OMRON

Machine Automation Controller Industrial PC Platform

NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller

User's Manual

NJ501-5300 NY532-5400





O030-E1-06

- NOTE -

- 1. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form, or by any means, mechanical, electronic, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of OMRON.
- No patent liability is assumed with respect to the use of the information contained herein. Moreover, because OMRON is constantly striving to improve its high-quality products, the information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice.
- 3. Every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this manual. Nevertheless, OMRON assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions.

Neither is any liability assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained in this publication.

- Trademarks

- Sysmac and SYSMAC are trademarks or registered trademarks of OMRON Corporation in Japan and other countries for OMRON factory automation products.
- Microsoft, Windows, Excel, Visual Basic, and Microsoft Edge are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.
- EtherCAT® is registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH, Germany.
- ODVA, CIP, CompoNet, DeviceNet, and EtherNet/IP are trademarks of ODVA.
- The SD and SDHC logos are trademarks of SD-3C, LLC.
- Intel and Intel Core are trademarks of Intel Corporation in the U.S. and / or other countries.

Other company names and product names in this document are the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

– Copyrights -

Microsoft product screen shots used with permission from Microsoft.

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller. ("NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller" is sometimes abbreviated as "NC Integrated Controller".)

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the NC Integrated Controller. Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the NC Integrated Controller before you attempt to use it in a control system.

Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

This manual only describes functions that are added to NJ501-5300 or NY532-5400.

When you use NJ501-5300, also consult manuals for the NJ-series listed in *Related Manuals* on page 27 for functions common to NJ501-

When you use NY532-5400, also consult manuals for the NY-series listed in *Related Manuals* on page 27 for functions common to NY532-DDD Series including NY532-1DD.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems
- Personnel in charge of designing FA systems
- Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems
- Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities

This manual is also intended for personnel who understand the following contents.

- For programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard IEC 61131-3 or Japanese standard JIS 3503.
- For NC programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard ISO 6983-1 or Japanese standard JIS 6315.

Applicable Products

This manual covers the following products.

- NJ-series NC Integrated Controller NJ501-5300
- NY-series NC Integrated Controller NY532-5400

Relevant Manuals

The following table lists the relevant manuals for this product. Read all of the manuals that are relevant to your system configuration and application before you use this product.

Most operations are performed from the Sysmac Studio and CNC Operator Automation Software.

Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W504) for information on the Sysmac Studio, and *CNC Operator Operation Manual* (Cat. No. 0032) for the CNC Operator.

Relevant Manuals for NJ Series

| | | | | | Ма | nual | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Bas | ic informa | ation |] | | | | | | |
| Purpose of use | NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual | NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual | NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual | NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual | NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual | NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT [®] Port User's Manual | NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP™ Port User's Manual | NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual | NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual | NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual |
| Introduction to NJ-series Controllers | • | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Setting devices and hardware | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | | | | • | | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | • | | | | | • | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Software settings | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | | | | • | | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | | • | | | | • | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Using numerical control | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Writing the user program | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | | 1 | | • | • | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | | | | | | • | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | | 1 • | • | | | | • | | | |
| Using numerical control | | 1 | | | | | | • | • | |
| Programming error processing | | 1 | | | | | | | | • |
| Testing operation and debugging | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | | 1 | | • | | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | | • | | | | • | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | | 1 | | | | | • | | | |
| Using numerical control | | 1 | | | | | | • | | |

| | Basi | Manual Basic information | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Purpose of use | NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual | NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual | NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual | NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual | NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual | NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT [®] Port User's Manual | NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP TM Port User's Manual | NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual | NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual | NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual |
| Learning about error management and corrections ^{*1} | \bigtriangleup | Δ | | Δ | | Δ | \bigtriangleup | Δ | | • |
| Maintenance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | | | | • | | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | • | | | | | • | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | | | | | | | • | | | |

*1. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for error management concepts and an overview of the items subject to errors. Refer to the manuals that are indicated with triangles for details on errors for the corresponding Units.

Relevant Manuals for NY Series

| | Manual | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| | Basic information | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Purpose of use | NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual | NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual | NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual | NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual | NY-series Instructions Reference Manual | NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual | NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual | NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual | NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual | NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual | NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual | NY-series Troubleshooting Manual |
| Introduction to NY-series Panel PCs | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Introduction to NY-series Box PCs | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Setting devices and hardware | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | - | | | | | 0 | | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | 0 | 0 | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | - | | | | | | | | 0 | | | |
| Making setup ^{*1} | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Making initial settings | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Preparing to use Controllers | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Software settings | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | | | | - | | 0 | | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | | | | Ŭ | | | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Using numerical control | | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | |
| Writing the user program | 1 | | | | | | | | | 0 | | |
| Using motion control | | | | 1 | | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | | | | - | | | Ŭ | 0 | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | | | | 0 | 0 | | | - | 0 | | | |
| Using numerical control | | | | 1 | | | | | | 0 | 0 | |
| Programming error processing | | | | 1 | | | | | | - | | 0 |
| Testing operation and debugging | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | | | | 1 | | 0 | | | | | | |
| Using EtherCAT | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | | | | 1 | | | | | 0 | | | |
| Using numerical control | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | 0 | | |
| Learning about error management and | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 6 |
| corrections ^{*2} | | | | | | | | | | \triangle | | 0 |
| Maintenance | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Using motion control | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | |
| Using EtherCAT | 0 | 0 | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Using EtherNet/IP | 1 | | | | | | | | 0 | | | |

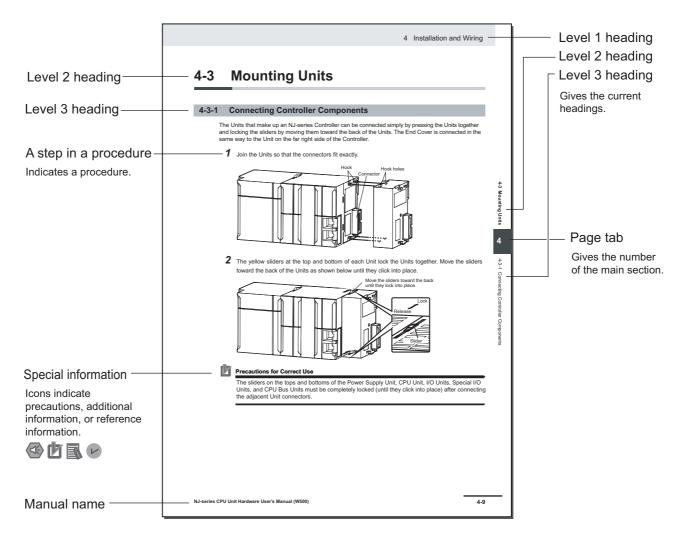
*1. Refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568) for how to set up and how to use the utilities on Windows.

*2. Refer to the NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564) for the error management concepts and an overview of the items subject to errors.

Manual Structure

Page Structure and Symbols

The following page structure and symbols are used in this manual.



Note This illustration is only provided as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.

Special Information

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:

Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.

Precautions for Correct Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.



Additional Information

Additional information to read as required.

This information is provided to increase understanding and ease of operation.



Version Information

Information on differences in specifications and functionality for NC Integrated Controller with different unit versions and for different versions of the Sysmac Studio and the CNC Operator are given.

Note References are provided to more detailed or related information.

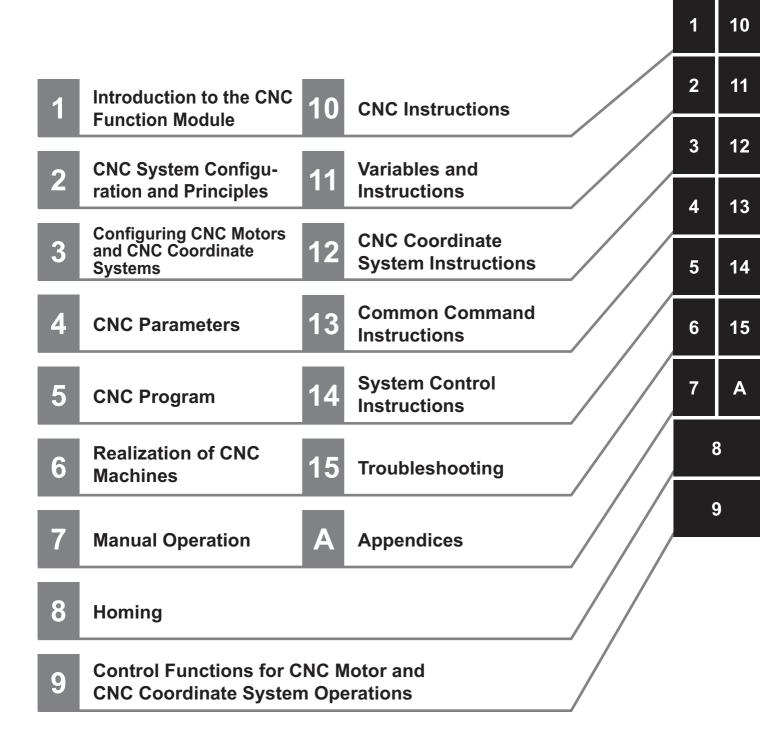
Precaution on Terminology

 In this manual, "download" refers to transferring data from the Sysmac Studio to the physical Controller and "upload" refers to transferring data from the physical Controller to the Sysmac Studio.

For the Sysmac Studio, synchronization is used to both upload and download data. Here, "synchronize" means to automatically compare the data for the Sysmac Studio on the computer with the data in the physical Controller and transfer the data in the direction that is specified by the user.

- Some of the instructions described in this manual are common to NJ/NY-series as well. Therefore, note the following conditions.
- (a) NJ-series enables you to connect a computer that runs the Support Software directly to the CPU Unit with a USB connection. However, NY-series has no peripheral USB port. For details, refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) or the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558).
- (b) NY-series Controllers have no SD Memory Card slots. Instead, they provide the Virtual SD Memory Card function that uses the Windows shared folder. Therefore, replace the term SD Memory Card with Virtual SD Memory Card. For details on the Virtual SD Memory Card, refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558) or the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568).

Sections in this Manual



CONTENTS

| Introduction | 1 |
|---|-----|
| Intended Audience | |
| Applicable Products | |
| | |
| Relevant Manuals | 2 |
| Relevant Manuals for NJ Series | 2 |
| Relevant Manuals for NY Series | |
| Manual Structure | 5 |
| Page Structure and Symbols | |
| Special Information | |
| Precaution on Terminology | 7 |
| Sections in this Manual | 9 |
| | |
| Terms and Conditions Agreement | |
| Warranty, Limitations of Liability | |
| Application Considerations | |
| Disclaimers Statement of security responsibilities for assumed use cases and against threats | |
| | |
| Safety Precautions | 20 |
| Precautions for Safe Use | |
| | |
| Precautions for Correct Use | 22 |
| Regulations and Standards | 23 |
| Vereiene | 0.4 |
| Versions | |
| Checking Versions | 24 |
| Related Manuals | 27 |
| Terminology | |
| | |
| Revision History | |

Section 1 Introduction to the CNC Function Module

| 1-1 | Featu | res | 1-2 |
|-----|-------|----------------------------|-----|
| 1-2 | Syste | m Configuration | 1-4 |
| 1-3 | Basic | Flow of Operation | 1-6 |
| 1-4 | Speci | fications | |
| | 1-4-1 | General Specifications | |
| | 1-4-2 | Performance Specifications | |
| | 1-4-3 | Function Specifications | |
| | | NC Program Specifications | |

Section 2 CNC System Configuration and Principles

| 2-1 | Internal Structure of NC Integrated Controller | 2-2 | 2 |
|-----|--|-----|---|
|-----|--|-----|---|

| 2-2 | CNC S | System Configuration | 2-4 |
|-----|--------|---|-----------|
| | 2-2-1 | Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller | |
| | 2-2-2 | Configuration of NC Integrated Controller and Drive Control | 2-5 |
| | 2-2-3 | Configuration of NC Program | 2-6 |
| 2-3 | Relati | onship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program | 2-8 |
| 2-4 | Confie | guration of Variables | 2-10 |
| | 2-4-1 | What is the NC Program Variable? | |
| | 2-4-2 | NC Program Variable Types | |
| 2-5 | Princi | ple of Task Processing | 2-14 |
| 2-6 | Relati | onship with EtherCAT Communications | 2-19 |
| | 2-6-1 | CAN Application Protocol over EtherCAT (CoE) | |
| | 2-6-2 | Relationship between EtherCAT Master Function Module and CNC Function Module | |
| | 2-6-3 | Relationship between Process Data Communications Cycle and the Control Period for Se 2-21 | rvo Drive |

Section 3 Configuring CNC Motors and CNC Coordinate Systems

| 3-1 | CNC I | Notors | 3-2 |
|-----|-------|--|-----|
| 3-2 | CNC (| Coordinate System | 3-3 |
| | | Configuration of CNC Coordinate System | |
| | | Types of Coordinate Systems | |
| | | Reference Point | |

Section 4 CNC Parameters

| 4-1 | Introdu | uction | 4-2 |
|-----|---------|---|------|
| 4-2 | CNC C | ommon Parameter Settings | 4-5 |
| | | List of CNC Common Parameters | |
| | 4-2-2 | CNC Planner Service Settings | |
| 4-3 | CNC C | oordinate System Parameter Settings | 4-6 |
| | 4-3-1 | List of CNC Coordinate System Parameters | |
| | 4-3-2 | CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings | 4-8 |
| | 4-3-3 | CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings | 4-14 |
| | 4-3-4 | NC Program Default Settings | 4-15 |
| | 4-3-5 | Tool Compensation Settings | 4-16 |
| | 4-3-6 | Work Coordinate System Offset Settings | 4-17 |
| | 4-3-7 | Reference Point Settings | 4-18 |
| | 4-3-8 | M Code Settings | 4-19 |
| | 4-3-9 | Spindle Axis Operation Settings | 4-20 |
| | 4-3-10 | CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings | 4-22 |
| 4-4 | CNC M | lotor Parameter Settings | 4-23 |
| | 4-4-1 | List of CNC Motor Parameters | 4-23 |
| | 4-4-2 | CNC Motor Basic Settings | 4-25 |
| | 4-4-3 | Unit Conversion Settings | 4-27 |
| | 4-4-4 | Operation Settings | 4-30 |
| | 4-4-5 | Other Operation Settings | 4-32 |
| | 4-4-6 | Limit Settings | 4-32 |
| | 4-4-7 | Position Count Settings | 4-33 |
| | 4-4-8 | Servo Drive Settings | 4-33 |
| | 4-4-9 | Homing Settings | 4-34 |
| | 4-4-10 | Servo Gain Settings | 4-36 |
| | 4-4-11 | Gantry Settings | 4-37 |
| | 4-4-12 | CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings | 4-38 |
| 4-5 | CNC M | lotor Compensation Table Parameter Settings | 4-39 |

Section 5 CNC Program

| 5-1 | Seque | nce Control Program | 5-2 |
|-----|--------|--|-----|
| 5-2 | Status | Transitions | 5-3 |
| | 5-2-1 | Status of the CNC Function Module | 5-3 |
| | 5-2-2 | Statuses of CNC Coordinate System | |
| 5-3 | CNC S | System-defined Variables | 5-5 |
| | 5-3-1 | Overview of CNC System-defined Variables | |
| | 5-3-2 | Mechanism of CNC System-defined Variables | |
| | 5-3-3 | Lists of CNC System-defined Variables | 5-8 |
| 5-4 | | lotor Compensation Table | |
| | 5-4-1 | Editing the CNC Motor Compensation Table | |
| | 5-4-2 | Edit | |
| | 5-4-3 | Enabling/Disabling CNC Motor Compensation Table | |
| | 5-4-4 | Saving | |
| | 5-4-5 | Functions and Purposes of CNC Motor Compensation Table | |
| | 5-4-6 | Terminology | |
| | 5-4-7 | Outline | |
| | 5-4-8 | Basic Settings | |
| | 5-4-9 | Setting Example | |
| | 5-4-10 | CNC Motor Compensation Table Specifications | |

Section 6 Realization of CNC Machines

| 6-1 | 1 M Codes | | | | | | |
|-----|----------------|--|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 6-2 | Tool Functions | | | | | | |
| | 6-2-1 | Method for Realizing Tool Data Management | 6-3 | | | | |
| | 6-2-2 | Method for Realizing Tool Change | 6-4 | | | | |
| 6-3 | Reali | zation of the Function of Spindle Axis | 6-8 | | | | |
| | 6-3-1 | Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with CNC Function Module | 6-8 | | | | |
| | 6-3-2 | Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with General-purpose I/O Control or Mule6-10 | 1C Function Mod- | | | | |
| | 6-3-3 | When No Spindle Axis is Assigned | 6-12 | | | | |
| 6-4 | Conn | ect with MPG | 6-13 | | | | |

Section 7 Manual Operation

| 7-1 | Turnir | ng ON the Servo | 7-2 |
|-----|--------|--------------------------------|-----|
| 7-2 | Joggi | ng | 7-3 |
| | 7-2-1 | Jogging Procedure | 7-3 |
| | | Setting CNC Parameters | |
| | | Input Variable Setting Example | |
| | | Programming Example | |

Section 8 Homing

| 8-1 | Outline | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--|
| 8-2 | Homing Procedure | |
| | 8-2-1 Setting Homing Parameters | |
| | 8-2-2 Monitoring the Homing Operation | |
| 8-3 | Homing Operation | |
| 8-4 | Homing with an Absolute Encoder | |
| | 8-4-1 Outline of Functions | |

| 8-4-2 | Setting Procedure | 8-1 | 3 |
|-------|-------------------|-----|---|
|-------|-------------------|-----|---|

Section 9 Control Functions for CNC Motor and CNC Coordinate System Operations

| 9-1 | CNC Motor Position Control | |
|-----|---|--------|
| | 9-1-1 Outline of Operations | |
| | 9-1-2 Absolute Positioning | |
| | 9-1-3 Relative Positioning | |
| | 9-1-4 Cyclic Synchronous Positioning | |
| | 9-1-5 Stopping | |
| 9-2 | CNC Motor Velocity Control | |
| | 9-2-1 Cyclic Velocity Control | |
| | 9-2-2 Position Loop by Cyclic Velocity Control | |
| 9-3 | Common Functions for CNC Motor Control | |
| | 9-3-1 Positions | |
| | 9-3-2 Velocity | |
| | 9-3-3 Acceleration Control | |
| | 9-3-4 Gantry Control | |
| 9-4 | CNC Coordinate System Position Control | |
| | 9-4-1 Outline of Operations | |
| | 9-4-2 Preparatory Function (G code) | |
| 9-5 | Common Functions for CNC Coordinate System Position Contr | ol9-21 |
| 9-6 | Other Functions | |
| | 9-6-1 Latching | |
| | 9-6-2 Software Limit | |
| | 9-6-3 In-position Check | |
| | • | |

Section 10 CNC Instructions

| 10-1 | Overvi | ew of CNC Instructions | 10-2 |
|------|--------|--|------|
| | 10-1-1 | Types of CNC Instructions | 10-2 |
| | 10-1-2 | State Transitions | 10-2 |
| | 10-1-3 | Execution and Status of CNC Instructions | 10-2 |
| | 10-1-4 | Error Processing | 10-2 |
| | 10-1-5 | Changing Input Variables during Execution of CNC Instruction (Restarting Instructions) | 10-3 |
| | 10-1-6 | Multi-execution of CNC Instructions | 10-3 |
| 10-2 | Basic | Information on CNC Instructions | 10-4 |
| | 10-2-1 | CNC Instruction Names | 10-4 |
| | 10-2-2 | Languages for CNC Instructions. | 10-4 |
| | 10-2-3 | CNC Instruction Locations | 10-4 |
| | 10-2-4 | Simultaneous Execution of CNC Instructions | 10-8 |
| | 10-2-5 | Online Editing of CNC Instructions | 10-9 |
| | | Changes the Operation Mode of the NC Integrated Controller | |
| | 10-2-5 | Online Editing of CNC Instructions | 10-9 |

Section 11 Variables and Instructions

| 11-1 | Variabl | es | |
|------|---------|---|-------|
| | | Input Variables for CNC Instructions | |
| | | Output Variables for CNC Instructions | |
| | | In-Out Variables for CNC Instructions | |
| 11-2 | List of | CNC Instructions | 11-10 |
| | | | |
| | 11-2-1 | Common Commands | |
| | | Common Commands CNC Coordinate System Commands | |

| 11-3-1 | Required Objects | 11-12 |
|--------|--|-------|
| 11-3-2 | Objects Required for Specific Instructions | 11-13 |

Section 12 CNC Coordinate System Instructions

| CNC_CoordControl | |
|------------------------|--------|
| CNC_CoordCatchMCode | |
| CNC_CoordResetMCode | |
| CNC_CoordReset | |
| CNC_CoordStop | |
| CNC_CoordImmediateStop | |
| CNC_CoordHalt | |
| CNC_Power | |
| CNC_MoveJog | |
| CNC_Home | |
| CNC_HomeWithParameter | |
| CNC_Move | |
| CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute | |
| CNC_SpindleGo | 12-115 |
| CNC_GantrySkewControl | |

Section 13 Common Command Instructions

| CNC_Write | |
|---------------------|--|
| CNC Read | |
| CNC_LoadProgramFile | |

Section 14 System Control Instructions

| ResetCNCError | 2 |
|---------------|---|
| GetCNCError | 4 |

Section 15 Troubleshooting

| 15-1 Errors Related to the CNC Function Module | |
|---|--|
| 15-1-1 Error Locations Related to the CNC Function Module | |
| 15-1-2 Types | |
| 15-1-3 Event Levels | |
| 15-1-4 Errors for each Source in CNC Function Module | |
| 15-1-5 EtherCAT Communication, EtherCAT Slave, and NX Unit Errors | |
| 15-1-6 Servo Drive Errors | |
| 15-1-7 NX Unit Errors | |
| 15-2 Troubleshooting | |
| 15-2-1 How to Check Errors | |
| 15-2-2 How to Reset Error | |
| 15-3 Error Lists | |
| 15-3-1 Interpreting Error Descriptions | |
| 15-3-2 Error Lists | |
| 15-4 Error Descriptions | |
| 15-4-1 How to Check Error Contents | |
| 15-4-2 Error Descriptions | |

Appendices

| A-1 | Valid Range of CNC Parameter Settings | A-2 |
|-----|--|-----|
| A-2 | Cancellation of Digits of Real Type Data | A-7 |

| A-3 | Conne | ecting to 1S-series Servo Drives | A-11 |
|-----|--------|---|------|
| | | Wiring the Servo Drive | |
| | | Servo Drive Settings | |
| | | Object Settings | |
| A-4 | Instru | ctions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported | A-15 |
| A-5 | Versio | on Information | A-20 |
| | | | |

Terms and Conditions Agreement

Warranty, Limitations of Liability

Warranties

Exclusive Warranty

Omron's exclusive warranty is that the Products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of twelve months from the date of sale by Omron (or such other period expressed in writing by Omron). Omron disclaims all other warranties, express or implied.

Limitations

OMRON MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ABOUT NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. BUYER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE.

Omron further disclaims all warranties and responsibility of any type for claims or expenses based on infringement by the Products or otherwise of any intellectual property right.

• Buyer Remedy

Omron's sole obligation hereunder shall be, at Omron's election, to (i) replace (in the form originally shipped with Buyer responsible for labor charges for removal or replacement thereof) the non-complying Product, (ii) repair the non-complying Product, or (iii) repay or credit Buyer an amount equal to the purchase price of the non-complying Product; provided that in no event shall Omron be responsible for warranty, repair, indemnity or any other claims or expenses regarding the Products unless Omron's analysis confirms that the Products were properly handled, stored, installed and maintained and not subject to contamination, abuse, misuse or inappropriate modification. Return of any Products by Buyer must be approved in writing by Omron before shipment. Omron Companies shall not be liable for the suitability or unsuitability or the results from the use of Products in combination with any electrical or electronic components, circuits, system assemblies or any other materials or substances or environments. Any advice, recommendations or information given orally or in writing, are not to be construed as an amendment or addition to the above warranty.

See http://www.omron.com/global/ or contact your Omron representative for published information.

Limitation on Liability; Etc

OMRON COMPANIES SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CON-SEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS OR PRODUCTION OR COMMERCIAL LOSS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PRODUCTS, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE OR STRICT LIABILITY.

Further, in no event shall liability of Omron Companies exceed the individual price of the Product on which liability is asserted.

Application Considerations

Suitability of Use

Omron Companies shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes or regulations which apply to the combination of the Product in the Buyer's application or use of the Product. At Buyer's request, Omron will provide applicable third party certification documents identifying ratings and limitations of use which apply to the Product. This information by itself is not sufficient for a complete determination of the suitability of the Product in combination with the end product, machine, system, or other application or use. Buyer shall be solely responsible for determining appropriateness of the particular Product with respect to Buyer's application, product or system. Buyer shall take application responsibility in all cases.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCT FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY OR IN LARGE QUANTITIES WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCT(S) IS PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIP-MENT OR SYSTEM.

Programmable Products

Omron Companies shall not be responsible for the user's programming of a programmable Product, or any consequence thereof.

Disclaimers

Performance Data

Data presented in Omron Company websites, catalogs and other materials is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of Omron's test conditions, and the user must correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the Omron's Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

Change in Specifications

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. It is our practice to change part numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the Product may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special part numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application. Please consult with your Omron's representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased Product.

Errors and Omissions

Information presented by Omron Companies has been checked and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for clerical, typographical or proofreading errors or omissions.

Statement of security responsibilities for assumed use cases and against threats

OMRON SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE AND/OR LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS, DAMAGE, OR EXPENSES DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY RESULTING FROM THE INFECTION OF OMRON PROD-UCTS, ANY SOFTWARE INSTALLED THEREON OR ANY COMPUTER EQUIPMENT, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, NETWORKS, DATABASES OR OTHER PROPRIETARY MATERIAL CONNECTED THERETO BY DISTRIBUTED DENIAL OF SERVICE ATTACK, COMPUTER VIRUSES, OTHER TECHNOLOGICALLY HARMFUL MATERIAL AND/OR UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS.

It shall be the users sole responsibility to determine and use adequate measures and checkpoints to satisfy the users particular requirements for (i) antivirus protection, (ii) data input and output, (iii) maintaining a means for reconstruction of lost data, (iv) preventing Omron Products and/or software installed thereon from being infected with computer viruses and (v) protecting Omron Products from unauthorized access.

Safety Precautions

Refer to the following manuals for safety precautions.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Precautions for Safe Use

Refer to the following manuals for precautions for safe use.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Numerical Control

- When you have changed CNC motor compensation table values with CNC Operator, be sure to save the values to the retained memory or to a file and load them when the power is turned ON again. If the CNC motor compensation table values are not saved, the previous condition will be restored when the power is turned ON thus possibly causing the machine to operate unexpectedly.
- When you execute feed hold reset, the tool automatically returns to the feed hold stop position with rapid feed. For this reason ensure that there are no obstacles in the way of the execution of feed hold reset.
- The operation is not restricted by **Maximum Velocity** and **Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration** in the Operation Settings of CNC motor when the time-base override method is used.

Check that **VelLimit** (Velocity Limit Over) is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds **Maximum Velocity**.

Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to the following manuals for precautions for correct use.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Numerical Control

Use the system-defined variable in the user program to confirm that EtherCAT communications are
established before you attempt to execute CNC instructions. CNC instructions are not executed normally if EtherCAT communications are not established.

Regulations and Standards

Refer to the following manuals for regulations and standards.

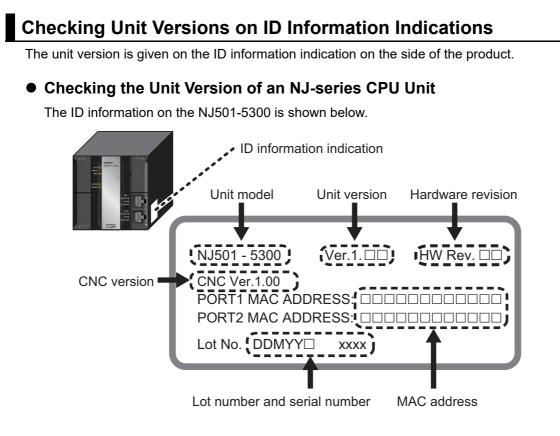
- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)

Versions

Hardware revisions and unit versions are used to manage the hardware and software in NJ/NY-series Units and EtherCAT slaves. The hardware revision or unit version is updated each time there is a change in hardware or software specifications. Even when two Units or EtherCAT slaves have the same model number, they will have functional or performance differences if they have different hardware revisions or unit versions.

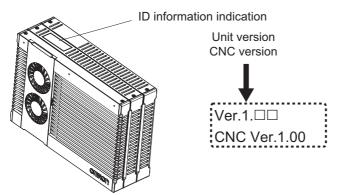
Checking Versions

You can check versions on the ID information indications or with the Sysmac Studio.



• Checking the Unit Version of an NY-series Controller

The ID information on an NY-series NY5□2-1□□□ Controller is shown below.



Checking Unit Versions with the Sysmac Studio

You can use the Sysmac Studio to check unit versions. The procedure is different for Units and for EtherCAT slaves.

• Checking the Unit Version of an NJ-series CPU Unit

You can use the Production Information while the Sysmac Studio is online to check the unit version of a Unit. You can do this for the CPU Unit, CJ-series Special I/O Units, and CJ-series CPU Bus Units. You cannot check the unit versions of CJ-series Basic I/O Units with the Sysmac Studio.

Use the following procedure to check the unit version.

1 Double-click CPU/Expansion Racks under Configurations and Setup in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click CPU/Expansion Racks under Configurations and Setup and select Edit from the menu.

The Unit Editor is displayed.

2 Right-click any open space in the Unit Editor and select **Production Information**.

The Production Information Dialog Box is displayed.

• Checking the Unit Version of an NY-series Controller

You can use the Production Information while the Sysmac Studio is online to check the unit version of a Unit. You can only do this for the Controller.

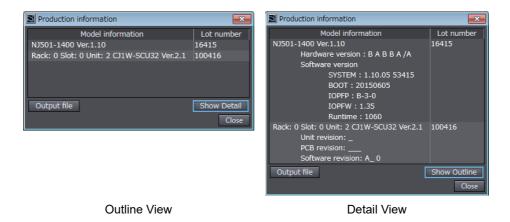
1 Right-click CPU Rack under Configurations and Setup - CPU/Expansion Racks in the Multiview Explorer and select Production Information.

The Production Information Dialog Box is displayed.

Changing Information Displayed in Production Information Dialog Box

1 Click the **Show Detail** or **Show Outline** Button at the lower right of the **Production Information** Dialog Box.

The view will change between the production information details and outline.



The information displayed is different for the Outline View and Detail View. The Detail View displays the unit version, hardware version, and software version. The Outline View displays only the unit version.

Note The hardware revision is separated by "/" and displayed on the right of the hardware version.

• Checking the Unit Version of an EtherCAT Slave

You can use the Production Information while the Sysmac Studio is online to check the unit version of an EtherCAT slave. Use the following procedure to check the unit version.

1 Double-click **EtherCAT** under **Configurations and Setup** in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click **EtherCAT** under **Configurations and Setup** and select **Edit** from the menu.

The EtherCAT Tab Page is displayed.

2 Right-click the master on the EtherCAT Tab Page and select **Display Production Information**.

The Production Information Dialog Box is displayed.

The unit version is displayed after "Rev."

| | Production Information | × |
|---|--|---------------|
| I | Type information | Serial number |
| I | Node1 R88D-KN01L-ECT Rev:2.1 (OMRON Corporation) | 0x00000000 |
| I | Node2 R88D-KN01L-ECT Rev:2.1 (OMRON Corporation) | 0x0000000 |
| | | |
| | Output file | |
| l | Close | |

- Changing Information Displayed in Production Information Dialog Box
 - 1 Click the Show Detail or Show Outline Button at the lower right of the Production Information Dialog Box.

The view will change between the production information details and outline.

| Production Information | — | Production Information | X |
|--|---------------|--|---------------|
| Type information | Serial number | Type information | Serial number |
| Node11 NX-ECC201 Rev:1.2 (OMRON Corporation) | 0xB0002AD4 | Node11 NX-ECC201 Rev:1.2 (OMRON Corporation) | 0xB0002AD4 |
| Node5 E3X-ECT Rev:1.0 (OMRON Corporation) | 0xB0000009 | Hardware Version : V1.00 | |
| | | Software Version : V1.02 | |
| | | Node5 E3X-ECT Rev:1.0 (OMRON Corporation) | 0xB0000009 |
| | | Hardware Version : V1.00 | |
| | | Software Version : V1.00 | |
| Output file Close | Show Detail | Output file | Show Outline |
| | | Close | |

Outline View

Detail View

Related Manuals

| The following manuals are related. Use these manuals for reference. |
|---|
|---|

| Manual name | Cat. No. | Model numbers | Application | Description |
|--|----------|---|--|--|
| NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual | W500 | NJ501-□□□ NJ301-□□□ NJ101-□□□ | Learning the basic specifications of the NJ-series CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and main- tenance. Mainly hardware infor- mation is provided. | An introduction to the entire NJ-series system is provided along with the following informa- tion on the CPU Unit. • Features and system configuration • Introduction • Part names and functions • General specifications • Installation and wiring • Maintenance and inspection |
| NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual | W501 | NX701-□□□ NX1P2-□□□ NJ501-□□□ NJ301-□□□ NJ101-□□□ | Learning how to pro- gram and set up an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Mainly software infor- mation is provided. | The following information is provided on a Controller built with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. CPU Unit operation CPU Unit features Initial settings Programming based on IEC 61131-3 lan- guage specifications |
| NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual | W502 | NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ301-000 | Learning detailed specifications on the basic instructions of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. | The instructions in the instruction set (IEC 61131-3 specifications) are described. |
| NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual | W507 | NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ301-000 | Learning about motion control set- tings and program- ming concepts. | The settings and operation of the CPU Unit and programming concepts for motion control are described. |
| NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual | W508 | NX701-000 NX1P2-0000 NJ501-0000 NJ301-0000 NJ101-0000 | Learning about the specifications of the motion control instructions. | The motion control instructions are described. |
| NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT® Port User's Manual | W505 | NX701-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000 | Using the built-in Eth- erCAT port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. | Information on the built-in EtherCAT port is provided. This manual provides an introduction and pro- vides information on the configuration, fea- tures, and setup. |
| NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP [™] Port User's Manual | W506 | NX701-000 NX1P2-0000 NJ501-0000 NJ301-0000 NJ101-0000 | Using the built-in Eth- erNet/IP port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. | Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features. |
| NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual | O030 | NJ501-5300 NY532-5400 | Performing numeri- cal control with NJ/NY-series Control- lers. | Describes the functionality to perform the numerical control. Use this manual together with the <i>NJ/NY-series G code Instructions</i> <i>Reference Manual</i> (Cat. No. 0031) when pro- gramming. |
| NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual | O031 | NJ501-5300 NY532-5400 | Learning about the specifications of the G code/M code instructions. | The G code/M code instructions are described. Use this manual together with the <i>NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. 0030) when programming. |
| NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual | W503 | NX701-000 NX1P2-0000 NJ501-0000 NJ301-0000 NJ101-0000 | Learning about the errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Con- troller. | Concepts on managing errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Controller and information on individual errors are described. |

| Manual name | Cat. No. | Model numbers | Application | Description |
|--|----------|----------------------|--|---|
| Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual | W504 | SYSMAC- SE2□□□ | Learning about the operating proce- dures and functions of the Sysmac Studio. | Describes the operating procedures of the Sysmac Studio. |
| CNC Operator Operation Manual | O032 | SYSMAC- RTNC0□□□D | Learning an introduc- tion of the CNC Oper- ator and how to use it. | An introduction of the CNC Operator, installa- tion procedures, basic operations, connection operations, and operating procedures for main functions are described. |
| NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual | W557 | NY532-1 | Learning the basic specifications of the NY-series Industrial Panel PCs, including introductory informa- tion, designing, instal- lation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware infor- mation is provided. | An introduction to the entire NY-series system is provided along with the following informa- tion on the Industrial Panel PC. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection |
| NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Box PC Hard- ware User's Manual | W556 | NY512-1 | Learning the basic specifications of the NY-series Industrial Box PCs, including introductory informa- tion, designing, instal- lation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware infor- mation is provided. | An introduction to the entire NY-series system is provided along with the following informa- tion on the Industrial Box PC. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection |
| NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual | W568 | NY532-1 | Learning the initial set- tings of the NY-series Industrial PCs and preparations to use Controllers. | The following information is provided on an introduction to the entire NY-series system. Two OS systems Initial settings Industrial PC Support Utility NYCompolet Industrial PC API Backup & recovery |
| NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual | W558 | NY532-1 | Learning how to pro- gram and set up the Controller functions of an NY-series Industrial PC. | The following information is provided on the NY-series Controller functions. Controller operations Controller functions Controller settings Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language specifications |
| NY-series Instructions Refer- ence Manual | W560 | NY532-1 | Learning detailed specifications on the basic instructions of an NY-series Indus- trial PC. | The instructions in the instruction set (IEC61131-3 specifications) are described. |
| NY-series IPC Machine Con- troller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Con- trol User's Manual | W559 | NY532-1 | Learning about motion control settings and programming con- cepts of an NY-series Industrial PC. | The settings and operation of the Controller and programming concepts for motion control are described. |
| NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual | W561 | NY532-1 | Learning about the specifications of the motion control instructions of an NY-series Industrial PC. | The motion control instructions are described. |

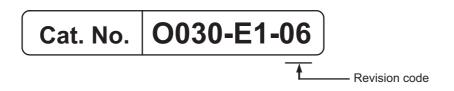
| Manual name | Cat. No. | Model numbers | Application | Description |
|--|----------|---------------|---|---|
| NY-series | W562 | NY532-1 | Using the built-in Eth- | Information on the built-in EtherCAT port is |
| IPC Machine Controller Indus- trial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherCAT® Port User's Manual | | NY512-1□□□ | erCAT port in an NY-series Industrial PC. | provided. This manual provides an introduction and pro- vides information on the configuration, fea- tures, and setup. |
| NY-series | W563 | NY532-1 | Using the built-in Eth- | Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is |
| IPC Machine Controller Indus- trial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherNet/IP [™] Port User's Manual | | NY512-1□□□ | erNet/IP port in an NY-series Industrial PC. | provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features. |
| NY-series Troubleshooting | W564 | NY532-1 | Learning about the | Concepts on managing errors that may be |
| Manual | | NY512-1□□□ | errors that may be detected in an NY-series Industrial PC. | detected in an NY-series Controller and infor- mation on individual errors are described. |

Terminology

| Term | Description |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| NJ501-1 | Represents NJ501-1300/-1400/-1500. |
| NJ-series NJ NC Integrated Controller | Represents NJ501-5300. It may also be described as NJ501-5 |
| NY-series NY NC Integrated Controller | Represents NY532-5400. It may also be described as NY5 $\Box\Box$ -5400. |
| Axis Coordinate System | Indicates a rotational coordinate system or orthogonal coordinate system unique |
| (Axis Coordinate System) | to each axis. |
| | It is abbreviated as ACS. |
| Machine Coordinate System | Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system unique to a machine. |
| (Machine Coordinate System) | It is abbreviated as MCS. |
| User Coordinate System | Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system that the user can define arbitrarily. |
| (User Coordinate System) | It is abbreviated as UCS. |
| Tool Coordinate System | Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system having TCP as the origin. |
| (Tool Coordinate System) | It is abbreviated as TCS. |
| TCS0 | Indicates the default TCS. The origin is TCP0. |
| (Tool Coordinate System 0) | |
| TCSi | Indicates the TCS that the robot is currently selecting. It represents the TCS |
| (Tool Coordinate System i) | whose TooIID is i, where i is a number 1 to 16. |
| TCP (Tool Center Point) | Indicates the end with which the machine (robot) works. |
| | Specify this TCP to set positioning in an orthogonal coordinate system. |
| TCP0 (Tool Center Point 0) | Indicates the default TCP. |

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.



| Revision code | Date | Revised content |
|---------------|--------------|--|
| 01 | October 2017 | Original production |
| 02 | October 2017 | Corrected mistakes. |
| 03 | July 2018 | Made changes accompanying release of version 1.01 of the CNC version. Corrected mistakes. |
| 04 | April 2021 | Made changes accompanying release of version 1.02 of the CNC version. |
| 05 | April 2022 | Added information to Terms and Conditions Agreement. |
| 06 | June 2022 | Corrected mistakes. |

1

Introduction to the CNC Function Module

This section describes the features, system configuration, and application flow for the CNC Function Module.

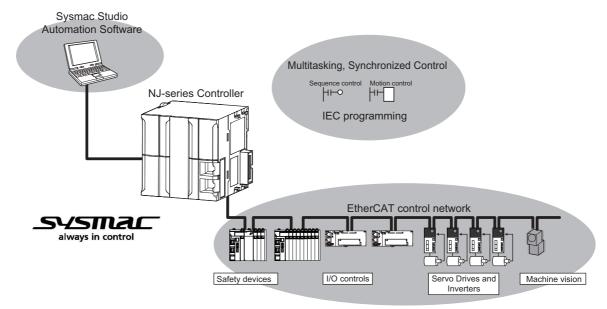
| 1-1 | Feature | s 1-2 | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1-2 | System Configuration 1-4 | | | | | |
| 1-3 | Basic Flow of Operation 1-6 | | | | | |
| 1-4 | 4 Specifications | | | | | |
| | 1-4-1 | General Specifications 1-7 | | | | |
| | 1-4-2 | Performance Specifications 1-7 | | | | |
| | 1-4-3 | Function Specifications 1-9 | | | | |
| | 1-4-4 | NC Program Specifications1-11 | | | | |

1-1 Features

The NJ/NY-series Controllers are the machine automation controllers of the next generation. They provide various functionality and high-speed performance required for machine control, as well as safety, reliability, and maintainability required as industrial controllers.

In addition to the functionality given by conventional OMRON PLCs, the NJ/NY-series Controllers, as the integrated controllers, are equipped with multiple functionality required for numeric control, and can control input and output devices such as safety, vision, motion devices, and I/O Units synchronously via high-speed EtherCAT.

OMRON offers Sysmac devices that are control devices built with unified communications and user interface specifications. The NJ/NY-series Controllers are designed to realize the optimum functionality and operability when they are used with the Sysmac devices such as EhtherCAT slaves and the Sysmac Studio Automation Software. In a system configured with Sysmac devices, you can improve connectability and operability as the devices share the consistent usability concept.



CNC Function Module

The CNC Function Module is a software function module that is built into the NC Integrated Controller.

The CNC Function Module can control CNC coordinate systems via the EtherCAT port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller. Up to four CNC coordinate systems can be controlled with the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller, and up to eight with the NY-series NC Integrated Controller.

Cyclic communications are performed with Servo Drives and other devices that are connected to the EtherCAT port to enable high-speed and high-precision numerical control.

NC Program

NC programs for numerical control of the CNC Function Module use languages dedicated to the NC program, represented by G codes. By using NC programs, you can easily machine complex shapes and change machining drawings.

NC programs enable to use the interpolation function that specifies target positions and feed rate, the function of spindle axis that specifies cutting feed rate, and the tool functions such as compensating tool length and radius.

Synchronization with sequence control programs (ladder and ST) is possible by using M codes.

Sequence Control Program

Sequence control programs use CNC instructions to control the CNC Function Module.

In addition to the function block used to start an NC program, the sequence control program has other function blocks used to perform jogging, deceleration stop, and maintenance operation that reads and writes parameters.

Data Transmission Using EtherCAT Communications

The CNC Function Module can be combined with OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives with built-in Ether-CAT communications or G5-series with built-in EtherCAT communications to enable exchange of all control information by using high-speed data communications.

Various control commands are transmitted via data communications. This means that the Servomotor's operational performance is maximized without being limited by interface specifications, such as the response frequency of encoder feedback pulses.

You can use the Servo Drive's various control parameters and monitor data on a host controller to unify system information management.

Additional Information

What is EtherCAT?

EtherCAT is an open ultrahigh-speed industrial network system that conforms to Ethernet (IEEE802.3). Each node achieves a short communication cycle time by transmitting Ethernet frames at a high speed. The mechanism that shares clock information enables high-precision synchronized control with low communications jitter.

1-2 System Configuration

The CNC Function Module receives sensor signal status from devices and control panels. It receives commands from the CNC instructions that are executed in the NC program or sequence control program. It uses both of them to control Servo Drives and spindle drivers as well as to perform precise numerical control and spindle axis control.

CNC System Configuration

The CNC Function Module uses the EtherCAT network configuration, the Slave Terminal configurations for EtherCAT Coupler Units, Sysmac Studio, and CNC Operator.

