in each primary period for all the active CNC motors. If any of these additional checks detects that any of these conditions is not true, the count must be started again from zero.

Additional Information

- The following five conditions must be satisfied in order that the CNC motor is assumed to be in the in-position status:
 - The CNC motor is in a closed-loop control state.
 - The command velocity of the CNC motor is set to 0.
 - The CNC motor is not running or dwell processing is not executed for the specified period of time.
 - The magnitude of the error is less than or equal to the in-position range.
 - The above four conditions are satisfied in the consecutive primary period (i.e., the number of continuous in-position cycles + 1).
- When the number of in-position continuance cycles is set to the default value, if the in-position conditions (closed-loop, commanded velocity zero, and error less than or equal to the in-position range) are satisfied at the first check, the *InPos* (in-position completion) CNC motor variable is set.

In-position Check for CNC Coordinate Systems

When the in-position check time of the CNC coordinate system parameters is set to a positive value and blending is disabled between programs, this Controller is specified to check the in-position conditions before all axes on the coordinate system start the next motions by the NC program. In this case, specify the in-position check timeout time to the in-position check time. The timeout time is indicated by the number of CNC Planner Service periods (CNC Planner Service Period + 1 servo cycle). If all axes in the coordinate system are not set in the in-position status within this time before the start of the next travel, the NC Program Execution Error (67990000 hex) occurs and the program stops.

When the in-position check time of CNC coordinate system parameter is set to 0 and blending is disabled, this Controller instantaneously stops the command position before the next travel is started. However, this does not mean that the actual position of any axis reaches the end point.

When all the CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system are judged to be in the in-position status, the in-position status *bit* of the CNC coordinate system is set. After the in-position check is completed, a dwell time wait operation is inserted before the next programmed travel is executed.

10

CNC Instructions

This section describes CNC instructions.

10-1	Overvie	w of CNC Instructions	10-2
	10-1-1	Types of CNC Instructions	10-2
	10-1-2	State Transitions	10-2
	10-1-3	Execution and Status of CNC Instructions	10-2
	10-1-4	Error Processing	10-2
	10-1-5	Changing Input Variables during Execution of CNC Instruction (Restarting Instructions)	10-3
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10-2	Basic In	formation on CNC Instructions	10-4
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	10-2-2	Languages for CNC Instructions	10-4
	10-2-3	CNC Instruction Locations	10-4
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10-1 Overview of CNC Instructions

This section provides an overview of CNC instructions.

10-1-1 Types of CNC Instructions

The following table shows the types and descriptions of CNC instructions.

Туре	Category	Functional group	Outline
Common commands	Common administra-	Parameters	These instructions are used to control
	tion instructions		the common statuses of the CNC Func-
			tion Module, and to manipulate or mon-
			itor various data items.
CNC coordinate sys-	CNC coordinate sys-	CNC coordinate sys-	These instructions perform coordinated
tem commands	tem motion instruc-	tem control	motion of the CNC coordinate system.
	tions		
	CNC coordinate sys-	Auxiliary functions for	These instructions are used to control
	tem administration	CNC coordinate sys-	or monitor the CNC coordinate system
	instructions	tem control	status.

10-1-2 State Transitions

State transitions are defined for the CNC coordinate system and instruction execution.

10-1-3 Execution and Status of CNC Instructions

Variables that start instruction execution or that indicate the execution status are defined as common rules for the instructions.

There are two input variables that start instruction execution: Execute and Enable.

The output variables that indicate the execution status of an instruction include *Busy*, *Done*, *Command-Aborted*, and *Error*.

10-1-4 Error Processing

You execute CNC instructions to implement numerical control with the CNC Function Module. When CNC instructions are executed, input parameters and instruction processing are checked for errors.

If an error occurs in an instruction, the *Error* output variable from the instruction changes to TRUE and an error code is output to *ErrorID* (Error Code) output variable.

There are two ways that you can use to program processing of errors for CNC instructions.

• Error Processing for Individual Instructions

You can use the *Error* (Error) and *ErrorID* (Error Code) output variables from the instruction to process errors that occur for each instruction.

• Error Processing for Different Types of Errors

You can use the error status that is provided by the CNC system-defined variables to process each type of error separately.

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10-1-5 Changing Input Variables during Execution of CNC Instruction (Restarting Instructions)

If the input variable *Execute* of the same instruction instance is changed to TRUE again while the CNC instruction is under execution, an error occurs.

10-1-6 Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Unlike the Motion Control Function Module, CNC instructions do not have functions for buffer modes.

Whether the multi-execution of instructions is supported in the CNC Function Module depends on by the current status of CNC coordinate system and the instruction to execute. Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-15 for details.

10-2 Basic Information on CNC Instructions

This section describes the basic specifications and restrictions for programming with CNC instructions for the CNC Function Module built into the NC Integrated Controller.

10-2-1 CNC Instruction Names

All the CNC instructions for the CNC Function Module begin with "CNC_".

10-2-2 Languages for CNC Instructions

The CNC instructions of the CNC Function Module can be used in the programming languages shown below.

- Ladder diagram (LD)
- Structured text (ST)

10-2-3 CNC Instruction Locations

This section describes what task a CNC instruction can be assigned to, and the relationship between the location of the task in a program and the resultant operation.

Task Types

CNC instructions can be used in the primary periodic task. If you use CNC instructions in any other task, an error will occur when you build the program.

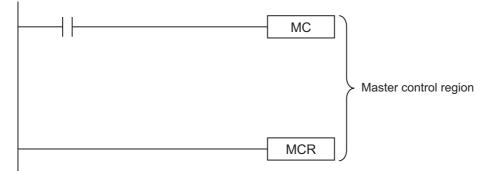
Task Type	Applicable
Primary periodic task	Yes
Periodic task (execution priority: 16)	No
Periodic task (execution priority: 17)	No
Periodic task (execution priority: 18)	No
Event task (execution priority: 8)	No
Event task (execution priority: 48)	No

In Function Block Definitions

You can also use CNC instructions in the function block definitions that user creates.

Master Control Regions

The area in a ladder diagram between the Master Control Start instruction (MC) and the Master Control End instruction (MCR) is the master control region.



If a CNC instruction is located in the master control region, and the MC input condition is FALSE, the following will occur.

- When the CNC instruction is directly input from the left bus bar to the *Enable* or *Execute* input variable of the CNC instruction, the *Enable* or *Execute* input variable is FALSE.
- The values of the output parameters are updated as normal even when the *Enable* or *Execute* input variables to the CNC instructions are FALSE.

Precautions for Correct Use

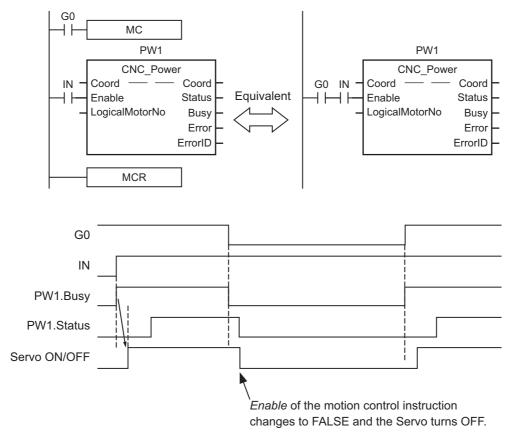
You cannot use master control for Structured Text Language and inline ST inside a ladder diagram.

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)* for information on the master control and the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502)* for information on the MC and MCR instructions.

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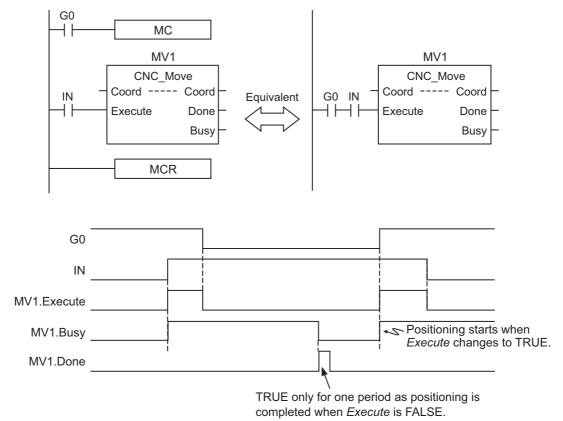
• Enable-type CNC Instructions

- Instructions located in master control regions are equivalent to the programming shown on the right in the following figure.
- When G0 is TRUE, the CNC_Power is executed normally.
- When G0 is FALSE, the CNC_Power is executed as if the *Enable* input variable was FALSE.



• Execute-type CNC Instructions

- Instructions located in master control regions are equivalent to the programming shown on the right in the following figure.
- When G0 is TRUE, the CNC_Move is executed normally.
- When G0 is FALSE, the CNC_Move is executed as if the *Execute* input variable was FALSE.
- Instructions executed when G0 is TRUE continue operation until completion, even if G0 changes to FALSE during operation. The values of output parameters are also updated in the normal way.



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CNC Instructions in ST Statement Instructions

This section describes the operation of CNC instructions when they are located in ST statement instructions, such as IF, CASE, WHILE, or REPEAT instructions.

When the evaluation result for the condition expression of an ST statement instruction is FALSE, the CNC instructions within the structure are not executed. Also, the values of the output variables are not updated.

If execution of an execute-type instruction is started and then the evaluation result changes to FALSE, processing is continued until it is completed. In that case, however, the values of the output variables are not updated.

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Precautions for Correct Use

The execution status of an execute-type instruction in an ST statement instructions will not be clear if the evaluation result of the condition expression changes to FALSE during execution of the instruction, therefore, we do not recommend using execution-type instructions in ST statement instructions.

If they must be used, be careful of the operation.

Treatment of REAL and LREAL Data

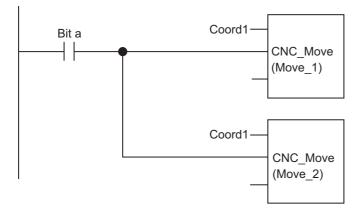
REAL and LREAL are floating-point decimal data types.

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

10-2-4 Simultaneous Execution of CNC Instructions

This section describes operations to execute multiple CNC instructions for the same CNC coordinate system in the same task period.

- In the following programming, instruction instances **Move_1** and **Move_2** start in the same task period when Bit a turns ON.
- Instructions in a program are executed from the top. Therefore Move_1 is started first, and then Move_2 is started before Move_1 is finished.
- This is considered as the multi-execution of CNC instructions. In this example, Move_2 is executed multiple times in relation to Move_1.



10-2-5 Online Editing of CNC Instructions

You can perform the following online editing operations for CNC instructions from the Sysmac Studio.

Online editing operations
Deleting CNC instructions
Adding CNC instructions
Adding input variables, output variables, and in-out variables to CNC instructions
Changing input variables, output variables, and in-out variables for CNC instructions

Deleting input variables, output variables, and in-out variables for CNC instructions

10-2-6 Changes the Operation Mode of the NC Integrated Controller

The NJ/NY-series NC integrated controller has two operation modes: PROGRAM mode and RUN mode.

This section describes the operation of the CNC Function Module when the operating mode changes.

Changes from RUN Mode to PROGRAM Mode

- The CNC instruction that is under execution will be aborted. The *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) output variable remains FALSE, but the operation is the same as when *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) is TRUE.
- If the axis is moving, it will perform an immediate stop. The Servo ON/OFF status will continue.

Changes from PROGRAM Mode to RUN Mode

- The output variables of the CNC instructions are cleared.
- The axis performs an immediate stop when the mode changes from RUN mode to PROGRAM mode. If the operating mode is changed back to RUN mode while the axis performs an immediate stop, the output variables from the CNC instruction are cleared. Therefore, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) of the CNC instruction that was under execution remains FALSE.

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11

Variables and Instructions

This section describes the variables and instructions for the CNC Function Module.

11-1 Variab	les	11-2
11-1-1	Input Variables for CNC Instructions	
11-1-2	Output Variables for CNC Instructions	
11-1-3	In-Out Variables for CNC Instructions	
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11-2-2	CNC Coordinate System Commands	
11-3 PDO M	apping	
11-3-1	Required Objects	
11-3-2	Objects Required for Specific Instructions	

11-1 Variables

There are two types of variables for the CNC Function Module.

The first type is system-defined variables, which you use to monitor the CNC coordinate system status and some of the parameter settings. System-defined variables that are used by the CNC Function Module are called CNC system-defined variables.

The second type is variables that are used to input arguments to CNC instructions and to output execution status from CNC instructions. Some input variables to CNC instruction are enumerated variables. With enumerated variables, selections are made from a set of enumerators.

This section describes the variable types, the valid ranges of CNC instruction input variables, and the enumerated variables. Refer to 5-3 *CNC System-defined Variables* on page 5-5 for details.

11-1-1 Input Variables for CNC Instructions

The following tables list the input variables and the valid ranges for CNC instructions, and the valid ranges of enumerations.

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	Other input variables are input when <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.
					To update the input value, change the value, and <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE again.
					The output variables are valid as long as <i>Execute</i> remains TRUE even after the instruction is completed.
					Then, all output variables except for <i>Error</i> and <i>ErrorID</i> are disabled when <i>Execute</i> changes to FALSE.
					If <i>Execute</i> changes to FALSE before the instruction is completed, output variables are enabled for at least one period.
Enable	Enable	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction function is enabled when <i>Enable</i> changes to TRUE and disabled when it changes to FALSE.
					While <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, the other input variables are input every period.
					If <i>Enable</i> changes to FALSE, all output variables except for <i>Error</i> and <i>ErrorID</i> are disabled.

Valid Range of Input Variables

This section describes the valid ranges of input variables to CNC instructions.

Refer to individual instruction descriptions for the valid ranges for each instruction.

• BOOL Input Variables

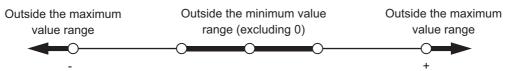
Any value other than FALSE is treated as TRUE. For this reason, out-of-range errors do not occur.

• Enumerated (ENUM) Input Variables

Values that are outside of the valid range will result in an error.

• Input Variables Given as Full Range, Positive Number, or Negative Number

Operation when an input variable is set inside or outside the valid range is described in the following table.



Name	Meaning	Valid range	Outside maximum value range	Outside the minimum value range (excluding 0)
Velocity	Target Velocity	0, (-1 ≤ and ≤ -Maximum velocity) or (1 ≤ and ≤ Maxi- mum velocity) ^{*1}	Fixed to the maxi- mum velocity for a positive number, and to the -maxi- mum velocity for a negative number.	Set to 1 pulse/s when pos- itive number, and -1 pulse/s when negative number. ^{*2}
Acceleration	Accelera- tion/Decel- eration Rate	0 or (0.004 ≤ and ≤ Maximum Acceleration/Decelera- tion) ^{*3}	Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration If the accelera- tion/deceleration time ^{*4} is less than 125 μ s, it is always fixed at 125 μ s.	Fixed to 0.004pulse/s ² when positive number. If the acceleration/decel- eration time is greater than 250 s, it will always be fixed at 250 s. Error when negative num- ber.
Position (Feed axis specification)	Command Position (ABS speci- fication)	(0xFFFFF800000000) ≤ and <(0x0000007FFFFFFFF+ 1) ^{*5}	Error	Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not occur.
	Travel Dis- tance (INC speci- fication)	(0xFFFFFF0000000001) ≤ and ≤ (0x000000FFFFFFFFFF)	Error	Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not occur.
Position (Spindle specifi- cation)	Command Position (ABS speci- fication)	-2 ⁵³ ≤ and < 2 ⁵³ *-1 ^{*6}	Error	Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not occur.
	Travel Dis- tance (INC) speci- fication	(0xFFFFFF0000000001) ≤ and ≤ (0x000000FFFFFFFFFF)	Error	Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not occur.

- *1. The upper limit of the Maximum Velocity in the CNC motor parameter is 128,849,018,820 pulses/min.
- *2. If a negative number or 0 is specified when a negative number or 0 is not included in the valid range, an error occurs.
- *3. The upper limit of the Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration in the CNC motor parameter is 3,200,000,000,000 pulses/s.
- *4. Calculated as follows: Acceleration/deceleration time = (| Target velocity Current command velocity |)/Acceleration/deceleration rate
- *5. Position must be an absolute value in pulses and within a signed 40-bit range.
- *6. Position must be an absolute value in pulses and within a signed 54-bit range. Additionally, one travel distance must be less than a signed 40-bit.

Enumerations

This is a list of ENUM data used by input variables to CNC instructions.

An enumeration input variable is not actually set to the number, but to the enumerator.

Data type	Valid range	Description	Variable of appro- priate instruction (Variable name)
_eCNC		Specifies the parameter to write.	ParameterNumber
		0: Rotary Axis Velocity	(Parameter Number)
_NUMBER	_cncRotaryVel := 0	1: Dry Run Velocity	
	_cncDryRunVel := 1	2: Feed Hold Acceleration Decelera-	
	_cncFeedholdTime := 2	tion Time	
	_cncInPosTime := 3	3: In-position Check Time	
	_cncSwLmtCtrl := 4	4: Software Overtravel Limit Opera- tion Control	
	cncToolShape := 5	5: Tool Shape Data	
	cncToolRadiusCompCtrl := 6	6: Tool Radius Compensation Con-	
	cncSpindleOrientation := 7	trol	
	_cncSingleBlockOption := 8	7: Spindle Axis Orientation Opera- tion	
	anaWarkOffact1 := 20	8: Single Block Execution Option	
	_cncWorkOffset1 := 20 _cncWorkOffset2 := 21	20: 1st Work Coordinate System Offset	
	_cncWorkOffset3 := 22 cncWorkOffset4 := 23	21: 2nd Work Coordinate System Offset	
	cncWorkOffset5 := 24	22: 3rd Work Coordinate System	
	_cncWorkOffset6 := 25	Offset	
	_cncRefPoint1 := 30	23: 4th Work Coordinate System Offset	
	_cncRefPoint2:= 31	24: 5th Work Coordinate System	
	_cncRefPoint3 := 32	Offset	
	_cncRefPoint4 := 33	25: 6th Work Coordinate System	
	_cncFELmt := 50	Offset	
	_cncChkFELmt := 51	30: 1st Reference Point	
	_cncSwLmt := 52	31: 2nd Reference Point	
		32: 3rd Reference Point	
	_cncPosiSwLmt := 53	33: 4th Reference Point	
		50: Following Error Over Value	
	_cncNegaSwLmt := 54	51: Following Error Warning Value	
		52: Software Overtravel Limit	
	_cncInPosCycle := 55	53: Positive Software Overtravel Limit	
	_cncInPosRange := 56 cncRapidFeedAcc := 57	54: Negative Software Overtravel Limit	
	_cncSkipVel := 58	55: Number of In-position Continu-	
	cncPIDCtr := 59	ance Cycles	
	_cncCompScaling := 100	56: In-position Range	
		57: Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration	
		58: Skip Velocity	
		59: PID Control	
		100: Compensation Scaling	
eCNC MOVE		Selects the travel method.	MoveMode
_MODE	_cncAbsolute := 0	0: Absolute positioning	(Travel Mode)
	cncRelative := 1	1: Relative positioning	-/

11-1-1 Input Variables for CNC Instructions

			Variable of appro-
Data type	Valid range	Description	priate instruction (Variable name)
_eCNC_SWLMT		Enable or disable the software over-	-
_MODE		travel limit. 0: Disable software limits.	
	_cncNonSwLmt := 0	1: Enable software limits and per-	
	_cncCmdImmediateStop := 1	form immediate stop for com- mand position. (stop using remaining pulses)	
_eCNC_SWLMT_ CONTROL		Set the operation when the software overtravel limit of the CNC motor is reached while the CNC coordinate system is operating.	-
		0: Error	
	_cncSwLmtOTErr := 0 _cncSwLmtTrajSaturation := 1	1: No error	
		(Path saturation)	
_eCNC_HOM- ING_MODE		Specify the new setting of the Hom- ing Operation Mode.	-
	_cncHomeSwTurnHomeSwOff := 0	0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF	
	_cncHomeSwTurnHomeSwOn := 1	1: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON	
	_cncHomeSwOff := 4		
	_cncHomeSwOn := 5	4: Home proximity input OFF	
	_cncLimitInputOff := 8	5: Home proximity input ON	
	_cncHomeSwTurnHomeMask := 9	8: Limit input OFF	
	_cncLimitInputOnly := 11	9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance	
	_cncHomeSwTurnHoldingTime := 12	11: Limit inputs only	
		12: Proximity reverse turn/holding	
	_cncNoHomeSwHoldingHomeInput := 13	time	
		13: No home proximity input/holding	
	_cncHomePreset := 14	home input 14: Zero position preset	
_eCNC_HOME		Select the input to use for the home	-
	cncZPhase := 0	input signal.	
	 cncExternalSignal := 1	0: Use the Z-phase input as home.	
		1: Use external home input	
_eCNC_LIMIT _REVERSE		Set the stopping method when the limit input turns ON during homing.	-
_MODE	_cncErrorStop := 0	0: No reverse turn/minor fault stop	
	_cncRevImmediateStop := 1	1: Reverse turn/immediate stop	
	_cncRevDecelerationStop := 2	2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop	
_eCNC DIRECTION		Specifies the direction of motion.	-
	_cncPositiveDirection := 0	0: Positive direction	
	_cncShortestWay := 1 _cncNegativeDirection := 2	1: Shortest way 2: Negative direction	
	_cncCurrentDirection := 3	3: Current direction	
	cncNoDirection := 4	4: No direction specification	
_eCNC		Specifies the Overcut Mode.	-
		0: Over-cut detection error	
_MODE	_cncOvercutErr := 0	1: Overcutting avoidance	
	_cncOvercutAvoid := 1	2: Overcutting ignorance	
	_cncOvercutIgnore := 2 _cncOvercutTestAvoid := 3	3: Overcutting test avoidance	
_eCNC		Specifies the program deletion	DeletePrg
_DELETE_PRG		option.	(Program Deletion
	_cncNotDelPrg := 0	0: Do not delete.	Option)
	_cncDelLoadedPrg := 1	1: Delete all the loaded program.	

Data type	Valid range	Description	Variable of appro- priate instruction (Variable name)
_eCNC_SINGLE _BLOCK _OPTION	_cncSingleBlockOptionDisable := 0 _cncSingleBlockOptionEnable := 1	 Specifies the Single block execution option. 0: Disabled Single block execution option. 1: Enabled Single block execution option. 	-
_eCNC_SKEW _MODE	_cncCalcOffset := 0 _cncAlignOffset := 1 _cncWriteOffset := 2 _cncReadOffset := 3	 Specifies the operating mode of the gantry skew control. _cncCalcOffset: Calculates the gantry offset value. _cncAlignOffset: Changes the gantry offset value and adjusts the slave axis position. _cncWriteOffset: Changes the gantry offset value. _cncReadOffset: Reads the gantry offset value that is currently valid. 	SkewMode (Skew Control Mode)

11-1-2 Output Variables for CNC Instructions

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	At this time, output variables <i>Error</i> , and <i>Com-</i> <i>mandAborted</i> are FALSE.
				<i>Done</i> will be TRUE for at least one period if the input variable <i>Execute</i> is FALSE when the instruction is completed.
				If <i>Execute</i> is TRUE, <i>Done</i> remains TRUE until <i>Execute</i> changes to FALSE.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when an instruction is acknowledged.
Enabled	Enabled	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when busy.
CommandAborted	Com- mand	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when an instruction could not be executed or when it was aborted during execution.
	Aborted			If an error occurs in the target CNC coordinate system, the instruction cannot be executed.
				Also, the instruction cannot be executed while the CNC coordinate system is decelerating to a stop.
				The instruction is aborted when another instruc- tion is executed, or if an error other than for this instruction occurs.
				At this time, the <i>Done</i> and <i>Error</i> output variables are set to FALSE. If the instruction is aborted while the input variable <i>Execute</i> is FALSE, <i>Com- mandAborted</i> will be TRUE for at least one period.
				If <i>Execute</i> or <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, <i>CommandAborted</i> remains TRUE until <i>Execute</i> or <i>Enable</i> changes to FLASE. If <i>Execute</i> or <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, <i>CommandAborted</i> remains TRUE until Execute or <i>Enable</i> changes to FALSE.
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when there is an error caused by a mis- take in an input variable or instruction processing.
	Error	WORD	TALSE	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
ErrorID				

The following table lists the output variables for CNC instructions.

11-1-3 In-Out Variables for CNC Instructions

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System			
GantryOffset	Gantry Offset	LREAL	*1	Input: Specify a gantry offset value to change.
				It is used when the skew control mode is _cncAlignOffset or _cncWriteOff- set.*1
				Output: When the execution of an instruction is completed, the currently valid gantry offset value is stored.

The following table lists the in-out variables for CNC instructions.

11-2 List of CNC Instructions

CNC instructions are classified into the following two types.

Туре	Outline
Common commands	Common instructions of CNC Function Module
CNC coordinate system com-	Instructions for CNC Function Module to control and monitor the CNC coordi-
mands	nate system.

11-2-1 Common Commands

This section describes the common instructions for the CNC Function Module.

In the Classification column, Administration indicates a non-motion system instruction, and Motion indicates a motion system instruction.

Instruction	Instruction name	Outline	Classifica- tion
CNC_Write	Write CNC Setting	Overwrites CNC parameters.	Administra- tion
CNC_Read	Read CNC Setting	Reads CNC parameters.	Administra- tion
CNC_LoadProgramFile	Load NC Program	The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruc- tion loads an NC program from an external non-volatile memory into the main memory.	Administra- tion

11-2-2 CNC Coordinate System Commands

This section describes instructions to perform multi-axis coordinated control for the CNC Function Module.

In the Classification column, Administration indicates a non-motion system instruction, and Motion indicates a motion system instruction.

Instruction	Instruction name	Outline	Classifica- tion
CNC_CoordControl	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem NC Control	Executes the NC program, and starts controlling the specified CNC coordinate system.	Administra- tion
CNC_CoordCatchMCode	Catch M Code	Receives the M code output from the NC program using the sequence con- trol program.	
CNC_CoordResetMCode	Reset M Code	Resets the M code output from the NC program.	Administra- tion
CNC_CoordReset	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Error Reset	The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error detected in the speci- fied CNC coordinate system.	Administra- tion
CNC_CoordStop	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Stop	The CNC_CoordStop instruction decel- erates all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system to a stop.	Motion

Instruction	Instruction name	Outline	Classifica- tion
CNC_CoordImmediateStop	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Immediate Stop	The CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction immediately stops all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.	Motion
CNC_CoordHalt	CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Halt	Stops the currently running CNC motors assigned to the positioning axes in the specified CNC coordinate system.	Motion
CNC_Power	Power Servo	Switches the driver status to the Run Enable status.	Administra- tion
CNC_MoveJog	Jog	Performs jogging according to the specified target velocity.	Motion
CNC_Home	Home	The CNC_Home instruction operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.	Motion
CNC_HomeWithParameter	Homing with Parame- ters	Sets the homing parameter and oper- ates the Servomotor to determine home. It uses the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.	Motion
CNC_Move	Positioning	Performs absolute positioning or rela- tive positioning.	Motion
CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute	Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning	Outputs the specified target position cyclically.	Motion
CNC_SpindleGo	Spindle Control	Starts running the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.	Motion
CNC_GantySkewControl	Gantry Skew Control	Controls the skew of the gantry axes.	Motion

11-3 PDO Mapping

You need to map the objects required for the CNC functions you will use on process data communications.

The PDO map lists all of the objects that are registered in advance.

11-3-1 Required Objects

There are objects that are required for Positioning axes and objects required for Spindle axis of CNC motor type.

If even one of the required objects is not set, a Required Process Data Object Not Set error (error code: 3780 hex) occurs.

Positioning Axis

The following object settings must be set to use instructions of the CNC Function Module for the positioning axis:

Input/output	Function	Process data	
Output	Control word	6040 hex	
	Target position	607A hex	
Input	Status word	6041 hex	
	Current position	6064 hex	

Spindle Axis

The following object settings must be set to use instructions of the CNC Function Module for the spindle axis:

Input/output	Function	Process data
Output	Control word	6040 hex
	Target velocity	60FF hex
Input	Status word	6041 hex
	Current position	6064 hex

11-3-2 Objects Required for Specific Instructions

There are objects that you must set to use specific instructions for the CNC motor.

There are settings required for the CNC motors that is assigned for each Positioning axes and Spindle axis.

If an object that is required for each instruction is not set, a Process Data Object Setting Missing error (error code: 3781 hex) occurs.

CNC Motor

There are instructions that require the object setting to operate the CNC motor.

Refer to the following table and set the required objects.

Any instructions that are not listed in the following table only require to set required objects for the CNC motor operation.

• Output Settings

	Function name
Instruction name/G code name	Touch Probe Function
	60B8 hex
CNC_Home,	Conditionally required ^{*2}
CNC_HomeWithParameter	
CNC_GantrySkewControl ^{*1}	
G31	Required

*1. When Gantry Offset Value Calculation is specified for the skew control mode, same restrictions as those for CNC_Home apply.

*2. Setting is required, excluding Homing Operation Mode, 11, 12, and 14.

Input Settings

	Function name					
Instruction name/G code name	Touch probe status 60B9 hex	Touch probe pos1 pos value 60BA hex	Touch probe pos2 pos value 60BC hex			
CNC_Home,	Conditionally required ^{*2}	Conditionally required ^{*2}	Conditionally required ^{*2}			
CNC_HomeWithParameter						
CNC_GantrySkewControl ^{*1}						
G31	Required		Required			

*1. When Gantry Offset Value Calculation is specified for the skew control mode, same restrictions as those for CNC_Home apply.

*2. Setting is required, excluding Homing Operation Mode, 11, 12, and 14.

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CNC Coordinate System Instructions

This section describes the instructions for the CNC Function Module to perform the control of the CNC coordinate system or the CNC motors.

CNC_CoordControl 12-2
CNC_CoordCatchMCode 12-45
CNC_CoordResetMCode 12-61
CNC_CoordReset 12-66
CNC_CoordStop 12-70
CNC_CoordImmediateStop 12-74
CNC_CoordHalt 12-78
CNC_Power 12-82
CNC_MoveJog 12-85
CNC_Home 12-92
CNC_HomeWithParameter 12-96
CNC_Move 12-99
CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute 12-110
CNC_SpindleGo 12-115
CNC_GantrySkewControl 12-132

CNC_CoordControl

Executes the NC program, and starts controlling the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
Instruction CNC_CoordControl	Name CNC Coor- dinate Sys- tem NC Control	FB/FUN	Graphic expression CNC_CoordControl_instance CNC_CoordControl Coord Coord ControlInputs ControlInputs ControlOutputs ControlOutputs Enable Enabled Busy Error ErrorID	ST expression CNC_CoordControl_instance (Coord :=parameter, ControlInputs :=parameter, ControlOutputs :=parameter, Enable :=parameter, Enabled =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Enable	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	FALSE	Executes the instruction while this vari-
			FALSE		able is TRUE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Enabled	Enable	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the CNC coordinate system is being con-
			FALSE	trolled.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Enabled	When the instruction is started.	 After one period when <i>Enable</i> is FALSE.
		• When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
Busy	When Enable changes to TRUE.	When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
		• When <i>Enable</i> changes to FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_COORD_REF		
ControlInputs	Numerical	_sCNC_CTR_		Specifies the interface from the PLC to
	Control Input	INPUTS_REF		the NC.
				Create a user-defined variable with a
				data type of _sCNC_CTR_IN-
				PUTS_REF.
ControlOutputs	Numerical	_sCNC_CTR_		Specifies the interface from the NC to
	Control Output	OUTPUTS_REF		the PLC.
				Create a user-defined variable with a
				data type of _sCNC_CTR_OUT-
				PUTS_REF.

• _sCNC_CTR_INPUTS_REF

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
CycleStart	Cycle Start	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Starts the execution of the NC program when this variable changes to TRUE. ^{*1}
SingleBlock	Single Block Valid	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Executes the NC program on a block-by-block basis if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. ^{*2,*3}
MachineLock	Machine Lock Valid	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Executes the NC program in <i>MachineLock</i> if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. ^{* 2}
DryRun	Dry Run Valid	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Executes the NC program in <i>DryRun</i> if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. ^{*2}
AuxiliaryLock	M Code Lock Valid	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Executes the NC program in <i>AuxiliaryLock</i> if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. ^{*2}
FeedHold	Feed Hold	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Interrupts the NC program when this variable changes to TRUE. ^{*1}
Reset	Reset	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Interrupts the NC program that is currently being executed, and initializes its status when this variable changes to TRUE. ^{*1}
BackTrace	Back Trace Enabled	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Traces the NC program in <i>Hold</i> backward when this variable changes to TRUE and <i>CycleStart</i> (Cycle Start) is started. ^{*3}
OptionalInputs	Optional Input	ARRAY [031] OF BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Inputs an optional signal to the NC program. 0 bit: Signal for Optional Stop (M01) 1 to 31 bit: Signal for Option block skip
ProgramNo	NC Pro- gram Num- ber	UINT	1 to 9999	Specifies the NC program number.*2

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
FeedrateVelFactor	Feedrate	LREAL	0 to 500	Specifies the feedrate override factor.
	Override Factor			The valid range of the override factor is 0.01 to 500.00.
				Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01.
				The override factor is 0 only when 0 is specified.
				The unit is [%].
FeedrateVelFac-	Feedrate	LREAL	0 to 500	Specifies the feedrate override change rate.
torChangeRate	Change			The valid range of the override change rate is 0.01 to 500.00.
Rate			Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01.	
				The override change rate is 0 only when 0 is spec- ified.
				The unit is [%/s].
SpindleVelFactor	Spindle	LREAL	0 to 500	Specifies the spindle velocity override factor.
	Velocity Override			The valid range of the override factor is 0.01 to 500.00.
	Factor			Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01.
				The override factor is 0 only when 0 is specified.
				The unit is [%].

*1. The inputs to send a command for CNC Coordinate System NC Control are *CycleStart*, *Reset*, and *FeedHold*. If these variables are input simultaneously, the priority order conforms to *Reset* > *FeedHold* > *CycleStart*.

*2. *SingleBlock, MachineLock, AuxiliaryLock, DryRun*, and *ProgramNo* are *CycleStart* input options in *Standby*. The NC program runs in accordance with these options while Operating.

*3. SingleBlock and BackTrace are CycleStart input options in Hold.

•	_sCNC		OUTPUTS	REF
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Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
CycleStartReady	Cycle Start	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the NC program is
	Ready		FALSE	ready to accept cycle start.
ManualIntervention-	Manual Inter-	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the NC program is
Ready	vention		FALSE	ready to accept the manual inter-
	Ready			vention.
BackTraceReady	Back Trace	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the NC program is
	Ready		FALSE	ready to accept the back trace.
ProgramEnd	Program	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the NC program ter-
	Completed		FALSE	minates normally, or FALSE
				when the NC program starts.
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	Refer to Error Lists	Contains the error code when an
			on page 15-13.	error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates
				normal execution.
ExecutingStatus	NC Program	ENUM	0: _cncStandby	Outputs the execution status of
	Execution	eCNC	1: cncExecuting	the NC program.
	Status	EXECUTING	2: cncHold	
		STATE		
CurrentProgramNo	Executing	UINT	0 to 9,999	Outputs the program number of
Ũ	Program			the program that is currently
	Number			being executed. Default: 0 ^{*1}
CurrentBlockNo	Executing	UDINT	0 to 4,294,967,295	Outputs the block number of the
	Block Number	-	- , - , ,	block that is currently being exe-
				cuted. Default: 0 ^{*1}
CurrentLookahead	Look-ahead	UDINT	0 to 4,294,967,295	Outputs the block number of the
BlockNo	Block Number			block that is currently being read
				ahead. Default: 0^{*1}
ModalStatus	Modal Status	sCNC		Outputs the status of the modal
modulotatuo		_MODAL_REF		that is currently being read
				ahead.*1
				aneau.

*1. The value is initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed. The previous value is retained when the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop and the value is initialized when the NC program is executed by the reset execution or Cycle Start.

• _sCNC_MODAL_REF

Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
NonModal	NonModal	DWORD	0 to FFFFFFFF	Outputs the G code modal status
	State			that is currently being executed.
				Default: 0 ^{*1}
				Bit0: G04
				Bit1: G28
				Bit2: G30
				Bit3: G31
				Bit4: G52
				Bit5: G53
Motion	Motion	USINT	0 to 3	Outputs the G code modal status
Wouldh	Weter		0.00	that is currently being executed.
				Default: 1 ^{*1}
				0: G00
				1: G01
				2: G02
				3: G03
Plane	Plane	USINT	0 to 2	Outputs the G code modal status
			-	that is currently being executed.
				Default: 0 ^{*1}
				0: G17
				1: G18
				2: G19
Distance	Distance	USINT	0 to 1	Outputs the G code modal status
				that is currently being executed.
				Default: 0 ^{*1}
				0: G90
				1: G91
Units	Unit	USINT	0 to 1	Outputs the G code modal status
				that is currently being executed.
				The default value follows the carte
				sian axis command unit of the CN0
				coordinate system parameter. ^{*1}
				0: G20
				1: G21
ToolRadius	Tool Radius	USINT	0 to 2	Outputs the G code modal status
	Compensa-			that is currently being executed.
	tion			Default: 0 ^{*1}
				0: G40
				1: G41
				2: G42

Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
ToolLengthOffset	Tool Length	USINT	0 to 2	Outputs the G code modal status
	Compensa- tion			that is currently being executed.
	uon			Default: 2 ^{*1}
				0: G43
				1: G44
				2: G49
CannedCycle	Fixed Cycle	USINT	0 to 2	Outputs the G code modal status
,	- ,	-	-	that is currently being executed.
				Default: 1 ^{*1}
				0: G74
				1: G80
				2: G84
ReturnLevel	Return Point Specification	USINT	0 to 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed.
	opecilication			Default: 0 ^{*1}
				0: G98
				1: G99
Scaling	Scaling	USINT	0 to 1	Outputs the G code modal status
				that is currently being executed.
				Default: 0 ^{*1}
				0: G50
				1: G51
CsSelection	Coordinate	USINT	0 to 6	Outputs the G code modal status
	System			that is currently being executed.
	Selection			Default: 0 ^{*1}
				0. Work coordinate aveter disable
				0: Work coordinate system disable
				1: G54
				2: G55
				3: G56
				4: G57
				5: G58
PathControl	Doth Control	USINT	0 to 1	6: G59
FamControl	Path Control			Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed.
				Default: 1^{*1}
				0: G61
				1: G64
Rotation	Rotation	USINT	0 to 1	Outputs the G code modal status
				that is currently being executed.
				Default: 1 ^{*1}
				0: G68
				1: G69

Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Mirroring	Mirroring	USINT	0 to 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. Default: 0 ^{*1}
				0: G50.1 1: G51.1
MultiBlockAcc	Multi-block Accelera- tion/Decelera- tion	USINT	0 to 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. Default: 0 0: G500
				1: G501
S	S Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the S code that is currently being executed.
				Default: 0 ^{*2}
F	F Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the F code that is currently being executed.
				Default: 0 ^{*1}
Та	Ta Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the Ta code that is cur- rently being executed.
				The default value is the Accelera- tion Time of the CNC coordinate system parameters. ^{*1}
Td	Td Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the Td code that is cur- rently being executed.
				The default value is the Decelera- tion Time of the CNC coordinate system parameters. ^{*1}
Ts	Ts Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the Ts code of the modal that is currently being executed.
				The default value is the Jerk Time of the CNC coordinate system
				parameters. ^{*1}

*1. The value is initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed. The previous value is retained when the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop and the value is initialized when the NC program is executed by the reset execution or Cycle Start.

*2. The value is retained, not initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed. If the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop, the value is initialized when the spindle axis assignment is performed. The value is retained when the spindle axis assignment is not performed.

Precautions for Correct Use

Each actual structure includes Reserved areas. Do not create a sequence control program that refers to Reserved areas.

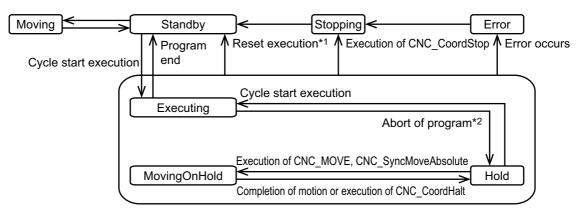
Functions

This instruction updates the values of *ControlInputs* (Numerical Control Inputs) and *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) in-out variables that are used to control NC programs in the CNC coordinate system. When *Enabled* is TRUE, the values of *ControlInputs* (Numerical Control Inputs) and *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) are updated with this instruction.

The instruction can execute the NC program loaded into the NC program buffer. To load data in the NC program buffer, download the NC program created with Sysmac Studio in advance, or load the NC program saved in the SD Memory Card using the CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction.

Only one NC program can be executed simultaneously in a CNC coordinate system.

The figure below shows the relationships between this instruction's operations and the CNC coordinate system status.



- *1. Except *MovingOnHold* status and when G74, G84, or M19 is executing. If *Reset* is TRUE when G74, G84, or M19 is completed, the program is reset at that timing.
- *2. Program abort refers to any one of the following states.
 - FeedHold execution*3
 - M00 or M01 execution
 - 1-row execution completion by single block
 - Back trace completion
- *3. Except when G74, G84, or M19 is executing. If *FeedHold* (Feed Hold) is TRUE when G74, G84, or M19 is completed, the program is set to Feed Hold at that timing.
- When *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) is TRUE while *Standby* and *CycleStartReady* (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE, the status transitions to Executing, which starts executing the NC program based on *ProgramNo* (Program Number). However, the transition is not performed when *Reset* or *FeedHold* is TRUE.
- When Execute NC program is completed or *Reset* is changed to TRUE, the status transitions to *Standby*.
- When *FeedHold* (Feed Hold) is changed to TRUE during the execution of NC program or when another program is interrupted due to an event, the status transitions to *Hold*.
- When the status is *Hold* and *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready) is TRUE, the manual intervention is available. Refer to the explanation of *Manual Intervention* on page 12-13 for details.
- When the *Hold* and *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready) is TRUE, *BackTrace* is available. Refer to the explanation of *Back Trace of NC Program* on page 12-15 for details.
- When *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) is TRUE while the status is *Hold* and *CycleStartReady* (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE, the status transitions to *Executing* again, which restarts *Execute* NC program.



Additional Information

- The execution of NC Program is available when CycleStartReady (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE. All the following conditions must be satisfied.
 - a)All the positioning axes and the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system are set to Servo ON.
 - b)All the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system have the home defined. (Excluding the spindle)
 - c) The CNC coordinate system is in *Standby* or *Hold*, and axes other than the spindle axis are stopped.
- When the status transitions to *Executing*, operation starts after in-position check was completed.
- When deceleration stop is set by *FeedHold*, only all the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system decelerate to a stop. If the multi-block acceleration/deceleration is disabled, deceleration stop are performed based on the feed hold acceleration/deceleration time of the CNC coordinate system parameter. If the multi-block acceleration/deceleration is disabled, deceleration stop are performed based on the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate of each CNC motor parameter.
- When immediate stop is set by *Reset*, only all the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately. When immediate stop is set by CNC_CoordStop or error detection, all the positioning axes and spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.

Instruction Details

Override

This is a function to change the override of the feedrate or spindle velocity in the execution of an NC program.

Changing the override value changes the velocity during the execution of an NC program.

For feedrate override, the override change rate during moving can be controlled by modifying the feedrate override change rate. Setting the feedrate override change rate to a positive value changes the override gradually to the target feedrate override value. Setting the feedrate override change rate to 0 changes the override immediately to the target override value.

When the instruction is not operating at feedrate, the override immediately changes to the target override value regardless of the feedrate override change rate.

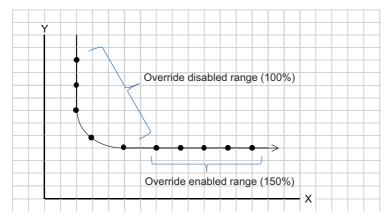
Select a feedrate override method from the two methods described below by using **Override Method Selection** of the CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings.

· Segment override method

The override is applied to the segmented time when the linear interpolation operation or the circular interpolation operation is dissolved into small segments.

However, when you use G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable), a delay time occurs between the change of the override value and the reflection to the actual operation.

Use the time-base override method to reflect the override value immediately.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The feedrate override is an override value for the feed rate (F). Therefore, for example, the feedrate override does not operate for the G code instructions such as G00 that operates at a rapid feedrate.
- When the feedrate override value is changed while the Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration is enabled (G500 is enabled), the changed value does not apply to the operations that have been read ahead at the time of change. When the override value is changed, the value applies to the operations that have not been read ahead.
- The override value is disabled for the tapping operation (G74, G84) and the tapping operation is performed at an override value of 100%.

Additional Information

- The valid range of FeedrateVelFactor (Feedrate Override Factor) in the segment override method is 0 to 500%.
- The segment override method works on the linear interpolation operation and circular interpolation operation.
- When you use G501 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Disable), the override is reflected to the next interpolation operation that execute path calculation.
- When you use G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable), a delay time occurs between the change of the override value and the reflection to the actual operation.

This delay time is calculated with the following formula.

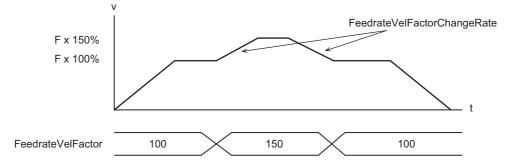
Override delay time = Lookahead distance × CNC Planner Service period (ms)

• Both of the override methods do not work on the CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis. Also, the override does not work during the tapping operation.

· Time-base override method

The time-base override method calculates the override when the target position which is dissolved into small segments is output at the primary control period.

This is applied by changing the internal elapsed time which is supplied to the calculation equation for the command value of the CNC motor according to the override value.





Precautions for Correct Use

• The operation is not restricted by Maximum Velocity and Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration in the Operation Settings of CNC motor when the override is used.

VelLimit (Velocity Limit Over) is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds Maximum Velocity.

• The override value is disabled for the tapping operation (G74, G84) and the tapping operation is performed at an override value of 100%.

Additional Information

 The valid range of FeedrateVelFactor (Feedrate Override Factor) in the time-base override method is 0 to 200%.

If a value larger than 200% is specified, it is handled as 200%.

- The velocity is proportional to the override value and the acceleration/deceleration rate is
 proportional to the square of the override value.
- The time-base override method works on the following operations.

Linear interpolation operation and circular interpolation operation

Rapid feed operation by G00

Manual operation by the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction or the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction

Stopping operation with the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction Feed hold operation (with the lookahead enabled)

Reset operation

Error stop

However, regarding the stopping operation, the stop position does not change even if the override value is changed.

• Both of the override methods do not work on the CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis. Also, the override does not work during the tapping operation.

Manual Intervention

If *FeedHold* changes to TRUE during execution of an NC program, the NC program decelerates to a stop. When the deceleration stop is completed, the status changes to *Hold*.

In the *Hold* status, you can execute some of the other CNC instructions. This is called a manual intervention.

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for the instructions that enable the manual intervention.

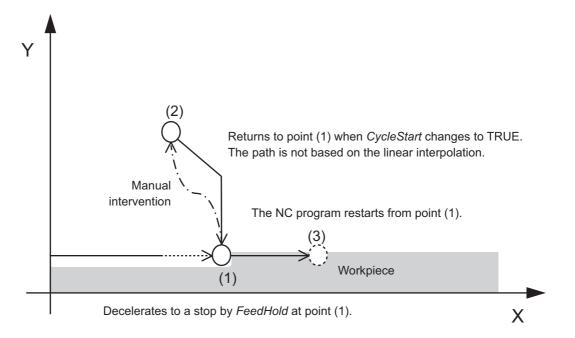
Manual intervention is a function used to temporarily stop the NC program for troubleshooting purposes when machine troubles occurred during the processing operation by NC program.

Also, troubleshooting is performed, and continuation is executed by *CycleStart*. Continuation refers to restarting the execution of the NC program after the CNC coordinate system returned to the position at which the CNC coordinate system stopped by *FeedHold*.

Executing continuation performs first to return to the position at which the CNC coordinate system stopped by *FeedHold* when *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) is changed to TRUE after manual intervention was completed. It then restarts the execution of the NC program. The return operation is performed independently for each CNC motor, therefore, the tool is positioned in the CNC coordinate system based on a non-linear interpolation manner.

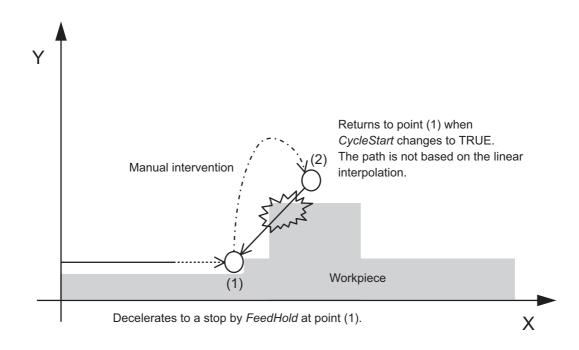
The return operation depends on the CNC version, as below.

- With CNC version 1.02 or higher, the command velocity operates at the rapid feed velocity of each CNC motor.
- With CNC version 1.01 or lower, the command velocity operates at the maximum velocity of each CNC motor.



Precautions for Safe Use

Be sure to correctly perform manual intervention depending on the working direction and workpiece shape. Otherwise, the workpiece, machine, or tools may be damaged.



Precautions for Correct Use

To execute the manual intervention, all of the following conditions must be satisfied.

- The Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration is enabled (G500 is enabled).
- The feed hold is stopped while G01, G02, or G03 is being executed.

Additionally, the above conditions are satisfied when *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready) of *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) is TRUE. The manual intervention program is interlocked using *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready). When the CNC instruction for the manual intervention is started if *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready) is FALSE, the CNC instruction changes to *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted).

• Back Trace of NC Program

If *FeedHold* changes to TRUE during execution of an NC program, the NC program decelerates to a stop. When the deceleration stop is completed, the status transitions to the *Hold* (Holding) status.

If *BackTrace* (Back Trace) changes to TRUE and *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) changes from FALSE to TRUE in the *Hold* (Holding) status, the back trace can be executed. The back trace function executes the NC program in backward direction from the stop position. The status transitions to *Executing* while the back trace is being executed.

However, back trace cannot be executed for the G00 (Positioning) operation of the NC program. When the NC program contains the G00 operation, it stops before the G00 operation.

If the back trace is executed in a status in which the operation is performed using an instruction that enables the manual intervention after the *Hold* (Holding) status, the back trace execution is disabled.

BackTrace is available only for operations of the positioning axis. It is not available for operations of the spindle axis.

The G or M code that is previous executed is not re-executed; therefore, *ModalStatus* holds the status that is set at *BackTrace* execution, and read-ahead processing is stopped.

However, only CurrentBlockNo is updated (rewound).

When the NC program returns to the point at which *BackTrace* was re-executed by *CycleStart* after *BackTrace* was executed once, the update of *ModalStatus* restarts.

Precautions for Correct Use

To execute the backtrace, all of the following conditions must be satisfied.

- The Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration is enabled (G500 is enabled).
- The feedhold is stopped while G01, G02, or G03 is being executed.
- The manual intervention is never executed in the *Hold* status.

Additionally, when *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready) of *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) is TRUE, the above conditions are satisfied. The back trace execution program is interlocked using *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready). If the back trace is executed when *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready) is FALSE, the execution is disabled.

The execution of back trace is not applied to the single block execution.

• Test of NC Program

Created NC program may be checked whether it can operate the machine as intended by executing the NC program before machining workpieces.

You can check the program either by actually operating the machine or, or by displaying the current position without operating the machine.

• Dry run

This is a test run to operate the machine with workpieces removed to check tool operations.

The machine runs at the dry run velocity specified using the relevant CNC coordinate system parameter regardless of the velocity specified by the NC program.

If *DryRun* (Dry Run Enable) changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts, the dry run is executed.

Machine lock

This is a test run to check the changes shown on the position indicator without operating the machine.

If *MachineLock* (Machine Lock Enable) changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts, the machine lock is executed. The NC program is executed as specified and the position indicator changes, however, the axes do not move.

When the status transitions to the *Standby* status, the machine lock is released, and then the position indicator returns to the machine position.

MachineLock applies to all of positioning axes and the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system. When the machine lock is specified while the spindle axis performs the CW/CCW operation and the cycle start is executed, the spindle axis status is maintained, but the output is cut (a speed of 0 is output). Additionally, when the status of the CNC coordinate system transitions from *Executing* to *Standby* during machine lock, the status of the spindle axis transitions to *Standby*.

M code lock

This function is used to lock M codes for test running.

If *AuxiliaryLock* (M Code Lock Valid) changes to TRUE when the execution of an NC program starts, the M code lock is executed. The M code does not run.

• Optional Input

This function outputs an optional input signal to the NC program. This signal can be detected as an input signal in the NC program by setting each bit of *OptionalInputs* (Optional Input) to TRUE. Bit 0 of Optional Input is an input signal for Optional Stop (M01) that stops the NC program by detecting the input signal.

Bits 1 to 31 of Optional Input are input signals for a command $(/N^*)$ that skips one block of the NC program by detecting the input signal.

* N is a constant between 1 to 31.

· Single block

When the NC program is started while *SingleBlock* (Single Block) changes to TRUE, step execution is performed. A row in which a block number (N^{**}) is not described is not recognized as one block in the parsed NC program. The program is executed until the next block number is found.

The NC program loaded from Sysmac Studio cannot be applied to single block execution. However, the single block execution of the NC program loaded from Sysmac Studio can be performed by rewriting the setting value of the single block execution option. To rewrite the setting value of the single block execution option, use the CNC_Write instruction. Specify _cncSingleBlockOption := 8 for *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) and set _cncSingleBlockOptionEnable := 1 to *SettingValue* (Setting Value).

Modal Status

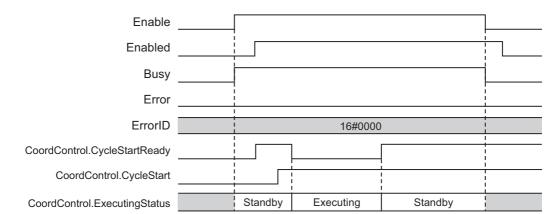
The valid modal status during execution of the NC program is output to *ModalStatus* (Modal Status) of *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs). *ModalStatus* is maintained even while *Standby* is set by *FeedHold*. *ModalStatus* is reset at the timing shown below.

- Reset (Reset) is executed.
- CycleStart is executed in the Standby (Standby) status.
- The program that is currently executing changes to the end of program (M02/M30/M99).

When the program is stopped by CNC_CoordStop or CNC_ImmedieateStop or when the program is stopped as an error is detected during operation, *ModalStatus* is not reset.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the operation of the CNC_CoordControl instruction is shown below.



While Enabled is TRUE, CoordControl is updated.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Only one instance can enable this instruction in the CNC coordinate system.

When this instruction already has an instance enabled in the CNC coordinate system, if an attempt is made to enable this instruction of another instance in the same CNC coordinate system, the instruction is enabled for the subsequent instance.

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs

Enable		
Enabled		
Busy		
Error		
ErrorID	16#0000	Error code

• Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting for errors that occur in instructions.

Functions

Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming about the NC program execution control method.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

CNC coordinate system	Logical CNC motor con- figuration
CNC coordinate	3
system 0	

Positioning axis configuration

CNC coordinate system	Positioning axis CNC motor number	Positioning axis config- uration CNC motor	Positioning axis assignment
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P0	CNC motor 0	X-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P1	CNC motor 1	Y-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P2	CNC motor 2	Z-axis

Spindle axis use CNC motor

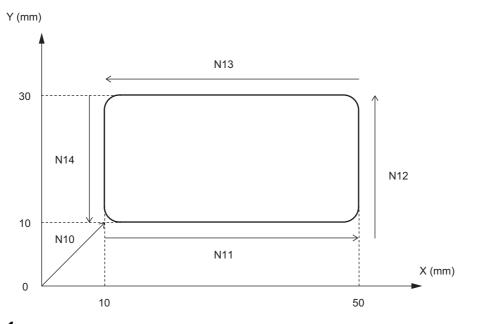
CNC coordinate	Spindle axis use CNC
system	motor
CNC coordinate	CNC motor 3
system 0	

Operation Example

Use the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction to execute the following NC program that has been loaded using the CNC_LoadProgramFile (Load NC Program) instruction.

NC Program

```
// File name: NCProgl.txt
// Program number: 300
N00 G17 G91 F500
N10 G00 X10 Y10
N11 G01 X40
N12 Y20
N13 X-40
N14 Y-20
N15 M30
```

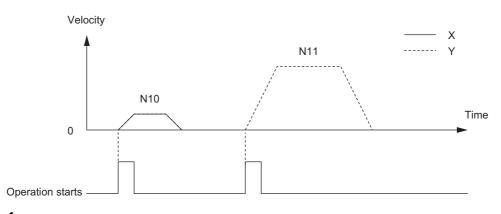


• Operation Pattern 1 (NC Program Execution)

1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

When you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates in accordance with the NC program.

• Operation Pattern 2 (Single Block Execution)

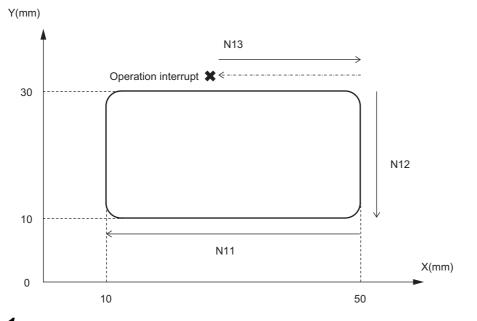


1 Turning ON the Single Block Enable Switch

Turn ON the single block enable switch.

2 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

Every time you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates block by block in accordance with the NC program.



• Operation Pattern 3 (Back Trace Execution)

1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

When you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates in accordance with the NC program.

2 Turning ON the Operation Interrupt Switch

When you turn ON the operation interrupt switch, the executing NC program pauses.

3 Turning ON the Back Trace Enable Switch

When you turn ON the operation start switch in the back trace enable switch ON status, CNC coordinate system 0 rewinds the NC program to run operations.

Operation Pattern 4 (Dry Run Execution)

1 Turning ON the Dry Run Enable Switch

Turn ON the dry run enable switch.

2 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

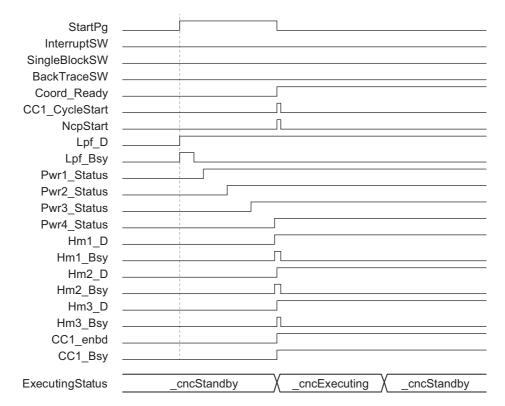
When you turn ON the operation start switch, the machine lock and auxiliary function lock are enabled, and then CNC coordinate system 0 runs the NC program in the dry run mode. At this time, the command position moves, but the feedback position does not change from the machine position. The velocity also becomes the dry run velocity and the auxiliary function output does not operate.

Ladder Diagram

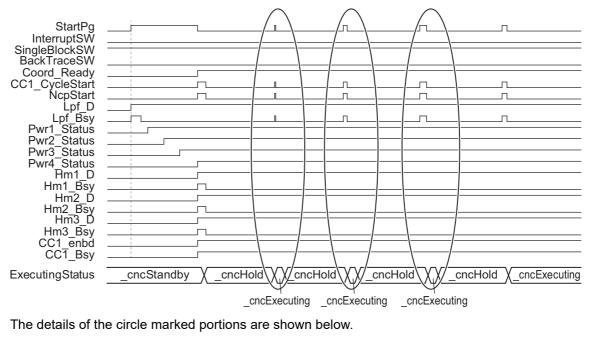
• Main Variables

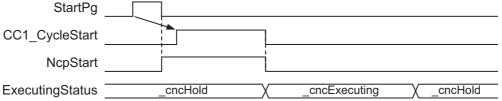
Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_COORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion in the NC program.
			TRUE when the NC program execution condi- tions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion.
			Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE.
			When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
InterruptSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation interrupt switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
SingleBlockSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the single block enable switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the single block execution is enabled.
BackTraceSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the back trace enable switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the back trace is enabled.
DryRunSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the dry run enable switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock are enabled.

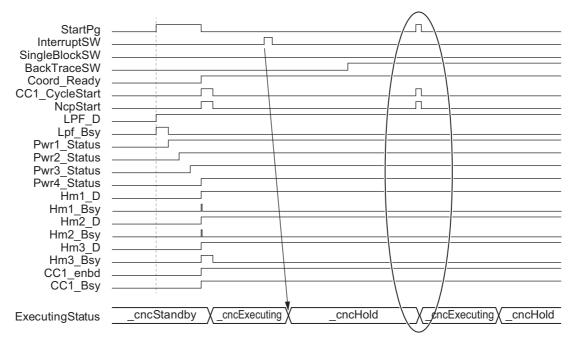
• Timing Chart 1 (NC Program Execution)



Timing Chart 2 (Single Block Execution)



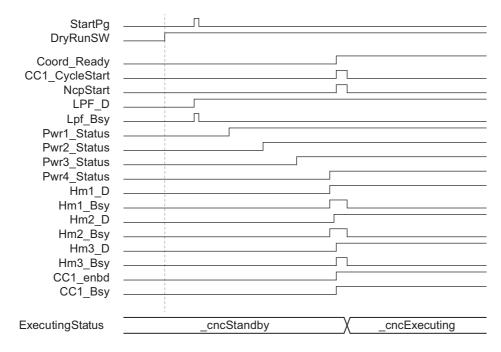




• Timing Chart 3 (Back Trace Execution)

The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.

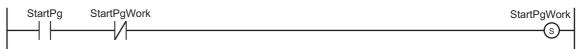
StartPg			
CC1_CycleStart		1	
NcpStart			
ExecutingStatus	_cncHold	¦ χcncExecuting χ	_cncHold



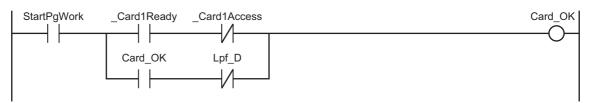
• Timing Chart 4 (Dry Run Execution)

• Sample Programming (NC Program Execution/Single Block Execution/Back Trace Execution)

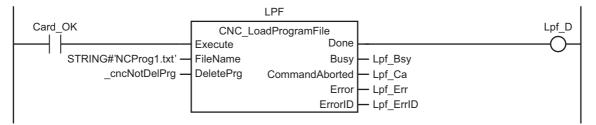
When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, the first pressing process of the operation start switch is executed.



When contact StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.



After checking that an SD Memory Card is inserted, start the Load NC Program to load the NC program.

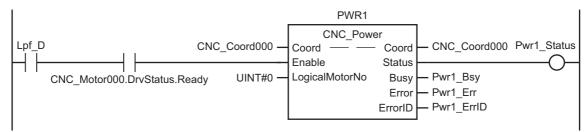


If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

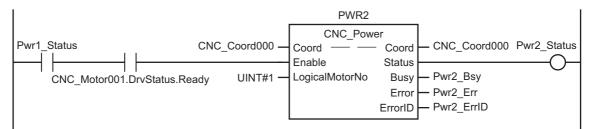
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.



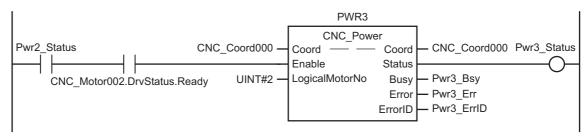
When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



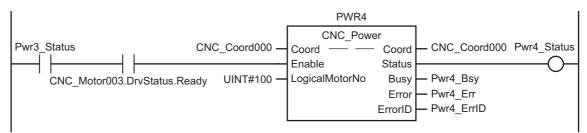
When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.



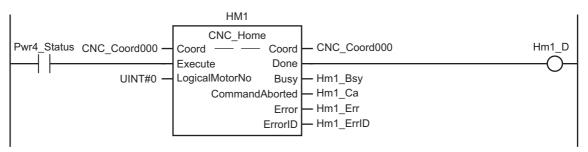
When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.



When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.



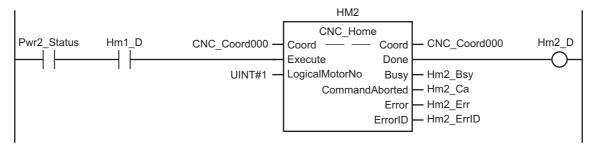
When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.



CNC_CoordControl

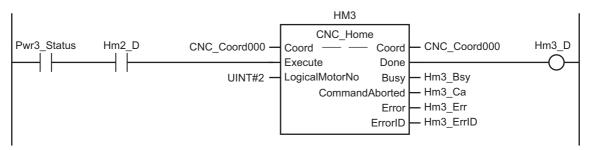
12

Sample Programming



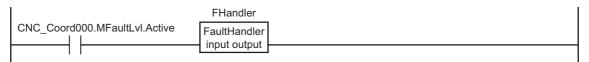
After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.

After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

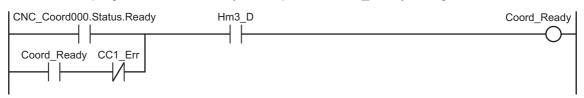


If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

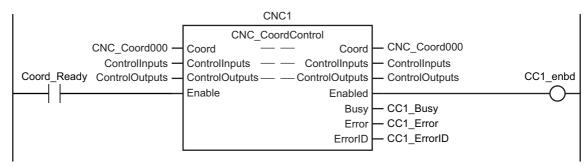
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.



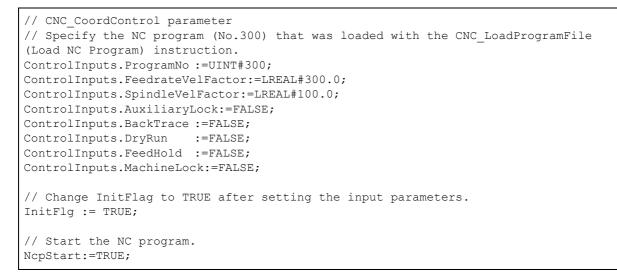
When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord_Ready changes to TRUE.



When Coord_Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.



When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_Coord-Control (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.



When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.

InitFlg StartPg StartPgWork	NcpStart S
	StartPg
NcpStart ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady InitFlg	CC1_CycleStart
CC1_CycleStart	ControlInputs.CycleStart
ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus - In1	ControlInputs.CycleStart
_eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecutingIn2	CC1_CycleStart
	NcpStart R

When contact InterruptSW is TRUE, stop the execution of the NC program.

InterruptSW			ControlInputs.FeedHold
1	EQ EN In1 In2	InterruptSW	ControlInputs.FeedHold R InterruptSW

When contact *BackTraceSW* is TRUE, enable the back trace.

BackTraceSW	ControlOutputs.B	ackTraceReady	ControlInputs.BackTrace
		1	\cup

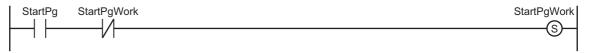
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When contact SingleBlockSW is TRUE, enable the single block execution.

SingleBlo	ockSW	ControlInputs.SingleBlock
		\frown
		\cup

Sample Programming (Dry Run Execution)

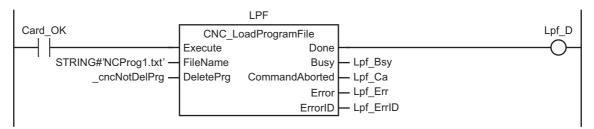
When contact StartPg is TRUE, the first pressing process of the operation start switch is executed.



When contact StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.

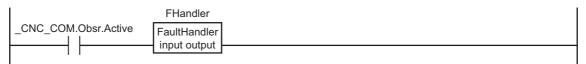


After checking that an SD Memory Card is inserted, start the Load NC Program to load the NC program.

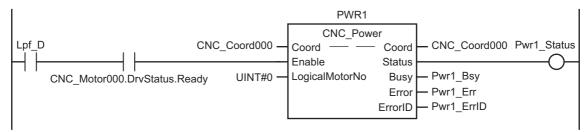


If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

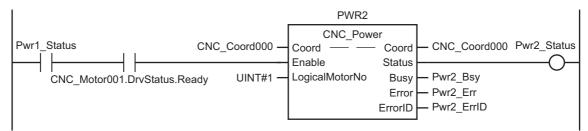
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.



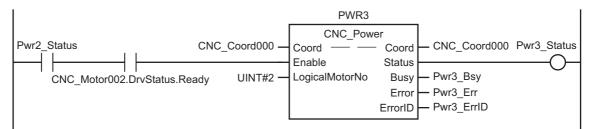
When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



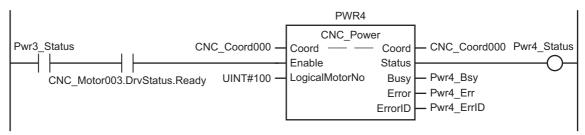
When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.



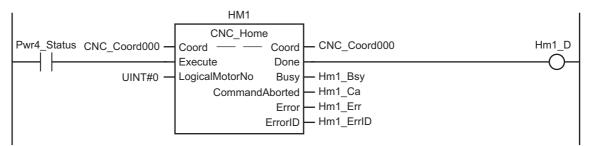
When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.



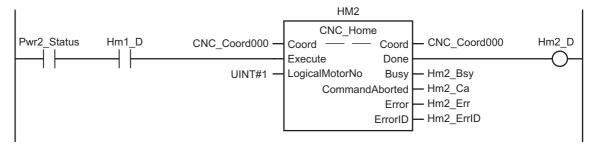
When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.



When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.



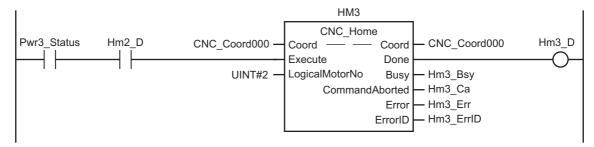
After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.



CNC_CoordControl

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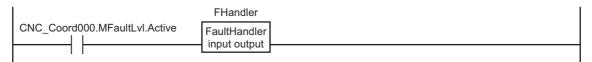
Sample Programming



After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

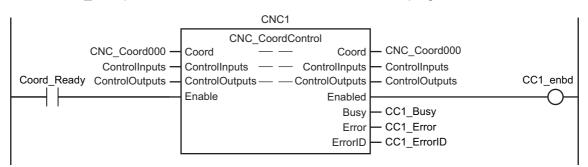
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.



When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord_Ready changes to TRUE.



When Coord_Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.



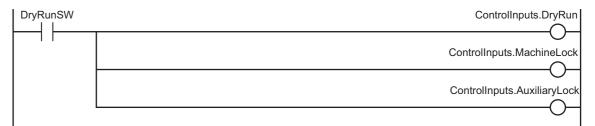
When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_Coord-Control (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

```
// CNC_CoordControl parameter
// Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC_LoadProgram-
File (Load NC Program) instruction.
ControlInputs.ProgramNo :=UINT#300;
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#300.0;
ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
ControlInputs.BackTrace :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.DryRun :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
// Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
InitFlg := TRUE;
// Start the NC program.
NcpStart:=TRUE;
```

When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.

│ InitFlg StartPg StartPgWork	NcpStart
	StartPg
NcpStart ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady InitFlg	CC1_CycleStart
CC1_CycleStart	ControlInputs.CycleStart
EQ NcpStart EN	ControlInputs.CycleStart
ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus In1 _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting In2	CC1_CycleStart
	NcpStart R

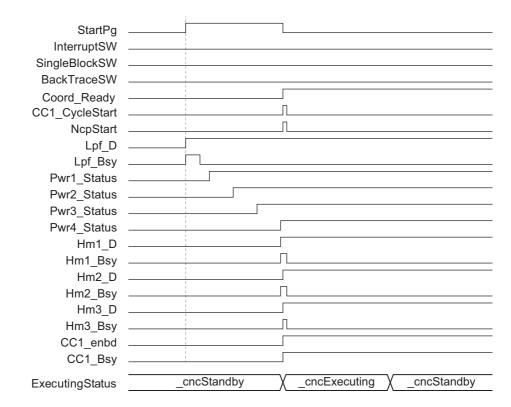
When contact DryRunSW is TRUE, enable the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock.



Structured Text (ST)

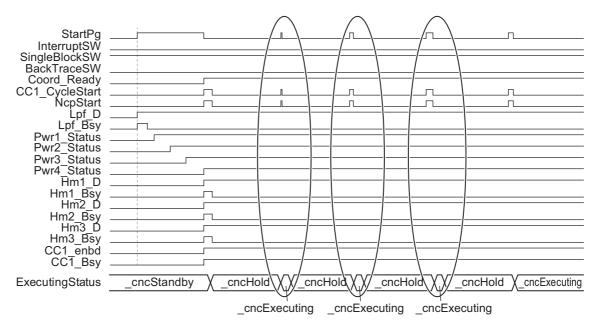
• Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_COORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi-
			nate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion the NC program.
			TRUE when the NC program execution condi- tions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion.
			Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE.
			When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
InterruptSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation interrupt switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
SingleBlockSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the single block enable switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the single block execution is enabled.
BackTraceSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the back trace enable switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the back trace is enabled.
DryRunSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the dry run enable switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock are enabled.

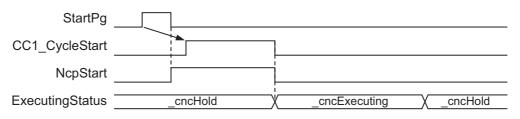


• Timing Chart 1 (NC Program Execution)

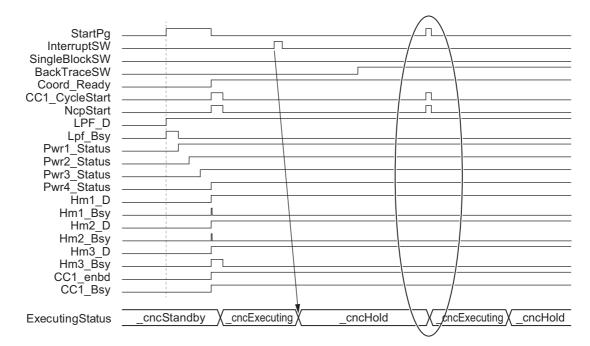
• Timing Chart 2 (Single Block Execution)



The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.

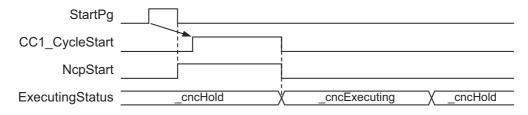


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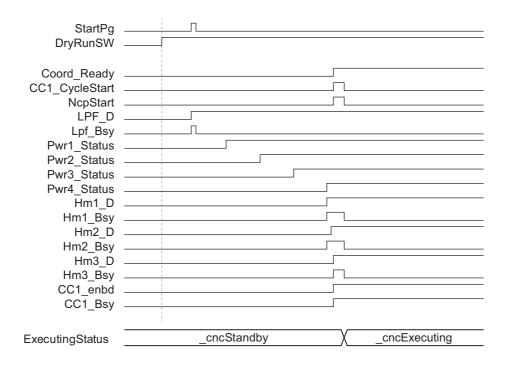


• Timing Chart 3 (Back Trace Execution)

The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.



• Timing Chart 4 (Dry Run Execution)



Sample Programming (NC Program Execution/Single Block Execution/Back Trace Execution)

```
// When StartPq is TRUE, execute the first pressing process of the operation start
switch.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) AND (StartPgWork=FALSE) THEN
        StartPqWork:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When StartPqWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.
IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) THEN
        IF ( Card1Access=FALSE ) AND ( Card1Ready =TRUE) THEN
                LPF Ex:=TRUE;
        END IF;
END IF;
// If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, exe-
cute the error handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF ( CNC COM.Obsr.Active=TRUE) THEN
        FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo
ready status and set the X-axis to the ON status.
IF (LPF Dn = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
                Pwr1 En:=TRUE;
        ELSE
                Pwr1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr2 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr2 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr3 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr3 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr4 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr4 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
```

```
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute
homing of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4 Status=TRUE) THEN
       Hm1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm1 D=TRUE) THEN
       Hm2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm2 D=TRUE) THEN
       Hm3 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error
handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE) THEN
       FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord Ready changes to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D =TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready=TRUE) THEN
       CC1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       CC1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set
IF(CC1 enbd= TRUE)AND( InitFlg=FALSE) THEN
       // CNC CoordControl parameter
       // Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC_LoadPro-
gramFile (Load NC Program) instruction.
       ControlInputs.ProgramNo:=UINT#300;
       ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#300.0;
       ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
       ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.FeedHold:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
       // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
       InitFlg := TRUE;
       // Start the NC program.
       NcpStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
```

```
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg=TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady=TRUE) AND (NcpStart=TRUE)
THEN
        CC1 CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
IF ( CC1 CycleStart =TRUE) THEN
                ControlInputs.CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart change to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = eCNC EXECUTING STATE# cncExecuting) THEN
       NcpStart:=FALSE;
        CC1 CycleStart:=FALSE;
        ControlInputs.CycleStart:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Pressing the operation start switch again re-executes the NC program.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) THEN
        StartPg := FALSE;
        IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) AND (InitFlg=TRUE) THEN
               NcpStart:=TRUE;
        END IF;
END IF;
// When InterruptSW is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
IF (InterruptSW = TRUE) THEN
       ControlInputs.FeedHold :=TRUE;
        // Check that the NC program stops and set the FeedHold flag to OFF.
        IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus= eCNC EXECUTING STATE# cncHold)THEN
                ControlInputs.FeedHold :=FALSE;
                InterruptSW:=FALSE;
        END IF;
END IF;
// When BackTraceSW is TRUE, determine whether the back trace can be used. When the
back trace can be used, enable the back trace.
IF (BackTraceSW = TRUE) THEN
        IF (ControlOutputs.BackTraceReady=TRUE) THEN
                ControlInputs.BackTrace:=TRUE;
       END IF;
ELSE
        ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When SingleBlockSW is TRUE, enable the single block execution.
IF (SingleBlockSW = TRUE) THEN
        ControlInputs.SingleBlock:=TRUE;
ELSE
        ControlInputs.SingleBlock:=FALSE;
END IF;
```

```
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr1 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#0,
       Status=>Pwr1 Status,
       Busy => Pwr1 Bsy,
   Error => Pwrl Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr1 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr2 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#1,
       Status=>Pwr2 Status,
       Busy => Pwr2_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr2 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr3 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#2,
       Status=>Pwr3 Status,
       Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr3_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr4 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#100,
       Status=>Pwr4 Status,
       Busy => Pwr4 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr4 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr4_ErrID
);
// CNC_Home of X-axis
HM1(
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm1 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#0,
 Done => Hm1 D,
 Busy => Hml Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hml Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
```

```
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm2 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1,
 Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm2 Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
НМЗ(
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm3 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#2,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm3 Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm3 ErrID
);
//
        CNC CoordControl
CC1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        ControlInputs:=ControlInputs,
        ControlOutputs:=ControlOutputs,
        Enable:=CC1 En,
       Enabled=>CC1 enbd,
        Busy=>CC1 Bsy,
        Error=>CC1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC LoadProgramFile
LPF(
        Execute:=LPF Ex,
        FileName:=STRING#'NCProg1.txt',
        DeletePrg:=_eCNC_DELETE_PRG#_cncNotDelPrg,
        Done=>LPF D,
        Busy=>LPF_Bsy,
        CommandAborted=>LPF Ca,
        Error=>LPF Err,
        ErrorID=>LPF ErrID
);
```

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Sample Programming (Dry Run Execution)

```
// When StartPg is TRUE, execute the first pressing process of the operation start
switch.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) AND (StartPgWork=FALSE) THEN
       StartPgWork:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.
IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) THEN
       IF ( _CardlAccess=FALSE ) AND ( CardlReady =TRUE) THEN
               LPF Ex:=TRUE;
       END IF;
END_IF;
// If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, exe-
cute the error handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF ( CNC COM.Obsr.Active=TRUE) THEN
       FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo
ready status and set the X-axis to the ON status.
IF (LPF Dn = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
               Pwr1 En:=TRUE;
       ELSE
                Pwr1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr2 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       Pwr2 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Pwr3 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       Pwr3 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Pwr4 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       Pwr4 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute
homing of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4 Status=TRUE) THEN
       Hm1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
```

```
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm1 D=TRUE) THEN
        Hm2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm2 D=TRUE) THEN
        Hm3 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error
handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE) THEN
        FaultHandler();
END_IF;
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord Ready changes to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D =TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
        Coord Ready :=FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready=TRUE) THEN
        CC1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        CC1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set
IF (CC1 enbd= TRUE) AND ( InitFlg=FALSE) THEN
        // CNC CoordControl parameter
        // Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC LoadPro-
gramFile (Load NC Program) instruction.
        ControlInputs.ProgramNo:=UINT#300;
        ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#300.0;
        ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
        ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
        ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
        ControlInputs.FeedHold:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
        // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
        InitFlg := TRUE;
        // Start the NC program.
       NcpStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg=TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady=TRUE) AND (NcpStart=TRUE)
THEN
        CC1 CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1_CycleStart =TRUE) THEN
                ControlInputs.CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
```

CNC_CoordControl

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Sample Programming

```
// When the NC program is executed, CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart change to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = eCNC EXECUTING STATE# cncExecuting) THEN
       NcpStart:=FALSE;
       CC1_CycleStart:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.CycleStart:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Pressing the operation start switch again re-executes the NC program.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) THEN
       StartPg := FALSE;
       IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) AND (InitFlg=TRUE) THEN
               NcpStart:=TRUE;
       END IF;
END IF;
// When DryRunSW is TRUE, enable the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function
lock.
IF (DryRunSW = TRUE) THEN
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=TRUE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=TRUE;
       ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=TRUE;
ELSE
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
END IF;
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr1 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#0,
       Status=>Pwr1 Status,
       Busy => Pwr1 Bsy,
   Error => Pwrl Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr1 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr2 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#1,
       Status=>Pwr2 Status,
       Busy => Pwr2_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr2 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr3 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#2,
       Status=>Pwr3 Status,
       Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr3_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
```

```
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr4 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#100,
       Status=>Pwr4 Status,
       Busy => Pwr4 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of X-axis
HM1(
 Coord := CNC_Coord000,
 Execute := Hm1 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#0,
 Done => Hm1_D,
 Busy => Hm1_Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hml Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm2 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1,
 Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm2_Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2_ErrID
);
// CNC_Home of Z-axis
НМЗ(
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm3 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#2,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3_Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm3 Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm3_ErrID
);
        CNC_CoordControl
11
CC1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        ControlInputs:=ControlInputs,
        ControlOutputs:=ControlOutputs,
        Enable:=CC1 En,
        Enabled=>CC1 enbd,
        Busy=>CC1 Bsy,
        Error=>CC1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CC1_ErrID
);
```

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CNC_CoordCatchMCode

The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction receives the M code output from the NC program using the sequence control program.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression ST expression
CNC_CoordCatchMCode	Catch M	FB	CNC_CoordCatchMCode_instance CNC_CoordCatchMCode_instance (
	Code		CNC_CoordCatchMCode Coord := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Coord Coord MCode :=parameter,
			MCode MCode Enable :=parameter,
			MCodeNo Strobe MCodeNo. :=parameter,
			Busy – Enabled => <i>parameter</i> ,
			Error Strobe =>parameter
			Busy =>parameter,
			Error =>parameter,
			ErrorID => <i>parameter</i> ,
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Enable	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when <i>Enable</i> is TRUE.
MCodeNo	M Code Number	UINT	0 to 191	0	Specify an M code number to be received. This value is applied only when Enable changes to TRUE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Enabled	Enable	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the CNC coordinate system is being con-
			FALSE	trolled.
Strobe	Strobe	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the M code output specified in an M code
			FALSE	is received from the CNC coordinate system.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Enabled	When Enable changes to TRUE.	When Enable changes to FALSE.
		When Error changes to TRUE.
Busy	When Enable changes to TRUE.	When Error changes to TRUE.
		When Enable changes to FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.
Strobe	When the M code output specified in an M code is received from the CNC coordinate system.	When the M code output is reset by CNC_Coor- dResetMCode.

Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi- nate System	_sCNC_COORD _REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
MCode	M code attached infor- mation	_sMCODE_REF		Outputs the information attached to the M code output. (*) Create a user-defined variable of the _sMCODE_REF type.

• _sMCODE_REF

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
ExistsOutputs	Attached informa-	ARRAY[07]	TRUE or	Outputs whether Outputs exists or not
	tion output exis-	OF BOOL	FALSE	when an M code is received.
	tence			The element numbers (07) in the array correspond to the arguments (VAVH) in the M code.
				0=VA, 1=VB, 2=VC, 3=VD, 4=VE, 5=VF, 6=VG, 7=VH
Outputs	Attached informa-	ARRAY[07]		Outputs the Outputs when an M code
	tion output	OF LREAL		is received.
				The element numbers in the array correspond to the arguments (VAVH) in the M code.
				0=VA, 1=VB, 2=VC, 3=VD, 4=VE, 5=VF, 6=VG, 7=VH

Functions

The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction receives the M code output of the NC program as an interface to execute the M codes provided by the sequence control program from the NC program.

This instruction receives (Strobe changes to TRUE) the M code output of the CNC coordinate system specified using *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System) in accordance with *MCodeNo* (M Code Number).

When the M code output is received, information about whether there is the argument specified in MCode is output to *ExistsOutputs* using the sequence control program, and if the argument exists, its value is output to *Outputs*.

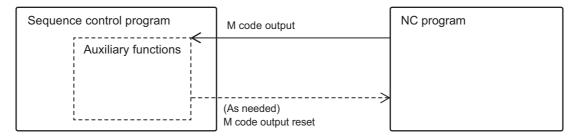
The *ExistsOutputs* and *Outputs* argument values are retained until the M code output is received again using the instance of the same CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction.

If the M code is set to 0 (synchronization) or the M code output has an argument, this instruction continues to wait for block stepping of the NC program until the M code output is reset.

Instruction Details

This instruction realizes to acknowledge the calls for the auxiliary functions from the NC program in the sequence control program.

For example, the auxiliary functions of the processing machine include ATC control, coolant ON/OFF, and spindle control. These auxiliary functions depend on the processing machine, and they can be deployed using various commands of the NJ/NX series.



Up to 192 of M codes outputs output from the NC program can be specified for each CNC coordinate system.

M code numbers (0 to 191) are used to specify the M codes outputs accepted by the CNC_Coord-CatchMCode instruction. A different auxiliary function can be programmed for each M code number of the auxiliary functions.

Also, you can pass up to eight arguments to each M code output that is to be output from the NC program. This can be used when setting the parameter specified from an NC program to the M codes, for example, when specifying a tool number for the tool exchange auxiliary function.

When the M code output is enabled in the NC program, its argument that is specified for M code output is output to *ExistsOutputs* (Argument Existence/Non-existence) and *Outputs* (Argument Value).

If the argument is specified using an NC program to enable the M code output, the NC program must retain the argument value until the argument value is loaded by the sequence control program. Therefore, the NC program continues to wait for a reset from the sequence control program. In the sequence control program, be sure to execute the CNC_CoordResetMCode (Reset M Code) instruction after receiving an M code output that is specified for the argument.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the operation of the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction is shown below.

Enable		
Enabled		
Busy		
Error		
ErrorID	16#0000	
Strobe		
ExistsOtputs		
Otputs		Value

While *Enabled* is TRUE, *Strobe* is updated.

ExistsOutputs and *Outputs* are updated at the timing when *Strobe* is updated from FALSE to TRUE. *ExistsOutputs* and *Outputs* are not updated at other timings.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction operates independently for each instruction, therefore it is not affected by the restriction of CNC instruction multi-execution processing.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and Error will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

Enable			_
Enabled	 		
Busy			
Error			
ErrorID	16#0000	Error code	_
ErrorID Strobe	16#0000	Error code	
	16#0000	Error code	

Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming to receive the auxiliary function output and perform the reset.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

• CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

CNC coordinate system	Logical CNC motor con- figuration
CNC coordinate system 0	3

Positioning axis configuration

CNC coordinate system	Positioning axis CNC motor number	Positioning axis config- uration CNC motor	Positioning axis assignment
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P0	CNC motor 0	X-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P1	CNC motor 1	Y-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P2	CNC motor 2	Z-axis

Spindle axis use CNC motor

CNC coordinate system	Spindle axis use CNC motor
CNC coordinate	CNC motor 3
system 0	

M code settings

M code number	Setting value
M101	0: Synchronous (Wait for M code reset)

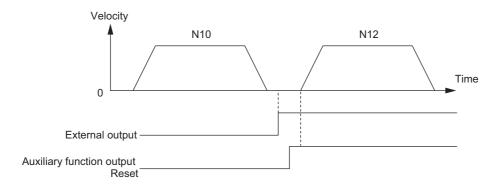
Operation Example

Set 101 for MCodeNo (M Code Number) using the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction and run the sequence control program that turns ON the external output using the N11 block of the NC program shown below. After the external output turned ON, the execution of the NC program is continued using the CNC_CoordResetMCode (Reset M Code) instruction.

• NC Program

```
N10 G91 F1000 G01 X10
N11 M101
N12 X20
M30
```

Operation Patterns



1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

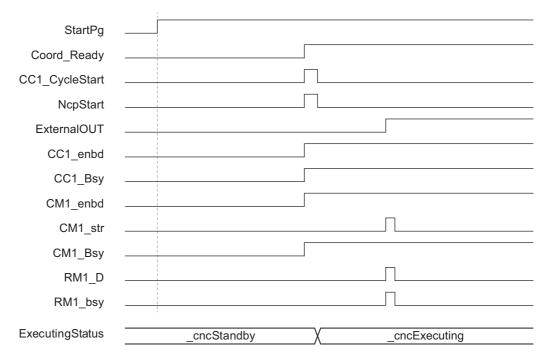
When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 10.00 mm in the positive direction and the external output turns ON. After that, CNC motor 1 is positioned to 20.00 mm in the positive direction.

Ladder Diagram

Main Variables

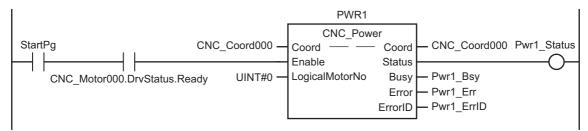
Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_COORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion status of the NC program.
			This variable changes to TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion.
			Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE.
			When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
ExternalOUT	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the external output.

• Timing Chart

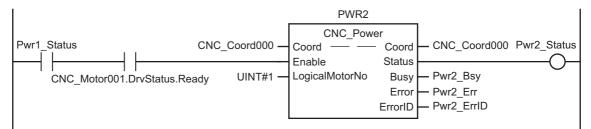


• Sample Programming

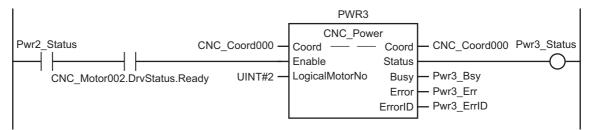
When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



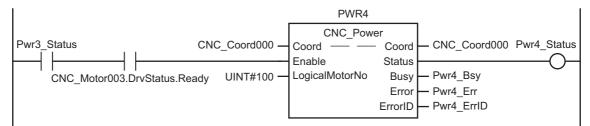
When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.



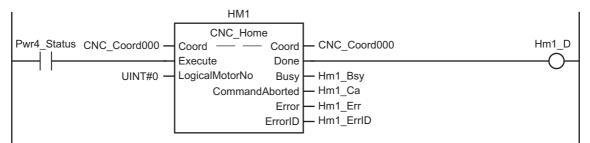
When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.

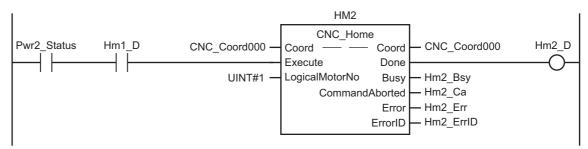


When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.



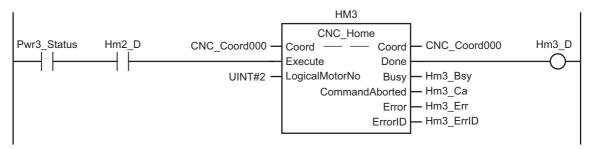
When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.





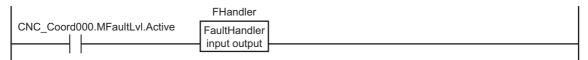
After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.

After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

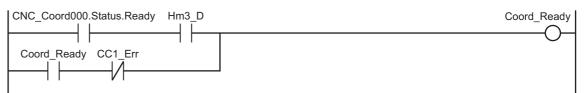


If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

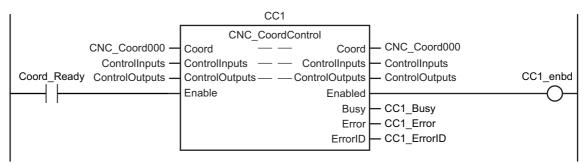
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

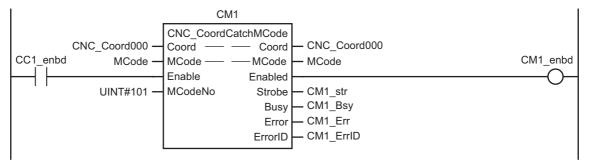


When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord_Ready to TRUE.