• EtherCAT Network Configuration

The CNC Function Module controls Servo Drives and the spindle driver by using the EtherCAT communications master port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller.

The EtherCAT network configuration is used to perform precise numerical control in a fixed period with very little deviation.

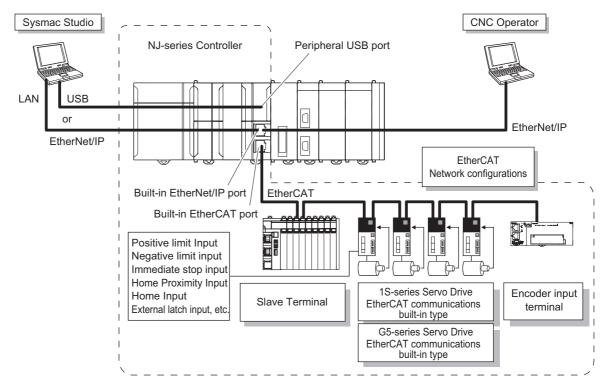
• Slave Terminal Configurations of EtherCAT Coupler Units

The CNC Function Module uses the Pulse Encoder Unit and Digital Input Unit that are mounted under an EtherCAT Coupler Unit to load the MPG and Jog switch.

You can also use this configuration to perform numerical control for maintenance operation that can be carried out from a user program.

Sysmac Studio

Sysmac Studio is connected to the peripheral USB port on the NC Integrated Controller using a commercially available USB cable. You can also connect it through an Ethernet cable that is connected to the EtherNet/IP port built into the NC Integrated Controller.



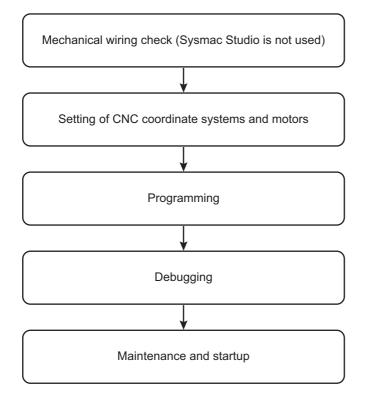
* The NY-series NC Integrated Controller is not equipped with peripheral USB ports.

• CNC Operator

In this system, NC programs are transferred from CNC Operator that is running on a Windows computer. To establish a connection to a Windows computer, connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet/IP port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller. You cannot use a USB cable to establish the connection.

1-3 Basic Flow of Operation

This section describes the basic procedure to perform numerical control using the CNC Function Module.



1-4 Specifications

This section describes the specifications of the CNC Function Module.

1-4-1 General Specifications

General specifications conform to the general specifications of each series of the Controllers.

For details, refer to the *NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual* (Cat. No. W500) or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual* (Cat. No. W557).

1-4-2 Performance Specifications

The following table describes the performance specifications for each NC Integrated Controller.

| | Item | | | cifications |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | | NY532-5400 |
| Task period | Primary period | Setting | 500 μs to 4 ms | 500 μs to 8 ms |
| | | value | | |
| | | Default | 1 ms | 1 ms |
| | CNC Planner Service | Setting | 500 μs to 16 ms ^{*1} | 500 μs to 16 ms ^{*1} |
| | period | value | • | |
| | | Default | 2 ms | 2 ms |
| System service moni- | System service execu- | Setting | 5% to 50% | |
| toring settings | tion time ratio | value | | |
| | | Default | 30% | |
| | System service execu- | Setting | 10 ms to 1 s | |
| | tion interval | value | | |
| | | Default | 10 ms | |
| Number of CNC | Maximum number of CN | IC motors ^{*2} | 16 | 32 |
| motors | | | | |
| CNC coordinate sys- tem | Maximum number of CN systems | IC coordinate | 4 | 8 |
| | Maximum number of com | position CNC | 8 | 8 |
| | motors in a CNC coordinate system | | | |
| | (excluding spindle axes) |) | | |
| | Number of spindle axes | in a CNC | 1 | 1 |
| | coordinate system | | | |
| Number of simultaneou | is interpolation axes | | 4 | 4 |

| | Marina. | Specifi | cations |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Item | NJ501-5300 | NY532-5400 |
| NC Program ^{*3} | Program buffer size ^{*4,*5} | 16 MB | 64 MB |
| | Maximum number of programs ^{*4} | Main program | Main program |
| | | - Upper limit of registra- tions: 512 | - Upper limit of registra- tions: 512 |
| | | - Range of program num- bers | - Range of program num- bers |
| | | For Sysmac Studio: 0001 to 0299 | For Sysmac Studio: 0001 to 0299 |
| | | For CNC Operator: 0300 to 0999 | For CNC Operator: 0300 to 0999 |
| | | Subprogram | Subprogram |
| | | - Upper limit of registra- tions: 512 | - Upper limit of registra- tions: 512 |
| | | - Range of program num- bers | - Range of program num- bers |
| | | For Sysmac Studio: 1000 to 2999 | For Sysmac Studio: 1000 to 2999 |
| | | For CNC Operator: 3000 to 9999 | For CNC Operator: 3000 to 9999 |
| NC program vari- | P variable | Long reals | Long reals |
| ables ^{*3} | | 65536 variables | 65536 variables |
| | Q variable | Long reals | Long reals |
| | | 8192 variables | 8192 variables |
| | L variable | Long reals | Long reals |
| | | 256 variables | 256 variables |
| CNC motor compensa- tion table | Maximum number of CNC motor compensation tables | 32 | 64 |
| | Maximum size of all compensation tables | 1 MB | 2 MB |

*1. They satisfy the following conditions: *Primary periodic task* ≤ *CNC Planner Service period,* and *Integer multiples of primary periodic task.*

- *2. The number of controlled axes of the MC Control Function Module is included.
- *3. Some parts of the area are reserved by the system.
- *4. This is the number of programs or their capacities that can be loaded into the NC Integrated Controller at the same time.
- *5. The program capacity is the maximum size available. As fragmentation will occur, the size that is actually available will be smaller than the maximum size. As a guideline, limit the size to be used to approximately half the capacity.

Precautions for Correct Use

To run the CNC Function Module, approximately 150 µs must be secured for system service execution time. Adjust the system service execution time ratio, so that the above system service execution time can be secured.

1-4-3 Function Specifications

The following table shows the functions that are supported when the Controller is connected to OMRON control devices.

| | | ltem | | | NJ501-5300 |
|----------|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Numeri- | CNC coordi- | Axis type | | | Positioning axis, spindle axis |
| cal con- | nate system | Control | Positioning axi | S | Position control |
| trol | | modes | Spindle axis | | Velocity control |
| | | Positions that can be managed | | | Absolute position (command), absolute position (feedback), program position, remaining travel distance |
| | | NC program | Execute | | Executes the NC program. |
| | | execution | Reset | | Interrupts the NC program. |
| | | | Single block ex | kecution | Executes the NC program by block. |
| | | | Back trace | | Executes back trace of interpolation path. |
| | | | Feed hold, and | feed hold reset | Temporarily stops the NC program, and restarts it. |
| | | | Optional stop | | Stops the NC program with optional signal. |
| | | | Option block sl | kip | Skips one block of the NC program with optional signal. |
| | | | Dry run | | Runs from the NC program. |
| | | | Machine lock | | Locks each axis operation during execution of the NC program. |
| | | | Auxiliary function lock | | Locks M code output. |
| | | | Override | | Overrides the feed rate and spindle velocity. |
| | | G code | Positioning | Rapid position- | Rapid feed of each CNC motor according to the |
| | | | function | ing | motor setting |
| | | | | Linear interpo- lation | Interpolates linearly. |
| | | | | Circular inter- polation | Interpolates circularly, helically, spirally, or coni- cally. |
| | | | | Skip function | Rapid feed until an external signal is input |
| | | | Return to refer | ence point | Returns to a specified position on the machine. |
| | | | Fixed cycle | Rigid tap | Performs tapping machining. |
| | | | Feed function | Exact stop | Temporarily prevents blending of positioning oper- ations before and after an exact stop command. |
| | | | | Exact stop mode | Mode in which anteroposterior positioning opera- tions are not blended |
| | | | | Continu- ous-path mode | Mode in which anteroposterior positioning opera- tions are blended |
| | | | | Dwell | Waits for the specified period of time. |
| | | | Coordinate system selec- | Dimension Shift Cancel | The coordinate system uses the machine home position as the home of the system. |
| | | | tion | Zero Shift | The coordinate system has work offset for the Machine Coordinate System. |
| | | | | Local Coordi- nate System Set | The coordinate system has additional offset for the Work Coordinate System. |

| | | ltem | | | NJ501-5300 |
|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Numeri- cal con- | CNC coordi- nate system | G code | Auxiliary for coordinate | Absolute or rel- ative selection | Switches the manipulated variable specification method between absolute and relative ones. |
| trol | | | system | Metric or inch selection | Selects metric or inch as the orthogonal axes uni system. |
| | | | | Scaling | Scales up or down the current coordinates of the orthogonal axes. |
| | | | | Mirroring | Mirrors the current coordinates against the speci- fied orthogonal axes. |
| | | | | Rotation | Rotates the current coordinates around the coor- dinates of the specified orthogonal axis. |
| | | | Tool functions | Tool radius compensation | Compensation of the tool edge path according to the tool radius |
| | | | | Tool offset | Compensation of tool center point path according to the tool length |
| | | M Code | M code output | and reset | Outputs M codes, and interlocks with sequence control program using reset. |
| | | | Spindle axis | CW, CCW, or OFF | Outputs and stops velocity commands in velocity loop control mode. |
| | | | | Orientation | Stops spindle axes to the specified phase by set ting up feedback loop. |
| | | | Subroutine call | | Calls a subroutine of the NC program. |
| | | NC Pro- | Arithmetic calculation | | Performs a calculation in the NC program. |
| | gramm | gramming | gramming Branch control | | Branches on conditions in the NC program. |
| | | | NC program va | ariables | Memory area in the NC program used for data processing and so on |
| | | | | P variable | Global memory area commonly used by CNC coordinate systems |
| | | | | Q variable | Global memory area unique to each CNC coordi nate system |
| | | | | L variable | Memory area that can be used as the primary area during execution of the NC program |
| | | Auxiliary control func- | Error reset | | Clears errors for CNC coordinate system and CNC motors. |
| | | tions | Immediate stop | | Immediately stops all CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system. |
| | CNC motor | | can be manage | | Command positions and feedback positions |
| | | Position control | Absolute positioning | | Positioning to target positions specified by abso- lute coordinates. |
| | | | Relative positioning | | Positioning by specifying travel distances from command current positions. |
| | | | Cyclic position | | Outputs a command position in each control cycle of position control mode. |
| | | Spindle con- trol | stop | CW rotation, or | Outputs and stops velocity commands in velocity control mode. |
| | | Manual operation | Powering the S | Servo | The Servo in the Servo Drive is turned ON to enable CNC motor operation. |
| | | | Jogging | | Jogs a CNC motor at a specified target velocity. |
| | | Auxiliary control func- tions | Homing | | Defines home by operating a CNC motor and using limit signals, home proximity signal and home signal. |
| | | | Immediate stor | 0 | Stops the CNC motor immediately. |
| | | Compensa- tion table | Ball screw com | | Compensates the pitch errors for one-dimensional ball screw. |
| | | | Cross-axis con | npensation | Compensates one-dimensional cross-axis. |
| | | | Edit of comper | | Edits (reads and writes) compensation tables from using sequence control program. |

| | | ltem | | | NJ501-5300 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|
| Numeri- cal con- trol | CNC motor | Auxiliary function | In-position Check Stop method selection | | You can set an in-position range and in-position check time to confirm when positioning is completed. |
| | | | | | You can set the stop method to the immediate stop input signal or limit input signal. |
| | | | Monitoring | Software limits | Monitors the movement range of a CNC motor. |
| | | | functions | Following error | Monitors the positional error between the com- mand current value and the feedback current value for a CNC motor. |
| | | | Absolute encoder support | | You can use an OMRON G5-series Servo Drive or 1S-series Servomotor with an Absolute Encoder to eliminate the need to perform homing at startup. |
| | | l | Input signal logic inversion | | You can inverse the logic of immediate stop input signal, positive limit input signal, negative limit input signal, or home proximity input signal. |
| | | External interf | ace signals | | The Servo Drive input signals given below are used. |
| | | | | | Home signal, home proximity signal, positive limit signal, negative limit signal, immediate stop sig- nal, and interrupt input signal |
| | Common items | | | C coordinate sys- rs and CNC ters | References and changes CNC coordinate system parameters and CNC motor parameters from the user program. |

1-4-4 NC Program Specifications

Refer to the *NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. 0031) for NC program specifications.

1 Introduction to the CNC Function Module

2

CNC System Configuration and Principles

This section outlines the internal structure of the NC Integrated Controller and describes the configuration and principles of the CNC Function Module.

| 2-1 | Interna | al Structure of NC Integrated Controller | 2-2 |
|-----|---------|---|-------|
| 2-2 | CNC S | System Configuration | 2-4 |
| | 2-2-1 | Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller | 2-4 |
| | 2-2-2 | Configuration of NC Integrated Controller and Drive Control | 2-5 |
| | 2-2-3 | Configuration of NC Program | 2-6 |
| 2-3 | Relatio | onship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program. | 2-8 |
| 2-4 | Config | juration of Variables | 2-10 |
| | 2-4-1 | What is the NC Program Variable? | 2-10 |
| | 2-4-2 | NC Program Variable Types | 2-12 |
| 2-5 | Princi | ple of Task Processing | 2-14 |
| 2-6 | Relatio | onship with EtherCAT Communications | 2-19 |
| | 2-6-1 | CAN Application Protocol over EtherCAT (CoE) | 2-19 |
| | 2-6-2 | Relationship between EtherCAT Master Function Module and CNC Fun | ction |
| | | Module | 2-20 |
| | 2-6-3 | Relationship between Process Data Communications Cycle and the Co | ntrol |
| | | Period for Servo Drive | 2-21 |

2-1 Internal Structure of NC Integrated Controller

This section provides an overview of the internal mechanisms of the NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller.

The NC Integrated Controller has the following software configuration.

The CNC Function Module is a software module that performs numerical control.

| CNC Function Module | Motion Control Function Module | EtherCAT Master Function Module | Other Function* ¹ Modules | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| PLC Function Module | | | | | |

OS

*1. For information on other Function Modules, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W558).

The PLC Function Module runs on top of the OS. The other Function Modules run on top of the PLC Function Module.

A description of each Function Module is given in the following table.

| Function module name | Abbreviation | Description |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--|
| PLC Function Module | PLC | This module manages overall scheduling, executes the user program, sends commands to the CNC Function |
| | | Module, and interfaces with USB ^{*1} and an SD Memory Card ^{*2} . |
| CNC Function Module | CNC | This module performs numerical control according to the commands from CNC instructions that are executed in the user program. It sends data to the EtherCAT Master Function Module. |
| | | The module is primarily used to perform numerical con- trol. |
| Motion Control Function Module | MC | This module performs motion control according to the commands from motion control instructions that are exe- cuted in the user program. It sends data to the EtherCAT Master Function Module. |
| | | The module is primarily used to perform general motion controls such as conveyance and press, which are differ- ent from numerical control. |
| EtherCAT Master Function Module | ECAT | As the EtherCAT master, this module communicates with the EtherCAT slaves. |

*1. On the NY-series Controllers, this module interfaces with virtual SD Memory Cards.

*2. The NY-series Controllers is not equipped with USB.

Precautions for Correct Use

For information on other Function Modules, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W558).

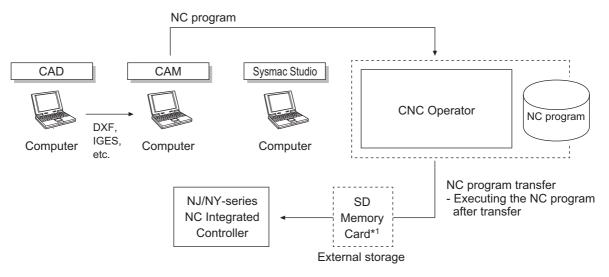
2-2 CNC System Configuration

A CNC system consists of the following two system elements:

- A system for which coordination with CNC Operator is required. Such coordination includes creation, execution, and stop of NC programs (refer to 2-2-1 Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller on page 2-4).
- A system that performs numerical control and controls Servomotors with instructions received from CNC Operator (refer to 2-2-2 Configuration of NC Integrated Controller and Drive Control on page 2-5).

2-2-1 Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller

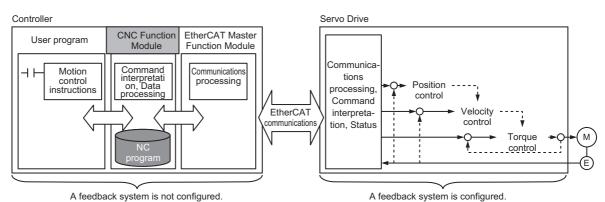
- NC programs are created using CAD/CAM software, or directly created on CNC Operator.
- The created NC program is transferred from CNC Operator to the NC Integrated Controller.
- When executing the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction in the user program, according to NC program execution processing by CNC Operator, the NC program transferred from CNC Operator is interpreted to perform numerical control.



*1 On the NY-series NC Integrated Controller, this is a virtual SD Memory Card.

2-2-2 Configuration of NC Integrated Controller and Drive Control

- When the CNC_CoordControl instruction in the user program is executed, the CNC Function Module interprets the NC program.
- The CNC Function Module executes path calculation in a fixed cycle based on the results of the NC program interpretation, and generates and sends the command values to Servo Drives.
- The command values are sent by using PDO communications during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.
- The Servo Drive performs position control, velocity control, and torque control based on the command values received during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.
- The encoder's current value and the Servo Drive status are sent to the NC Integrated Controller during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.

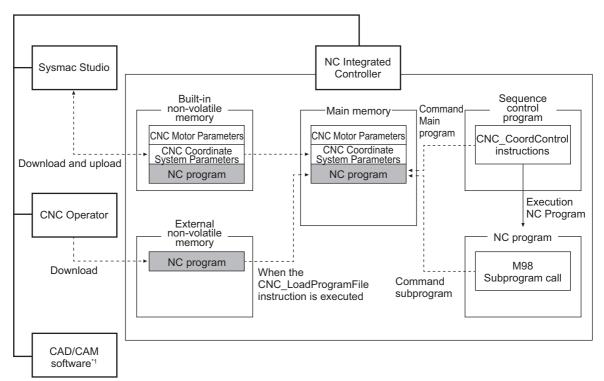


2-2-3 Configuration of NC Program

The NC program is a program used to perform numerical control.

NC Program Configuration

The following diagram describes the configuration of the NC program.



*1. The NC program that was created using CAD/CAM software conforms to the grammar of CNC Function Module when the program is parsed with Sysmac Studio or CNC Operator.

Precautions for Correct Use

 If you have transferred the same NC program number more than once, the program transferred last is enabled. Arrange the user program so that duplication of NC program numbers does not occur.

How to Transfer an NC Program

The following three methods are available to transfer an NC program to the NC Integrated Controller.

- Transferring an NC program from Sysmac Studio to the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. The NC program that is transferred to the non-volatile memory of the NC Integrated Controller is read into the main memory when the power is turned ON or the download process is completed. This method is typically used to download subprograms provided by a machining equipment manufacturer.
- Using FTP or other protocols or methods to transfer intermediate codes, generated by CNC Operator, from the computer to the SD Memory Card. They are transferred from the SD Memory Card into the main memory by executing the dedicated program read instruction. This method is typically used to change recipes more easily by only operating HMI.
- Transferring the NC program from CNC Operator into the main memory by temporarily using an SD Memory Card

Additional Information

To expand the NC program into the main memory via an SD Memory Card, insert the SD Memory Card in advance.

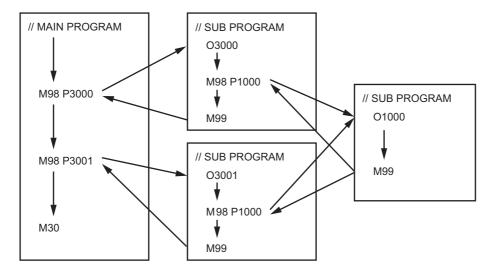
For an NY-series Controller, enable the virtual SD Memory Card.

Main Program and Subprogram

An NC program executed from CNC instructions of a user program is called the main program. Programs that pick up and summarize similar parts of the main programs, such as machining in the same pattern, are called subprograms.

If the Subprogram Call (M98) instruction is read during execution of the main program, the subprogram is executed. After the execution of the subprogram is completed, the process returns to the main program and executes the remaining part of the main program.

The following shows an image of the relationship between the main program and the subprogram.

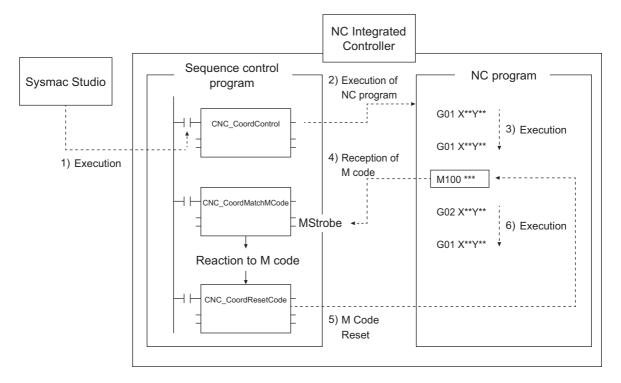


2-3 Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program

The section describes the relationship between the sequence control program and the NC program of the NC Integrated Controller.

Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program

The following diagram describes the relationship between the sequence control program and the NC program.



Start and Stop of NC Program

- The CNC_CoordControl instruction in the sequence control program is executed when the NC program start command is received from CNC Operator, etc.
- The CNC Function Module starts to interpret the NC program after the CNC_CoordControl instruction is executed.
- The CNC Function Module executes path calculation in a fixed cycle based on the results of the NC program interpretation, and generates and sends the command values to Servo Drives.
- The CNC Function Module continues to run the NC program until it executes the End of Program (M30) instruction, or until it receives the reset by the CNC_CoordControl instruction or a program abort by the CNC_CoordStop instruction of the sequence control program.

2

Feed Hold and Feed Hold Reset of NC Program

- When the *FeedHold* input variable under the *ControlInputs* in-out variable for the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction is changed to TRUE, the NC program currently under execution is temporarily stopped.
- When the CycleStart input variable under the ControlInputs in-out variable for the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction is changed to TRUE, the NC program execution is resumed.

M-code and M-code Reset of NC Program

- If the CNC Function Module finds an M code during execution of the NC program, the module sends the M code to the sequence control program.
- The sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction to receive the M code.
- The sequence control program executes peripheral controls (conveyance control, valve ON/OFF, etc.) corresponding to the received M code.
- After completing peripheral controls, the sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordReset-MCode (Reset M code) instruction to send M code reset.
- The CNC Function Module, after receiving the M code reset signal, clears the waiting status for a M code reset, and moves on to the next block.

2-4 Configuration of Variables

This section describes variables provided for the NC Integrated Controller that is equipped with the CNC Function Module.

As is the case with standard CPU Units, the NC Integrated Controller has variables used for the sequence control program to access I/O and information inside the CPU Unit.

In addition, the NC Integrated Controller particularly has variable areas called NC program variables used for data calculations and other processing in NC program.

In this section, user-defined variables and system-defined variables refer to variables that can be accessed from the sequence control program. On the other hand, NC program variables and system-defined NC program variables refer to variables that can be accessed from the NC program.

2-4-1 What is the NC Program Variable?

The NC program variables refer to variable areas used for data calculations and other processing in NC program.

There are the system global variables (P variables) that are common to CNC coordinate systems, global variables (Q variables) that are unique to individual CNC coordinate systems, and local variables (L variables) that can be used as the primary area during program execution.

Some NC program variable areas are reserved for system definitions. They are called system-defined NC program variables.

The NC program variables are provided as variable areas with which data can be read and written from the NC program. Some of them can be read and written from the sequence control program.

| | | | Limited to CNC package | Remarks | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------|---|
| Variables ^{*1} | User-define | d variables | | - | - |
| | Semi-user | Device variable | EtherCAT | | - |
| | -defined | | slaves | | |
| | variables | | device variable | | |
| | | | CJ-series Unit | | - |
| | | | device variable ^{*2} | | |
| | | Cam data variable |) } | | - |
| | | CNC motor comp | ensation table variable | Yes | - |
| | Sys- tem-define | System-defined va tion Module | ariable for PLC Func- | | - |
| | d variable | Motion control | MC common variable | | - |
| | | system-defined | Axis variable | | - |
| | | variable | Axes group variable | | - |
| | | CNC sys- tem-defined vari- | CNC common vari- able | Yes | - |
| | | able | CNC motor variable | Yes | - |
| | | | CNC coordinate sys- tem variable | Yes | - |
| | | | NC program variable monitoring | Yes | Among the NC program vari- ables, user areas are monitored |
| | | System-defined va | ariable for EtherNet/IP | | - |
| | | System-defined variable for EtherCAT master | | | - |
| NC program vari- | System Glo | bal Variables (P Va | riables) | Yes | P0 to P65535 |
| ables ^{*3} | | System-defined va | ariables | Yes | P32768 to P65535 |
| | CNC coord ables) | nate system global | variables (Q vari- | Yes | Q0 to Q8191 |
| | | System-defined va | ariables | Yes | Q4096 to Q8191 |
| | Local Varia | bles (L Variables) | | Yes | L0 to L255 |

The variables are classified into the following categories.

*1. Can be accessed from the sequence control program.

*2. You can use CJ-series Units only with NJ-series CPU Units.

*3. Can be accessed from NC program

2-4-2 NC Program Variable Types

System Global Variables (P Variables)

They refer to system global variable areas that are common to CNC coordinate systems. They are used for waiting and data exchange between CNC coordinate systems.

The system global variable is double-precision real type. The CNC Function Module has 65,536 system global variables (P0 to P65535). Among them, P0 to P32767 are used for user areas and P32768 to P65535 are for system-defined areas. User areas can be read and written from the sequence control program as they are displayed by the *_CNC_ComNCVar* system-defined variable.

In NC program, a number is specified after P. This number is specified as a constant right after the letter P. Examples are provided below.

| P17=3.14159 | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| P200=P100+1 | | | |

In the system areas of P variables, there is no system-defined NC program variable that is made public to users.

CNC Coordinate System Global Variables (Q Variable)

They refer to global variable areas that are unique to each CNC coordinate system. While the same NC program can be executed in multiple CNC coordinate systems, this type of variable enables independent program operation to each CNC coordinate system.

The CNC coordinate system global variable is double-precision real type. For each CNC coordinate system, there are 8,192 CNC coordinate system global variables (Q0 to Q8191). Among them, Q0 to Q4095 are used for user areas, and Q4096 to Q8191 are for system-defined areas. User areas can be read and written from the sequence control program as they are displayed by the *_CNC_CoordNCVarX* system-defined variable (where X is a CNC coordinate system number).

In NC program, a number is specified after Q. This number is specified as a constant right after the letter Q. Examples are provided below.

| Q17=3.14159 | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| Q200=Q100+1 | | | |

| System defined | Remarks | Description |
|---|--------------------------|---|
| Auxiliary Function Output Reset Return Value | _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue0 | Stores a value specified by Inputs[0] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code. |
| | _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue1 | Stores a value specified by Inputs[1] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code. |
| | _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue2 | Stores a value specified by Inputs[2] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code. |
| | _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue3 | Stores a value specified by Inputs[3] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code. |
| | _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue4 | Stores a value specified by Inputs[4] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code. |
| | _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue5 | Stores a value specified by Inputs[5] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code. |
| | _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue6 | Stores a value specified by Inputs[6] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code. |
| | _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue7 | Stores a value specified by Inputs[7] of CNC_CoordResetM- Code. |
| Skip Function (G31) Capture Position | _CNC_CapturedPosition0 | Logical motor 0 capture position |
| | _CNC_CapturedPosition1 | Logical motor 1 capture position |
| | _CNC_CapturedPosition2 | Logical motor 2 capture position |
| | _CNC_CapturedPosition3 | Logical motor 3 capture position |
| | _CNC_CapturedPosition4 | Logical motor 4 capture position |
| | _CNC_CapturedPosition5 | Logical motor 5 capture position |
| | _CNC_CapturedPosition6 | Logical motor 6 capture position |
| | _CNC_CapturedPosition7 | Logical motor 7 capture position |

The following system-defined NC program variables are declared in the system area of the Q variable. They can be accessed from NC program.

Local Variables (L Variables)

They refer to variable areas that can be used as the primary area during execution of an NC program.

The local variable values are saved to the stack when program execution jumps to a subprogram, and restored from the stack when it returns from the subprogram. The local variable values that are changed in an NC program will be cleared when program execution returns from a subprogram.

The local variable is double-precision real type. There are 256 local variables (L0 to L255).

In NC program, a number is specified after L. This number is specified as a constant right after the letter L. Examples are provided below.

| L200=L100+1 | |
|-------------|--|
| T500=T100+1 | |

2-5 Principle of Task Processing

This section provides information on the NC Integrated Controller tasks and how they relate to numerical control.

For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat No. W507) or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W559).

NC Integrated Controller Tasks and Services

Tasks are the attributes of a user program, etc. that determine execution conditions and the sequence of executions. The NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller supports the following tasks. Besides the tasks, three types of services are supported: Tag Data Link Service, System Service, and CNC Planner Service.

| Task or service type | Task or service name | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Tasks that execute programs at regular intervals | Primary periodic task | | |
| | Priority 16, 17, and 18 periodic tasks | | |
| Tasks that execute programs only once when the execu- | Event tasks (execution priority 8 and 48) | | |
| tion conditions for the tasks are met | | | |
| Service that plans NC program execution, calculates the | CNC Planner Service (execution priority 6) | | |
| interpolation path for a coordinate system, or performs | | | |
| other processing. | | | |

内

Precautions for Correct Use

- CNC instructions can be used in a primary periodic task.
- If CNC instructions are used in any other tasks, an error will occur when the user program is built using Sysmac Studio.

Basic Operation of Tasks

Overall Task Operation

The primary periodic task includes operations such as system common processing, motion control, and the servo processing of the CNC Function Module in addition to I/O refreshing and user program execution.

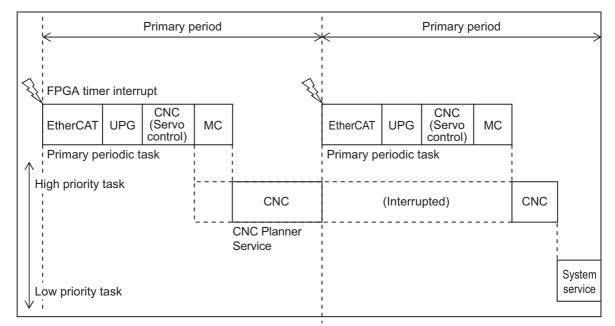
The CNC instruction included in the sequence control program is executed during the next servo control period after the END instruction is executed for the task.

The following diagram shows the operation for NJ501-5300.

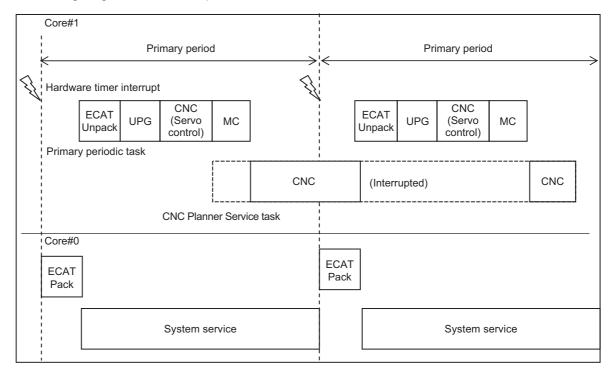
The CNC Planner Service (execution priority 6) is executed after execution of the primary periodic task is completed.

The Priority 16, 17, and 18 periodic tasks have lower execution priorities than the CNC Planner Service task, so they are executed when the CNC Planner Service is not being executed.

System services are executed in the unused time between execution of tasks.



The following diagram shows the operation for NY532-5400.



• Operation of the Primary Periodic Task

| | | eriod) | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--|
| | Task execution time | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | I/O refresh | | | Control processing | | | | |
| Output data processing | Refreshing | Input data processing | System common processing 1 | User program execution | CNC Servo control | Motion control | System common processing 2 | |

For details, refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W559).

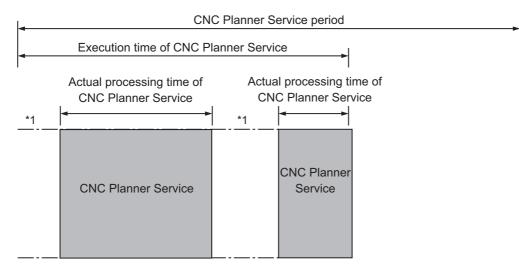
| Processing | Processing contents |
|----------------------------|--|
| Output data processing | Output refresh data is generated for Output Units that execute I/O |
| | refreshing. |
| | • If forced refreshing is set, the forced refreshing values are reflected in the |
| | output refresh data. |
| Refreshing | Data exchange with I/O is executed. |
| Input data processing | • Whether or not the condition expression for event task execution is met is determined. |
| | Input refresh data is loaded from Input Units that have executed I/O refresh. |
| | • If forced refreshing is set, the forced refreshing value (input) is reflected on the input refresh data that has been loaded. |
| System common processing 1 | Processing for exclusive control of variables in tasks is performed (when |
| | accessing tasks are set). |
| | Motion input processing is performed.^{*1} |
| | Data trace processing (sampling and trigger checking) is performed. |
| Execution of user program | Programs assigned to tasks are executed in the order that they are assigned. |
| CNC servo control | Software tasks that are driven at the control period of Servo Drives include: |
| | Encoder conversion |
| | Distribution calculation from interpolation path to motor position |
| | Updating CNC motor compensation tables |
| | Closed loop processing for positions |
| | Equation calculation for CNC motor command travel |
| | Checking CNC motor status and errors: Deviation, commanded velocity zero, in-position |
| Motion control | • The motion control commands from the motion control instructions in the user programs in the primary periodic task and the priority-16 periodic task are executed. |
| | Motion output processing is performed.^{*2} |

| Processing | Processing contents |
|----------------------------|---|
| System common processing 2 | Processing for exclusive control of variables in tasks is performed (when refreshing tasks are set). |
| | • Processing for variables accessed from outside of the Controller is per- formed to maintain concurrency with task execution (executed for the variable access time that is set in Task Settings). |
| | • If there is processing for EtherNet/IP tag data links and refreshing tasks are set for the tags (i.e., variables with a Network Publish attribute), variable access processing is performed. |

*1. The Servo Drive status, axis current values, and other motion control system-defined variables are updated based on data received from Servo Drives, etc.

*2. Data is sent to the Servo Drives during I/O refreshing in the next primary periodic task.

• Operation of CNC Planner Service



*1. The CPU Unit temporarily interrupts the execution of a task in order to execute a task that has a higher execution priority.

| Processing | Processing contents |
|---------------------|--|
| CNC Planner Service | Services that are driven at the CNC Planner Service period include: |
| | NC program operation planning |
| | Interpolation path calculation for the coordinate system |
| | CNC motor safety and status check |
| | Software limit check during execution of the NC program |
| | Monitoring servo lock, driver errors, and driver warning |
| | Processing external latch signals for the G31 command |
| | Updating the status of coordinate systems |

• CNC Planner Service period

CNC Planner Service is repeated periodically.

Set the CNC Planner Service period to the integral multiple of task period of the primary periodic task.

For example, if the primary period is 1 ms and the CNC Planner Service period is 4 ms, CNC Planner Service is executed once at every fourth execution of the primary periodic task.

• CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded

If CNC Planner Service processing is not finished within two periods, a CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded error occurs.

This is a controller error of observation information level. Operation continues even when this error occurs.

If CNC Planner Service processing is not completed within the period, information is output to the _CNC_ServiceExceeded (CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded Flag) and _CNC_ServiceExceed-Count (CNC Planner Service Exceeded Count) the system-defined variable as well as to the event log.

2-6 Relationship with EtherCAT Communications

The CNC Function Module controls Servo Drives through PDO communications of the EtherCAT Master Function Module in the NC Integrated Controller.

This section describes EtherCAT communications and other items related to the CNC Function Module.

2-6-1 CAN Application Protocol over EtherCAT (CoE)

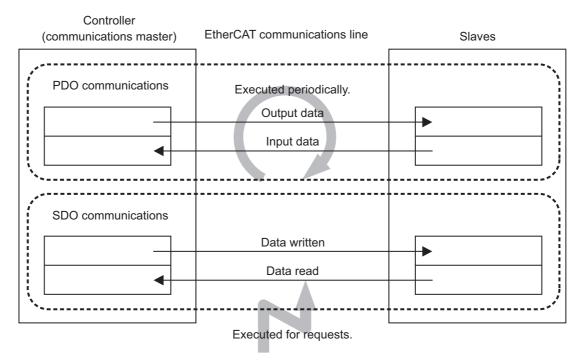
The CNC Function Module exchanges data with the slaves on EtherCAT using the CAN application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE).

With CoE, the parameters and control information held by the slaves are specified according to data specifications of the object dictionary (OD).

There are two methods that can be used to communicate data between the Controller (communications master) and slaves. One is Process Data Objects (PDO) that are used to periodically exchange data in real time. The other is Service Data Objects (SDO) that are used to exchange data when required.

The CNC Function Module uses PDO communications for commands to refresh I/O data, such as data for Servomotor position control, on a fixed control period.

It uses SDO communications for commands to read and write data at specified times, such as when parameter transfer occurs.



2-6-2 Relationship between EtherCAT Master Function Module and CNC Function Module

The NC Integrated Controller can perform sequence control, motion control, and numerical control through connections to EtherCAT slaves.

Sequence Control

- I/O ports for configuration slaves are automatically created when you create the EtherCAT configuration in EtherCAT Tab Page in Sysmac Studio.
- You can use the I/O Map Tab Page in Sysmac Studio to assign device variables.
- Perform sequence control through instructions other than CNC instructions.

CNC or Numerical Control

- I/O ports for configuration slaves are automatically created when you create the EtherCAT configuration in EtherCAT Tab Page in Sysmac Studio.
- Create CNC motor variables in the CNC Setup View and assign the EtherCAT slaves for which numerical control is performed.
- · Perform numerical control through CNC instructions and the NC program.

Devices that can be assigned to CNC motor variables are EtherCAT slave Servo Drives.

Additional Information

In instructions other than CNC instructions, commands cannot be sent directly from the sequence control program to RxPDO of EtherCAT slaves assigned to CNC motors. On the other hand, the RxPDO data that was not assigned to CNC motors can be changed from the sequence control program.

2

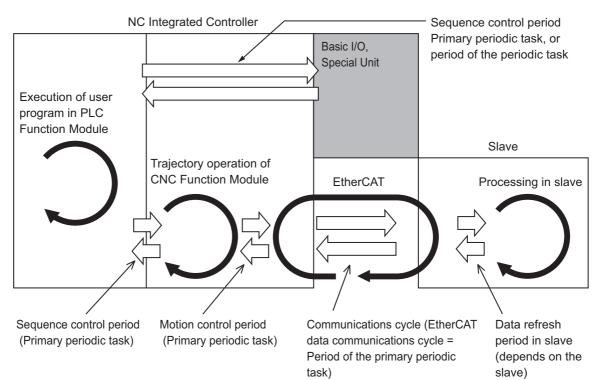
2-6-3 Relationship between Process Data Communications Cycle and the Control Period for Servo Drive

2-6-3 Relationship between Process Data Communications Cycle and the Control Period for Servo Drive

The PLC Function Module sends numerical control commands to the CNC Function Module when CNC instructions are executed in the user program. The CNC Function Module then performs servo processing based on those commands and sends the results of processing as commands to the EtherCAT's Servo Drive or other devices.

This type of data exchange is updated in the following processing period.

Primary period = Control period for Servo Drive = Process data communications cycle for EtherCAT communications



2 CNC System Configuration and Principles

3

Configuring CNC Motors and CNC Coordinate Systems

This section outlines CNC motors and CNC coordinate systems.

| 3-1 | CNC Mo | otors | 3-2 |
|-----|--------|--|-------|
| 3-2 | CNC Co | oordinate System | 3-3 |
| | 3-2-1 | Configuration of CNC Coordinate System | . 3-3 |
| | 3-2-2 | Types of Coordinate Systems | 3-4 |
| | 3-2-3 | Reference Point | 3-6 |
| | | | |

3-1 CNC Motors

This section describes CNC motors that are used in a CNC Function Module.

CNC Motors

In the NC Integrated Controller, CNC motors are elements of the CNC coordinate system.

Typically, CNC motors are assigned one-to-one to logical axes (X, Y, Z, A, B and C axes) of the CNC coordinate system.

It is also possible to assign multiple CNC motors to one logical axis of the CNC coordinate system. Using this assignment process, you can more easily construct a Gantry system.

3-2 CNC Coordinate System

This section outlines the CNC coordinate system of the CNC Function Module.

3-2-1 Configuration of CNC Coordinate System

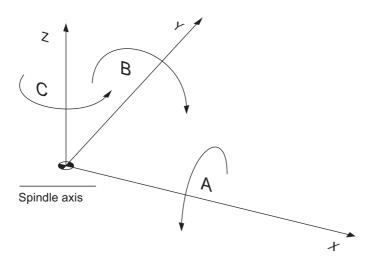
The following describes the configuration of the CNC coordinate system.

CNC Coordinate System

The CNC coordinate system is a control group or object to be controlled mainly by the NC program in the CNC Function Module.

The CNC coordinate system consists of logical axes and a spindle axis.

In the following figure, the direction indicated by the arrow is the positive direction.



Logical Axes

Logical axes mean the X-, Y-, and Z-axis that represent Cartesian coordinates of the CNC coordinate system, and the A-, B-, and C-axis that represent rotation coordinates.

Spindle Axis

A spindle axis is a CNC coordinate system tool. It is a rotation axis that is parallel to the Z-axis of Cartesian coordinates.

3-2-2 Types of Coordinate Systems

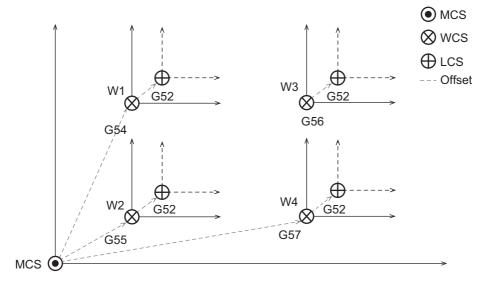
In the CNC Function Module, the coordinate values can be specified in the following three types of coordinate systems.

The position of the tool center point is handled as a coordinate value.

- a) Machine Coordinate System (MCS)
- b) Workpiece Coordinate System (WCS)
- c) Local Coordinate System (LCS)

Relationship between Machine Coordinate System, Work Coordinate System, and Local Coordinate System

The following figure describes the relationship between the Machine Coordinate System, Work Coordinate System, and Local Coordinate System. With reference to the Machine Coordinate System, a Work Coordinate System possesses work offset to the Machine Coordinate System. With reference to a Work Coordinate System, a Local Coordinate System possesses work offset to the Work Coordinate System.



Machine Coordinate System (MCS)

The point unique to a machine, that is, the reference point for the machine is called the home. A coordinate system that references the home as its home position is called the Machine Coordinate System. When homing is completed after the power is turned on, or when communications with the Drive is established while an absolute encoder is used, the Machine Coordinate System is established.

Work Coordinate System (WCS)

A coordinate system used to machine workpieces is called Work Coordinate System. Up to six work coordinate systems can be configured in one CNC coordinate system.

With reference to the Machine Coordinate System, a Work Coordinate System processes offset to the Machine Coordinate System.

Configure six Work Coordinate Systems in advance as parameters of the CNC coordinate system. Then you can select Work Coordinate Systems to use, by NC program commands G54 to G59.

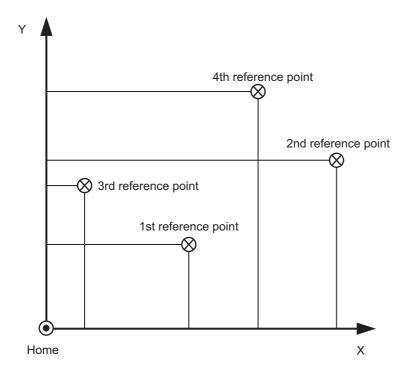
Local Coordinate System (LCS)

A Local Coordinate System is created on a Work Coordinate System to help create programs easier. A Local Coordinate System (G52) is valid on a specified coordinate system of the Work Coordinate System (G54 to G59).