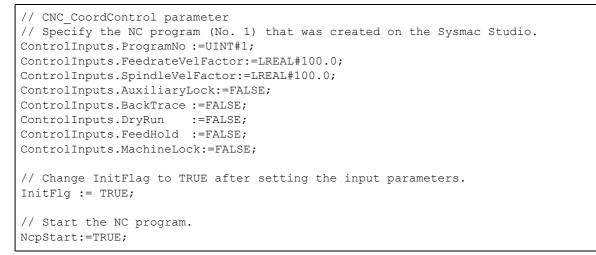
When Coord_Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.



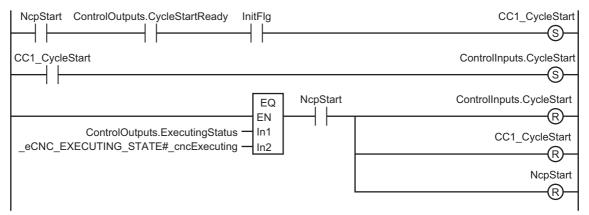


When the execution control of the NC program is started, start the auxiliary function output received.

When the auxiliary function output received is started, set the parameters of the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

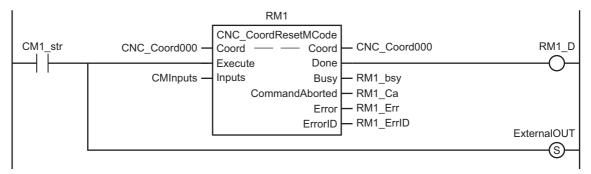


Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.



When the auxiliary function output is received, turn ON the external output and start the auxiliary function output reset.

Continue the NC program after the auxiliary function output of the NC program is reset.

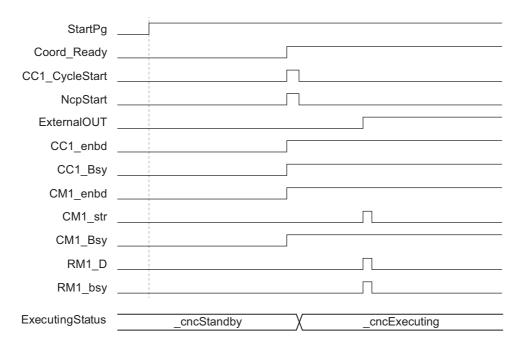


Structured Text (ST)

Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_COORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi-
			nate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is
			TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica-
			tions are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion of the
			NC program.
			This variable changes to TRUE when the NC
			program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start
			ready is completed, the NC program is exe-
			cuted.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting comple-
			tion.
			Input parameters are set when this variable is
			FALSE.
			When the input parameter setting is completed,
			this variable changes to TRUE.
ExternalOUT	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the external output.

• Timing Chart



• Sample Programming

```
// When StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and
set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (StartPg = TRUE)AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr2 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr2 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr3 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr3 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3_Status = TRUE) AND (CNC_Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr4 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr4 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute
homing of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4_Status=TRUE) THEN
       Hm1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm1 D=TRUE) THEN
        Hm2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm2 D=TRUE) THEN
       Hm3 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error
handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE) THEN
        FaultHandler();
END IF;
```

CNC_CoordCatchMCode

12

Sample Programming

```
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord Ready to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D =TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Coord Ready :=TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
// Also, start the auxiliary function output received to receive the auxiliary
function output from the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready=TRUE) THEN
       CC1 En:=TRUE;
       CM1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       CC1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set
IF (CM1 enbd=TRUE) AND (InitFlg=FALSE) THEN
        // CNC CoordControl parameter
        // Specify the NC program (No. 1) that was created on the Sysmac Studio.
       ControlInputs.ProgramNo:=UINT#1;
        ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
        ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
        ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.FeedHold:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
        // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
       InitFlg := TRUE;
        // Start the NC program.
       NcpStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg=TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady=TRUE) AND (NcpStart=TRUE)
THEN
       CC1_CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1 CycleStart =TRUE) THEN
               ControlInputs.CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, change CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting) THEN
       NcpStart:=FALSE;
       CC1 CycleStart:=FALSE;
        ControlInputs.CycleStart:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the auxiliary function output is received, turn ON the external output and
start the auxiliary function output reset.
// After the auxiliary function output of the NC program is reset, continue the NC
program.
IF CM1 str=TRUE THEN
       ExternalOUT:=TRUE;
       RM1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
```

```
// Check that the NC program is restarted.
IF RM1 D=TRUE THEN
       RM1 Ex:=FALSE;
END IF;
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        Enable:=Pwr1 En,
        LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#0,
        Status=>Pwr1 Status,
       Busy => Pwr1 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr1 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr1 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        Enable:=Pwr2 En,
        LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#1,
        Status=>Pwr2 Status,
       Busy => Pwr2 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr2 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr3 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#2,
       Status=>Pwr3 Status,
       Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr3 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        Enable:=Pwr4 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#100,
       Status=>Pwr4_Status,
       Busy => Pwr4_Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of X-axis
HM1(
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm1 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#0 ,
 Done => Hm1_D,
 Busy => Hm1 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hml Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
```

```
Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
  Execute := Hm2 Ex,
  LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1 ,
 Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm2 Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
НМЗ (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm3_Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#2 ,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm3 Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm3 ErrID
);
11
        CNC CoordControl
CC1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        ControlInputs:=ControlInputs,
        ControlOutputs:=ControlOutputs,
        Enable:=CC1 En,
        Enabled=>CC1 enbd,
        Busy=>CC1 Bsy,
        Error=>CC1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC CoordCatchMCode
CM1 (
        Coord:=CNC Coord000,
        MCode:=MCode,
        Enable:=CM1 En,
        MCodeNo:=UINT#101,
        Enabled=>CM1 enbd,
        Strobe=>CM1 str,
        Busy=>CM1 Bsy,
        Error=>CM1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CM1 ErrID
);
// CNC CoordResetMCode
RM1(
        Coord:=CNC Coord000,
        Execute:=RM1 Ex,
        Inputs:=CMInputs,
        Done=>RM1 D,
        Busy=>RM1 bsy,
        CommandAborted=>RM1 Ca,
        Error=>RM1 Err,
        ErrorID=>RM1 ErrID
);
```

CNC_CoordResetMCode

The CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction resets the M code output from the NC program.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression		ST expression
CNC_CoordResetMCode	Reset M	FB	CNC_CoordResetMCode_instar	CNC_CoordResetMCode_instance (
	Code		CNC_CoordResetMCode		Coord :=parameter,
			Coord Coo	rd 🗕	Execute := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Execute Do Inputs Bu		Inputs := <i>parameter,</i>
			CommandAbort	1	Done => <i>parameter</i> ,
			En	or	Busy =>parameter,
			Error	D	CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> ,
					Error => <i>parameter</i> ,
					ErrorID =>parameter
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when <i>Exe-</i> <i>cute</i> changes to TRUE.
Inputs	Reset input	ARRAY [07] OF LREAL		0	Outputs the <i>Inputs</i> when the auxiliary function is reset. The element numbers in the array correspond to the auxiliary function output reset return value of the auxiliary function output.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Variables

Variable	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When the M code is reset.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to
		FALSE.
		• After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command-	When this instruction is canceled due to an	When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to
Aborted	error.	FALSE.
		• After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi-	When the error is cleared.
	tions or input parameters for the instruction.	

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System			

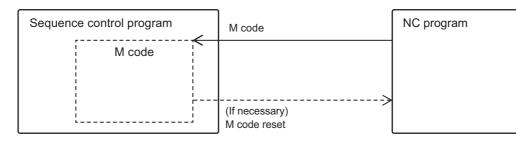
Functions

The CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction resets the M code output of the NC program.

You can specify the CNC coordinate system to reset M code by specifying the CNC coordinate system.

Instruction Details

The M code outputs are enabled (TRUE) in the NC program, and this instruction resets (FALSE) the M code outputs that accepted TRUE for IO refresh of the task for the sequence control program to be executed.



The result of the reset execution is applied to Strobe of the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction in the next and subsequent cycles. (When this reset instruction is executed at the beginning of the sequence control program, the following sequence control program accepts M codes if this occurred in the same scan.)

If an M code output with arguments is reset, the values (8 pieces of LREAL data) can be passed from the sequence control program to NC program. The NC Program stores the received values to NC program system variable _*CNC_MCodeResetRetValueX* (where X is a digit from 0 to 7).

For example, an NC program is written as follows,

P0 = _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue0

You can load the inputs[0] value of CNC_CoordResetMCode, executed lastly for the same CNC coordinate system, to P0.

Timing Charts

A timing chart for the execution of the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction is shown below.

CNC_CoordCatch	MCode			
Enable				
Enabled				
Busy				
Error				
ErrorID		16#0000		
Strobe]	
ExistsOtputs			1 	
Otputs			Value	
CNC_CoordReset	MCode		1 1 1	
Execute				
Done				
Busy			•	
Error				
ErrorID		16#0000		

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (5603 0000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

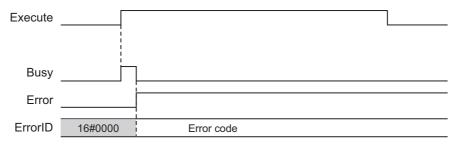
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).



CNC_CoordReset

The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordReset	CNC Coor- dinate Sys- tem Error Reset	FB	CNC_CoordReset_instance	CNC_CoordReset_instance(Coord := <i>parameter</i> , Execute := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Execute Done Busy Failure Error ErrorID	Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Failure =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Exe-
			FALSE		cute changes to TRUE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Failure	Failure End	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction was not executed normally.
			FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When the M code is reset.	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		 After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		 When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Failure	When this instruction is executed while the CNC coordinate system decelerated to a stop due to an error.	 When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
	• When this instruction is executed while a CNC coordinate system error occurred due to a CNC common error.	Aller one period when Execute is TALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		

Functions

This instruction clears an error that is detected in the CNC coordinate system specified in *Coord* (CNC coordinate system) when *Execute* changes to TRUE. You can clear minor faults detected in the CNC coordinate system, monitoring information errors and drive errors.

- Error clear processing is performed regardless of whether the CNC motor is set to the Servo ON or Servo OFF status.
- If a driver error occurs on the CNC motor, driver error reset processing is executed first, and then error reset processing is executed.
- Driver error reset processing continues until the driver error is cleared or during the period specified in Driver Error Reset Monitoring Time of the CNC motor parameter. Driver error reset processing is simultaneously performed for the CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system.
- Errors that are detected at the timing when *Execute* changes to TRUE will be reset.
- · Errors that are detected during reset processing will not be reset.
- If an attempt is made to execute this instruction while the CNC coordinate system is decelerated to a stop due to an error, the instruction is not executed, and *Failure* (Failure End) changes to TRUE. This processing is performed to prevent error reset processing from being started before the target CNC motor stops.

Also, CNC common errors cannot be reset by executing this instruction, therefore, *Failure* (Failure End) changes to TRUE.



Precautions for Correct Use

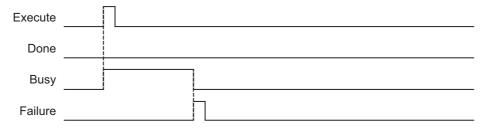
- Error reset processing initiated by this instruction may span multiple control cycles.
- If the CNC motor is active even when this instruction has been executed, the *Failure* (Failure End) output variable of this instruction changes to TRUE.
- Eliminate the cause of the error, and execute retry processing until Done changes to TRUE.
- Before eliminating the cause of the error, always check that each CNC motor stopped completely.
- When using this instruction for the OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, perform exclusive processing to prevent the *ResetECError* (Reset EtherCAT Error) instruction from being executed simultaneously.

Timing Chart

Execute		
Done		Π
Busy		
Failure		
Output parameter of the error occrred	e instruction for which	
Busy		
Error		
ErrorID	Error code	16#0000

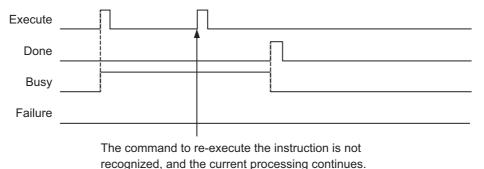
Aborting the Instruction

The instruction is aborted if it is not possible to clear errors that occur when the CNC coordinate system is decelerating to a stop for an error or errors that occur during CNC coordinate system errors resulting from CNC common errors.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If the instruction is re-executed by changing *Execute* to TRUE again, the re-executed instruction is ignored and error clear processing is continued.



Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

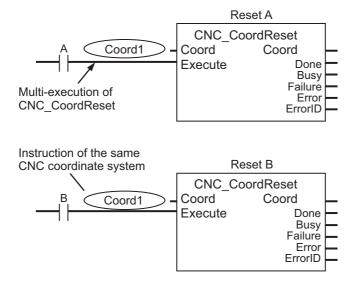
Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

• Execution of Other Instructions during Instruction Execution

If another instance of the CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instruction is executed for the same CNC coordinate system, both instructions are executed.

If a slave error occurs, processing may wait until the Drive Error Reset Monitoring Time for the CNC motor parameters expires.

The elapsed time is also counted for each instruction instance.



CNC_CoordReset

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Functions

CNC_CoordStop

The CNC_CoordStop instruction performs an immediate stop for all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordStop	CNC Coor-	FB	CNC_CoordStop_instance	CNC_CoordStop_instance (
	dinate Sys- tem Stop		CNC_CoordStop	Coord := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Coord Coord	Execute :=parameter,
			Execute Done Deceleration Busy	Deceleration :=parameter,
			Jerk CommandAborted	Jerk := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Error	Done => <i>parameter</i> ,
			ErrorID	Busy => <i>parameter</i> ,
				CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> ,
				Error => <i>parameter</i> ,
				ErrorID =>parameter
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Exe-
			FALSE		cute changes to TRUE.
Deceleration	Decelera-	ARRAY[02	0	0	Specifies the deceleration rate.
(Reserved)	tion Rate] OF LREAL			The unit is command units/s ² .
Jerk	Jerk	LREAL	0	0	Specify jerk.
(Reserved)					The unit is command units/s ³ .

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	• When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to
		FALSE.
		 After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	 When Done changes to TRUE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command-	When this instruction is canceled due to an	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to
Aborted	error.	FALSE.
	• When this instruction is executed while there	After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
	is an error.	
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi-	When the error is cleared.
	tions or input parameters for the instruction.	

Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		

Functions

- · This function performs an immediate stop for all the currently operating CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- · CommandAborted (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE for the instruction that is currently in operation when this instruction is executed.
- When *Execute* changes to TRUE, the operation of stopping starts.

Precautions for Correct Use

If you want to stop the operation of the CNC motor when ErrorStop (Error Deceleration Stopping) is TRUE for the CNC coordinate system, use the CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction.

Instruction Details

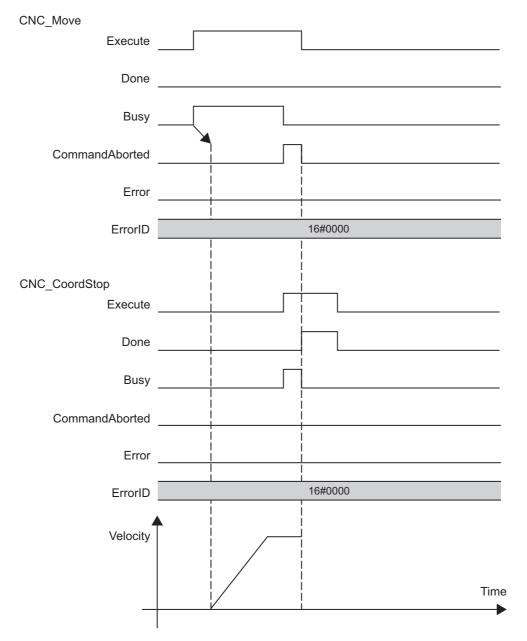
In-position Check

An in-position check is not performed when stopping for this instruction.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Execute* changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when a velocity of 0 is reached.

The following timing chart shows operations to stop the CNC motor during positioning. *Command-Aborted* (Command Aborted) for the positioning instruction that is currently in operation will change to TRUE when this instruction is executed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

CNC_CoordImmediateStop

The CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction immediately stops all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordImmedia-	CNC Coor-	FB	CNC_CoordImmediate_instance	CNC_CoordImmediateStop_instance (
teStop	dinate Sys-		CNC CoordImmediateStop	Coord := <i>parameter</i> ,
	tem Immediate		Coord Coord	Execute := <i>parameter</i> ,
	Stop		Execute Done	Done => <i>parameter</i> ,
			Busy – CommandAborted –	Busy =>parameter,
			Error	CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> ,
			ErrorID	Error => <i>parameter</i> ,
				ErrorID =>parameter
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Exe-
			FALSE		cute changes to TRUE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
Command- Aborted	Command Aborted	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When the immediate stop is completed.	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to
		FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	 When Done changes to TRUE.
		 When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command-	When this instruction is aborted due to an error.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to
Aborted		FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi-	When the error is cleared.
	tions or input parameters for the instruction.	

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

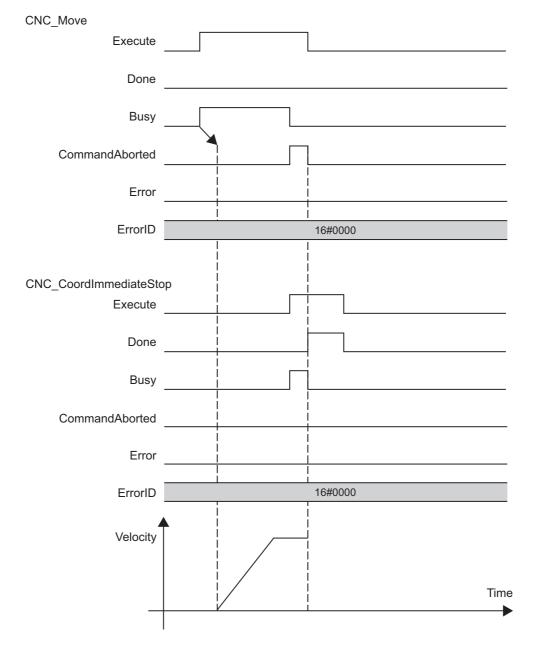
Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid vari- able	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi- nate System	_sCNC_COORD _REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

- This instruction can be executed for the CNC coordinate system that is in motion.
- When this instruction is executed, all the composition CNC motor stops immediately according to the setting of the **Immediate Stop Method** of CNC coordinate system parameter. *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE for the instruction that is currently in operation.
- When this instruction is executed, *ErrorStop* (Error Deceleration Stopping) changes to TRUE in the CNC coordinate system, and the Immediate Stop Instruction Executed error (560C0000 hex) occurs.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- · Done changes to TRUE when processing of this instruction is completed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

CNC_CoordHalt

The CNC_CoordHalt instruction stops the currently running CNC motor assigned to the positioning axis in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordHalt	CNC Coor-	FB	CNC_CoordHalt_instance	CNC_CoordHalt_instance (
	dinate Sys- tem Halt		CNC_CoordHalt Coord Coord Execute Done	Coord := <i>parameter</i> , Execute := <i>parameter</i> , Deceleration := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Deceleration Busy Jerk CommandAborted Error Fror	Jerk := <i>parameter</i> , Done => <i>parameter</i> ,
			ErrorID	Busy => <i>parameter</i> , CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> ,
				Error => <i>parameter</i> , ErrorID => <i>parameter</i>);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Exe-
			FALSE		cute changes to TRUE.
Deceleration	Decelera-	ARRAY[01	0	0	Specifies the deceleration rate of the
(Reserved)	tion Rate] OF LREAL			CNC motor in the CNC coordinate sys-
()					tem.
					The unit is command units/s ² .
Jerk	Jerk	LREAL	0	0	Specify jerk.
(Reserved)					The unit is command units/s ³ .

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

Output Variables

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	• When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to
		FALSE.
		 After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
_		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command-	When this instruction is canceled due to an	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to
Aborted	error.	FALSE.
	• When this instruction is executed while there	After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
	is an error.	
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi-	When the error is cleared.
	tions or input parameters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD_		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	REF		

Functions

- This function immediately stops the currently operating CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- When this instruction starts, the instructions that are currently being executed are aborted by *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted).
- When *Execute* changes to TRUE, the stop processing starts.
- The in-position check is not performed when the CNC motor is stopped by this instruction.
- When this instruction starts, the CNC coordinate system is not changed to the *Stopping* (Deceleration Stopping) status. The CNC coordinate system transitions to *Standby* or *Hold* (Holding). This instruction is mainly used to abort CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute from *Hold* (Holding) during manual intervention.

Functions

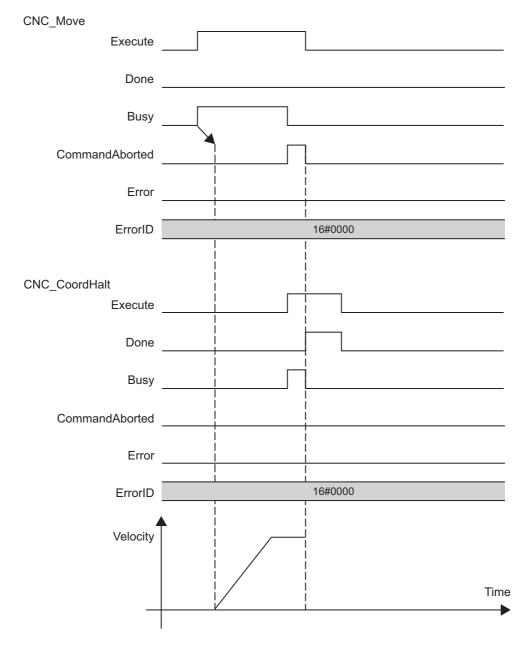
• If this instruction is executed while the CNC coordinate system is set to the *Executing* status, a multi-execution error occurs.

Precautions for Correct Use

When stopping all the CNC motor configurations including the spindle axis, use the CNC_CoordStop instruction.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Execute* changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when a velocity of 0 is reached.
- The following timing chart shows operations to stop the CNC motor during positioning. *Command-Aborted* (Command Aborted) for the positioning instruction that is currently in operation will change to TRUE when this instruction is executed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

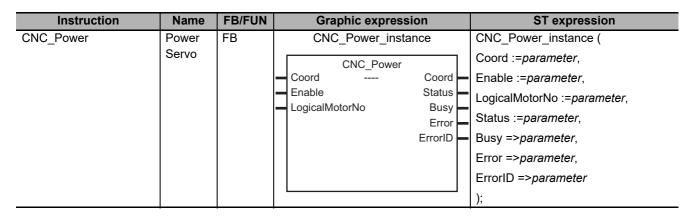
Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

CNC_Power

The CNC_Power instruction makes a Servo Drive ready to operate.



Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Enable	Enable	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The device is ready for operation when <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, and not ready when it is FALSE.
Logical MotorNo	Logical CNC Motor Number	UINT	0 to (Maximum Positioning Logi- cal CNC Motor Number - 1), 100	0	Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number. When it is assigned to the spindle axis, specify 100.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Status	Servo ON	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the device is ready for operation.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Status	When the specified CNC motor is ready for	When operation ready status for the specified
	operation.	CNC motor is cleared.
Busy	When Enable changes to TRUE.	When Enable changes to FALSE.
		• When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi-	When the error is cleared.
	tions or input parameters for the instruction.	

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		

Functions

- When *Enable* changes to TRUE, the CNC motor specified in *LogicalMotorNo* is made ready to operate. You can control the CNC motor when it is ready to operate.
- When Enable changes to FALSE, the ready status is cleared for the CNC motor specified by LogicalMotorNo. You cannot control the CNC motor after the ready status is cleared because it will not acknowledge operation commands. Also, an error occurs if a motion command is executed for a CNC motor for which the ready status is cleared. You can execute the CNC_Power (Power Servo) and CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instructions even for CNC motor that are not ready.
- You can use this instruction to disable the operation of CNC motors while they are in motion. In this case, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE. Output of the operation command will stop and the CNC motor will no longer be ready for operation.
- If home is not defined for a Servomotor with an absolute encoder, compensation is performed using the absolute encoder home offset to define home when the CNC motor is ready to operate. Home is also defined when I/O refresh communications with the I/O device assigned to the CNC motor change from a non-established to an established state.

Instruction Details

• Relation to CPU Unit Operating Modes

If a CNC motor is placed in ready status during RUN mode, ready status will continue even if the operating mode changes to PROGRAM mode.

• Deleting Instruction with Online Editing

If a CNC motor is placed in ready status, ready status will continue even if the instruction is deleted during online editing.

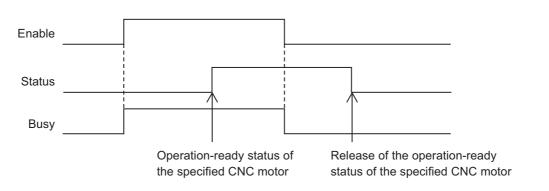
Timing Chart

 When Enable changes to TRUE, Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE to indicate that the instruction was acknowledged.

After the CNC motor becomes ready for operation, Status (Servo ON) changes to TRUE.

• When *Enable* changes to FALSE, *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE. *Status* (Servo ON) changes to FALSE when ready status is cleared. *Status* (Servo ON) outputs the CNC motor ready status regardless of whether *Enable* is TRUE or FALSE.

Status (Servo ON) will not change to TRUE until *Enable* changes to TRUE and the processing is finished at the CNC motor. Make sure that *Status* (Servo ON) changes to TRUE before moving the CNC motor.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Precautions for Correct Use

Do not create a program that starts the CNC_Power instruction of another instance for the CNC motor for which the CNC_Power instruction is currently being executed. Basically, assign a CNC_Power instruction to each CNC motor.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and Error will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

CNC_MoveJog

The CNC_MoveJog instruction jogs a CNC coordinate system according to the specified target velocity.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_MoveJog	Jog	FB	CNC_MoveJog_instance	CNC_MoveJog_instance(
CNC_MoveJog	Jog	FB	CNC_MoveJog_instance CNC_MoveJog Coord Coord PositiveEnable Busy NegativeEnable CommandAborted LogicalMotorNo Error Velocity ErrorID Acceleration	CNC_MoveJog_instance (Coord :=parameter, PositiveEnable :=parameter, NegativeEnable :=parameter, LogicalMotorNo :=parameter, Velocity :=parameter, Acceleration :=parameter, Busy =>parameter, CommandAborted =>parameter, Error =>parameter,
				ErrorID => <i>parameter</i>
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Positive Enable	Positive Direction Enable	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	When this variable changes to TRUE, the CNC motor starts moving in the positive direction. When it changes to FALSE, the CNC motor stops moving.
Negative Enable	Negative Direction Enable	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	When this variable changes to TRUE, the CNC motor starts moving in the positive direction. When it changes to FALSE, the CNC motor stops moving.
Logical MotorNo	Logical CNC Motor Number	UINT	0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor Number - 1)	0	Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number.
Velocity	Target Velocity	LREAL	Positive num- ber, 0	0	Specify the target velocity. The unit is command units/min.
Acceleration	Accelera- tion/Decel- eration Rate	LREAL	Positive num- ber, 0	0	Specify the acceleration/decelera- tion rate. The unit is command units/s ² .

CNC_MoveJog

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Variables

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Busy	When PositiveEnable or NegativeEnable	When the CNC motor stops.
	changes to TRUE.	When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command- Aborted	When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was	When PositiveEnable changes to FALSE if PositiveEnable is TRUE.
	multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>).When this instruction is aborted due to an	• When <i>NegativeEnable</i> changes to FALSE if <i>NegativeEnable</i> is TRUE.
	error.	After one period when <i>PositiveEnable</i> and
	• When this instruction is executed while there is an error.	NegativeEnable are both FALSE.
	When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution.	
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi-	When the error is cleared.
	tions or input parameters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

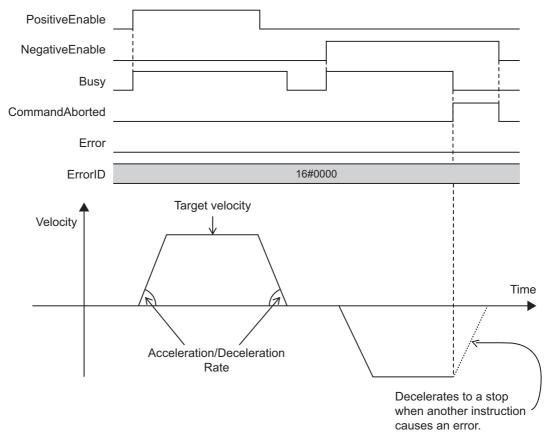
Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		

Functions

- The CNC_MoveJog instruction performs jogging according to the specified Velocity (Target Velocity).
- To jog in the positive direction, change *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) to TRUE. To jog in the negative direction, change *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE.
- If *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) and *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) are changed to TRUE at the same time, *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) takes priority. As a result, the CNC motor will jog in the positive direction.
- If the command velocity of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction exceeds the maximum jog velocity that is set in the CNC motor parameters, the maximum jog velocity is used.
- This instruction can be executed even if home is not defined.

Timing Chart

- *Busy* (Executing) changes to TRUE as soon as *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE.
- The axis starts deceleration as soon as *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to FALSE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE when the axis stops completely.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.



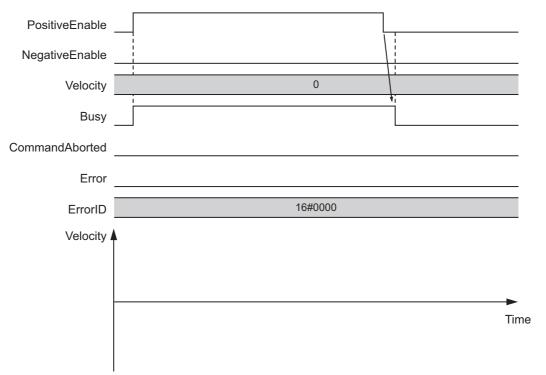
You can specify *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) as the input variables. The *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) input variables are updated operations only when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) rises. Therefore, the velocity will not change even if *Velocity* (Target Velocity) changes while *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) remains TRUE.

Functions

• Timing Chart When Target Velocity Is 0

When the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is 0 and you start jogging the motor, the CNC motor does not move, however, the CNC coordinate system changes to *Moving* status.

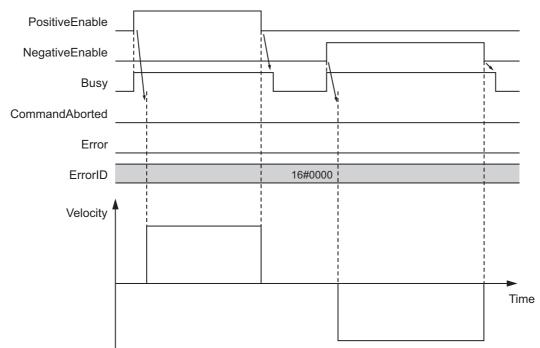
The following timing chart shows an example when the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is 0 and you start jogging the CNC motor.



Timing Chart When Acceleration/Deceleration Rate Is 0

When the *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is 0 and you start jogging the motor, the motor will reach the target velocity without accelerating or decelerating.

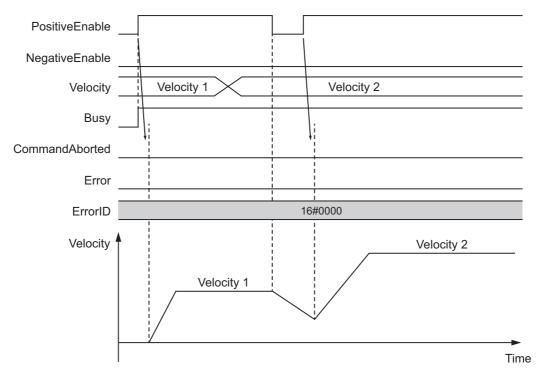
The timing chart below shows an example when the *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) are 0.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

• Restarting with Enable in the Same Direction

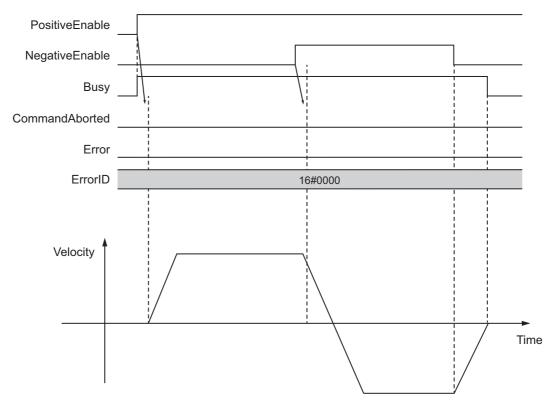
If you change *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE when it is FALSE and the axis is decelerating, the axis will begin to accelerate/decelerate towards the target velocity. If you change the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) or *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) at this time, the new value of the input parameter is used in operation. The axis is not stopped, and *Busy* (Executing) does not change to FALSE. The following example shows operation when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) changes to TRUE during deceleration.



• Restarting with Enable in the Opposite Direction

If you change *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) is TRUE and the axis is jogging in the positive direction, the axis will reverse its direction and start jogging in the negative direction. When this happens, you can jog the axis with the input variables for when *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE. The input variables are *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate).

The deceleration rate before the axis direction is reversed and the acceleration rate after it is reversed follow the input variables for when *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE. When *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) is TRUE and the axis is jogging in the negative direction, the same operation occurs when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) changes to TRUE. If *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE while *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) is TRUE, the axis starts jogging in the negative direction. In this case, the axis will not jog in the positive direction even if *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to FALSE. To jog the axis in the positive direction, change *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) to FALSE, and then back to TRUE again.



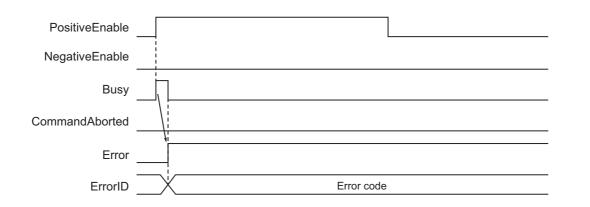
The same operation applies to the opposite case.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).



CNC_Home

The CNC_Home instruction operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_Home	Home	FB	CNC_Home_instance	CNC_Home_instance (
			CNC Home	Coord := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Coord Coord	Execute := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy	LogicalMotorNo := <i>parameter</i> ,
			CommandAborted	Done => <i>parameter</i> ,
			Error	Busy => <i>parameter</i> ,
			ErrorID	CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> ,
				Error => <i>parameter</i> ,
				ErrorID =>parameter
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.
Logical MotorNo	Logical CNC Motor Number	UINT	0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor Number - 1), 100	0	Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the target CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command- Aborted	When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting)	• When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
	multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>).When this instruction is aborted due to an error.	 After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
	• When this instruction is executed while there is an error.	
	 When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. 	
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		

Functions

Refer to the description of MC_Home in the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

The following describes differences from the MC_Home specifications.

• Homing Acceleration / Deceleration

You can specify the homing acceleration/deceleration rate as a homing parameter.

The homing acceleration rate and homing deceleration rate cannot be specified individually.

Homing Jerk

You cannot specify the Homing Jerk.

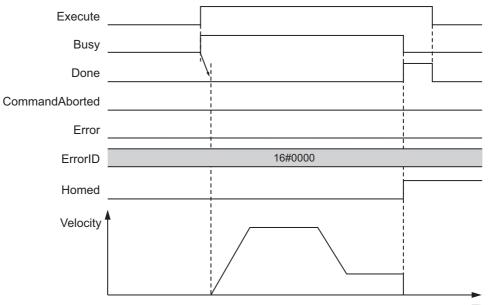
Instruction Details

Refer to the description of MC_Home in the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

Timing Chart

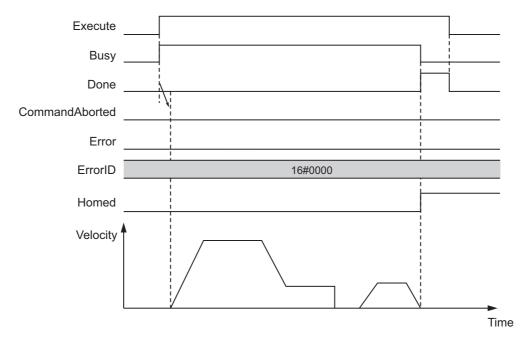
A timing chart for the operation of the CNC_Home instruction is shown below.

• No Homing Compensation



Time

Homing Compensation



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

CNC_HomeWithParameter

The CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction sets the homing parameter and operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_HomeWithParameter	Home with	FB	CNC_HomeWithParameter_instance	CNC_HomeWithParameter_instance (
CNC_HomewithParameter	Parameters	РВ	CNC_HomeWithParameter_Instance CNC_HomeWithParameter Coord Coord HomingParameter HomingParameter Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_HomeWithParameter_Instance (Coord :=parameter, HomingParameter :=parameter, Execute :=parameter, LogicalMotorNo :=parameter, Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, CommandAborted =>parameter, Error =>parameter,
				ErrorID => <i>parameter</i>
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical CNC Motor Number	UINT	0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor number) - 1,100	0	Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	• When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		 After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command- Aborted	 When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. When you start this instruction during 	 When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
	CNC_CoordStop instruction execution.	
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		
HomingPa-	Homing	_sCNC_HOMING		Specifies a homing parameter.
rameter	Parameter	_REF		

Functions

Refer to the description of MC_Home in the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

The following describes differences from the MC_HomeWithParameter specifications.

Homing Acceleration/Deceleration

The user can specify the acceleration/deceleration rate as a homing parameter.

_sCNC_HOMING_REF.Acc is used to specify the homing acceleration/deceleration rate.

There is no parameter that is equivalent to the Homing Deceleration (_sHOMING_REF.Dec).

Homing Jerk

You cannot specify the Homing Jerk.

There is no parameter that is equivalent to the Homing Jerk (_sHOMING_REF.Jerk).

Instruction Details

Refer to the description of MC_HomeWithParameter in the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

Timing Chart

The timing chart is the same as that for the CNC_Home instruction. Refer to the timing chart shown in *CNC_Home* on page 12-92.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

CNC_Move

The CNC_Move instruction performs absolute positioning or relative positioning.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_Move	Positioning	FB	CNC_Move_instance	CNC_Move_instance(
			CNC_Move	Coord := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Coord Coord	Execute := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy	LogicalMotorNo := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Position CommandAborted	Position := <i>parameter</i> ,
			- Velocity Error	 Velocity :=parameter,
			Acceleration ErrorID	Acceleration := <i>parameter</i> ,
			MoveMode	Jerk := <i>parameter</i> ,
				MoveMode :=parameter,
				Done => <i>parameter</i> ,
				Busy => <i>parameter</i> ,
				CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> ,
				Error => <i>parameter</i> ,
				ErrorID =>parameter
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical CNC Motor Number	UINT	0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor number) - 1	0	Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number. To specify the spin- dle axis, specify 100.
Position	Target Posi- tion	LREAL	Negative num- ber, positive number, or 0	0	Specify the target position. The unit is command units.
Velocity	Target Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	0	Specify the target velocity. The unit is command units/min.
Accelera- tion	Accelera- tion/Decel- eration Rate	LREAL	Positive num- ber, 0	0	Specify the acceleration/decelera- tion rate. The unit is command units/s ² .
Jerk (Reserved)	Jerk	LREAL	0	0	Specify jerk. The unit is command units/s ³ .
MoveMode	Travel Mode	_eCNC _MOVE _MODE	0: _cncAbsolute 1: _cncRelative	0	Select the travel method 0: Absolute positioning 1: Relative positioning

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted			
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When positioning is completed.	• When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> is set to TRUE.
		When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command- Aborted	 When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. 	 When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
	When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution.	
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

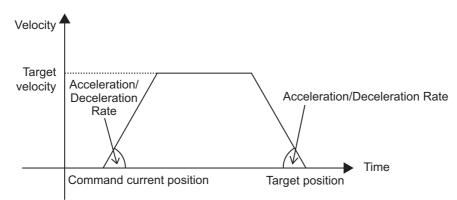
In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		

Functions

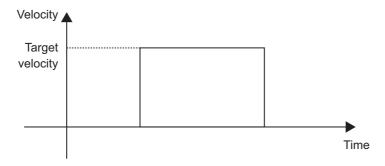
- This instruction performs absolute positioning or relative positioning for the CNC motor.
- When Execute changes to TRUE, the operation of absolute positioning starts.
- This instruction can be executed when the CNC coordinate system status is *Standby* (Stopping) or *Hold* (Holding). However, if the spindle axis is specified, this instruction can only be executed in *Standby*.
- · This instruction can be executed even if home is not defined.
- You can specify *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) as input variables.

The following chart shows an operation example of absolute positioning.



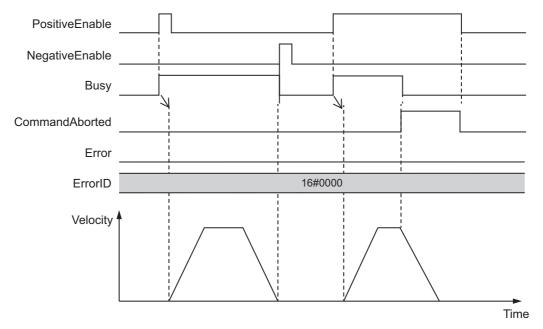
When *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is 0, this instruction can be executed. The CNC motor can reach the target velocity without acceleration or deceleration.

The following chart shows an operation example of an absolute positioning when the acceleration/deceleration rate is 0.



Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- When the CNC motor reaches the target position specified in *Position* (Target Position) and positioning is completed, Done changes to TRUE.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

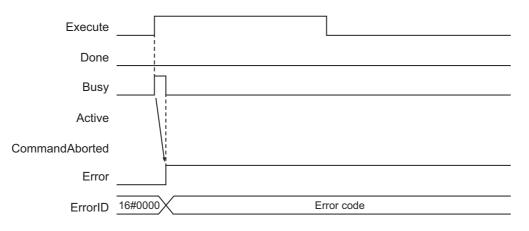
Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming about absolute positioning.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

• CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

CNC coordinate system	Logical CNC motor configuration
CNC coordinate system 0	3

Positioning axis configuration

CNC coordinate system	Positioning axis CNC motor number	Positioning axis config- uration CNC motor	Positioning axis assignment
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P0	CNC motor 0	X-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P1	CNC motor 1	Y-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P2	CNC motor 2	Z-axis

Spindle axis use CNC motor

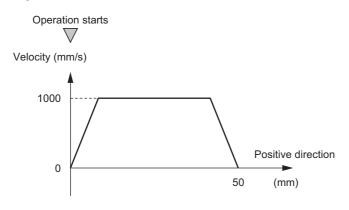
CNC coordinate system	Spindle axis use CNC motor		
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor 3		

CNC_Move

Operation Example

MoveMode (Travel Mode) of the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction is set to Absolute positioning to move to the target position.

• Operation Patterns



1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

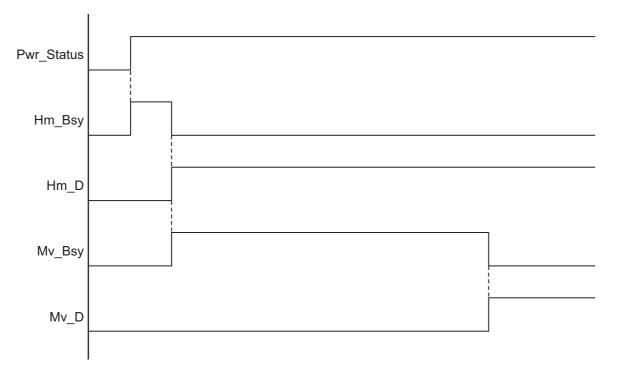
When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 50.00 mm in the positive direction.

Ladder Diagram

Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_COORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi-
			nate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
CNC_Mo-	BOOL	FALSE	TRUE when a minor fault level error occurs in
tor000.MFaultLvI.A			CNC motor 0.
ctive			
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is
			TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica-
			tions are established.

• Timing Chart

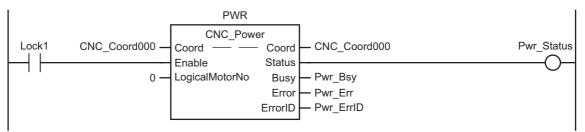


• Sample Programming

When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status.

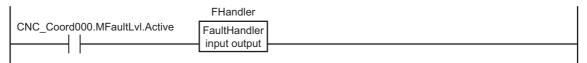


When the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status, turn ON the Servo.

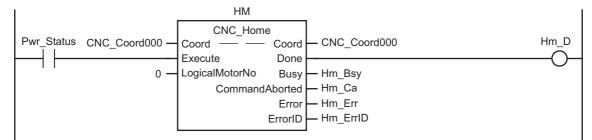


If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

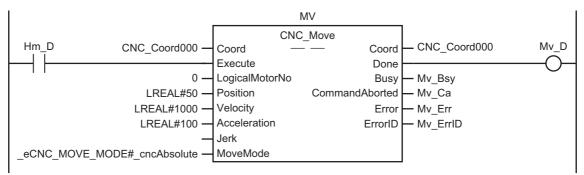


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When the Servo is ON, the Home instruction is executed.

After the home is defined, start the absolute positioning.

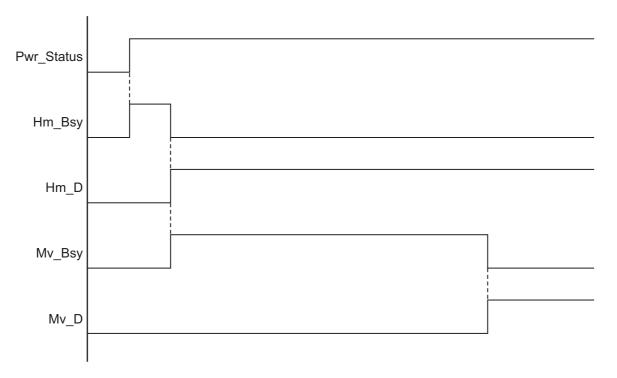


Structured Text (ST)

• Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_COORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi-
			nate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
CNC_Mo-	BOOL	FALSE	TRUE when a minor fault level error occurs in
tor000.MFaultLvI.A			CNC motor 0.
ctive			
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica-
			tions are established.