3-2-3 Reference Point

For a machine tool, specific positions on the machine are defined. These positions are called reference points.

Typically, reference points are used as positions to be referenced when changing tools or for other purposes. Up to four reference points can be assigned to CNC coordinate system parameters by using coordinate values of the Machine Coordinate System.



4

CNC Parameters

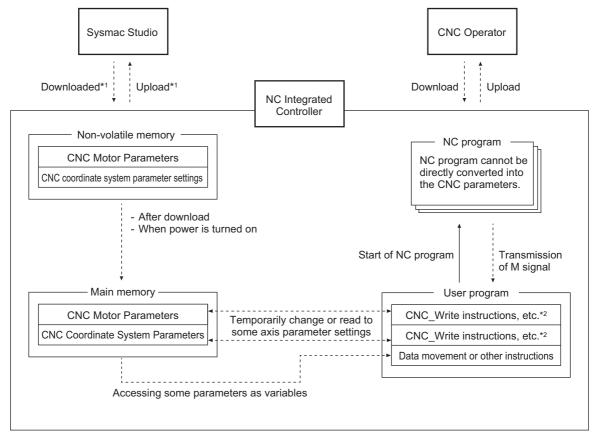
This section describes the parameter settings to be configured in the CNC Function Module.

| 4-1 | Introdu | ıction | . 4-2 |
|-----|---------|--|--------|
| 4-2 | CNC C | ommon Parameter Settings | . 4-5 |
| | 4-2-1 | List of CNC Common Parameters | |
| | 4-2-2 | CNC Planner Service Settings | 4-5 |
| 4-3 | CNC C | oordinate System Parameter Settings | . 4-6 |
| | 4-3-1 | List of CNC Coordinate System Parameters | |
| | 4-3-2 | CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings | |
| | 4-3-3 | CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings | |
| | 4-3-4 | NC Program Default Settings | |
| | 4-3-5 | Tool Compensation Settings | . 4-16 |
| | 4-3-6 | Work Coordinate System Offset Settings | . 4-17 |
| | 4-3-7 | Reference Point Settings | . 4-18 |
| | 4-3-8 | M Code Settings | . 4-19 |
| | 4-3-9 | Spindle Axis Operation Settings | . 4-20 |
| 4-4 | CNC M | otor Parameter Settings | 4-23 |
| | 4-4-1 | List of CNC Motor Parameters | . 4-23 |
| | 4-4-2 | CNC Motor Basic Settings | . 4-25 |
| | 4-4-3 | Unit Conversion Settings | . 4-27 |
| | 4-4-4 | Operation Settings | . 4-30 |
| | 4-4-5 | Other Operation Settings | . 4-32 |
| | 4-4-6 | Limit Settings | . 4-32 |
| | 4-4-7 | Position Count Settings | . 4-33 |
| | 4-4-8 | Servo Drive Settings | . 4-33 |
| | 4-4-9 | Homing Settings | . 4-34 |
| | 4-4-10 | Servo Gain Settings | . 4-36 |
| | 4-4-11 | Gantry Settings | . 4-37 |
| 4-5 | CNC M | otor Compensation Table Parameter Settings | 4-39 |

4-1 Introduction

With the CNC Function Module of this Controller, you can perform the numerical control of a CNC coordinate system with NC programs. You can also operate CNC motors of the CNC coordinate system with CNC instructions of the sequence control program. The CNC motor parameters and CNC coordinate system parameters are set to determine these operations.

In order to run the NC program for a CNC coordinate system, you must set CNC coordinate system parameters, and CNC motor parameters that compose the CNC coordinate system. If you want to operate the system in units of a CNC motor, you must only set CNC motor parameters. These parameters are called CNC parameters.



- *1. Use the synchronization function of Sysmac Studio to upload and download the project.
- *2. The NC Integrated Controller and Sysmac Studio version 1.20 or higher are required to use CNC instructions such as CNC_Write.

Precautions for Correct Use

• If the CNC parameters are changed by CNC instructions, they are saved to the main memory in the NC Integrated Controller. They are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. The parameter settings stored in the non-volatile memory are restored when the power is recycled, or when settings are downloaded from Sysmac Studio. You cannot upload these data by using Sysmac Studio.

If you need to save settings to the non-volatile memory, use Sysmac Studio to change the parameter settings and then download the settings to the NC Integrated Controller.

- The CNC_Write instruction can change the CNC parameters.
- Some CNC parameter settings are expressed by floating point reals. Precautions for using them are provided. Refer to A-2 Cancellation of Digits of Real Type Data on page A-7.

Data Flow for CNC Parameters

- Download your CNC Parameter Settings to the NC Integrated Controller using Sysmac Studio to save those settings to the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. When you upload the CNC Parameter Settings to the Sysmac Studio, the CNC Parameter Settings that were saved in the non-volatile memory are uploaded.
- The settings that were saved in the non-volatile memory are applied to the main memory after you download them or when the power is turned ON.
- If there are no problems with the saved settings, the CNC Function Module executes control based on the settings in the main memory.
- The settings of some parameters can be accessed as CNC system-defined variables in the user program.
- You can upload and download CNC parameter settings regardless of the NC Integrated Controller mode or the status of the CNC Function Module.
- When you start the download process, all CNC motors in motion will stop immediately.

You can also continue sending commands to I/O devices during the download process. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) for how to set to stop or continue sending commands to the I/O devices when the download process starts.

• Stopping Sending Commands to I/O Devices

During download process, CNC motors enter the Servo OFF state.

• Continuing Sending Commands to I/O Devices

During download process, the Servo ON state resulted from the CNC_Power instruction immediately before the download is maintained. The Servo ON state and torque limit are maintained even if the CNC_Power instruction is deleted from the user program after the program is updated by downloading. Depending on the item to download, however, they may not be able to be maintained. Refer to the following table.

| Item to download | Behavior of CNC Function Module |
|--|---|
| Sequence control program | Continues sending commands to I/O devices. |
| NC program | Stops sending commands to I/O devices. |
| CNC coordinate system parameters, CNC motor parameters, CNC motor compensation table | Stops sending commands to I/O devices. |
| Others | Conforms to the device output hold setting function |

Overwriting CNC Parameters with CNC Instructions

- You can use the CNC instruction CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) to change the settings of some of the CNC parameters in the main memory while the sequence control program is running.
- If the specified set value is outside the value range, the *Error* output variable from the instruction changes to TRUE and the CNC parameter setting is not changed.
- All changes to the parameters for CNC coordinate systems and CNC motors that compose the CNC coordinate system become valid.
- Changes of some parameters are applied immediately, and changes of others are applied when an operation instruction is executed. Refer to the list of each parameter for the application timing of the parameter.

Relationship between NC Program and CNC Parameters

- You cannot read or change CNC parameters directly from an NC program.
- To change CNC parameters, rewrite the parameters directly from a sequence control program, or write a sequence control program with which the parameters can be changed indirectly by using M codes.

4-2 CNC Common Parameter Settings

The CNC Common Parameters set the CNC Planner Service period and other settings for the CNC Function Module.

One CNC common parameter is provided for each NC Integrated Controller.

4-2-1 List of CNC Common Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC common parameters for each CNC motor.

| | | Temporary changes | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Classification | Parameter name | Support | Update timing | Applica- ble instruc- tion | Reading variables | |
| CNC Planner Service | CNC Planner Service | | | | | |
| Settings | Period | | | | | |

4-2-2 CNC Planner Service Settings

Select **Configurations and Setup - Controller Setup - Task Settings** from the Sysmac Studio to set the CNC Planner Service Period.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| CNC Planner Service Period ^{*1} | Sets the period of | Refer to 1-4-2 Performance | 2 ms |
| | Planner Service. | Specifications on page 1-7. | |

*1. Set the CNC Planner Service period to an integer multiple of the task period of the primary periodic task. If the least common multiple of the CNC Planner Service period and a primary task period exceeds 600 ms, you cannot use the two in combination.

4-3 CNC Coordinate System Parameter Settings

The CNC Coordinate System Parameters set composition CNC motor, the maximum feed rate, and configure other settings for the CNC coordinate system controlled by the CNC Function Module.

The number of CNC coordinate system parameters provided is the same as the maximum number of controlled CNC coordinate systems for each model. For NJ501-5300, parameters are provided for four CNC coordinate systems. For NY532-5400, parameters are provided for eight coordinate systems.

The same parameter settings are applied to all CNC coordinate systems. This section describes the parameters for one CNC coordinate system.

4-3-1 List of CNC Coordinate System Parameters

| | | | Temporary change | s | Read- | |
|---|--|--------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Classification | Parameter name | Sup- port | Update timing | Applicable instruction | ing vari- ables | |
| CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Basic Settings | CNC Coordinate System Num- ber | | | | OK | |
| | CNC Coordinate System Use | | | | OK | |
| | Positioning Axis Assignment | | | | OK | |
| | Spindle Axis Assignment | | | | OK | |
| | Unit of Cartesian Axes | | | | | |
| CNC Coordinate Sys- | Maximum Feedrate | ОК | Immediate ^{*1} | CNC_Write | | |
| tem Operation Settings | Rotary Axis Velocity | OK | Immediate ^{*1} | CNC_Write | | |
| | Dry Run Velocity | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | | |
| | Immediate Stop Input Stop Method | | | | | |
| | Limit Input Stop Method | | | | | |
| | Feed Hold Acceleration/Deceler- ation Time | OK | When an operation instruction is executed | CNC_Write | | |
| | In-position Check Time | ОК | When an operation is executed ^{*2} | CNC_Write | | |
| | Software Overtravel Limit Opera- tion Control | OK | When an operation instruction is executed | CNC_Write | | |
| | Lookahead Distance | ОК | When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable ^{*3} | CNC_Write | | |
| | Override Method Selection | OK | Immediate ^{*4} | CNC_Write | | |

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC coordinate system parameters for each CNC coordinate system.

| | Parameter name | | Temporary changes | | | Read- |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|
| Classification | | | Sup- port | Update timing | Applicable instruction | ing vari- ables |
| CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Extended Operation Settings | CNC Coordi- nate System Extended | Other than Lookahead Distance | OK | When G500/G501 P0 command is issued ^{*5} | CNC_Write | |
| | Operation Set- tings No.0 | Lookahead Distance | OK | When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after G500/G501 P0 com- mand was issued ^{*6} | CNC_Write | |
| | CNC Coordi- nate System Extended | Other than Lookahead Distance | OK | When G500/G501 P1 command is issued ^{*5} | CNC_Write | |
| | Operation Set- tings No. 1 | Lookahead Distance | OK | When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after G500/G501 P1 com- mand was issued ^{*6} | CNC_Write | |
| | CNC Coordi- nate System Extended | Other than Lookahead Distance | ОК | When G500/G501 P2 command is issued ^{*5} | CNC_Write | |
| | Operation Set- tings No. 2 | Lookahead Distance | ОК | When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after G500/G501 P2 was issued ^{*6} | CNC_Write | |
| NC Program Default Set- | NC Program Default Set- Acceleration Time | | | *7 | | |
| tings | Deceleration Tin | ne | | *7 | | |
| | Jerk Time | | | *7 | | |
| Tool Compensation Set- | Tool Radius | | ОК | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| tings | Tool Length | | ОК | Immediate | CNC Write | |
| | Overcut Mode | | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| | Circular Feed R | ate Mode | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| Work Coordinate System Settings | 1st Work Coordi set | nate System Off- | ОК | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| | 2nd Work Coord Offset | - | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| | 3rd Work Coord Offset | - | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| | 4th Work Coordi Offset | | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| | 5th Work Coordi Offset | - | ОК | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| | 6th Work Coordi Offset | - | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| Reference Point Settings | 1st Reference P | | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| | 2nd Reference F | | OK OK | Immediate | CNC_Write CNC_Write | |
| | 3rd Reference F | | | Immediate | | |
| M Codo Sattinga | 4th Reference P | | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| M Code Settings | M Code Output | | 0.1 | | | |
| Spindle Axis Operation | Orientation Posi | | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| Settings | Orientation Velo Orientation Acce | | OK OK | Immediate Immediate | CNC_Write CNC_Write | |

- *1. This parameter is reflected to the operation when this parameter is changed while P99 is selected, or when G500/G501 P99 command is issued after this parameter was changed.
- *2. This parameter is reflected to the operation at the startup of operation instruction after this parameter was changed while P99 was selected or after G500/G501 P99 command was issued.
- *3. This parameter is reflected to the operation when the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after this parameter was changed while P99 was selected or after G500/G501 P99 command was issued.
- *4. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Then, when all axes in the coordinate system are in Servo OFF state, this parameter is reflected to the operation.
- *5. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, you need to specify the relevant parameter set with G500/G501 in order to reflect it to the operation.
- *6. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, the parameter is reflected to the operation when you switch the lookahead function to enable from disable after you specified the relevant parameter with G500/G501.
- *7. If you issue G500/G501 P99 command, this parameter is applied for the operation.
- *8. M codes can be set individually for each M code address. However, M0, M1, M2, M30, M98, and M99 are fixed.

4-3-2 CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings

These parameters are used to set whether or not to enable the CNC coordinate system. To enable the system, set CNC motors to be assigned.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------------|---------|
| CNC Coordinate | Set the logical number of the CNC coordinate sys- | 0 to (Maximum num- | |
| System Number ^{*1} | tem. The numbers set by this parameter will be | ber of CNC coordi- | |
| | applied to the numeric values of the _CNC_Co- | nate systems) | |
| | ord[0-7] system-defined variable. | | |
| CNC Coordinate | Set whether to enable or disable the CNC coordi- | 0 to 2 | |
| System Use ^{*2} | nate system. | | |
| | 0: Undefined CNC coordinate system ^{*3} | | |
| | 1: Unused CNC coordinate system | | |
| | 2: Used CNC coordinate system | | |

*1. You cannot use the same CNC coordinate system number more than once.

- *2. Except for 2: Used CNC coordinate system, parameter settings other than the CNC coordinate system number are not required.
- *3. When a CNC instruction is executed in an undefined or unused CNC coordinate system, *Busy* (Executing) changes to TRUE.

Busy (Executing) changes to FALSE when Execute or Enable changes to FALSE.

If you select Undefined coordinate system, you do not need to delete the program for the unused axes even if one user program is shared among devices that have different axis configurations.

Composition CNC Motor

Select the CNC motors to be used in the CNC coordinate system. CNC motors used in the CNC coordinate system are called composition CNC motors. Set the axis of the CNC coordinate system to which each composition CNC motor is assigned.

The axis types are: X/Y/Z-axes that constitute the orthogonal axes and A/B/C-axes that are rotational axes. These axes are called the positioning axes as they determine the position of a tool or work object of a machine tool.

Other than positioning axes, an axis is provided to control rotational speed by installing a cutting tool such as a drill or milling cutter used to machine the object. This axis is called the spindle axis.

The CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis must be different from CNC motors assigned to the positioning axes.

Precautions for Correct Use

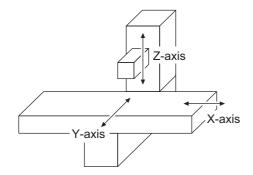
- If you change the axis assignment for a CNC motor that is set to Positioning Axis Assignment or Spindle Axis Assignment, the command unit of the axis to which the CNC motor is assigned may be different. Accordingly, you must review the unit conversion settings for the CNC motor.
- Refer to Axis and Motor Command Unit on page 4-13 for information on the axis and motor command unit.
- Refer to 4-4-3 Unit Conversion Settings on page 4-27 for information on the unit conversion settings.

CNC Motors Used to Configure Positioning Axes

Set the CNC motors to be assigned to the positioning axes.

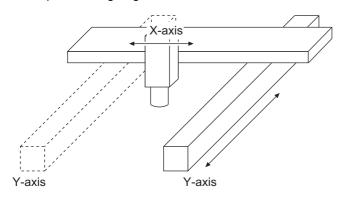
In most cases, one CNC motor is assigned to one positioning axis.

Example 1: Using the X-, Y-, and Z-axes, and assigning a CNC motor to each of the three axes.



However, a one-to-two setting can also be configured for a positioning axis and CNC motors as shown in the following figure.

Example 2: Assigning two CNC motors to the Y-axis to use Gantry Control.



Version Information

Gantry settings were added in the CNC version 1.01 or higher. When you use the gantry control, enable the gantry settings of the CNC motor that is used as a gantry slave axis. For details on the gantry settings, refer to 4-4-11 Gantry Settings on page 4-37.

If commands are issued or the status is obtained separately for each CNC motor of the CNC coordinate system, the positioning axis composition motor number may be used instead of the CNC motor number in order to increase the reusability of the program.

A composition CNC motor sets the assignment of positioning axis composition motor numbers and the CNC motor numbers belonging to the CNC coordinate system.

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC motors in the order from positioning axis composition motor number P0.

Even when you create two or more CNC coordinate systems, you must set the CNC motors in the order of positioning axis composition motor number P0 for each CNC coordinate system.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Position Axis Composition | Set CNC motor numbers to use | 0 to (Maximum CNC | No assignment |
| Motor Number | for the positioning axes of the | motor number) -1 | |
| | CNC coordinate system. | | |

Precautions for Correct Use

- The positioning axis composition motor numbers must be filled from the top. For example, you cannot set P2 to No Assignment and P3 to CNC Motor 5 at the same time.
- For a CNC coordinate system which is set to 2: Used CNC coordinate system in CNC Coordinate System Use, you cannnot specify CNC motor numbers that are undefined or unused.
- If CNC Coordinate System Use is set to anything other than 2: Used CNC coordinate system, all composition CNC motors are identified as undefined or unused.
- You cannot use the same CNC motor number more than once.
- · CNC motors specified for Spindle Axis Assignment (described later) cannot be set.
- You cannot specify CNC motor numbers that have been set to the composition CNC motors for other CNC coordinate systems.

| Example 1: Assigning CNC motor numbers 1, 3, 5, 6, and 8 as positioning CNC motor configura- | - |
|--|---|
| tions | |

| Positioning axis composition motor number | CNC motor number |
|--|------------------|
| P0 | 1 |
| P1 | 3 |
| P2 | 5 |
| P3 | 6 |
| P4 | 8 |
| P5 | (No assignment) |
| P6 | (No assignment) |
| P7 | (No assignment) |

| Positioning axis composition motor number | CNC motor number |
|--|------------------|
| P0 | 7 |
| P1 | 2 |
| P2 | 4 |
| P3 | (No assignment) |
| P4 | (No assignment) |
| P5 | (No assignment) |
| P6 | (No assignment) |
| P7 | (No assignment) |

Example 2: Assigning CNC motor numbers 7, 2, and 4 as positioning CNC motor configurations

• Positioning Axis Assignment

Set which CNC motors that are assigned to positioning axes correspond to the axes in the CNC coordinate system.

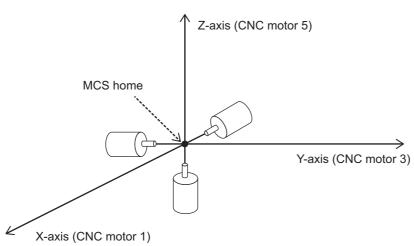
Parameter name **Function** Setting range Default Positioning Axis 0 to 5, 200 to Select the positioning axis to P0 ... 0: X-axis which a CNC motor is 202 Assignment^{*1} P1 ... 1: Y-axis assigned. P2 ... 2: Z-axis 0: X-axis P3 ... 5: C-axis 1: Y-axis P4 ... 0: X-axis 2: Z-axis P5 ... 0: X-axis 3: A-axis P6 ... 0: X-axis 4: B-axis P7 ... 0: X-axis 5: C-axis * Settings of positioning axis composi-200: X gantry slave axis tion motor numbers to which no CNC 201: Y gantry slave axis motor is assigned are invalid. 202: Z gantry slave axis

Set the positioning axis assignment, for each positioning axis composition motor number.

*1. Only two to four types of positioning axes can be set for each CNC coordinate system. However, gantry slave axes are not counted for this assignment restriction.

For information on the setting of Positioning Axis Assignment for each positioning axis composition motor number, refer to the following example.

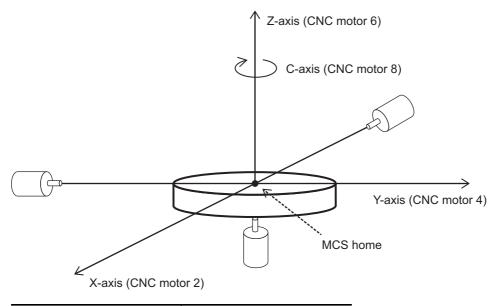
Example 1: Assigning CNC motors 1, 3, and 5 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes.



| Positioning axis composi- tion motor ^{*1} | Positioning axis assign- ment |
|---|----------------------------------|
| P0 (1) | 0: X-axis |
| P1 (3) | 1: Y-axis |
| P2 (5) | 2: Z-axis |

*1. The number in the parentheses is a CNC motor number.

Example 2: Assigning CNC motors 2, 4, and 6 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes, and a CNC motor 8 to the C-axis.



| Positioning axis composi- tion motor ^{*1} | Positioning axis assign- ment |
|---|----------------------------------|
| P0 (2) | 0: X-axis |
| P1 (4) | 1: Y-axis |
| P2 (6) | 2: Z-axis |
| P3 (8) | 5: C-axis |

*1. The number in the parentheses is a CNC motor number.

Spindle Axis Assignment

Select a CNC motor to assign to the spindle axis. Specify one CNC motor number.

No CNC motor needs to be assigned to the spindle axis for tool machines that do not rotate cutting tools.

Example: If you do not use the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system, specify No assignment.



Precautions for Correct Use

- You cannot set CNC motor numbers of undefined or unused CNC motors.
- You cannot set CNC motor numbers that are set to composition CNC motors for other CNC coordinate systems.
- · You cannot set CNC motors that are set to positioning axes composition motors.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------|
| Spindle Axis Assign- | Set a CNC motor number to use for | 0 to (Maximum number of CNC | No assign- |
| ment | the spindle axis of the CNC coordi- nate system. | motors) - 1 | ment |

Axis and Motor Command Unit

The command unit of each axis is shown in the following table. In particular, the unit of position is called the axis command unit.

| Axis type | Unit of position (axis com- mand unit) | | Unit of | velocity | | leration and tion rates |
|--------------|---|------|------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| type | metric | inch | metric | metric inch | | inch |
| Х | mm | inch | mm/min | inch/min | mm/s ² | inch/s ² |
| Y | | | | | | |
| Z | | | | | | |
| А | degree | | degree/min | | degree/s ² | |
| В | | | | | Ũ | |
| С | 1 | | | | | |
| Spindle | rev | | rev/min | | rev/s ² | |

The axis command unit for orthogonal axes X, Y, and Z can be selected from metric and inch by using Unit of Cartesian Axes.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|-------------------|--|------------------|---------|
| Unit of Cartesian | Set the command unit for the X-, Y-, and Z-orthogonal axes | 0 to 1 | 0 |
| Axes | and the unit for CNC motors assigned to these axes collec- | | |
| | tively. | | |
| | 0: Metric (mm) | | |
| | 1: inch (inch) | | |

The command unit system for composition CNC motors assigned to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes also conform to the Unit of Cartesian Axes settings.

This command unit for the CNC motors is called the motor command unit.

Basically, the axis command unit of the CNC coordinate system is equal to the motor command unit.

However, only for the orthogonal axes of the CNC coordinate system, the command unit can be changed between metric and inch by G codes G20 and G21.

As only the axis command unit is changed at this time and the motor command unit retains the Unit of Cartesian Axes settings, the axis command unit is not equal to the motor command unit.

4-3-3 CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings

Set operations of the CNC coordinate system such as the maximum feedrate and immediate stop method. Set them according to the specifications of the device to be controlled.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|--|--|-----------------------------|---------|
| Maximum Fee- drate | Set the maximum feed rate of a path. Value 0 means there is no limit to the feed rate. If a target speed exceeding the max- imum feed rate is specified using a CNC coordinate system operation instruction, the specified maximum feed rate is applied. ^{*1} (Unit: Axis command units/min) | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| Rotary Axis Velocity | Set the speed of feeding the A-, B-, and C-axes using linear interpolation (G01) for a non-dry run. (Unit: degree/min) | Positive long reals | 2,160 |
| Dry Run Veloc- ity ^{*2} | Specify the speed for a dry run. (Unit: mm, inch, degree/min) | Positive long reals | 3,000 |
| Immediate Stop Input Stop Method | Set the stopping method for CNC motors when immediate stop input is enabled in any of the composition CNC motor. Composition CNC motors without any error are immediately stopped. 0: Immediate stop | 0, 2, or 3 | 0 |
| | 2: Immediate stop and error counter reset | | |
| Limit Input Stop Method | 3: Immediate stop and Servo OFF Set the stopping method for CNC motors when positive limit input or negative limit input is enabled in any of the composi- tion CNC motor. Composition CNC motors without any error are immediately stopped. | 0 or 3 | 0 |
| | 0: Immediate stop 3: Immediate stop and Servo OFF | | |
| Feed Hold Acceleration Deceleration Time | The time taken until operation stops when the override value changes from 100% to 0% at execution of feed hold. This parameter is also used for the acceleration time when override returns to 100% after operation resumes from the | 1 to 10,000 | 1,000 |
| In-position Check Time ^{*4} | feed hold stop. ^{*3} (Unit: ms) An error occurs if all positioning axis composition CNC motors in a coordinate system are not in-positioned within this time period at the completion of the travel command while an execution of a CNC instruction. Set this check time in milliseconds. ^{*5} However, the in-position check is not performed for the blending operation. The in-position check is also not per- formed if 0 is set. (Unit: ms) | 0 to 10,000 | 0 |
| Software Over- travel Limit Operation Con- trol | Set the operation when the software overtravel limit of the CNC motor is reached while the CNC coordinate system is operating. 0: An error occurs. Each CNC motor stops immediately. 1: No error occurs. The command position of the CNC motor is limited by software overtravel limit, and the operation continues without observing the path. | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| Lookahead Dis- tance | Set the lookahead distance. ^{*6 *7} (Unit: CNC Planner Service period (ms)) | 1 to 4,096 | 4,096 |

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|-------------------|--|---------------|---------|
| Override | Select the method of override control. | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| Method Selec- | 0: Segment override method | | |
| tion | 1: Time-base override method | | |

- *1. This parameter limits the specified feed rate. If the feedrate override value is set to 100% or more, the rate to be output is not limited by this parameter.
- *2. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum feedrate if the maximum feedrate is not 0.
- *3. If feed hold is executed while Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable (G500) is enabled, operation does not stop according to this parameter. A sudden stop takes place within the range of maximum acceleration/deceleration rate of composition motors.
- *4. Set a value larger than the number of in-position continuance cycles for the positioning axis composition CNC motor.

Example: Suppose that the control cycle time of a primary periodic task is 2 milliseconds, and that the largest number of the in-position check continuance cycles of the composition CNC motors is 100 control cycles. Then the in-position check time must be set to a value larger than 200 milliseconds. Cases where the in-position check time is 0 milliseconds or it is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period are excluded.

*5. The result of an in-position check of the CNC coordinate system is determined by the CNC Planner Service. Actually, therefore, the accuracy of the in-position check time is rounded down to the unit of the CNC Planner Service period. If the in-position check time is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period, it is rounded down to be 0, and the in-position check is not executed.

Example: Suppose that the in-position check time is 6 milliseconds and that the CNC Planner Service period is 4 milliseconds. Then normal operation is performed when the in-position check of all the positioning axis composition CNC motors is completed within one CNC Planner Service period (4 milliseconds) from the CNC Planner Service that has actually finished the travel command. An error occurs if the in-position check takes longer than the period.

*6. While G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable) and G64 (Continuous-path Mode) are both enabled, the CNC Function Module reads the path ahead for the below execution time at maximum and searches for a location where the limitation of position, velocity or acceleration may be exceeded.

Lookahead Distance × CNC Planner Service period (ms)

When the location is found, it decelerates to control the path within the limit range. This change applies retroactively to the path previously calculated, and is completed prior to actual execution.

*7. Lookahead Distance is not reflected to the operation if you execute G500 again when G500 was already enabled.

If you want to update Lookahead Distance, execute G501 once to disable Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration.

4-3-4 NC Program Default Settings

Set the default values for the parameters and modal values that can be changed from the NC program, for each CNC coordinate system.

Default values are restored when modal reset is executed.

If you issue G500/G501 P99 command, the set default values are applied for the operation.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| Acceleration Time | Set the default acceleration time. | Positive long reals or 0 | 100 |
| | (Unit: ms) | | |
| Deceleration Time | Set the default deceleration time. | Positive long reals or 0 | 100 |
| | (Unit: ms) | | |
| Jerk Time ^{*1} | Set the default jerk time. (Unit: ms) | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |

*1. Refer to the NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031) for Jerk Time.

4-3-5 Tool Compensation Settings

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|----------------------------|---|--|---------|
| Tool Radius | Set the tool radius for 2D tool radius compensation. (Unit: Axis command units) | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| Tool Length | Set the tool length (offset in the Z-axis direction) for tool length compensation. (Unit: Axis command units) | Negative or positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| Overcut Mode | Specify the overcut mode for tool radius compensation con- trol. | Enumerator 0 to 3 | 0 |
| | 0: Overcut error | | |
| | At the instant when an over-cut is detected, the program operation stops in an error state. | | |
| | 1: Overcutting avoidance | | |
| | In an attempt to avoid overcuts, the corrected path between the first and second intersection points is eliminated. As the result, the entry path and outgoing path at the intersection points are connected directly. This operation mode is nor- mally used for rough machining by large tools which cannot go into detailed profiles of any components. | | |
| | 2: Overcutting ignorance | | |
| | Continues program operation without detecting overcuts. | | |
| | 3: Overcutting test avoidance | | |
| | Attempts to avoid an overcut. If the overcut cannot be avoided, it is ignored to continue program operation. | | |
| Circular Feed Rate Mode | Specify the circular feed rate mode to be applied for tool radius compensation control. | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE |
| | FALSE: | | |
| | The tool center moves at the programmed feedrate. | | |
| | The velocity of tool edge along the programmed path becomes lower when tool radius compensation is outside the arc. The velocity becomes higher when tool radius compen- sation is inside the arc. | | |
| | TRUE: | | |
| | The tool edge along the programmed path moves at the pro- grammed feedrate. The tool center becomes faster when tool radius compensation is outside the arc. It becomes slower when tool radius compensation is inside the arc. | | |

Set parameters relevant to compensation of tool radius and length.

4-3-6 Work Coordinate System Offset Settings

Set the offset value for each axis in the first to sixth Work Coordinate Systems.

As shown in the table below, you can set a total of six work coordinate system offset values for each of first to sixth Work Coordinate System.

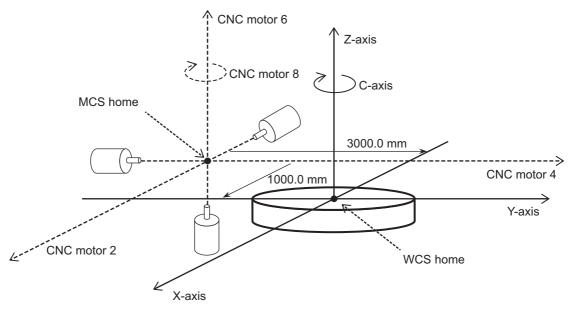
| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------|
| Work Coordinate System | Set the offset of a Work Coordinate Sys- | Negative or positive long | 0 |
| Offset X Value ^{*1} | tem against the Machine Coordinate | reals or 0 | |
| Work Coordinate System | System of each axis. | | |
| Offset Y Value ^{*1} | (Unit: Axis command units) | | |
| Work Coordinate System | | | |
| Offset Z Value ^{*1} | | | |
| Work Coordinate System | | | |
| Offset A Value ^{*1} | | | |
| Work Coordinate System | | | |
| Offset B Value ^{*1} | | | |
| Work Coordinate System | | | |
| Offset C Value ^{*1} | | | |

*1. Values for positioning axes that are not used are invalid.

Example: Assigning CNC motors 2, 4, and 6 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes

Assign CNC motor 8 to the C-axis.

The homes of the Z-axis and C-axis in the Machine Coordinate System are the same as the home of the Work Coordinate System. However, if you want to set the homes of the X-axis and Y-axis in the Work Coordinate System to the center of the circular table, it must be offset against the home in the Machine Coordinate System.



| Axis type | Х | Y | Z | Α | В | С |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|---|---|---|---|
| Work Coordinate System Off- | 1000.0 | 3000.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| set Value | | | | | | |

4-3-7 Reference Point Settings

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------|---------|
| Reference Point X ^{*1} | Set the positions of reference points for | Negative or positive long | 0 |
| Reference Point Y ^{*1} | each axis. (Unit: Axis command units) | reals or 0 | |
| Reference Point Z ^{*1} | | | |
| Reference Point A ^{*1} | | | |
| Reference Point B ^{*1} | | | |
| Reference Point C ^{*1} | | | |

The position of each axis that constitutes the reference point can be set.

*1. Values for positioning axes that are not used are invalid.

You can set the first to fourth reference points.

However, you do not have to set reference points for unused positioning axes.

Example: Using the X-, Y-, Z-, and C-axes.

| Reference point | X-axis | Y-axis | Z-axis | A-axis | B-axis | C-axis |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1st Reference Point | Supported | Supported | Supported | Unneces- | Unneces- | Supported |
| | | | | sary | sary | |
| 2nd Reference Point | Supported | Supported | Supported | Unneces- | Unneces- | Supported |
| | | | | sary | sary | |
| 3rd Reference Point | Supported | Supported | Supported | Unneces- | Unneces- | Supported |
| | | | | sary | sary | |
| 4th Reference Point | Supported | Supported | Supported | Unneces- | Unneces- | Supported |
| | | | | sary | sary | |

4-3-8 M Code Settings

Select the output timing of M codes.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|----------------------|--|---------------|---------|
| M Code Output Timing | Select the output timing of M codes. | -1 to 2 | 0 |
| | -1: Do not use | | |
| | 0: Synchronous (Wait for M code reset) | | |
| | 1: Immediate | | |
| | 2: Synchronous (Not wait for M code reset) | | |

The timing can be set individually for each M code address. However, M0, M1, M2, M30, M98, and M99 are fixed.

| M code address | Parameters |
|----------------|-------------|
| 0 | (No output) |
| 1 | (No output) |
| 2 | (No output) |
| 3 | -1 to 2 |
| | -1 to 2 |
| 29 | -1 to 2 |
| 30 | Always 0 |
| 31 | -1 to 2 |
| | -1 to 2 |
| 98 | (No output) |
| 99 | (No output) |
| | -1 to 2 |
| 191 | -1 to 2 |

The following is an example of controlling M code output timing using an NC program.

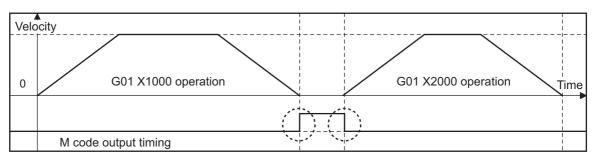
```
(Sample of NC Program)
N10 G01 X1000
N20 M10
N30 G01 X2000
```

Additional Information

When an M code which is set to **-1: Do not use** is executed in an NC program, no processing is performed (handled as an NOP instruction).

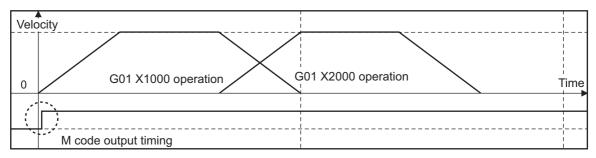
• 0: Synchronous (Wait for M Code Reset)

- The M10 signal is output when the G01 X1000 travel is completed.
- The next axis motion is not executed until the M10 signal is reset by the sequence control program.



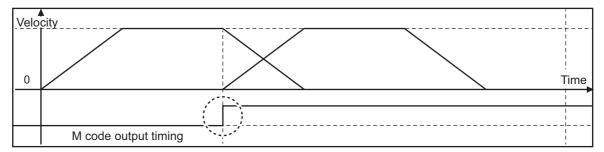
• 1: Immediate

The M10 signal is output at the timing when the line N20 M10 in the NC program is interpreted. It does not synchronize with the operation.



• 2: Synchronous (Not Wait for M Code Reset)

• The M10 signal is output when the G01 X1000 travel is started.



4-3-9 Spindle Axis Operation Settings

Set orientation operation for the spindle axis assigned to the coordinate system.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|---------|
| Orientation Position | Specify the stop position [rev] within | Long reals | 0 |
| | one spindle axis rotation at Spindle Orientation (M19). | 0 ≤ x < 1 | |
| Orientation Velocity ^{*1} | Specify the target velocity [rev/min] in | Single-precision | 600.0 |
| | the constant velocity section at Spindle | reals | |
| | Orientation (M19). | Positive number | |
| Orientation Acceleration/Deceler- | Specify an acceleration/deceleration | Single-precision | 0 |
| ation ^{*2} | rate [rev/s ²] at Spindle Orientation | reals | |
| | (M19). | Positive number, 0 | |

*1. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity of the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

*2. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration of the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis, if the maximum acceleration is not 0.

Orientation operation is a function to be performed for tool replacement. Orientation operation enables to stop the spindle axis at a specific phase and replace tools.

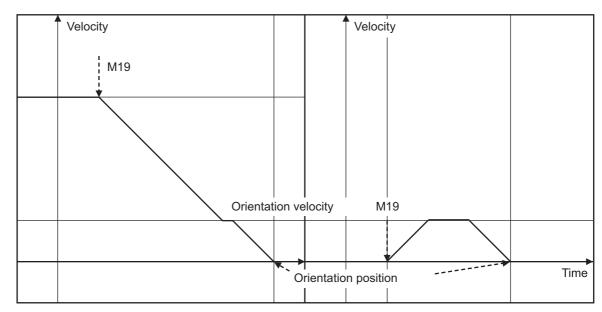
0 [rev] Orientation position [rev]

As shown in the following figure, the orientation position is specified for an offset position within one rotation from position 0.

For the orientation velocity, specify a speed in the constant velocity section during orientation operation of the spindle axis.

For the orientation acceleration/deceleration, specify an acceleration/deceleration rate until the orientation velocity or speed 0 is reached.

The figure to the left shows the operation when M19 (Spindle Orientation) is executed during positive rotation (CW) or negative rotation (CCW) of the spindle axis. The figure to the right shows the operation when M19 (Spindle Orientation) is executed when the spindle axis in standby status.



Precautions for Correct Use

If M19 is executed during CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis, the spindle axis status switches from open loop to closed loop. This makes the rotation speed temporarily discontinuous. Therefore, you need to reduce the rotation speed of the spindle axis to an adequately low level before executing M19.

4-3-10 CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings

You can switch the operation parameters of CNC coordinate system with the use of G500/G501 command.

Set operation parameters shown below.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| CNC Coordinate System | Set the operation parameter for when | Refer to _sCNC_0 | COORD_OPE |
| Extended Operation Set- | G500/G501 P0 command is issued. | SETTINGS. | |
| tings No.0 | | | |
| CNC Coordinate System | Set the operation parameter for when | | |
| Extended Operation Set- | G500/G501 P1 command is issued. | | |
| tings No.1 | | | |
| CNC Coordinate System | Set the operation parameter for when | | |
| Extended Operation Set- | G500/G501 P2 command is issued. | | |
| tings No.2 | | | |

• _sCNC_COORD_OPE_SETTINGS

| Input variable | Meaning | Function ^{*1} | Setting range | Default |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| MaxFeedrate | Maximum Fee- | Setting of the maximum feed | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| | drate ^{*1} | rate of a path | | |
| RotaryAxisVel | Rotary Axis Veloc- | Setting of the rotary axis veloc- | Positive long reals | 2,160 |
| | ity ^{*1} | ity | | |
| InPosCheckTime | In-position Check | Setting of the In-position check | 0 to 10,000 | 0 |
| | Time ^{*1 *2} | time | | |
| AccTime | Operation Accelera- | Operation setting of the accel- | Positive long reals or 0 | 100 |
| | tion Time ^{*3} | eration time | | |
| DecTime | Operation Decelera- | Operation setting of the decel- | Positive long reals or 0 | 100 |
| | tion Time ^{*3} | eration time | | |
| JerkTime | Operation Jerk | Operation setting of the jerk | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| | Time ^{*3} | time | | |
| LHDistance | Lookahead Dis- | Setting of the lookahead dis- | 1 to 4,096 | 4,096 |
| | tance ^{*1} | tance | | |

*1. Refer to 4-3-3 CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings on page 4-14 for details.

*2. This parameter is also applied to the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction and the CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning) instruction.

*3. This parameter has a recommended usage range. Refer to the NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031) for details.

4-4 CNC Motor Parameter Settings

The CNC motor parameters set CNC motor operation such as the maximum velocity, homing, and other settings related to CNC motors controlled by the CNC Function Module.

The number of CNC motor parameters provided is the same as the maximum number of controlled CNC motors for each model. For NJ501-5300, the parameters are provided for 16 axes. For NY532-5400, they are provided for 32 axes.

The same parameter settings are applied to each CNC motor. This section describes the parameters for one CNC motor.

4-4-1 List of CNC Motor Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC motor parameters for each CNC motor.

| | | Temporary changes | | | Read- |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| Classification | Parameter name | Sup- port | Update timing | Applicable instruction | ing vari- ables |
| CNC Motor Basic Set- | CNC Motor Number | | | | OK |
| tings | CNC Motor Use | | | | OK |
| | Virtual CNC Motors | | | | OK |
| | Coordinate System Number | | | | OK |
| | Axis Assignment Type | | | | |
| | Input/Output Device | | | | |
| Unit Conversion Settings | Command Pulse Count Per | | | | |
| | Motor Rotation | | | | |
| | Travel Distance Per Work | | | | |
| | Rotation | | | | |
| | Work Gear Ratio | | | | |
| | Motor Gear Ratio | | | | |
| Operation Settings | Maximum Velocity | | | | |
| | Maximum Acceleration/Decel- eration | OK | Immediate ^{*1} | CNC_Write | |
| | Rapid Feed Velocity | OK | Immediate ^{*1} | CNC_Write | |
| | Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration | OK | Immediate ^{*1} | CNC_Write | |
| | In-position Range | OK | Immediate ^{*1} | CNC_Write | |
| | Number of In-position Continu- ance Cycles | OK | Immediate ^{*1} | CNC_Write | |
| | Skip Velocity | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| CNC Motor Operation | CNC Motor Operation | OK | When G500/G501 P0 com- | CNC_Write | |
| Extended Settings | Extended Settings No.0 | | mand is issued ^{*2} | | |
| | CNC Motor Operation | ОК | When G500/G501 P1 com- | CNC_Write | 1 |
| | Extended Settings No.1 | | mand is issued ^{*2} | _ | |
| | CNC Motor Operation | ОК | When G500/G501 P2 com- | CNC Write | |
| | Extended Settings No.2 | | mand is issued ^{*2} | _ | |

| | | Temporary changes | | | Read- |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|
| Classification | Parameter name | Sup- port | Update timing | Applicable instruction | ing vari- ables |
| Other Operation Param- | Driver Error Reset Monitoring | | | | |
| eters | Time | | | | |
| | Immediate Stop Input Logic | | | | |
| | Inversion | | | | |
| | Positive Limit Input Logic | | | | |
| | Inversion | | | | |
| | Negative Limit Input Logic Inversion | | | | |
| | Home Proximity Input Logic Inversion | | | | |
| Limit Settings | Software Overtravel Limit | OK | When an operation instruc- tion is executed | CNC_Write | |
| | Positive Software Overtravel Limit | ОК | When an operation instruc- tion is executed | CNC_Write | |
| | Negative Software Overtravel Limit | ОК | When an operation instruc- tion is executed | CNC_Write | |
| | Following Error Over Value | ОК | Immediate | CNC Write | |
| | Following Error Warning Value | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| Position Count Parame- ters | Encoder Type | | | | |
| Servo Drive Types | PDS Status Control Method | | | | |
| Homing Settings | Homing Operation Mode | | | | |
| | Home Input Signal | | | | |
| | Homing Start Direction | | | | |
| | Home Input Detection Direc- | | | | |
| | tion | | | | |
| | Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input | | | | |
| | Operation Selection at Nega- tive Limit Input | | | | |
| | Homing Velocity | | | | |
| | Homing Approach Velocity | | | | |
| | Homing Acceleration/Deceler- ation | | | | |
| | Home Input Mask Distance | | | | |
| | Home Offset | | | | |
| | Homing Holding Time | | | | |
| | Homing Compensation Value | | | | |
| | Homing Compensation Veloc- ity | | | | |
| Servo Gain Settings | Position Loop Gain | ОК | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| Ŭ | Velocity Feedforward Gain | ОК | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| Gantry Settings | Gantry Enable | | | | |
| | CNC Motor Number for Gantry | | | | |
| | Master Axis | | | | |
| | Alignment Velocity | | | | |
| | Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value | | | | |
| | Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value | | | | |

*1. This parameter is reflected to the operation when this parameter is changed while P99 is selected, or when G500/G501 P99 command is issued after this parameter was changed.