• Timing Chart



• Sample Programming

```
// When StartPg changes to TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready
status and turn ON the Servo.
// If the Servo is not ready, turn OFF the Servo.
IF (StartPg=TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
 Pwr En:=TRUE;
ELSE
 Pwr En:=FALSE;
END IF;
\ensuremath{\prime\prime}\xspace ] If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis, the
error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF CNC Motor000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE THEN
 FaultHandler();
END_IF;
// When the Servo is ON, the Home instruction is executed.
IF Pwr Status=TRUE THEN
 Hm Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home is defined, start the absolute positioning.
IF Hm D=TRUE THEN
 Mv_Ex:=TRUE;
END_IF;
//CNC_Power
PWR (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Enable := Pwr_En ,
 LogicalMotorNo := 0
 Status => Pwr Status ,
 Busy => Pwr_Bsy ,
 Error => Pwr Err ,
 ErrorID => Pwr ErrID
);
//CNC Home
HM (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm Ex ,
 LogicalMotorNo :=0 ,
 Done => Hm D ,
 Busy => Hm Bsy ,
 CommandAborted=> Hm Ca ,
 Error => Hm Err ,
 ErrorID => Hm ErrID
);
```

```
//CNC_Move
MV (
 Coord := CNC_Coord000 ,
 Execute := Mv_Ex ,
 LogicalMotorNo := 0 ,
 Position := LREAL#50 ,
 Velocity := LREAL#1000 ,
 Acceleration := LREAL#100 ,
 Jerk := LREAL#0 ,
 MoveMode := eCNC MOVE MODE# cncAbsolute ,
 Done => Mv D ,
 Busy => Mv Bsy ,
 CommandAborted=> Mv Ca ,
 Error => Mv_Err ,
 ErrorID => Mv_ErrID
);
```

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CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute

The CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute outputs the specified target position cyclically.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute	Cyclic Syn- chronous Absolute Positioning	FB	CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute_instance CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute Coord Coord Execute InPosition LogicalMotorNo Busy Position CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute_instance(Coord :=parameter, Execute :=parameter, LogicalMotorNo :=parameter, Position :=parameter, InPosition =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, CommandAborted =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter):

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when
			FALSE		Execute changes to TRUE.
Logical MotorNo	Logical CNC Motor Number	UINT	0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor number) - 1	0	Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the target CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number.
Position	Target Posi- tion	LREAL	Negative num- ber, positive number, or 0	0	Specify the target position of the absolute coordinates. The unit is command units.

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
InPosition	In-position	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the feedback current positions for all com-
			FALSE	position axes are within the in-position range of their
				target positions.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

Output Variables

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Variable	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
InPosition	When the feedback current positions for all composition axes are within the in-position	• When the feedback current position has been placed out of the in-position range.
	range of their target positions.	• When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		• After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When Error is set to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command- Aborted	 When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>). 	 When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
	• When this instruction is aborted due to an error.	
	• When this instruction is executed while there is an error.	
	When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution.	
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi-	When the error is cleared.
	tions or input parameters for the instruction.	

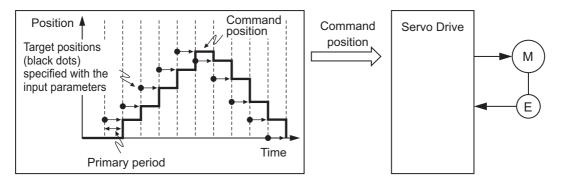
In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		

Variables

Functions

- This instruction outputs the target position from the user program every task period to the Servo Driver or other device in Cyclic Synchronous Position (CSP) Control Mode. The target positions are given as absolute positions.
- The upper limit of the velocity is the value that is set in the Maximum Velocity CNC motor parameter. The maximum acceleration and deceleration are not used.
- If this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task, the target position that is specified in the input parameters is output to the Servo Drive in the next task period. The following timing charts show an example of the operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



Instruction Details

In-position Check

If *Position* (Target Position) is not changed, *InPosition* changes to TRUE when the difference between the target position and the feedback position is within the range that is set for the In-position Range CNC motor parameter. Even if the target position is changed while *InPosition* is TRUE, it will remain TRUE for the remainder of the period and change to FALSE the next period. The setting of the CNC motor parameter, Number of In-position Continuance Cycle is disabled.

Stop Processing

This section describes the methods that are used to stop operations of the CNC coordinate system. To stop operations, use the CNC_CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction, CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction, or CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction. Executing any of these instructions changes *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) of this instruction to TRUE.

- Stopping with the CNC_CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction An immediate stop is performed. The CNC coordinate system does not transition to the Stopping status.
- Stopping with the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction An immediate stop is performed.
- Stopping with the CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction

An immediate stop is performed in accordance with the setting of the **Immediate Stop Method** parameter of each CNC coordinate system.

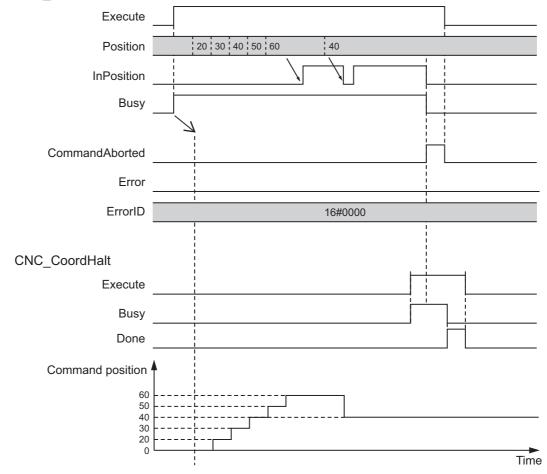
• Stopping Due to Error

If an error that causes the CNC motor to stop occurs, an immediate stop is performed regardless of any settings.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- *InPosition* changes to TRUE when the feedback current positions for all composition axes are within the in-position range from *Positions* (Target Positions).
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing), *Active* (Controlling), and *InPosition* change to FALSE.
- The CNC_CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction is used to stop this instruction.

The following timing charts show an example of an operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



CNC_SvncMoveAbsolute

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

CNC_SpindleGo

The CNC_SpindleGo instruction controls the normal rotation, reverse rotation, and stop for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_SpindleGo	Spindle Control	FB	CNC_SpindleGo_instance CNC_SpindleGo Coord Coord Execute Done Velocity Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_SpindleGo_instance(Coord :=parameter, Execute :=parameter, Velocity :=parameter, Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, CommandAborted =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter
);

Variables

Input Variables

Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when
		FALSE		Execute changes to TRUE.
Target Velocity	LREAL	Negative num- ber, positive	0	Specify the target velocity. The unit is command units/min.
	Execute Target	Execute BOOL Target LREAL	Execute BOOL TRUE or FALSE Target LREAL Negative num-	Execute BOOL TRUE or FALSE FALSE Target LREAL Negative num- ber, positive 0

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	• When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to
		FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
Command-	When this instruction is aborted because	When Execute is TRUE and changes to
Aborted	another motion control instruction was	FALSE.
	multi-executed (Aborting).	• After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
	When this instruction is aborted due to an	
	error.	
	• When this instruction is executed while there	
	is an error.	
	When you start this instruction during	
	CNC_CoordStop instruction execution.	
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi-	When the error is cleared.
	tions or input parameters for the instruction.	

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi-	_sCNC_COORD		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	nate System	_REF		

Functions

- This instruction outputs the target velocity specified from the user program to the spindle axis in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- This instruction is completed when the command is reported to the spindle axis.
- If *Execute* (Start Up) changes to TRUE when the spindle axis does not exist in the specified CNC coordinate system, only *Busy* (Executing) changes to TRUE. When *Execute* (Start Up) changes to FALSE, *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.

Instruction Details

• Target Velocity

The *Velocity* (Target Velocity) input variable can be set to LREAL data in reference to 0. The axis moves in the positive direction for a positive value and in the negative direction for a negative value. If 0 is set, the command velocity is 0. However, the spindle axis maintains *Moving* (Spindle Moving). You can set *Velocity* (Target Velocity) from the user program. When the target velocity different from the current velocity is specified and *Execute* (Start Up) is turned ON again, the new target velocity is applied.

Stop Processing

This section describes the control mode and command velocity used to stop axis operations.

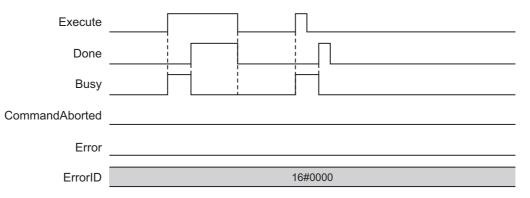
- Stopping with the CNC CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction
 - Set the command velocity to 0.
- Stopping by setting the velocity of the CNC_SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction to 0. Set the command velocity to 0.
- · Stopping by a minor fault level error Set the command velocity to 0.
- · Stopping by a major fault level error and a partial fault level error Set the command velocity to 0.
- Stopping by Servo OFF
 - Set the command velocity to 0 using the specified method.
- · Stopping by changing the operating mode of the NC Integrated Controller to the PROGRAM mode

Set the command velocity to 0 using the specified method.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- · Done (Done) changes to TRUE when a command is acknowledged. If another instruction aborts this instruction, CommandAborted (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and Busy (Executing) and Done (Done) change to FALSE.
- To stop the spindle axis, set Velocity (Target Velocity) of the CNC SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction to 0, and re-execute.

The following timing chart shows an example of an operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

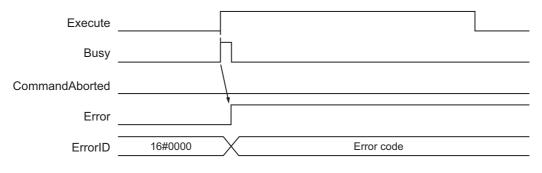
CNC_SpindleGo

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Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming to control the spindle.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

CNC coordinate system	Logical CNC motor con- figuration
CNC coordinate system 0	3

Positioning axis configuration

CNC coordinate system	Positioning axis CNC motor number	Positioning axis config- uration CNC motor	Positioning axis assignment
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P0	CNC motor 0	X-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P1	CNC motor 1	Y-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P2	CNC motor 2	Z-axis

Spindle axis use CNC motor

CNC coordinate system	Spindle axis use CNC motor
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor 3

M code settings

M code number	Setting value
M03	1 (Immediate)

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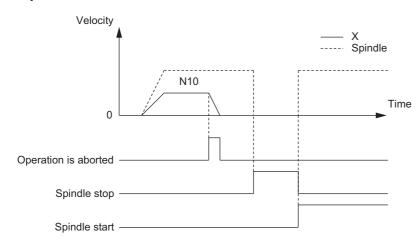
Operation Example

The spindle axis in feed hold is stopped or restarted with the CNC_SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction.

NC Program

```
N10 M03 S100
N20 G91 G01 X100 F50
N21 M30
```

Operation Patterns



1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 100.00 mm in the positive direction.

2 Turning ON the Operation Interrupt Switch

When you turn ON the operation interrupt switch, the executing NC program pauses.

3 Turning ON the Spindle Stop Switch

When you turn ON the spindle stop switch, CNC motor 3 assigned to the spindle axis stops the rotation.

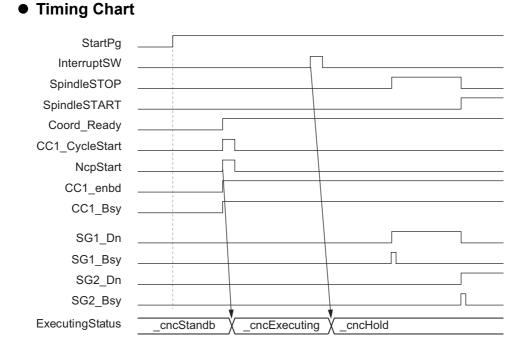
4 Turning ON the Spindle Start Switch

When you turn ON the spindle start switch, CNC motor 3 assigned to the spindle axis starts the rotation. At this time, the spindle stop switch turns OFF.

Ladder Diagram

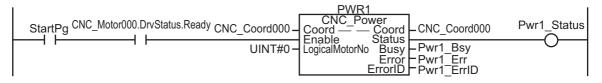
• Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC Coord000	sCNC_COORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi-
			nate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion status of the NC program.
			This variable changes to TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion.
			Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE.
			When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
InterruptSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation interrupt switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
SpindleSTOP	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the spindle stop switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis stops.
SpindleSTART	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the spindle start switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis starts.

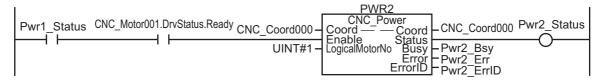


• Sample Programming

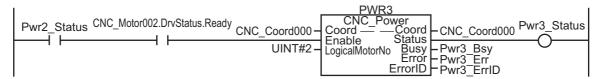
When contact *StartPg* changes to TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.



When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.



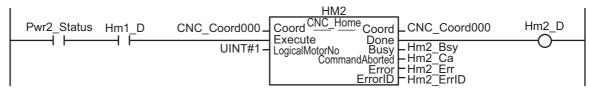
When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.

1	PWR4
	Pwr3_Status CNC_Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready CNC_Coord000 - Coord - Coord - CNC_Coord000 Pwr4_Status
	Pwr3_Status CNC_Motorocontrol Coord000 - Coord - Coord - Coord - Coord000 - Coord - Coord - Coord - Coord000 - Coord000 - Coord - Coord - Coord - Coord - Coord000 - Coord - C
1	
	Error Pwr4 Frr
	ErrorID – Pwr4–ErrID

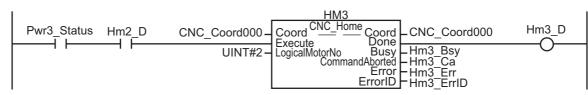
HM1 Pwr4_Status CNC_Coord000 - Coord^{CNC_Home}Coord UINT#0 - UINT#0 - LogicalMotorNo Busy CommandAborted - Hm1_Bsy CommandAborted - Hm1_Ca Error ErrorID - Hm1_Err ErrorID - Hm1_Err

When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.

After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.



After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.



If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active	FHandler FaultHandler	
	Input output	

When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord_Ready to TRUE.

CNC_Coord000.Status.Ready	Hm3_D	Coord_Ready
Coord_Ready CC1_Err		

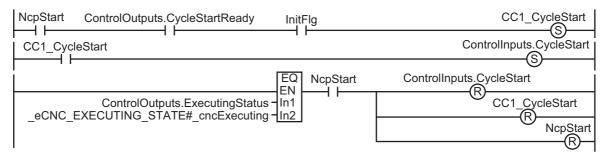
When Coord_Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.

	CC1 CNC_CoordControl ControlInputs — ControlInputs ControlOutputs — ControlOutputs Enable Enable Error — CC1_Err ErrorID - CC1_ErrID	CC1_enbd
--	--	----------

When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

```
// CNC_CoordControl parameter
// Specify the NC program (No. 1) that was created on the SysmacStudio.
ControlInputs.ProgramNo :=UINT#1;
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
ControlInputs.BackTrace :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.DryRun :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
// Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
InitFlg := TRUE;
// Start the NC program.
NcpStart:=TRUE;
```

Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.



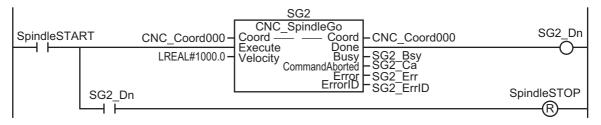
When contact *InterruptSW* is TRUE, the execution of the NC program stops.

InterruptSW		ControlInputs.FeedHold
	InterruptSW	ControlInputs.FeedHold
ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus - In1 _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncHold - In2		InterruptSW

When contact SpindleSTOP is TRUE, start the spindle control to stop the rotation of the spindle axis.

1		SG1	1
SpindleSTOP	CNC_Coord000 – LREAL#0.0 –		SG1_Dn

When contact SpindleSTART is TRUE, start the spindle control to start the rotation of the spindle axis.

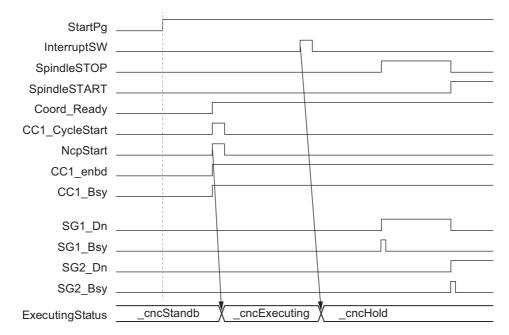


Structured Text (ST)

Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_COORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion status of the NC program.
			This variable changes to TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion.
			Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE.
			When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
InterruptSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation interrupt switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the execution of
			the NC program pauses.
SpindleSTOP	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the spindle stop switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis stops.
SpindleSTART	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the spindle start switch.
			When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis starts.

• Timing Chart



Sample Programming

```
// When StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and
set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (StartPg = TRUE)AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr2 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr2 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr3 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr3 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3_Status = TRUE) AND (CNC_Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr4 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr4 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute
homing of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4_Status=TRUE) THEN
       Hm1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm1 D=TRUE) THEN
        Hm2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm2 D=TRUE) THEN
       Hm3 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error
handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE) THEN
        FaultHandler();
END IF;
```

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```
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord Ready to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D =TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready=TRUE) THEN
       CC1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       CC1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set
IF (InitFlg=FALSE) AND (CC1 enbd=TRUE) THEN
       // CNC_CoordControl parameter
       // Specify the NC program (No. 1) that was created on the SysmacStudio.
       ControlInputs.ProgramNo:=UINT#1;
       ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
       ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
       ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.FeedHold:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
       // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
       InitFlg := TRUE;
       // Start the NC program.
       NcpStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg=TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady=TRUE) AND (NcpStart=TRUE)
THEN
       CC1 CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1 CycleStart =TRUE) THEN
               ControlInputs.CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, change CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting) THEN
       NcpStart:=FALSE;
       CC1 CycleStart:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.CycleStart:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When InterruptSW is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
IF (InterruptSW=TRUE) THEN
       ControlInputs.FeedHold:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When pausing of the NC program is completed, change InterruptSW to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _cncHold) THEN
       InterruptSW:=FALSE;
END IF;
```

```
// When SpindleSTOP is TRUE, stop the rotation of the spindle axis.
IF SpindleSTOP=TRUE THEN
       SG1 Ex:=TRUE;
ELSE
       SG1 Ex:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When SpindleSTART is TRUE, start the rotation of the spindle axis.
IF SpindleSTART=TRUE THEN
       SG2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the Spindle Control instruction is completed.
IF SG2 Dn=TRUE THEN
       SpindleSTOP:=FALSE;
END_IF;
// CNC_Power of X-axis
PWR1(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr1 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#0,
       Status=>Pwr1 Status,
       Busy => Pwrl Bsy,
    Error => Pwr1_Err,
    ErrorID => Pwrl ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr2 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#1,
       Status=>Pwr2 Status,
       Busy => Pwr2 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr2 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr3 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#2,
       Status=>Pwr3 Status,
       Busy => Pwr3_Bsy,
    Error => Pwr3 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr4 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#100,
       Status=>Pwr4 Status,
       Busy => Pwr4_Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4_Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
```

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```
// CNC Home of X-axis
HM1 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hml Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#0 ,
 Done => Hm1 D,
 Busy => Hml Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hm1 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm2 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1 ,
 Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm2 Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
НМЗ (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm3 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#2 ,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3_Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm3 Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm3 ErrID
);
11
        CNC CoordControl
CC1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        ControlInputs:=ControlInputs,
        ControlOutputs:=ControlOutputs,
        Enable:=CC1 En,
        Enabled=>CC1_enbd,
        Busy=>CC1_Bsy,
        Error=>CC1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC SpindleGo (for the spindle axis stop)
SG1(
        Coord:=CNC Coord000,
        Execute:=SG1 Ex,
        Velocity:=LREAL#0.0,
        Done=>SG1 Dn,
        Busy=>SG1_Bsy,
        CommandAborted=>SG1 Ca,
        Error=>SG1 Err,
        ErrorID=>SG1 ErrID
);
```

CNC_GantrySkewControl

The CNC_GantrySkewControl instruction controls the skew of the gantry axes.

Instruction	Name	FB/F UN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_GantrySkewControl	Gantry skew control	FB	CNC_GantrySkewControl_instance CNC_GantrySkewControl Coord Coord OffsetValue OffsetValue Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy SkewMode CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_GantrySkewControl_instance(Coord :=parameter, OffsetValue :=parameter, Execute :=parameter, LogicalMotorNo :=parameter, SkewMode :=parameter, Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Error =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical Motor Num- ber	UINT	0 to (Maximum positioning logi- cal CNC motor number) - 1	0	Specifies a logical motor number. Specify a logical motor number of the CNC motor assigned to the gan- try master axis.
SkewMode	Skew Con- trol Mode	_eCNC _SKEW _MODE	0: _cncCalcOffset 1: _cncAlignOffset 2: _cncWriteOffset 3: _cncReadOffset	0	Specifies the operating mode of the gantry skew control. _cncCalcOffset: Calculates the gan- try offset value. _cncAlignOffset: Changes the gan- try offset value and adjusts the slave axis position. _cncWriteOffset: Changes the gan- try offset value. _cncReadOffset: Reads the gantry offset value that is currently valid.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If a motor that is not assigned to the gantry master axis is specified for the *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical Motor Number) input variable, the *Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Speci-fied* (56050000 hex) error is output.
- If the *SkewMode* (Skew Control Mode) input variable is either 1: _cncAlignOffset or 2: _cncWriteOffset, check if the OffsetValue (Offset Value) in-out variable is appropriate when this instruction is executed. If the value is invalid, the Offset Value Setting Out of Range (562B0000 hex) error is output. The value is not checked when *SkewMode* (Skew Control Mode) is set to 0: _cncCalcOffset or 3: _cncReadOffset.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
Command- Aborted	Command Aborted	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	 When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.When <i>CommandAborted</i> changes to TRUE.
Command- Aborted	 When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. 	 When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi- nate System	_sCNC_COOR- D_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
OffsetValue	Offset Value	LREAL		Input: Specify a gantry offset value to change.
				It is used when the skew control mode is _cncAlignOffset or _cncWriteOffset.
				Output: When the execution of an instruction is completed, the currently valid gantry offset value is stored.

Functions

A displacement from the home exists between the gantry axes. The value that compensates this displacement is called a gantry offset. Before starting up the gantry system machine, you need to calculate the gantry offset and adjust the value at first.

This instruction is used to calculate and adjust the gantry offset.

Instruction Details

This instruction allows you to switch the operation according to your purposes with *SkewMode* (Skew Control Mode).

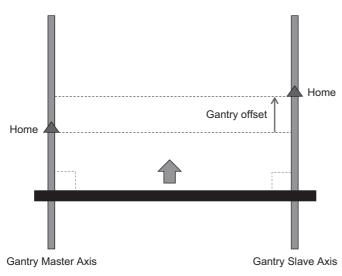
Additional Information

The CNC Function Module saves the gantry offset value changed by this instruction in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory.

_cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)

This mode is used to perform homing operation for the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis in sequence and calculate the offset value between the gantry axes.

This is a general method for calculating the gantry offset value if the gantry system uses an incremental encoder. When you start the system, you must use this mode first and calculate the gantry offset.



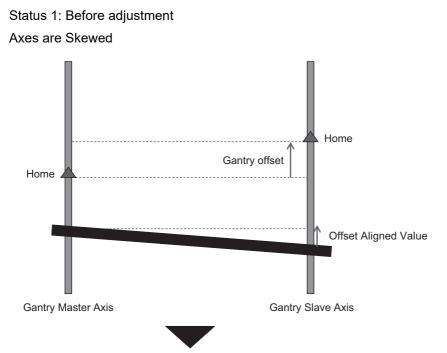
- To perform homing operation for the calculation of the gantry offset, use the homing settings that is set in the each CNC motor settings for the gantry master and slave axes.
- Before executing this instruction, make sure that the gantry axes are positioned in parallel as shown in the figure. If you execute the instruction while the axes are skewed, the gantry offset value will not be calculated correctly.
- When this instruction completes successfully, the gantry offset value is stored in *OffsetValue* (Offset Value) in-out variable.
- When this instruction completes successfully, homes are defined for the gantry master and slave axes. In addition, the current position of the gantry slave axis will be preset so that it is placed at the same current position as the gantry master axis.

_cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)

This mode is used to change the specified value to the currently valid gantry offset value and move the gantry slave axis depending on the distance relative to the offset value change.

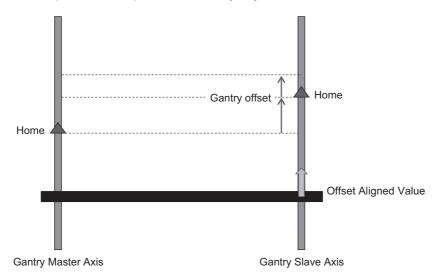
_cncAlignOffset is used for fine-tuning the position after the calculation of the gantry offset value by measuring the parallelism between the axes. This is also used for setting an offset value without using the gantry offset value calculation mode for the gantry system that uses the absolute encoder.

Example of offset value adjustment





Axes are positioned in parallel after they adjust the offset



- Set the *OffsetValue* (Offset Value) in-out variable according to the following formula: OffsetValue (Offset Value): = currently valid offset value + offset aligned value
- Use Alignment Velocity for the velocity of adjustment operation.

• _cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)

This mode is used to change the currently valid gantry offset value to the specified value. The difference from _cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment) is that minor adjustment is not performed after the value is changed.

In addition, this mode can be executed in the servo unlock state.

_cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)

This mode is used to read the currently valid gantry offset value.

In addition, this mode can be executed in the servo unlock state.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Execute* changes to TRUE.
- Done (Done) changes to TRUE when the skew control completes.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) and *Done* (Done) change to FALSE.

Execute	
Done	
Busy	
CommandAborted	
Error	
ErrorID	16#0000

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

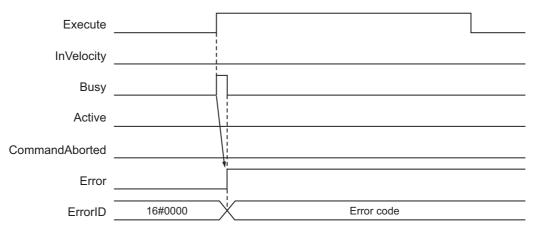
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



13

Common Command Instructions

This section describes the instructions that are used for both CNC motors and CNC coordinate systems.

CNC_Write	13-2
CNC_Read	13-11
CNC_LoadProgramFile	13-16

CNC_Write

The CNC_Write instruction overwrites CNC parameters.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_Write	Write CNC	FB	CNC_Write_instance	CNC_Write_instance (
	Setting		CNC Write	Target := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Target Target	SettingValue := <i>parameter</i> ,
			SettingValue SettingValue Done	Execute := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Execute Done ParameterNumber Busy	ParameterNumber := <i>parameter</i> ,
			CommandAborted	Done => <i>parameter</i> ,
			Error	Busy => <i>parameter</i> ,
			ErrorID	CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> ,
				Error => <i>parameter</i> ,
				ErrorID => <i>parameter</i>
);

Precautions for Correct Use

The values that are written by this instruction are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC integrated controller. Any written values are lost when the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF, when settings are downloaded, or when the CNC Function Module is restarted. They return to the values that were set from the Sysmac Studio.

Use the Sysmac Studio and transfer the parameters to save them to the non-volatile memory.

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when
					Execute changes to TRUE.
Parame-	Parame-	_eCNC		0 ^{*1}	Specify the parameter to write.
ter Num-	ter Num-	_PARAME-	0: _cncRotaryVel		0: Rotary Axis Velocity
ber	ber	TER_NUM-	1: _cncDryRunVel		1: Dry Run Velocity
		BER	2: _cncFeedholdTime		2: Feed Hold Acceleration Decel-
					eration Time
			3: _cncInPosTime		3: In-position Check Time
			4: _cncSwLmtCtrl		4: Software Overtravel Limit Oper-
					ation Control
			5: _cncToolShape		5: Tool Shape Data
			6: _cncToolRadiusCom-		6: Tool Radius Compensation
			pCtrl		Control
			7: _cncSpindleOrientation		7: Spindle Axis Orientation Opera-
					tion
			8: _cncSingleBlockOption		8: Single Block Execution Option ^{*2}
			9: _cncLHDistance		9: Lookahead Distance
			11: _cncMaxFeedrate		11: Maximum Feedrate

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
			15: _cncOverrideModeSe-		15: Override Method Selection
			lect		
			20: _cncWorkOffset1		20: 1st Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			21: _cncWorkOffset2		21: 2nd Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			22: _cncWorkOffset3		22: 3rd Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			23: _cncWorkOffset4		23: 4th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			24: _cncWorkOffset5		24: 5th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			25: _cncWorkOffset6		25: 6th Work Coordinate System
			20: anoBofDoint1		Offset 30: 1st Reference Point
			30: _cncRefPoint1		31: 2nd Reference Point
			31: _cncRefPoint2 32: _cncRefPoint3		32: 3rd Reference Point
			33: cncRefPoint4		33: 4th Reference Point
			1000: _cncCoordOpeSet-		1000: CNC Coordinate System
			tings0		Extended Operation Settings No.0
			1001: _cncCoordOpeSet-		1001: CNC Coordinate System
			tings1		Extended Operation Settings No.1
			1002: _cncCoordOpeSet-		1002: CNC Coordinate System
			tings2		Extended Operation Settings No.2
			50: _cncFELmt		50: Following Error Over Value
			51: _cncChkFELmt		51: Following Error Warning Value
			52: _cncSwLmt		52: Software Overtravel Limit
			53: _cncPosiSwLmt		53: Positive Software Overtravel Limit
			54: _cncNegaSwLmt		54: Negative Software Overtravel
					Limit
			55: _cncInPosCycle		55: Number of In-position Continu-
					ance Cycles
			56: _cncInPosRange		56: In-position Range
			57: _cncRapidFeedAcc		57: Rapid Feed Accelera-
					tion/Deceleration
			58: _cncSkipVel		58: Skip Velocity 59: PID Control
			59: _cncPIDCtr		
			62: _cncRapidFeedVel		62: Rapid Feed Velocity 63: Maximum Acceleration/Decel-
			63: _cncMotorMaxAcc		63: Maximum Acceleration/Decel-
			2000: cncMotorOpeSet-		2000: CNC Motor Operation
			tings0		Extended Settings No.0
			2001: _cncMotorOpeSet-		2001: CNC Motor Operation
			tings1		Extended Settings No.1
			2002: _cncMotorOpeSet-		2002: CNC Motor Operation
			tings2		Extended Settings No.2
			100: _cncCompScaling		100: Compensation Scailing

*1. The default value for an enumeration variable is actually not the number, but the enumerator.

*2. The single block execution option is a parameter that can only be changed with CNC_Write.

CNC_Write

• Parameter Data Types and Setting Ranges

The table below shows the valid range of each parameter. However, this valid range is available for this instruction, and it varies depending on the value of the correlative parameter.

Parameter	Data type	Valid range	Comments
C Coordinate System Par	ameters		
Rotary Axis Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	
Dry Run Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	
Feed Hold Acceleration	UDINT	1 to 10,000 [ms]	
Deceleration Time			
In-position Check Time	UINT	0 to 10,000 [ms]	
Software Overtravel	_eCNC_SWLMT	_cncSwLmtOTErr :=	0: Error
Limit Operation Control	CONTROL	0	1: No error (Path saturation)
		_cncSwLmtTraj	
		Saturation := 1	
Tool Shape Data	_sCNC_TOOL	Refer to	Refer to _sCNC_TOOL_SHAPE.
	_SHAPE	_sCNC_TOOL	
		_SHAPE.	
Tool Radius Compensa-	_sCNC_TOOL	Refer to	Refer to _sCNC_TOOL_RADIUS
tion Control	_RADIUS_COMP	_sCNC_TOOL	COMP.
		_RADIUS_COMP.	
Orientation of Spindle	_sSPINDLE	Refer to _sSPIN-	Refer to _sSPINDLE_ORIENTATION.
Axis	_ORIENTATION	DLE	
Setting		_ORIENTATION.	
Single Block Execution	_eCNC_SINGLE	_cncSingleBlockOp-	0: The single block execution option is
Option	_BLOCK_OPTION	tionDisable = 0	disabled.
		_cncSingleBlockOp-	1: The single block execution option is
		tionEnable = 1	enabled.
Lookahead Distance	UDINT	1 to 4,096	
Maximum Feedrate		0 min.	
Override Method Selec-	_eCNC_OVER- RIDE MODE SE-	_cncSegmentOver- ride := 0	0: Segment override method
tion	LECT		1: Time-base override method
		_cncTimebaseOver-	
1 at Mark Coordinate		ride := 1	
1st Work Coordinate System Offset	_sCNC_COORD _AX_DATA	Negative number, positive number, or	
System Onset		0	
2nd Work Coordinate	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
System Offset	AX_DATA	positive number, or	
		0	
3rd Work Coordinate	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
System Offset	_AX_DATA	positive number, or	
		0	
4th Work Coordinate	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
System Offset	_AX_DATA	positive number, or	
		0	
5th Work Coordinate	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
System Offset	_AX_DATA	positive number, or	
		0	
6th Work Coordinate	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
System Offset	_AX_DATA	positive number, or	
		0	

Parameter	Data type	Valid range	Comments
1st Reference Point	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
	_AX_DATA	positive number, or	
		0	
2nd Reference Point	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
	_AX_DATA	positive number, or	
		0	
3rd Reference Point	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
	_AX_DATA	positive number, or	
		0	
4th Reference Point	_sCNC_COORD	Negative number,	
	AX DATA	positive number, or	
		0	
CNC Coordinate Sys-	_sCNC_COOR-	Rerfer to	Rerfer to _sCNC_COORD_OPE
tem Extended Operation	D OPE SET-	_sCNC_COOR-	SETTINGS
Settings No.0	TINGS	D OPE SET-	SETTINGS
CNC Coordinate Sys-	sCNC COOR-		
tem Extended Operation	D OPE SET-	11100	
	TINGS		
Settings No.1		-	
CNC Coordinate Sys-	_sCNC_COOR-		
tem Extended Operation	D_OPE_SET-		
Settings No.2	TINGS		
C Motor Parameters			1
Following Error Over	LREAL	0.0 min.	
Value			
Following Error Warning	LREAL	0.0 min.	
Value			
Software Overtravel	_eCNC_SWLMT	_cncNonSwLmt	0: Disable software limits.
Limit	_MODE	:= 0	1: Immediate stop for command po
		cncCmdImmedia-	tion
		teStop := 1	(stop using remaining pulses)
Positive Software Over-	LREAL	Positive number	
travel Limit			
Negative Software Over-	LREAL	Negative numbers	
travel Limit			
Number of In-position	UINT	0 to 255	
Continuance Cycles	OINT	0 10 200	
In-position Range	LREAL	0.0 min.	
· · ·			
Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration	LREAL	0 min.	
		Desitive www.l	
Skip Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	
PID Control	_sCNC_PID	Refer to	Refer to _sCNC_PID_CONTROL
	_CONTROL	_sCNC_PID_CON-	
		TROL	
Rapid Feed Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	
Maximum Accelera-	LREAL	0 min.	
tion/Deceleration			
CNC Motor Operation	_sCNC_MO-	Refer to	Refer to _sCNC_MOTOR_OPE_S
Extended Settings No.0	TOR_OPE_SET-	_sCNC_MO-	TINGS
	TINGS	TOR_OPE_SET-	
CNC Motor Operation	_sCNC_MO-	TINGS	
Extended Settings No.1	TOR_OPE_SET-		
5	TINGS		
CNC Motor Operation	_sCNC_MO-	-	
Extended Settings No.2	TOR_OPE_SET-		
	TINGS		

Parameter	Data type	Valid range	Comments
Compensation Scaling	LREAL	0 to 2.0	

• _sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
Х	X-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	X-axis value
Y	Y-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	Y-axis value
Z	Z-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	Z-axis value
А	A-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	A-axis value
В	B-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	B-axis value
С	C-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	C-axis value

• _sCNC_TOOL_SHAPE

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
ToolRadius	Tool Radius	LREAL	0.0 min.	Tool radius to be
				compensated
ToolLength	Tool Length	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	Tool length to be
				compensated

• _sCNC_TOOL_RADIUS_COMP

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
OvercutMode	Over-cut Mode	_eCNC_OVER- CUT_MODE	_cncOvercutErr := 0 _cncOvercutAvoid := 1 _cncOvercutIgnore := 2	Over-cut mode set- ting
		DOO!	_cncOvercutTestAvoid := 3	E. L.
ArcFeedrateMode	Circular Feed Rate Mode	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Feedrate compensa- tion setting for circu- lar interpolation with compensation

• _sSPINDLE_ORIENTATION

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
OrientationPos	Orientation Position	LREAL	0 ≤ x < 1	Orientation position set-
				ting
OrientationVel	Orientation Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	Orientation velocity set-
				ting
OrientationAcc	Orientation Accelera-	LREAL	0.0 min.	Orientation accelera-
	tion/Deceleration			tion/deceleration setting

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
Кр	Position Loop Gain	REAL	0 to 3000	Position loop gain setting
Kvff	Velocity Feedforward Gain	REAL	0 to 100	Velocity feedforward setting
Ki	Integral Gain	REAL	0	Integral gain setting (Reserved)
Kvfb	Velocity Feedback Gain	REAL	0	Velocity feedback gain set- ting (Reserved)
Kvifb	Velocity Feedback Gain (before integrator)	REAL	0	Velocity feedback gain (before integrator) setting (Reserved)
Kviff	Velocity Feedforward Gain (before integrator)	REAL	0	Velocity feedforward gain (before integrator) setting (Reserved)
Kaff	Acceleration Feedforward Gain	REAL	0	Acceleration feedforward gain setting (Reserved)

• _sCNC_PID_CONTROL

• _sCNC_COORD_OPE_SETTINGS

Input variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
MaxFeedrate	Maximum Feedrate	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the maximum
				feed rate of a path
RotaryAxisVel	Rotary Axis Velocity	LREAL	Positive num-	Setting of the rotary axis
			ber	velocity
InPosCheckTime	In-position Check Time	UINT	0 to 10,000	Setting of the in-position
				check time
AccTime	Operation Acceleration	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the acceleration
	Time			time
DecTime	Operation Deceleration	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the deceleration
	Time			time
JerkTime	Operation Jerk Time	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the jerk time
LHDistance	Lookahead Distance	UDINT	1 to 4,096	Setting of the lookahead
				distance

• _sCNC_MOTOR_OPE_SETTINGS

Input variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
MaxAccDec	Maximum Accelera-	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the maximum
	tion/Deceleration			acceleration rate for a CNC
				motor operation command
RapidVel	Rapid Feed Velocity	LREAL	Positive num-	Setting of the velocity of the
			ber	rapid feed command
RapidAccDec	Rapid Feed Accelera-	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the accelera-
	tion/Deceleration			tion/deceleration rate of the
				rapid feed command
AbortDec	Reserved	LREAL	0	Reserved
(Reserved)				
InPosRange	In-position Range	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the in-position
				width
InPosCycle	Number of In-position Con-	UINT	0 to 255	Setting of the time for
	tinuance Cycles			checking completion of
				positioning

13

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	• When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to
		FALSE.
		• After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	 When Done changes to TRUE.
		When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When <i>CommandAborted</i> changes to TRUE.
CommandAborted	When another instruction causes	When Execute is TRUE and changes to
	an error and aborts this instruction.	FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the exe-	When the error is cleared.
	cution conditions or input parame-	
	ters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Target	Write Target	_sCNC_COORD _REF, _sCNC_MOTOR _REF, ARRAY[0N] OF REAL		Specify the CNC motor, CNC coordinate system, or CNC compensation table data variable for which to write a param- eter. N in the array variable is set auto- matically by the Sysmac Studio. Specify the CNC motor compensation table data variable created with the CNC motor compensation table editor of Sysmac Studio.
SettingValue	Setting Value	*1		Specify the value to write. The valid range follows the CNC param- eter that is specified by <i>ParameterNum- ber</i> (Parameter Number). It is set to 0 by default.

*1. Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

• In-Out Variable Update Timing

Name	Write timing
SettingValue	When Done changes to TRUE.

Functions

The CNC_Write instruction writes the SettingValue (Setting Value) to the CNC parameter specified by *Target* (Write Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) when *Execute* changes to TRUE. To specify the change target, combine the *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) with the *Target* (Write Target). If the combination you specified is invalid, it causes the CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range error (560F 0000 hex).



Precautions for Correct Use

The values that are written by this instruction are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC integrated controller. Any written values are lost when the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF, when settings are downloaded, or when the CNC Function Module is restarted. They return to the values that were set from the Sysmac Studio.

Use the Sysmac Studio and transfer the parameters to save them to the non-volatile memory.

Timing Chart

A timing chart is shown below when data 20 is written to _cncInPosRange (In-position Range) in the CNC motor parameter settings.

Execute]
Done		<u>h</u>
Busy		1
CommandAborted		
Error		
ErrorID		16#0000
Value	1	20

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If *Execute* for the same instance of this instruction changes to TRUE while *Busy* (Executing) is TRUE, the instruction is re-executed. At this time, the instruction overwrites the previous values of the *Target* (Write Target), *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number), and *SettingValue* (Setting Value) with the values that are specified when Execute rises.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Functions

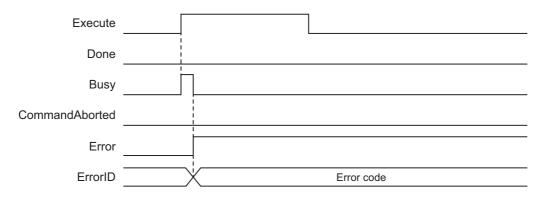
CNC_Write

Errors

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed. The previous values are retained.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs

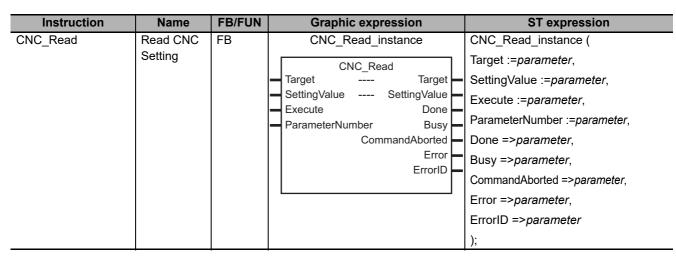


• Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting for details on error codes.

CNC_Read

The CNC_Read instruction reads CNC parameters.



Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when
					Execute changes to TRUE.
Parame-	Parame-	_eCNC		0 ^{*2}	Specify the parameter to read.
ter Num-	ter Num-	_PARAME-	0: _cncRotaryVel		0: Rotary Axis Velocity
ber	ber	TER_NUM-	1: _cncDryRunVel		1: Dry Run Velocity
		BER ^{*1}	2: _cncFeedholdTime		2: Feed Hold Acceleration Deceler- ation Time
			3: _cncInPosTime		3: In-position Check Time
			4: _cncSwLmtCtrl		4: Software Overtravel Limit Oper- ation Control
			5: _cncToolShape		5: Tool Shape Data
			6: _cncToolRadiusCom- pCtrl		6: Tool Radius Compensation Con- trol
			7: _cncSpindleOrienta- tion		7: Spindle Axis Orientation Opera- tion
			8: _cncSingleBlockOp- tion		8: Single Block Execution Option
			9: _cncLHDistance		9: Lookahead Distance
			11: _cncMaxFeedrate		11: Maximum Feedrate
			15: _cncOverrideMode- Select		15: Override Method Selection
			20: _cncWorkOffset1		20: 1st Work Coordinate System Offset
			21: _cncWorkOffset2		21: 2nd Work Coordinate System Offset
			22: _cncWorkOffset3		22: 3rd Work Coordinate System Offset

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Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
			23: _cncWorkOffset4		23: 4th Work Coordinate System
			_		Offset
			24: _cncWorkOffset5		24: 5th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			25: _cncWorkOffset6		25: 6th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			30: _cncRefPoint1		30: 1st Reference Point
			31: _cncRefPoint2		31: 2nd Reference Point
			32: _cncRefPoint3		32: 3rd Reference Point
			33: _cncRefPoint4		33: 4th Reference Point
			1000: _cncCoordOpe-		1000: CNC Coordinate System
			Settings0		Extended Operation Settings No.0
			1001: _cncCoordOpe-		1001: CNC Coordinate System
			Settings1		Extended Operation Settings No.1
			1002: _cncCoordOpe-		1002: CNC Coordinate System
			Settings2		Extended Operation Settings No.2
			50: _cncFELmt		50: Following Error Over Value
			51: _cncChkFELmt		51: Following Error Warning Value
			52: _cncSwLmt		52: Software Overtravel Limit
			53: _cncPosiSwLmt		53: Positive Software Overtravel
					Limit
			54: _cncNegaSwLmt		54: Negative Software Overtravel Limit
			55: _cncInPosCycle		55: Number of In-position Continu-
					ance Cycles
			56: _cnclnPosRange		56: In-position Range
			57: _cncRapidFeedAcc		57: Rapid Feed Accelera-
			_ '		tion/Deceleration
			58: _cncSkipVel		58: Skip Velocity
			59: cncPIDCtr		59: PID Control
			62: _cncRapidFeedVel		62: Rapid Feed Velocity
			63: _cncMotorMaxAcc		63: Maximum Acceleration/Decel-
			-		eration
			2000: _cncMotorOpe-		2000: CNC Motor Operation
			Settings0		Extended Settings No.0
			2001: _cncMotorOpe-		2001: CNC Motor Operation
			Settings1		Extended Settings No.1
			2002: _cncMotorOpe-		2002: CNC Motor Operation
			Settings2		Extended Settings No.2
			100: _cncCompScaling		100: Compensation Scailing

*1. Refer to the CNC_Write instruction for _eCNC_PARAMETER_NUMBER.

*2. The default value for an enumeration variable is actually not the number, but the enumerator.

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

Output Variables

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to
		FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	 When Done changes to TRUE.
		• When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
CommandAborted	When another instruction causes	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to
	an error and aborts this instruction.	FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the exe-	When the error is cleared.
	cution conditions or input parame-	
	ters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Target	Read Target	_sCNC_COORD _REF or _sCNC_MOTOR _REF or ARRAY[0N] OF REAL		Specify a CNC motor, CNC coordinate system, or CNC motor compensation table data variable from which to read a parameter. N in the array variable is set automati- cally by the Sysmac Studio. Specify the CNC motor compensation table data variable created with the CNC motor compensation table editor of Sysmac Studio.
SettingValue	Setting Value	*1		Stores the read values. The valid range follows the CNC param- eter that is specified by <i>ParameterNum-</i> <i>ber</i> (Parameter Number).

*1. Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

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In-Out Variable Update Timing

Name	Write timing
SettingValue	When Done changes to TRUE.

Functions

The CNC_Read instruction reads the CNC parameter specified by *Target* (Read Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) to the *SettingValue* (Setting Value) when *Execute* changes to TRUE.

~
/

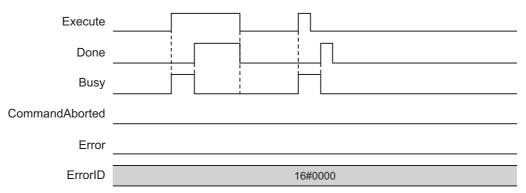
Precautions for Correct Use

The parameter values that can be read by this instruction are not those saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC integrated controller but those that is enabled at the timing when this instruction was executed.

For example, if you wrote parameters with the CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) instruction, the written parameters are read.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for execution of the CNC_Read (Read CNC Setting) instruction is shown below.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If *Execute* for the same instance of this instruction changes to TRUE while *Busy* (Executing) is TRUE, the instruction is re-executed. The CNC_Read instruction reads the parameter specified by *Target* (Read Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) when the last *Execute* changes to TRUE.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

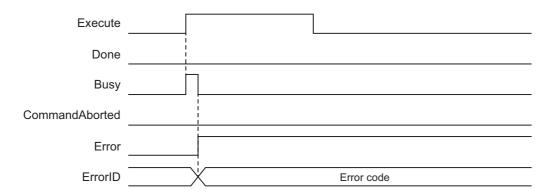
Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed. The previous values are retained.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



• Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting for details on error codes.