*2. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when the CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) instruction is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, you need to specify the relevant parameter set with G500/G501 in order to reflect it to the operation.

4-4-2 CNC Motor Basic Settings

Set whether to use CNC motors, and to use real or virtual CNC motors, as well as the node addresses of the EtherCAT slave devices.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|
| CNC Motor Num- | Set the logical number of the CNC motor. The number speci- | 0 to (Largest | |
| ber ^{*1} | fied with this parameter will be the numeric value in | CNC motor | |
| | _CNC_Motor[0-15] system-defined variable. | number)-1 | |
| CNC Motor Use ^{*2} | Set whether to use the CNC motor. | 0 to 2 | |
| | 0: Undefined CNC motor | | |
| | 1: Unused CNC motor | | |
| | 2: Used CNC motor | | |
| Virtual CNC Motor | Select whether to enable or disable the virtual CNC motor. | 0 to 1 | 1 |
| | I/O wiring is not required for virtual CNC motors. | | |
| | 0: Disable (Real CNC motor) | | |
| | 1: Enable (Virtual CNC motor) | | |
| Coordinate Sys- | Display the number of the assigned CNC coordinate system. | 0 to (Largest | ^{*5} |
| tem Number ^{*3, *4} | | CNC coordi- | |
| | | nate system | |
| | | number)-1 | |
| Axis Assignment | Display whether the axis is a positioning axis (orthogonal or | 0, 1, or 2 | |
| Type ^{*3, *6} | rotational) or the spindle axis, and the purpose of axis use. | | |
| | 0: Positioning orthogonal axis | | |
| | 1: Positioning rotational axis | | |
| | 2: Spindle axis | | |
| Input/Output | Specify the node address of the EtherCAT slave device that is | 0 to 65,535 | |
| Device ^{*7} | assigned to the CNC motor. | | |

*1. You cannot use the same CNC motor number more than once.

- *2. These settings are determined in association with the setting for the CNC Coordinate System Use in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings of the CNC coordinate system parameters. They cannot be set as CNC motor parameters.
- *3. These settings are determined when CNC motors are assigned in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings of the CNC coordinate system parameters. They cannot be set as CNC motor parameters. The CNC motor parameter setting screen is shown on the Sysmac Studio, but they cannot be set from the Sysmac Studio.
- *4. A CNC motor must be assigned to any CNC coordinate system.
- *5. When you add a CNC motor on Sysmac Studio, the coordinate system number changes to (none) and an error occurs. Assign it to any CNC coordinate system before transferring the parameter to the NC Integrated Controller.
- *6. This parameter is automatically set from Positioning Axis Assignment or Spindle Axis Assignment of the coordinate system to which the CNC motor is assigned.
- *7. This setting is not required when a virtual CNC motor is enabled.

内

Precautions for Correct Use

When absolute encoders are used, the absolute encoder home offset for each CNC motor is associated with a CNC motor number and saved to the battery-backup memory. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, set the Homing Settings again.

CNC Motor Number

You can set the numbers for CNC motors up to the maximum number of CNC motors.

| Item | NJ501-5300 | NY532-5400 |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Settable CNC motor numbers | 0 to 15 | 0 to 31 |
| Maximum number of CNC motors | 16 | 32 |

Virtual CNC Motors

Virtual CNC motors are provided in the CNC Function Module. Set to enable or disable the virtual CNC motors.

If the virtual CNC motors are enabled, the EtherCAT slave Servo Drives and EtherCAT spindle driver are not used. By enabling the virtual CNC motors, you can create programs even if you have not yet obtained actual CNC motors and drivers to use when starting up a machine tool.

The virtual CNC motors do not have physical encoders or external I/O signals.

When the virtual CNC motors are enabled, the following points differ from when they are disabled.

- As the feedback current position, the command position that is rounded down to the precision in pulse will be replicated.
- The feedback current velocity is derived from the difference of the feedback current position.
- External input signals cannot be used.
- If the CNC_Home (Homing) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction is executed, the instruction is processed as a zero position preset regardless of the setting of the Homing Method of the CNC motor parameter.
- Errors do not occur for immediate stop inputs or positive/negative limit inputs because the input signals do not exist for them.

Input Device/Output Device

When the virtual CNC motors are disabled, specify the node address of the EtherCAT slave device that is assigned to the axis.

The node address parameter cannot be selected when the virtual CNC motors are enabled.



Precautions for Correct Use

 OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives and G5-series Servo Drives can be set to specific node addresses by using the node address switches on the front panel. If the node address switches are set to 00, the node address will be determined by the settings set in the Ether-CAT Editor of Sysmac Studio.

If the node address switches are set to 00 for all connected Servo Drives, errors will not occur even if the Servo Drive's connection position is changed. Set the node addresses on the node address switches to assign specific Servo Drives for each machine control.

• The value set on the Servo Drive's node address switches is loaded only once when the Servo Drive's control power is turned ON.

Such changes are enabled only after the power supply is turned ON again.

Do not change the setting on the node address switches after the power supply has been turned ON.

• An error occurs if the same node address is used more than once.

4-4-3 Unit Conversion Settings

Set the units for positions, and determine the electronic gear ratio (unit conversion).

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|--|---|---------------------|---------|
| Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation ^{*1} | Set the number of pulses per motor rotation for commanded positions according to the encoder resolution. | 1 to 4,294,967,295 | 10,000 |
| | The command value is converted to a number of pulses based on the electronic gear ratio. | | |
| Travel Distance Per Work Rotation ^{*2,*3} | Set the work travel distance per work rotation at the commanded position. | Positive long reals | 10.0 |
| | This parameter can only be set when Axis Assignment Type is <i>0: Positioning orthogonal</i> <i>axis.</i> The unit used for this parameter is the orthogonal axis command unit set by the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings to which the CNC motor is assigned. | | |
| Work Gear Ratio ^{*2} | Set the gear ratio for the workpiece.*4 | 1 to 4,294,967,295 | 1 |
| Motor Gear Ratio ² | Set the gear ratio of the CNC motor. ^{*4} | 1 to 4,294,967,295 | 1 |

*1. For example, if the encoder resolution is 10,000 pulses/rotation, specify 10,000.

- *2. There is a condition to be satisfied for these settings. Refer to *Condition for Unit Conversion Settings* on page 4-30 for the condition.
- *3. This parameter can only be set when Axis Assignment Type is *0: Positioning orthogonal axis*. If Axis Assignment. Type is *1: Positioning rotational axis*, the setting is fixed to 360.0 degrees, and if it is *2: Spindle axis*, the setting is fixed to 1.0 rev.
- *4. When you do not use a reducer or other gears, do not change the default value 1.

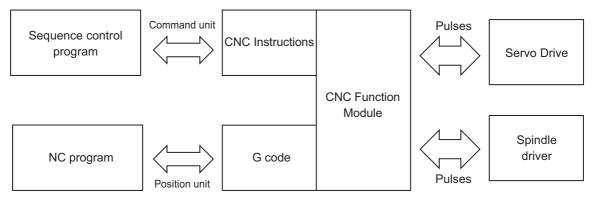
Precautions for Correct Use

When you make a change in the unit conversion settings, there are some differences between the physical position of the machine and the command current position of the CNC Function Module. Therefore, if you made a change in the unit conversion settings, execute the Home instruction to define the home again.

Positions are generally given in pulses between the CNC Function Module and Servo Drives or spindle driver.

4-4

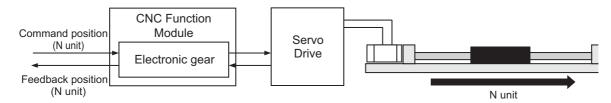
For positions used to control a machine tool, use the motor command units such as millimeter, inch, degree, and revolution for easier understanding of actual operations.



Electronic Gear Ratio (Unit Conversion Formula)

Use the electronic gear to set the relationship between the command unit and pulse unit in the CNC Function Module.

Use Sysmac Studio and set the electronic gear ratio.



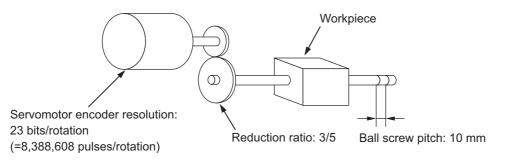
Commanded position value (pulses) = Commanded position (N units) × Electronic gear ratio

Electronic gear ratio = Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation × Motor Gear Ratio Travel Distance Per Work Rotation × Work Gear Ratio

In this example, an OMRON 1S-series Servomotor with a 23-bit absolute encoder is used.

The CNC motor is assigned to the CNC coordinate system as a positioning orthogonal axis, and the metric unit (millimeter) is used as the orthogonal axis command unit of the CNC coordinate system.

Mechanically, the reduction ratio of the reducer is 3/5 and the workpiece moves 10 mm for each rotation of the ball screw.



The Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation is set to the resolution of the encoder on the Servomotor.

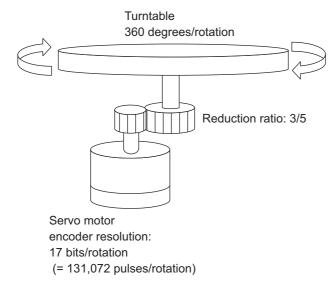
The Travel Distance Per Work Rotation is set to 10 mm, which is equivalent to the ball screw pitch.

A reducer with a reduction ratio of 3/5 is used, so the ball screw turns three times for every five rotations of the Servomotor. For this reduction ratio setting, the work gear ratio is set to 3 and the motor gear ratio is set to 5.

| Parameter name | Setting |
|--------------------------------|---|
| CNC Coordinate System Number | The number of the CNC coordinate system whose orthogonal axis command |
| | unit is 0: metric. |
| Axis Assignment Type | 0: Positioning orthogonal axis |
| Command Pulse Count Per | 8,388,608 |
| Motor Rotation | |
| Travel Distance Per Work Rota- | 10 |
| tion | |
| Work Gear Ratio | 3 |
| Motor Gear Ratio | 5 |

In this example, an OMRON G5-series Servomotor with a 17-bit absolute encoder is used as a positioning rotational axis.

Mechanically, the reduction ratio of the reducer is 3/5 and the workpiece moves 360 degrees for every rotation of the turntable.



The Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation is set to the resolution of the encoder on the Servomotor.

The Travel Distance Per Work Rotation is automatically set to 360.

A reducer with a reduction ratio of 3/5 is used, so the turntable (or workpiece) turns three times for every five rotations of the Servomotor. For this reduction ratio setting, the work gear ratio is set to 3 and the motor gear ratio is set to 5.

| Parameter name | Setting |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Axis Assignment Type | 1: Positioning rotational axis |
| Command Pulse Count Per | 131,072 |
| Motor Rotation | |
| Travel Distance Per Work Rota- | Always 360 |
| tion | |
| Work Gear Ratio | 3 |
| Motor Gear Ratio | 5 |

Condition for Unit Conversion Settings

The unit conversion settings must satisfy the following condition:

• The result of the following calculation must be equal to or between 0.000000001 and 65,535: Travel Distance Per Work Rotation × Work Gear Ratio ÷ Motor Gear Ratio.

4-4-4 Operation Settings

These parameters set items for the operation of CNC motor, such as the maximum velocity and maximum acceleration/deceleration rate. Set them according to the specifications of the device you are controlling.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|--|--|--|---------|
| Maximum Velocity ^{*1 *2} | Set the maximum velocity for the CNC motor. ^{*3} | Positive sin- | 30000.0 |
| | This parameter is also used as the rapid feed rate. | gle-precision | |
| | Do not set a value that exceeds the maximum speed of the motor that you are using. (Unit: Motor com- mand units/min) | reals ^{*4} | |
| Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration | Set the maximum acceleration rate for a CNC motor operation command. | Positive sin- | 0 |
| | Value 0 means there is no limit to the acceleration rate. | gle-precision reals or 0 | |
| | (Unit: Motor command units/s ²) ^{*5} | | |
| Rapid Feed Velocity ^{*6} | Set the velocity of the rapid feed command. | Positive sin- | 30000.0 |
| | (Unit: Motor command units/min) | gle-precision reals | |
| Rapid Feed Accelera- | Set the acceleration and deceleration rates of the | Positive sin- | 0 |
| tion/Deceleration ^{*7} | rapid feed command. | gle-precision | |
| | (Unit: Motor command units/s ²) | reals or 0 | |
| In-position Range ^{*8,*9} | Set the in-position width. ^{*10} | 0 or larger | 10 |
| | When the value is set to 0, positioning is complete when the position command is completed. | single-preci- sion real type value | |
| | (Unit: Motor command units) | Value | |
| Number of In-position | Set the time for checking completion of positioning in | 0 to 255 | 0 |
| Continuance Cycles ^{*11} | units of control periods. (Unit: Control period) | | |
| Skip Velocity | Set the velocity of the rapid feed command in Skip Function (G31). | Positive sin- gle-precision | 600.0 |
| | (Unit: Motor command units/min) | reals | |

*1. Parameters related to the following velocities must be set to a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity.

- Rapid feed velocity
- Homing velocity
- Homing approach velocity
- Homing compensation velocity
- Skip velocity
- Alignment velocity
- *2. With CNC version 1.01 or lower, this parameter is also used as the velocity for rapid feed.
- *3. The maximum velocity is used as the command velocity if you specify a velocity command value that is greater than the maximum velocity. This parameter also applies to CNC coordinate system operation.

- *4. The maximum value that can be specified for the maximum velocity is 128,849,018,820 pulses/min, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *5. The limitations set by the Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration become valid when acceleration/deceleration rate is enabled by the CNC_MoveJog or CNC_Move instruction, or in NC program operation and Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable (G500). This function does not work in Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Disable (G501)
- *6. The rapid feed velocity is changed to the same value as the maximum velocity if you change the maximum velocity using the Sysmac Studio.
- *7. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate.
- *8. The in-position check is processed by the CNC Function Module. Servo Drive functions are not used.
- *9. In-position check does not function when Continuous-path mode (G64) is enabled.
- *10.The maximum value that you can set for the in-position range is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *11.Set a value less than the In-position Check Time of the CNC coordinate system to which the CNC motor is assigned.

Example: Suppose that the control period of the primary periodic task is 2 ms and that the in-position check time of the CNC coordinate system is set to 100 ms.

Then the in-position check time must be set to a value less than 50 control periods.



Precautions for Correct Use

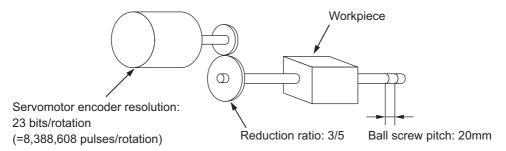
The Maximum Velocity parameter is also used as the speed of the rapid feed command for the CNC coordinate system. Be sure to set a value that is supported by the machine.

Maximum Velocity

The following provides a setting example for the maximum velocity.

Setting Example for the Maximum Velocity

This is an example for orthogonal axis and a Servomotor with a maximum speed of 1,000 r/min.



When calculating from a maximum speed of 1,000 r/min., a reduction ratio of 3/5, and a ball screw pitch of 20 mm, the formula 1,000 r/min \times 3/5 \times 20 mm yields 1,200 mm/min. Accordingly, specify 1200 for the maximum velocity.

The default setting of 30,000 exceeds the maximum speed of the CNC motor, so you must change the setting.

4-4-5 Other Operation Settings

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|-----------------------|---|---------------|---------|
| Driver Error Reset | Set the monitor time for a driver error reset. (Unit: ms) | 1 to 1000 | 200 |
| Monitoring Time | After the monitor time has elapsed, reset processing | | |
| | will end even if the drive error is not yet reset. | | |
| Immediate Stop | Set whether to reverse the logic of the immediate stop | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE |
| Input Logic Inversion | input signal. | | |
| | FALSE: Do not reverse. | | |
| | TRUE: Reverse. | | |
| Positive Limit Input | Set whether to reverse the logic of the positive limit | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE |
| Logic Inversion | input signal. | | |
| | FALSE: Do not reverse. | | |
| | TRUE: Reverse. | | |
| Negative Limit Input | Specify whether to invert the logic of the negative limit | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE |
| Logic Inversion | input signal. | | |
| | FALSE: Do not reverse. | | |
| | TRUE: Reverse. | | |
| Home Proximity | Set whether to reverse the logic of the home proximity | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE |
| Input Logic Inversion | input signal. | | |
| | FALSE: Do not reverse. | | |
| | TRUE: Reverse. | | |

Set the input logic inversion, etc. of each signal.

4-4-6 Limit Settings

Use the following parameters to select functions for limiting the following error and for software limits.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|---|--|---|---------|
| Software Overtravel Limit ^{*1} | Enable or disable the software overtravel limit. The stop method is an immediate stop for the command position (stop using remaining pulses). | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| | 0: Disabled | | |
| | 1: Enable | | |
| Positive Software Overtravel Limit ^{*2,*3,*4} | Set the software overtravel limit in the positive direction. | Positive sin- gle-precision | 10,000 |
| | (Unit: Motor command units) | reals | |
| Negative Software Overtravel Limit ^{*2,*4,*5} | Set the software overtravel limit in the negative direction. (Unit: Motor command units) | Negative sin- gle-precision reals | -10,000 |
| Following Error Over Value ^{*6} | Set the excessive following error check value. Set 0 to disable the excessive following error check. (Unit: Motor command units) | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| Following Error Warning Value ^{*7} | Set the following error warning check value. Set 0 to disable the following error warning check. (Unit: motor command units) | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |

*1. This function is activated only when the home is defined.

*2. If the software overtravel limit is disabled, the value does not need to be input.

- *3. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 549755813887.
- *4. When assigned to the spindle axis, the software limit does not work.
- *5. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be equal to or larger than -549755813888.
- *6. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 1099511627775.
- *7. When the Following Error Over Value is not 0, a value that is less than or equal to the Following Error Over Value must be set to this parameter.

4-4-7 Position Count Settings

Set the count mode for the position.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|----------------|--|---------------|---------|
| Encoder Type | Set the encoder type. ^{*1,*2} | 0 to 1 | 0 |
| | 0: Incremental encoder | | |
| | 1: Absolute encoder | | |

*1. If you use any of the following products, set the encoder type to 1: Absolute encoder.

When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used

When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an absolute external scale for fully-closed control is used

When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications is used with an absolute external scale

*2. The settings are as follows when you use an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an external scale for fully-closed control, or when you use an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications.

0: Incremental external scale

1: Absolute external scale

4-4-8 Servo Drive Settings

Set the value that is set on the Servo Drive that is connected.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|----------------------|--|---------------|---------|
| PDS Status Control | Set the status to which PDS status changes | 0 to 1 | 0 |
| Method ^{*1} | when Servo is turned OFF by the CNC_Power | | |
| | instruction. ^{*1} | | |
| | 0: Switched on by Servo OFF | | |
| | 1: Ready to switch on by Servo OFF | | |

*1. If you set this parameter to 1, the Servo Ready (Switched on) status of OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives or G5-series Servo Drives cannot be used. To use the Servo Ready (Switched on) status, set this parameter to 0.

4-4-9 Homing Settings

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|--|---|------------------------|---------|
| Homing Operation Mode | Set the homing operation. | 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, | 14 |
| | 0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input | or 11 to 14 | |
| | OFF | | |
| | 1: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input | | |
| | ON | | |
| | 4: Home proximity input OFF | | |
| | 5: Home proximity input ON | | |
| | 8: Limit input OFF | | |
| | 9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask dis- tance | | |
| | 11: Limit inputs only | | |
| | 12: Proximity reverse turn/holding time | | |
| | 13: No home proximity input/holding home input | | |
| | 14: Zero position preset | | |
| Home Input Signal | Select the input to use for the home input signal. | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| | 0: Use the Z-phase input as home. | | |
| | 1: Use external home input ^{*1} | | |
| Homing Start Direction | Set the start direction for when homing is started. | 0 or 2 | 0 |
| | 0: Positive direction | | |
| | 2: Negative direction | | |
| Home Input Detection Direction | Set the home input detection direction of the homing operation. | 0 or 2 | 0 |
| | 0: Positive direction | | |
| | 2: Negative direction | | |
| Operation Selection at Pos- itive Limit Input | Set the stopping method when the positive limit input turns ON during homing. | 0 to 2 | 1 |
| | 0: No reverse turn, minor fault stop | | |
| | (Stop according to Limit Input Stop Method parameter.) | | |
| | 1:Reverse turn/immediate stop | | |
| | 2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop | | |
| Operation Selection at Neg- ative Limit Input | Set the stopping method when the negative limit input turns ON during homing. | 0 to 2 | 1 |
| | 0: No reverse turn/minor fault stop | | |
| | (Stop according to Limit Input Stop Method parameter.) | | |
| | 1:Reverse turn/immediate stop | | |
| | 2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop | | |
| Homing Velocity ^{*2} | Set the homing velocity. | Positive sin- | 600.0 |
| | (Unit: Motor command units/min) | gle-precision reals | |
| Homing Approach Veloc- | Set the velocity to use after the home proximity | Positive sin- | 60.0 |
| ity ^{*3} | input turns ON. | gle-precision | |
| | (Unit: Motor command units/min) | reals | |

Set the CNC motor operation to use to determine home.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|---|--|--|---------|
| Homing Accelera- tion/Deceleration ^{*4} | Specify the acceleration and deceleration rates for homing. | Positive sin- gle-precision | 0 |
| | If the homing acceleration/deceleration rate is set to 0, the homing velocity, homing approach velocity or other target velocity is used without any acceleration/deceleration rate. (Unit: Motor command units/s ²) | reals or 0 | |
| Home Input Mask Dis- tance ^{*5} | Set the home input mask distance to be applied when the homing operation mode is set to the proximity reverse turn/home input mask dis- tance. | Positive long reals or 0 | 10.0 |
| | (Unit: Motor command units) | | |
| Home Offset ^{*6} | Preset the actual position for the value that is set after homing. (Unit: Motor command units) | Single-preci- sion real type negative, posi- tive, or 0 | 0 |
| Homing Holding Time | Set the holding time when you set the Homing Operation Mode to the proximity reverse turn/holding time. (Unit: ms) | 0 to 10,000 | 100 |
| Homing Compensation Value ^{*7, *8, *9} | Set the homing compensation value that is applied after the home is defined. (Unit: Motor command units) | Negative or positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| Homing Compensation Velocity | Set the velocity to use for homing compensa- tion. (Unit: Motor command units/min) | Positive sin- gle-precision reals | 60 |

*1. This setting can be used for an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive. The input allocated to latch 1 for the Servo Drive is used as the external home input. In the default setting of the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives or G5-series Servo Drives, the external latch input 1 is allocated to latch 1. For details, refer to the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives 1S-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1586), AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1577).

- *2. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity.
- *3. Set a value less than or equal to the homing velocity.
- *4. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate if the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate is not 0.
- *5. The settable maximum value is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses when the value is converted into pulses.
- *6. The settable values are -549,755,813,888 to 549,755,813,887 pulses when the value is converted to pulses.
- *7. The settable values are -549,755,813,888 to 549,755,813,887 pulses when the value is converted to pulses.
- *8. These parameters are for homing operation. Refer to Section 8 Homing for details.
- *9. You cannot map the Z-phase input to a PDO for an OMRON G5-series Linear Motor Type Servo Drive. Therefore, if you set the Homing Operation Mode to No home proximity input/holding home input, which can use a Z-phase input mapped to a PDO, do not select the Z-phase input for the home input signal.

4

4-4-10 Servo Gain Settings

Set the servo gain parameters of the CNC motor. The setting values are used to calculate the output command based on the command position and feedback position.

These parameters must be set only when you position the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis with the closed-loop control.



Precautions for Safe Use

- Before adjusting this parameter, adjust the gain on the spindle driver to ensure normal operation of the following functions that perform spindle open-loop control.
 - CNC_SpindleGo
 - Spindle CW (M03)
 - Spindle CCW (M04)
- · When adjusting the gain, take sufficient measures to ensure safety.
- If oscillation (abnormal noise or vibration) occurs, immediately turn OFF the power to the driver or turn the Servo OFF.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|----------------------|--|---------------|---------|
| Position Loop Gain | Set the value of Position Loop Gain (K_p). | 0 to 3,000 | 40 |
| | (Unit: 1/s) | Single-preci- | |
| | | sion reals | |
| Velocity Feedforward | Set the value of Velocity Feedforward Gain (K_vff) | 0 to 100 | 0 |
| Gain | (Unit: %) | Single-preci- | |
| | | sion reals | |

Refer to 9-2-2 *Position Loop by Cyclic Velocity Control* on page 9-7 for details on the meaning of each parameter and how to adjust the parameter.

4-4-11 Gantry Settings

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------|
| Gantry Enable ^{*1 *2} | Specify whether to use the CNC motor | 0/1 | 0 |
| | as the gantry slave axis. | | |
| | 0: Not used as the gantry slave axis | | |
| | 1: Used as the gantry slave axis | | |
| CNC Motor Number for | Specify a CNC motor number of the | 0 to maximum motor num- | 0 |
| Gantry Master Axis ^{*3} | CNC motor used as the gantry master | ber | |
| | axis. | | |
| Alignment Velocity ^{*4} | Set the velocity to use for alignment. | Positive single-precision | 60.0 |
| | (Unit: Motor command units/min) | reals | |
| Position Deviation | Specify a value to check the position | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| Between Axes Over | deviation over value between gantry | | |
| Value ^{*5} | axes. | | |
| | Set 0 to disable the check for the posi- | | |
| | tion deviation over between gantry axes. | | |
| | (Unit: Motor command units) | | |
| Position Deviation | Specify a value to check the position | Positive long reals or 0 | 0 |
| Between Axes Warning | deviation warning between gantry axes. | | |
| Value ^{*5 *6} | Set 0 to disable the following error warn- | | |
| | ing check. (Unit: motor command units) | | |

Set the operation of the gantry slave axis that configure the gantry system.

*1. Any other gantry settings parameters are enabled when 1: Used as the gantry slave axis is selected for this setting.

*2. The CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis must be assigned to *Auxiliary Axis* under *Positioning Axis Assignment* in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings.

- *3. The CNC motor used as the gantry master axis must satisfy the following conditions. If the conditions are not satisfied, the Sysmac Studio will detect a setting error.
 - The motor must be assigned to the same CNC coordinate system where the CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis is assigned.
 - The CNC motor number is smaller than the CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis.
 - The motor is not used as a gantry master or slave axis of another gantry system.
 - The encoder type and the unit conversion settings are consistent with those for the gantry slave axis.
- *4. The value must be less than or equal to the parameter setting for the maximum velocity.
- *5. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 1099511627775.
- *6. When the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value is not 0, a value that is less than or equal to the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value must be set to this parameter.

Precautions for Correct Use

- The gantry master and salve axes must be set the same value specified for *Operation Settings* and *Limit Settings* in the CNC motor parameter settings.
- If you set the *encoder type* to *0: Incremental encoder*, you must also set the slave to use an incremental encoder. For an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive, you can set this by the *Absolute Encoder Operation Selection* parameter.

4-4

4-4-12 CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings

The operation parameters of CNC coordinate system can be switched with the use of G500/G501 command.

Set the operation parameters shown below.

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| CNC Coordinate System | Set the operation parameter for when | Refer to _sCNC_M | OTOR_OPE_SET- |
| Extended Operation Set- | G500/G501 P0 command is issued. | TINGS. | |
| tings No.0 | | | |
| CNC Coordinate System | Set the operation parameter for when | | |
| Extended Operation Set- | G500/G501 P1 command is issued. | | |
| tings No.1 | | | |
| CNC Coordinate System | Set the operation parameter for when | | |
| Extended Operation Set- | G500/G501 P2 command is issued. | | |
| tings No.2 | | | |

• _sCNC_MOTOR_OPE_SETTINGS

| Input variable | Meaning | Function | Setting range | Default |
|------------------------|---|--|---|---------|
| MaxAccDec | Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration | Setting of the maximum acceleration rate for a CNC motor operation command | Positive single-precision reals or 0 | 0 |
| RapidVel | Rapid Feed Veloc- ity ^{*1} | Setting of the velocity of the rapid feed command | Positive single-precision reals | 30000.0 |
| RapidAccDec | Rapid Feed Acceler- ation/Deceleration ^{*1} | Setting of the accelera- tion/deceleration rate of the rapid feed command | Positive single-precision reals or 0 | 0 |
| AbortDec (Reserved) | Reserved | Reserved | | |
| InPosRange | In-position Range ^{*1*2} | Setting of the in-position width | 0 or larger single-preci- sion real type value | 10 |
| InPosCycle | Number of In-posi- tion Continuance Cycles ^{*1 *2} | Setting of the time for check- ing completion of positioning | 0 to 255 | 0 |

*1. Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30 for details.

*2. This parameter is also applied to the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction and the CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning) instruction.

4-5 CNC Motor Compensation Table Parameter Settings

The CNC motor compensation table parameters are provided to set data tables which are used to correct CNC motors controlled in the CNC Function Module.

The number of CNC motor compensation table parameter set is the same as the maximum number of CNC motor compensation tables for each model.

For NJ501-5300, the parameter sets are provided for 32 tables. For NY532-5400, they are provided for 64 tables.

The same parameter settings are applied to each CNC motor compensation table. This section describes the parameters for one table.

• List of CNC Motor Compensation Table Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the compensation table parameters for each CNC motor compensation table.

| | | | Temporary cha | nges | Read- |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| Classification Parameter name | | Sup- port | Update timing | Applicable instruction | ing vari- ables |
| CNC Motor Compensation | CNC Motor Compensation | | | | |
| Table Basic Parameters | Table Number | | | | |
| | Source CNC Motor Number | | | | |
| | Target CNC Motor Number | | | | |
| | Compensation Scaling | OK | Immediate | CNC_Write | |
| | Source Compensation Start | | | | |
| | Position | | | | |
| | Source Compensation Sec- | | | | |
| | tion Distance | | | | |
| | Number of Compensation | | | | |
| | Table Point Sections | | | | |
| | Source Reference Position | | | | |
| | Compensation Output Method | | | | |
| | Repetition Mode | | | | |
| | Table Point Interpolation Method | | | | |
| CNC Motor Compensation Table Data | | | | | |
| | Target Compensation Value | ОК | Immediate | Write as a variable | ОК |

Refer to 5-4 CNC Motor Compensation Table on page 5-21 for information on each setting and how to edit the setting.

4

5

CNC Program

This section describes CNC programs.

| 5-1 | Sequen | ce Control Program | . 5-2 |
|-----|---------------------|--|--------|
| 5-2 | Status [·] | Transitions | . 5-3 |
| | 5-2-1 | Status of the CNC Function Module | 5-3 |
| | 5-2-2 | Statuses of CNC Coordinate System | 5-3 |
| 5-3 | CNC Sy | vstem-defined Variables | . 5-5 |
| | 5-3-1 | Overview of CNC System-defined Variables | 5-5 |
| | 5-3-2 | Mechanism of CNC System-defined Variables | 5-7 |
| | 5-3-3 | Lists of CNC System-defined Variables | 5-8 |
| 5-4 | CNC M | otor Compensation Table | 5-21 |
| | 5-4-1 | Editing the CNC Motor Compensation Table | . 5-21 |
| | 5-4-2 | Edit | . 5-22 |
| | 5-4-3 | Enabling/Disabling CNC Motor Compensation Table | . 5-23 |
| | 5-4-4 | Saving | . 5-23 |
| | 5-4-5 | Functions and Purposes of CNC Motor Compensation Table | . 5-23 |
| | 5-4-6 | Terminology | . 5-24 |
| | 5-4-7 | Outline | . 5-25 |
| | 5-4-8 | Basic Settings | . 5-26 |
| | 5-4-9 | Setting Example | . 5-29 |
| | 5-4-10 | CNC Motor Compensation Table Specifications | . 5-34 |

5-1 Sequence Control Program

CNC instructions are used in a sequence control program to execute CNC functions. These instructions are defined as function blocks (FBs).

The CNC Function Module controls CNC motors and CNC coordinate systems. The CNC motor corresponds to axis used in the MC Function Module. The CNC coordinate system of the CNC Function Module corresponds to an axes group used in the MC Function Module.

This section describes an overview of the CNC instructions used in the CNC Function Module, and gives the specifications of the CNC Function Module.

For basic information on the function block (FB), refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W501) or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual* (Cat. No. W558).

For information on MC Function Module programs, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W507) or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W559).

• CNC Instructions

The procedure for executing CNC instructions conforms to that for executing motion control instructions of the MC Function Module. For this reason, user programs can be more easily reused without hardware dependence.

Costs of training and support can also be reduced.

Refer to Section 10 CNC Instructions for details.

5-2 Status Transitions

The status transitions of CNC coordinate systems caused by the execution of CNC instructions of the CNC Function Module conform to those of the MC Function Module.

The status transitions of CNC instructions are affected by the composition CNC motor status, start and stop of an NC program, and other factors.

This section describes the statuses and status transitions including those of the overall CNC Function Module.

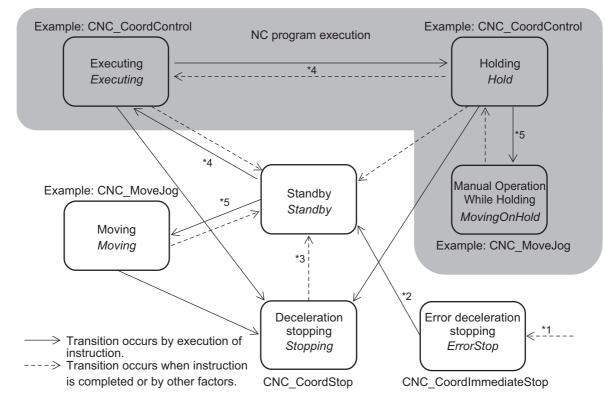
5-2-1 Status of the CNC Function Module

The status of the overall CNC Function Module are described in the following table.

| Status name | Definition | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| CNC Run Mode ^{*1} | CNC instructions are enabled. | |
| | The CNC instructions in the user program are interpreted to perform numerical control. | |
| | You can enable CNC Run Mode regardless of the operating mode of the NC Integrated Controller. | |

*1. This status can be monitored with the CNC Common Variable _CNC_COM.Status.RunMode.

5-2-2 Statuses of CNC Coordinate System



The status transitions of a CNC coordinate system are shown in the following figure.

- *1. Transition into this status occurs from any status when an error occurs in the CNC coordinate system.
- *2. Transition into this status occurs when the error is reset by the CNC_CoordReset or ResetCNCError instruction.

- *3. Transition into this status occurs when the *Done* output from the CNC_CoordStop instruction changes to TRUE and the *Execute* input is FALSE.
- *4. Transition into this status occurs according to the status of executing the NC program by the CNC_CoordControl instruction. Refer to Section 8 Homing for details.
- *5. Transition into this status occurs when a certain CNC coordinate system motion instruction is executed. Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-15 for details.

| Status name | Definition |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Standby | In this status, no CNC coordinate system motion instruction is executed. The status where the NC program is executed to a specific block line and stopped at a program point is also included. |
| Moving | In this status, a CNC coordinate system motion instruction is running. |
| | Transition into the <i>Standby</i> status occurs when the instruction is completed or interrupted. |
| Executing | In this status, an NC Program is being executed by the CNC_CoordControl instruction. However, the status where the process stops because of the held NC program is not included. |
| Holding | In this status, the NC program is held and being stopped. |
| Manual Operation While Holding | In this status, the NC program is held and being stopped or a CNC coordi- nate system operation instruction is being executed. |
| | Transition into the <i>Hold</i> status occurs when the instruction is completed or interrupted. |
| Deceleration Stopping | In this status, the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruc- tion is executing. |
| | The includes when <i>Execute</i> is TRUE after the coordinate system is stopped due to the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop). |
| | In this state, it is not possible to execute a CNC instruction. |
| | If one is executed, <i>CommandAborted</i> (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE. |
| Error Deceleration Stopping | In this status, an error has occurred in the CNC coordinate system. |
| | This included during execution of CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordi- nate System Immediate Stop) instruction, and when the CNC coordinate sys- tem is decelerating to stop due to an error on the coordinate system. |
| | It is not possible to execute CNC coordinate system instruction in this status. |
| | If an attempt is made to execute one of them, <i>CommandAborted</i> (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE. |

5-3 CNC System-defined Variables

This section describes variables that belong to the CNC Function Module.

5-3-1 Overview of CNC System-defined Variables

The NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller is compliant with the IEC 61131-3 standard. Parameter settings, status information, and other data are handled as variables in the user program in the NJ/NY-series Controller.

Of these, system-defined variables that belong to the CNC Function Module are called CNC system-defined variables.

Types of CNC System-defined Variables

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Description |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| System-defined | CNC Sys- | CNC Common | Monitor the common status of the CNC Func- |
| Variables | tem-defined Vari- | Variables | tion Module. |
| | ables | CNC Motor Vari- | Monitor the status of each CNC motor and set- |
| | | ables | tings of part of CNC motor parameters. |
| | | CNC Coordinate | Monitor the status of each CNC coordinate sys- |
| | | System Variables | tem and the setting of part of CNC coordinate |
| | | | system parameters. |

The following table lists the types of CNC system-defined variables.

• CNC Common Variables

You can monitor the overall status of the CNC Function Module with the CNC Common Variable. The variable name is *_CNC_COM*.

• CNC Motor Variables

Use these variables to handle EtherCAT slaves, Servo Drives (including spindle drives) and virtual CNC motors. You can use either the system-defined variables or the variables that are set on Sysmac Studio in the user program.

You can change any of the CNC Motor Variables names that you create on Sysmac Studio.

| Variable names in the system-defined variable: _C | CNC_Motor[|
|---|------------|
|---|------------|

Variable names created using Sysmac Studio:

_CNC_Motor[0] to _CNC_Motor[31] CNC_Motor000 to CNC_Motor031 (default)

• CNC Coordinate System Variables

Use these variables to handle a CNC coordinate system composed of multiple CNC motors.

You can use either the system-defined variables or the variables that are set on Sysmac Studio in the user program.

You can change any of the CNC Coordinate System Variable names that you create on Sysmac Studio.

| Variable names in the system-defined variable: | _CNC_Coord[0] to _CNC_Coord[7] |
|--|--|
| Variable names created using Sysmac Studio: | CNC_Coord000 to CNC_Coord007 (default) |

Data Types Used for CNC System-defined Variables

The types of CNC system-defined variables are basic data types and derivative data types.

Basic Data Types

| Category | Data type | Size | Range of values | Notation |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---|---|
| Boolean | BOOL | 2 ^{*1} | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE or FALSE |
| Integer | UINT | 2 4 | 0 to +65,535 0 to +4,294,967,295 | Binary expression: "2#" is prefixed to the number. ^{*2} Octal notation: "8#" is prefixed to the num- ber. ^{*3} Decimal notation: "10#" is prefixed to the number. ^{*4} Hexadecimal notation: "16#" is prefixed to the number. ^{*5} If you do not prefix any notation to a num- ber, that number is treated as a decimal number. |
| Real numbers | LREAL | 8 | -1.79769313486231e+308 to -2.22507385850721e-308, 0, 2.22507385850721e-308 to 1.79769313486231e+308, positive infinity, or negative infinity | Written as (sign) + integer_part + (deci- mal_point) + (decimal_part) + (exponent). ^{*6} You can omit items in parentheses. |
| Dura- tion ^{*7, *8} | TIME | 8 | T#-9223372036854.775808ms (T#-106751d_23h_47m_16s _854.775808ms) to T#+9223372036854.775807ms (T#+106751d_23h_47m_16s _854.775807ms) | T#12d3h3s T#3s56ms TIME#6d_10m TIME#16d_5h_3m_4s T#12d3.5h T#10.12s T#61m5s (same as T#1h1m5s) TIME#25h_3m |

- *1. BOOL data is only 1 bit in size but it takes up 2 bytes of memory.
- *2. Example of binary expression: 2#1111_1111, 2#1110_0000
- *3. Example of octal notation: 8#377, 8#340
- *4. Example of decimal notation: -12, 0, 123_456, +986, 10#1234
- *5. Example of hexadecimal notation: 16#FF, 16#ff, 16#E0, 16#e0
- *6. Example: 2, -12.0, 0.0, 0.4560, 3.14159_26, -1.34E-12, -1.34e-12, 1.0E+6, 1.0e+6, 1.234E6, 1.234e6
- *7. Use the NanoSecToTime and TimeToNanoSec instructions for conversion between durations and integer data.

For details on instruction specifications, refer to the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502), or the *NY-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W560).

*8. Variables are compared with nanosecond precision for comparison instructions. To change the precision for comparison, use the TruncTime, TruncDt, or TruncTod instruction. For details on instruction specifications, refer to the NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502), or the NY-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502).

Derivative Data Types

| Туре | Description | |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Enumerated data type | This data type uses one item from a prepared name list as its value. | |
| | Variables of this data type starts with "_e". | |
| Structure data type | This data type consists of multiple data types placed together into a single layered structure. | |
| | Variables with this data type start with "_s". | |

Attributes of CNC System-defined Variables

The attributes that are shown in the following table are the same for all CNC system-defined variables.

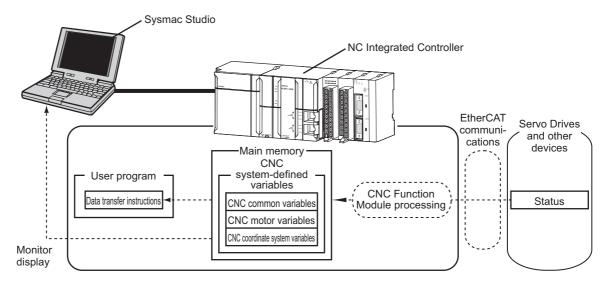
| Attribute type | Attributes of CNC system-defined variables | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Global/local | Global variable | |
| R/W access | _CNC_ComNCVar, _CNC_CoordNCVarX: Read/Write | |
| | Other CNC system-defined variables: Read only | |
| Retain Non-retain | | |
| Network publish | Publish ^{*1} | |
| Usage in user program | Available | |

*1. Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are created when CNC motors or CNC coordinate systems were created on the Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

5-3-2 Mechanism of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC system-defined variables consist of information indicating the status of the CNC Function Module, status information on slave devices connected via EtherCAT communications, and some settings of the CNC motor parameters that are used to perform numerical control.

You can access the CNC system-defined variables as variables in a user program. You can also monitor them from Sysmac Studio.



Update Timing of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC system-defined variables are updated every primary task period.

5-3-3 Lists of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC Common Variable

The variable name _CNC_COM is used for CNC Common Variable. The data type is _sCNC_COM_REF, which is a structure variable.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC Common Variable and provides details on the members.

| Va | ariable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|-----|--------------|-----------------|--|--|
| CNC | COM | _sCNC_COM_REF | CNC Common Variable | |
| Sta | atus | _sCNC_COM_STA | CNC Common Status | |
| | RunMode | BOOL | CNC Run | TRUE during CNC Function Module operation. |
| PF | aultLvl | _sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Common Partial Fault | |
| | Active | BOOL | CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence | TRUE while there is a CNC common partial fault. |
| | Code | WORD | CNC Common Partial Fault Code | Contains the code for a CNC common partial fault. |
| | | | | This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code. |
| MF | aultLvl | _sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Common Minor Fault | |
| | Active | BOOL | CNC Common Minor Fault Occurrence | TRUE while there is a CNC common minor fault. |
| | Code | WORD | CNC Common Minor Fault Code | Contains the code for a CNC common minor fault. |
| | | | | This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code. |
| Ob | osr | _sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Common Observation | |
| | Active | BOOL | CNC Common Observation Occurrence | TRUE while there is a CNC common observation. |
| | Code | WORD | CNC Common Observation Code | Contains the code for a CNC common observation. |
| | | | | This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code. |

The attributes of the CNC Common Variable are shown in the following table.

| Attribute type | Attributes of CNC system-defined variables |
|-----------------------|--|
| Global/local | Global variable |
| R/W access | Read only |
| Retain | Non-retain |
| Network publish | Publish |
| Usage in user program | Available |

CNC Coordinate System Variables

The variable name _*CNC_Coord* is used for CNC coordinate system variables. The data type is _sCNC_COORD_REF, which is a structure variable.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC coordinate system variable and provides details on the members.

| Variable name | Data type | Meaning | Function | |
|---------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| NC_Coord[07] | _sCNC_COORD_REF | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Variable | | |
| Status | _sCNC_COORD_STA | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Status | | |
| Ready | BOOL | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Ready-to-execute | TRUE if the composition CNC motor satisfies all of the following conditions The home is defined for the positioning axis CNC motor. | |
| | | | The Servo is locked for the positio ing axis CNC motor. | |
| | | | The Servo is locked for the spindle axis CNC motor. | |
| | | | The CNC coordinate system is in a Standby status. | |
| Standby | BOOL | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Ready | TRUE when a CNC coordinate syste motion instructions and the NC pro- gram stop, and when CNC coordinat system operations and the NC pro- gram are ready to start. The followin CNC coordinate system statuses are mutually exclusive. Only one of them can be TRUE at a time. | |
| | | | Standby, Moving, Executing, Hold, Mo ingOnHold, Stopping, or ErrorStop | |
| Moving | BOOL | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Moving | TRUE while a CNC operation instruction is executed from a Standby statu This also includes the in-position waing status. | |
| Executing | BOOL | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Execution | TRUE during execution of the NC pr gram. This also includes the in-posi- tion waiting status, a stop occurs due to dwelling, deceleration due to Hold and acceleration after resuming oper tion from Hold. | |
| Hold | BOOL | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Holding | TRUE when operation stops due to Hold during execution of the NC pro- gram. This changes to FALSE when the NC Program is resumed or inter- rupted. | |
| MovingOnHold | BOOL | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Operation Holding | TRUE when a CNC coordinate syste motion instruction is executed from a status where the NC program has stopped due to Hold. This also includes the in-position waiting statu | |
| Stopping | BOOL | Deceleration Stopping | TRUE until the CNC coordinate sys- tem stops for the CNC_CoordStop instruction. | |
| | | | This includes a status where <i>Executu</i> is TRUE after the CNC coordinate sy tem stopped for the CNC CoordStop | |
| | | | instruction. | |
| | | | No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. (<i>CommandAborted</i> is TRUE.) | |

| Variable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|---------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| ErrorStop | BOOL | Error Deceleration Stop- ping | TRUE while the CNC coordinate sys- tem is stopping or stopped for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruc- tion or a CNC coordinate system minor fault occurrence (when _CNC_Co- ord[*].MFaultLvI.Active is TRUE). No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. (CommandAborted is TRUE.) |
| Spindle | _sCNC_SPINDLE_STA | Spindle Axis Status | |
| Standby | BOOL | Standby | TRUE when the spindle axis stopped and is waiting for start-up from the NC program or a CNC instruction. TRUE also when the spindle axis is not |
| | | | assigned to the CNC coordinate system |
| CW | BOOL | Forward | TRUE when the spindle axis rotates clockwise (CW). |
| CCW | BOOL | Reverse | TRUE when the spindle axis rotates counterclockwise (CCW). |
| Orientation | BOOL | Orientation | TRUE when the spindle axis is in Spin dle Orientation (M19). |
| Tapping | BOOL | Tapping | TRUE when the spindle axis is in tap ping cycle (G74, G84). |
| Moving | BOOL | Spindle Axis Operating | TRUE when the spindle axis is opera ing, activated by CNC_Move or CNC_Home. |
| Stopping | BOOL | Spindle Axis Stopping | TRUE until the CNC coordinate sys- tem stops for the CNC_CoordStop instruction. |
| | | | This includes a status where <i>Execute</i> is TRUE after the CNC coordinate sy- tem stopped for the CNC_CoordStop instruction. |
| | | | No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. |
| | | | (CommandAborted is TRUE.) |
| ErrorStop | BOOL | Error Stop | TRUE while the CNC coordinate sys- tem is stopping or stopped for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction or a CNC coordinate system minor fau occurrence (when _CNC_Co- ord[*].MFaultLvI.Active is TRUE). No CNC coordinate system motion instru- tion can be executed in this state. |
| | | | (CommandAborted is TRUE.) |

| Variable name | Data type | Meaning CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Control Status | Function |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Details | _sCNC_COORD_DET | | |
| Idle | BOOL | Standby | TRUE when processing is not cur- rently performed for the command value, except when waiting for in-po tion state. Processing status include operation |
| | | | velocity 0, stop processing when an error occurs, and operating status of the CNC coordinate system. |
| Homed | BOOL | Home Defined | TRUE when the homes of all the CN motors assigned to positioning axes are defined. |
| InPos | BOOL | In-position Completed | TRUE when all the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes satisfy the in-position conditions. |
| VelLimit | BOOL | Velocity Limit Over | TRUE when VelLimit of any of the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes is TRUE. |
| Feedrate | _sCNC_FEEDRATE | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Interpolation Veloc- ity | |
| CmdVel | LREAL | Current Command Interpolation Velocity | Contains the current value of the co mand interpolation velocity for the X Y-, and Z-axes. |
| ActVel | LREAL | Feedback Current Inter- polation Velocity | Contains the current value of the fea back interpolation velocity for the X- Y-, and Z-axes. |
| AxCmdPos | _sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA | Command Position for CNC Coordinate Sys- tem | |
| Х | LREAL | X-axis Position | Shows the command position (tool |
| Y | LREAL | Y-axis Position | center point) of each axis according |
| Z | LREAL | Z-axis Position | the currently valid CNC coordinate |
| A | LREAL | A-axis Position | system parameters. ^{*1} This also show a position offset from the center of the |
| В | LREAL | B-axis Position | tool during tool radius compensation |
| С | LREAL | C-axis Position | Unit: Axis command units |
| AxProgPos | _sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA | Target Position for CNC Coordinate System | |
| Х | LREAL | X-axis Position | Shows the target program position o |
| Y | LREAL | Y-axis Position | each axis of an NC program execution block. |
| Z | LREAL | Z-axis Position | Unit: Axis command units |
| A | LREAL | A-axis Position | |
| В | LREAL | B-axis Position | - |
| C AxDistanceToGo | LREAL SCNC COORD AX DATA | C-axis Position Remaining Travel Dis- | |
| | | tance in the CNC Coor- dinate System | |
| х | LREAL | Remaining Travel Distance in X-axis | Shows the remaining travel distance the target position on each axis of ar |
| Y | LREAL | Remaining Travel Distance in Y-axis | NC program execution block. ^{*2} Unit: Axis command units |
| Z | LREAL | Remaining Travel Distance in Z-axis | |
| A | LREAL | Remaining Travel Distance in A-axis | |
| В | LREAL | Remaining Travel Distance in B-axis | |
| С | LREAL | Remaining Travel Distance in C-axis | |

5

| Variable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|---------------|---------------------|---|--|
| AxActPos | _sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA | Feedback Current Posi- tion for CNC Coordinate | |
| Х | LREAL | System X-axis Position | Shows the feedback current position |
| Y | | Y-axis Position | (tool center point) of each axis accor |
| Z | | Z-axis Position | ing to the current CNC coordinate sy |
| | | | tem parameters.*1 |
| A | LREAL | A-axis Position | Unit: Axis command units |
| В | LREAL | B-axis Position | |
| С | LREAL | C-axis Position | |
| AxCmdVel | _sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA | Command Current Velocity for CNC Coor- dinate System | |
| Х | LREAL | X-axis Velocity | Shows the current value of the com- |
| Y | LREAL | Y-axis Velocity | mand velocity of each axis according |
| Z | LREAL | Z-axis Velocity | to the current CNC coordinate system |
| _ | | A-axis Velocity | parameters. |
| В | LREAL | B-axis Velocity | Unit: Axis command units |
| C | LREAL | C-axis Velocity | 0 is output if no CNC motor is assigned to the axis. |
| AxActVel | _sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA | Feedback Current Velocity for CNC Coor- dinate System | |
| Х | LREAL | X-axis Velocity | Shows the current velocity of each |
| Y | LREAL | Y-axis Velocity | axis according to the current CNC |
| Z | LREAL | Z-axis Velocity | coordinate system settings. |
| А | LREAL | A-axis Velocity | Unit: Axis command units |
| В | LREAL | B-axis Velocity | |
| C | LREAL | C-axis Velocity | - |
| MFaultLvl | sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Coordinate Sys- | |
| | | tem Minor Fault | |
| Active | BOOL | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Minor Fault Occur- rence | TRUE while there is a CNC coordina system minor fault. |
| Code | WORD | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Minor Fault Code | Contains the code for a CNC coordi- nate system minor fault. This is the same value as the upper |
| | | | four digits of the event code. |
| Obsr | _sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Observation | |
| Active | BOOL | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Observation Occur- rence | TRUE while there is a CNC coordina system observation. |
| Code | WORD | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Observation Code | Contains the code for CNC coordina system observation. |
| | | | This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code. |
| Cfg | _sCNC_COORD_CFG | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Basic Parameters | |
| CoordNo | UINT | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Number | Shows the logical number of the CN coordinate system. |
| CoordEnable | _eCNC_COORD_USE | Using CNC Coordinate System | Shows whether to use the CNC coordinate system. |
| | | | 0: _cncNoneCoord (Undefined CNC coordina system) |
| | | | 1: _cncUnusedICoord (Unused CNC coordina system) |
| | | | 2: _cncUsedCoord (Used CNC coordinate system) |
| PosMotorNum | UINT | Number of Positioning Axis Composition CNC Motors | Shows the number of CNC motors th are assigned to positioning axes. |

| Variable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| PosAxes | _ARRAY [015] OF _sCNC_AXIS_ASSIGN | Positioning Axis Com- position CNC Motor Assignment | Shows the assignment of CNC motors to respective positioning axes of the CNC coordinate system. |
| MotorNo | UINT | Positioning Axis Com- position CNC Motor Number | Shows the CNC motor numbers that are assigned to positioning axes. 65535: No assignment |
| АхТуре | _eCNC_AXIS_TYPE | Positioning Axis Com- position CNC Motor Assignment Type | Shows the assigned axis type. The value is 0 for no assignment. _cncAxisX = 0 _cncAxisY = 1 _cncAxisZ = 2 cncAxisA = 3 |
| | | | cncAxisB = 4 _cncAxisC = 5 _cncAxisGantrySlaveX := 200 _cncAxisGantrySlaveY := 201 _cncAxisGantrySlaveZ := 202 |
| SpindleAxes | ARRAY [03] OF _sCNC_AX- IS_ASSIGN | Spindle Axis CNC Motor Assignment | Shows the assignment of a CNC motor to the spindle axis of the CNC coordinate system. |
| MotorNo | UINT | Spindle Axis CNC Motor Number | Shows the number of the CNC motor that is assigned as the spindle axis. 65535: No assignment |
| АхТуре | _eCNC_AXIS_TYPE | Spindle Axis CNC Motor Assignment Type | Shows the assigned axis type. The value is 100 for no assignment. _cncAxisSpindle = 100 |

*1. When two or more CNC motors are assigned to the same axis, the value of each current position is calculated on the basis of the current position of CNC motor with the lowest motor number.

*2. AxDistanceToGo (Remaining Travel Distance in the CNC Coordinate System) is derived from the difference between AxProgPos (Target Position for CNC Coordinate System) and AxCmdPos (Command Position for CNC Coordinate System). When you execute a G code for converting the coordinate system such as mirroring, rotation, or work offset, the coordinate system to be referenced is different between the target program position on each axis and the commanded position on each axis. Consequently, no correct value will be output from immediately after the coordinate system conversion is executed until the next target program position on each axis is determined.

The attributes of the CNC coordinate system variables are shown in the following table.

| Attribute type | Attributes of CNC system-defined variables |
|-----------------------|--|
| Global/local | Global variable |
| R/W access | Read only |
| Retain | Non-retain |
| Network publish | Publish ^{*1} |
| Usage in user program | Available |

*1. Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are created when the CNC coordinate system was created on Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

CNC Motor Variables

The variable name _*CNC_Motor* is used for CNC motor variables. The data type is _sCNC_MO-TOR_REF, which is a structure.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC motor variables and provides details on the members.

| V | ariable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---|--|
| NC_Motor[031] | | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | CNC Motor Variables | |
| De | tails | _sCNC_MOTOR_DET | CNC Motor Control Sta- tus | |
| | Homed | BOOL | Home Defined | TRUE when the home is defined. |
| | | | | FALSE: Home not defined. |
| | | | | TRUE: Home is defined. |
| | SoftLimitPosi | BOOL | Positive Software Over- travel Limit | TRUE when exceeding the positive software overtravel limit of the com- |
| | SoftLimitNega | BOOL | Negative Software Overtravel Limit | manded position is detected. ^{*1} TRUE when exceeding the negative software overtravel limit of the com- manded position is detected. ^{*1} |
| | InPos | BOOL | In-position Completed | TRUE when the in-position conditions are satisfied. |
| | InPosTimer | UINT | In-position | Shows the number of remaining cycle |
| | | | Check Timer | of in-position monitoring. The default i the setting number of in-position con- tinuance cycles. When the following four conditions are satisfied at the same time, in-position monitoring starts and this value is decremented by one every control period. |
| | | | | (1) The Servo of the CNC motor is being locked. |
| | | | | (2) The CNC motor commanded velocity i 0. |
| | | | | (3) No operation and dwell commands are given to the CNC motor. |
| | | | | (4) The absolute value of difference between the commanded position and current position of the CNC motor is within or below the in-position check range. |
| | | | | InPos is TRUE if this value is 0 and conditions (1) to (4) are satisfied. |
| | VelLimit | BOOL | Velocity Limit Over | TRUE when the command velocity exceeds the maximum velocity. The monitoring is performed only in the servo lock state. ^{*2} |
| Dir | | _sCNC_MOTOR_DIR | Command Direction | |
| | Posi | BOOL | Positive Direction | TRUE when there is a command in th positive direction. |
| | Nega | BOOL | Negative Direction | TRUE when there is a command in th negative direction. |

| Va | ariable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|-----|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Drv | Status | _sCNC_MOTOR_STA_DRV | Servo Drive Status | |
| | ServoOn | BOOL | Servo ON | TRUE when the Servomotor is pow- ered. |
| | Ready | BOOL | Servo Ready | TRUE when the Servo is ready ^{*3} . |
| | MainPower | BOOL | Main Power | TRUE when the Servo Drive main power is ON. |
| | P_OT | BOOL | Positive Limit Input | TRUE when the positive limit input is enabled. |
| | N_OT | BOOL | Negative Limit Input | TRUE when the negative limit input is enabled. |
| | HomeSw | BOOL | Home Proximity Input | TRUE when the home proximity input is enabled. |
| | ImdStop | BOOL | Immediate Stop Input | TRUE when the immediate stop input is enabled. |
| | Latch1 | BOOL | External Latch Input 1 | TRUE when latch input 1 is enabled. |
| | Latch2 | BOOL | External Latch Input 2 | TRUE when latch input 2 is enabled. |
| | DrvAlarm | BOOL | Driver Error Input | TRUE while there is a Servo Drive error. |
| | DrvWarning | BOOL | Driver Warning Input | TRUE while there is a driver warning. |
| | ILA | BOOL | Driver Internal Limiting | TRUE when the Servo Drive limiting function actually limits the axis. |
| | | | | This corresponds to one of the follow- ing limits in the G5-series Servo Drive. ^{*4} |
| | | | | Torque limits, velocity limit, drive pro- hibit inputs, software limits |
| Cmo | d | _sCNC_MOTOR_CMD _DATA | CNC Motor Command Value | |
| | Pos | LREAL | Command Current Position | Contains the current value of the com- manded position. This variable con- tains the feedback current position while the Servo is OFF. (Unit: Motor |
| | | | | command units) ^{*5} |
| | Vel | LREAL | Command Current Velocity | Contains the current value of the com- manded velocity. |
| | | | | (Unit: Motor command units/min) |
| | CompPos | LREAL | Current Compensation Position | Contains the current compensation position. (Unit: Motor command units/min) |
| Act | | _sCNC_MOTOR_ACT_DATA | CNC Motor Current Value | |
| | Pos | LREAL | Feedback Current Posi- tion | Contains the feedback current posi- tion. (Unit: Motor command units) |
| | Vel | LREAL | Feedback Current Velocity | Contains the feedback current posi- tion. (Unit: Motor command units/min ² |
| | Trq | LREAL | Feedback Current Torque | Contains the current value of the feed back torque. (Unit: %) |
| | | | | A plus sign is added during travel in the positive direction, and a minus sign during travel in the negative direction. |
| MFa | aultLvl | _sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Motor Minor Fault | |
| | Active | BOOL | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occurrence | TRUE while there is a CNC motor minor fault. |
| | Code | WORD | CNC Motor Minor Fault Code | Contains the code for a CNC motor minor fault. |
| | | | | This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code. |

5

| Variable name | | Data type | Meaning | Function | |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Ob | osr | _sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Motor Observation | | |
| | Active | BOOL | CNC Common Obser- vation Occurrence | TRUE while there is a CNC motor observation. | |
| | Code | WORD | CNC Motor Observation Code | Contains the code for a CNC motor observation. | |
| | | | | This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code. | |
| Cf | g | _sCNC_MOTOR_CFG | CNC Motor Basic Set- tings | Gives the settings of the CNC motor basic parameters. | |
| | MotorNo | UINT | CNC Motor Number | Shows the logical number of the CNC motor. | |
| Ī | MotorEnable | _eCNC_MOTOR_USE | CNC Motor Use | Shows whether to use the CNC motor. | |
| | | | | 0: _cncNoneMotor (Undefined CNC motor) | |
| | | | | 1: _cncUnusedMotor (Unused CNC motor) | |
| | | | | 2: _cncUsedMotor (Used CNC motor) | |
| | Virtual | BOOL | Virtual CNC Motor | Shows whether the CNC motor is virtual. | |
| | CoordNo | UINT | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Number to which CNC Motors are Assigned | Shows the logical number of the CNC coordinate system. | |

*1. In *Executing*, the CNC motor commanded position does not exceed the software overtravel limit. The path is limited or stopped on the software overtravel limit. However, the *SoftLimitPosi* and *SoftLimitNega* change to TRUE in that status.

When it is not *Executing* while the *SoftLimitPosi* and *SoftLimitNega* are TRUE, they change to FALSE.

- *2. This variable is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds the maximum velocity by one pulse or more.
- *3. This variable is TRUE when the PDS state of the Servo Drive is either *Ready to switch on*, *Switched on* or *Operation enabled* and the main circuit power supply (voltage enabled) is ON. For details on the PDS status, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W507) or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W559).
- *4. This variable gives the status of bit 11 (internal limit enabled) in the Status Word (6041 hex) that is mapped to a PDO. The conditions for this variable to change to TRUE depend on the specifications of the Servo Drive. Refer to the manual for the connected Servo Drive for details.
- *5. If the Axis Assignment Type is set to 2: Spindle axis and open loop control is applied with the following functions, the feedback current position is replicated for the commanded position. For a virtual motor, however, the commanded position is output as is the case when CNC_Move is used for operation.
 - CNC_SpindleGo
 - Spindle CW (M03)
 - Spindle CCW (M04)

The attributes of the CNC motor variable are shown in the following table.

| Attribute type | Attributes of CNC system-defined variables |
|-----------------------|--|
| Global/local | Global variable |
| R/W access | Read only |
| Retain | Non-retain |
| Network publish | Publish ^{*1} |
| Usage in user program | Available |

*1. Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are defined when the CNC motors were created on Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

• Relationship between CNC Motor Variables and Enabled Virtual CNC Motors

CNC motor variables are enabled or disabled depending on the virtual CNC motor settings. Disabled members are FALSE or 0.

| Variable | name | Data type | Meaning | Physical CNC motor | Virtual CNC Mot |
|------------|---------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|
| NC_Motor[0 | 31] | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | CNC Motor Variables | | |
| Details | | _sCNC_MOTOR_DET | CNC Motor Control Status | | |
| Homed | 1 | BOOL | Home Defined | Enabled | Enabled |
| SoftLin | nitPosi | BOOL | Positive Software Overtravel Limit | Enabled | Enabled |
| SoftLin | nitNega | BOOL | Negative Software Overtravel Limit | Enabled | Enabled |
| InPos | | BOOL | In-position Completed | Enabled | Enabled |
| InPosT | ïmer | UINT | In-position Check Timer | Enabled | Enabled |
| VelLim | it | BOOL | Velocity Limit Over | Enabled | Enabled |
| Dir | | _sCNC_MOTOR_DIR | Command Direction | Enabled | |
| Posi | | BOOL | Positive Direction | Enabled | Enabled |
| Nega | | BOOL | Negative Direction | Enabled | Enabled |
| DrvStatus | | _sCNC_MOTOR_STA_DRV | Servo Drive Status | | |
| ServoC | Dn | BOOL | Servo ON | Enabled | Enabled |
| Ready | | BOOL | Servo Ready | Enabled | Always TRUE |
| MainPo | ower | BOOL | Main Power | Enabled | Always TRUE |
| P_OT | | BOOL | Positive Limit Input | Enabled | |
| N_OT | | BOOL | Negative Limit Input | Enabled | |
| HomeS | Sw | BOOL | Home Proximity Input | Enabled | |
| ImdSto | р | BOOL | Immediate Stop Input | Enabled | |
| Latch1 | | BOOL | External Latch Input 1 | Enabled | |
| Latch2 | | BOOL | External Latch Input 2 | Enabled | |
| DrvAla | rm | BOOL | Driver Error Input | Enabled | |
| DrvWa | rning | BOOL | Driver Warning Input | Enabled | |
| ILA | | BOOL | Driver Internal Limiting | Enabled | |
| Cmd | | _sCNC_MOTOR_CMD_DATA | CNC Motor Command Value | | |
| Pos | | LREAL | Command Current Position | Enabled | Enabled |
| Vel | | LREAL | Command Current Velocity | Enabled | Enabled |
| CompF | Pos | LREAL | Current Compensation Position | Enabled | Enabled |
| Act | | _sCNC_MOTOR_ACT_DATA | CNC Motor Current Value | | |
| Pos | | LREAL | Feedback Current Position | Enabled | Enabled |
| Vel | | LREAL | Feedback Current Velocity | Enabled | Enabled |
| Trq | | LREAL | Feedback Current Torque | Enabled | |
| MFaultLvl | | _sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Motor Minor Fault | | |
| Active | | BOOL | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence | Enabled | Enabled |
| Code | | WORD | CNC Motor Minor Fault Code | Enabled | Enabled |
| Obsr | | _sCNC_REF_EVENT | CNC Motor Observation | | |
| Active | | BOOL | CNC Common Observation Occurrence | Enabled | Enabled |
| Code | | WORD | CNC Motor Observation Code | Enabled | Enabled |
| Cfg | | _sCNC_MOTOR_CFG | CNC Motor Basic Settings | | |
| MotorN | lo | | CNC Motor Number | Enabled | Enabled |
| MotorE | | eCNC MOTOR USE | CNC Motor Use | Enabled | Enabled |
| Virtual | | BOOL | Virtual CNC Motor | Enabled | Enabled |
| Coord | No | UINT | CNC Coordinate System Num- ber to which CNC Motors are Assigned | Enabled | Enabled |

Other System-defined Variables for CNC Function Module

This section describes other system-defined variables other than CNC common variables, CNC coordinate system variables, and CNC motor variables.

• Variable for Monitoring CNC Planner Service Execution Time

| Variable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|--|-----------|---|--|
| _CNC_ServiceLastExecTime ^{*1} | TIME | Previous CNC Planner | Shows the last execution time of |
| | | Service Execution Time | the CNC Planner Service. ^{*2} |
| _CNC_ServiceMaxExecTime ^{*1} | TIME | Maximum CNC Planner | Contains the maximum value of |
| | | Service Execution Time | the task execution time. ^{*2} |
| _CNC_ServiceMinExecTime ^{*1} | TIME | Minimum CNC Planner | Contains the minimum value of |
| | | Service Execution Time | the task execution time. ^{*2} |
| _CNC_ServiceExecCount ^{*1} | UDINT | CNC Planner Service | Contains the number of execu- |
| | | Execution Count | tions of the task. |
| | | | If 4,294,967,295 is exceeded, |
| | | | the value returns to 0 and count- |
| *4 | DOOL | | ing is continued. |
| _CNC_ServiceExceeded ^{*1} | BOOL | CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded Flag | TRUE if the task period was exceeded. |
| | | Fellou Exceeded Flag | |
| | | | FALSE if task execution was completed within the task |
| | | | period. |
| _CNC_ServiceExceedCount ^{*1} | UDINT | CNC Planner Service | Stores the number of times that |
| | | Exceeded Count | the task period is exceeded. |
| | | | If the current value exceeds |
| | | | 4,294,967,295, the value |
| | | | returns to 0 and counting contin- |
| | | | ues. |

*1. These variables can be reset from the Task Execution Time Monitor on Sysmac Studio. The variables are also reset when NC Integrated Controller Mode is changed.

*2. The TIME data type can express time in units of nanoseconds, however, the effective accuracy of this variable is in units of one microsecond.

The attributes of the variable for Monitoring CNC Planner Service Execution Time are shown in the following table.

| Туре | Attributes of CNC system-defined variables |
|-----------------------|--|
| Global/local | Global variable |
| R/W access | Read only |
| Retain | Non-retain |
| Network publish | Publish |
| Usage in user program | Available |

NC Program Variable Monitoring

These system-defined variables are for monitoring variables used in NC programs. With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control program.

| Variable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| _CNC_ComNCVar | ARRAY[0.32767] OF | P variable monitor | Displays the areas made |
| | LREAL | | public to users (P0 to |
| | | | P32767) for P variables. |
| _CNC_CoordNCVar0 | ARRAY[04095] OF | Q Variable Monitor for CNC | Displays the areas made |
| | LREAL | coordinate system No0 | public to users (Q0 to |
| _CNC_CoordNCVar1 | ARRAY[04095] OF | Q Variable Monitor for CNC | Q4095) for Q variables. |
| | LREAL | Coordinate System No1 | |
| _CNC_CoordNCVar2 | ARRAY[04095] OF | Q Variable Monitor for CNC | |
| | LREAL | Coordinate System No2 | |
| _CNC_CoordNCVar3 | ARRAY[04095] OF | Q Variable Monitor for CNC | |
| | LREAL | Coordinate System No3 | |
| _CNC_CoordNCVar4 | ARRAY[04095] OF | Q Variable Monitor for CNC | |
| | LREAL | Coordinate System No4 | |
| _CNC_CoordNCVar5 | ARRAY[04095] OF | Q Variable Monitor for CNC | |
| | LREAL | Coordinate System No5 | |
| _CNC_CoordNCVar6 | ARRAY[04095] OF | Q Variable Monitor for CNC | |
| | LREAL | Coordinate System No6 | |
| _CNC_CoordNCVar7 | ARRAY[04095] OF | Q Variable Monitor for CNC | |
| | LREAL | Coordinate System No7 | |

| Туре | Attributes of CNC system-defined variables |
|-----------------------|--|
| Global/local | Global variable |
| R/W access | CNC Ver.1.00: Read only |
| | CNC Ver.1.01 and later: Read/Write |
| Retain | Non-retain |
| Network publish | Publish |
| Usage in user program | Available |

Precautions for Correct Use

- With CNC version 1.00, use this system-defined variable for the purpose of monitoring debugs such as Watch Tab Page and data racing.
- With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control program. While the NC program execution is in progress, you need to interlock the NC program and the sequence control program with M codes and control the write timing in order to prevent data from writing from both programs at the same time.
- The execution priority differs between the CNC Planner Service where NC programs are processed and the primary periodic task where the sequence control program is running. For this reason, writing multiple blocks may not be updated at the same timing when they are referenced from the sequence control program. To maintain the concurrency, make sure to interlock the sequence control program with M codes. Refer to 6-1 M Codes on page 6-2 for details on the interlock procedure with M codes.

Version Information

With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control
program. It is useful for writing multi-point data such as a point table from the sequence control program all at once before executing the NC program.

5

5-3-3 Lists of CNC System-defined Variables

• CNC Error Status Variables

| Variable name | Data type | Meaning | Function |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| _CNC_ErrSta | WORD | CNC Function Module Error Status | Shows the status of errors that are detected in the CNC Func- tion Module. |
| _CNC_ComErrSta | WORD | CNC Common Error Status | Shows the status of errors that are detected by common pro- cessing in the CNC Function Module. |
| _CNC_CoordErrSta | ARRAY [07] OF WORD | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Error Status | Shows the status of errors that are detected for each CNC coordinate system. Up to eight coordinate systems are dis- played. |
| _CNC_MotorErrSta | ARRAY [031] OF WORD | CNC Motor Error Sta- tus | Shows the status of errors that are detected for each CNC motor. Up to 32 CNC motors are displayed. |

The attributes of the CNC error status variable are shown in the following table.

| Туре | Attributes of CNC system-defined variables |
|-----------------------|--|
| Global/local | Global variable |
| R/W access | Read only |
| Retain | Non-retain |
| Network publish | Publish |
| Usage in user program | Available |

5-4 CNC Motor Compensation Table

This section describes the CNC motor compensation table.

The CNC Function Module uses the CNC motor compensation table parameter settings that you created using the CNC Motor Compensation Table Editor of Sysmac Studio as CNC motor compensation tables.

The CNC motor compensation table data is handled as data variables for CNC motor compensation table in the NJ/NX-series Controller.

5-4-1 Editing the CNC Motor Compensation Table

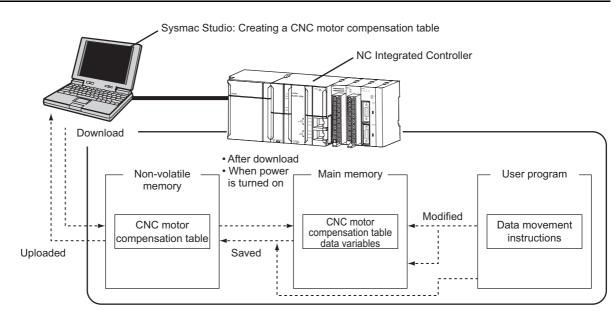
The CNC motor compensation table function compensates geometrical inclinations, bends, and deviations of individual machine tools. The CNC motor compensation table can be edited in Sysmac Studio and CNC Operator.

According to a CNC motor compensation table that you created on Sysmac Studio, data variables for CNC motor compensation table are generated. The data variables for CNC motor compensation table only represent data columns of the CNC motor compensation table. The data variables for CNC motor compensation table are global, which can be edited from the sequence control program.

Variable Definition

| Configuration element | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Variable name | User-defined on Sysmac Studio |
| Variable type | REAL array type ^{*1} |
| Variable scope | Global |
| Network publish | Read and write |

*1. The array size is variable.



Creating and Saving CNC Motor Compensation Table

5-4-2 Edit

CNC motor compensation table variables that can referenced from the sequence control program are generated. However, the variables only contain data columns and do not include settings such as source motor numbers and target motor numbers.

Typically, geometrical differences are obtained by using an external measuring instrument, and the CNC motor compensation table is output as a file in CSV or another format. For the NJ series, the CSV file is placed on the SD Memory Card. It is placed on the virtual SD Memory Card for the NY-series. Then the differences are read from the sequence control program, and the file is transferred to CNC motor compensation table data.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Editing the CNC motor compensation table while a CNC motor is running will cause a critical problem. Disable the CNC motor compensation table once if you want to edit it.
- When cycle the power supply, or when data is downloaded from Sysmac Studio, CNC motor compensation table data that you edited by the sequence control program is overwritten by the data stored in the non-volatile memory. You cannot upload these data by using Sysmac Studio.

5-4-3 Enabling/Disabling CNC Motor Compensation Table

When you created a CNC motor compensation table on the Sysmac Studio and transferred it, the table is automatically enabled. If you want to disable the CNC motor compensation table, rewrite the compensation scale to 0 with the CNC_Write instruction. To enable it again, rewrite it to 1 with the CNC_Write instruction.

Refer to 5-4-8 Basic Settings on page 5-26 for information about the compensation scale.

Refer to the Section 13 Common Command Instructions for how to use the CNC_Write instruction.

When the compensation scale is rewritten, the compensation value is reflected on the position the slave is commanded in the control period. For example, if the compensation value is 100 mm, the command position moves 100 mm per control period. It is recommended that you rewrite the scale with values incremented or decremented step-by-step over several periods if the target value is not minute.

5-4-4 Saving

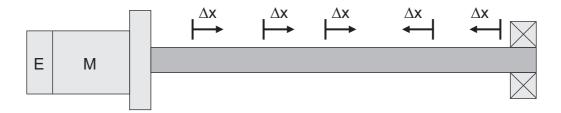
The CNC Function Module does not include a function of automatically saving the CNC motor compensation table. Create a user program that makes a CSV file then saves it to the SD Memory Card, and reads the file from the SD Memory Card when cycling the power supply.

5-4-5 Functions and Purposes of CNC Motor Compensation Table

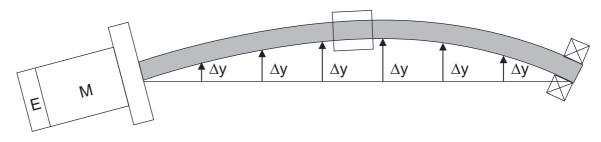
The compensation table function compensates the travel distance of a specific CNC motor or other CNC motors according to the commanded position of the CNC motor.

If there is a position-related error between an actual machine tool and a program, the function compensates the mechanical error as shown in the following figures.

Example of error 1: Shows a mechanical error generated when the rotation of a ball screw assigned to the X-axis is converted into translatory movement.



Example of error 2: Shows a mechanical error caused by a deflection in the Y-axis.



5-4-6 Terminology

| Term | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| CNC motor compensation table | A data table on which compensation table points are aligned in equal intervals from the source compensation point that is set to current posi- tion 0, the initial point. It is represented as a two-dimensional array of the target compensation value and the source compensation point of com- pensation table points. |
| | This is often referred to as Compensation table. |
| Source CNC motor | A CNC motor of input source for determining the compensation value by the compensation table. |
| Target CNC motor | A CNC motor to be compensated with the source data and CNC motor compensation table. The source CNC motor can also be the target CNC motor. |
| Source compensation section | Shows a section in which to perform compensation on the source CNC motor. |
| Source compensation point | Shows a relative distance from the start position of the source compensa- tion section. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the source CNC motor. |
| Target compensation value | Shows a compensation value of the target CNC motor position at the source compensation point. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the target CNC motor. |
| Compensation table point | Data on a set of the source compensation point and target compensation value. This shows the target compensation value of a position on the source CNC motor. |
| Compensation table point span | Shows an interval between the compensation table points that are adjacent to each other. |
| | The compensation table point spans are equally aligned. |
| Motor current compensation position | A value that stores the compensation amount internally for each CNC motor based on the compensation table. |
| | The value is edited from multiple CNC motor compensation tables when the multiple CNC motor compensation tables are used to compensate a single CNC motor as the target. |

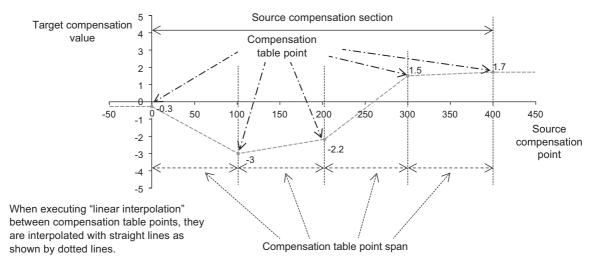
5-4-7 Outline

In the CNC Function Module of CNC motor compensation table points, a compensation table point is the combination of a source compensation point and target compensation value.

The CNC motor compensation table is represented by a data table as shown in the following.

| Source compensation point | Target compensation value |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0.0 | -0.3 |
| 100.0 | -3.0 |
| 200.0 | -2.2 |
| 300.0 | 1.5 |
| 400.0 | 1.7 |

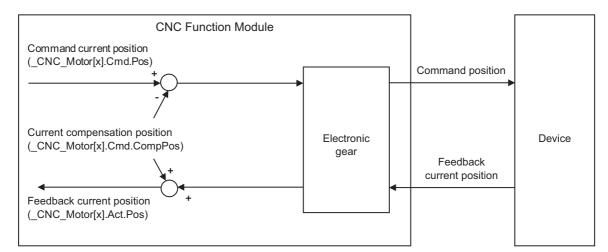
The following graph shows a CNC motor compensation table in which the horizontal axis represents the source compensation point, and the vertical axis the target compensation value.



The target compensation value is calculated from the source CNC motor position and compensation table value every control period, and output to the CNC motor current compensation position of each CNC motor.

In the control period, the value of feedback position in the CNC motor variable (_*CNC_Mo-tor[x].Cmd.Pos*) does not make any noticeable changes. To the Servo Drive and spindle drive, however, the commanded position is output as a value subtracted by the CNC motor current compensation position.

The value of the feedback position of CNC motor variable (_*CNC_Motor[x].Act.Pos*) is a value output from the actual Servo Drive and spindle driver to which the CNC motor current compensation position is added.



The processing enables you to match the position of CNC motor in the program with that of the actual machine.

Precautions for Correct Use

To calculate the target compensation value, the current position value specified for the source position is used as it is. Accordingly, edit and enable the CNC motor compensation table after home is determined.

5-4-8 Basic Settings

Create a CNC motor compensation table with the CNC Motor Compensation Table Editor of Sysmac Studio.

After you create a CNC motor compensation table, configure the basic settings of the CNC compensation table before inputting a compensation value. This section describes the basic setting items.

| Parameter name | Description | Setting range | Default |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------|---------|
| CNC Motor Compensation | A logical number of a CNC motor compen- | 0 to (Maximum num- | |
| Table Number | sation table. | ber of CNC motor | |
| | It must not be duplicated with a number | compensation | |
| | used for another CNC motor compensation | tables)-1 | |
| | table. | | |
| Source CNC Motor Number | A CNC motor of input source for determining | Number of CNC | |
| | the compensation value by the CNC motor | motors created | |
| | compensation table. | | |
| | Only one can be selected. | | |
| Target CNC Motor Number | A CNC motor to be compensated with the | Number of CNC | |
| | source data and compensation data table. | motors in the same | |
| | The source CNC motor can also be the tar- | CNC coordinate sys- | |
| | get CNC motor. Only one can be selected. | tem. | |
| Compensation Scaling | Specify a coefficient that multiplies the com- | 0 to 2.0 | 1.0 |
| | pensation value calculated in the CNC | | |
| | motor compensation table. Specifying 0 dis- | | |
| | ables compensation. | | |
| Source Compensation Start | Shows the absolute start position of a | Positive long reals or | 0 |
| Position | source compensation section. (Unit: Source | 0 | |
| | motor command units) | | |

| Parameter name | Description | Setting range | Default |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|---------|
| Source Compensation Sec- | Shows a relative distance between the | Positive long reals or | 100 |
| tion Distance | source compensation start position and the | 0 | |
| | absolute position at which the source com- | | |
| | pensation section ends. (Unit: Source motor command units) | | |
| Number of Compensation | Shows the number of source compensation | 1 to 65,534 | 4 |
| Table Point Sections | points generated by dividing a source sec- | 1 10 00,004 | 4 |
| | tion distance. | | |
| | The number of arrays for the CNC motor | | |
| | compensation table is calculated in the fol- | | |
| | lowing formula. (Source section dis- | | |
| | tance/Number of compensation table point | | |
| | sections)+1 | | |
| Source Reference Position | Select whether to reference the commanded | 0: Command position | 0 |
| | position or the feedback position for the | 1: Feedback position | |
| Compensation Output Method | source CNC motor. Select whether to Overwrite or Add the CNC | 0: Overwrite | 0 |
| Compensation Output Method | motor current compensation position. | | 0 |
| | Select Overwrite in most cases. However, | 1: Add | |
| | when compensating a single target CNC | | |
| | motor by using multiple CNC motor compen- | | |
| | sation tables, you can: Select Overwrite for | | |
| | Compensation Output Mode of the least | | |
| | compensation table number, and select Add | | |
| | for that of remaining tables, so that multiple | | |
| D (C M L | compensations are possible. | | 0 |
| Repetition Mode | Select a compensation mode for outside of the source compensation section. | 0: No repetition | 0 |
| | | 1: Repetition | |
| | No repetition | | |
| | Retains the target compensation value of both ends for outside of the source com- | | |
| | pensation section. ^{*1} | | |
| | | | |
| | Repetition | | |
| | Repeats compensation according to the CNC motor compensation table for each | | |
| | source compensation section distance, for | | |
| | outside of the source compensation sec- | | |
| | tion. | | |
| Table Point Interpolation | Select whether to set the interpolation | 0: 1st-order interpola- | 0 |
| Method | between CNC motor compensation table | tion | |
| | points to the 1st-order or 3rd-order. | 1: 3rd-order interpola- | |
| | If the 1st-order interpolation is selected, liner | tion | |
| | interpolation applies to CNC motor compen- | | |
| | sation table data items. This makes the compensation positions continuous, how- | | |
| | ever, the velocities are discontinuous. | | |
| | If the 3rd-order interpolation is selected, the | | |
| | tertiary interpolation applies to CNC motor | | |
| | compensation table data items. This makes | | |
| | the compensation positions continuous and | | |
| | velocity variation smooth. However, this | | |
| | interpolation will take approximately double | | |
| | the calculation time that is required for the | | |
| | Primary interpolation. | | |

*1. If No repetition and 3rd-order interpolation are set, there are sections where the target compensation value varies before and after the source compensation section to make the velocities continuous.

Precautions for Correct Use

When Add is selected for Compensation Output Mode, make sure that multiple CNC motor compensation tables are used for a single target CNC motor, and that the CNC motor compensation table number is not the least value.

If Add is selected in other conditions, the compensation value continues to be added every control period. Consequently, the compensation value becomes excessively large and an unintended motion may result.

Setting basic settings determines the size of the CNC motor compensation table array, and the value of source compensation point for each CNC motor compensation table point.

| Source compensation point | Target compensation value |
|---|---------------------------|
| 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Source Compensation Section ^{*1} | 0.0 |
| Source Compensation Section ^{*1} | 0.0 |
| | 0.0 |
| Source Compensation Section Distance | 0.0 |

*1. Source section range = Source compensation section distance/Number of compensation table point sections

Then set the target compensation value in each CNC motor compensation table point.

| Parameter name | Description | Setting range | Default |
|------------------------------|--|---|---------|
| Target Compensation Value | Shows a compensation value of the target CNC motor position at the source compensation point. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the tar- get CNC motor. | Range of single-precision reals ^{*1} | 0.0 |

*1. - ∞ and + ∞ are excluded.

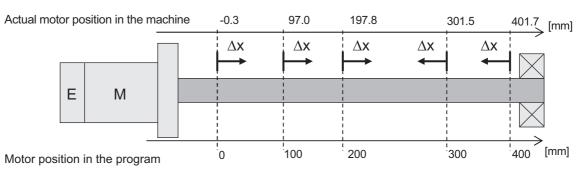
5-4-9 Setting Example

This section describes the method to set the CNC motor compensation table.

Examples of Ball Screw Pitch Compensation, Ball Screw Deflection, and Rotary Table Compensation are provided.

Ball Screw Pitch Compensation

Suppose that you executed the operation command for five points on the X-axis from absolute position 0 mm to 400 mm at 100 mm intervals, and measured X-axis positions of the actual machine tool. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors caused by displacement of the ball screw pitch.



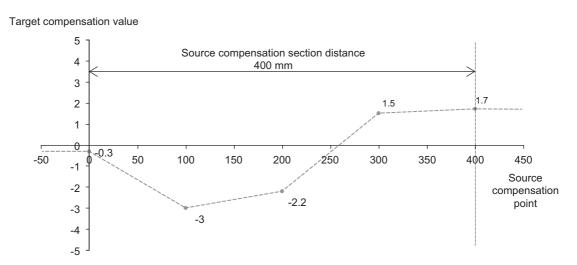
Use the CNC motor compensation table to cancel the error and match the positions in the program with those of the actual machine.

First, input the basic settings.

| Setting | Value |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Source CNC Motor Number | 1 (CNC_Motor001) |
| Target CNC Motor Number | 1 (CNC_Motor001) |
| Compensation Scaling | 1.0 |
| Source Compensation Start Posi- | 0 (mm) |
| tion | |
| Source Compensation Section | 400 (mm) |
| Distance | |
| Number of Compensation Table | 4 |
| Point Sections | |
| Source Reference Position | 0: Command position |
| Compensation Output Method | 0: Overwrite |
| Repetition Mode | 0: No repetition |
| Table Point Interpolation Method | 0: 1st-order interpolation |

5

Then set the displacement of each measurement point (Measured position - Position in the program) for each target compensation value.



| Source com- pensation point [mm] | Target compensa- tion value [mm] |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 0.0 | -0.3 |
| 100.0 | -3.0 |
| 200.0 | -2.2 |
| 300.0 | 1.5 |
| 400.0 | 1.7 |

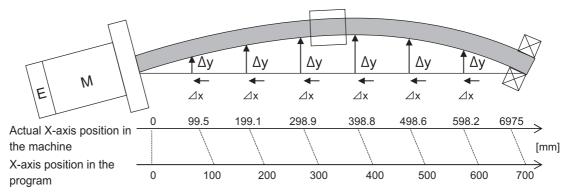
Ball Screw Deflection Compensation

Suppose that CNC motor 0 is assigned to the X-axis, and CNC motor 1 to the Y-axis. The CNC motor in the X-axis direction deflects in the Y-axis direction.