CNC_LoadProgramFile

The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction loads an NC program from an external non-volatile memory into the main memory.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_LoadProgramFile	NC program	FB	CNC_LoadProgramFile_instance	CNC_LoadProgramFile_instance (
	load		CNC LoadProgramFile	Execute := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Execute Done	FileName := <i>parameter</i> ,
			FileName Busy DeletePrg CommandAborted	DeletePrg := <i>parameter</i> ,
			Error	Done => <i>parameter</i> ,
			ErrorID	Busy => <i>parameter</i> ,
				CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> ,
				Error => <i>parameter</i> ,
				ErrorID => <i>parameter</i>
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Exe-
			FALSE		cute changes to TRUE.
FileName	File Name	STRING	*1		File name to be loaded
DeletePrg	Program Deletion Option	_eCNC_DE LETE_PRG	_cncNot DelPrg (0) _cncDel LoadedPrg (1)	_cncNot DelPrg (0)	Specify whether to delete the NC pro- gram loaded by this instruction. _cncNotDelPrg: Do not delete NC pro- gram _cncDelLoadedPrg: Delete all the loaded NC programs

*1. Up to 66 bytes (65 bytes + NULL)

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			FALSE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			FALSE	
Command-	Command	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Aborted	Aborted		FALSE	
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			FALSE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

Output Variables

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

Output variable	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to
		FALSE.
		• After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	 When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When Error changes to TRUE.
		• When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
CommandAborted	When another instruction causes	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to
	an error and aborts this instruction.	FALSE.
		• After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the exe-	When the error is cleared.
	cution conditions or input parame-	
	ters for the instruction.	

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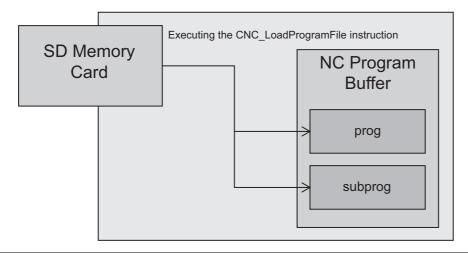
Functions

In order to execute an NC program, it must be loaded into the NC program buffer. This instruction loads the NC program stored in the file (on the SD Memory Card) specified by *FileName*, in the NC program buffer.

Two types of NC program buffers are provided: prog for main programs, and subprog for sub programs. Specify the NC program buffer used to load the NC program in the program file. Up to 512 programs can be loaded into each of the buffers.

NC programs are identified according to the program numbers. If you load a program that has the same program number, the program will be overwritten. The program number must be specified in the program file.

When loading programs, make sure that the NC programs in all the CNC coordinate systems are stopped. Otherwise, a CNC Multi-execution Disabled error (56040000 hex) will occur when the programs are loaded during execution of NC program.

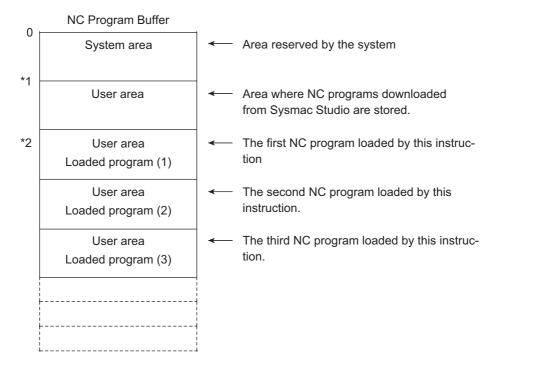


Program area	Maximum number of programs that can be registered	Range of pro	Program capacity		
Main program	512 programs	Sysmac Studio	No.0001 to 0299	In the total number	
	(Total number including the pro- grams downloaded from Sysmac Studio)	CNC_loadProgram- File	No.0300 to 0999	of main and sub pro- grams, the NJ5 series has a capac- ity of 16 MB, and the	
Sub program	512 programs	Sysmac Studio	No.1000 to 2999	NY5 series has a	
	(Total number including the pro- grams downloaded from Sysmac Studio)	CNC_loadProgram- File	No.3000 to 9999	capacity of 64 MB. The system area also uses this area.	

NC Program Buffer Configuration and Program Deletion

The CNC Function Module provides a program buffer. Main and sub programs are stored in the same buffer. NC programs are placed in the following sequence from the head address of the buffer: first the system area reserved for the system and next the area that contains the NC programs downloaded from Sysmac Studio.

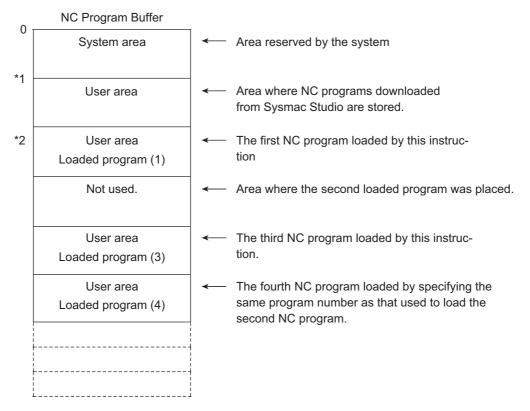
The NC programs loaded by this instruction are placed in the areas following the NC program area downloaded from Sysmac Studio in the order in which they are loaded.



- *1. The available size of the system area is approximately 1 MB.
- *2. The available size of the device manufacturer's area varies depending on the size of the NC programs downloaded from Sysmac Studio.

When a program that has the same program number is loaded, it will be placed at the bottom of the area. An area in which an overwritten NC program exists is not reused and it becomes free space.

Therefore, if NC programs are repeatedly loaded using this instruction, the NC program buffer runs out, and a Load NC Program Size Over error (56230000 hex) is output.



To solve buffer shortage, specify DeletePrg (Program Deletion Option) to _cncDelLoadedPrg (Delete all the loaded NC programs), and execute this instruction at the timing of a setup change. After the loaded NC programs are deleted by this instruction, a new program is loaded.

Even if this *DeletePrg* (Program Deletion Option) instruction is executed, the NC programs placed in the system area and the NC programs loaded from Sysmac Studio are not deleted.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the execution of the CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is shown below.

Execute	
Done	
Busy	
CommandAborted	
Error	
ErrorID	16#0000

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction does not detect re-execution. When a CNC instruction is restarted, the system continues the currently executed NC program without a new input value. Also, output variables is not changed due to re-execution.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

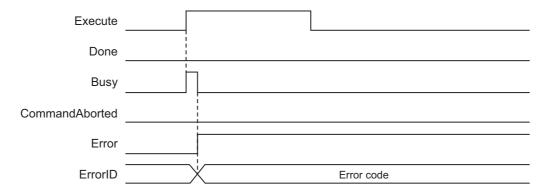
This instruction does not support the multi-execution function. Therefore, more than one instance cannot be executed multiply. If multiple instances are executed, it causes a Too Many Files Open error (56200000 hex).

Errors

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed. The previous values are retained.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



• Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting for details on error codes.

Related System-defined Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_Card1Ready	SD Memory Card Ready Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether or not the SD Memory Card is physically inserted and whether the mount
			process is completed successfully, and thus it is now accessible by instructions and communica- tion commands.
			TRUE: The card can be used.
			FALSE: The card cannot be used.
_Card1Protect	SD Memory Card Write Protected Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether or not the SD Memory Card, which has been mounted and is ready, is write-protected.
			TRUE: Writing is not possible.
			FALSE: Writing is possible.
_Card1Err	SD Memory Card Error Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether or not an out-of-speci- fication SD Memory Card (e.g. SDHC card) is mounted, or whether or not the card has a format error (the format is not FAT16 or the system file is damaged).
			TRUE: Writing is not possible.
			FALSE: Writing is possible.
_Card1Access	SD Memory Card Access Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether the SD Memory Card is currently being accessed.
			TRUE: The card is accessed.
			FALSE: The card is not accessed.
_Card1PowerFail	SD Memory Card Power Interruption Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether an error occurred during processing when power was interrupted while the SD Memory Card was accessed.
			This flag is not cleared automatically.
			TRUE: An error occurred.
			FALSE: No error occurred.

Additional Information

The root directory in a file name indicates the first layer of the SD Memory Card.

Precautions for Correct Use

- This instruction continues the processing to the end even when *Execute* changes to FALSE and execution time exceeds the task period. Whether the process has terminated successfully can be checked by confirming that the Done value has changed to TRUE.
- If the size of the specified file is larger than that of the CNC program buffer, an error occurs.
- Do not access the same file simultaneously with this instruction and SD Memory Card instruction. In the user program, perform exclusive control between this instruction and SD Memory Card instruction.
- For an NC program file to be loaded with this instruction, specify the file (extension: pmc) that is created after the NC program was parsed by CNC Operator. If parse processing is not performed, an NC program file cannot be loaded properly or does not run normally.
- In the following cases, Error changes to TRUE:
 - The SD Memory Card is not ready for use.
 - The file specified by FileName does not exist.
 - The *FileName* value is not valid as a file name.
 - The *FileName* value exceeds the number of bytes that can use for a file name.
 - An error occurred while the SD Memory Card was being accessed, and the card is not accessible.
 - An attempt was made to load main and sub programs over the respective maximum numbers of programs that can be registered.
 - An attempt was made to load programs over the specified program buffer size.
 - This instruction was started while any CNC coordinate system was Executing or Hold.
 - · A failure such as a syntax error was detected in the loaded NC program.
 - One row in the loaded NC program exceeds 1,020 bytes.
 - · Multiple instances of this instruction were executed multiply.

14

System Control Instructions

This section describes instructions that are used for system control.

ResetCNCError	14-2
GetCNCError	14-4

ResetCNCError

The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
ResetCNCError	CNC Error	FB	ResetCNCError_instance	ResetCNCError_instance (
	Reset		ResetCNCError Execute Done Busy Failure Error ErrorID	Execute :=parameter, Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Failure =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or	The instruction is executed when Execute
			FALSE	changes to TRUE. The default is FALSE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
Failure	Failure End	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction was not executed correctly.
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Functions

The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

If the reset fails, Failure (Failure End) changes to TRUE.

The ResetCNCError instruction applies to all the CNC coordinate systems even if the program that ResetCNCError instruction is executed is written in any task.

Related System-defined Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_CNC_ErrSta	CNC Error Status	WORD	Contains the error status of the CNC Func-
			tion Module.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Errors are not necessarily reset immediately after the execution of this instruction. Check the GetCNCError instruction to confirm whether the error is reset.
- When you use this instruction for the OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, perform exclusive control to prevent the ResetECError instruction from being executed simultaneously.

If this instruction is executed simultaneously with ResetECError instruction, the G5-series Servo Drive may not be able to accept subsequent SDOs.

Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming of the ResetMCError instruction described in the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502).

GetCNCError

The GetCNCError instruction obtains the highest level status (partial fault or minor fault) and highest level event code of the current Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

Instruction	Name	FB/FUN		Graphic expressi	ion		ST expression
GetCNCError	Get CNC Error	FUN				_	Out:=GetCNCError(Level,Code);
	Status			(@)GetCNCError			
			EN EN			- Out	
					Level	-	
					Code	-	
						•	

Variables

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Out	Error Flag	BOOL	*1	TRUE: Controller error exists.
				FALSE: No Controller error
Level	Highest Level Status	UINT	0, 2, and 3	The highest level status of the current Controller errors that exist in the CNC Function Module
	LeverStatus			
				0: No Controller error
				2: Partial fault level
				3: Minor fault level
Code	Highest	DWORD	16#0000000	The highest level event code of the current Con-
	Level Event		16#00070000 to	troller errors that exist in the CNC Function Module
	Code		16#FFFFFFF	16#0000_0000: No Controller error
				16#0007_0000 to 16#FFFF_FFFF: Event code

*1. Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

Functions

This instruction obtains *Level* (Highest Level Status) and *Code* (Highest Level Event Code) of the current *Controller* errors that exist in the CNC Function Module.

If there are no current Controller errors, the Out (Error Flag) value changes to FALSE.

If there are two or more Controller errors of the highest level event code, *Code* takes as its value the event code of the *Controller* error that occurred first.

Related System-defined Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_CNC_ErrSta	CNC Error Status	WORD	Contains the error status of the CNC Func-
			tion Module.

Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming of the ResetMCError instruction described in the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502).

15

Troubleshooting

This section describes errors (events) that may occur in the CNC Function Module and measures used to correct those errors.

15-1 Errors	Related to the CNC Function Module	15-2
15-1-1	Error Locations Related to the CNC Function Module	
15-1-2	Types	
15-1-3	Event Levels	
15-1-4	Errors for each Source in CNC Function Module	
15-1-5	EtherCAT Communication, EtherCAT Slave, and NX Unit Errors .	
15-1-6	Servo Drive Errors	
15-1-7	NX Unit Errors	15-8
15-2 Trouble	eshooting	15-9
15-2-1	How to Check Errors	
15-2-2	How to Reset Error	15-12
15-3 Error L	ists	15-13
15-3-1	Interpreting Error Descriptions	15-14
15-3-2	Error Lists	15-15
15-4 Error D	escriptions	15-37
15-4-1	How to Check Error Contents	15-37
15-4-2	Error Descriptions	15-38

15-1 Errors Related to the CNC Function Module

This section describes the errors that are related to the CNC Function Module.



Additional Information

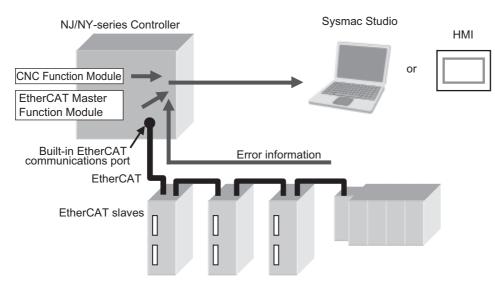
Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for the NJ-series trouble-shooting.

Refer to the *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for the NY-series troubleshooting.

15-1-1 Error Locations Related to the CNC Function Module

In addition to errors that occur in the CNC Function Module, there are errors caused by EtherCAT communication that is used for connection with the Servo Drive.

- Inside of CNC Function Module
- EtherCAT Master Function Module
- · Built-in EtherCAT communications port hardware
- · EtherCAT slaves



You can check the sources and causes of the errors in the system-defined variables or from the Sysmac Studio or an HMI.

Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to the appendices of the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

15-1-2 Types

Classification	Description		
CNC common errors	If an error is detected in the common part of the CNC Function Module, the relevant bit		
	of _CNC_ComErrSta (CNC common error status) is set to TRUE.		
CNC motor errors	If an error is detected in the CNC motor, the relevant bit of _CNC_MotorErrSta (CNC		
	motor error status) is set to TRUE. ^{*1}		
CNC coordinate sys-	If an error is detected in the CNC coordinate system, the relevant bit of _CNC_Coor-		
tem errors	dErrSta (CNC coordinate system error status) is set to TRUE.		

The following three sources of errors in the CNC Function Module exist.

*1. If a CNC motor error over the minor fault level is detected, the CNC coordinate system, which includes the CNC motor with the error detected in the composition CNC motor, also cannot be operated.



Additional Information

If an error is detected in a CNC instruction, it causes an error for which the error source is PLC Function Module and the source details is Instruction.

15-1-3 Event Levels

The following table shows the event levels concerning the CNC Function Module.

Event level	Operation			
Major Fault	All NJ/NY-series Controller control operations stop for errors in this event level.			
Partial fault	All control operations for one of the function modules in the NJ/NY-series Controller stop for errors in this event level.			
	If this error occurs in the CNC Function Module, the relevant CNC motor or CNC coordinate system stops.			
Minor fault	Some of the control operations for one of the function modules in the NJ/NY-series Controller stop for errors in this event level.			
	If this error occurs in the CNC Function Module, the relevant CNC motor or CNC coordinate system stops.			
Observation	Errors in the observation level do not affect NJ/NY-series Controller control opera- tions.			
	Observations are reported in order to prevent them from developing into errors at the minor fault level or higher.			
Information	The user is notified of information, excluding errors.			

15-1 Errors Related to the CNC Function Module

15-1-4 Errors for each Source in CNC Function Module

The following tables list the errors in each event level that can occur for each source.

CNC Common Errors

The table below shows errors detected in the CNC common part for each level.

Level	Error name			
Major fault	CNC Parameter Setting Invalid			
Partial Fault	CNC Parameter Setting Error			
	Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error			
	CNC Motor Compensation Table Read Error			
	Required Process Data Object Not Set			
	Network Configuration Information Missing for CNC Motor Slave			
	CNC Initialization Error			
	CNC Control Period Exceeded			
Minor fault	Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specification			
	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled			
	Parameter Selection Out of Range			
	CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Setting Value Out of Range			
	CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range			
	Illegal NC Program			
	Illegal CNC Motor Specification			
	Illegal CNC Motor Compensation Table Specification			
	NC Program Capacity Exceeded			
Observation	SD Memory Card Access Failure			
	File Does Not Exist			
	Illegal Load NC Program Number Specification			
	Too Many Files Open			
	File or Directory Name Is Too Long			
	SD Memory Card Access Failed			
	Load NC Program Capacity Exceeded			
	Number of NC Program Exceeded			
	Illegal Load NC Program			
	CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded			
Information	CNC Function System Information			

CNC Motor Errors

The table below shows errors detected in	the CNC motor for each level.
--	-------------------------------

Level	Error name				
Major fault	None				
Partial fault	None				
Minor fault	Immediate Stop Input				
	Positive Limit Input Detected				
	Negative Limit Input Detected				
	Positive Software Limit Exceeded				
	Negative Software Limit Exceeded				
	In-position Check Time Exceeded				
	Following Error Limit Exceeded				
	Illegal Following Error				
	Absolute Encoder Current Position Calculation Failed				
	Servo Main Circuit Power OFF				
	Slave Error Detected				
	Slave Disconnection during Servo ON				
	EtherCAT Slave Communications Error				
	Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Homing Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Homing Limit Inputs Detected in Both Directions				
	Home Proximity/Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Home Proximity/Homing Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Home Input/Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Home Input/Homing Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Invalid Home Input Mask Distance				
	No Home Input				
	No Home Proximity Input				
	Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded				
Observation	Following Error Warning				
	Command Position Overflow				
	Command Position Underflow				
	Actual Position Overflow				
	Actual Position Underflow				
	Slave Observation Detected				
	Software Limit Path Limited				
	Velocity Control Command Value Saturated				
	Position Deviation between Axes Limit Warning				
Information	Slave Error Code Report				

CNC Coordinate System Errors

The table below shows errors detected in the CNC coordinate system for each level.

Level	Error name				
Major fault	None				
Partial fault	None				
Minor fault	Process Data Object Setting Missing				
	Deceleration Setting Out of Range				
	Jerk Setting Out of Range				
	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled				
	CNC Multi-execution Disabled				
	Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified				
	Logical CNC Motor Number Out of Range				
	Target Position Setting Out of Range				
	Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF				
	Target Velocity Setting Out of Range				
	Acceleration/Deceleration Setting Out of Range				
	Travel Mode Selection Out of Range				
	Immediate Stop Instruction Executed				
	Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home				
	Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range				
	M Code Number Out of Range				
	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled (CNC Coordinate System Specification)				
	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled (Logical CNC Motor Number)				
	Cycle Start Multi-execution Disabled				
	Impossible CNC Motor Cycle Start Specified when the Servo is OFF				
	Illegal NC Program Number Specification				
	Illegal Back Trace Specification				
	Target Position Positive Software Limit Exceeded				
	Target Position Negative Software Limit Exceeded				
	Command Position Overflow/Underflow				
	Positive Limit Input				
	Negative Limit Input				
	Home Undefined during Coordinated Motion				
	Cycle Start Specified during Positive Software Limit Exceeded				
	Cycle Start Specified during Positive Software Limit Exceeded Cycle Start Specified during Negative Software Limit Exceeded				
	Cycle Start Specified during Command Position Overflow (Underflow) Cycle Start Specified during Desitive Limit Input				
	Cycle Start Specified during Positive Limit Input				
	Cycle Start Specified during Negative Limit Input				
	NC Program Execution Error				
	CNC Coordinate System Composition CNC Motor Error				
	CNC Common Error Occurrence				
	Servo Main Circuits OFF				
	Skew Control Mode Out of Range				
<u></u>	Offset Value Setting Out of Range				
Observation	None				

15-1-5 EtherCAT Communication, EtherCAT Slave, and NX Unit Errors

The following errors occur in the CNC Function Module due to an EtherCAT communication, EtherCAT slave, or NX unit error.

Error name	Event code	Cause	Operation at error detection
EtherCAT Slave	87800000 hex	An error occurred in a communica-	SERVO OFF is performed for the
Communications		tion with the EtherCAT slave or NX	CNC motor with the error detected,
Error		unit assigned to the CNC motor of	and an operation other than error
		the CNC Function Module. ^{*1}	reset is rejected. ^{*2}
Slave Error	77860000 hex	The EtherCAT slave or NX unit	SERVO OFF is performed for the
Detected		assigned to the CNC motor of the	CNC motor with the error detected,
		CNC Function Module has	and an operation other than error
		detected an error.	reset is rejected.

*1. When an error occurs in communications with an EtherCAT slave, an error also occurs in the EtherCAT Master Function Module. While multiple devices are assigned to a single CNC motor, if a communication error occurs in even one device, the CNC motor results in a communication error.

*2. If a slave communication error occurs, the CNC motor is placed in the home undefined state.

15-1-6 Servo Drive Errors

This section describes error occurrence notifications in the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive.

There is a time lag between the timing when the CNC Function Module detects a Servo Drive error and the timing when the error code is acquired from the Servo Drive.

Therefore, the CNC Function Module notifies Servo Drive error detection and error code in different events.

• Error Notification

If the CNC Function Module detects a Servo Drive error, it causes minor fault level, Slave Error Detection (77860000 hex).

At this point, the MC Function Module performs the error operation (i.e., it turns OFF the Servo).

• Error Code Notification

When the Servo Drive reports the error code, the MC Function Module generates a Slave Error Code Report information event (97800000 hex). The error code (the main part of the error display number) from the Servo Drive is included in the lower two digits of the attached information of the Slave Error Code Report event.

For example, if the attached information is displayed as FF13, the error with display number 13 (Main Circuit Power Supply Undervoltage) occurred in the Servo Drive.

Precautions for Correct Use

You must change the settings to receive notification of the Slave Error Code Report event. Map object 603F hex (Error Code) in the PDO Edit Pane.

15-1-7 NX Unit Errors

If an error occurs in the OMRON NX series position interface unit, the error detection and error code are notified in the same way as for the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive.

However, NX-series Position Interface Units do not have an object that corresponds to object 603F hex (Error Code), so 0000 hex is given for the Slave Error Code Report (97800000 hex) in the attached information.

Refer to the *NX-series Position Interface Units User's Manual* (Cat. No. W524) and *NX-series Ether-CAT Coupler Units User's Manual* (Cat. No. W519) for details on the errors detected in the NX-series position interface unit.

15-2 Troubleshooting

This section describes how to check and reset an error detected in the CNC Function Module.

The detected CNC Function Module error is retained until the controller is turned off or reset.

To reset a Controller error, it is necessary to eliminate the cause of the error. The same error will occur again if you reset the error, but do not eliminate the cause of the error.

15-2-1 How to Check Errors

An error detected in the CNC Function Module can be checked using the following methods.

- · Controller body's LED
- · Sysmac Studio troubleshooting function
- · HMI troubleshooter
- CNC Operator troubleshooter
- Error status acquirement instruction
- · System-defined variable

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for details on how to check errors using the controller body's LED, Sysmac Studio troubleshooting function, HMI troubleshooter, error status acquirement instruction, or system-defined variable.

Refer to the *CNC Operator Operation Manual* (Cat. No. 0032) for details on how to check errors using the CNC Operator troubleshooter.

Instructions to Get Error Detected in the CNC Function Module

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be acquired using the following instructions. Refer to the explanation of each instruction for details.

Instruction name	Instruction	Function
Get CNC Error Status	GetCNCError	The GetCNCError instruction obtains the highest level status (partial fault or minor fault) and highest level event code of the current Controller errors that exist in the CNC Function Module.

System-Defined Variables Related to the Error Detected in the CNC Function Module

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be checked using the following system-defined variables. Refer to the explanation of each variable for details.

Name	Variable	Function
CNC Function Module Error	_CNC_ErrSta	Shows the status of errors that are
Status		detected in the CNC Function Module.
CNC Common Error Status	_CNC_ComErrSta	Shows the status of errors that are
		detected by common processing in the
		CNC Function Module.
CNC Coordinate System	_CNC_CoordErrSta	Shows the status of errors that are
Error Status		detected for each CNC coordinate sys-
		tem. Up to eight coordinate systems are
		displayed.
CNC Motor Error Status	_CNC_MotorErrSta	Shows the status of errors that are
		detected for each CNC motor. Up to 32
		CNC motors are displayed.
CNC Common Partial Fault	_CNC_COM.PFaultLvI.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC common par-
Occurrence		tial fault.
CNC Common Partial Fault	_CNC_COM.PFaultLvI.Code	Contains the code for a CNC common
Code		partial fault.
		This is the same value as the upper four
		digits of the event code.
CNC Common Minor Fault	CNC COM.MFaultLvI.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC common
Occurrence		minor fault.
CNC Common Minor Fault	CNC_COM.MFaultLvI.Code	Contains the code for a CNC common
Code		minor fault.
0000		
		This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
CNC Common Observation	CNC COM Ober Active	TRUE while there is a CNC common
Occurrence	_CNC_COM.Obsr.Active	observation.
CNC Common Observation	CNC_COM.Obsr.Code	Contains the code for a CNC common
Code		observation.
oode		
		This is the same value as the upper four
CNC Coordinate System		digits of the event code. TRUE while there is a CNC coordinate
CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active	
-		system minor fault.
CNC Coordinate System	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Code	Contains the code for a CNC coordinate
Minor Fault Code		system minor fault.
		This is the same value as the upper four
		digits of the event code.
CNC Coordinate System	_CNC_Coord[*].Obsr.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC coordinate
Observation Occurrence		system observation.
CNC Coordinate System	_CNC_Coord[*].Obsr.Code	Contains the code for CNC coordinate
Observation Code		system observation.
		This is the same value as the upper four
		digits of the event code.
CNC Motor Minor Fault	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC motor minor
Occurrence		fault.
CNC Motor Minor Fault	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Code	Contains the code for a CNC motor minor
Code		fault.
		This is the same value as the upper four
		digits of the event code.
		J

Name	Variable	Function
CNC Common Observation	_CNC_Motor[*].Obsr.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC motor obser-
Occurrence		vation.
CNC Motor Observation	_CNC_Motor[*].Obsr.Code	Contains the code for a CNC motor obser-
Code		vation.
		This is the same value as the upper four
		digits of the event code.

15-2-2 How to Reset Error

An error detected in the CNC Function Module can be reset using the following methods.

- · Commands from Sysmac Studio
- Commands from an HMI
- Commands from CNC Operator
- Commands from the user program

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for details on the commands from Sysmac Studio, HMI, and user program.

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be reset using the following instructions. Refer to the explanation of each instruction for details.

Instruction name	Instruction	Function
CNC Error Reset	ResetCNCError	The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in
		the CNC Function Module.
CNC Coordinate System	CNC_CoordReset	The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error
Error Reset		detected in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Refer to the *CNC Operator Operation Manual* (Cat. No. 0032) for details on how to check errors using the CNC Operator troubleshooter.

15-3 Error Lists

This section shows lists of errors (events) that may occur in the CNC Function Module.

Refer to the NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503) for all the NJ-series event codes.

Refer to the NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564) for all the NY-series event codes.

• Replacing the Event Explanation in Use of the NY-Series Controller

To describe the events displayed by Sysmac Studio, the events detected commonly in the NY-series Controller and NJ/NX-series Controller are explained as the events detected in the NJ/NX-series Controller. Therefore, it is necessary to interpret the displayed contents when your use an NY-series Controller. Note the following conditions.

- You cannot connect a CJ-series Unit with NY-series Controllers. In the instructions, skip items related to CJ-series Units.
- In explanation of the errors, replace the term CPU Unit with NY-series Controller or NY-series Industrial PC.
- NY-series Controllers have no SD Memory Card slots. Instead, they provide the Virtual SD Memory ory Card function that uses the Windows shared folder. Therefore, replace the term SD Memory Card with Virtual SD Memory Card. Refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568) for details on the Virtual SD Memory Card function.
- NY-series Controllers do not have the SD PWR LED and SD BUSY LED indicators. In the instructions, skip items related to the SD PWR LED and SD BUSY LED indicators.
- NY-series Controllers do not have the RUN LED, ERR LED, and LINK/ACT LED indicators for EtherCAT. Skip the items that describe EtherCAT's RUN LED, ERR LED, and LINK/ACT LED.
- Replace the NJ/NX-series manuals with the NY-series manuals in the *Reference* column.

15-3-1 Interpreting Error Descriptions

ltem	Description
Event code	An error (event) detected in the NJ/NY-series CPU unit is given. The codes are given in eight
	hexadecimal digits. ^{*1}
Event name	The name of the event is given
Description	A short description of the error is given.
Assumed cause	The assumed cause of the error is given
Level	The level of influence on control is given.
	The abbreviations have the following meanings.
	Maj: Major fault level
	Prt: Partial fault level
	Min: Minor fault level
	Obs: Observation information
	Info: Information
	The symbols have the following meanings.
	O: Level defined by the system
	⊙: Level that can be changed by the user ^{*2}
Reference	Shows the number of the manual that describes the detail of the relevant error (event). The manual name that corresponds to the manual number is given before each error table.

The contents of the error tables are described below.

*1. When the CPU unit with the event detected is limited, its version is indicated in parentheses () of the event code column.

*2. This symbol appears only for events for which the user can change the event level.

15-3-2 Error Lists

CNC Function Errors

The list below shows the errors related to common part of the CNC Function Module, CNC motor, and CNC coordinate system.

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Level			Refer-
	name			Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
47810000 hex	CNC Parameter Setting Invalid	A fatal error was detected during setting of the CNC Function Module.	The system failed to transfer the CNC parameter setting. Oth- erwise, an error occurred in the soft- ware.	\checkmark					P. 15-38
17800000 hex	CNC Param- eter Setting Error	The CNC parame- ters that were saved in non-volatile memory are miss- ing.	 The power supply to the Controller was inter- rupted or communica- tions with the Sysmac Studio were discon- nected while download- ing the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Non-volatile memory failure 		~				P. 15-39
17810000 hex	Absolute Encoder Home Off- set Read Error	The absolute encoder current position that is retained during power interrup- tions was lost.	 When the retained variables are backed up with a battery, this event indicates that the life of the battery in the CPU Unit has expired. Backup memory failure 		~				P. 15-40
17820000 hex	CNC Motor Compensa- tion Table Read Error	The CNC motor compensation table that was saved in non-vola- tile memory is missing.	 The power supply to the Controller was inter- rupted or communica- tions with the Sysmac Studio were discon- nected while download- ing the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Non-volatile memory failure 		~				P. 15-41
37800000 hex	Required Process Data Object Not Set	The object that is required for the assigned axis type in the CNC motor parameter settings is not allocated to PDO.	 The required PDOs are not mapped when the assigned axis type in the CNC motor parame- ter settings is set to a positioning axis or spin- dle axis. Non-volatile memory failure 		V				P. 15-42

Event and	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Leve	I		Refer-
Event code	name		Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
47800000 hex	CNC Initial- ization Error	A fatal error occurred in the system and pre- vented initializa- tion of the CNC Function Module.	Hardware failure		~				P. 15-42
77800000 hex	CNC Con- trol Period Exceeded	The primary peri- odic task process- ing has not been completed within two control cycles.	 The processing load in the primary periodic task is too heavy. 		~				P. 15-43
37810000 hex	Process Data Object Setting Missing	The PDO mapping is not correct.	 The PDOs that are required for the CNC instruction are not mapped. The relevant instruction was executed for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction. 			~			P. 15-43
56000000 hex	Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specification	The CNC coordi- nate system speci- fied for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction does not exist.	• CNC coordinate system does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to the instruction.			V			P. 15-44
56010000 hex	Decelera- tion Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Deceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			V			P. 15-44
56020000 hex	Jerk Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Jerk</i> input variable to a CNC instruc- tion is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			V			P. 15-45
56030000 hex	CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled	A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed.	 A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed. 			~			P. 15-45
56040000 hex	CNC Multi-execu- tion Dis- abled	Multiple functions that cannot be exe- cuted simultane- ously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate sys- tem).	 Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system). The CNC_LoadPro- gramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was <i>Executing</i> (Execut- ing) or <i>Hold</i> (Holding). 			V			P. 15-46

Event code	Event name	Description				Leve			Refer-	
Event code			Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
56050000 hex 56060000 hex	Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Num- ber Speci- fied	The CNC motor of the parameter specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruc- tion is not assigned.	 The logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is not assigned to the <i>Logi-</i> <i>calMotorNo</i> input vari- able to the CNC instruction was speci- fied, and the instruction was executed. 			~			P. 15-46 P. 15-47	
	Motor Num- ber Out of Range	specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able.			~				
56070000 hex	Target Posi- tion Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable. Or, there was an overflow/underflow in the target position. 			\checkmark			P. 15-47	
56080000 hex	Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF	An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF.	Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParam- eter instruction for an axis for which Ether- CAT process data com- munications are not established.			~			P. 15-48	
56090000 hex	Target Velocity Set- ting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Velocity</i> input vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			~			P. 15-49	
560A0000 hex	tion/Deceler- ation Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Acceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			~			P. 15-49	
560B0000 hex	Selection Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>MoveMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			\checkmark			P. 15-50	
560C0000 hex	Immediate Stop Instruc- tion Exe- cuted	An Immediate Stop (CNC_Coor- dImmediateStop) instruction was executed.	 An Immediate Stop instruction was exe- cuted. 			~			P. 15-50	

Eventeede	Event	Description	Accumed			Leve			Refer-	
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
560D0000 hex	Parameter Selection Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>ParameterNumber</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			~			P. 15-51	
560E0000 hex	CNC Param- eter Setting Read/Write Setting Value Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>SettingValue</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. 			~			P. 15-51	
560F0000 hex	CNC Param- eter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable. 			~			P. 15-52	
56100000 hex	Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home	A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home.	 A cycle start was exe- cuted for a CNC coordi- nate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. 			~			P. 15-52	
56110000 hex	Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>HomingParameter</i> in-out variable of the CNC instruc- tion is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. 			~			P. 15-53	
56120000 hex	M Code Number Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>MCodeNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			V			P. 15-53	
56130000 hex	CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled (CNC Coordinate System Specifica- tion)	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This in-out vari- able cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)	 A parameter for an in-out variable that can- not be changed for re-execution was changed. 			V			P. 15-54	

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Leve	l		Refer-
Event code	name	-	Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
56140000 hex	CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled (Logical CNC Motor Number)	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>LogicalMo-</i> <i>torNo</i> input vari- able when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This input vari- able cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)	• A parameter for an input variable that cannot be changed for re-execu- tion was changed.			~			P. 15-54
56150000 hex	Illegal NC Program	An error was detected in the NC program trans- ferred from Sys- mac Studio.	 NC program transfer processing failed. 			~			P. 15-55
56160000 hex	Cycle Start Multi-execu- tion Dis- abled	A cycle start was executed multiple times for the same target (CNC coor- dinate system).	 A cycle start was exe- cuted while the CNC coordinate system is <i>Executing</i> (Executing), <i>MovingOnHold</i> (Manual Operation While Hold- ing), or <i>Moving</i> (Mov- ing). 			~			P. 15-55
56170000 hex	Impossible CNC Motor Cycle Start Specified when the Servo is OFF	A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF.	 A cycle start was exe- cuted for the CNC motor for which Servo is turned OFF. 			~			P. 15-56
56180000 hex	Illegal NC Program Number Specification	The NC program specified for <i>Pro- gramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_Coord- Control instruction is not loaded.	 A cycle start was exe- cuted after an unloaded NC program is speci- fied for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction. 			v			P. 15-56
56190000 hex	Illegal Back Trace Speci- fication	A cycle start was executed when the CNC coordinate system is <i>Standby</i> (Standby) while <i>BackTrace</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_Coord- Control instruction is set to TRUE.	 A cycle start was exe- cuted when the CNC coordinate system is Standby (Standby) while BackTrace in the Con- trolInputs in-out vari- able to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE. 			V			P. 15-57

Eventerde	Event	Description		Level					Refer-	
Event code	name		Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
56250000 hex	Illegal CNC Motor Speci- fication	The CNC motor specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out vari- able to a CNC instruction does not exist.	• A CNC motor does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction.			~			P. 15-57	
56260000 hex	Illegal CNC Motor Com- pensation Table Speci- fication	The CNC motor compensation table specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to a CNC instruction does not exist.	 A CNC motor compen- sation table does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction. 			V			P. 15-58	
56290000 hex	NC Pro- gram Capacity Exceeded	Loading failed because the NC program down- loaded from Sys- mac Studio exceeded the max- imum capacity.	 The NC program that has a capacity above the maximum was downloaded from Sys- mac Studio. 			~			P. 15-58	
562A0000 hex	Skew Con- trol Mode Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>SkewMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			V			P. 15-59	
562B0000 hex	Offset Value Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>OffsetValue</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 			~			P. 15-59	
67800000 hex	Immediate Stop Input	The immediate stop input turned ON.	 An immediate stop input signal was detected. The immediate stop input signal is not con- nected correctly or the logic setting for the immediate stop input is wrong. 			V			P. 15-60	
67810000 hex	Positive Limit Input Detected	The positive limit input turned ON.	 A positive limit input signal was detected. The positive limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the positive limit input is wrong. 			~			P. 15-61	
67820000 hex	Negative Limit Input Detected	The negative limit input turned ON.	 A negative limit input signal was detected. The negative limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the negative limit input is wrong. 			~			P. 15-62	

Event and	Event	Decembrati	A			Level			Refer-	
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
67830000 hex	Target Posi- tion Positive Software Limit Exceeded	The specified posi- tion exceeds the positive software limit.	 The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruc- tion is beyond the posi- tive software limit. The first position is beyond the positive soft- ware limit and an instruction that speci- fies motion in the oppo- site direction of the software limit was exe- cuted. 			~			P. 15-63	
67840000 hex	Target Posi- tion Nega- tive Software Limit Exceeded	The specified posi- tion exceeds the negative software limit.	 The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruc- tion is beyond the nega- tive software limit. While the starting posi- tion is out of the nega- tive software limit, an operation was specified in the opposite direction of the software limit. 			~			P. 15-63	
67850000 hex	Command Position Over- flow/Under- flow	Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/over- flow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not specified was executed when there was an underflow/over- flow in the com- mand position.	 One of the following was executed when there was a command position overflow/under- flow. A positioning instruc- tion A continuous control instruction in the under- flow/overflow direction An instruction for which the direction is not spec- ified (syncing) 			~			P. 15-64	
67860000 hex	Positive Limit Input	An instruction was executed for a motion in the posi- tive direction when the positive limit input was ON.	 An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was ON, or an instruction for a motion with no direction specifi- cation was executed when the positive limit input was ON. 			~			P. 15-65	
67870000 hex	Negative Limit Input	While the negative limit input is set to ON, an instruction that runs in the negative direction was executed.	 While the negative limit input is set to ON, an instruction that runs in the negative direction was executed, or an instruction with no direc- tion specified was exe- cuted. 			V			P. 15-66	

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Eventeede	Event	Description	Assumed aquea	Level					Refer-
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
67880000 hex	Positive Software Limit Exceeded	The position exceeded the posi- tive software limit while the CNC motor was running.	The position exceeded the positive software limit.			~			P. 15-66
67890000 hex	Negative Software Limit Exceeded	The position exceeded the neg- ative software limit while the CNC motor was running.	 The position exceeded the negative software limit. 			\checkmark			P. 15-67
678A0000 hex	In-position Check Time Exceeded	The in-position check was not completed within the monitoring time.	Time is required to com- plete positioning.			~			P. 15-67
678B0000 hex	Following Error Limit Exceeded	The error between the command cur- rent position and actual current value exceeded the Following Error Over Value.	 The positioning opera- tion has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command. 			~			P. 15-68
67910000 hex	Illegal Fol- lowing Error	The difference between the com- mand position and the actual current position exceeds the range of 30-bit data when con- verted to pulses.	 The command current position was restricted so that the velocity of the CNC motor would not exceed the maximum velocity for the specified travel distance. The CNC motor's positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command. 			~			P. 15-68
67920000 hex	Absolute Encoder Current Position Calculation Failed	It was not possible to correctly restore the current posi- tion from the abso- lute encoder information that was saved when power was inter- rupted.	The position to restore when converted to pulses exceeded the range of signed 40-bit data.			~			P. 15-69

Event ende	Event	Description	A			Level	[Refer-
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
Event code 67930000 hex		Description Home of the CNC motor became undefined while the status of CNC coordinate system is <i>Executing</i> (Exe- cuting), <i>Hold</i> (Hold- ing), <i>MovingOnHold</i> (Manual Operation While Holding).	 Assumed cause The command position or actual position over- flowed or underflowed for a CNC motor while the status of CNC coor- dinate system is <i>Execut-</i> <i>ing</i> (Executing), <i>Hold</i> (Holding), or <i>MovingOn-</i> <i>Hold</i> (Manual Opera- tion While Holding), and the home definition was lost. A slave communications error occurred in the CNC motor and the home become unde- fined while the status of CNC coordinate system is <i>Executing</i> (Execut- ing), <i>Hold</i> (Holding), or <i>MovingOnHold</i> (Manual Operation While Hold- ing). A slave for a logical axis left the network or was disabled and home became undefined while the status of CNC coor- dinate system is <i>Execut-</i> <i>ing</i> (Executing), <i>Hold</i> (Holding), or <i>MovingOn-</i> <i>Hold</i> (Manual Opera- tion While Holding). 	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence P. 15-70
67940000 hex	Cycle Start Specified during Posi- tive Soft- ware Limit Exceeded Cycle Start Specified during Neg- ative Soft-	The first position exceeds the posi- tive software limit. The first position exceeds the nega- tive software limit.	 The command current position of the position- ing cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis in the CNC coordi- nate system is out of range of the positive software limit. The command current position of the position- ing cartesian axis or positioning rotational 			✓			P. 15-71 P. 15-71
67960000 hex	ware Limit Exceeded Cycle Start Specified during Command Position Overflow (Underflow)	The cycle start was executed when there was a com- mand position overflow/underflow.	 axis in the CNC coordinate system is out of range of the negative software limit. •The cycle start was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow. 			✓			P. 15-72

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause	Level					Refer-	
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
67970000 hex	Cycle Start Specified during Posi- tive Limit Input	A cycle start was executed when the positive limit input was ON.	 A cycle start was exe- cuted when the positive limit input was ON. 			V			P. 15-73	
67980000 hex	Cycle Start Specified during Neg- ative Limit Input	A cycle start was executed when the negative limit input was ON.	 A cycle start was exe- cuted when the negative limit input was ON. 			~			P. 15-73	
67990000 hex	NC Pro- gram Exe- cution Error	An error was detected while the NC program was running.	 An error was detected in the running NC program. Refer to the Error Codes in Attached infor- mation for the error con- tents. 			~			P. 15-74	
679B0000 hex	Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded	The deviation of the feedback cur- rent position between the gan- try master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value.	 The gantry slave axis is moving slower than the gantry master axis due to poor following perfor- mance of the slave axis. 			V			P. 15-75	
77820000 hex	CNC Coor- dinate Sys- tem Composi- tion CNC Motor Error	An error occurred for a composition CNC motor in a CNC coordinate system.	 An error occurred for a composition CNC motor in a CNC coordinate system while it was moving. 			~			P. 15-76	
77830000 hex	CNC Com- mon Error Occurrence	A CNC common error occurred.	Partial fault level CNC common error occurred.			~			P. 15-76	
77840000 hex	Servo Main Circuits OFF	An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF.	 An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF. 			V			P. 15-77	
77850000 hex	Servo Main Circuit Power OFF	The main circuit power of the Servo Drive turned OFF while the Servo was ON.	 The main circuit power of the Servo Drive was interrupted while the Servo was ON. 			V			P. 15-77	
77860000 hex	Slave Error Detected	An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allo- cated to the CNC motor.	 An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allo- cated to the CNC motor. 			~			P. 15-78	

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Level			Refer-
Event code	name	-		Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
77880000 hex	Slave Dis- connection during Servo ON	An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or dis- abled while the Servo was ON.	 An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or disabled while the Servo was ON. 			V			P. 15-78
77890000 hex	Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected	The limit signal in the direction oppo- site to the homing direction was detected during a homing operation.	 The Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn. The location of the hom- ing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached. The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty. 			V			P. 15-79
778A0000 hex	Homing Direction Limit Input Detected	The limit signal in the homing direc- tion was detected during a homing operation.	 The Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn. The location of the hom- ing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached. The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty. 			~			P. 15-79
778B0000 hex	Homing Limit Inputs Detected in Both Direc- tions	The limit signals in both directions were detected during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the limit signal is incorrect. The limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the limit signal is not correct. The limit sensor failed. 			~			P. 15-80

Eventeede	Event	Description	Accumed course		Refer-				
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
778C0000 hex	Home Prox- imity/Hom- ing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected	The home proxim- ity input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the home proximity signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home proximity signal or limit signal is not correct. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor failed. 			~			P. 15-80
778D0000 hex	Home Prox- imity/Hom- ing Direction Limit Input Detected	The home proxim- ity input and the limit signal in the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the home proximity signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home proximity signal or limit signal is not correct. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor failed. 			v			P. 15-81
778E0000 hex	Home Input/Hom- ing Oppo- site Direction Limit Input Detected	The home input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the home input signal or limit sig- nal is incorrect. The home input sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not cor- rect. The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed. 			~			P. 15-82

Event and	Event	Description		Level					Refer-	
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
778F0000 hex	Home Input/Hom- ing Direc- tion Limit Input Detected	The home input and the limit signal in the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the home input signal or limit sig- nal is incorrect. The home input sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not cor- rect. The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed. 			~			P. 15-83	
77900000 hex	Invalid Home Input Mask Dis- tance	The setting of the home input mask distance is not suit- able for the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWith- Parameter instruc- tion.	 The set value of the home input mask dis- tance when the operat- ing mode of the MC_Home instruction is set to Proximity Reverse Turn/Home Input Mask Distance is insufficient to decelerate from the homing velocity to the homing approach veloc- ity. 			~			P. 15-84	
77910000 hex	No Home Input	There was no home signal input during the homing operation. Or, a limit signal was detected before there was a home input.	 There was no home signal input during the homing operation. A limit signal was detected before there was a home input. 			~			P. 15-84	
77920000 hex	No Home Proximity Input	There was no home proximity signal input during the homing opera- tion.	 There was no home proximity signal input during the homing oper- ation when a home proximity input signal was specified. 			\checkmark			P. 15-85	
87800000 hex	EtherCAT Slave Com- munica- tions Error	A communications error occurred for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to a CNC motor.	 A communications error occurred for the Ether- CAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor. 			~			P. 15-85	
561D0000 hex	SD Memory Card Access Failure	SD Memory Card access failed when an instruction was executed.	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card slot is broken. 				~		P. 15-86	
561E0000 hex	File Does Not Exist	The file specified for an instruction does not exist.	The specified file does not exist.				~		P. 15-86	

Eventeede	Event	Decorintian	Accumed acues	Level					Refer-	
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
561F0000 hex	Illegal Load NC Pro- gram Num- ber Specifica- tion	Loading has failed because an attempt was made to load the NC pro- gram with an invalid program	 An attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified. 				~		P. 15-87	
5620 0000 hex	Too Many Files Open	number specified. The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction.	 The maximum number of open files was exceeded when open- ing a file for an instruc- tion. 				~		P. 15-87	
56210000 hex	File or Direc- tory Name Is Too Long	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.	• The file name or direc- tory name that was specified for the instruc- tion to create is too long.				~		P. 15-88	
5622 0000 hex	SD Mem- ory Card Access Failed	SD Memory Card access failed.	 The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card slot is broken. 				~		P. 15-88	
56230000 hex	Load NC Program Capacity Exceeded	Loading has failed because an attempt was made to load the NC pro- gram that has a capacity above the maximum.	 An attempt was made to load the NC program that has a capacity above the maximum. 				~		P. 15-89	
56240000 hex	Number of NC Pro- gram Exceeded	Loading failed because an attempt was made to load NC pro- grams over the maximum number of NC programs.	 A new NC program was loaded while the num- ber of loaded NC pro- grams reaches the maximum. 				¥		P. 15-89	
56280000 hex	Illegal Load NC Program	An error was detected in the loaded NC pro- gram.	 A syntax error was detected in the NC pro- gram you attempted to load. 				~		P. 15-90	
678C0000 hex	Following Error Warn- ing	The following error exceeded the Fol- lowing Error Warn- ing Value.	 The positioning opera- tion has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command. 				~		P. 15-91	
678D0000 hex	Command Position Overflow	The number of pulses for the com- mand position overflowed.	 When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rota- tional axis, the speci- fied value exceeded the upper limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spin- dle axis). 				~		P. 15-91	

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Level			Refer-
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
678E0000 hex	Command	The number of	 When the command 						P. 15-92
	Position	pulses for the com-	position was converted						
	Underflow	mand position	to the pulse unit for the						
		exceeded the valid	positioning cartesian						
		range. (It under-	axis or positioning rota-				\checkmark		
		flowed.)	tional axis, the speci- fied value exceeded the				v		
			lower limit of the signed						
			40-bit data (signed						
			54-bit data for the spin-						
			dle axis).						
678F0000 hex	Actual Posi-	The number of	When the command						P. 15-92
	tion Over-	pulses for the	position was converted						
	flow	actual position	to the pulse unit for the						
		overflowed.	positioning cartesian						
			axis or positioning rota-						
			tional axis, the speci-				\checkmark		
			fied value exceeded the						
			upper limit of the signed						
			40-bit data (signed						
			54-bit data for the spin-						
67900000 hex	Actual Posi-	The number of	dle axis). • When the command						D 15 02
67900000 nex	tion Under-	pulses for the	position was converted						P. 15-93
	flow	actual position	to the pulse unit for the						
	11000	underflowed.	positioning cartesian						
			axis or positioning rota-						
			tional axis, the speci-				\checkmark		
			fied value exceeded the						
			lower limit of the signed						
			40-bit data (signed						
			54-bit data for the spin-						
			dle axis).						
679A0000 hex	Position	The deviation of the	 The gantry slave axis is 						P. 15-93
	Deviation	feedback current	moving slower than the						
	between	position between	gantry master axis due						
	Axes Limit	the gantry master	to poor following perfor-						
	Warning	axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded	mance of the slave axis.				\checkmark		
		the Position Devia-							
		tion Between Axes							
		Warning Value.							
77810000 hex	CNC Plan-	CNC planner ser-	The processing load of						P. 15-94
	ner Service	vice processing	the NC program in a						
	Period	was not finished	period of the CNC plan-				\checkmark		
	Exceeded	within two periods.	ner service is too heavy.						
77870000 hex	Slave	A warning was	A warning was detected				İ		P. 15-94
	Observation	detected for an	for the EtherCAT slave				\checkmark		
	Detected	EtherCAT slave or	or NX Unit that is allo-						
		NX Unit.	cated to a CNC motor.						