In this case, use two CNC motor compensation tables. The first one compensates the deflection in the X-axis direction. The second one compensates the deflection in the Y-axis direction.

• Compensation in the X-axis direction

Suppose that, without moving the Y-axis from 0 mm, you executed the operation command for eight points on the X-axis from absolute position 0 mm to 700 mm at 100 mm intervals, and measured the X-axis position of the actual tool machine at each point. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors caused by displacement of the ball screw pitch.



The following table shows the basic settings of the first CNC motor compensation table (number 0) and CNC motor compensation table data.

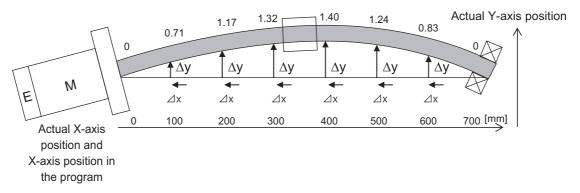
The settings must be set in the same way as you did for Ball Screw Pitch Compensation as described in the previous section.

| Setting | Value |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| CNC Motor Compensation Table | 0 |
| Number | |
| Source CNC Motor Number | 0 (CNC_Motor000) |
| Target CNC Motor Number | 0 (CNC_Motor000) |
| Compensation Scaling | 1.0 |
| Source Compensation Start Posi- | 0 (mm) |
| tion | |
| Source Compensation Section | 700 (mm) |
| Distance | |
| Number of Compensation Table | 7 |
| Point Sections | |
| Source Reference Position | 0: Command position |
| Compensation Output Method | 0: Overwrite |
| Repetition Mode | 0: No repetition |
| Table Point Interpolation Method | 1: 3rd-order interpolation |

| Source com- pensation point [mm] | Target compensa- tion value [mm] |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 0.0 | 0 |
| 100.0 | -0.5 |
| 200.0 | -0.9 |
| 300.0 | -1.1 |
| 400.0 | -1.2 |
| 500.0 | -1.4 |
| 600.0 | -1.8 |
| 700.0 | -2.5 |

• Compensation in the Y-axis direction

Measure eight points with CNC motor compensation table number 0 enabled, and obtain the following errors in the Y-axis direction.



Set the basic settings and compensation table data settings for the second CNC motor compensation table (number 1).

This table differs from the first CNC motor compensation table in the following two points:

- · The source CNC motor and the target CNC motor are different.
- The source reference position is set to "1: Feedback position".

| Setting | Value |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| CNC Motor Compensation Table | 1 |
| Number | |
| Source CNC Motor Number | 0 (CNC_Motor000) |
| Compensation Scaling | 1.0 |
| Target CNC Motor Number | 1 (CNC_Motor001) |
| Source Compensation Start Posi- | 0 (mm) |
| tion | |
| Source Compensation Section | 700 (mm) |
| Distance | |
| Number of Compensation Table | 7 |
| Point Sections | |
| Source Reference Position | 1: Feedback position |
| Compensation Output Method | 0: Overwrite |
| Repetition Mode | 0: No repetition |
| Table Point Interpolation Method | 1: 3rd-order interpolation |

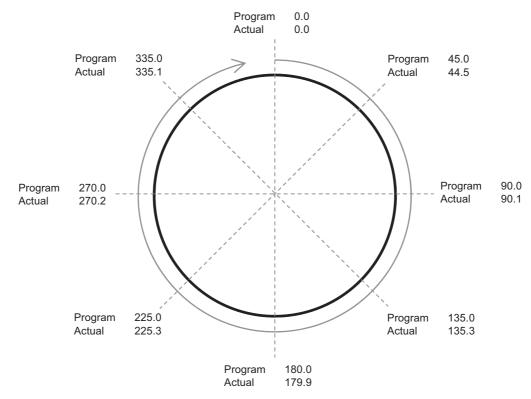
| Source com- pensation point [mm] | Target compensa- tion value [mm] |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 100.0 | 0.71 |
| 200.0 | 1.17 |
| 300.0 | 1.32 |
| 400.0 | 1.40 |
| 500.0 | 1.24 |
| 600.0 | 0.83 |
| 700.0 | 0.0 |

With these settings, the position set to the input source in the second CNC motor compensation table is the X position, a position of the actual machine that was compensated in the first CNC motor compensation table.

When you move the X-axis in the positive direction without moving the Y-axis from 0 mm, the operation actually moves CNC motor 1 on the Y-axis in the negative direction to disable the error.

Rotary Table Compensation

Suppose that you assigned CNC motor 1 to the rotary table of the C-axis, rotated it from 0 degrees at intervals of 45.0 degrees, and measured the actual rotation angle. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors.

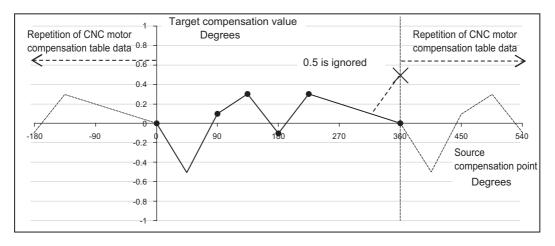


Input the basic settings and the target compensation value of each point.

In this example, the Repetition setting is selected as similar errors must be compensated every time the rotary table is rotated.

| Setting | Value |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| CNC Motor Compensation Table | 0 |
| Number | |
| Source CNC Motor Number | 1 (CNC_Motor001) |
| Target CNC Motor Number | 1 (CNC_Motor001) |
| Compensation Scaling | 1.0 |
| Source Compensation Start Posi- | 0 (degree) |
| tion | |
| Source Compensation Section | 360 (degree) |
| Distance | |
| Number of Compensation Table | 8 |
| Point Sections | |
| Source Reference Position | 0: Command position |
| Compensation Output Method | 0: Overwrite |
| Repetition Mode | 1: Repetition |
| Table Point Interpolation Method | 0: 1st-order interpolation |

| Source com- pensation point degrees | Target compensation value degrees |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 45.0 | -0.5 |
| 90.0 | 0.1 |
| 135.0 | 0.3 |
| 180.0 | -0.1 |
| 225.0 | 0.3 |
| 270.0 | 0.2 |
| 315.0 | 0.1 |
| 360.0 | 0.5 -> 0.0 |
| | (The setting value is ignored.) |



If 1: Repetition is selected, the target compensation value of the first point is used for that of the last point. The following graph shows the compensation value to be used when 0.5 is set.

5-4-10 CNC Motor Compensation Table Specifications

This section describes specifications of the CNC motor compensation table.

| Item | Description |
|--|---|
| Maximum number of compensation table | 65,535 |
| points per CNC motor compensation table | |
| Upper limit of the size of all CNC motor | Maximum size of all compensation tables varies |
| compensation tables | depending on the model. Refer to 1-4-1 General Speci- |
| | fications on page 1-7 for details. |
| | |
| | Size of a CNC motor compensation table = 100 + CNC |
| | motor compensation table points x 4 bytes |
| Upper limit of the number of CNC motor | The upper limit of the maximum number of compensa- |
| compensation tables | tion tables varies depending on the model. Refer to |
| | 1-4-1 General Specifications on page 1-7 for details. |
| Changing a CNC motor compensation table | CNC motor compensation table data can be edited |
| | from a user program. |
| Saving a CNC motor compensation table | The file read/write instruction enables you to use this |
| | function. |
| Timing to reflect CNC motor compensation | At power ON |
| tables on main memory | At synchronous download of Sysmac Studio |

6

Realization of CNC Machines

This section describes the functions and means of producing CNC machine applications with the aid of sequence control programs, NC programs, and CNC functions.

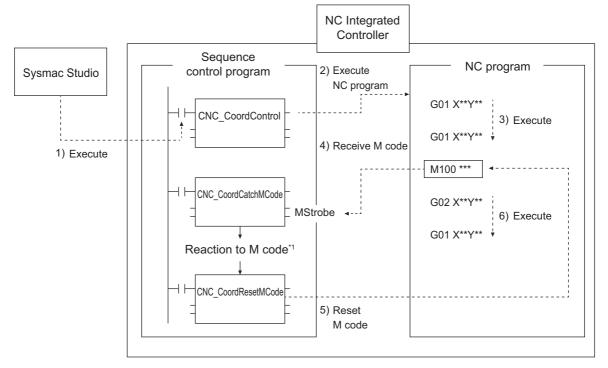
| 6-1 | M Code | s |
|-----|---|--|
| 6-2 | S-2 Tool Functions | |
| | 6-2-1 | Method for Realizing Tool Data Management |
| | 6-2-2 | Method for Realizing Tool Change |
| 6-3 | 6-3 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis | |
| | 6-3-1 | Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with CNC Function Module 6-8 |
| | 6-3-2 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with General-purpose I/O Control or | |
| | | MC Function Module |
| | 6-3-3 | When No Spindle Axis is Assigned |
| 6-4 | Connec | t with MPG |

6-1 M Codes

This section describes procedures to interlock the sequence control program with an NC program to construct CNC machine applications, by using M codes.

You can transmit M codes to the sequence control program with the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction. Up to 192 (M0 to M191) M codes to output from the NC program can be specified for each CNC coordinate system. M code numbers (0 to 191) are used to specify the M codes to accept with the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction. A different M code can be programmed for each M code number. The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction can also place multiple instances. Accordingly, there is no limit to the number of M codes that can be output simultaneously. After performing processing according to M codes, such as coolant control and ATC control, the sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction to send M code reset to the NC program.

Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program



- *1. Processing must be programmed according to M codes. For specific applications, refer to the following examples.
 - Coolant, spindle, and other I/O controls.
 - ATC control and tool data writing. Refer to 6-2 Tool Functions on page 6-3 for details.
 - Writing and reading NC program variable monitor. Refer to *NC Program Variable Monitoring* on page 5-19 for details.

6-2 Tool Functions

This section describes the tool change function and tool data management function.

6-2-1 Method for Realizing Tool Data Management

Tool data includes the tool radius and length used for tool compensation, as well as the usage frequency and time recorded for managing the tool life. This Controller does not have a function that manages the tool data. Realize the tool data management function with the aid of the sequence control program, which is capable of saving the data to the hold memory inside the program.

Tool data management can be realized, for example, by defining global variables (shown in the following table) and constructing the following logics using the sequence control program and CNC Operator.

Tool Shape Data Management

Procedure to manage tool shape data is as follows.

- **1** Create a CNC Operator screen used to input the tool length and tool radius for each tool ID.
- 2 Create a logic that initializes the tool life data.

Tool Life Data Management

Procedure for managing tool life data is as follows.

- **1** Create a logic that accumulates the usage frequency, usage time, and abrasion of a tool when the tool is used.
- 2 Set the thresholds for the usage frequency, usage time, and abrasion, and create a logic that detects errors.

Example : The following table shows an example of tool data management.

| ۱ | /ariable name | Data type | Name | Function |
|-------|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| oolMa | anagementData | Array[N] of User Define Struct | Tool Data | Tool data (for each tool ID) |
| Sh | apeData | User Define Struct | Tool Shape Data | A data group related to tool com- pensation |
| | Offset | LREAL | Tool Length | A value used for tool length com- pensation |
| | Radius | LREAL | Tool Radius | A value used for tool radius com- pensation |
| Lif | ecycleData | User Define Struct | Tool Life Data | A data group related to tool life. |
| | UsageCount | UDINT | Usage Frequency | A value indicating the frequency of tool usage |
| | OperationTime | Time | Usage Time | A value indicating the elapsed time of tool usage |
| | LengthWear | LREAL | Abrasion | A value indicating the abrasion of tool length |
| | RadiusWear | LREAL | Abrasion | A value indicating the abrasion of tool radius |

6-2-2 Method for Realizing Tool Change

Refer to the description in 6-1 M Codes on page 6-2 for tool change.

The following example shows how to realize tool change.

When the NC program requests that the tool be replaced, the sequence control program executes automatic tool change. After completing the automatic tool change, the sequence control program transmits the information to the NC program.

Prior Conditions

- a) M code is M100 for tool replacement.
- b) Use the tool ID as an argument of M code output (ID 0 to 2)

Example (Replace with Tool ID #1)

- a) Output M06 VA1 from the NC program.
- b) Receive M06 with the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction in the sequence control program.
- c) Check the Tool ID that has been output to MCodeRef.Outputs[0].
- d) Execute the tool change operation according to the Tool ID.
- e) Execute the CNC_Write instruction to change the tool length and radius.
- After the tool change is completed, execute the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction and restart the NC program.
- g) Enable tool radius compensation and tool length compensation from the NC program.

NC Program

```
G90 G17 F100

G28 // Return to reference point

M06 VA1 //M06 (tool change) Tool ID #1

G41 X10 Y10 // Enables tool radius compensation

G04 P5000

G04 P5000

G40 X0 Y0

G04 P5000

G43 X10 Z10 // Enables tool length compensation

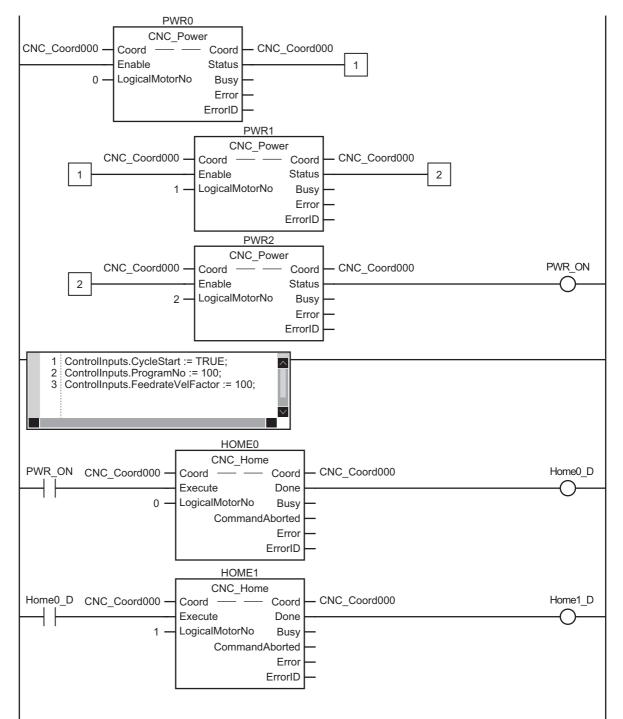
G04 P5000

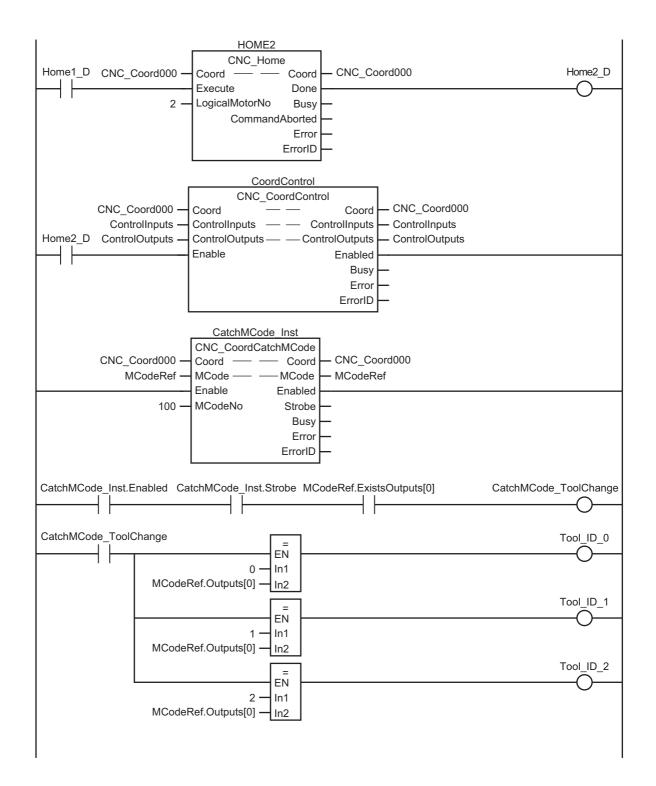
G49 X0 Z0

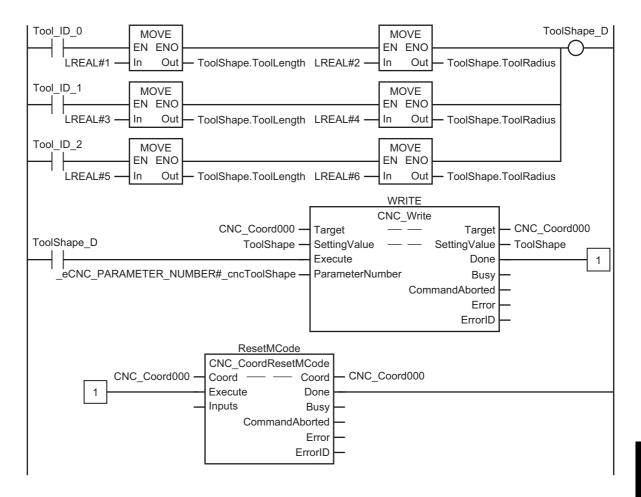
M30
```



• Sequence Control Program







6-3 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis

This section describes the function of spindle axis. There are two methods to realize the function of spindle axis. One is to use the CNC Function Module, and the other is to use the I/O control or MC Function Module.

Refer to 6-3-3 When No Spindle Axis is Assigned on page 6-12 if spindle axis assignment is not required.

6-3-1 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with CNC Function Module

This section describes how to realize the function of spindle axis with the CNC Function Module.

Spindle Axis Assignment

If you control spindle axis with the CNC Function Module, assign a CNC motor to the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system. The spindle axis must conform to CiA402, and support CSV (Cyclic Synchronous Velocity) mode by default.

Positive, Negative, and Stop Operations

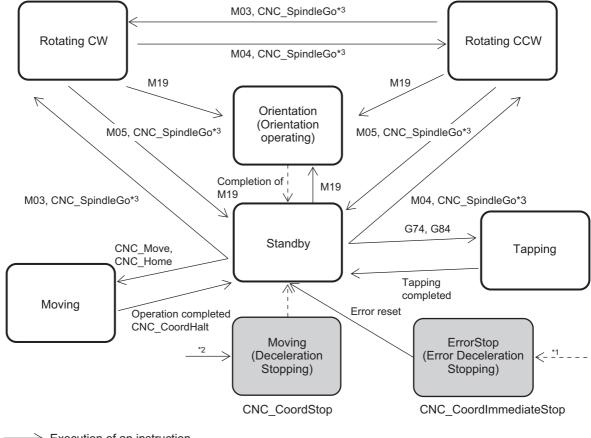
While the NC program is running, the spindle axis is automatically controlled from the CNC Function Module. The user program does not need to receive Positive (M03), Negative (M04), and Stop (M05). If you want to operate the spindle axis in manual mode, use the CNC_SpindleGo instruction.

Orientation of Spindle Axis

The orientation of the spindle axis is automatically controlled from the CNC Function Module. The user program does not need to be used to receive Orientation of Spindle axis (M19). Unlike CW and CCW operations, Orientation of Spindle axis cannot be executed in manual mode.

Spindle Axis States

The status transitions of the spindle axis are shown in the following diagram. The states correspond to respective variables for CNC_Coord[*].Status.Spindle of CNC coordinate system variables.



 \longrightarrow Execution of an instruction.

---> Completion of an instruction and other

Transition occurs when the instruction is completed or due to other factors.

- *1. An error stop event occurs.
- *2. A sop event occurs.
- *3. If Velocity of CNC_SpindleGo is set to 0, transition takes place in the standby state.

| Status | Status name | Definition |
|-------------|---------------------------|--|
| Standby | Standby | A state where the spindle motor stops. |
| CW | Rotating in CW direction | Spindle CW (M03), a state where the spindle axis is |
| | | rotating in the CW direction with CNC_SpindleGo. |
| CCW | Rotating in CCW direction | Spindle CCW (M04), a state where the spindle axis is |
| | | rotating in the CCW direction with CNC_SpindleGo. |
| Orientation | Orientation operating | A state where the spindle axis is positioned to the ori- |
| | | entation position with Spindle Orientation (M19). |
| Tapping | Tapping | A state where the spindle axis is tapping with |
| | | Left-handed Tapping cycle (G74) and Tapping cycle |
| | | (G84). |
| Moving | Moved by instruction | A state where the spindle axis is being moved with |
| | | CNC_Move or CNC_Home |
| Stopping | Deceleration Stopping | A state until the CNC coordinate system stops for the |
| | | CNC_CoordStop instruction. |

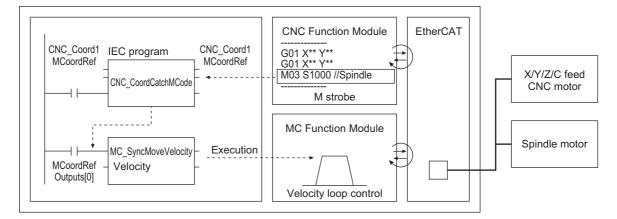
| Status | Status name | Definition |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--|
| ErrorStop | Error Deceleration Stopping | A state until the CNC coordinate system stops or a state where it stops for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction or a CNC coordinate system minor fault. |

6-3-2 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with General-purpose I/O Control or MC Function Module

Besides assigning the spindle axis to a CNC coordinate system, the function of spindle axis can also be realized by using I/O control or the MC Function Module. This section describes how to determine the function of the spindle axis with the MC Function Module.

Spindle Axis Assignment

The spindle axis is controlled by the axis assigned to the Motion Control Function Module. Spindle axis operation is realized by programming the transmission of commands from the CNC Function Module to the Motion Control Function Module via an M code and the sequence control program.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When an error occurs for the spindle motor, an appropriate remedy must be programmed so that the sequence control program detects errors and stops the operation of the CNC coordinate system.
- In the same way, when an error occurs in the CNC coordinate system, an appropriate remedy must be programmed so that the sequence control program detects the error and stops the operation of the spindle motor.

Positive, Negative, and Stop Operations

By receiving M03, M04, and M05 using the user program, the following instruction is executed:

MC_SyncMoveVelocity instruction is used for positive/negative operation.

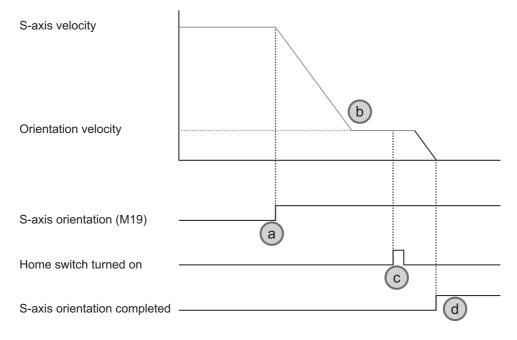
MC_Stop instruction is used for stop operation.

Orientation of Spindle Axis

The sequence control program and MC Function Module are used for the orientation of the spindle axis.

• Example

- a) Receive the M19 (Spindle Orientation) command.
- b) Gradually reduce the velocity instructed for MC_SyncMoveVelocity instruction to the orientation velocity.
- c) Detect the Z-phase position with MC_TouchProbe instruction.
- d) Consider the Z-phase position and orientation position offset, and perform the positioning to the orientation position with MC_MoveAbsolute instruction.



6-3-3 When No Spindle Axis is Assigned

If no spindle axis is assigned to the CNC coordinate system, CNC instructions and G codes/M codes behave differently.

Behavior of the Spindle Axis Instruction

If you execute the instruction without assigning a spindle axis to the CNC coordinate system, an error occurs due to the instruction.

Behaviors of G codes and M Codes for Spindle Axis

If you execute G codes/M codes without assigning a spindle axis to the CNC coordinate system, they behave differently as shown in the following table.

| G/M code | | Difference of behavior |
|----------|---------------------------|---|
| M03 | Spindle CW | Converts into general M code |
| M04 | Spindle CCW | Converts into general M code |
| M05 | Spindle OFF | Converts into general M code |
| M19 | Spindle Orientation | Converts into general M code |
| G74 | Left-handed Tapping Cycle | X/Y/Z/A/B/C operation only (Soft tapping) |
| G84 | Tapping Cycle | X/Y/Z/A/B/C operation only (Soft tapping) |

6-4 Connect with MPG

Signals from a manual pulse generator (MPG) or other external input devices are handled as device variables in the sequence control program via EtherCAT slaves such as NX units.

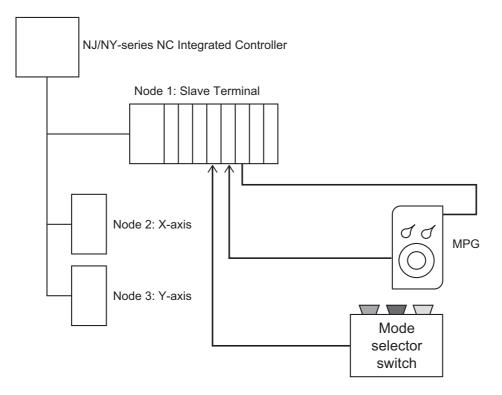
This enables you to connect multiple MPGs without physical limitations, and control the CNC Function Module.

This section provides an example of how to connect an MPG.

Signals from the MPG are received by the NX unit and treated as device variables, and thereby you can control the MPG.

System Configuration

Configuration Diagram



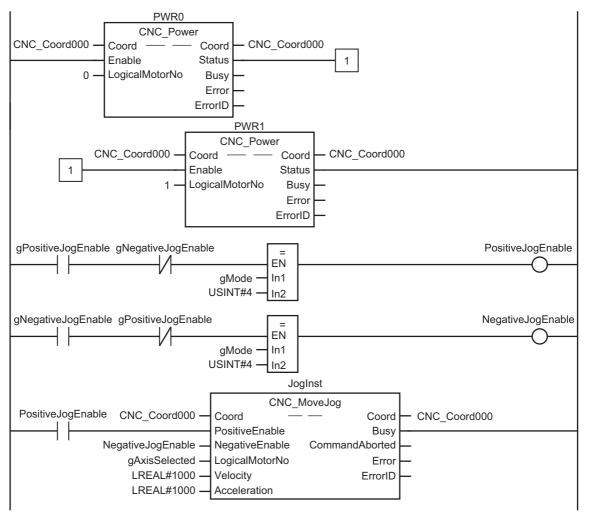
Example of Function List

The following table lists the functions of general MPG. Variables described in the table are the variables used in sample programs of each functions.

| Function name | Function | Variables | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|----------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | Device variables | Variable name | Data type | | | |
| Mode Selection | Switch for selecting | Mode selection | gMode | USINT | | | |
| | jog operation/MPG | switch input | 0: Edit mode | | | | |
| | mode | | 1: Auto mode | | | | |
| | | | 2: MDI mode | | | | |
| | | | 3: MPG mode | | | | |
| | | | 4: Jog mode | | | | |
| | | | 5: Home mode | | | | |
| Axis Selection | ction Switch for selecting Axis selection input | | gAxisSelected USINT | | | | |
| | the X/Y-axis | | 0: X, 1: Y | | | | |
| Positive/Negative | Switch for jog opera- | Positive direction jog | gPositiveJogEnable | BOOL | | | |
| Direction Jog Switch | tion of the selected | switch input | | | | | |
| | axis | Negative direction jog switch input | gNegativeJogEnable | BOOL | | | |
| MPG | Operation of the | MPG pulse input | gPulseInput | DINT | | | |
| | MPG for the | | | | | | |
| | selected axis | | | | | | |
| Magnification Ratio | Magnification ratio | Magnification ratio | gRatioSelection | USINT | | | |
| Selection | operation and jog input | | 0: 1 time, 1: 10 times, 2: | | | | |
| | | | 100 times | | | | |
| | operation | | | | | | |

Application of Jogging

• Sample Program of Jogging

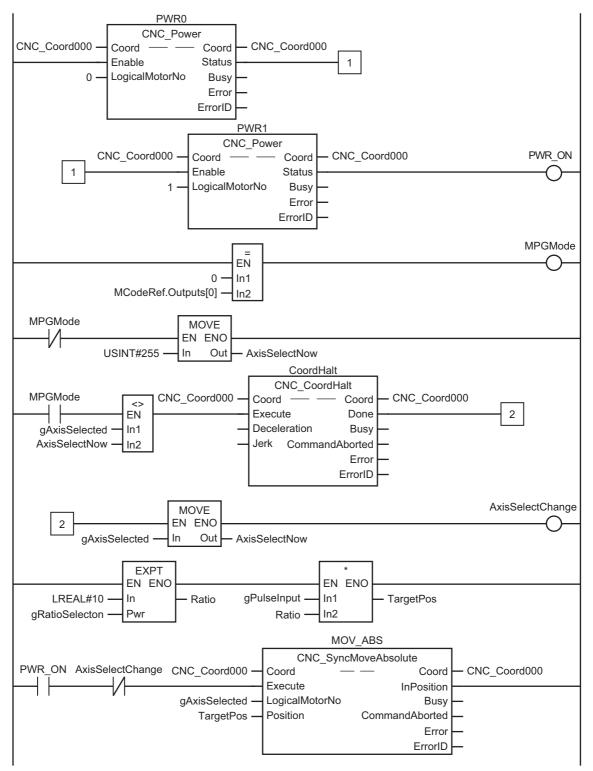


6

6 - 15

Application of MPG Operations

• Sample Program of MPG



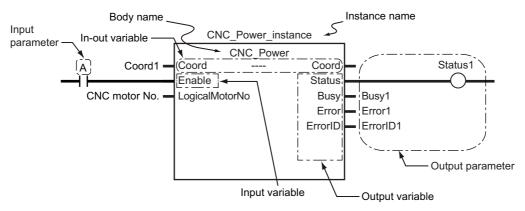
Manual Operation

This section describes functions related to manual operation.

| 7-1 | Turning | ON the Servo | 7-2 |
|-----|---------|--------------------------------|-----|
| 7-2 | Jogging |] | 7-3 |
| | 7-2-1 | Jogging Procedure | 7-3 |
| | 7-2-2 | Setting CNC Parameters | 7-4 |
| | 7-2-3 | Input Variable Setting Example | 7-4 |
| | 7-2-4 | Programming Example | 7-5 |

7-1 Turning ON the Servo

You can turn the Servo ON or OFF to enable or disable sending operation commands to the Servo Drive. Use the CNC instruction CNC_Power (Power Servo).



Specify the motors to operate with the *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System Variable)) and *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) in-out variables. Change the *Enable* input variable for CNC_Power to TRUE to turn ON the Servo. Change *Enable* to FALSE to turn OFF the Servo.

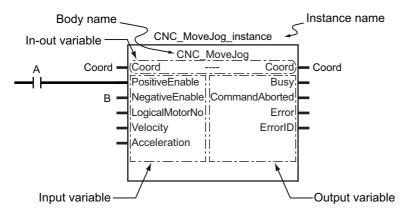
Precautions for Correct Use

Manual operation requires CNC coordinate system or CNC motor settings.

Additional Information

- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when EtherCAT process data communication transitions from the non-established status to the established status.
- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when the *Enable* input variable to the CNC_Power instruction changes to TRUE.

7-2 Jogging



For jogging, use the CNC instruction CNC_MoveJog (Jog).

Specify the axis to jog with the *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System Variable) and *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) in-out variables.

Change the *PositiveEnable* input variable to TRUE to start the axis with the specified positive *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate). Change *PositiveEnable* to FALSE to decelerate and stop the axis at the specified *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate).

Similarly, if you change the *NegativeEnable* input variable to TRUE, the axis will start in the negative direction. Change *NegativeEnable* to FALSE to stop the axis.

You can perform jogging even if the home has not yet been defined.

7-2-1 Jogging Procedure

- Adding and Setting a CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motors
 Add and set a CNC coordinate system and CNC motor from Sysmac Studio.
 Refer to Section 4 CNC Parameters for details.
- 2 Setting the CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motor Parameters Set the CNC coordinate system and CNC motor parameters from Sysmac Studio. Refer to Section 4 CNC Parameters for details.
- **3** Writing the User Program

Create the user program from Sysmac Studio.

4 Downloading the CNC Coordinate System Parameters, and CNC Motor Parameters, and User Program

Download the CNC coordinate system and CNC motor parameters you have set, and the user program to the CPU Unit.

Use the Synchronization menu command of the Sysmac Studio to download the project to the CPU Unit.

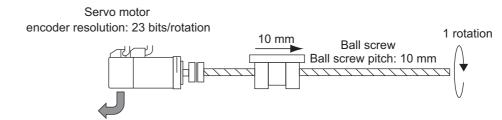
5 Executing the User Program

Execute the user program and change the Enable input variable for CNC_Power to TRUE to change the Servo Drive to the Servo ON state.

Set either the *PositiveEnable* or *NegativeEnable* input variable of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction to TRUE to start jogging.

7-2-2 Setting CNC Parameters

Set the following CNC parameters if you want to jog when home is not defined. The following setting example is for a one-axis device.



Encoder output pulses per motor rotation

23 bits = 8,388,608

| Parameter name | Setting |
|--|-------------------------|
| CNC Motor Variable Name | Motor1 ^{*1} |
| CNC Motor Number | 1*2 |
| CNC Motor Use | CNC motor in use |
| Axis Assignment Type | X-axis |
| Input/Output Device | 1*3 |
| Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation | 8,388,608 ^{*4} |
| Travel Distance Per Work Rotation | 10 ^{*4} |
| Unit of Display | mm |
| Maximum Velocity | 30,000 ^{*5} |
| Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration | 5,000 ^{*6} |

*1. If there is more than one axis, a different variable name is set for each CNC motor.

*2. If there is more than one axis, a different value is set for each CNC motor.

- *3. Set the node address to the same value as the node address that is set on the Servo Drive. If there is more than one axis, a different value is set for each CNC motor.
- *4. The position command unit is 1 (mm).
- *5. The maximum velocity will be 3,000 r/min = 30 m/min = 30,000 mm/min.
- *6. The maximum acceleration/deceleration rate is 5000mm/s². The acceleration time to the maximum velocity (3,000 r/min) is 0.1s.

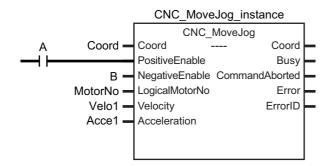
7-2-3 Input Variable Setting Example

This section describes the settings for *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) input variables of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction.

- For example, set Velocity to 6000 to jog at a velocity of 6,000 mm/min.
- Set Acceleration to 500 to accelerate and decelerate at 0.5 m/s².

7-2-4 Programming Example

The following programming example jogs a CNC motor named Motor1 in the positive direction for the value of bit A and in the negative direction for the value of bit B.



At this time, *MotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) is the logical motor number that indicates Motor1, *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is Velo1, and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is Acce1.

Set the values for each variable in the user program in advance to operate the axis with the example input variable settings.

- Coord=CNC_Coord000
- MotorNo = 0
- Velo1 = 1000
- Acce1 = 500

Refer to CNC_MoveJog on page 12-85 for details on the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction.

Homing

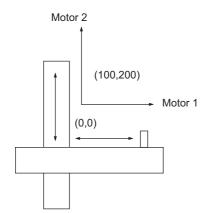
This section describes homing.

| 8-1 | Outline | |
|-----|---------|---------------------------------|
| 8-2 | Homing | Procedure |
| | 8-2-1 | Setting Homing Parameters |
| | 8-2-2 | Monitoring the Homing Operation |
| 8-3 | Homing | Operation |
| 8-4 | Homing | with an Absolute Encoder 8-12 |
| | 8-4-1 | Outline of Functions |
| | 8-4-2 | Setting Procedure |

8-1 Outline

To perform positioning to absolute positions in a positioning system, you first need to define the home.

For example, if you want to position at (Motor 1, Motor 2) = (100 mm, 200 mm) on the XY stage shown below, you must define the home position (0, 0). The process of defining home is called homing.



In the CNC Function Module, use the CNC instruction CNC_Home (Home) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) to define home.

Additional Information

- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when EtherCAT process data communication transitions from the non-established status to the established status.
- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when the *Enable* input variable to the CNC_Power instruction changes to TRUE.
- No NC program can be executed when the home is not defined.
- The software limit function is disabled when the home is not defined.

8-2 Homing Procedure

This section describes the procedure to perform homing.

- Adding and Setting a CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motor
 Add and set a CNC motor and a CNC coordinate system from the Sysmac Studio.
- **2** Setting CNC Motor Parameters Set the homing method with the homing parameters.
- **3** Writing the User Program

Create the user program from Sysmac Studio.

4 Downloading the CNC Parameters and the User Program

Download the CNC motor parameters and CNC coordinate system parameters you have set, and the user program to the NC Integrated Controller.

Use the Synchronization menu command of Sysmac Studio to download the project to the NC Integrated Controller.

5 Executing the User Program

Execute the user program and change the *Enable* input variable for CNC_Power instruction to TRUE to change the Servo Drive to the Servo ON state.

Homing is performed when the *Execute* input variable of the CNC_Home instruction changes to TRUE.

8-2-1 Setting Homing Parameters

Set the homing parameters to specify the homing procedure.

Set the homing parameters from Sysmac Studio.

| Setting | Description | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Homing Operation Mode | Select a homing method. | | | | | |
| Home Input Signal | Select the input to use for the home input signal. | | | | | |
| Homing Start Direction | Set the start direction for when homing is started. | | | | | |
| Home Input Detection Direction | Set the home input detection direction for homing. | | | | | |
| Operation Selection at Positive | Set the stopping method when the positive limit input turns ON during hom- | | | | | |
| Limit Input | ing. | | | | | |
| Operation Selection at Negative | Set the stopping method when the negative limit input turns ON during hom- | | | | | |
| Limit Input | ing. | | | | | |
| Homing Velocity | Set the homing velocity. (Unit: command units/min) | | | | | |
| Homing Approach Velocity | Set the velocity to use after the home proximity input turns ON. | | | | | |
| | (Unit: command units/min) | | | | | |
| Homing Acceleration/Decelera- | Specify the acceleration and deceleration rates for homing. | | | | | |
| tion | If the homing acceleration is set to 0, the homing velocity is reached without | | | | | |
| | any acceleration. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Hame Input Maak Distance | (Unit: command units/s ²) | | | | | |
| Home Input Mask Distance | Set the home input mask distance to be applied when the homing operation mode is set to the proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance. (Unit: | | | | | |
| | command units) | | | | | |
| Home Offset | Preset the actual position for the value that is set after homing. | | | | | |
| | (Unit: command units) | | | | | |
| Homing Holding Time | Set the holding time when you set the homing operation mode to the proxim- | | | | | |
| Tioning Tioning Time | ity reverse turn/holding time. (Unit: ms) | | | | | |
| Homing Compensation Value | Set the homing compensation value that is applied after the home is defined. | | | | | |
| Fielding Compensation Value | (Unit: command units) | | | | | |
| Homing Compensation Velocity | Set the velocity to use for homing compensation. (Unit: command units/min) | | | | | |
| | [| | | | | |
| Home proximity input ON | | | | | | |
| signal OFF ON | | | | | | |
| Home input signal OFF | | | | | | |
| Velocity | | | | | | |
| Homing velocity - | | | | | | |
| Horning velocity | | | | | | |
| | Homing compensation | | | | | |
| Homing approach velocity | Stop velocity | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Star | | | | | | |
| | Absolute travel to position Homing compensation value | | | | | |
| | where nome input signal | | | | | |
| | was detected | | | | | |

The homing parameters are described individually below.

Homing Operation Mode

You can select any of the ten operations to define home.

- Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF
- Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON
- Home proximity input OFF
- Home proximity input ON
- Limit input OFF
- Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance
- · Limit inputs only
- Proximity reverse turn/holding time
- No home proximity input/holding home input
- Zero position preset

The following table shows the homing parameters that are used for each Homing Operation Mode.

| | | | | | (163 | . i aiai | netei | 13 430 | u, 110. | i aiai | netei | 15 1101 | usea.) |
|--|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Homing parameters | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Homing Operation Mode | Home Input Signal | Homing Start Direction | Home Input Detection Direction | Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input | Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input | Homing Velocity | Homing Approach Velocity | Homing Acceleration/Deceleration | Home Input Mask Distance | Home Offset | Homing Holding Time | Homing Compensation Value | Homing Compensation Velocity |
| Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Home proximity input OFF | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Home proximity input ON | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Limit input OFF | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Proximity reverse turn/home input mask dis- tance | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Limit inputs only | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Proximity reverse turn/holding time | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| No home proximity input/holding home input | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Zero position preset | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | No | No | No |

(Yes: Parameter is used, No: Parameter is not used.)

Homing Input Signal

In a Homing Operation Mode that uses the home input signal, select either the Z-phase signal of the Servo Drive or an external home signal as the signal to define the home.



Precautions for Correct Use

This parameter can be used to set a home input signal only when an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive is connected.

Homing Start Direction

Select the direction (positive or negative) in which the axis starts moving when homing is started.

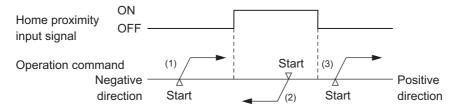
If homing starts while the home proximity signal is ON in a Homing Operation Mode that includes reversal operation for a proximity reverse turn, the axis starts motion in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction (regardless of the setting of the homing start direction).

There are four Homing Operation Modes that include reversal operation for a proximity reverse turn. These are listed below.

- 0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF
- 1: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON
- 9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance
- 12: Proximity reverse turn/holding time

Homing start direction: Positive

Home input detection direction: Positive



(1), (3): The home proximity signal is OFF, so the axis starts moving in the homing start direction.

(2): The home proximity signal is ON, so the axis starts moving in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction.

Homing start direction: Negative Home input detection direction: Negative

| Home proximity input signal | ON OFF - | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| | and egative <i>—</i> rection | Start | ⁽²⁾ ► Start | Start | Positive direction |

- (1), (3): The home proximity signal is OFF, so the axis starts moving in the homing start direction.
- (2): The home proximity signal is ON, so the axis starts moving in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction.

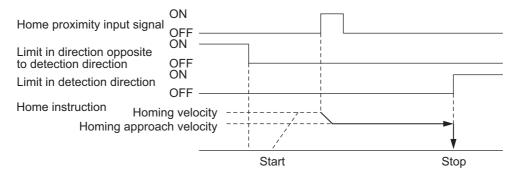
Home Input Detection Direction

Select the direction (positive or negative) in which to detect home.

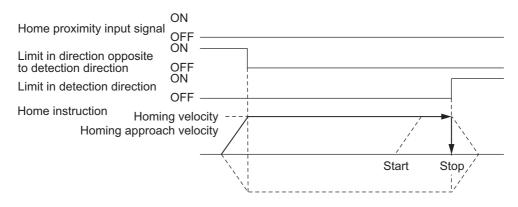
Refer to *Homing Start Direction* on page 8-6 for the relationship between the home detection method and the initial direction in which the machine moves when homing starts.

Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input and Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input

- Select the operation when the axis reaches a limit input in the operating direction during homing: reverse the axis and continue with homing, or do not reverse the axis, create an error, and stop the axis. When you have decided to reverse the direction, also select the method to stop the motor.
- When the motor is set to reverse the direction, an error occurs and the motor stops if the limit signal in the home input detection direction turns ON while the motor travels at the homing approach velocity. However, if the Homing Operation Mode is 13: no home proximity input/holding home input, which does not use proximity signals, no error will occur and the axis will not stop.



When the limit input operations for both directions are set to reverse the directions, an error occurs and the motor stops if home cannot be detected even after the motor moves from one limit input of the home detection direction to the other limit input of the opposite direction.



Homing Velocity

Set the homing velocity in command units/min.

Homing Approach Velocity

Set the velocity after the home proximity input turns ON in command units/min.

8-2 Homing Procedure

8

8-2-1 Setting Homing Parameters

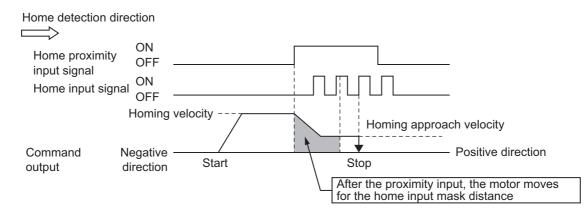
Homing Acceleration/Deceleration

Set the homing acceleration and deceleration rates in command units/s².

If the homing acceleration and deceleration rates is set to 0, the homing velocity and other target velocities are reached without any acceleration.

Homing Input Mask Distance

Set the home input mask distance in command units when you set the homing operation mode to 9: proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance. This is the distance from the position at which the home proximity input signal is set to OFF to the position at which the home proximity input signal is set to OFF to the position at which the home proximity input signal is set to ON to start deceleration.