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause		Refer-				
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
97810000 hex	Software Limit Path Limited	The path exceeded the software limit was specified during <i>Executing</i> (Executing). There- fore, the path was limited within the software limit range.	• The path exceeded the software limit was speci- fied during <i>Executing</i> (Executing).				V		P. 15-95
97830000 hex	Velocity Control Command Value Satu- rated	The velocity control command value for the servo drive is saturated.	 The output value by feedback loop calculation exceeded Maximum Velocity defined in the CNC motor parameter, or the actual operation is slower than the commanded one because of the poor following performance of the positioning operation. The spindle rotation velocity (S) or spindle velocity override value was commanded over the Maximum Velocity defined in the CNC motor parameter. 				~		P. 15-95
97800000 hex	Slave Error Code Report	The error code was reported by the slave when a Slave Error Detected error occurred.	The error code was reported by the slave when a Slave Error Detected error (77860000 hex) occurred.					~	P. 15-96
97820000 hex	CNC Func- tion System Information	This event pro- vides internal infor- mation from the CNC Function Module.	 This event provides internal information from the CNC Function Mod- ule. It is recorded to pro- vide additional information for another event. 					V	P. 15-96

CNC Instruction Errors

This section shows lists of errors (events) that may occur in CNC instructions. The lower four digits of the event code represents the error code for the instruction. For descriptions of an error code, refer to the description of the corresponding event code. For example, when the error code of the target instruction is 16#3781, refer to the explanation of event code, 54013781 hex.

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Level			Refer-
Event code	name	Description	Assumed Cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
54013781 hex	Process Data Object Setting Missing	The PDO mapping is not correct.	 The PDOs that are required for the CNC instruction are not mapped. The relevant instruction was executed for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction. 				✓		P. 15-97
54015600 hex	Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specifica- tion	The CNC coordi- nate system speci- fied for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction does not exist.	• CNC coordinate system does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to the instruction.				~		P. 15-98
54015601 hex	Decelera- tion Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Deceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				~		P. 15-98
54015602 hex	Jerk Set- ting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Jerk</i> input variable to a CNC instruc- tion is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				√		P. 15-99
54015603 hex	CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled	A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed.	 A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed. 				~		P. 15-100
54015604 hex	CNC Multi-exe- cution Dis- abled	Multiple functions that cannot be exe- cuted simultane- ously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate sys- tem).	 Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system). The CNC_LoadPro- gramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was <i>Executing</i> (Execut- ing) or <i>Hold</i> (Holding). 				~		P. 15-101

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause	Level					Refer-	
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
54015605 hex	Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Num- ber Speci- fied	The CNC motor of the parameter specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruc- tion is not assigned.	 The logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is not assigned to the <i>Logi-</i> <i>calMotorNo</i> input vari- able to the CNC instruction was speci- fied, and the instruction was executed. 				~		P. 15-102	
54015606 hex	Logical CNC Motor Number Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				~		P. 15-103	
54015607 hex	Target Posi- tion Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable. Or, there was an overflow/underflow in the target position. 				~		P. 15-103	
54015608 hex	Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF	An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF.	 An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF. Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParam- eter instruction for an axis for which Ether- CAT process data com- munications are not established. 				~		P. 15-104	
54015609 hex	Target Velocity Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Velocity</i> input vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				V		P. 15-105	
5401560A hex	Accelera- tion/Decel- eration Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Acceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				~		P. 15-105	
5401560B hex	Travel Mode Selection Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>MoveMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				~		P. 15-106	

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Leve			Refer-
	name	-		Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
5401560D hex	Parameter Selection Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>ParameterNumber</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				V		P. 15-106
5401560E hex	CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Setting Value Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>SettingValue</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. 				~		P. 15-107
5401560F hex	CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. 				~		P. 15-107
54015611 hex	Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>HomingParameter</i> in-out variable of the CNC instruc- tion is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. 				~		P. 15-108
54015612 hex	M Code Number Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>MCodeNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				~		P. 15-108
54015613 hex	CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled (CNC Coordinate System Specifica- tion)	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This in-out vari- able cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)	 A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed. 				~		P. 15-109
54015614 hex	CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled (Logical CNC Motor Number)	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>LogicalMo-</i> <i>torNo</i> input vari- able when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This input vari- able cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)	 A parameter for an input variable that cannot be changed for re-execu- tion was changed. 				~		P. 15-110

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Leve			Refer-	
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence	
5401561D hex	SD Mem- ory Card Access Fail- ure	SD Memory Card access failed when an instruction was executed.	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card 				~		P. 15-111	
5401561E hex	File Does Not Exist	The file specified for an instruction does not exist.	 slot is broken. The specified file does not exist. 				✓		P. 15-112	
5401561F hex	Illegal Load NC Pro- gram Num- ber Specifica- tion	Loading has failed because an attempt was made to load the NC pro- gram with an invalid program number specified.	 An attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified. 				~		P. 15-112	
54015620 hex	Too Many Files Open	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction.	 The maximum number of open files was exceeded when open- ing a file for an instruc- tion. 				~		P. 15-113	
54015621 hex	File or Directory Name Is Too Long	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.	• The file name or direc- tory name that was specified for the instruc- tion to create is too long.				~		P. 15-113	
54015622 hex	SD Mem- ory Card Access Failed	SD Memory Card access failed.	 The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card slot is broken. 				~		P. 15-114	
54015623 hex	Load NC Program Capacity Exceeded	Loading has failed because an attempt was made to load the NC pro- gram that has a capacity above the maximum.	 An attempt was made to load the NC program that has a capacity above the maximum. 				~		P. 15-115	
54015624 hex	Number of NC Pro- gram Exceeded	Loading failed because an attempt was made to load NC pro- grams over the maximum number of NC programs.	 A new NC program was loaded while the num- ber of loaded NC pro- grams reaches the maximum. 				~		P. 15-116	
54015625 hex	Illegal CNC Motor Spec- ification	The CNC motor specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out vari- able to a CNC instruction does not exist.	 A CNC motor does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction. 				~		P. 15-116	

Event code	Event	Description	Assumed cause			Leve			Refer-
	name	-		Мај	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
54015626 hex	Illegal CNC Motor Com- pensation Table Spec- ification	The CNC motor compensation table specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to a CNC instruction does not exist.	 A CNC motor compen- sation table does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction. 				*		P. 15-117
54015628 hex	Illegal Load NC Pro- gram	An error was detected in the loaded NC pro- gram.	 A syntax error was detected in the NC pro- gram you attempted to load. 				~		P. 15-118
5401562A hex	Skew Con- trol Mode Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>SkewMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				~		P. 15-119
5401562B hex	Offset Value Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>OffsetValue</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	 Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. 				~		P. 15-119
54016783 hex	Target Posi- tion Positive Software Limit Exceeded	The specified posi- tion exceeds the positive software limit.	 The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruc- tion is beyond the posi- tive software limit. The first position is beyond the positive soft- ware limit and an instruction that speci- fies motion in the oppo- site direction of the software limit was exe- cuted. 				✓		P. 15-120
54016784 hex	Target Posi- tion Nega- tive Software Limit Exceeded	The specified posi- tion exceeds the negative software limit.	 The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruc- tion is beyond the nega- tive software limit. While the starting posi- tion is out of the nega- tive software limit, an operation was specified in the opposite direction of the software limit. 				✓		P. 15-121

Event code	Event	Description	Accumed course			Leve			Refer-
Event code	name	Description	Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	ence
54016785 hex	Command Position Over- flow/Under- flow	Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/over- flow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not specified was executed when there was an underflow/over- flow in the com- mand position.	 One of the following was executed when there was a command position overflow/under- flow. A positioning instruc- tion A continuous control instruction in the under- flow/overflow direction An instruction for which the direction is not spec- ified (syncing) 				~		P. 15-122
54016786 hex	Positive Limit Input	An instruction was executed for a motion in the posi- tive direction when the positive limit input was ON.	 An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was ON, or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was exe- cuted when the positive limit input was ON. 				~		P. 15-123
54016787 hex	Negative Limit Input	While the negative limit input is set to ON, an instruction that runs in the negative direction was executed.	While the negative limit input is set to ON, an instruction that runs in the negative direction was executed, or an instruc- tion with no direction specified was executed.				~		P. 15-124
54017784 hex	Servo Main Circuits OFF	An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF.	 An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF. 				~		P. 15-125

15-4 Error Descriptions

This section describes the information that is given for individual errors.

15-4-1 How to Check Error Contents

The items that are used to describe individual errors (events) are described in the following copy of an error table.

Event name	Gives the name	of the error.		Event code	Gives the code of	of the error.					
Meaning	Gives a short de	escription of the err	ror.								
Source	Gives the source	e of the error.	Source details	Gives details on the source of the error.	Detection tim- ing	Tells when the error is detected.					
Error attri- butes	Level	Level affected by control ^{*1}	Recovery method	Recovery method ^{*2}	Log category	Type of stored log ^{*3}					
Effects	User program	User program execution sta- tus ^{*4}	Operation	Provides special results from the e	l information on the operation that error.						
LED/Status	This status can be checked using the built-in EtherCAT port LED or Industrial PC Support Utility of the built-in EtherNet/IP port. Indicator status is given only for errors in the EtherCAT Master Function Mo and the EtherNet/IP Function Module.										
System	Variable		Data type	Name							
-defined variable		• •	es, and meanings f ed by the error, or t	•	-						
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention						
correction	Lists the possibl	e causes, correctio	ons, and preventive	e measures for the	error.						
Attached	This is the attac	This is the attached information that is displayed by the Sysmac Studio or an HMI. ^{*5}									
information			ovides precautions, restrictions, and supplemental information. If the user can set the event level, the								
information Precautions/	Provides precau	tions, restrictions,	and supplemental	information. If the	user can set the e	vent level, the					

*1. One of the following:

Major fault: Major fault level Partial fault: Partial fault level

Minor fault: Minor fault level

Observation

Information

*2. After the correction is performed, one of the following methods is used to reset the Controller error state: Automatic recovery: Normal status is restored automatically when the cause of the error is removed. Error reset: Normal status is restored when the error is reset after the cause of the error is removed. Turn-on again: After the cause was remedied, turn the controller on again to return to the normal state. Controller reset: Normal status is restored when the Controller is reset after the cause of the error is removed. Depends on cause: The recovery method depends on the cause of the error.

*3. One of the following:

System: System event log Access: Access event log

*4. One of the following:

Continues: Execution of the user program will continue. Stops: Execution of the user program stops. Starts: Execution of the user program starts. 15

*5. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

15-4-2 Error Descriptions

CNC Function Errors

This section describes the meanings of the errors related to common parts of the CNC Function Module, CNC motor, and CNC coordinate system.

Event name	CNC Parameter	Setting Invalid		Event code	47810000 hex			
Meaning	A fatal error was	detected during se	etting of the CNC F	unction Module.				
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading		
Error attri- butes	Level	Major fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category System			
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation	It will not be poss The Controller w	•	CNC motor control.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	The system failed CNC parameter s wise, an error oc ware.		the Controller wit ation from an SD If this error recur	form a Clear All n from the Sys- sfer the project to h a restore oper- Memory Card. s after you took tion, contact your	All ys- ct to per- rd. ok			
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: System info	ormation					
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	CNC Parameter	Setting Error		Event code	17800000 hex		
Meaning	The CNC parame	eters that were sav	ved in non-volatile	memory are missi	ng.		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attri- butes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	It will not be pose	ible to perform CNC motor contro		
System	Variable		Data type Name				
-defined variables	_CNC_COM.PFa	aultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	l.			Prevention		
correction	The power supply to the Controller was interrupted or communica- tions with the Sysmac Studio were disconnected while downloading the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Download the CNC parameter from the Sysmac Studio. Non-volatile memory failure If the error occurs even after t above correction is performed non-volatile memory has failer After you replace the CPU Un download all settings including CNC Parameter Settings from Sysmac Studio.			•	Do not turn OF during save pro CNC paramete	-	
			is performed, ory has failed. the CPU Unit, ings including the	None			
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Absolute Encoder	solute Encoder Home Offset Read Error Event code 17810000 hex					
Meaning	The absolute end	coder current posit	erruptions was los	st.			
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attri- butes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	It will not be pos	sible to perform (CNC motor control	
System	Variable	Data type			Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_COM.PFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause Co		Correction		Prevention		
correction	When the retained backed up with a event indicates the battery in the CP expired.	battery, this hat the life of the	Replace the Batt Unit, reset the er homing to define	ror, and perform	backed up with cally replace th CPU Unit. For t refer to the <i>NJ</i> -	•	
	Backup memory failure above correction is per CPU Unit backup me Replace the CPU Unit form homing to define		is performed, o memory failed. J Unit and per-	None			
Attached information	None		,		•		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	CNC Motor Comp	ensation Table Rea	id Error	Event code	17820000 hex		
Meaning	The CNC motor of	compensation table	e that was saved i	n non-volatile mem	nory is missing.		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attri- butes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	It will not be poss	ible to perform CNC motor contro		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_COM.PFa	aultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	l.	Correction		Prevention		
correction	was interrupted or communica- tions with the Sysmac Studio were disconnected while downloading the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Non-volatile memory failure		Download the CN from the Sysmac	•	Do not turn OFI during save pro CNC paramete	•	
			If the error occurs above correction non-volatile mem After you replace download all setti CNC Parameter Sysmac Studio.	is performed, hory has failed. the CPU Unit, ings including the	he		
Attached information	None				1		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Required Process	Data Object Not S					
Meaning	The object that is PDO.	required for the as	ssigned axis type ir	the CNC motor pa	arameter settings	is not allocated to	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attri- butes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	It will not be pose	sible to perform CNC motor co		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_COM.PFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The required PDOs are not		Map the PDOs the	nat are required	Map the PDOs	that are required	
	mapped when th	e assigned axis	for the relevant a	issigned axis	for the assigned	d axis type to be	
	type in the CNC motor parameter		type.		used.		
	settings is set to or spindle axis.	a positioning axis					
	Non-volatile men	nory failure	If the error occur	s even after the	None		
			above correction	is performed,			
			non-volatile men	ory has failed.			
			After you replace	e the CPU Unit,			
			download all sett	ings including the			
			CNC Parameter Settings from the				
			Sysmac Studio.				
Attached information	None						
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	CNC Initialization E	Error		Event code	47800000 hex			
Meaning	A fatal error occu	rred in the system	and prevented ini	tialization of the Cl	NC Function Mod	dule.		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading		
Error attri- butes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply.	Log category System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		t will not be possible to perform CNC motor control. t will not be possible to execute CNC motor control nstructions.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Hardware has fai	iled.	Replace the CPL	J Unit.	None			
Attached information	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	CNC Control Perio	NC Control Period Exceeded Event code 7780 0000 hex								
Meaning			task was not finisł							
Source	CNC Function M		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	Continuously				
Error attri- butes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System				
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	· ·	ossible for all the CNC coordinate ordinate systems in motion stop					
System	Variable		Data type		Name					
-defined	_CNC_COM.PFa	aultLvI.Active	BOOL CNC Common Partial F			Partial Fault				
variables					Occurrence					
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention					
correction	The processing lo	oad in the pri-	Reduce the amo	unt of processing	Write the programs for the primar					
	mary periodic tas	mary periodic task is too heavy. in the primar the control period long enough tion problems Check the ta		riodic task or set I to a value that is to cause opera- eriod in the <i>Task</i> f the Sysmac Stu-	only the proces specified period	-				
Attached	None	леникана и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и пред Переконски предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предок								
information										
Precautions/	None									
Remarks										

Event name	Process Data Object Setting Missing			Event code	37810000 hex		
Meaning	The PDO mappir	ng is not correct.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction	
				nate system	timing	execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not	possible for the r	elevant CNC coor-	
				dinate systems.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinat	e System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	and Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The PDOs that a	re required for	Map the PDOs that are required		Map the PDOs that are required		
	the CNC instruction are not		for the instruction.		for the instruction	ons that are used.	
	mapped.						
	The relevant instruction was exe-		Some devices do not support the		Refer to the manual for the device		
	cuted for a device that does not		relevant instruction	relevant instruction.		and write the program so that unsupported instructions are not	
	have an object that supports the		Refer to the man	Refer to the manual for the device.			
	instruction.		check to see if the relevant		executed.		
			instruction is supported, and cor-				
			rect the program				
			ported instruction	-			
			executed.				
Attached	None		1		I		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name		Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specification Event code 5600 0000 hex					
Meaning	•	· ·		for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction does not exist.			
Source			Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exe	ecuted.	
System	Variable		Data type	Data type			
-defined	_CNC_COM.MFa	aultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	l.	Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	CNC coordinate	system does not	Correct the instru	iction so that the	Specify a variable that exists when		
	exist for the varia	ble specified for	variable exists fo	variable exists for the CNC coordi- nate system that was specified for		riable for an input	
	the Coord in-out	variable to the	nate system that			parameter to an instruction.	
	instruction.		the instruction.				
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Deceleration Setting Out of Range			Event code	56010000 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the De	celeration input va	riable to a CNC in	struction is out of	f range.
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program Continues. Operation		Operation	The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the para	meter so that the	Set the input parameter to the	
	exceeded the val	id range of the	valid range of the	e input variable is	instruction so the	nat the valid range
	input variable.		not exceeded for	the relevant	of the input variable is not exceeded.	
			instruction.			
Attached	None		•		•	
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Jerk Setting Out of Range			Event code	56020000 hex				
Meaning	The parameter s	The parameter specified for the <i>Jerk</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.							
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction			
				nate system	timing	execution			
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System			
butes									
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru	iction is not execut	ed. The relevant			
			CNC coordinate sy		ystem immediately stops while moving.				
System	Variable		Data type		Name				
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor				
variables					Fault Occurrence				
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention				
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the para	neter so that the	Set the input pa	arameter to the			
	exceeded the val	lid range of the	valid range of the	valid range of the input variable is		instruction so that the valid range			
	input variable.		not exceeded for	not exceeded for the relevant		of the input variable is not			
			instruction.		exceeded.				
Attached	None								
information									
Precautions/	None								
Remarks									

Event name	CNC Instruction F	Re-execution Disabl	ed	Event code	56030000 hex		
Meaning	A CNC instructio	n that cannot be re	e-executed was re-	executed.			
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	Source details CNC com- mon/CNC coor- dinate system		At instruction re-execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru CNC coordinate sy		ed. The relevant stops while moving.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_COM.MF	aultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- rence	
	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed.		Correct the program so that the <i>Execute</i> input variable does not change to TRUE until the <i>Busy</i> output variable from the instruction changes to FALSE.		When using instructions that can- not be re-executed, include a con- dition for the <i>Execute</i> input variable so that it does not change to TRUE unless the <i>Busy</i> output variable for the previous instruc- tion is FALSE. Or, stop the instruc- tion before executing it again.		
Attached information	None				1		
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	CNC Multi-execut	ion Disabled		Event code	56040000 hex		
Meaning	Multiple functions nate system).	s that cannot be e	ecuted simultaned	ously were execute	ed for the same t	arget (CNC coordi-	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common/ CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru CNC coordinate s		ed. The relevant stops while moving.	
System	Variable		Data type	•	Name		
-defined	_CNC_COM.MF	aultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur-		
variables						rence	
	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
					Fault Occurren	се	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	 Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system). The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was <i>Executing</i> (Executing) or <i>Hold</i> (Holding). 		Check the specifications of multi-execution of instructions for this instruction and correct the pro- gram so that instructions that can- not be executed at the same time are not executed simultaneously.		Check the specifications for multi-execution of instructions for the instruction and do not execute instructions that cannot be exe- cuted at the same time.		
Attached	None				•		
information Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Unassigned Logic	al CNC Motor Num	ber Specified	Event code	56050000 hex			
Meaning	The CNC motor of not assigned.	The CNC motor of the parameter specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruction is not assigned.						
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details CNC coordi- nate system		Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Deration The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while r				
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction	Correction				
correction	The logical CNC	motor number for	Correct the parameter so that the specified value does not exceed		Specify the appropriate parame-			
	which the CNC n	notor is not			ter so that the LogicalMotorNo			
	assigned to the L	.ogicalMotorNo	the range of the l	the range of the logical CNC motor number for which the CNC		input variable to the instruction		
	input variable to	the CNC instruc-	motor number fo			d the range of		
	tion was specifie	d, and the	motor is assigned	d to the <i>Logi-</i>	Positioning Axis	s Assignment or		
	instruction was e	xecuted.	calMotorNo input	calMotorNo input variable to the		<i>signment</i> in the		
	-		instruction.		CNC coordinate	e system parame-		
					ter settings.			
Attached	None							
Attached information	None							
	None None							

Event name	Logical CNC Motor Number Out of Range			Event code	56060000 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Lo	gicalMotorNo input	variable to a CNC	C instruction is ou	it of range.
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects				The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	CNC Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parar	neter so that the	Set the input parameter to the	
	exceeded the val	id range of the	valid range of the	e input variable is	instruction so th	nat the valid range
	input variable.	-	not exceeded for	the relevant	of the input variable is not	
			instruction.		exceeded.	
Attached	None		•			
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Target Position Se	etting Out of Range		Event code	56070000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Po	<i>sition</i> input variable	e to a CNC instruc	tion is out of ran	ge.	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction	
				nate system	timing	execution	
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru	iction is not execut	ed. The relevant	
				CNC coordinate s	ystem immediately stops while moving.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor		
variables					Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parar	meter so that the	Set the input parameter to the		
	exceeded the val	id range of the	valid range of the	valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant		nat the valid range	
	input variable. Or	, there was an	not exceeded for			iable is not	
	overflow/underflo	w in the target	instruction.		exceeded.		
	position.						
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Impossible CNC N Servo is OFF	Notor Operation Sp	ecified when the	Event code	56080000 hex		
Meaning	An operation inst	ruction was execu	ted for the CNC m	otor for which the	Servo is OFF.		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction	
				nate system	timing	execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Recovery Error reset		System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru CNC coordinate s		ted. The relevant stops while moving	
System	Variable		Data type		Name	<u>steps time tier is</u>	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MEaultLyLActive	BOOL			te System Minor	
variables			2002		Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An operation instruction was exe-		Correct the progr	am so that the	Make sure to e	xecute the opera-	
	cuted for the CNC motor for which		instruction is executed after the		tion instruction after the Servo is		
	the Servo is OFF		Servo is turned ON.		turned ON.		
	Home was preset	with the	If the _EC_PDSI	If the _EC_PDSlavTbl (Process		If you execute the CNC_Home or	
	CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithPa-		Data Communica	Data Communicating Slave Table)		CNC_HomeWithParameter	
	rameter instructio	—		system-defined variable for the		reset home imme-	
	which EtherCAT p	process data com-	EtherCAT master of the master		diately after you turn ON the		
	munications are r	ot established.	axis is FALSE, remove the cause		power supply to the Controller,		
			and execute the CNC_Home or		download data, reset a slave com-		
			CNC_HomeWithParameter		munications err	ror, disconnect the	
			instruction to preset home after		slave, reconnee	ct the slave, or dis∙	
			_EC_PDSlavTbl changes to			the slave, write the	
			TRUE.		program to mal		
						b/ (Process Data	
					-	g Slave Table) sys-	
						riable for the Ethe	
						TRUE before you	
					execute CNC_I CNC HomeWit		
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	I C motor number w	here the error occ	—		
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Target Velocity Se	tting Out of Range		Event code	56090000 hex	
Meaning	<u> </u>	<u>,</u>	locity input variable	e to a CNC instruc	tion is out of rang	je.
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects				elevant instruction is not executed. The relevant coordinate system immediately stops while moving.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parar	neter so that the	Set the input parameter to the	
	exceeded the val	id range of the	valid range of the	valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant		nat the valid range
	input variable.		not exceeded for			of the input variable is not
			instruction.		exceeded.	
Attached	None					
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Acceleration/Deceleration Setting Out of Range			Event code	560A0000 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Ac	<i>celeration</i> input va	riable to a CNC in	struction is out of	range.
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program				ed. The relevant stops while moving.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the para	meter so that the	Set the input parameter to the	
	exceeded the val	lid range of the	valid range of the	e input variable is	instruction so the	nat the valid range
	input variable.		not exceeded for	the relevant	of the input var	iable is not
			instruction.		exceeded.	
Attached	None		•		•	
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Travel Mode Selection Out of Range			Event code	560B0000 hex			
	<u> </u>							
Meaning	The parameter s	The parameter specified for the <i>MoveMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.						
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction		
				nate system	timing	execution		
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
butes						-		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru	uction is not execut	ed. The relevant		
				CNC coordinate sy		ystem immediately stops while moving.		
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor			
variables					Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the para	meter so that the	neter so that the Set the input parameter to t			
	exceeded the val	lid range of the	valid range of the	e input variable is	instruction so th	nat the valid range		
	input variable.	-	not exceeded for	the relevant	of the input var	iable is not		
			instruction.		exceeded.			
Attached	None		1		1			
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Immediate Stop Instruction Executed			Event code	560C0000 hex			
Meaning	An Immediate Sto	An Immediate Stop (CNC_CoordImmediateStop) instruction was executed.						
Source	CNC Function Module Source of		Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction		
				nate system	timing	execution		
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
butes								
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	ion The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stop according to the setting of the <i>Immediate Stop Input Sto</i>				
				Method paramete	hod parameter when it is moving.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor			
variables						Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	An Immediate Sto	op instruction						
	was executed.							
Attached	None							
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Parameter Selection Out of Range			Event code	560D0000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	The parameter specified for the <i>ParameterNumber</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	eset Log category System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation The relevant instruction is not executed.			
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_COM.MFa	aultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur-		
variables							
Cause and	Assumed cause	l.	Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parar	meter so that the	Set the input pa	arameter to the	
	exceeded the val	id range of the	valid range of the	e input variable is	instruction so the	nat the valid range	
	input variable.		not exceeded for	the relevant	of the input var	iable is not	
			instruction.		exceeded.		
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	CNC Parameter S of Range	Setting Read/Write	Setting Value Out	Event code	560E0000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	The parameter specified for the SettingValue in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not executed.		
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_COM.MF	aultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur-	
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parar	neter so that the	Set the input parameter to the		
	exceeded the val	lid range of the	valid range of the	valid range of the in-out variable is		instruction so that the valid range	
	in-out variable.		not exceeded for	the relevant	of the in-out va	riable is not	
			instruction.		exceeded.		
Attached	None		•				
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	CNC Parameter S Range	Setting Read/Write	Target Out of	Event code	560F0000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Ta	a <i>rget</i> in-out variable	to a CNC instruction	ion is out of rang	e.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	struction is not executed.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_COM.MFa	aultLvI.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur-	
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parar	Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input parameter to the	
	exceeded the valid range of the		valid range of the	valid range of the in-out variable is		instruction so that the valid range	
	in-out variable.		not exceeded for	not exceeded for the relevant		of the in-out variable is not	
			instruction.	instruction.		exceeded.	
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Cycle Start Error	with Undefined Hon	ne	Event code 56100000 hex				
Meaning	A cycle start was home.	A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At Cycle Start		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	· ·	ycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC nate system immediately stops while moving.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor			
variables					Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	;	Correction		Prevention			
correction	A cycle start was	executed for a	Perform homing	to define home	Perform homing to define home			
	CNC coordinate	system including	for all positioning	axes before exe-	for all positionir	ng axes before exe-		
	the positioning axis with no defined home.		cuting the cycle start.		cuting the cycle start.			
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred			
information		-						
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Homing Paramete	er Setting Out of Ra	ange	Event code	56110000 hex			
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Ho	omingParameter in-	out variable to a C	NC instruction is	out of range.		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction		
				nate system	timing	execution		
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
butes								
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru				
				CNC coordinate s	ystem immediately	stops while moving.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinat	e System Minor		
variables					Fault Occurren	ce		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction				
correction	Instruction input parameter		Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input parameter to the			
	exceeded the va	lid range of the	valid range of the	valid range of the in-out variable is		instruction so that the valid range		
	in-out variable.		not exceeded for	the relevant	of the in-out var exceeded.	riable is not		
			instruction.	instruction.				
Attached	Attached informa	ation 1: Error Deta	ils					
information	1:Homing Method out of range, 2: Home Input Signal out of range, 3: Homing Start Direction out of range, 4:							
	Home Input Dete	ection Direction ou	t of range, 5: Opera	ation Selection at I	Positive Limit Inp	ut out of range, 6:		
	Operation Select	tion at Negative Li	mit Input out of ran	ge, 7: Homing Vel	ocity out of range	e, 8: Homing		
			•	•		ask Distance out of		
	•		•	•	•	range, 15: Homing		
	· · ·	•	• .	•	•	Home Input Mask		
	Distance exceeded 40-bit range when converted to pulses, 102: Homing Compensation Value exceeded							
		40-bit range when converted to pulses, 104: Home Offset exceeded 40-bit range (54-bit range for spindle axis) when converted to pulses, 106: Homing Velocity exceeded maximum velocity, 107: Homing Approach						
	· ·		• •		•	•		
	-			•		or equal to Homing		
		• .	on Velocity was no	t less than or equa	a to Homing velo	city, 110: Homing		
Dressutions/		eeded maximum a	acceleration rate					
Precautions/ Remarks	None							
Remarks								

Event name	M Code Number (Out of Range		Event code	56120000 hex			
Meaning	The parameter s	The parameter specified for the MCodeNo input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.			uction is not executed. The relevant ystem immediately stops while moving.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	_CNC_Coord[*].f	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.			
Attached information	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	CNC Instruction F	Re-execution Disabl	led (CNC Coordi-	Event code	56130000 hex		
Meaning				parameter for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable when re-executing a CNC not be changed when re-executing an instruction.)			
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At instruction re-execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		uction is not execut system immediately	ted. The relevant stops while moving.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables			BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.		Correct the program so that the parameter for the relevant in-out variable does not change when the relevant instruction is re-exe- cuted.		Check the manual to see if each in-out variable to the relevant CNC instruction can be changed by re-execution. Write the pro- gram so that the input parameters for any in-out variable that cannot be changed do not change upon re-execution.		
Attached information	None						

Event name		Re-execution Disab	ed (Logical CNC	Event code	56140000 hex	56140000 hex	
	Motor Number)						
Meaning		•	e parameter for the	-	•	•	
	CNC instruction.	(This input variab	e cannot be chang		ting an instructio	n.)	
Source	urce CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction	
				nate system	timing	re-execution	
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru	iction is not execut	ed. The relevant	
				CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving.			
System	m Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
variables	··				Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction	Correction			
correction	A parameter for a	an input variable	Correct the program so that the		Check the manual to see if each		
	that cannot be changed for		parameter for the relevant input		input variable to the relevant CNC		
	re-execution was changed.		variable does not change when		instruction can be changed by		
				the relevant instruction is re-exe-		/rite the program	
			cuted.	cuted.		t parameters for	
					any input variable that cannot be		
					any input variat	Die that cannot be	
					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
					changed do not re-execution.		
Attached	None				changed do not		
Attached information	None				changed do not		
	None				changed do not		

Event name	Illegal NC Program	n		Event code	56150000 hex			
Meaning	An error was det	An error was detected in the NC program transferred from Sysmac Studio.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.				
System	Variable		Data type BOOL		Name			
-defined	_CNC_COM.MF	aultLvl.Active			CNC Common Minor Fault Occur-			
variables					rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	NC program tran	sfer processing	Download the NO	C program from	None			
	failed.		Sysmac Studio a	gain.				
			If this error recurs	s after you took				
			the above correc	tion, contact your				
			OMRON represe	ntative.				
Attached	None							
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Cycle Start Multi-e	execution Disabled		Event code	56160000 hex		
Meaning	A cycle start was	executed multiple	times for the same	e target (CNC coor	rdinate system).		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At cycle start	
				nate system	timing		
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The cycle start is	not executed. T	he relevant CNC	
				coordinate syster	m immediately st	ops while moving.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		e System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A cycle start was	executed while	A cycle start cannot be executed		A cycle start cannot be executed		
	the CNC coordinate	ate system is	multiple times.		multiple times.		
		uting), <i>MovingOn-</i>	Correct the program so that a		Write the program so that a cycle		
	Hold (Manual Op		cycle start is not	cycle start is not executed while		start is not executed while the	
	Holding), or <i>Movi</i>	<i>ing</i> (Moving).	the CNC coordinate	ate system is	CNC coordinate system is Execut-		
			Executing (Executing	uting), <i>MovingOn-</i>	ing (Executing), MovingOnHold		
			Hold (Manual Op	eration While	(Manual Opera	tion While Hold-	
			Holding), or Movi	<i>ing</i> (Moving).	ing), or <i>Moving</i> (Moving).		
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Impossible CNC the Servo is OFF	Motor Cycle Start	Specified when	Event code	56170000 hex		
Meaning	A cycle start was OFF.	A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At cycle start	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving.			
System	Variable		Data type BOOL		Name	Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active			CNC Coordinate System Minor		
variables					Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A cycle start was	executed for the	Correct the prog	ram so that a	Execute a cycle	e start after the	
	CNC motor for w	hich Servo is	cycle start is exe	cuted after the	Servo is turned ON.		
	turned OFF.		Servo is turned (DN.			
Attached	Attached informa	ation 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error oc	curred		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Illegal NC Progra	m Number Specifi	cation	Event code	56180000 hex	
Meaning	The NC program instruction is not		ramNo in the Cont	<i>rollnputs</i> in-out va	riable to the CN0	C_CoordControl
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At cycle start
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The cycle start is coordinate system		he relevant CNC ops while moving.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A cycle start was executed after an unloaded NC program is speci- fied for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>Con- trolInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction.		Transfer the relevant NC program using Sysmac Studio. Or, use the CNC_LoadProgram- File instruction to load the relevant NC program from the SD Memory Card.		Specify the NC program trans- ferred by Sysmac Studio or the NC program loaded from the SD Memory Card with the CNC LoadProgramFile instruction for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_Co- ord-Control instruction.	
Attached information	None		I		I	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Illegal Back Trace	Specification		Event code	56190000 hex				
Meaning		A cycle start was executed when the CNC coordinate system is <i>Standby</i> (Standby) while <i>BackTrace</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE.							
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At cycle start			
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	-		not executed. The relevant CNC m immediately stops while moving.			
System	Variable		Data type	Data type					
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor				
variables	··				Fault Occurrence				
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention				
correction	A cycle start was	executed when	Correct the program so that a		Do not execute the cycle start				
	the CNC coordin	ate system is	cycle start is not	cycle start is not executed when the CNC coordinate system is <i>Standby</i> (Standby) while <i>Back</i> -		when the CNC coordinate system			
	Standby (Standb	y) while <i>Back-</i>	the CNC coordin			ndby) while <i>Back-</i>			
	Trace in the Con	<i>trolInputs</i> in-out	Standby (Standb			<i>ntrolInputs</i> in-out			
	variable to the CN	IC_CoordControl	Trace in the Con	<i>trollnputs</i> in-out	variable to the C	CNC_CoordControl			
			variable to the CN instruction is set	=		et to TRUE.			
Attached	None		•		•				
information									
Precautions/	None	None							

Event name	Illegal CNC Motor Specification			Event code	56250000 hex			
Meaning	The CNC motor s	The CNC motor specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is not exist.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exe	ecuted.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined	_CNC_COM.MFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur-			
variables					rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	A CNC motor doe	es not exist for	Correct the instru	iction so that the	Specify a variable that exists when			
	the variable spec	ified for the Tar-	variable exists fo	variable exists for the CNC motor		specifying a variable for an input		
	get input variable	to the instruc-	that was specifie	d for the instruc-	parameter to an instruction.			
	tion.		tion.					
Attached	None		•		-			
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Illegal CNC Motor	Compensation Tab	le Specification	Event code	56260000 hex		
	, and the second	•	•	the <i>Target</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is not exist			
Meaning		•					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exe	ecuted.	
System	Variable		Data type	Data type			
-defined	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	l.	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A CNC motor cor	npensation table	Correct the instru	iction so that the	Specify a variable that exists when		
	does not exist for	the variable	variable exists fo	variable exists for the CNC motor		specifying a variable for an input	
	specified for the	<i>Target</i> input vari-	compensation tal	ole that was	parameter to an instruction.		
	able to the instru	ction.	specified for the instruction.				
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	NC Program Cap	acity Exceeded		Event code	56290000 hex		
Meaning	Loading failed be	ecause the NC pro	gram downloaded	from Sysmac Stud	io exceeded the	maximum capacity.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System	Variable		Data type	Data type			
-defined	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Common	Minor Fault Occur-	
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The NC program	over the maxi-	Correct the program so that the		Write the program so that the NC		
	mum capacity wa	mum capacity was downloaded		NC program downloaded from		program downloaded from Sys-	
	from Sysmac Stu	from Sysmac Studio.		Sysmac Studio does not exceed		mac Studio does not exceed the	
			the maximum capacity.		maximum capacity.		
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Skew Control Mode Out of Range			Event code	562A0000 hex			
Meaning	The parameter s	The parameter specified for the SkewMode input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Stops.		-		
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].M	FaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault			
variable								
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parar	neter so that the	Set the input parameter to the			
	exceeded the val	id range of the	valid range of the	valid range of the input variable is		instruction so that the valid range		
	input variable.		not exceeded for	the relevant	of the input variable is not			
			instruction.		exceeded.			
Attached	None							
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Offset Value Setting Out of Range			Event code	562B0000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Of	<i>ffsetValue</i> input vari	iable to a CNC ins	truction is out of ra	inge.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Stops.		-	
System	Variable		Data type	Data type			
-defined variable	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		valid range of the	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached information	None		•				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Immediate Stop Ir	nput	Event code	67800000 hex		
Meaning		top input turned O	N			
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	according to the se			n immediately stops <i>diate Stop Input Stop</i> g.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	An immediate stop input signal was detected.		Turn OFF the immediate stop input signal.		(The goal is to detect the immedi- ate stop input. Preventative mea- sures are not required.)	
	The immediate stop input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the immediate stop input is wrong.		If the error occurs even when the immediate stop input signal is OFF, correct the immediate stop signal connection and logic setting for the immediate stop input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in		Make sure that the immediate stop signal connection and logic setting for the immediate stop input are correct. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.	
Attached information	None		the slave settings			
Precautions/ Remarks	You must turn OF	F the immediate s	stop input signal be	efore you reset the	e error.	

Event name	Positive Limit Inpu	ut Detected		Event code	67810000 hex	
Meaning	The positive limit	input turned ON.				
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN stops according <i>Method</i> parameter	to the setting of t	ne Limit Input Stop
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].M	FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Min rence	or Fault Occur-
Cause and	Assumed cause A positive limit input signal was detected.		Correction		Prevention	
correction			Reset the error and move the axis back in the negative direction before it exceeds the limit in the positive direction. Find the reason the limit was exceeded and make suitable cor- rections.		The goal is to detect the positive limit input. Preventative measures are not required. However, be sure not to exceed the positive limit input when making programs.	
	The positive limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the positive limit input is wrong.		If a positive limit input signal does not occur, correct the connection of the positive limit signal and the logic setting for the positive limit input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		Make sure that the positive limit signal connection and logic setting for the positive limit input are cor- rect. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.	
Attached information	None		3		1	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Negative Limit Inp	out Detected		Event code	67820000 hex		
Meaning	The negative lim	it input turned ON					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN stops according <i>Method</i> parameter	to the setting of t	he <i>Limit Input Stop</i>	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause A negative limit input signal was detected.		Correction Reset the error and move the axis back in the positive direction before it exceeds the limit in the negative direction. Find the reason the limit was exceeded and make suitable cor- rections.		Prevention		
correction					The goal is to detect the negative limit input. Preventative measure are not required. However, be sure not to exceed the negative limit input when making program		
	The negative limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the negative limit input is wrong.		If a negative limit input signal does not occur, correct the connection of the negative limit signal and the logic setting for the negative limit input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		Make sure that the negative limit signal connection and logic setting for the negative limit input are co- rect. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		
Attached information	None		3		1		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Target Position Po	ositive Software Lim	Event code	67830000 hex		
	, °				07030000 110	
Meaning			positive software I			
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction
				nate system	timing	execution
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
butes						
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru	ction is not execut	ed. The relevant
				CNC coordinate sy	stem immediately	stops while moving.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		
correction	The parameter s	pecified for the	Correct the parameter specified		Set the parame	ter specified for the
	Position input va	riable to the	for the <i>Position</i> input variable to		Position input variable to the	
	instruction is bey	ond the positive	the instruction so that it is within		instruction so that it is within the	
	software limit.		the positive software limit.		positive software limit.	
	The first position	is beyond the	Correct the progr	am so that the	If the first positi	on is beyond the
	positive software	limit and an	travel direction for	r the instruction	positive softwar	re limit, write the
	instruction that sp	pecifies motion in	is towards the positive software		program so that the travel direc-	
	the opposite dire	ction of the soft-	limit.		tion is in the dir	ection of the posi-
	ware limit was ex	ecuted.			tive software lin	nit.
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred	
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Target Position Ne	egative Software Li	mit Exceeded	Event code	67840000 hex	
Meaning	The specified po	sition exceeds the	negative software	limit.		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details CNC coordi- nate system		Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instruction is not executed. The relev CNC coordinate system immediately stops while r		
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	_CNC_Coord[*].	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active BOOL			CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Prevention		
correction	The parameter specified for the		Correct the parameter specified		Set the parameter specified for the	
	Position input variable to the		for the <i>Position</i> input variable to		Position input variable to the	
	instruction is beyond the negative software limit.		the instruction so that it is within the negative software limit.		instruction so that it is within the negative software limit.	
	The first position is beyond the negative software limit and an		Correct the program so that the travel direction for the instruction		If the first position is beyond the negative software limit, write the	
	instruction that s	instruction that specifies motion in		is towards the negative software		t the travel direc-
	the opposite direction of the soft- ware limit was executed.		limit.		tion is in the direction of the nega- tive software limit.	
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred	
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Command Positio	n Overflow/Underflo	ow	Event code	67850000 hex			
Meaning	Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/overflow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not							
	specified was ex	ecuted when there	was an underflow	was an underflow/overflow in the command position.				
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction		
				nate system	timing	execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instru	uction is not execut	ed. The relevant		
				CNC coordinate s	ystem immediately	stops while moving		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate Syste			
variables					Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Prevention				
correction	One of the following was executed		Execute an error reset and then		Make sure that overflow or under-			
	when there was a command posi-		clear the overflow or underflow		flow does not occur.			
	tion overflow/underflow.		state by executing homing.					
	 A positioning instruction 							
	A continuous control instruction							
	in the underflow/overflow directionAn instruction for which the direction is not specified (sync-							
	ing)							
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	curred			
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

_									
Event name	Positive Limit Inpu	it		Event code	67860000 hex				
Meaning	An instruction was executed for a motion in the positive direction when the positive limit input was								
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	At instruction			
				nate system	timing	execution			
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System			
butes									
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exe	ecuted.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name				
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinat	e System Minor			
variables					Fault Occurren	ce			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention				
correction	Assumed cause An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .		Execute an error reset and then perform a recovery operation in the negative direction. If this error occurs again, check the connec- tion of the positive limit signal, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execution condi- tions for the start command, and correct any mistakes. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		Prevention Check to make sure there are no problems with the positive limit signal connection, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execute conditions for the instruction. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.				
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred				
Precautions/	None								
Remarks									

Event name	Negative Limit Input Event code				67870000 hex		
Meaning	,		egative direction wa	as executed when	the negative lim	it input was ON.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	-		At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exe	ecuted.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Assumed cause An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .		Execute an error perform a recove the positive direct occurs again, che tion of the negative logic setting for the input, and the executions for the start correct any mistan Check the logic so the CNC motor p	ry operation in tion. If this error eck the connec- ve limit signal, the ne negative limit ecution condi- command, and akes. settings both in arameters and in	tion. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and the slave settings.		
Attached information Precautions/ Remarks	the slave settings. Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred None						

Event name	Positive Software Limit Exceeded			Event code	67880000 hex		
Meaning	The position exce	eeded the positive	software limit whil	e the CNC motor i	s in motion.		
Source	CNC Function Module Source		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Follows the settin Selection.	ting of the Software Limit Function		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].M	FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction	Prevention			
correction	The position exceeded the posi-		Find the reason that the software		(The goal is to enable detecting		
	tive software limit.		limit was exceeded and make suit-		the software limits when they are		
			able corrections.		exceeded due to unanticipated		
					causes. Prever	ntative measures	
					are not required.)		
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/ Remarks	Whenever you ch	nange the positive	software limit setti	ng, make sure tha	t the new setting	is safe.	

Event name	Negative Software Limit Exceeded			Event code	67890000 hex		
Meaning	The position exce	eded the negative	e software limit whi	le the CNC motor	is in motion.		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Follows the settir Selection.	tting of the Software Limit Function		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].M	FaultLvI.Active	BOOL	DOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-	
variables				rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The position exceeded the nega-		Find the reason that the software		(The goal is to enable detecting		
	tive software limit	t.	limit was exceede	limit was exceeded and make suit-		nits when they are	
			able corrections.	able corrections.		to unanticipated	
					causes. Prever	tative measures	
					are not required.)		
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	Whenever you ch	nange the negative	e software limit set	ting, make sure that	at the new setting	g is safe.	
Remarks							

	I In-nocition ('hock	Time Exceeded	Event code	678A0000 hex			
Event name	The in-position check was not completed within the				07070000 1107		
Meaning							
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection	During instruc-	
					timing	tion execution	
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN	C coordinate sys	tem immediately	
				stops while movi	ng.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	CNC Motor[*].M	FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Min	or Fault Occur-	
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Time is required to complete posi- tioning.		Determine the cause of the slow positioning and remove the cause of the error. Or, adjust the Servo Drive or adjust the In-position		Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance or oscilla-		
					tion/vibration in the positioning		
					operation as much as possible.		
			Check Time or In	•	operation as much as possible.		
			Increase the loop gain if you adjust the Servo Drive. However, make sure that you keep the loop gain low enough so that the con-				
			trol does not osci	llate.			
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Following Error Limit Exceeded			Event code	678B0000 hex		
Meaning	The error betwee Over Value.	en the command o	current position and	actual current val	ue exceeded the	Following Error	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN stops while mov	C coordinate system immediatel		
System	Variable	-	Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].M	FaultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-	
variables				re		rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command.			n the range that			
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Illegal Following E	Frror		Event code	67910000 hex	
Meaning	The difference be when converted to	tween the comman o pulses.	d position and the a	actual current posit	ion exceeds the ra	ange of 30-bit data
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the	e relevant CNC m	notor is turned OFF.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The command cu	urrent position	Correct the program or correct the		Write the program or set the elec-	
	was restricted so that the velocity		electronic gear ratio so that the		tronic gear ratio so that the CNC	
	of the CNC motor would not		CNC motor does not exceed the		motor does not exceed the maxi-	
	exceed the maxi	mum velocity for	maximum velocity.		mum velocity.	
	the specified trav	el distance.		•	, ,	
		positioning opera-	Remove the cause of poor follow-		Remove the cause of poor follow-	
	tion has poor foll		ing performance in the CNC motor		ing performance in the CNC motor	
	mance and the a	• ·	positioning opera			
	slower than the c	ommand.				
Attached	None					
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Absolute Encoder	Current Position C	alculation Failed	Event code	67920000 hex	
Meaning		le to correctly rest er was interrupted	ore the current pos	sition from the abs	olute encoder inf	ormation that was
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, when download- ing, or when start- ing Servo ON status
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not	possible for relev	ant CNC motors.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].M	FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-	
variables					rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The position to reverted to pulses of range of signed 4	exceeded the	Reset the error a ing. Perform hom position where th encoder is set up tion to restore do the range of sign	ning near the ne absolute o so that the posi- nes not exceed	to position. Per the position wh encoder is set of tion to restore of the range of sig Also, do not ex CNC_Power (F instruction or co ply when the er	arameters related form homing near ere the absolute up so that the posi- does not exceed gned 40-bit data. ecute the Power Servo) ycle the power sup- ncoder position
Attached information Precautions/ Remarks	None None				exceeds the rai	

Event name	Home Undefined	I during Coordinate	ed Motion	Event code	67930000 hex	67930000 hex	
Meaning			ndefined while the			s Executing (Exe-	
	<i>.</i>		peration While Hole	<i></i>	Moving).		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	During instruc-	
				nate system	timing	tion execution	
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	reset Log category S		
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		IC coordinate sys	tem immediately	
				stops while mov	ing.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinat	e System Minor	
variables					Fault Occurren	се	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The command pe		Correct the prog			am so that the axis	
	position overflowed or under-		axis operates wit	axis operates within ranges that		ranges that do not	
	flowed for a CNC motor while the		do not cause overflows or under-		cause overflows or underflows in		
	status of CNC coordinate system		flows in the command position or		the command position or actual position.		
	is Executing (Executing), Moving-		actual position.	actual position.			
	<i>OnHold</i> (Manual	•					
	Holding), or <i>Moving</i> (Moving) and						
	the home definiti						
	A slave commun		Correct the slave communica-		None	None	
	occurred in the CNC motor and		tions error and define home.				
		e undefined while					
	the status of CNC coordinate sys- tem is <i>Executing</i> (Executing), <i>MovingOnHold</i> (Manual Operation While Holding), or <i>Moving</i> (Mov- ing).						
	A slave for a logi	cal axis left the	Connect the disc	onnected or dis-	Do not disconn	ect or disable the	
	network or was c		Connect the disconnected or dis- abled slave to the network again			ical axis while the	
		idefined while the	and define home	C C		coordinate system	
	status of CNC co					xecuting), <i>Moving</i> -	
		ecuting), <i>Moving-</i>				al Operation While	
	OnHold (Manual Operation While				Holding), or Mo	•	
	Holding), or Mov	•			0,7	C (),	
Attached	None	,	J				
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Cycle Start Specified during Positive Software Limit Exceeded			Event code	67940000 hex		
Meaning	The first position	The first position exceeds the positive software limit.					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At cycle start	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	-		he relevant CNC ops while moving.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	orrection			
correction	The command current position of the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis in the CNC coordinate system is out of range of the positive software limit.				start is execute tioning cartesia ing rotational as	em is in the range	
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	IC motor number w	here the error occ	urred		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Cycle Start Specified during Negative Software Exceeded			Event code	67950000 hex		
Meaning	The first position	exceeds the nega	tive software limit.				
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At cycle start	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	-		he relevant CNC ops while moving.	
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor		
variables					Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The command cu	urrent position of	Reset the error, a	Reset the error, and perform hom-		Write the program so that a cycle	
	the positioning ca	the positioning cartesian axis or		ing so that the CNC motor outside		start is executed while the posi-	
	positioning rotational axis in the		the software limit returns in the		tioning cartesian axis or position-		
	CNC coordinate	•	range of the soft	range of the software limit.		xis in the CNC	
	range of the nega	ative software				em is in the range	
	limit.				of the software limit.		
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Cycle Start Spec Overflow/Underfl	ified during Comm	and Position	Event code	67960000 hex		
Meaning	The cycle start w	as executed wher	nand position over	flow/underflow.			
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At cycle start	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving			
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
-defined variables	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinat	e System Minor ce	
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The cycle start was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow.		clear the overflow	Execute an error reset and then Make sure that overflow clear the overflow/underflow state flow does not occur. by executing homing.			
Attached information	Attached informa	ation 1: Logical CN	NC motor number where the error occurred				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Cycle Start Spec	ified during Positiv	e Limit Input	Event code	67970000 hex	
Meaning			e positive limit inp	ut was <i>ON</i> .		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At cycle start
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The cycle start is coordinate system		he relevant CNC ops while moving.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinat	e System Minor
variables					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A cycle start was the positive limit i	input was <i>ON</i> .	Execute an error perform a recover the negative dire occurs again, che tion of the positiv the logic setting f limit input, and co takes. Check the logic setting the CNC motor p the slave settings	ery operation in ction. If this error eck the connec- e limit signal and for the positive prrect any mis- settings both in arameters and in s.	problems with t signal connection setting for the p Check the logic the CNC motor the slave setting	sure there are no he positive limit on and the logic positive limit input. c settings both in parameters and in gs.
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred	
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Cycle Start Spec	ified during Negat	ive Limit Input	Event code	67980000 hex	
Meaning	A cycle start was	executed when th	ne negative limit inp	out was <i>ON</i> .		
Source	CNC Function Module S		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At cycle start
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The cycle start is coordinate syster		he relevant CNC ops while moving.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinat	e System Minor
variables					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Prevention		
correction	A cycle start was the negative limit		Execute an error perform a recover the positive direct occurs again, che tion of the negative the logic setting f limit input, and co takes. Check the logic set the CNC motor p the slave settings	ry operation in tion. If this error eck the connec- ve limit signal and or the negative or the negative orrect any mis- vettings both in arameters and in	problems with t signal connection setting for the m Check the logic	sure there are no he negative limit on and the logic legative limit input. settings both in parameters and in gs.
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	IC motor number where the error occurred			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	NC Program Exe			Event code	67990000 hex			
Meaning	An error was det	ected while the NC	C program is runnii	ng.				
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	Executing (Exe-		
				nate system	timing	cuting)		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN stops while movi	•	tem immediately		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MEaulth vI Active	BOOL			te System Minor		
variables			DOOL		Fault Occurren	•		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	An error was det			rogram error from		ual for the syntax		
	NC program is ru		•	rmation, and take		s available in the		
	Refer to error co		the appropriate o		NC program, a	nd write the NC		
		mation for details	NC program.		program so tha			
	on errors.				detected.			
Attached		tion 1: Error codes	s caused by CNC	coordinate svstem	when you use G	codes.		
information	0: No error							
	-	r caused by CNC o	coordinate system	does not occur.				
		us buffer error	,					
			ronous variable as	sianment buffer.				
		-	nen tool radius cor	-	/e			
			G30, G31, G74, c	•		s executed when		
		ius compensation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		-	adius compensatio	n				
	-		2 or G03, or travel		I move is less that	an tool radius.		
		-	adius compensatio					
	-		2 or G03, or travel		p move is less th	an tool radius.		
		-	next intersection a		-			
		re too many instru -plane move cann	ctions to the next	intersection during	tool radius com	pensation move.		
		•	ol radius compensi	sation				
					n move. (Interfere	ence condition)		
	 An overcut error was detected during tool radius compensation move. (Interference condition) 13: Cannot resolve overcut 							
	Overcut used by cancel move cannot be resolved.							
	14: Cannot detect intersection of tool radius compensation							
	Intersection of compensated paths cannot be detected.							
	15: No move for tool radius compensation error							
	More than one compensation move is not performed between startup move and cancel move.							
	16: Not enoug	gh calculation time	for CNC planner	service				
	There is not enough calculation time for CNC planner service.							
	17: In-position check time exceeded error							
	• CNC cc	ordinate system is	s not in-position sta	ate within the spec	ified check time.			
	21: Illegal fee	drate specification	I					
	Feedrat	e (F) specified in I	NC program is illeg	gal.				
	32: Software limit error							
	• CNC cc	ordinate system is	s stopped from exc	eeding software li	mit.			
	64: Illegal radius specification of circular interpolationRadius specifications of circular interpolation on the X/Y/Z plane are illegal.							

	Attached information 2: Error codes that are occurred when NC program is loaded or started
	0: No error
	 An error does not occur when NC program is loaded or started.
	20: Illegal command
	 An illegal instruction is executed.
	22: Invalid program number
	 The specified NC program number is not existed.
	Attached information 3: Error codes that are occurred during execution of NC program
	0: No error
	 An error does not occur during execution of NC program.
	4: Illegal NC Program
	 NC program is stopped due to illegal syntax, instructions, or other reasons.
	7: Invalid NC program number
	 NC program is stopped because the subprogram number that is not loaded is specified.
	10: Synchronous variable buffer overflow
	 There is an overflow in synchronous variable assignment buffer.
Precautions/	None
Remarks	

Event name	Position Deviation	on between Axes L	imit Exceeded	Event code	679B0000 hex		
Meaning		The deviation of the feedback current position between the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value.					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Whenever Servo is ON	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Stops.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].M	FaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault		
variable					Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The gantry slave	axis is moving	Eliminate the cau	ise of making the	Eliminate the cause of making the		
	slower than the g	antry master axis	gantry slave axis move slower		gantry slave axis move slower		
	due to poor follow	wing performance	than it should.		than it should as	much as possi-	
	of the slave axis		Alternatively, incr	ease the Position	ble.		
			Deviation Betwee	en Axes Over			
			Value within the r	ange that will not			
			create problems.				
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	CNC Coordinate	System Composit	tion CNC Motor	Event code	77820000 hex		
Liont numo	Error				110200001100		
Meaning	An error occurred	An error occurred for a composition CNC motor in a CNC coordinate system.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection	Continuously	
				nate system	timing		
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN	C coordinate sys	tem immediately	
				stops while movi		ng.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor		
variables					Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An error occurred	d for a composi-	Check the error of	code of the CNC	None		
	tion CNC motor i	n a CNC coordi-	motor in the CNC	coordinate sys-			
	nate system whil	e it is moving.	tem, and remove	the cause of the			
			error.				
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	When a CNC mo	otor error occurs, tl	he CNC coordinate	system including	the CNC motor v	vill not operate.	
Remarks							

Event name	CNC Common E	rror Occurrence		Event code	77830000 hex		
Meaning	A CNC common	A CNC common error occurred.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details CNC coordi- nate system		Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is no	t possible for relev	ant CNC motors.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Partial fault level error occurred.	CNC common	Check the CNC of that occurred and cause of the erro	d remove the	None		
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	When a partial fa	ault level CNC com	nmon error occurs,	the CNC coordin	ate system do not	operate.	

Event name	Servo Main Circu	uits OFF		Event code	77840000 hex		
Meaning	An attempt was r	nade to turn ON th	e Servo when the	main circuit power	supply to the Se	rvo Drive was OFF.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN	The Servo for the relevant CNC motor is turned OFF The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving.		
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor		
variables			Fault Occurrence		ce		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An attempt was r	nade to turn ON	Turn ON the Servo after turning		Turn ON the Servo after turning		
	the Servo when t	the Servo when the main circuit		ON the main circuit power supply		ON the main circuit power supply	
	power supply to t	he Servo Drive	of the Servo Drive for the CNC		to the Servo Drive.		
	was OFF.		motor where the	e error occurred.			
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Servo Main Circuit Power OFF			Event code	77850000 hex	
Meaning	The main circuit	power of the Serve	Drive turned OFF	while the Servo w	vas ON.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Whenever Servo is ON
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the	e relevant CNC m	notor is turned OFF.
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].M	FaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-	
variables					rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	!	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The main circuit	power of the	Turn ON the main	n circuit power of	Turn OFF the Servo, then turn	
	Servo Drive was	interrupted while	the Servo Drive for the axis where		OFF the main circuit power of the	
	the Servo was Ol	Ν.	the error occurred, reset the error,		Servo Drive.	
			and then turn ON	I the Servo.		
Attached	None					
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Slave Error Detected Event code 77860000 hex							
Meaning	An error was dete	An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection	Continuously		
					timing			
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
butes								
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for th	e relevant CNC m	notor is turned OFF.		
System	Variable		Data type	Data type BOOL				
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].M	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active				CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	Prevention		
correction	An error was detected for the Eth-		Check the error at the slave and		None			
	erCAT slave or N	X Unit that is	check the slave error code					
	allocated to the CNC motor.		reported in Slave Error Code					
			<i>Report</i> (97800000 hex) and per-					
				form the required corrections.				
Attached	None		1		•			
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Slave Disconnec	tion during Servo (NC	Event code	77880000 hex				
Meaning		An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or disabled while the Servo was ON.							
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Whenever Servo is ON			
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the	e relevant CNC m	notor is turned OFF.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name				
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].M	FaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-				
variables					rence				
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention				
correction	An EtherCAT slav	ve or NX Unit that	Reconnect the E	therCAT slave or	Turn OFF the S	Servo before you			
	is allocated to the	e CNC motor was	NX Unit that is al	NX Unit that is allocated to the		disconnect, replace, or disable a			
	disconnected, re	placed, or dis-	CNC motor to the	e network.	slave.				
	abled while the S	ervo was ON.							
Attached	None								
information									
Precautions/	None								
Remarks									

Event name	Homing Opposite	e Direction Limit In	put Detected	Event code	77890000 hex	
Meaning	The limit signal ir	n the direction opp	osite to the homing	direction was det	ected during a h	oming operation.
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	Source details CNC motor 1		During instruc- tion execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status.	•	od for the homing
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].N	/IFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Mir	or Fault Occur-
variables					rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		
correction	The Operation Se	election at Nega-	To prevent errors at the limit		Check to see if any of the condi-	
	tive Limit Input or	•	inputs, set the Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input and Opera- tion Selection at Positive Limit Input parameters to <i>Reverse turn</i> .		tions that are given as causes	
	Selection at Posi	tive Limit Input			exist in advance.	
	parameter is set	to <i>No reverse</i>				
	turn.					
	The location of th	ne homing input	Correct the locati	Correct the location of the input		
	signal sensors, h	oming settings,	signal sensors, h	oming settings,		
	and homing start	position cause a	and homing start position so that a			
	limit input to be re	eached.	limit input is not reached.		-	
	The input signal s	sensor wiring is		Correct the wiring of the input sig-		
	incorrect or the s	ensor is faulty.	nal sensor or rep	lace the sensor.		
Attached	None					
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Homing Directior	n Limit Input Detec	ted	Event code	778A0000 hex	
Meaning	The limit signal ir	n the homing direc	tion was detected	during a homing o	peration.	
Source	CNC Function M			Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status.	•	od for the homing
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-	
Cause and	e and Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Assumed causeThe Operation Selection at Nega- tive Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn.The location of the homing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached.The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty.		To prevent errors at the limit inputs, set the Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input and Opera- tion Selection at Positive Limit Input parameters to <i>Reverse turn</i> . Correct the location of the input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position so that a limit input is not reached. Correct the wiring of the input sig- nal sensor or replace the sensor.		Check to see if tions that are g exist in advance	
Attached information Precautions/	None None		•			
Remarks						

Event name	Homing Limit Inp	uts Detected in Bo	oth Directions	Event code	778B0000 hex		
Meaning	•		were detected duri	ng a homing opera	ation.		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details CNC	CNC motor	Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status.	ith the stop meth	od for the homing	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].N	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The wiring of the limit signal is incorrect.		Correct the wiring of the limit sig- nal.		Check to see if any of the condi- tions that are given as causes		
	The limit sensor is installed in the		Correct the installation locations of		exist in advance.		
	wrong location.		the limit sensors so that they do not turn <i>ON</i> at the same time.				
	The contact logic	of the limit signal	Correct the contact logic				
	is not correct.	· ·	(N.C./N.O.) of the limit signal.				
	The limit sensor	The limit sensor failed.		Replace the limit sensor.			
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Home Proximity/I	Homing Opposite	Direction Limit	Event code	778C0000 hex			
Meaning	The home proxim	The home proximity input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status	•	od for the homing		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].N	/FaultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	l.	Correction		Prevention			
correction	The wiring of the home proximity		Correct the wiring	Correct the wiring of the home		any of the condi-		
	signal or limit signal is incorrect.		proximity signal or limit signal.		tions that are g	iven as causes		
	The home proxim	ity sensor or limit	Correct the installation location of		exist in advanc	e.		
	sensor is installe	d in the wrong		he home proximity sensor or limit				
	location.			ey do not turn ON				
			at the same time	-	-			
	The contact logic		Correct the conta	•				
	proximity signal o	or limit signal is	(N.C./N.O.) of the	• •				
	not correct.		sensor or limit se		-			
		ity sensor or limit	Replace the hom					
	sensor failed.		sor or limit senso	or.				
Attached	None							
information								
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Home Proximity/ Detected	Homing Direction I	_imit Input	Event code	778D0000 hex			
Meaning		The home proximity input and the limit signal in the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status		od for the homing		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		rence Prevention			
				6.0. 1				
correction	The wiring of the home proximity		Correct the wiring of the home		Check to see if any of the condi-			
	signal or limit signal is incorrect.		proximity signal or limit signal.		tions that are given as causes			
		nity sensor or limit	Correct the installation location of		exist in advance	e.		
	sensor is installe	d in the wrong	the home proximity sensor or limit					
	location.			ey do not turn ON				
			at the same time.					
	The contact logic	of the home	Correct the contact logic					
	proximity signal of	or limit signal is	(N.C./N.O.) of the	(N.C./N.O.) of the home proximity				
	not correct.		sensor or limit sensor.					
	The home proxim	nity sensor or limit	Replace the hom	e proximity sen-				
	sensor failed.		sor or limit sensor.					
Attached	None		•		•			
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Home Input/Hom Detected	iing Opposite Dire	ction Limit Input	Event code 778E0000 hex			
Meaning		The home input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status		od for the homing	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The wiring of the home input sig-			Correct the wiring of the home		Check to see if any of the condi-	
	nal or limit signal is incorrect.		input signal or limit signal.		tions that are given as causes		
	The home input sensor or limit		Correct the installation location of		exist in advanc	e.	
	sensor is installe	d in the wrong	the home input sensor or limit sen-				
	location.		sor so that they do not turn ON at				
			the same time.	the same time.			
	The contact logic	of the home	Correct the conta	Correct the contact logic			
	input signal or lin	nit signal is not	(N.C./N.O.) of the home input sig-				
	correct.		nal or limit sensor.				
	The home input	signal output	Replace the hom	ie input signal	1		
	device or limit sensor failed.		output device or limit sensor.				
Attached	None		•		•		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Home Input/Hom	ning Direction Limi	t Input Detected	Event code	778F0000 hex		
Meaning	The home input a operation.	and the limit signa	l in the homing dire	ction were detecte	d at the same tin	ne during a homing	
Source	CNC Function M	lodule	Source details	Source details CNC motor		During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status		od for the homing	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The wiring of the nal or limit signa The home input sensor is installe location.	l is incorrect. sensor or limit	input signal or lin Correct the insta the home input s	Correct the wiring of the home input signal or limit signal. Correct the installation location of the home input sensor or limit sen- sor so that they do not turn <i>ON</i> at		any of the condi- iven as causes e.	
			the same time.				
	The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not correct.		Correct the contact logic (N.C./N.O.) of the home input sig- nal or limit sensor.				
		The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed.		Replace the home input signal output device or limit sensor.			
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Invalid Home Inp	ut Mask Distance		Event code	77900000 hex		
Meaning	The setting of the ter instruction.	e home input mask	distance is not su	itable for the CNC	_Home or CNC_	HomeWithParame-	
Source	CNC Function M	odule			Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The axis stops wi execution status.			nod for the homing	
System	Variable	•	Data type	•	Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The set value of the home input		Check the home input mask dis-		Check the operating specifications		
	mask distance w	hen the operating	tance, homing velocity, and hom-		for the CNC_Home or		
	mode of the MC_	Home instruction	ing approach velocity. Change the		CNC_HomeWithParameter		
	is set to Proximit	y Reverse	settings so that t	settings so that they provide suffi- cient travel distance to decelerate based on the operating specifica-		n set the home	
	· · ·	Mask Distance is	cient travel distar			ance, homing	
	insufficient to dec		•			oming approach	
	homing velocity t	•	tions of the CNC		•	they provide suffi-	
	approach velocit	у.	CNC_HomeWith	Parameter	cient travel distance to decelerate		
			instruction.				
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	No Home Input			Event code	77910000 hex		
Meaning	There was no ho was a home inpu		ring the homing or	peration. Or, a limi	t signal was dete	cted before there	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status	•	od for the homing	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].N	/FaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	There was no h	nome signal input	Check the home input settings and wiring and correct them so		Set the system so that the home		
	during the hom	ing operation.			signal is input during the homing		
	 A limit signal w 	as detected	that the home sig	that the home signal is input		operation.	
	•	as a home input.	during homing ba	ased on the oper-	Make sure that the home signal is		
			ation specificatio	ns of the	detected before	•	
			CNC_Home or C	NC_HomeWith-		nake sure there are	
			Parameter instru	ction.		ems with the home	
			Also, set the syst	em so that the	input.		
			home signal is de		input.		
			limit signals.				
Attached	None		-		1		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

F				F	770000001		
Event name	No Home Proximity Input			Event code	77920000 hex		
Meaning	There was no ho	me proximity signa	al input during the	homing operation.			
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection	During instruc-	
					timing	tion execution	
Error attri-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w	ith the stop meth	od for the homing	
				execution status.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].N	/IFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	There was no ho	me proximity sig-	Check the home proximity input settings and wiring and correct		Set the system so that the home proximity signal is input during the		
	nal input during t	he homing opera-					
	tion when a home	e proximity input	them so that the	them so that the home proximity		homing operation. Also check to	
	signal was specif	ïed.	signal is input du	ring homing	make sure ther	e are no wiring	
			based on the ope	eration specifica-	problems with t	he home proximity	
			tions of the CNC	_Home or	input.		
			CNC_HomeWith	Parameter			
			instruction.				
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	EtherCAT Slave	Communications E	Error	Event code	87800000 hex		
Meaning	A communication	s error occurred for	or the EtherCAT sla	ave or NX Unit that	t is allocated to a	a CNC motor.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attri- butes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the	e relevant CNC m	notor is turned OFF.	
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].N	IFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
variables					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	l.	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A communication	s error occurred	Check the event	log for the Ether-	None		
	for the EtherCAT	slave or NX Unit	CAT error that oc	curred. Remove			
	that is allocated t	o a CNC motor.	the cause of the	error and clear			
			the relevant error	:			
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	Even if this error is	s reset, the error in	the EtherCAT Mast	er Function Module	is not reset. This	error can be reset	
Remarks	without resetting t	he error in the Ethe	rCAT Master Funct	ion Module, but the	CNC motor will s	till set in Servo OFF.	

Event name	SD Memory Card	Access Failure		Event code	561D0000 hex	
Meaning	SD Memory Card	d access failed wh	en an instruction w	as executed.		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	Source details CNC common		At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations. The ope		ccording to specifi- is not affected.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common	Observation
variables					Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction	Correction		
correction	An SD Memory Card is not inserted.		Insert an SD Memory Card.		Insert an SD Memory Card.	
	The SD Memory	Card is dam-	If none of the abo	If none of the above causes		the SD Memory
	aged.		applies, replace the SD Memory Card.		Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.	
					Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.	
	The SD Memory	Card slot is bro-	If this error recurs after you took		None	
	ken.		the two actions mentioned above, replace the Controller.			
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	File Does Not Exi	st		Event code	561E0000 hex		
Meaning	The file specified	for an instruction	does not exist.				
Source	CNC Function Module Source details		CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations. The ope		iccording to specifi-	
System	Variable	•	Data type	Data type			
-defined	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation		
variables				Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The specified file	does not exist.	Make sure that th	Make sure that the filename that is specified for the instruction exists. Or, modify the filename so that it matches the filename specified for		Make sure that the filename that is specified for the instruction exists.	
			specified for the				
			Or, modify the file				
			matches the filen				
			the instruction.				
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Illegal Load NC F	Program Number S	Specification	Event code	561F0000 hex			
Meaning	Loading failed be ified.	Loading failed because an attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified.						
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	-		ruction will end according to specifi- ration of the Unit is not affected.		
System	Variable		Data type	•	Name			
-defined	_CNC_COM.Ob	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation			
variables					Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	An attempt was r	made to load the	Correct the para	meter so that the	Correct the parameter so that the			
	NC program with	an invalid pro-	NC program num	nber does not	NC program nu	imber does not		
	gram number sp	ecified.	exceed the speci	ified range.	exceed the spe	cified range.		
Attached information	Attached informa ing.)	ition 1: Row numb	er with error detec	ted (Indicates the	row number after	parsing process-		
			of the NC program	with error detecte	d (Last 15 charad	cters when the file		
		eeds 16 character	s)					
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Too Many Files C)pen		Event code	56200000 hex		
Meaning	The maximum nu	Imber of open files	was exceeded wl	nen opening a file	for an instruction		
Source	CNC Function M	CNC Function Module		CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instr cations. The oper			ccording to specifi- is not affected.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation		
variables					Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	l.	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The maximum nu	Imber of open	Correct the program to reduce the		Decrease the number of files. Or,		
	files was exceede	ed when opening	number of open t	number of open files.		am so that files that	
	a file for an instru	iction.			no longer need to be open are		
					closed in order	•	
					many files from	being open at	
					once.		
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	File or Directory	Name Is Too Long	1	Event code	56210000 hex			
Meaning		<u> </u>	at was specified fo					
Source	CNC Function M		Source details CNC common		Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	-		ruction will end according to specifi- ration of the Unit is not affected.		
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation			
variables				Occurrence				
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	The file name or	directory name	Correct the progr	am so that the	Write the program so that the			
	that was specifie	d for the instruc-	file name or direc	file name or directory name speci-		ames and directory		
	tion to create is t	oo long.	fied for the instru	ction is within	names are with	in FAT16/FAT32		
			FAT16/FAT32 res	strictions.	restrictions.			
Attached	None				•			
information								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	SD Memory Card	Access Failed		Event code	56220000 hex	
Meaning	SD Memory Card	l access failed.			•	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations. The ope		ccording to specifi- is not affected.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction	Correction		
correction	The SD Memory aged.	Card is dam-	Replace the SD Memory Card.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.	
	The SD Memory Card slot is bro- ken. If this error recurs after you took the above correction, replace the Controller.		•	None		
Attached information	None				·	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Load NC Program	m Capacity Excee	ded	Event code	56230000 hex		
Meaning	Loading failed be	ecause an attempt	was made to load	the NC program c	over the maximum	n capacity.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations. The ope		ccording to specifi- is not affected.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Common Observation	
variables					Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An attempt was r	nade to load the	Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the		Set 1: _cncDell	Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the	
	NC program over	r the maximum	<i>DeleteFile</i> input variable for the relevant instruction, and delete the		DeleteFile input variable for the		
	capacity.				relevant instruction when chang-		
			loaded NC progra	am once.	ing the setup so that the NC pro-		
					gram loaded at	the same time	
					does not exceed the maximum		
					capacity, and write the program to		
					delete the loaded NC program.		
Attached	None						
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Number of NC P	rogram Exceeded		Event code	56240000 hex		
Meaning			was made to load			umber of NC pro-	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	-		ruction will end a ration of the Unit	ccording to specifi- is not affected.	
System	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation		
variables							
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction	Correction			
correction	A new NC progra	am was loaded	Correct the program to reduce the		Write the program so that the pro-		
	while the number	r of loaded NC	number of NC pr	number of NC programs to be		gram numbers of unused NC pro-	
	programs reache	es the maximum.	loaded.		grams are reused to prevent too many NC programs from being loaded.		
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: Row numb	er with error detect	ted (Indicates the r	row number after	parsing process-	
information	ing.)						
		Attached information 2: File name of the NC program with error detected (Last 15 characters when the file name length exceeds 16 characters)					
Precautions/	None						

Event name	Illegal Load NC F	Program		Event code	56280000 hex		
Meaning	An error was det	ected in the loaded	d NC program.				
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations. The ope		ccording to specif is not affected.	
System	Variable		Data type	I	Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Occurrence	Observation	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A syntax error was detected in the NC program you made an attempt to load.		 CNC Operator, NC program th ferred to the SI The file name a of the NC progr detected are sh attached inform that the syntax are correct. If this error recu the above corre your OMRON r 	 Perform parsing processing with CNC Operator, and specify the NC program that was trans- ferred to the SD Memory Card. The file name and row number of the NC program with the error detected are shown in the attached information. Make sure that the syntax and instruction are correct. If this error recurs after you took the above correction, contact your OMRON representative. 		Do not edit the file of the NC pro gram that was parsed with CNC Operator and transferred to the SD Memory Card.	
Attached information	 Attached information 1: Row number with error detected (Indicates the row number after parsing ing.) Attached information 2: File name of the NC program with error detected (Last 15 characters whe name length exceeds 16 characters) Attached information 3: System information 						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Following Error V	Varning		Event code	678C0000 hex		
Meaning	Ţ		ollowing Error War	ning Value.			
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Common Observation	
variables						Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than		Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance in the positioning operation.		Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance in the positioning operation as best you can.		
conection	poor following pe	rformance and			•		
Conection	poor following pe	rformance and	ing performance	in the positioning Following Error ithin the range	•		
Attached	poor following pe the actual motion	rformance and	ing performance operation. Or increase the <i>F</i> <i>Warning Value</i> w	in the positioning Following Error ithin the range	•		
	poor following pe the actual motior the command.	rformance and	ing performance operation. Or increase the <i>F</i> <i>Warning Value</i> w	in the positioning Following Error ithin the range	•		
Attached	poor following pe the actual motior the command.	rformance and	ing performance operation. Or increase the <i>F</i> <i>Warning Value</i> w	in the positioning Following Error ithin the range	•		

Event name	Command Position	on Overflow		Event code	678D0000 hex	
Meaning	The number of p	ulses for the comn	nand position overf	flowed.	•	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The position is no	ot updated, but n	notion continues.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].C	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common	Observation
variables					Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	When the comma	and position was	Correct the program so that the		Check the gear ratio setting and	
	converted to the	pulse unit for the	input value for the command posi- tion does not exceed the pulse number limit for the instruction. Or, change the electronic gear ratio		the target position setting value, and make sure that the converted number of pulses does not exceed the specified range.	
	positioning cartes	•				
	tioning rotational	•				
	fied value exceed					
	limit of the signed		settings.	settings.		
	(signed 54-bit da	ta for the spindle	To recover from the overflow, per-			
	axis).		form the homing operation.			
Attached	None					
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Command Position	on Underflow		Event code	678E0000 hex		
Meaning	The number of p	ulses for the comm	nand position exce	eded the valid ran	je. (It underflowed.)		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The position is no	ot updated, but n	notion continues.	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].C	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common	Observation	
variables					Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction	Prevention			
correction	When the comma	and position was	Correct the program so that the		Check the gear	ratio setting and	
	converted to the	pulse unit for the	input value for the command posi- tion does not exceed the pulse		the target position setting value, and make sure that the converted		
	positioning cartes	sian axis or posi-					
	tioning rotational	axis, the speci-	number limit for th	number limit for the instruction. Or, change the electronic gear ratio		es does not exceed	
	fied value exceed	led the lower limit	change the election			nge.	
	of the signed 40-	bit data (signed	settings.				
	54-bit data for the	e spindle axis).	To recover from t	he underflow,			
			perform the homi	ng operation.			
Attached	None		1	-	1		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Actual Position C	verflow		Event code	678F0000 hex	
Meaning	The number of p	ulses for the actua	l position overflowe	ed.		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The position is no	ot updated, but m	notion continues.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].C	bsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common	Observation
variables					Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	!	Correction		Prevention	
correction	When the comma converted to the positioning cartes tioning rotational fied value exceed limit of the signed (signed 54-bit da axis).	pulse unit for the sian axis or posi- axis, the speci- led the upper I 40-bit data	Correct the progr target position is pulse number lim actual position do the pulse number instruction. Or, ch tronic gear ratio s To recover from t form the homing	well within the hit so that the bes not exceed r limit for the hange the elec- settings. he overflow, per-	the target positi and make sure number of pulse	ratio setting and ion setting value, that the converted es does not exceed nge. Allow some
Attached	None					
information	Nana					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Actual Position U	Inderflow		Event code	67900000 hex	
Meaning	The number of p	ulses for the actua	l position underflov	wed.		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The position is n	ot updated, but n	notion continues.
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].C	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common	Observation
variables					Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	When the comma	and position was	target position is well within the pulse number limit so that the actual position does not exceedthe target position and make sure number of pulse		Check the gear ratio setting and	
	converted to the	pulse unit for the			the target position setting value, and make sure that the converted number of pulses does not exceed the specified range. Allow some	
	positioning cartes	sian axis or posi-				
	tioning rotational	•				
		led the lower limit				
	of the signed 40-				leeway.	
	54-bit data for the	e spindle axis).				
			perform the homi	ng operation.		
Attached	None					
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Position Deviatio	n between Axes Li	imit Warning	Event code	679A0000 hex				
Meaning		The deviation of the feedback current position between the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value.							
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Whenever Servo is ON			
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		·			
System	Variable		Data type		Name				
-defined variable	_CNC_Motor[*].C	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation Occurrence				
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention				
correction	The gantry slave axis is moving slower than the gantry master axis due to poor following performance of the slave axis.		Eliminate the cause of making the gantry slave axis move slower than it should. Alternatively, increase the Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value within the range that will not create problems.		Eliminate the cau gantry slave axis than it should as ble.				
Attached	None								
information									
Precautions/	None								
Remarks									

Event name	CNC Planner Se	rvice Period Exce	eded	Event code	77810000 hex	
Meaning	CNC planner ser	vice processing v	vas not finished with	nin two periods.		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	Source details CNC common		Continuously
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		•
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Assumed cause Correction The processing load of the NC program in a period of the CNC planner service is too heavy. Reduce the amount of process of the NC program in a period of the CNC planner service, or set the CNC planner service period a greater value within the range that does not adversely affect operation. Check the CNC planner service period in the Task Period Monit		m in a period of service, or set service period to vithin the range versely affect	Set the CNC pl period to be lor plete all require	ng enough to com-	
Attached information	None		·			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Slave Observation	on Detected		Event code	77870000 hex	
Meaning	A warning was de	etected for an Ethe	erCAT slave or NX	Unit.	•	
Source	CNC Function Module Source details CNC m		CNC motor	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
System	Variable		Data type BOOL		Name	
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active			CNC Common Observation	
variables					Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A warning was de	etected for the	Check the warning	Check the warning code for the EtherCAT slave and remove the		
	EtherCAT slave of	or NX Unit that is	EtherCAT slave a			
	allocated to a CN	IC motor.	cause of the war	ning.		
Attached	Attached informa	ition 1: Drive warni	ing code			
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Software Limit Pa	ath Limited		Event code	97810000 hex				
Meaning		The path exceeded the software limit was specified during <i>Executing</i> (Executing). Therefore, the path was limited within the software limit range.							
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	Source details CNC motor		During Executing			
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		•			
System	Variable		Data type		Name				
-defined	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Common Observation			
variables					Occurrence				
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention				
correction	The path exceed	ed the software	Correct the NC program so that		Set the appropriate path and soft-				
	limit was specifie	d during Execut-	the path specified by the NC pro-		ware limit specified for the NC pro-				
	ing (Executing).		gram does not ex	ceed the soft-	gram.				
			ware limit, or cha	nge <i>Positive</i>					
			Software Overtra	vel Limit or Neg-					
			ative Software O	<i>vertravel Limit</i> of					
			the Limit Settings	s to the appropri-					
			ate setting.						
Attached	None								
information									
Precautions/	To detect a minor	fault error, set the	e Software Overtra	vel Limit Operation	n Control operation	on parameter in the			
Remarks	CNC coordinate	system to 0: Error.							

Event name	Velocity Control	Command Value S	aturated	Event code	97830000 hex		
Meaning		rol command value		e is saturated.			
Source	CNC Function M			Detection timing	Whenever Servo is ON		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	_CNC_Motor[*].C	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Occurrence	Observation	
Cause and	Assumed cause	;	Correction		Prevention		
correction	loop calculation e Maximum Velocit motor parameter positioning opera lowing performan	The output value for Feedback loop calculation exceeded the <i>Maximum Velocity</i> for the CNC motor parameter setting, or the positioning operation has poor fol- lowing performance and the actual motion is slower than the com-		Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance in the positioning operation.		Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance in the positioning operation as best you can.	
	The commanded master axis rota- tion rate (S) or master axis veloc- ity override factor exceeded the <i>Maximum Velocity</i> for the CNC motor parameter setting.		Check the command value of the master axis rotation rate (S) and the master axis velocity override factor, and correct the program so that the value does not exceed the <i>Maximum Velocity</i> for the CNC motor parameter setting.		Check to see if any of the condi- tions that are given as causes exist in advance.		
Attached information	None				1		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Slave Error Code	Report		Event code	97800000 hex	
Meaning	The error code w	as reported by the	e slave when a <i>Sla</i>	ve Error Detected	error occurred.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	After <i>Slave Error</i> <i>Detected</i> error (77860000 hex)
Error attri- butes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The error code w	as reported by	This error accom	his error accompanies a Slave		
	the slave when a	Slave Error	Error Detected e	rror (77860000		
	Detected error (7	7860000 hex)	hex). Check the	slave error code		
	occurred.		in the attached in	formation and		
			make the require	d corrections.		
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: Slave erro	r code			
information						
Precautions/	For the OMRON	1S-series Servo [Drive or G5-series	Servo Drive, the e	rror code (the ma	ain part of the error
Remarks	display number)	from the Servo Dr	ive is included in th	e lower two digits	of the attached i	nformation.
			ation is displayed a rred in the Servo D		with display numb	per 13 (Main Circuit

Event name	CNC Function Sys	stem Information		Event code	97820000 hex	
Meaning	This event provid	les internal informa	ation from the CNC	Function Module).	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	Source details CNC common		Continuously
Error attri- butes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction	Prevention		
correction	This event provid mation from the (Module. It is reco additional informa event.	CNC Function orded to provide ation for another	None		None	
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: System info	ormation			
information	Attached informa	tion 2: System info	ormation			
	Attached informa	tion 3: System info	ormation			
	Attached informa	tion 4: System info	ormation			
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

CNC Instruction Errors

This section provides a table of errors (events) that occur for CNC instructions. The lower four digits of the event code give the error code for the instruction. For descriptions of the error codes, refer to the descriptions of the corresponding event codes. For example, if the error code of the instruction is 16#3781, refer to the description of the event with event code 54013781 hex.

Event name	Process Data Object Setting Missing Event code			54013781 hex		
Meaning	The PDO mapping is not correct.				-	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The PDOs that are required for the CNC instruction are not mapped.		Map the PDOs that are required for the instruction.		Map the PDOs that are required for the instructions that are used.	
	The relevant instruction was exe- cuted for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction.		Some devices do not support the relevant instruction. Refer to the manual for the device, check to see if the relevant instruction is supported, and cor- rect the program so that unsup- ported instructions are not executed.		and write the pr	nual for the device ogram so that structions are not
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>)					
Precautions/ Remarks			ror occurs, the atta	,	hat is displayed ı	may not be correct

Event name	Illegal CNC Coor	dinate System Spec	ification	Event code	54015600 hex		
Meaning	÷	nate system specif		n-out variable to a	CNC instruction	does not exist.	
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	CNC coordinate	system does not	Correct the instruction so that the		Specify a variable that exists when		
	exist for the varia	able specified for	variable exists for the CNC coordi-		specifying a variable for an input		
	the Coord in-out instruction.	variable to the	nate system that the instruction.	was specified for	parameter to an instruction.		
Attached	Attached Information	ation 1: Error Locat	tion				
information		ation 2: Error Locat the section is giver			ogram section, th	e rung number	
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					
	Attached Information	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errori	DEx)			
Precautions/	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed ı	may not be correct.	
Remarks							

Event name	Deceleration Setti	ng Out of Range		Event code	54015601 hex		
Meaning	The parameter specified for the <i>Deceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.						
Source	PLC Function Mc	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection	At instruction	
					timing	execution	
Error attri-	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
				cations.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	None						
variables							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input parameter to the		
	exceeded the val	lid range of the	•	valid range of the input variable is		instruction so that the valid range	
	input variable.		not exceeded for the relevant		of the input variable is not		
			instruction.		exceeded.		
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	tion				
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r		ogram section, th	e rung number	
	is more than one	from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)			
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	may not be correct.	
Remarks							

Event name	Jerk Setting Out c	of Range		Event code	54015602 hex	
Meaning	•		<i>k</i> input variable to	a CNC instruction	is out of range.	
Source	PLC Function Mo		Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input parameter to the	
	exceeded the val	lid range of the	valid range of the input variable is		instruction so that the valid range	
	input variable.		not exceeded for instruction.	the relevant	of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	ion		•	
information			ion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r		ogram section, th	e rung number
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)		
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	nay not be correct.

Event name	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled Event code 54015603 hex					
Meaning	A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed.					
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant ins cations.	truction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A CNC instruction re-executed was	re-executed.	Correct the program so that the <i>Execute</i> input variable does not change to TRUE until the <i>Busy</i> output variable from the instruction changes to FALSE.		When using instructions that can- not be re-executed, include a cor dition for the <i>Execute</i> input variable so that it does not change to TRUE unless the <i>Busy</i> output variable for the previous instruc- tion is FALSE. Or, stop the instruc- tion before executing it again.	
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Loca	tion			
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r	<i>,</i> .	rogram section, th	e rung number
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurr is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the is cannot be identified.					
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)		
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed i	may not be correct.

Event name	CNC Multi-execution Disabled			Event code	54015604 hex	
Meaning	Multiple function nate system).	s that cannot be e>	ecuted simultaned	busly were execute	ed for the same ta	arget (CNC coordi-
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Source details Instruction I		At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	executed simu executed for th (CNC coordina • The CNC_Loa instruction was any of CNC co	dProgramFile s executed when pordinate system (Executing) or	Check the specifications of multi-execution of instructions for this instruction and correct the pro- gram so that instructions that can- not be executed at the same time are not executed simultaneously.		Check the specifications for multi-execution of instructions for the instruction and do not execute instructions that cannot be exe- cuted at the same time.	
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	tion			
information		ation 2: Error Locat the section is giver			ogram section, th	e rung number
		possible instruction				r Occurred. If there n if the instruction
		ation 4: Expansion		,		
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	that is displayed i	may not be correct.