Home Offset

When the home is defined and the homing compensation value is set, the current value is preset to the specified value after the homing compensation operation is completed.

This function is used when you set home to any specified value rather than to 0.

For systems with absolute encoders, the absolute encoder home offset value is calculated automatically and saved in the battery-backup memory in the NC Integrated Controller.

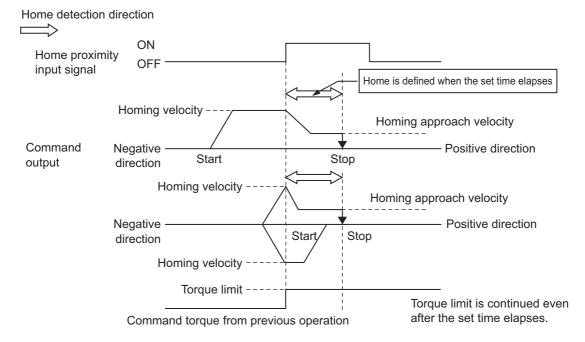
Additional Information

If the target position of the Home Offset overflows or underflows, a Target Position Setting Out of Range (56070000 hex) error is output.

Homing Holding Time

Set the holding time in milliseconds to be applied when you set the homing operation mode to 12: proximity reverse turn/holding time.

This is the period from the time when the home proximity input signal is set to OFF to the time when the home proximity input signal is set to ON to start deceleration.



Homing Compensation Value

After home is defined, relative positioning is performed at the set value to adjust the position of home. This homing compensation is performed at the homing compensation velocity.

Adjusting the workpiece is sometimes difficult after home is defined. The homing compensation can be used to fine-tune the position of home after it is first determined.

This is useful when you cannot easily replace the home proximity sensor or when home has moved after a motor replacement.

Additional Information

If the target position of the homing compensation value overflows or underflows, a Target Position Setting Out of Range (56070000 hex) error is output.

Homing Compensation Velocity

If you set a homing compensation value, set the velocity to use for the compensation in command units/min.

8-2-2 Monitoring the Homing Operation

You can read CNC motor variables from the user program to monitor the homing status and the input signal status.

| Variable name | Data type | Name | Function |
|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| _CNC_Coord[*].Status.Moving | BOOL | CNC Coordinate | TRUE when homing for the CNC_Home |
| | | System Moving | or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction |
| | | | is in progress. |
| _CNC_Motor[*].Details.Homed | BOOL | Home Defined | TRUE when the home is defined. |
| | | | FALSE: Home is not defined. |
| | | | TRUE: Home is defined. |
| _CNC_Motor[*].DrvStatus.P_OT | BOOL | Positive Limit | TRUE when the positive limit input is |
| | | Input | enabled. |
| _CNC_Motor[*].DrvStatus.N_OT | BOOL | Negative Limit | TRUE when the negative limit input is |
| | | Input | enabled. |
| _CNC_Motor[*].DrvStatus.HomeSw | BOOL | Home Proximity | TRUE when the home proximity input is |
| | | Input | enabled. |

8-3 Homing Operation

Select the home definition method based on the configuration of the positioning system and its purpose.

There are ten homing operation modes supported by the CNC Function Module.

You can also fine-tune the home that was once determined with a homing compensation value.



Additional Information

• The most suitable mode depends on the configuration of the positioning system and the application.

Proximity reverse turn /home proximity input OFF is normally used for a machine that is equipped with home proximity sensor, positive limit input, and negative limit input.

• The in-position check will follow the in-position check settings only for the completion of the home definition and homing compensation motions.

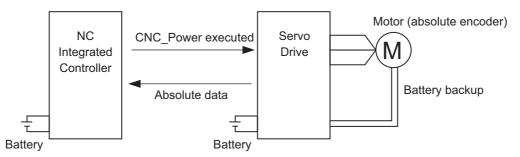
Refer to CNC Instructions on page 10-1 for details on homing.

8-4 Homing with an Absolute Encoder

This section describes how to use an OMRON 1S-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in Ether-CAT communications.

If you use an absolute encoder, the absolute data can be retained by the battery backup function of the encoder even when the power supply to the NC Integrated Controller is turned OFF. When you execute the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction or an EtherCAT communication is established, the position is determined by reading the actual position from the absolute encoder.

Unlike the case where an incremental encoder is used, once the home is defined, you do not need to perform the homing operation again.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When using the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller with an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive, connect the NC Integrated Controller battery to the Servo Drive.
- If you use an absolute encoder in combination with the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller and OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, connect each of the CNC Controller battery and the backup battery of the absolute encoder for the Servo Drive.
- Always execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to define home when you use the absolute encoder for the first time, after you replace the motor, when you use an OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, when the battery in the absolute encoder expires, or at any other time when the absolute value data is lost.
- If there is an error for the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, when the power supply to the NC Integrated Controller is turned ON, an Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error (event code: 17810000 hex) occurs. In this case, you can use the ResetCNCError (Reset CNC Error) instruction to reset the error and turn the Servo Drive ON.

Additional Information

If you use an OMRON G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in Ether-CAT communications, you can set the absolute encoder home position. If you use a Linear Motor Type, observe the followings points when reading this section.

- A Linear Motor Type does not use an encoder. It uses an external scale, which functions in a similar way.
- "Absolute encoder" in this section can be read as an absolute external scale.
- An absolute external scale does not have the rotation data of an absolute encoder. Any rotation data setting procedures that are required for an absolute encoder are not required. A battery to back up the rotation data is also not required.
- Refer to the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCATR[®] Communications Linear Motor Type User's Manual (Cat. No. 1577) for the specification of Linear Motor Type.

8-4-1 Outline of Functions

To define the home of an absolute encoder system, absolute encoder offset compensation is performed when the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction is executed or when EtherCAT process data communications changes from non-established to established state.

The home can be defined by performing the homing operation in the same way as for an incremental encoder. After the home has been defined, the difference between the commanded position and the absolute value data read from the absolute encoder is saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory of the NC Integrated Controller as an offset.

When the actual position is preset with the CNC_Home (Home) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction, the difference between the commanded position and absolute value data after home is defined is also saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** as an offset.

The CNC Function Module saves **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When you replace the NC Integrated Controller or the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, be sure to back up **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** with the home defined before you start the replacement procedure.
- When absolute encoders are used, the **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** for each CNC motor is saved to the battery-backup memory along with the CNC motor number. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, set the Homing Settings again.
- By restoring the backup data after the replacement has been completed, you can use the home defined before the replacement was carried out.
- To back up or restore data, use Sysmac Studio. Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for details on the operation procedure.

8-4-2 Setting Procedure

This section describes the procedure to set the home of an absolute encoder system.

1 Setting the Absolute Encoder

Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W504) for the setup procedures.

2 Setting the CNC Motor Parameters

Select **1: Absolute encoder** for **Encoder Type** of **Position Count Parameters** in the CNC motor parameter of the CNC Function Module. Refer to *4-4-7 Position Count Settings* on page 4-33 for details.

3 Executing Homing

Set the **Homing Operation Mode** in **Homing Settings** in the CNC motor parameter of the CNC Function Module.

After home is defined, the difference between the command position and the absolute value data read from the absolute encoder is saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory when the power supply is interrupted.

Absolute Encoder Setup

The absolute encoder must be set up when it is used for the first time, when you want to initialize the rotation data to 0, when the absolute encoder is left for an extended period of time without the battery connected, or in other cases.

Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for details on the setup procedures.



Precautions for Correct Use

After the absolute encoder is set up, the power supply to the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive must be cycled. When setup processing for the absolute encoder is completed, an Absolute Value Clear Error (A27.1) will occur in the Servo Drive. Cycle the control power supply to the Servo Drive to clear this error and complete the absolute encoder setup procedure.

9

Control Functions for CNC Motor and CNC Coordinate System Operations

This section describes the control functions for CNC motor and CNC coordinate system operations.

| 9-1 | CNC M | lotor Position Control | 9-2 |
|-----|---------|---|--------|
| | 9-1-1 | Outline of Operations | 9-2 |
| | 9-1-2 | Absolute Positioning | 9-2 |
| | 9-1-3 | Relative Positioning | 9-2 |
| | 9-1-4 | Cyclic Synchronous Positioning | 9-3 |
| | 9-1-5 | Stopping | 9-3 |
| 9-2 | CNC M | lotor Velocity Control | 9-7 |
| | 9-2-1 | Cyclic Velocity Control | 9-7 |
| | 9-2-2 | Position Loop by Cyclic Velocity Control | 9-7 |
| 9-3 | Comm | on Functions for CNC Motor Control | 9-9 |
| | 9-3-1 | Positions | 9-9 |
| | 9-3-2 | Velocity | 9-11 |
| | 9-3-3 | Acceleration Control | 9-12 |
| | 9-3-4 | Gantry Control | 9-13 |
| 9-4 | CNC C | coordinate System Position Control | . 9-20 |
| | 9-4-1 | Outline of Operations | 9-20 |
| | 9-4-2 | Preparatory Function (G code) | 9-20 |
| 9-5 | Comm | on Functions for CNC Coordinate System Position Control | . 9-21 |
| 9-6 | Other I | Functions | . 9-22 |
| | 9-6-1 | Latching | 9-22 |
| | 9-6-2 | Software Limit | 9-22 |
| | 9-6-3 | In-position Check | 9-22 |

9-1 CNC Motor Position Control

Position control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to a logical axis. Position control and velocity control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

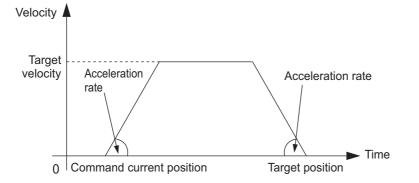
This section describes CNC motor positioning operations.

9-1-1 Outline of Operations

The CNC motor control function of the CNC Function Module supports the PTP operation, manual operations such as jogging, and the homing operation.

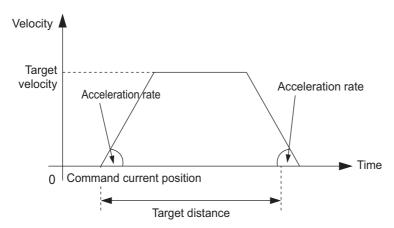
9-1-2 Absolute Positioning

Absolute positioning specifies the absolute coordinates of the target position in relation to home.



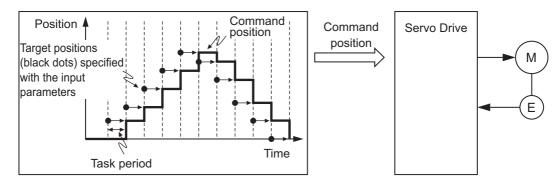
9-1-3 Relative Positioning

Relative positioning specifies the distance from the actual position.



9-1-4 Cyclic Synchronous Positioning

Cyclic synchronous positioning is used to output a target position to a specified CNC coordinate system in each task period. The target position is specified as an absolute position. This function is used to perform MPG feeding and other operations.



9-1-5 Stopping

Functions to stop CNC motor operation include immediate stop input signal and limit input signals connected to the Servo Drive, stop functions of CNC instructions in the user program, and stopping due to errors.

Stopping for Servo Drive Input Signals

CNC motor motion is stopped for the immediate stop input signal or a limit input signal from the Servo Drive.

You can select the stop method with the Sysmac Studio.

Immediate Stop Input

Stop processing in the CNC Function Module is executed according to the state of the Servo Drive input signals. You can select one of the following stopping methods for the CNC Function Module.

- · Immediate stop
- · Immediate stop and error counter reset
- · Immediate stop and Servo OFF

Precautions for Correct Use

The immediate stop input for the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive also causes an error and executes stop processes in the Servo Drive itself.

Limit Input (Positive Limit Input or Negative Limit Input)

Stop processing in the CNC Function Module is executed according to the state of the Servo Drive input signals.

The CNC motor stop method can be selected from the following based on the Limit Input Stop Method of the CNC motor.

- · Immediate stop
- Immediate Stop and Servo OFF

Other CNC motors of the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.



Precautions for Correct Use

If a limit input signal turns ON, do not execute an instruction for CNC coordinate system command in the same direction as the limit input signal.

Stopping for a CNC Instruction

For information about stopping for a CNC instruction, refer to CNC_CoordStop on page 12-70, CNC_CoordImmediateStop on page 12-74, and CNC_CoordHalt on page 12-78 in Section 12 CNC Coordinate System Instructions.

Stopping Due to Errors or Other Problems

Stopping for Errors during CNC Motor Operation

When an error occurs during a CNC motor operation, the motor will stop immediately depending on the error.

Stopping for a Software Limit

When **Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control** is set to *0: An error occurs* and the software limit is judged to be exceeded during execution of an NC program, each CNC motor stops immediately. In other cases, adjust the path or target position so that the software limit is not exceeded.

Errors That Cause the Servo to Turn OFF

An immediate stop is performed if an error occurs that causes the Servo to turn OFF. The operation of Servo Drive during Servo OFF state depends on the settings in the Servo Drive.

While an NC program is running, all other CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system will decelerate to stop at their maximum deceleration rate. In other cases, the other CNC motors are not affected.

Stopping Due to Change in the NC Integrated Controller Mode

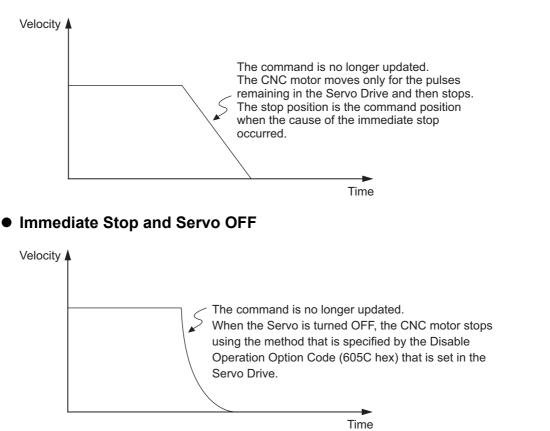
All CNC motors will immediately stop if the NC Integrated Controller operating mode changes.

Additional Information

- When RUN mode changes to PROGRAM mode, any CNC instructions that are currently in execution are aborted. *CommandAborted* output variable from the instructions remains FALSE. The Servo ON/OFF status is maintained after the mode has been switched to the PROGRAM mode.
- If the operating mode returns to RUN mode while a immediate stop is in progress after the
 operating mode changes from RUN to PROGRAM mode, the output variables from CNC
 instructions are cleared. The CommandAborted output variables from the CNC instructions
 therefore remain FALSE.

Stop Methods

Immediate Stop



Stop Priorities

The priorities for each stop method are listed in the following table. If a stop with a higher priority stop method occurs while stopping, the stop method will switch to the higher priority method.

| Stop method | Priority (higher numbers mean higher priority) |
|--|--|
| Immediate stop and Servo OFF | 3 |
| Immediate stop and error counter reset | 2 |
| Immediate stop | 1 |

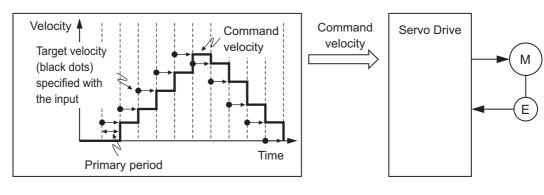
9-2 CNC Motor Velocity Control

Velocity control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

This section describes the CNC motor velocity control functions.

9-2-1 Cyclic Velocity Control

The control mode of the Servo Drive is set to Velocity Control Mode and a command speed is output every control period.

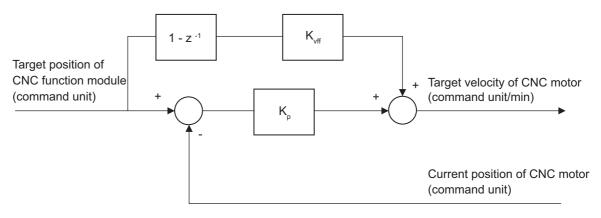


Additional Information

The open loop control is set during velocity control processing.

9-2-2 Position Loop by Cyclic Velocity Control

The CNC Function Module controls the spindle axis using the velocity command. However, the positioning is required for some spindle functions. Therefore, the CNC Function Module has a position loop for each CNC motor that is assigned to the spindle axis. To adjust the responsiveness of the position loop, you can set the Position Loop Gain (K_p) and Velocity Feedforward Gain (K_vff) parameters.





Precautions for Safe Use

- Before adjusting this parameter, use the following methods to control the spindle in open-loop and adjust the gain on the spindle driver to ensure normal operation.
 - CNC_SpindleGo
 - Spindle CW (M03)
 - Spindle CCW (M04)
- · When adjusting the gain, take sufficient measures to ensure safety.
- If oscillation (abnormal noise or vibration) occurs, immediately turn OFF the power to the Drive or turn the Servo OFF.

Position Loop Gain

The Position Loop Gain (K_p) parameter gives the main gain for servo loop, and it provides control outputs that are proportional to the position error (i.e. difference between the command position and the current position) of the CNC motor.

Velocity Feedforward Gain

Velocity Feedforward Gain K_vff adds the control amount that is proportional to the command velocity of the CNC motor to the control output. This parameter is used to reduce following errors caused by physical damping effects.

If you need adjustments using this parameter, make sure that both adjustments of spindle driver and position loop gain are completed. Increase the setting value gradually from zero. Overshooting will increase if an excessively large value is set at once.

9-3 Common Functions for CNC Motor Control

This section describes the common functions of CNC motor control.

9-3-1 Positions

Types of Positions

The CNC Function Module uses the following two types of positions.

| Type of position | Definition |
|---------------------------|---|
| Command position | This is the command position of the CNC motor. |
| Feedback current position | This is the feedback position of the CNC motor. |

Position Parameters

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|---|---|---------------------------|---------|
| In-position Range ^{*1} | Set the in-position width. ^{*2} | 0 or larger single-preci- | 10 |
| | (Unit: motor command units) | sion real value | |
| | When the value is set to 0, positioning is completed when the positioning command is completed. | | |
| In-position Check Time ^{*3} | While a CNC instruction is executed, an error occurs if CNC motors for all of the positioning axes in the coordinate system are not in-positioned within this time period at the completion of the travel command. Set this check time in milliseconds. ^{*4} | 0 to 10,000 | 0 |
| | However, the in-position check is not per- formed for the blending operation. The in-position check is also not performed if 0 is set. (Unit: ms) | | |
| Software Overtravel Limit ^{*5} | Set the operation when the software over- travel limit of the CNC motor is reached while the CNC coordinate system is oper- ating. | 0 or 1 | 0 |
| | 0: An error occurs. | | |
| | Each CNC motor stops immediately. | | |
| | 1: No error occurs. | | |
| | The commanded position of the CNC motor is limited by software overtravel limit, and the operation continues with- out observing the path. | | |
| Positive Software | Set the software overtravel limit in the | Positive single-preci- | 10,000 |
| Overtravel Limit | positive direction. | sion reals | |
| | (Unit: motor command units) | | |

| Parameter name | Function | Setting range | Default |
|----------------------------|--|------------------------|---------|
| Negative Software | Set the software overtravel limit in the | Negative single-preci- | -10,000 |
| Overtravel Limit | negative direction. | sion reals | |
| | (Unit: motor command units) | | |
| Following Error Over Value | Set the excessive following error check | Positive single-preci- | 0 |
| | value. | sion reals or 0 | |
| | Set 0 to disable the excessive following | | |
| | error check. (Unit: motor command units) | | |
| Following Error Warning | Set the following error warning check | Positive single-preci- | 0 |
| Value | value. | sion reals or 0 | |
| | Set 0 to disable the following error warn- | | |
| | ing check. (Unit: motor command units) | | |
| | | | |

*1. The in-position check is processed by the CNC Function Module. The function in the Servo Drive is not used.

- *2. The maximum value that you can set for the in-position range is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *3. Set a value larger than the number of in-position check continuance cycle of the positioning axis composition CNC motor.

Example: Suppose that the control cycle time of a primary periodic task is 2 milliseconds, and that the largest value of the in-position check continuance cycle for the composition CNC motor is 100 control periods. Then the in-position check time must be set to a value larger than 200 milliseconds.

*4. The result of an in-position check of the CNC coordinate system is determined with the CNC Planner Service. Actually, therefore, the accuracy of the in-position check time is rounded down to the unit of the CNC Planner Service period. If the in-position check time is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period, it becomes 0 after being rounded down and the in-position check is not executed.

Example: Suppose that the in-position check time is 6 milliseconds and that the CNC Planner Service period is 4 milliseconds. Then normal operation is performed when the in-position check for all of the positioning axis CNC motors is completed within one period (4 milliseconds) of the CNC Planner Service that has actually finished the travel command. An error occurs if it takes longer than this period.

*5. This function is enabled only when the home has been determined.

Monitoring Positions

You can read CNC Motor variables in the user program to monitor positions.

| Variable name | Data type | Name | Function |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------------------------|---|
| _CNC_Motor[*].Cmd.Pos | LREAL | Command Current Position | This is the current value of the command position. |
| | | | When the Servo is OFF and the mode is not the position control mode, the feedback cur- rent position is output. |
| _CNC_Motor[*].Act.Pos | LREAL | Feedback Current Position | This is the feedback current position. |

Count Mode

The count mode is the linear mode that has a finite axis feed range. The linear mode has the following features:

- The linear mode is centered around 0.
- When the CNC motor is assigned to the feed axis, the range is set using a 40-bit signed integer (0x8000000000 to 7FFFFFFFF) after pulse unit conversion has been completed.
- If the CNC motor is assigned to the spindle axis, the range when the value is converted to pulses is 54-bit signed integer ($-2^{53} \le Position \le +2^{53} 1$).
- For positioning that specifies target positions, such as relative and absolute positioning, you cannot assign targets that exceed the specified range.
- A Command Position Overflow/Underflow observation will occur if the specified range is exceeded. Command position outputs will continue, but the actual position is not updated and is fixed to either the upper limit or the lower limit.
- In a state where the current position is fixed, positioning used to specify the target position can be executed when a position within the operating range is specified (CNC_Move, CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute). Any operation that does not specify the target position can be performed when a direction within the operating range is specified (CNC_MoveJog). Any command that specifies a direction away from the range will cause an error on execution of the instruction. (CNC_Move, CNC_Sync-MoveAbsolute, CNC_MoveJog)
- During home definition, velocity control, and stop operation, the status in which the value of the current position is fixed is not determined as an error. (CNC_HomeWithParameter, CNC_Home, CNC_SpindleGo, CNC_CoordHalt, CNC_CoordImmediateStop, CNC_CoordStop)
- During multi-axis coordinated control operation (execution control of NC program), the status in which the current position is fixed is determined as an error when an instruction is executed regardless of the direction. Note that a spindle axis is not included in axes that perform the coordinated operation. (CNC_CoordControl)
- The current position is not updated until a command position overflow or underflow observation status is cleared.

9-3-2 Velocity

Types of Velocities

The CNC Function Module uses the following two types of velocities.

| Type of velocity | Definition |
|-------------------|--|
| Command velocity | This is the velocity that the CNC Function Module outputs to control a CNC motor. |
| Feedback velocity | This is the velocity calculated in the CNC Function Module based on the feedback position that is input from the Servo Drive or counter. |

Velocity Unit

A velocity is given in command units/min. The command unit is the value obtained from unit conversion of the position display unit and the electronic gear.

Parameters That Are Related to Velocities

Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30.

9-3-2 Velocity

9 - 11

Monitoring Velocities

You can read CNC Motor Variables in the user program to monitor velocities.

| Variable name | Data type | Name | Function |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------------------------|--|
| _CNC_Motor[*].Cmd.Vel | LREAL | Command Current Velocity | This is the current value of the command velocity. |
| | | | A plus sign is added during travel in the pos- itive direction, and a minus sign is added during travel in the negative direction. |
| _CNC_Motor[*].Act.Vel | LREAL | Feedback Current Velocity | This is the feedback current velocity. A plus sign is added during travel in the pos- itive direction, and a minus sign is added during travel in the negative direction. |

9-3-3 Acceleration Control

The acceleration and deceleration characteristics at the CNC motor position control are determined by the acceleration/deceleration rate settings.

Acceleration/Deceleration Rate Control

Specify the acceleration/deceleration rate in motor command units/s². The target velocity does not determine acceleration/deceleration rate. The required acceleration/deceleration time also differs for some target velocities. The target velocity may not be reached with some combination of specifications for travel distance, target velocity, and acceleration/deceleration rate.

Acceleration Parameters

Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30.

9-3-4 **Gantry Control**

Gantry control is a special control function for the gantry system.

The CNC motor that is set to the slave axis for the gantry axis in the Gantry Settings of the CNC motor settings is called a gantry slave axis. In addition, the CNC motor specified at CNC Motor Number for Gantry Master Axis is called a gantry master axis.

The gantry slave axis automatically follows the command position of the gantry master axis. This makes it easier to realize the gantry system only by specifying absolute positioning, jog operation and linear interpolation for the gantry master axis.

CNC_Power (Power Servo), CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting), and CNC_Read (Read CNC Setting) are the only CNC instructions that can be issued to the gantry slave axis individually.

If you instruct CNC Move (Positioning), CNC MoveJog (Jog), CNC SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning), CNC_Home (Home), or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) for the gantry slave axis, the Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified (56050000 hex) will occur.

Other than a function that follows a command position, the gantry control also has the following functions to control the gantry system:

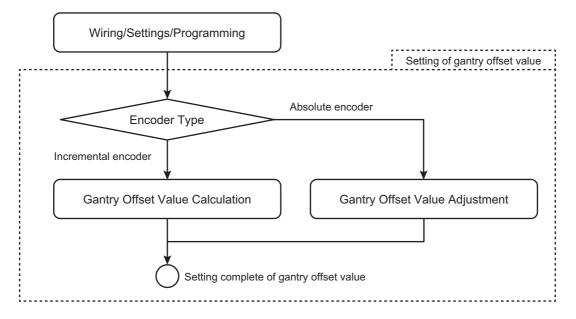
- · Gantry offset
- · Gantry homing
- · Alignment compensation
- · Gantry monitor function

9

The initial setup and start for devices that have a gantry system are implemented by the following procedure.

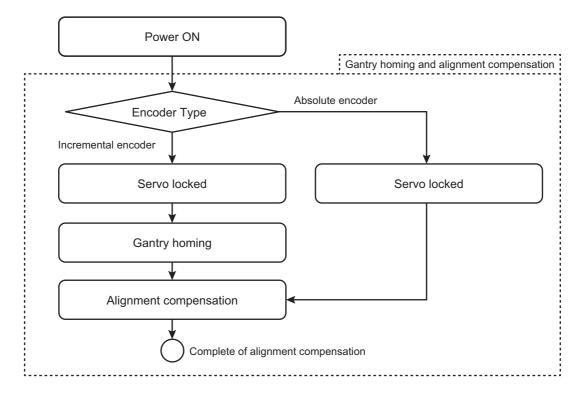
Initial Setup Procedure for Devices That Have a Gantry System

The initial setup for devices that have a gantry system is implemented by the following chart.



Start Procedure for Devices That Have a Gantry System

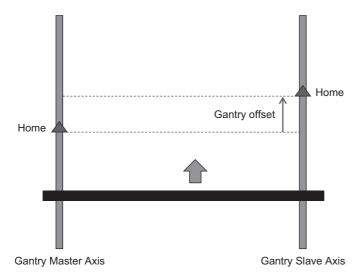
The start for devices that have a gantry system is implemented by the following chart.



Gantry Offset

A displacement from the home exists between the gantry axes. The value that compensates this displacement is called a gantry offset. Before starting up the gantry system machine, you need to calculate the gantry offset and adjust the value at first.

The CNC_GantrySkewControl (Gantry Skew Control) instruction is used to calculate and adjust the gantry offset. Refer to *CNC_GantrySkewControl* on page 12-132 for details.



The CNC Function Module updates the gantry offset value when the CNC_SkewControl execution completes, and it saves the value in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted.

Precautions for Correct Use

The **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** area of each CNC motor is used for the gantry offset. As with the case of the **Absolute Encoder Home Offset**, note the following conditions.

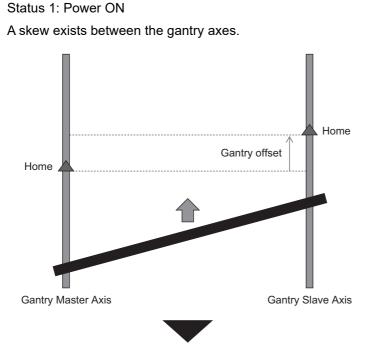
- For the NY-series Controllers, the gantry offset for each CNC motor is saved to the non-volatile memory along with the CNC motor number. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, calculate the gantry offset again.
- If there is an error for the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, when the power supply to the NC Integrated Controller is turned ON, an *Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error* (event code: 17810000 hex) occurs. In this case, note that a read error for the gantry offset value also occurs.
- When you replace the NC Integrated Controller or the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, be sure to back up **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** with the gantry home defined before you start the replacement procedure.
- By restoring the backup data after the replacement has been completed, you can use the home defined before the replacement was carried out.

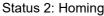
Gantry Homing

When homing is executed for the gantry master axis with the CNC_Home (Home) instruction or the CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction, homing is executed for the gantry master axis first and then for the gantry slave axis next.

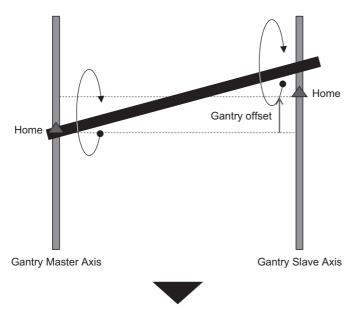
In addition, based on the position of the home of each axis and the gantry offset, the skew between the axes is measured and compensated automatically. This operation is called alignment compensation.

Example of gantry homing



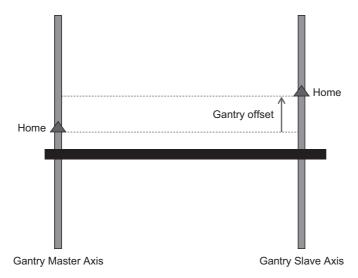


Homing operation is executed sequentially for the gantry master axis and the gantry salve axis.



Status 3: Alignment compensation

Alignment compensation executes with the gantry offset.



By performing the gantry homing, the value of *Home Defined* (Homed) system-defined variable changes to TRUE.

Precautions for Correct Use

For the alignment compensation after gantry homing, the gantry offset must be calculated correctly. Always execute gantry homing after the calculation of the gantry offset.

Additional Information

- When 1: Absolute encoder is set for the encoder type of the gantry master and slave axes, the home is defined when communications are established or when the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction is executed.
- When the CNC_Home (Home) instruction is used, values specified for the gantry master axis are used for the homing parameters of the gantry master axis and values specified for the gantry slave axis are used for the homing parameters of the gantry slave axis.
- When the CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction is used, values specified for the gantry slave axis are used for the homing parameters of the gantry slave axis.
- *Home Offset* is not used the setting value for the gantry slave axis. Instead, it is preset based on the current position for the gantry master axis.
- By setting Homing Operation Mode for the gantry slave axis to *14: Zero position preset*, you can use the homing method where the current position for the gantry master axis is preset to the gantry slave axis without inputting home signal for the gantry slave axis.
- Gantry homing is not necessary for the gantry system that uses the absolute encoder. Alignment compensation executes automatically when the servo is locked.

Alignment Compensation

When any of the following conditions are met, alignment compensation executes automatically depending on the *Alignment Velocity* in Gantry Settings.

- Right after the gantry home is defined
- When the Servo is locked for the CNC motor assigned to the gantry slave axis with its home defined
- · When the gantry offset is adjusted with CNC_GantrySkewControl (Gantry skew control)

Precautions for Correct Use

When the absolute encoder is used, the home is defined for the CNC motor since the initial power is ON. To avoid unexpected behavior of alignment compensation, make sure to check the monitor value of the current position and the actual machine position before the Servo is locked when the initial power is ON.

Gantry Monitor Function

This function automatically monitors the status between the gantry axes. This function is further classified into the following two functions.

Position Deviation between Axes Monitor Function

This function monitors a difference of the feedback position between the gantry axes. This function allows you to stop the gantry axes operation automatically in case the axes have a displacement from each other due to an error with one of the axes or other reasons.

Once the deviation exceeds *Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value* in the gantry slave axis settings, the *Position Deviation between Axes Limit Warning* (679A0000 hex) will occur. Furthermore, if the deviation exceeds *Position Deviation between Axes Over Value*, the *Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded* (679B0000 hex) will occur.

Additional Information

The position deviation between axes monitor function is enabled when the gantry slave axis is in the servo lock state. In the following cases, the gantry home is not defined. Therefore, this function monitors the difference of the current position of each Servo Drive for the master axis and the slave axis.

- · When the gantry home is undefined
- · When the gantry homing operation is in progress

Gantry Master Axis Status Monitor Function

This function automatically turns the Servo OFF for the gantry slave axis when a Servo OFF state is detected for the gantry master axis.

Note that the relationship between the master axis and slave axis in the gantry system is switched internally during the homing operation of the gantry slave axis. Therefore, the monitoring target by this function is switched accordingly.

Effects on System-defined Variables

Some of the system-defined variables that are related to the gantry master and slave axes will behave differently from the standard functions.

Details are given below.

• CNC Motor Variables

The following statuses affect the CNC motor variables for the gantry master axis.

| Variable name | Data type | Name | Changes to the function |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------------------------|---|
| _CNC_Motor[031]. | BOOL | Home Defined | TRUE when Home Defined is speci- |
| Details.Homed | | | fied for the gantry master and slave |
| | | | axes. |
| _CNC_Motor[031]. | BOOL | Positive Software Overtravel | TRUE when Positive Software Over- |
| Details.SoftLimitPosi | | Limit | <i>travel Limit</i> is specified for the gantry |
| | | | master or slave axis. |
| _CNC_Motor[031]. | BOOL | Negative Software Overtravel | TRUE when Negative Software |
| Details.SoftLimitNega | | Limit | Overtravel Limit is specified for the |
| | | | gantry master or slave axis. |
| _CNC_Motor[031]. | BOOL | In-position Completed | TRUE when In-position Completed is |
| Details.InPos | | | specified for the gantry master and |
| | | | slave axes. |

• NC Program Variables

The following variable affects the NC program variables that are related to the gantry slave axis.

| Variable name | Name | Function |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| _CNC_CapturedPosition@ ^{*1} | Logical motor @ capture position | This function does not work. |
| | | The capture function for the gantry slave axis does not work. It only works for the master axis. ^{*2} |

*1. @ indicates the logical motor number from 0 to 7.

*2. The capture function for the gantry slave axis does not work. No value is assigned to the variable for the capture position.

9-4 CNC Coordinate System Position Control

This section describes the operation of multi-axes coordinated control. With the CNC Function Module, you can set a CNC coordinate system in advance from Sysmac Studio to perform interpolation control for multiple axes.

9-4-1 Outline of Operations

Multi-axes coordinated control performs a motion with multiple related CNC motors together as a single group to control the path of the target control object such as tool center points.

The CNC Function Module treats all CNC motors that perform coordinated operation as a CNC coordinate system. CNC coordinate system are set from the Sysmac Studio. The NC program is used to control the path of the tool center point in the CNC coordinate system.

In the user program, each of the composition CNC motors for a CNC coordinate system are set to Servo ON status and to complete homing. Then, the CNC instruction to start the NC program and path operation is executed. If any error occurs on any CNC motor in the CNC coordinate system, all other CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.



Precautions for Correct Use

You cannot execute NC programs to a coordinate system if a CNC motor that composes the coordinate system is manually operated. In the same way, the manual operation cannot be executed during execution of the NC program except for the *Hold* (Holding) status.

Resetting CNC Coordinate System Errors

If an error occurs in a CNC coordinate system, you can use the CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instruction to remove the error once you have eliminated the cause.

9-4-2 Preparatory Function (G code)

Refer to the NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031).

9-5 Common Functions for CNC Coordinate System Position Control

For information about position, feedrate, acceleration time, deceleration time, and override, refer to the *NJ/NY-Series G code Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. 0031).

9

9-6 Other Functions

This section describes other functions of the CNC Function Module.

9-6-1 Latching

Latching is used to control positioning based on the position where a trigger signal occurs, such as a signal from a sensor input. The position of the CNC motor is recorded (i.e., latched) when the trigger signal occurs.

Latching is required for G31 (Skip Function).

9-6-2 Software Limit

The positive and negative software limit parameters are provided for each CNC motor.

When **Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control** is set to *0: An error occurs* and the software limit is judged to be exceeded during execution of an NC program, each CNC motor stops immediately. In other cases, the path or target position is adjusted so that the software limit is not exceeded.

The software limit is valid only when the home is defined. The software limit is invalid during homing.

9-6-3 In-position Check

In-position Check for CNC Motors

For the in-position range, specify the maximum position error value so that the CNC motor can be assumed in the in-position status when any command operations are not executed. For the number of in-position continuance cycles, specify the number of consecutive repetitions during which the in-position status must be true so that the CNC motor can be assumed in the in-position status.

If the number of in-position continuance cycles is greater than 0, the in-position status must continue to be true for the period specified by the additional number of consecutive check times. The NC Integrated Controller checks these conditions in each primary period for all the active CNC motors. If any of these additional checks detects that any of these conditions is not true, the count must be started again from zero.

Additional Information

- The following five conditions must be satisfied in order that the CNC motor is assumed to be in the in-position status:
 - The CNC motor is in a closed-loop control state.
 - The command velocity of the CNC motor is set to 0.
 - The CNC motor is not running or dwell processing is not executed for the specified period of time.
 - The magnitude of the error is less than or equal to the in-position range.
 - The above four conditions are satisfied in the consecutive primary period (i.e., the number of continuous in-position cycles + 1).
- When the number of in-position continuance cycles is set to the default value, if the in-position conditions (closed-loop, commanded velocity zero, and error less than or equal to the in-position range) are satisfied at the first check, the *InPos* (in-position completion) CNC motor variable is set.

In-position Check for CNC Coordinate Systems

When the in-position check time of the CNC coordinate system parameters is set to a positive value and blending is disabled between programs, this Controller is specified to check the in-position conditions before all axes on the coordinate system start the next motions by the NC program. In this case, specify the in-position check timeout time to the in-position check time. The timeout time is indicated by the number of CNC Planner Service periods (CNC Planner Service Period + 1 servo cycle). If all axes in the coordinate system are not set in the in-position status within this time before the start of the next travel, the NC Program Execution Error (67990000 hex) occurs and the program stops.

When the in-position check time of CNC coordinate system parameter is set to 0 and blending is disabled, this Controller instantaneously stops the command position before the next travel is started. However, this does not mean that the actual position of any axis reaches the end point.

When all the CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system are judged to be in the in-position status, the in-position status *bit* of the CNC coordinate system is set. After the in-position check is completed, a dwell time wait operation is inserted before the next programmed travel is executed.

10

CNC Instructions

This section describes CNC instructions.

| 10-1 | Overvie | w of CNC Instructions | 10-2 |
|------|----------|--|------|
| | 10-1-1 | Types of CNC Instructions | 10-2 |
| | 10-1-2 | State Transitions | 10-2 |
| | 10-1-3 | Execution and Status of CNC Instructions | 10-2 |
| | 10-1-4 | Error Processing | 10-2 |
| | 10-1-5 | Changing Input Variables during Execution of CNC Instruction (Restarting Instructions) | 10-3 |
| | 10-1-6 | Multi-execution of CNC Instructions | 10-3 |
| 10-2 | Basic In | formation on CNC Instructions | 10-4 |
| | 10-2-1 | CNC Instruction Names | 10-4 |
| | 10-2-2 | Languages for CNC Instructions | 10-4 |
| | 10-2-3 | CNC Instruction Locations | 10-4 |
| | 10-2-4 | Simultaneous Execution of CNC Instructions | 10-8 |
| | 10-2-5 | Online Editing of CNC Instructions | 10-9 |
| | 10-2-6 | Changes the Operation Mode of the NC Integrated Controller | 10-9 |

10

10-1 Overview of CNC Instructions

This section provides an overview of CNC instructions.

10-1-1 Types of CNC Instructions

The following table shows the types and descriptions of CNC instructions.

| Туре | Category | Functional group | Outline |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Common commands | Common administra- | Parameters | These instructions are used to control |
| | tion instructions | | the common statuses of the CNC Func- |
| | | | tion Module, and to manipulate or mon- |
| | | | itor various data items. |
| CNC coordinate sys- | CNC coordinate sys- | CNC coordinate sys- | These instructions perform coordinated |
| tem commands | tem motion instruc- | tem control | motion of the CNC coordinate system. |
| | tions | | |
| | CNC coordinate sys- | Auxiliary functions for | These instructions are used to control |
| | tem administration | CNC coordinate sys- | or monitor the CNC coordinate system |
| | instructions | tem control | status. |

10-1-2 State Transitions

State transitions are defined for the CNC coordinate system and instruction execution.

10-1-3 Execution and Status of CNC Instructions

Variables that start instruction execution or that indicate the execution status are defined as common rules for the instructions.

There are two input variables that start instruction execution: Execute and Enable.

The output variables that indicate the execution status of an instruction include *Busy*, *Done*, *Command-Aborted*, and *Error*.

10-1-4 Error Processing

You execute CNC instructions to implement numerical control with the CNC Function Module. When CNC instructions are executed, input parameters and instruction processing are checked for errors.

If an error occurs in an instruction, the *Error* output variable from the instruction changes to TRUE and an error code is output to *ErrorID* (Error Code) output variable.

There are two ways that you can use to program processing of errors for CNC instructions.

• Error Processing for Individual Instructions

You can use the *Error* (Error) and *ErrorID* (Error Code) output variables from the instruction to process errors that occur for each instruction.

• Error Processing for Different Types of Errors

You can use the error status that is provided by the CNC system-defined variables to process each type of error separately.

10

10-1-5 Changing Input Variables during Execution of CNC Instruction (Restarting Instructions)

If the input variable *Execute* of the same instruction instance is changed to TRUE again while the CNC instruction is under execution, an error occurs.

10-1-6 Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Unlike the Motion Control Function Module, CNC instructions do not have functions for buffer modes.

Whether the multi-execution of instructions is supported in the CNC Function Module depends on by the current status of CNC coordinate system and the instruction to execute. Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-15 for details.

10-2 Basic Information on CNC Instructions

This section describes the basic specifications and restrictions for programming with CNC instructions for the CNC Function Module built into the NC Integrated Controller.

10-2-1 CNC Instruction Names

All the CNC instructions for the CNC Function Module begin with "CNC_".

10-2-2 Languages for CNC Instructions

The CNC instructions of the CNC Function Module can be used in the programming languages shown below.

- Ladder diagram (LD)
- Structured text (ST)

10-2-3 CNC Instruction Locations

This section describes what task a CNC instruction can be assigned to, and the relationship between the location of the task in a program and the resultant operation.

Task Types

CNC instructions can be used in the primary periodic task. If you use CNC instructions in any other task, an error will occur when you build the program.

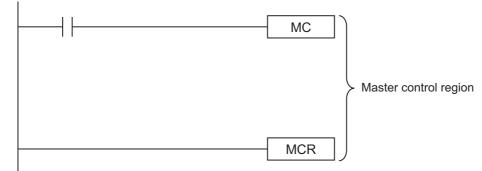
| Task Type | Applicable |
|--|------------|
| Primary periodic task | Yes |
| Periodic task (execution priority: 16) | No |
| Periodic task (execution priority: 17) | No |
| Periodic task (execution priority: 18) | No |
| Event task (execution priority: 8) | No |
| Event task (execution priority: 48) | No |

In Function Block Definitions

You can also use CNC instructions in the function block definitions that user creates.

Master Control Regions

The area in a ladder diagram between the Master Control Start instruction (MC) and the Master Control End instruction (MCR) is the master control region.



If a CNC instruction is located in the master control region, and the MC input condition is FALSE, the following will occur.

- When the CNC instruction is directly input from the left bus bar to the *Enable* or *Execute* input variable of the CNC instruction, the *Enable* or *Execute* input variable is FALSE.
- The values of the output parameters are updated as normal even when the *Enable* or *Execute* input variables to the CNC instructions are FALSE.

Precautions for Correct Use

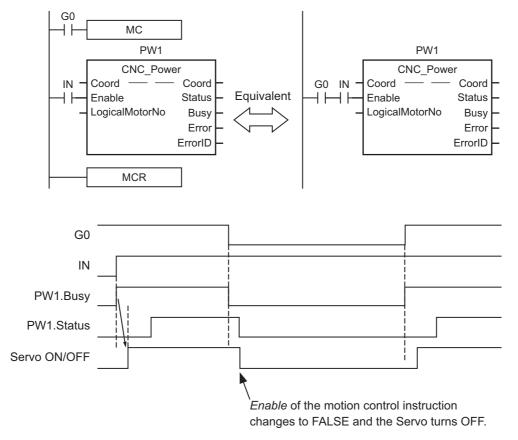
You cannot use master control for Structured Text Language and inline ST inside a ladder diagram.