Event name	Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified Event code 54015605 hex							
Meaning	The CNC motor not assigned.	of the parameter s	pecified for the Log	<i>gicalMotorNo</i> inpu	t variable to the C	CNC instruction is		
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed caus	e	Correction		Prevention			
correction	which the CNC assigned to the	LogicalMotorNo the CNC instruc- ed, and the	Correct the parameter so that the specified value does not exceed the range of the logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is assigned to the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the instruction.		Specify the appropriate parame- ter so that the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the instruction does not exceed the range of <i>Positioning Axis Assignment</i> or <i>Spindle Axis Assignment</i> in the CNC coordinate system parame- ter settings.			
Attached	Attached Inform	ation 1: Error Locat	tion					
information	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given.							
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.							
	Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)							
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed	may not be correct		

Event name	Logical CNC Moto	or Number Out of R	ange	Event code	54015606 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Log	<i>gicalMotorNo</i> input	variable to a CNC	instruction is ou	t of range.
Source	PLC Function Mc	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input parameter to the	
	exceeded the val	id range of the	valid range of the input variable is		instruction so that the valid range	
	input variable.		not exceeded for instruction.	the relevant	of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	ion		•	
information			ion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r		ogram section, th	e rung number
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.				
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)		
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	may not be correct.
Remarks						

Event name	Target Position Se	etting Out of Range		Event code	54015607 hex	
Meaning			sition input variable	e to a CNC instruc	tion is out of rang	je.
Source	PLC Function Mc		Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	truction will end according to speci	
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input p exceeded the val input variable. Or overflow/underflo position.	id range of the , there was an	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Loca	tion			
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r	<i>,</i> .	ogram section, th	e rung number
		possible instruction	ne Instruction and I on, information is g			r Occurred. If there n if the instruction
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)		
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	may not be correct.

Event name	Impossible CNC N Servo is OFF	Notor Operation Sp	ecified when the	Event code	54015608 hex	
Meaning	An operation inst	Servo is OFF.				
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	the Servo is OFF	C motor for which	Correct the progr instruction is exe Servo is turned C	cuted after the N.	tion instruction turned ON.	kecute the opera- after the Servo is
	the Servo is OFF. Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithPa- rameter instruction for an axis for which EtherCAT process data com- munications are not established.		If the _EC_PDSlavTbl (Process Data Communicating Slave Table) system-defined variable for the EtherCAT master of the master axis is FALSE, remove the cause and execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to preset home after _EC_PDSlavTbl changes to TRUE.		If you execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to preset home imme- diately after you turn ON the power supply to the Controller, download data, reset a slave com- munications error, disconnect the slave, reconnect the slave, or dis- able or enable the slave, write the program to make sure that the <i>_EC_PDSlavTbl</i> (Process Data Communicating Slave Table) sys- tem-defined variable for the Ether- CAT master is TRUE before you execute CNC_Home or CNC HomeWithParameter.	
Attached information		tion 1: Error Locat				
Information	 Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung num from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instructant be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) 					
Precautions/ Remarks		-	•	,	that is displayed	may not be correct.

Event name	Target Velocity Se	tting Out of Range		Event code	54015609 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Ve	<i>locity</i> input variable	to a CNC instruc	tion is out of rang	e.	
Source			Detection timing	At instruction execution			
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables							
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input p exceeded the val input variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.		
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	tion		•		
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r		ogram section, th	e rung number	
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If ther is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)			
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	may not be correct.	
Remarks							

Event name	Acceleration/Dece	eleration Setting Ou	t of Range	Event code	5401560A hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Ac	celeration input va	riable to a CNC ins	struction is out of	range.	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction	Correction			
correction	Instruction input		Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input pa		
	exceeded the val	lid range of the	valid range of the input variable is		instruction so that the valid range		
	input variable.		not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		of the input variable is not exceeded.		
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	tion				
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r		ogram section, th	e rung number	
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)			
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed ı	may not be correct.	

Event name	Travel Mode Sele	Travel Mode Selection Out of Range			5401560B hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Mo	oveMode input vari	able to a CNC inst	truction is out of r	ange.
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input	parameter	Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input pa	arameter to the
	exceeded the va	lid range of the	valid range of the input variable is		instruction so that the valid range	
	input variable.		not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	tion		•	
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ı		ogram section, th	ne rung number
		possible instruction	he Instruction and l on, information is g			r Occurred. If there n if the instruction
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Error	DEx)		
Precautions/	If a program is cl	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed	may not be correct.
Remarks	-					

Event name	Parameter Selecti	on Out of Range		Event code	5401560D hex	
Meaning	The parameter sp	pecified for the Pa	<i>rameterNumber</i> in	out variable to a C	NC instruction is	out of range.
Source	PLC Function Mc	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection	At instruction
					timing	execution
Error attri-	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
butes						
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
				cations.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input p	parameter	Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input pa	
	exceeded the val	id range of the	valid range of the input variable is		instruction so th	at the valid range
	input variable.		not exceeded for the relevant		of the input variable is not	
			instruction.		exceeded.	
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	tion			
information			tion Details (Rung		ogram section, th	e rung number
	from the start of t	he section is giver	n. For ST, the line r	number is given.		
						Occurred. If there
	is more than one cannot be identifi		on, information is g	iven on all of them	. Nothing is giver	n if the instruction
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)		
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	nay not be correct.
Remarks						

Event name	CNC Parameter S	Setting Read/Write	Setting Value Out	Event code	5401560E hex		
Meaning	,	pecified for the Se	<i>ttingValue</i> in-out v	ariable to a CNC ir	nstruction is out c	of range.	
Source	PLC Function M	PLC Function Module		Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation The relevant instruction will end according to s cations.			
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction	Correction			
correction	Instruction input exceeded the va in-out variable.	-	valid range of the	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded.	
Attached	Attached Information	ation 1: Error Loca	tion				
information	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given.						
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is give cannot be identified.						
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Error	IDEx)			
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ached information t	that is displayed	may not be correct.	

Event name	CNC Parameter S Range	Setting Read/Write	Target Out of	Event code	5401560F hex			
Meaning	The parameter s	The parameter specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.						
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation The relevant instr cations.		ccording to specifi-		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction	Correction				
correction	Instruction input exceeded the va in-out variable.		valid range of the	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction		arameter to the nat the valid range riable is not		
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	ation					
information		Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given.						
		e possible instructi	the Instruction and l on, information is g			-		
	Attached Information	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Error	DEx)				
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an ei	rror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed i	may not be correct.		

Event name	Homing Paramet	er Setting Out of Ra	inge	Event code	54015611 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	specified for the Ho	mingParameter in-	out variable to a C	CNC instruction is	out of range.	
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi	
System	Variable	Variable			Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input parameter		Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input pa	arameter to the	
	exceeded the valid range of the		valid range of the in-out variable is		instruction so that the valid range		
	in-out variable.		not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		of the in-out variable is not exceeded.		
Attached	Attached Inform	ation 1: Error Loca	tion				
information		ation 2: Error Loca the section is give			ogram section, th	ne rung number	
		ation 3: Names of the possible instruction in the possible instruction fied.				-	
	Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>)						
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed i	may not be correc	

Event name	M Code Number (Out of Range		Event code	54015612 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the MC	CodeNo input varia	ble to a CNC instr	uction is out of ra	nge.	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	1	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input p exceeded the val input variable.		Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for instruction.	e input variable is	Set the input pa instruction so th of the input vari exceeded.	at the valid range	
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	tion				
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r		ogram section, th	e rung number	
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)			
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	nay not be correct.	
Remarks							

Event name	CNC Instruction R nate System Spec	Re-execution Disabl	ed (CNC Coordi-	Event code	54015613 hex			
Meaning		•	e parameter for the nnot be changed w			ecuting a CNC		
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.		Correct the program so that the parameter for the relevant in-out variable does not change when the relevant instruction is re-exe- cuted.		Check the manual to see if each in-out variable to the relevant CNC instruction can be changed by re-execution. Write the pro- gram so that the input parameters for any in-out variable that cannot be changed do not change upon re-execution.			
Attached	Attached Informa	ition 1: Error Locat	ion					
information		Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given.						
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If t is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.							
			Error Code (Errorl			_		
Precautions/ Remarks	lf a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed ı	may not be correct.		

Event name	CNC Instruction	Re-execution Disab	led (Logical CNC	Event code	54015614 hex				
	Motor Number)								
Meaning	An attempt was	made to change th	ne parameter for th	ne LogicalMotorNo	input variable wh	ien re-executing a			
	CNC instruction	. (This input variab	le cannot be chan	ged when re-exect	uting an instructio	n.)			
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection	At instruction			
					timing	execution			
Error attri-	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System			
butes									
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant ins	truction will end a	ccording to specifi-			
				cations.					
System	Variable		Data type		Name				
-defined	None								
variables									
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction					
correction	A parameter for an input variable		Correct the prog	Correct the program so that the		Check the manual to see if each			
	that cannot be changed for		parameter for th	parameter for the relevant input		o the relevant CNC			
	re-execution was changed.		variable does not change when		instruction can	instruction can be changed by			
			the relevant instruction is re-exe- cuted.		re-execution. Write the program so that the input parameters for				
						ble that cannot be			
					changed do not change upon				
Attached	Attached Inform	ation 1: Error Loca	tion						
information	Attached Inform	ation 2: Error Loca	tion Details (Rung	Number). For a pr	rogram section, th	ne rung number			
	from the start of	the section is give	n. For ST, the line	number is given.					
	Attached Inform	ation 3: Names of t	he Instruction and	Instruction Instanc	e Where the Erro	r Occurred. If there			
		is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction							
	cannot be identi	ified.							
	Attached Inform	Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>)							
Precautions/	If a program is o	changed after an ei	rror occurs, the att	ached information	that is displayed	may not be correct.			
Remarks									

Event name	SD Memory Card	d Access Failure		Event code	5401561D hex				
Meaning	SD Memory Car	d access failed wh	en an instruction w	as executed.					
Source	PLC Function M	lodule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution			
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-			
System	Variable		Data type		Name				
-defined variables	None								
Cause and	Assumed caus	e	Correction		Prevention				
correction	An SD Memory Card is not inserted.		Insert an SD Mer	Insert an SD Memory Card.		Insert an SD Memory Card.			
	The SD Memory	/ Card is dam-	Replace the SD	Memory Card	Do not remove	the SD Memory			
	aged.		already confirmed that it operates normally.		Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.				
	The SD Memory	The SD Memory Card slot is bro-		If this error recurs after you took		None			
	ken.		the two actions mentioned above, replace the Controller.						
Attached	Attached Inform	Attached Information 1: Error Location							
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ı		ogram section, th	e rung number			
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.							
	Attached Inform	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Error	DEx)					
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed i	may not be correct.			

Event name	File Does Not Exist			Event code	5401561E hex			
Meaning	The file specified	for an instruction	does not exist.					
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Source details Instruction 1		At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	Ð	Correction	Correction				
correction	The specified file	e does not exist.	specified for the i Or, modify the file	at the filename that is Make sure that the filename the instruction exists. e filename so that it filename specified for n.				
Attached	Attached Information	ation 1: Error Locat	tion		·			
information		Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given.						
		possible instruction	s of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If the ruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruct					
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)				
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	may not be correc		

Event name	Illegal Load NC F	Program Number S	Specification	Event code	5401561F hex		
Meaning	Loading failed be ified.	cause an attempt	was made to load	the NC program w	ith an invalid proo	gram number spec-	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	None						
variables							
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An attempt was r	made to load the	Correct the parameter so that the		Correct the parameter so that the		
	NC program with	•	NC program num	NC program number does not		NC program number does not	
	gram number spe	ecified.	exceed the speci	fied range.	exceed the spe	cified range.	
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	tion				
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line i		ogram section, th	e rung number	
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errori	DEx)			
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed	may not be correct.	

Event name	Too Many Files C	Dpen		Event code	54015620 hex	
Meaning	The maximum nu	umber of open files	was exceeded wh	nen opening a file	for an instruction	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The maximum nu files was exceede a file for an instru	ed when opening	Correct the program to reduce the number of open files.		Decrease the number of files. Or, write the program so that files that no longer need to be open are closed in order to prevent too many files from being open at once.	
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	ion			
information	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If the is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>)					
Precautions/ Remarks		•	· ·	,	hat is displayed ı	may not be correct.

Event name	File or Directory I	Name Is Too Long		Event code	54015621 hex	
Meaning	The file name or	directory name that	at was specified for	an instruction is t	oo long.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The file name or that was specified tion to create is to	d for the instruc-	Correct the program so that the file name or directory name speci- fied for the instruction is within FAT16/FAT32 restrictions.		Write the program so that the specified file names and directory names are within FAT16/FAT32 restrictions.	
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	ion			
information			ion Details (Rung l n. For ST, the line r		ogram section, th	e rung number
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					-
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)		
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	may not be correct.

Event name	SD Memory Car	d Access Failed		Event code	54015622 hex			
Meaning	SD Memory Care	d access failed.						
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant ins cations.	truction will end a	ccording to specifi-		
System	Variable	-	Data type		Name			
-defined variables	None							
Cause and	d Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	The SD Memory Card is dam- aged.		Replace the SD	Replace the SD Memory Card.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.		
	The SD Memory Card slot is bro- ken.		If this error recurs after you took the above correction, replace the Controller.		None			
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	tion					
information		Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given.						
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.						
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Error	IDEx)				
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is cl	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ached information	that is displayed	may not be correct.		

Event name	Load NC Program	m Capacity Excee	ded	Event code	54015623 hex			
Meaning	Loading failed be	ecause an attempt	was made to load	the NC program of	over the maximum	n capacity.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	An attempt was r NC program ove capacity.	r the maximum	Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the DeleteFile input variable for the relevant instruction, and delete the loaded NC program once.		Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the DeleteFile input variable for the relevant instruction when chang- ing the setup so that the NC pro- gram loaded at the same time does not exceed the maximum capacity, and write the program to delete the loaded NC program.			
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	tion					
information	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given.							
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Will is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. No cannot be identified.					•		
			Error Code (Errorl					
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is cl	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	iched information t	that is displayed r	may not be correct.		

Event name	Number of NC P	rogram Exceeded		Event code	54015624 hex	
Meaning	Loading failed be grams.	ecause an attempt	was made to load	NC programs ove	r the maximum n	umber of NC pro-
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction Correct the program to reduce the number of NC programs to be loaded.		Prevention	
correction	A new NC progra while the numbe programs reache	r of loaded NC			Write the program so that the pro- gram numbers of unused NC pro- grams are reused to prevent too many NC programs from being loaded.	
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	tion			
information	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>)					
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	that is displayed	may not be correct.

Event name	Illegal CNC Motor	Specification		Event code	54015625 hex	
Meaning	The CNC motor s	specified for the Ta	a <i>rget</i> in-out variable	e to a CNC instruc	tion is not exist.	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection	At instruction
					timing	execution
Error attri-	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
butes						
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
				cations.		
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A CNC motor doe	es not exist for	Correct the instruction so that the		Specify a variable that exists when	
	the variable spec		variable exists for the CNC motor		specifying a variable for an input	
	get input variable	to the instruc-	that was specified for the instruc-		parameter to an	instruction.
	tion.		tion.			
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	lion			
information			tion Details (Rung		ogram section, th	e rung number
	from the start of t	the section is giver	n. For ST, the line r	number is given.		
	Attached Informa	tion 3: Names of th	ne Instruction and I	nstruction Instance	e Where the Error	Occurred. If there
		•	on, information is g	iven on all of them	 Nothing is giver 	n if the instruction
	cannot be identifi	ed.				
	Attached Informa	tion 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)		
Precautions/	If a program is cl	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	may not be correct.
Remarks						

Event name	Illegal CNC Motor	Compensation Tab	le Specification	Event code	54015626 hex		
Meaning	The CNC motor of	compensation tabl	e specified for the	<i>Target</i> input variab	le to a CNC instr	ruction is not exist.	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A CNC motor cor	mpensation table	Correct the instruction so that the variable exists for the CNC motor compensation table that was		Specify a variable that exists when specifying a variable for an input parameter to an instruction.		
	does not exist for	r the variable					
	specified for the	<i>Target</i> input vari-					
	able to the instru-	ction.	specified for the i	nstruction.			
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	tion				
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r	, ·	ogram section, th	e rung number	
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If ther is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					-	
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)			
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an en	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed r	may not be correct.	

Event name	Illegal Load NC F	Program		Event code	54015628 hex		
Meaning	An error was det	ected in the loade	d NC program.		•		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
System	Variable	-	Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A syntax error wa NC program you to load.	as detected in the made an attempt	NC program th ferred to the SI • The file name a of the NC program detected are sl attached inform that the syntax are correct.	and specify the at was trans- D Memory Card. and row number ram with the error nown in the nation. Make sure and instruction urs after you took ection, contact	Do not edit the file of the NC pro gram that was parsed with CNC Operator and transferred to the SD Memory Card.		
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca		epiesentative.			
information	Attached Informa	ation 2: Error Loca	tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r		ogram section, th	e rung number	
	is more than one	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Error Code (Errorl	,			
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	that is displayed i	may not be correct.	

Event name	Skew Control Mode Out of Range Event c			Event code	5401562A hex			
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Sk	<i>ewMode</i> input vari	able to a CNC inst	ruction is out of ra	nge.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Source details Instruction		At instruction execution		
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-		
System	Variable		Data type		Name			
-defined variable	None	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction	Correction				
correction	Instruction input exceeded the val input variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.			
Attached	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	tion		•			
information	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given.							
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction the identified.							
	Attached Informa	Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed m	ay not be correct.		

Event name	Offset Value Setting Out of Range Event co				5401562B hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Off	<i>setValue</i> input vari	able to a CNC ins	truction is out of ra	inge.	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim-	At instruction	
					ing	execution	
Error attri-	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
butes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
				cations.	-		
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined	None						
variable							
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input	Instruction input parameter		Correct the parameter so that the		ameter to the	
	exceeded the valid range of the		valid range of the input variable is		instruction so that the valid range		
	input variable.		not exceeded for the relevant		of the input variable is not		
			instruction.		exceeded.		
Attached	Attached Informa	ition 1: Error Locat	ion				
information			ion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r	, ,	ogram section, the	rung number	
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If ther is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.						
	Attached Informa	ition 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)			
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed m	ay not be correct.	
Remarks							

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15-4-2 Error Descriptions

Event name	Target Position Po	ositive Software Lin	nit Exceeded	Event code	54016783 hex		
Meaning	The specified po	sition exceeds the	positive software	imit.	•		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	truction will end a	ccording to specifi	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	the opposite dire ware limit was ex	is beyond the limit and an pecifies motion in ction of the soft- cecuted.	the instruction so the positive softw Correct the program travel direction for is towards the po- limit.	on input variable to n so that it is within instruction so that it is within		ariable to the hat it is within the e limit. on is beyond the e limit, write the t the travel direc- ection of the posi-	
Attached information	Attached Informa from the start of t Attached Informa is more than one cannot be identif	the section is given ition 3: Names of th possible instruction ied.	tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ne Instruction and l	on Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number . For ST, the line number is given. e Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there n, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction			
Precautions/ Remarks			ror occurs, the atta	,	that is displayed i	may not be correc	

Event name	Target Position N	egative Software Li	mit Exceeded	Event code	54016784 hex	
Meaning	The specified po	sition exceeds the	negative software	limit.		
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	Ð	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction is beyond the negative software limit. The first position is beyond the negative software limit and an instruction that specifies motion in the opposite direction of the soft- ware limit was executed.		Correct the paran for the <i>Position</i> in the instruction so the negative soft Correct the progress travel direction for is towards the ne limit.	nput variable to to that it is within ware limit.Position input variable to the instruction so that it is within negative software limit.ram so that the or the instructionIf the first position is beyon negative software limit, write		ariable to the nat it is within the are limit. on is beyond the are limit, write the t the travel direc- ection of the nega-
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If the is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>)				r Occurred. If there	
Precautions/ Remarks				,	that is displayed ı	may not be correct.

Event name	Command Positio	n Overflow/Underfl	ow	Event code	54016785 hex		
Meaning	• •	nstruction in the un ecuted when there					
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant ins cations.	truction will end a	ccording to specif	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	when there was a command posi-		Execute an error clear the overflov state by executir	v or underflow	Make sure that flow does not o	overflow or under ccur.	
Attached information	Attached Informa from the start of t Attached Informa is more than one cannot be identif	ation 1: Error Locat ation 2: Error Locat the section is given ation 3: Names of th possible instruction ied. ation 4: Expansion	tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ne Instruction and on, information is g	number is given. Instruction Instand iven on all of ther	ce Where the Erro	r Occurred. If there	
Precautions/ Remarks		nanged after an er		,	that is displayed	may not be correc	

Event name	Positive Limit Inpu	Positive Limit Input			54016786 hex	
Meaning	An instruction wa	is executed for a n	notion in the positiv	e direction when	the positive limit i	nput was ON.
Source	PLC Function Mc	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Assumed cause An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .		Execute an error reset and then perform a recovery operation in the negative direction. If this error occurs again, check the connec- tion of the positive limit signal, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execution condi- tions for the start command, and correct any mistakes. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		Check to make sure there are no problems with the positive limit signal connection, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execute conditions for the instruc- tion. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If the is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>)				r Occurred. If there	
Precautions/ Remarks			•	· ·	hat is displayed ı	may not be correct.

Event name	Negative Limit Input			Event code	54016787 hex	
Meaning	An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative				the negative limi	it input was ON.
Source	PLC Function M	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi
System	Variable		Data type		Name	
-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
Attached	An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .		perform a recover the positive direct occurs again, che tion of the negative logic setting for the input, and the ex- tions for the start correct any mistar Check the logic set the CNC motor p the slave settings	signal connection, the logic for the negative limit input, a execute conditions for the i execute conditions for the i tion. Check the logic settings bo the CNC motor parameters the slave settings.		on, the logic setting limit input, and the ons for the instruc- settings both in parameters and in
Precautions/	 Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction the identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) I f a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be compared. 				r Occurred. If there n if the instruction	
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is c	hanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	iched information f	that is displayed i	may not be correct

Event name	Servo Main Circuits OFF			Event code	54017784 hex		
Meaning	An attempt was r	An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFI					
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection timing	At instruction execution	
Error attri- butes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end a	ccording to specifi-	
System	Variable		Data type		Name		
-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An attempt was i	made to turn ON	Turn ON the Servo after turning		Turn ON the Servo after turning		
	the Servo when	the main circuit	ON the main circuit power supply		ON the main circuit power supply		
	power supply to was OFF.	the Servo Drive	of the Servo Drive for the CNC motor where the error occurred.		to the Servo Drive.		
Attached	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	tion				
information			tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ı	, i	ogram section, th	e rung number	
	Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified.						
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)			
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is cl	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	iched information t	hat is displayed ı	may not be correct.	

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Appendices

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A-1 Valid Range of CNC Parameter Settings

Some real-type CNC parameters have their valid range in addition to a setting range. The valid range is within the setting range and handled as internally effective. If a setting value is within the setting range but outside the valid range, it is not handled as an error but corrected to a value within the valid range so that it can be used for calculation purposes.

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Coordinate System Parameters

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
CNC Coor-	Maximum Feedrate	Positive	0.0000001 to upper limit ^{*1}	Not handled as an error.
dinate Sys- tem		number, 0		0: Set to the upper limit defined to the left.
Operation Settings				Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001.
				Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit.
	Rotary Axis Velocity	Positive	0.0000001 to upper limit*1	Not handled as an error.
		number		Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001.
				Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit.
	Dry Run Velocity	Positive	0.0000001 to upper limit*1	Not handled as an error.
		number		Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001.
				Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit.
NC Pro-	Acceleration Time	Positive	- *2	-
gram		number, 0		
Default Set-	Deceleration Time	Positive	- *2	-
tings		number, 0	10	
	Jerk Time	Positive number, 0	_*2	-

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
Tool Com-	Tool Radius	Positive	0, or 0.0000001 to 1,000,000	Not handled as an error.
pensation Settings		number, 0		Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001.
				Larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000.
	Tool Length	Negative	-1,000,000 to -0.0000001	Not handled as an error.
		number, positive number, or	0 +0.0000001 to +1,000,000	The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001:
		0		Set to 0.0000001 of the absolute value.
				The absolute value is larger than 1,000,000:
				Set to 1,000,000 of the abso- lute value.
Work Coor-	1st Work Coordi-	Negative	-1,000,000 to -0.0000001	Not handled as an error.
dinate Sys-	nate System Offset	number,	0	The absolute value is larger
tem Settings	2nd Work Coordi- nate System Offset	positive number, or 0 at each of	+0.0000001 to +1,000,000	than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001.
	3rd Work Coordinate System Offset	X-, Y-, Z-,		The absolute value is larger
	4th Work Coordi-	A-, B-, and		than 1,000,000: Set to
	nate System Offset	C-axis.		1,000,000.
	5th Work Coordi-			
	nate System Offset			
	6th Work Coordi-			
	nate System Offset			
Reference	1st Reference Point	Negative	-1,000,000 to -0.0000001	Not handled as an error.
Point Set- tings	2nd Reference Point	number, positive	0 +0.0000001 to +1,000,000	The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than
	3rd Reference Point	number, or	,,	0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001.
	4th Reference Point	0 at each of X-, Y-,		The absolute value is larger
		Z-, A-, B-,		than 1,000,000: Set to
		and		1,000,000.
		C-axis.		
Spindle	Orientation Position	0 ≤ x < 1	-	-
Axis Opera-	Orientation Velocity	Positive	The value converted into	Not handled as an error.
tion Set- tings		number	pulses based on the setting of the motor assigned to the spindle is 60 pulses/min or more	Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
	Orientation Acceler-	Positive	The value converted into	Not handled as an error.
	ation/Deceleration	number, 0	pulses based on the setting of the motor assigned to the spindle is 0 or 0.004 to	Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004
			3200000000000 pulses/s ²	pulses/s ² .
				Larger than 3200000000000 pulses/s ² : Set to
				3200000000000 pulses/s ² .
*4. Davida th			e CNC motors assigned to posit	·

*1. Double the Maximum Velocity value among the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system.

^{*2.} This parameter has no valid range, but a recommended usage range. Refer to the *NJ/NY-series G code In*structions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031).

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Motor Parameters

Category	Real number point	Setting	Valid range	Within the setting range but	
Category	parameter	range	valiu ralige	outside the valid range	
Unit Con-	Travel Distance Per	Positive	-	-	
version Set-	Work Rotation	number			
tings	Maximum Valaaitu	Positive	The value after conversion	Not handled as an error.	
Operation Settings	Maximum Velocity	number	into pulses is 60 pulses/min or		
Settings		number	more.	Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.	
	Maximum Accelera-	Positive	The value after conversion	Not handled as an error.	
	tion/Deceleration	number, 0	into pulses is 0 or 0.004 to 3200000000000 pulses/s ^{2.}	Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 pulses/s ² .	
				Larger than 3200000000000	
				pulses/s ² : Set to	
				3200000000000 pulses/s ² .	
	Rapid Feed Velocity	Positive	Lower limit: The value after	Not handled as an error.	
		number	-		Larger than 0 and less than
			pulses/min or more.	60 pulses/min: Set to 60	
			Upper limit: Less than or	pulses/min.	
			equal to the maximum veloc-	Maximum velocity is	
			ity.	exceeded: Set to the maxi-	
				mum velocity.	
	Rapid Feed Acceler-	Positive	The value after conversion	Not handled as an error.	
	ation/Deceleration	number, 0	into pulses is 0 or 0.004	Larger than 0 and less than	
			pulses/s2 or more.	0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004	
				pulses/s ² .	
	In-position Range	Positive	-	-	
		number, 0			
	Skip Velocity	Positive	The value after conversion	Not handled as an error.	
		number	into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60	
Limit Set-	Positive Software	Positive	-	pulses/min. -	
tings	Overtravel Limit	number			
	Negative Software	Negative	-	-	
	Overtravel Limit	number			
	Following Error Over	Positive	-	-	
	Value	number, 0			
	Following Error	Positive	-	-	
	Warning Value	number, 0			

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
Homing Settings	Homing Velocity	Positive number	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
	Homing Approach Velocity	Positive number	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
	Homing Accelera- tion/Deceleration	Positive number, 0	The value after conversion into pulses is 0 or 0.004 pulses/s ² or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 pulses/s ² .
	Home Input Mask Distance	Positive number, 0	-	-
	Home Offset	Positive number, negative number, or 0	-	-
	Homing Compensa- tion Value	Positive number, negative number, or 0	-	-
	Homing Compensa- tion Velocity	Positive number	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
Servo Gain Settings	Position Loop Gain	0 to 3000	0, or 0.01 to 3000.0	Larger than 0 and less than 0.01: Not handled as an error but set to 0.01.
	Velocity Feedfor- ward Gain	0 to 100	0, or 0.01 to 100.0	Larger than 0 and less than 0.01: Not handled as an error but set to 0.01.
Gantry Set- tings	Alignment Velocity	Positive number	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
	Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value	Positive number, 0	-	-
	Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value	Positive number, 0	-	-

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Motor Compensation Table Settings

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
Basic Set- tings	Compensation Scail- ing	0 to 2.0	-	-
	Source Compensa- tion Start Position	Positive number, 0, or nega- tive num- ber	-1,000,000 to -0.0000001 0, +0.0000001 to +1,000,000	Not handled as an error. The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.00000001. The absolute value is larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000.
	Source Compensa- tion Section Dis- tance	Positive number	+0.0000001 to +1,000,000	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. Larger than 1,000,000: Set to 10,00,000.

For information about the valid ranges of input variables for CNC instruction function blocks, refer to *11-1-1 Input Variables for CNC Instructions* on page 11-2.

A-2 Cancellation of Digits of Real Type Data

The CNC Function Module mixes single-precision real type data and double-precision real type data for its calculation. For this reason, cancellation of digits occurs when data is converted from double-precision reals into single-precision reals.

Example:

The mantissa part of single-precision reals (REAL) is 23-bit. The number of digits of numbers that can be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is maintained. On the other hand, information loss from over-flowed lower bits occurs when a number that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is handled.

In the following program example, the Data2 value is 16777216.

Variable name	Data type
Data1	LREAL
Data2	LREAL
Data3	REAL

(ST Program)

```
Data1 := 16777217; // 2^23 + 1
Data3 := Data1; // Deceased conversion from LREAL to REAL
Data2 := Data3; // Increased conversion from REAL to LREAL
```

Parameters

The following parameters use single-precision reals (REAL).

Set the parameter by considering the following effects.

Parameter	Effect
CNC Common Parameters	
N/A	
CNC Coordinate System Parar	neters
N/A	
CNC Motor Parameters	
Maximum Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum velocity works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost.
Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum acceleration works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost.
Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum acceleration works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost.
In-position Range	An In-position state may occur in a range different from the defined In-position due to the following two reasons:
	 If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a use-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
	 If a deviation of CNC motor (value obtained by deducting the current position from the commanded position) turns to a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part, a use-set value from which overflowed lower bit infor- mation is lost is used for operation.
Skip Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Positive Software Over- travel Limit	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for software limit.
Negative Software Overtravel Limit	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for software limit.
Homing Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Homing Approach Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Homing Accelera- tion/Deceleration	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Home Offset	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for preset.
Homing Compensation Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Position Loop Gain	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-defined value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for position loop gain.

	Parameter	Effect							
	Velocity Feedforward Gain	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac							
		Studio, a user-defined value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is							
		used for velocity feedforward gain.							
	Alignment Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac							
		Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is							
		used for operation.							
C	NC Motor Compensation Tab	le Parameters							
	N/A								

Retained Variables

The following retained variables use single-precision reals (REAL).

	Parameter	Effect								
CN	NC Motor Retained Variables									
	Absolute Encoder Home	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is restored to								
	Offset	the ABS current position, it is restored with the value from which overflowed								
		lower bit information is lost.								
	Gantry Offset	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is restored to								
		the gantry offset, it is restored with the value from which overflowed lower bit								
		information is lost.								

Precautions for Correct Use

You cannot execute NC programs to a coordinate system if a CNC motor that composes the coordinate system is manually operated. In the same way, the manual operation cannot be executed during execution of the NC program except for the *Hold* (Holding) status.

A

Input Variables for CNC Instructions

To ensure visibility, double-precision reals (LREAL) data is used in PLC program. However, the following variables use single-precision reals (REAL) data for the internal use.

	Input variable	Effect
С	NC_MoveJog	·
	Velocity	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified,
		a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the velocity.
	Acceleration	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified,
		a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the accelera-
		tion/deceleration rate.
С	NC_Move	
	Velocity	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified,
		a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the velocity.
	Acceleration	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified,
		a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the accelera-
		tion/deceleration rate.
С	NC_HomeWithParameter	
	HomingParameter. Vel	Refer to Homing Velocity
	HomingParameter.	Refer to Homing Approach Velocity
	ApproachVel	
	HomingParameter. Acc	Refer to Homing Acceleration/Deceleration
	HomingParameter. Offset	Refer to Home Offset
	HomingParameter. Com-	Refer to Homing Compensation Velocity
	pensationVel	
С	NC_SpindleGo	
	Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a
		user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for
		operation.
С	NC_CoordControl	
	ControlOutputs. Feedrat-	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a
	eVelFactor	user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for
		operation.
	ControlOutputs. Feedrat-	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a
	eVelFactorChangeRate	user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for
		operation.
С	NC_GantrySkewControl	
	GantryOffset	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a
		user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for
		operation.

A-3 Connecting to 1S-series Servo Drives

This section describes connections to an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications.

Basically, the connections are the same as for the Motion Control Function Module. This section, therefore, describes only the differences. For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W507).

A-3-1 Wiring the Servo Drive

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

A-3-2 Servo Drive Settings

Assigning External Input Signals

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

Backlash Compensation

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

PDO Mapping

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

Relationships between CNC Function Module and Process Data

This function changes from the MC Function Module.

The functions of the CNC Function Module are related to the information in the process data objects.

Depending on the EtherCAT slave configuration and functions that are used by the CNC Function Module, you may sometimes need to change the relationships.

To access the settings, click the **Detailed Settings** Button on the CNC Motor Basic Setting Display in Sysmac Studio.

• Output Settings (Controller to Servo Drive)

The settings apply to the command data that is sent from the CNC Function Module to the Servo Drive.

The default settings in Sysmac Studio are listed in the following table. (The O mark indicates a required object for positioning axis assignment/The \triangle mark indicates a required object for spindle axis assignment

Function name	Process data	Description					
$O \triangle$ Control Word	6040 hex-00.0	This data is used to control the status of the Servo					
	(Controlword)	Drive.					
		Set 6040 hex: Controlword.					
O Target Position	607A hex-00.0	The target position for position control. This is used by					
	(Target position)	the positioning axis.					
		Set 607A hex: Target position.					
		It is not used by the spindle axis. 0 is always output.					
riangle Target Velocity	60FF hex-00.0	The target velocity for velocity control. This is used by					
	(Target velocity)	the spindle axis.					
		Normally set 60FF hex: Target velocity.					
		It is not used by the positioning axis. 0 is always output.					
Target Torque	6071 hex-00.0	The target torque for torque control.					
	(Target torque)	This is not used by the CNC Function Module. 0 is always output.					
Max Profile Velocity	607F hex-00.0	The velocity limit value for torque control.					
	(Max profile velocity)	This is not used by the CNC Function Module. The maximum motor velocity is always output.					
\triangle Operation Mode	6060 hex-00.0	This data is required to change the control mode.					
	(Modes of operation)	Normally set 6060 hex: Modes of operation.*1					
		For the positioning axis, always CSP mode (8) is output.					
		For the spindle axis, always CSV mode (9) is output.					
Positive Torque Limit	60E0 hex-00.0	This is the torque limit value in the positive direction.					
Value	(Positive torque limit value)	This is not used by the CNC Function Module. 3000 is always output.					
Negative Torque Limit	60E1 hex-00.0	This is the torque limit value in the negative direction.					
Value	(Negative torque limit value)	This is not used by the CNC Function Module. 3000 is always output.					
Touch Probe Function	60B8 hex-00.0	This data is used to control the touch probe function.					
	(Touch probe function)	It is required for the touch probe functions such as the CNC_Home instruction, CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction, and G31 (Skip Function).					
		Normally set 60B8 hex: Touch probe function.					

*1. If you set 6060 hex (Modes of operation), also set 6061 hex (Modes of operation display). Normal operation is not possible if only one of these two is set.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change the settings, make sure that the desired operations are performed for the CNC Function Module and process data settings.
- If you are not using an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications or G5-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications, always set the Modes of Operation (6060 hex).

• Input Settings (Servo Drive to Controller)

This is the status data settings from the Servo Drive to the CNC Function Module.

The default settings in Sysmac Studio are listed in the following table. (The O mark indicates a required object for positioning axis assignment/The \triangle mark indicates a required object for spindle axis assignment

Function name	Process data	Description					
O∆ Status Word	6041 hex-00.0	The status of the Servo Drive. Set 6041 hex: Sta-					
	(Statusword)	tusword.					
$O \triangle$ Position Actual Value	6064 hex-00.0	Shows the actual position. Set 6064 hex: Position					
	(Position actual value)	actual value.					
Actual velocity	Not set. *1	Shows the actual velocity.					
		This is not used by the CNC Function Module.					
Torque Actual Value	6077 hex	Shows the actual torque.					
	(Torque actual value)	Normally set 6077 hex: Torque actual value.					
riangle Modes of Operation	6061 hex-00.0	Shows the operation mode.					
Display	(Modes of operation dis- play)	Normally set 6061 hex: Modes of operation display. ^{*2}					
Touch probe status	60B9 hex-00.0	Shows the status of the touch probe function.					
	(Touch probe status)	It is required for the touch probe functions such as the CNC_Home instruction, CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction, and G31 (Skip Function).					
		Normally set 60B9 hex: Touch probe status.					
Touch probe pos1 pos	60BA hex-00.0	The latched position for touch probe 1.					
value	(Touch probe pos1 pos value)	It is required for the touch probe functions of the CNC_Home instruction and CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction.					
		Normally set 60BA hex: Touch probe pos1 pos value.					
Touch probe pos2 pos	60BC hex-00.0	The latched position for touch probe 2.					
value	(Touch probe pos2 pos	This is required for G31 (skip function).					
	value)	Normally set 60BC hex: Touch probe pos2 pos value.					
Error Code	603F hex-00.0	The error code in the Servo Drive.					
	(Error code)	Normally set 603F hex: Error code.					

*1. If required, map the selected process data to a PDO before setting it. The standard setting is 606C hex-00.0 (Velocity actual value).

*2. If you set 6061 hex (Modes of operation display), also set 6060 hex (Modes of operation). Normal operation is not possible if only one of these two is set.

Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change the settings, make sure that the desired operations are performed for the CNC Function Module and process data settings.
- If you are not using an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications or G5-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications, always set the Modes of Operation Display (6061 hex).

Digital Input Settings

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

А

A-3-3 Object Settings

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported

Whether multi-execution of CNC instructions is supported depends on the current status of the CNC motor or CNC coordinate system, and on the type of instruction to execute. This section describes the relationships among them.

The following table gives the instructions for which multi-execution is supported and the state transitions for instructions when the instructions are executed for a positioning axis or CNC coordinate system.

The color of the cell in the table shows you if multi-execution of the instruction is supported.

- White : Multi-execution of the instruction is supported.
- Gray : Multi-execution of the instruction is not supported. An error will occur.
- Yellow : Multi-execution of the instruction is not supported. CommandAborted changes to TRUE and execution of the instruction is disabled.

The letters in the table give the state of transition as follows.

- A : Standby
- B : Moving
- C : Executing
- D : Hold
- E : MovingOnHold
- F : Stopping
- G : ErrorStop
- H : CW/CCW

• Operations for Positioning Axis States in CNC Coordinate System when Instructions are Executed

Spindle axis state, and servo lock/unlock state of logical motor number														
			Α			В		С	D	Е	F		G	
Positionii		Standby			Hold Executing		MovingOnHold	Stopping		ErrorStop				
Instruction		Loc	k	Unlock	Loc	:k	Unlock			Hold		Lock	Unlock	
	CNC Coordi- nate System axis state	Standby	CW/ CCW		Standby CW/CCW	Moving								
CNC_Power	(Enable=TRUE)		А			В		С	D	Е	F	G	G	
	(Enable=FALSE)		А			A or B ^{*1}		А	А	А	F		G	
CNC_MoveJo		В		G		G		G	Е	G	F		G	
CNC_Home (axis)		В		G*2		G		G	G	G	F		G	
CNC_Home (В		G		G		G	G	G	F		G	
(Positioning		В		G ^{*2}	G				G	G	F	G		
CNC_HomeW (Spindle axis	/ithParameter)	B G			G				G	G	F	G		
CNC_Gantry	SkewControl *3	B G ^{*2}				G	C	3	F	G				
CNC_Gantry	SkewControl *4	В			G			G	G		F		G	
CNC_Move (F axis)	Positioning	В		G	G			G	Е	G	F		G	
CNC_Move (S	Spindle axis)	В	B G			G					F		G	
CNC_SyncMo	oveAbsolute	В		G	G		G	E	G	F		G		
CNC_Spindle	Go	A		G	B ^{*5} G ^{*5}		G	D	Е	F		G		
CNC_CoordC	Control *6*7		А		В				D	Е	F		G	
CNC_CoordF	leset		А		В				D	Е	F		A	
CNC_CoordHalt			А		A				D	D	F		G	
CNC_CoordStop			F			F		F	F	F	F		G	
CNC_CoordImmdiateStop			G			G		G	G	G	G		G	
CNC_CoordCatchMCode			<u>A</u>			В		C	D	E	F		G	
CNC_CoordResetMCode			A			B		C	D	E	F		G	
ResetCNCEr	or		A			B		C	D	E E	F F		A G	
CNC_Write CNC_Read			A A			B		C C	D D	E	F		G G	
CNC_LoadPr	ogramFile		A			В		C *8	D *8	E *8	F		G	

*1. A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, B.

*2. This instruction can be executed only in PresetMode, even when the Servo is unlocked.

*3. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:

- •_cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)
- _cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)
- *4. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:
 - _cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)
 - _cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)

*5. Multi-execution of CNC_SpindleGo instruction is not possible while the spindle axis is in *Moving*.

- *6. CycleStart can be accepted in Standby only if the Servo of all the CNC motors assigned to the coordinate system are locked and home is defined for all the CNC motors of positioning axes. If the conditions for the acceptance are not met, an error occurs.
- *7. CycleStart cannot be executed while CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is running.
- *8. Multi-execution of CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is not possible while an NC program is running, or in Hold.

Α

• Operations for Spindle Axis States in the CNC Coordinate System when Instructions are Executed

	Spindle axis state, and servo lock/unlock state of logical motor number																		
					Α			Н					B	F		G			
Spindle axis state		Standby					CW/CCW						Moving		Stopping		ErrorStop		
Servo lock/unlock state		Lock				Unlock	Lock					Unlock	Lock	Unlock		Lock	Unlock		
Instruction	CNC Coordi- nate System axis state	Standby	Moving	Executing	Hold	MovingOnHold		Standby	Moving	Executing	Hold	MovingOnHold							
	(Enable=TRUE)				Α						Н				В	F		G	
CNC_Power (Enable=FAL	.SE)				A					A	\ or I	H ^{*1}		Ac	or B ^{*2}	F		G	
CNC_MoveJ		А	G	G	А	G	G	Н	G	G	Н	G	G		G	F		G	
CNC_Home (axis)	(Positioning	А	G	G	G	G	G ^{*3}	Н	G	G	G	G	G	G		F		G	
CNC_Home	(Spindle axis)	В	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		F	G		
CNC_HomeV (Positioning	VithParameter axis)	А	G	G	G	G	G ^{*3}	Н	G	G	G	G	G	G		F	G		
CNC_HomeV (Spindle axis	VithParameter s)	В	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		F	G		
CNC_Gantry	SkewControl *4	А	G	G	G	G	G ^{*3}	В	G	G	G	G	G ^{*3}	G		F		G	
-	SkewControl *5	А	G	G	G	G	A	В	G	G	G	G	В	G		F		G	
CNC_Move (axis)		А	G	G	А	G	G	н	G	G	н	G	G	G		F	G		
CNC_Move (Spindle axis)	В	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		G	F		G	
CNC_SyncM	oveAbsolute	А	G	G	А	G	G	Н	G	G	Н	G	G		G	F		G	
CNC_Spindle		Н	Η	G	Н	Н	G	Η	Н	G	Н	Н	G	(G ^{*6}	F		G	
CNC_Coord					Α			Н					В	F		G			
CNC_Coord			1		A	1	1		r		Н	1	1		В	F		A	
	CNC_CoordHalt		Α	G	Α	A	A	Н	Н	G	Н	Н	Н		A	F		G	
CNC_CoordStop F					F				F	F		G							
CNC_Coord	mmdiateStop				G						G H				G B	G F		G G	
CNC_Coord					A						н Н				B	F		G	
ResetCNCEr					A						п Н			B		F		A	
CNC_Write					A						H			В		F		G	
CNC_Read					A						н				B	F		G	
CNC_LoadP	rogramFile	А	А		A ^{*9}		Α	Н	н		H ^{*9}		Н		B	F		G	
	a targat matar ia g							. ·	L .	l	••			1					

*1. A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, H.

*2. A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, B.

*3. This instruction can be executed only in *PresetMode*, even when the Servo is unlocked.

*4. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:

_cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)

_cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)

- *5. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:
 - •_cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)
 - _cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)
- *6. Multi-execution of CNC_SpindleGo instruction is not possible while the spindle axis is in *Moving*.
- *7. CycleStart in Standby and CW/CCW can be accepted only if the Servo of all the CNC motors assigned to the coordinate system are locked and home is defined for all the CNC motors of positioning axes. If the conditions for the acceptance are not met, an error occurs.
- *8. CycleStart cannot be executed while CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is running.
- *9. Multi-execution of CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is not possible while an NC program is running, or in Hold.

Α

A-5 Version Information

This appendix provides information related to the upgrade of CNC version.

CNC Function

• Functions That Were Added for CNC Version 1.02

Function	Description
Added parameters to the CNC	The Lookahead Distance and Override Method Selection were added to
coordinate system parameters.	the CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings, and the CNC Coordinate
	System Extended Operation Settings were added.
Added parameters to the CNC	The Rapid Feed Velocity was added to the Operation Settings, and the
motor parameters.	CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings were added.
Added a variable to the CNC coor-	The Velocity Limit Over status was added.
dinate system variables and the	
CNC motor variables.	

CNC Instructions

The CNC instructions that are supported and their specifications depend on the CNC version.

These are given in the following table.

Instruction	Name	New/ Changed	CNC version	Reference
CNC_CoordControl	CNC Coordinate System NC	Changed	Ver. 1.02	P. 12-2
	Control			
CNC_Write	Write CNC Setting	Changed	Ver. 1.02	P. 13-2
CNC_Read	Read CNC Setting	Changed	Ver. 1.02	P. 13-11

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