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)* for information on the master control and the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502)* for information on the MC and MCR instructions.

10

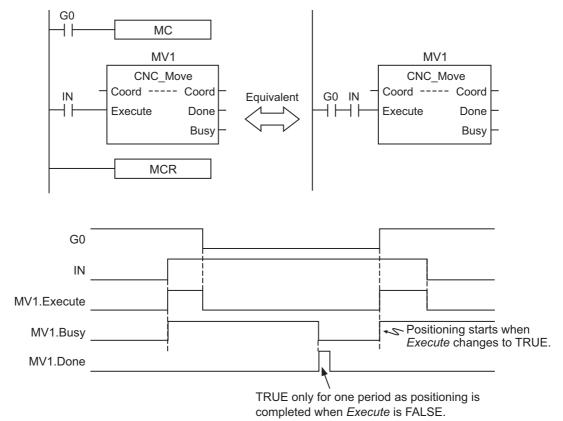
• Enable-type CNC Instructions

- Instructions located in master control regions are equivalent to the programming shown on the right in the following figure.
- When G0 is TRUE, the CNC_Power is executed normally.
- When G0 is FALSE, the CNC_Power is executed as if the *Enable* input variable was FALSE.



• Execute-type CNC Instructions

- Instructions located in master control regions are equivalent to the programming shown on the right in the following figure.
- When G0 is TRUE, the CNC_Move is executed normally.
- When G0 is FALSE, the CNC_Move is executed as if the *Execute* input variable was FALSE.
- Instructions executed when G0 is TRUE continue operation until completion, even if G0 changes to FALSE during operation. The values of output parameters are also updated in the normal way.



10

CNC Instructions in ST Statement Instructions

This section describes the operation of CNC instructions when they are located in ST statement instructions, such as IF, CASE, WHILE, or REPEAT instructions.

When the evaluation result for the condition expression of an ST statement instruction is FALSE, the CNC instructions within the structure are not executed. Also, the values of the output variables are not updated.

If execution of an execute-type instruction is started and then the evaluation result changes to FALSE, processing is continued until it is completed. In that case, however, the values of the output variables are not updated.

h

Precautions for Correct Use

The execution status of an execute-type instruction in an ST statement instructions will not be clear if the evaluation result of the condition expression changes to FALSE during execution of the instruction, therefore, we do not recommend using execution-type instructions in ST statement instructions.

If they must be used, be careful of the operation.

Treatment of REAL and LREAL Data

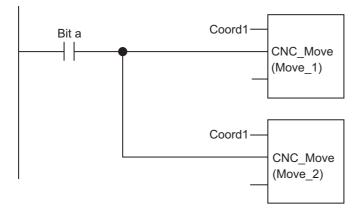
REAL and LREAL are floating-point decimal data types.

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

10-2-4 Simultaneous Execution of CNC Instructions

This section describes operations to execute multiple CNC instructions for the same CNC coordinate system in the same task period.

- In the following programming, instruction instances **Move_1** and **Move_2** start in the same task period when Bit a turns ON.
- Instructions in a program are executed from the top. Therefore Move_1 is started first, and then Move_2 is started before Move_1 is finished.
- This is considered as the multi-execution of CNC instructions. In this example, Move_2 is executed multiple times in relation to Move_1.



10-2-5 Online Editing of CNC Instructions

You can perform the following online editing operations for CNC instructions from the Sysmac Studio.

| Online editing operations |
|---|
| Deleting CNC instructions |
| Adding CNC instructions |
| Adding input variables, output variables, and in-out variables to CNC instructions |
| Changing input variables, output variables, and in-out variables for CNC instructions |

Deleting input variables, output variables, and in-out variables for CNC instructions

10-2-6 Changes the Operation Mode of the NC Integrated Controller

The NJ/NY-series NC integrated controller has two operation modes: PROGRAM mode and RUN mode.

This section describes the operation of the CNC Function Module when the operating mode changes.

Changes from RUN Mode to PROGRAM Mode

- The CNC instruction that is under execution will be aborted. The *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) output variable remains FALSE, but the operation is the same as when *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) is TRUE.
- If the axis is moving, it will perform an immediate stop. The Servo ON/OFF status will continue.

Changes from PROGRAM Mode to RUN Mode

- The output variables of the CNC instructions are cleared.
- The axis performs an immediate stop when the mode changes from RUN mode to PROGRAM mode. If the operating mode is changed back to RUN mode while the axis performs an immediate stop, the output variables from the CNC instruction are cleared. Therefore, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) of the CNC instruction that was under execution remains FALSE.

10

11

Variables and Instructions

This section describes the variables and instructions for the CNC Function Module.

| 11-1 Variab | les | 11-2 |
|--------------|--|-------|
| 11-1-1 | Input Variables for CNC Instructions | |
| 11-1-2 | Output Variables for CNC Instructions | |
| 11-1-3 | In-Out Variables for CNC Instructions | |
| 11-2 List of | CNC Instructions | 11-10 |
| 11-2-1 | Common Commands | |
| 11-2-2 | CNC Coordinate System Commands | |
| 11-3 PDO M | apping | |
| 11-3-1 | Required Objects | |
| 11-3-2 | Objects Required for Specific Instructions | |

11-1 Variables

There are two types of variables for the CNC Function Module.

The first type is system-defined variables, which you use to monitor the CNC coordinate system status and some of the parameter settings. System-defined variables that are used by the CNC Function Module are called CNC system-defined variables.

The second type is variables that are used to input arguments to CNC instructions and to output execution status from CNC instructions. Some input variables to CNC instruction are enumerated variables. With enumerated variables, selections are made from a set of enumerators.

This section describes the variable types, the valid ranges of CNC instruction input variables, and the enumerated variables. Refer to 5-3 *CNC System-defined Variables* on page 5-5 for details.

11-1-1 Input Variables for CNC Instructions

The following tables list the input variables and the valid ranges for CNC instructions, and the valid ranges of enumerations.

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|---------|---------|-----------|------------------|---------|---|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | Other input variables are input when <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | | | | To update the input value, change the value, and <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE again. |
| | | | | | The output variables are valid as long as <i>Execute</i> remains TRUE even after the instruction is completed. |
| | | | | | Then, all output variables except for <i>Error</i> and <i>ErrorID</i> are disabled when <i>Execute</i> changes to FALSE. |
| | | | | | If <i>Execute</i> changes to FALSE before the instruction is completed, output variables are enabled for at least one period. |
| Enable | Enable | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction function is enabled when <i>Enable</i> changes to TRUE and disabled when it changes to FALSE. |
| | | | | | While <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, the other input variables are input every period. |
| | | | | | If <i>Enable</i> changes to FALSE, all output variables except for <i>Error</i> and <i>ErrorID</i> are disabled. |

Valid Range of Input Variables

This section describes the valid ranges of input variables to CNC instructions.

Refer to individual instruction descriptions for the valid ranges for each instruction.

• BOOL Input Variables

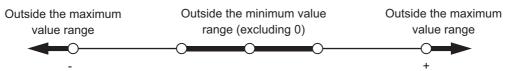
Any value other than FALSE is treated as TRUE. For this reason, out-of-range errors do not occur.

• Enumerated (ENUM) Input Variables

Values that are outside of the valid range will result in an error.

• Input Variables Given as Full Range, Positive Number, or Negative Number

Operation when an input variable is set inside or outside the valid range is described in the following table.



| Name | Meaning | Valid range | Outside maximum value range | Outside the minimum value range (excluding 0) |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Velocity | Target Velocity | 0, (-1 ≤ and ≤ -Maximum velocity) or (1 ≤ and ≤ Maxi- mum velocity) ^{*1} | Fixed to the maxi- mum velocity for a positive number, and to the -maxi- mum velocity for a negative number. | Set to 1 pulse/s when pos- itive number, and -1 pulse/s when negative number. ^{*2} |
| Acceleration | Accelera- tion/Decel- eration Rate | 0 or (0.004 ≤ and ≤ Maximum Acceleration/Decelera- tion) ^{*3} | Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration If the accelera- tion/deceleration time ^{*4} is less than 125 μ s, it is always fixed at 125 μ s. | Fixed to 0.004pulse/s ² when positive number. If the acceleration/decel- eration time is greater than 250 s, it will always be fixed at 250 s. Error when negative num- ber. |
| Position (Feed axis specification) | Command Position (ABS speci- fication) | (0xFFFFF800000000) ≤ and <(0x0000007FFFFFFFF+ 1) ^{*5} | Error | Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not occur. |
| | Travel Dis- tance (INC speci- fication) | (0xFFFFFF0000000001) ≤ and ≤ (0x000000FFFFFFFFFF) | Error | Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not occur. |
| Position (Spindle specifi- cation) | Command Position (ABS speci- fication) | -2 ⁵³ ≤ and < 2 ⁵³ *-1 ^{*6} | Error | Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not occur. |
| | Travel Dis- tance (INC) speci- fication | (0xFFFFFF0000000001) ≤ and ≤ (0x000000FFFFFFFFFF) | Error | Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not occur. |

- *1. The upper limit of the Maximum Velocity in the CNC motor parameter is 128,849,018,820 pulses/min.
- *2. If a negative number or 0 is specified when a negative number or 0 is not included in the valid range, an error occurs.
- *3. The upper limit of the Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration in the CNC motor parameter is 3,200,000,000,000 pulses/s.
- *4. Calculated as follows: Acceleration/deceleration time = (| Target velocity Current command velocity |)/Acceleration/deceleration rate
- *5. Position must be an absolute value in pulses and within a signed 40-bit range.
- *6. Position must be an absolute value in pulses and within a signed 54-bit range. Additionally, one travel distance must be less than a signed 40-bit.

Enumerations

This is a list of ENUM data used by input variables to CNC instructions.

An enumeration input variable is not actually set to the number, but to the enumerator.

| Data type | Valid range | Description | Variable of appro- priate instruction (Variable name) |
|-----------|--|---|---|
| _eCNC | | Specifies the parameter to write. | ParameterNumber |
| | | 0: Rotary Axis Velocity | (Parameter Number) |
| _NUMBER | _cncRotaryVel := 0 | 1: Dry Run Velocity | |
| | _cncDryRunVel := 1 | 2: Feed Hold Acceleration Decelera- | |
| | _cncFeedholdTime := 2 | tion Time | |
| | _cncInPosTime := 3 | 3: In-position Check Time | |
| | _cncSwLmtCtrl := 4 | 4: Software Overtravel Limit Opera- tion Control | |
| | cncToolShape := 5 | 5: Tool Shape Data | |
| | cncToolRadiusCompCtrl := 6 | 6: Tool Radius Compensation Con- | |
| | cncSpindleOrientation := 7 | trol | |
| | _cncSingleBlockOption := 8 | 7: Spindle Axis Orientation Opera- tion | |
| | anaWarkOffact1 := 20 | 8: Single Block Execution Option | |
| | _cncWorkOffset1 := 20 _cncWorkOffset2 := 21 | 20: 1st Work Coordinate System Offset | |
| | _cncWorkOffset3 := 22 cncWorkOffset4 := 23 | 21: 2nd Work Coordinate System Offset | |
| | cncWorkOffset5 := 24 | 22: 3rd Work Coordinate System | |
| | _cncWorkOffset6 := 25 | Offset | |
| | _cncRefPoint1 := 30 | 23: 4th Work Coordinate System Offset | |
| | _cncRefPoint2:= 31 | 24: 5th Work Coordinate System | |
| | _cncRefPoint3 := 32 | Offset | |
| | _cncRefPoint4 := 33 | 25: 6th Work Coordinate System | |
| | _cncFELmt := 50 | Offset | |
| | _cncChkFELmt := 51 | 30: 1st Reference Point | |
| | _cncSwLmt := 52 | 31: 2nd Reference Point | |
| | | 32: 3rd Reference Point | |
| | _cncPosiSwLmt := 53 | 33: 4th Reference Point | |
| | | 50: Following Error Over Value | |
| | _cncNegaSwLmt := 54 | 51: Following Error Warning Value | |
| | | 52: Software Overtravel Limit | |
| | _cncInPosCycle := 55 | 53: Positive Software Overtravel Limit | |
| | _cncInPosRange := 56 cncRapidFeedAcc := 57 | 54: Negative Software Overtravel Limit | |
| | _cncSkipVel := 58 | 55: Number of In-position Continu- | |
| | cncPIDCtr := 59 | ance Cycles | |
| | _cncCompScaling := 100 | 56: In-position Range | |
| | | 57: Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration | |
| | | 58: Skip Velocity | |
| | | 59: PID Control | |
| | | 100: Compensation Scaling | |
| eCNC MOVE | | Selects the travel method. | MoveMode |
| _MODE | _cncAbsolute := 0 | 0: Absolute positioning | (Travel Mode) |
| | cncRelative := 1 | 1: Relative positioning | -/ |

11-1-1 Input Variables for CNC Instructions

| | | | Variable of appro- |
|-------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Data type | Valid range | Description | priate instruction (Variable name) |
| _eCNC_SWLMT | | Enable or disable the software over- | - |
| _MODE | | travel limit. 0: Disable software limits. | |
| | _cncNonSwLmt := 0 | 1: Enable software limits and per- | |
| | _cncCmdImmediateStop := 1 | form immediate stop for com- mand position. (stop using remaining pulses) | |
| _eCNC_SWLMT_ CONTROL | | Set the operation when the software overtravel limit of the CNC motor is reached while the CNC coordinate system is operating. | - |
| | | 0: Error | |
| | _cncSwLmtOTErr := 0 _cncSwLmtTrajSaturation := 1 | 1: No error | |
| | | (Path saturation) | |
| _eCNC_HOM- ING_MODE | | Specify the new setting of the Hom- ing Operation Mode. | - |
| | _cncHomeSwTurnHomeSwOff := 0 | 0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF | |
| | _cncHomeSwTurnHomeSwOn := 1 | 1: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON | |
| | _cncHomeSwOff := 4 | | |
| | _cncHomeSwOn := 5 | 4: Home proximity input OFF | |
| | _cncLimitInputOff := 8 | 5: Home proximity input ON | |
| | _cncHomeSwTurnHomeMask := 9 | 8: Limit input OFF | |
| | _cncLimitInputOnly := 11 | 9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance | |
| | _cncHomeSwTurnHoldingTime := 12 | 11: Limit inputs only | |
| | | 12: Proximity reverse turn/holding | |
| | _cncNoHomeSwHoldingHomeInput := 13 | time | |
| | | 13: No home proximity input/holding | |
| | _cncHomePreset := 14 | home input 14: Zero position preset | |
| _eCNC_HOME | | Select the input to use for the home | - |
| | cncZPhase := 0 | input signal. | |
| | cncExternalSignal := 1 | 0: Use the Z-phase input as home. | |
| | | 1: Use external home input | |
| _eCNC_LIMIT _REVERSE | | Set the stopping method when the limit input turns ON during homing. | - |
| _MODE | _cncErrorStop := 0 | 0: No reverse turn/minor fault stop | |
| | _cncRevImmediateStop := 1 | 1: Reverse turn/immediate stop | |
| | _cncRevDecelerationStop := 2 | 2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop | |
| _eCNC DIRECTION | | Specifies the direction of motion. | - |
| | _cncPositiveDirection := 0 | 0: Positive direction | |
| | _cncShortestWay := 1 _cncNegativeDirection := 2 | 1: Shortest way 2: Negative direction | |
| | _cncCurrentDirection := 3 | 3: Current direction | |
| | cncNoDirection := 4 | 4: No direction specification | |
| _eCNC | | Specifies the Overcut Mode. | - |
| | | 0: Over-cut detection error | |
| _MODE | _cncOvercutErr := 0 | 1: Overcutting avoidance | |
| | _cncOvercutAvoid := 1 | 2: Overcutting ignorance | |
| | _cncOvercutIgnore := 2 _cncOvercutTestAvoid := 3 | 3: Overcutting test avoidance | |
| _eCNC | | Specifies the program deletion | DeletePrg |
| _DELETE_PRG | | option. | (Program Deletion |
| | _cncNotDelPrg := 0 | 0: Do not delete. | Option) |
| | _cncDelLoadedPrg := 1 | 1: Delete all the loaded program. | |

| Data type | Valid range | Description | Variable of appro- priate instruction (Variable name) |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| _eCNC_SINGLE _BLOCK _OPTION | _cncSingleBlockOptionDisable := 0 _cncSingleBlockOptionEnable := 1 | Specifies the Single block execution option. 0: Disabled Single block execution option. 1: Enabled Single block execution option. | - |
| _eCNC_SKEW _MODE | _cncCalcOffset := 0 _cncAlignOffset := 1 _cncWriteOffset := 2 _cncReadOffset := 3 | Specifies the operating mode of the gantry skew control. _cncCalcOffset: Calculates the gantry offset value. _cncAlignOffset: Changes the gantry offset value and adjusts the slave axis position. _cncWriteOffset: Changes the gantry offset value. _cncReadOffset: Reads the gantry offset value that is currently valid. | SkewMode (Skew Control Mode) |

11-1-2 Output Variables for CNC Instructions

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | At this time, output variables <i>Error</i> , and <i>Com-</i> <i>mandAborted</i> are FALSE. |
| | | | | <i>Done</i> will be TRUE for at least one period if the input variable <i>Execute</i> is FALSE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | | If <i>Execute</i> is TRUE, <i>Done</i> remains TRUE until <i>Execute</i> changes to FALSE. |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when an instruction is acknowledged. |
| Enabled | Enabled | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when busy. |
| CommandAborted | Com- mand | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when an instruction could not be executed or when it was aborted during execution. |
| | Aborted | | | If an error occurs in the target CNC coordinate system, the instruction cannot be executed. |
| | | | | Also, the instruction cannot be executed while the CNC coordinate system is decelerating to a stop. |
| | | | | The instruction is aborted when another instruc- tion is executed, or if an error other than for this instruction occurs. |
| | | | | At this time, the <i>Done</i> and <i>Error</i> output variables are set to FALSE. If the instruction is aborted while the input variable <i>Execute</i> is FALSE, <i>Com- mandAborted</i> will be TRUE for at least one period. |
| | | | | If <i>Execute</i> or <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, <i>CommandAborted</i> remains TRUE until <i>Execute</i> or <i>Enable</i> changes to FLASE. If <i>Execute</i> or <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, <i>CommandAborted</i> remains TRUE until Execute or <i>Enable</i> changes to FALSE. |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when there is an error caused by a mis- take in an input variable or instruction processing. |
| | Error | WORD | TALSE | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| ErrorID | | | | |

The following table lists the output variables for CNC instructions.

11-1-3 In-Out Variables for CNC Instructions

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|---|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | | | |
| GantryOffset | Gantry Offset | LREAL | *1 | Input: Specify a gantry offset value to change. |
| | | | | It is used when the skew control mode is _cncAlignOffset or _cncWriteOff- set.*1 |
| | | | | Output: When the execution of an instruction is completed, the currently valid gantry offset value is stored. |

The following table lists the in-out variables for CNC instructions.

11-2 List of CNC Instructions

CNC instructions are classified into the following two types.

| Туре | Outline |
|----------------------------|---|
| Common commands | Common instructions of CNC Function Module |
| CNC coordinate system com- | Instructions for CNC Function Module to control and monitor the CNC coordi- |
| mands | nate system. |

11-2-1 Common Commands

This section describes the common instructions for the CNC Function Module.

In the Classification column, Administration indicates a non-motion system instruction, and Motion indicates a motion system instruction.

| Instruction | Instruction name | Outline | Classifica- tion |
|---------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------|
| CNC_Write | Write CNC Setting | Overwrites CNC parameters. | Administra- tion |
| CNC_Read | Read CNC Setting | Reads CNC parameters. | Administra- tion |
| CNC_LoadProgramFile | Load NC Program | The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruc- tion loads an NC program from an external non-volatile memory into the main memory. | Administra- tion |

11-2-2 CNC Coordinate System Commands

This section describes instructions to perform multi-axis coordinated control for the CNC Function Module.

In the Classification column, Administration indicates a non-motion system instruction, and Motion indicates a motion system instruction.

| Instruction | Instruction name | Outline | Classifica- tion |
|---------------------|--|---|---------------------|
| CNC_CoordControl | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem NC Control | Executes the NC program, and starts controlling the specified CNC coordinate system. | Administra- tion |
| CNC_CoordCatchMCode | Catch M Code | Receives the M code output from the NC program using the sequence con- trol program. | |
| CNC_CoordResetMCode | Reset M Code | Resets the M code output from the NC program. | Administra- tion |
| CNC_CoordReset | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Error Reset | The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error detected in the speci- fied CNC coordinate system. | Administra- tion |
| CNC_CoordStop | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Stop | The CNC_CoordStop instruction decel- erates all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system to a stop. | Motion |

| Instruction | Instruction name | Outline | Classifica- tion |
|------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| CNC_CoordImmediateStop | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Immediate Stop | The CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction immediately stops all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system. | Motion |
| CNC_CoordHalt | CNC Coordinate Sys- tem Halt | Stops the currently running CNC motors assigned to the positioning axes in the specified CNC coordinate system. | Motion |
| CNC_Power | Power Servo | Switches the driver status to the Run Enable status. | Administra- tion |
| CNC_MoveJog | Jog | Performs jogging according to the specified target velocity. | Motion |
| CNC_Home | Home | The CNC_Home instruction operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal. | Motion |
| CNC_HomeWithParameter | Homing with Parame- ters | Sets the homing parameter and oper- ates the Servomotor to determine home. It uses the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal. | Motion |
| CNC_Move | Positioning | Performs absolute positioning or rela- tive positioning. | Motion |
| CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute | Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning | Outputs the specified target position cyclically. | Motion |
| CNC_SpindleGo | Spindle Control | Starts running the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis. | Motion |
| CNC_GantySkewControl | Gantry Skew Control | Controls the skew of the gantry axes. | Motion |

11-3 PDO Mapping

You need to map the objects required for the CNC functions you will use on process data communications.

The PDO map lists all of the objects that are registered in advance.

11-3-1 Required Objects

There are objects that are required for Positioning axes and objects required for Spindle axis of CNC motor type.

If even one of the required objects is not set, a Required Process Data Object Not Set error (error code: 3780 hex) occurs.

Positioning Axis

The following object settings must be set to use instructions of the CNC Function Module for the positioning axis:

| Input/output | Function | Process data | |
|--------------|------------------|--------------|--|
| Output | Control word | 6040 hex | |
| | Target position | 607A hex | |
| Input | Status word | 6041 hex | |
| | Current position | 6064 hex | |

Spindle Axis

The following object settings must be set to use instructions of the CNC Function Module for the spindle axis:

| Input/output | Function | Process data |
|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| Output | Control word | 6040 hex |
| | Target velocity | 60FF hex |
| Input | Status word | 6041 hex |
| | Current position | 6064 hex |

11-3-2 Objects Required for Specific Instructions

There are objects that you must set to use specific instructions for the CNC motor.

There are settings required for the CNC motors that is assigned for each Positioning axes and Spindle axis.

If an object that is required for each instruction is not set, a Process Data Object Setting Missing error (error code: 3781 hex) occurs.

CNC Motor

There are instructions that require the object setting to operate the CNC motor.

Refer to the following table and set the required objects.

Any instructions that are not listed in the following table only require to set required objects for the CNC motor operation.

• Output Settings

| | Function name |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Instruction name/G code name | Touch Probe Function |
| | 60B8 hex |
| CNC_Home, | Conditionally required ^{*2} |
| CNC_HomeWithParameter | |
| CNC_GantrySkewControl ^{*1} | |
| G31 | Required |

*1. When Gantry Offset Value Calculation is specified for the skew control mode, same restrictions as those for CNC_Home apply.

*2. Setting is required, excluding Homing Operation Mode, 11, 12, and 14.

Input Settings

| | Function name | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Instruction name/G code name | Touch probe status 60B9 hex | Touch probe pos1 pos value 60BA hex | Touch probe pos2 pos value 60BC hex | | | |
| CNC_Home, | Conditionally required ^{*2} | Conditionally required ^{*2} | Conditionally required ^{*2} | | | |
| CNC_HomeWithParameter | | | | | | |
| CNC_GantrySkewControl ^{*1} | | | | | | |
| G31 | Required | | Required | | | |

*1. When Gantry Offset Value Calculation is specified for the skew control mode, same restrictions as those for CNC_Home apply.

*2. Setting is required, excluding Homing Operation Mode, 11, 12, and 14.

12

CNC Coordinate System Instructions

This section describes the instructions for the CNC Function Module to perform the control of the CNC coordinate system or the CNC motors.

| CNC_CoordControl 12-2 |
|------------------------------|
| CNC_CoordCatchMCode 12-45 |
| CNC_CoordResetMCode 12-61 |
| CNC_CoordReset 12-66 |
| CNC_CoordStop 12-70 |
| CNC_CoordImmediateStop 12-74 |
| CNC_CoordHalt 12-78 |
| CNC_Power 12-82 |
| CNC_MoveJog 12-85 |
| CNC_Home 12-92 |
| CNC_HomeWithParameter 12-96 |
| CNC_Move 12-99 |
| CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute 12-110 |
| CNC_SpindleGo 12-115 |
| CNC_GantrySkewControl 12-132 |

CNC_CoordControl

Executes the NC program, and starts controlling the specified CNC coordinate system.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|---------------------------------|---|--------|--|--|
| Instruction CNC_CoordControl | Name CNC Coor- dinate Sys- tem NC Control | FB/FUN | Graphic expression CNC_CoordControl_instance CNC_CoordControl Coord Coord ControlInputs ControlInputs ControlOutputs ControlOutputs Enable Enabled Busy Error ErrorID | ST expression CNC_CoordControl_instance (Coord :=parameter, ControlInputs :=parameter, ControlOutputs :=parameter, Enable :=parameter, Enabled =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|--------|---------|-----------|-------------|---------|---|
| Enable | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | FALSE | Executes the instruction while this vari- |
| | | | FALSE | | able is TRUE. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------|------------|-----------|-------------|---|
| Enabled | Enable | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the CNC coordinate system is being con- |
| | | | FALSE | trolled. |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------|--|---|
| Enabled | When the instruction is started. | After one period when <i>Enable</i> is FALSE. |
| | | • When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE. |
| Busy | When Enable changes to TRUE. | When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When <i>Enable</i> changes to FALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction. | When the error is cleared. |

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|---|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _COORD_REF | | |
| ControlInputs | Numerical | _sCNC_CTR_ | | Specifies the interface from the PLC to |
| | Control Input | INPUTS_REF | | the NC. |
| | | | | Create a user-defined variable with a |
| | | | | data type of _sCNC_CTR_IN- |
| | | | | PUTS_REF. |
| ControlOutputs | Numerical | _sCNC_CTR_ | | Specifies the interface from the NC to |
| | Control Output | OUTPUTS_REF | | the PLC. |
| | | | | Create a user-defined variable with a |
| | | | | data type of _sCNC_CTR_OUT- |
| | | | | PUTS_REF. |

• _sCNC_CTR_INPUTS_REF

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|
| CycleStart | Cycle Start | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Starts the execution of the NC program when this variable changes to TRUE. ^{*1} |
| SingleBlock | Single Block Valid | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Executes the NC program on a block-by-block basis if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. ^{*2,*3} |
| MachineLock | Machine Lock Valid | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Executes the NC program in <i>MachineLock</i> if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. ^{* 2} |
| DryRun | Dry Run Valid | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Executes the NC program in <i>DryRun</i> if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. ^{*2} |
| AuxiliaryLock | M Code Lock Valid | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Executes the NC program in <i>AuxiliaryLock</i> if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. ^{*2} |
| FeedHold | Feed Hold | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Interrupts the NC program when this variable changes to TRUE. ^{*1} |
| Reset | Reset | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Interrupts the NC program that is currently being executed, and initializes its status when this variable changes to TRUE. ^{*1} |
| BackTrace | Back Trace Enabled | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Traces the NC program in <i>Hold</i> backward when this variable changes to TRUE and <i>CycleStart</i> (Cycle Start) is started. ^{*3} |
| OptionalInputs | Optional Input | ARRAY [031] OF BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Inputs an optional signal to the NC program. 0 bit: Signal for Optional Stop (M01) 1 to 31 bit: Signal for Option block skip |
| ProgramNo | NC Pro- gram Num- ber | UINT | 1 to 9999 | Specifies the NC program number.*2 |

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|-------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|--|
| FeedrateVelFactor | Feedrate | LREAL | 0 to 500 | Specifies the feedrate override factor. |
| | Override Factor | | | The valid range of the override factor is 0.01 to 500.00. |
| | | | | Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01. |
| | | | | The override factor is 0 only when 0 is specified. |
| | | | | The unit is [%]. |
| FeedrateVelFac- | Feedrate | LREAL | 0 to 500 | Specifies the feedrate override change rate. |
| torChangeRate | Change | | | The valid range of the override change rate is 0.01 to 500.00. |
| Rate | | | Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01. | |
| | | | | The override change rate is 0 only when 0 is spec- ified. |
| | | | | The unit is [%/s]. |
| SpindleVelFactor | Spindle | LREAL | 0 to 500 | Specifies the spindle velocity override factor. |
| | Velocity Override | | | The valid range of the override factor is 0.01 to 500.00. |
| | Factor | | | Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01. |
| | | | | The override factor is 0 only when 0 is specified. |
| | | | | The unit is [%]. |

*1. The inputs to send a command for CNC Coordinate System NC Control are *CycleStart*, *Reset*, and *FeedHold*. If these variables are input simultaneously, the priority order conforms to *Reset* > *FeedHold* > *CycleStart*.

*2. *SingleBlock, MachineLock, AuxiliaryLock, DryRun*, and *ProgramNo* are *CycleStart* input options in *Standby*. The NC program runs in accordance with these options while Operating.

*3. SingleBlock and BackTrace are CycleStart input options in Hold.

| • | _sCNC | | OUTPUTS | REF |
|---|-------|--|---------|-----|
|---|-------|--|---------|-----|

| Variable | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------------------|---------------|------------|----------------------|--|
| CycleStartReady | Cycle Start | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the NC program is |
| | Ready | | FALSE | ready to accept cycle start. |
| ManualIntervention- | Manual Inter- | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the NC program is |
| Ready | vention | | FALSE | ready to accept the manual inter- |
| | Ready | | | vention. |
| BackTraceReady | Back Trace | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the NC program is |
| | Ready | | FALSE | ready to accept the back trace. |
| ProgramEnd | Program | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the NC program ter- |
| | Completed | | FALSE | minates normally, or FALSE |
| | | | | when the NC program starts. |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | Refer to Error Lists | Contains the error code when an |
| | | | on page 15-13. | error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates |
| | | | | normal execution. |
| ExecutingStatus | NC Program | ENUM | 0: _cncStandby | Outputs the execution status of |
| | Execution | eCNC | 1: cncExecuting | the NC program. |
| | Status | EXECUTING | 2: cncHold | |
| | | STATE | | |
| CurrentProgramNo | Executing | UINT | 0 to 9,999 | Outputs the program number of |
| Ũ | Program | | | the program that is currently |
| | Number | | | being executed. Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| CurrentBlockNo | Executing | UDINT | 0 to 4,294,967,295 | Outputs the block number of the |
| | Block Number | - | - , - , , | block that is currently being exe- |
| | | | | cuted. Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| CurrentLookahead | Look-ahead | UDINT | 0 to 4,294,967,295 | Outputs the block number of the |
| BlockNo | Block Number | | | block that is currently being read |
| | | | | ahead. Default: 0^{*1} |
| ModalStatus | Modal Status | sCNC | | Outputs the status of the modal |
| modulotatuo | | _MODAL_REF | | that is currently being read |
| | | | | ahead.*1 |
| | | | | aneau. |

*1. The value is initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed. The previous value is retained when the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop and the value is initialized when the NC program is executed by the reset execution or Cycle Start.

• _sCNC_MODAL_REF

| Variable | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|--|
| NonModal | NonModal | DWORD | 0 to FFFFFFFF | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | State | | | that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| | | | | Bit0: G04 |
| | | | | Bit1: G28 |
| | | | | Bit2: G30 |
| | | | | Bit3: G31 |
| | | | | Bit4: G52 |
| | | | | Bit5: G53 |
| Motion | Motion | USINT | 0 to 3 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| Wouldh | Weter | | 0.00 | that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 1 ^{*1} |
| | | | | |
| | | | | 0: G00 |
| | | | | 1: G01 |
| | | | | 2: G02 |
| | | | | 3: G03 |
| Plane | Plane | USINT | 0 to 2 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | | | - | that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| | | | | |
| | | | | 0: G17 |
| | | | | 1: G18 |
| | | | | 2: G19 |
| Distance | Distance | USINT | 0 to 1 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | | | | that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| | | | | 0: G90 |
| | | | | 1: G91 |
| Units | Unit | USINT | 0 to 1 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | | | | that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | The default value follows the carte |
| | | | | sian axis command unit of the CN0 |
| | | | | coordinate system parameter. ^{*1} |
| | | | | 0: G20 |
| | | | | 1: G21 |
| ToolRadius | Tool Radius | USINT | 0 to 2 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | Compensa- | | | that is currently being executed. |
| | tion | | | Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| | | | | 0: G40 |
| | | | | 1: G41 |
| | | | | 2: G42 |

| Variable | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------|---|
| ToolLengthOffset | Tool Length | USINT | 0 to 2 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | Compensa- tion | | | that is currently being executed. |
| | uon | | | Default: 2 ^{*1} |
| | | | | 0: G43 |
| | | | | 1: G44 |
| | | | | 2: G49 |
| CannedCycle | Fixed Cycle | USINT | 0 to 2 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| , | - , | - | - | that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 1 ^{*1} |
| | | | | |
| | | | | 0: G74 |
| | | | | 1: G80 |
| | | | | 2: G84 |
| ReturnLevel | Return Point Specification | USINT | 0 to 1 | Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. |
| | opecilication | | | Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| | | | | |
| | | | | 0: G98 |
| | | | | 1: G99 |
| Scaling | Scaling | USINT | 0 to 1 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | | | | that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| | | | | 0: G50 |
| | | | | 1: G51 |
| CsSelection | Coordinate | USINT | 0 to 6 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | System | | | that is currently being executed. |
| | Selection | | | Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| | | | | 0. Work coordinate aveter disable |
| | | | | 0: Work coordinate system disable |
| | | | | 1: G54 |
| | | | | 2: G55 |
| | | | | 3: G56 |
| | | | | 4: G57 |
| | | | | 5: G58 |
| PathControl | Doth Control | USINT | 0 to 1 | 6: G59 |
| FamControl | Path Control | | | Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 1^{*1} |
| | | | | |
| | | | | 0: G61 |
| | | | | 1: G64 |
| Rotation | Rotation | USINT | 0 to 1 | Outputs the G code modal status |
| | | | | that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 1 ^{*1} |
| | | | | 0: G68 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | 1: G69 |

| Variable | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------------|--|-----------|-------------|--|
| Mirroring | Mirroring | USINT | 0 to 1 | Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| | | | | 0: G50.1 1: G51.1 |
| MultiBlockAcc | Multi-block Accelera- tion/Decelera- tion | USINT | 0 to 1 | Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. Default: 0 0: G500 |
| | | | | 1: G501 |
| S | S Code | LREAL | 0 min. | Outputs the S code that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 0 ^{*2} |
| F | F Code | LREAL | 0 min. | Outputs the F code that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | Default: 0 ^{*1} |
| Та | Ta Code | LREAL | 0 min. | Outputs the Ta code that is cur- rently being executed. |
| | | | | The default value is the Accelera- tion Time of the CNC coordinate system parameters. ^{*1} |
| Td | Td Code | LREAL | 0 min. | Outputs the Td code that is cur- rently being executed. |
| | | | | The default value is the Decelera- tion Time of the CNC coordinate system parameters. ^{*1} |
| Ts | Ts Code | LREAL | 0 min. | Outputs the Ts code of the modal that is currently being executed. |
| | | | | The default value is the Jerk Time of the CNC coordinate system |
| | | | | parameters. ^{*1} |

*1. The value is initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed. The previous value is retained when the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop and the value is initialized when the NC program is executed by the reset execution or Cycle Start.

*2. The value is retained, not initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed. If the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop, the value is initialized when the spindle axis assignment is performed. The value is retained when the spindle axis assignment is not performed.

Precautions for Correct Use

Each actual structure includes Reserved areas. Do not create a sequence control program that refers to Reserved areas.

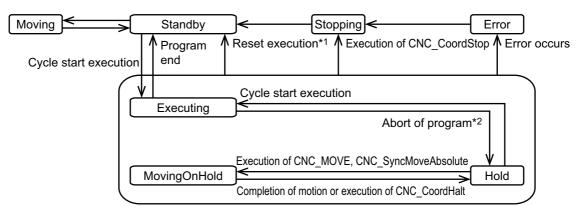
Functions

This instruction updates the values of *ControlInputs* (Numerical Control Inputs) and *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) in-out variables that are used to control NC programs in the CNC coordinate system. When *Enabled* is TRUE, the values of *ControlInputs* (Numerical Control Inputs) and *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) are updated with this instruction.

The instruction can execute the NC program loaded into the NC program buffer. To load data in the NC program buffer, download the NC program created with Sysmac Studio in advance, or load the NC program saved in the SD Memory Card using the CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction.

Only one NC program can be executed simultaneously in a CNC coordinate system.

The figure below shows the relationships between this instruction's operations and the CNC coordinate system status.



- *1. Except *MovingOnHold* status and when G74, G84, or M19 is executing. If *Reset* is TRUE when G74, G84, or M19 is completed, the program is reset at that timing.
- *2. Program abort refers to any one of the following states.
 - FeedHold execution*3
 - M00 or M01 execution
 - 1-row execution completion by single block
 - Back trace completion
- *3. Except when G74, G84, or M19 is executing. If *FeedHold* (Feed Hold) is TRUE when G74, G84, or M19 is completed, the program is set to Feed Hold at that timing.
- When *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) is TRUE while *Standby* and *CycleStartReady* (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE, the status transitions to Executing, which starts executing the NC program based on *ProgramNo* (Program Number). However, the transition is not performed when *Reset* or *FeedHold* is TRUE.
- When Execute NC program is completed or *Reset* is changed to TRUE, the status transitions to *Standby*.
- When *FeedHold* (Feed Hold) is changed to TRUE during the execution of NC program or when another program is interrupted due to an event, the status transitions to *Hold*.
- When the status is *Hold* and *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready) is TRUE, the manual intervention is available. Refer to the explanation of *Manual Intervention* on page 12-13 for details.
- When the *Hold* and *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready) is TRUE, *BackTrace* is available. Refer to the explanation of *Back Trace of NC Program* on page 12-15 for details.
- When *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) is TRUE while the status is *Hold* and *CycleStartReady* (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE, the status transitions to *Executing* again, which restarts *Execute* NC program.



Additional Information

- The execution of NC Program is available when CycleStartReady (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE. All the following conditions must be satisfied.
 - a)All the positioning axes and the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system are set to Servo ON.
 - b)All the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system have the home defined. (Excluding the spindle)
 - c) The CNC coordinate system is in *Standby* or *Hold*, and axes other than the spindle axis are stopped.
- When the status transitions to *Executing*, operation starts after in-position check was completed.
- When deceleration stop is set by *FeedHold*, only all the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system decelerate to a stop. If the multi-block acceleration/deceleration is disabled, deceleration stop are performed based on the feed hold acceleration/deceleration time of the CNC coordinate system parameter. If the multi-block acceleration/deceleration is disabled, deceleration stop are performed based on the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate of each CNC motor parameter.
- When immediate stop is set by *Reset*, only all the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately. When immediate stop is set by CNC_CoordStop or error detection, all the positioning axes and spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.

Instruction Details

Override

This is a function to change the override of the feedrate or spindle velocity in the execution of an NC program.

Changing the override value changes the velocity during the execution of an NC program.

For feedrate override, the override change rate during moving can be controlled by modifying the feedrate override change rate. Setting the feedrate override change rate to a positive value changes the override gradually to the target feedrate override value. Setting the feedrate override change rate to 0 changes the override immediately to the target override value.

When the instruction is not operating at feedrate, the override immediately changes to the target override value regardless of the feedrate override change rate.

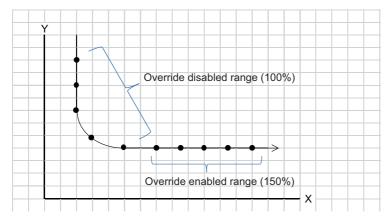
Select a feedrate override method from the two methods described below by using **Override Method Selection** of the CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings.

· Segment override method

The override is applied to the segmented time when the linear interpolation operation or the circular interpolation operation is dissolved into small segments.

However, when you use G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable), a delay time occurs between the change of the override value and the reflection to the actual operation.

Use the time-base override method to reflect the override value immediately.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The feedrate override is an override value for the feed rate (F). Therefore, for example, the feedrate override does not operate for the G code instructions such as G00 that operates at a rapid feedrate.
- When the feedrate override value is changed while the Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration is enabled (G500 is enabled), the changed value does not apply to the operations that have been read ahead at the time of change. When the override value is changed, the value applies to the operations that have not been read ahead.
- The override value is disabled for the tapping operation (G74, G84) and the tapping operation is performed at an override value of 100%.

Additional Information

- The valid range of FeedrateVelFactor (Feedrate Override Factor) in the segment override method is 0 to 500%.
- The segment override method works on the linear interpolation operation and circular interpolation operation.
- When you use G501 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Disable), the override is reflected to the next interpolation operation that execute path calculation.
- When you use G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable), a delay time occurs between the change of the override value and the reflection to the actual operation.

This delay time is calculated with the following formula.

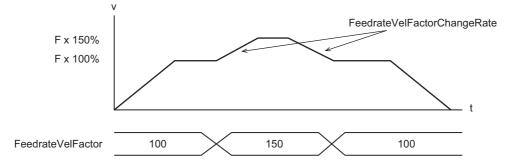
Override delay time = Lookahead distance × CNC Planner Service period (ms)

• Both of the override methods do not work on the CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis. Also, the override does not work during the tapping operation.

· Time-base override method

The time-base override method calculates the override when the target position which is dissolved into small segments is output at the primary control period.

This is applied by changing the internal elapsed time which is supplied to the calculation equation for the command value of the CNC motor according to the override value.





Precautions for Correct Use

• The operation is not restricted by Maximum Velocity and Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration in the Operation Settings of CNC motor when the override is used.

VelLimit (Velocity Limit Over) is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds Maximum Velocity.

• The override value is disabled for the tapping operation (G74, G84) and the tapping operation is performed at an override value of 100%.

Additional Information

 The valid range of FeedrateVelFactor (Feedrate Override Factor) in the time-base override method is 0 to 200%.

If a value larger than 200% is specified, it is handled as 200%.

- The velocity is proportional to the override value and the acceleration/deceleration rate is
 proportional to the square of the override value.
- The time-base override method works on the following operations.

Linear interpolation operation and circular interpolation operation

Rapid feed operation by G00

Manual operation by the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction or the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction

Stopping operation with the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction Feed hold operation (with the lookahead enabled)

Reset operation

Error stop

However, regarding the stopping operation, the stop position does not change even if the override value is changed.

• Both of the override methods do not work on the CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis. Also, the override does not work during the tapping operation.

Manual Intervention

If *FeedHold* changes to TRUE during execution of an NC program, the NC program decelerates to a stop. When the deceleration stop is completed, the status changes to *Hold*.

In the *Hold* status, you can execute some of the other CNC instructions. This is called a manual intervention.

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for the instructions that enable the manual intervention.

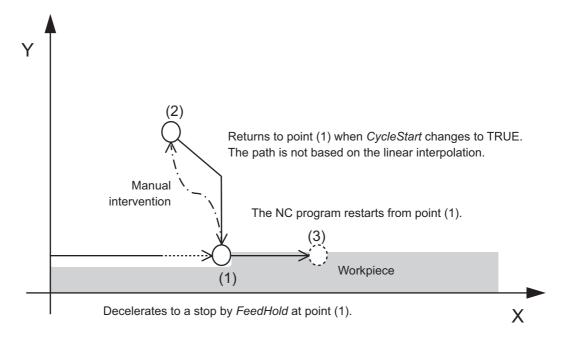
Manual intervention is a function used to temporarily stop the NC program for troubleshooting purposes when machine troubles occurred during the processing operation by NC program.

Also, troubleshooting is performed, and continuation is executed by *CycleStart*. Continuation refers to restarting the execution of the NC program after the CNC coordinate system returned to the position at which the CNC coordinate system stopped by *FeedHold*.

Executing continuation performs first to return to the position at which the CNC coordinate system stopped by *FeedHold* when *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) is changed to TRUE after manual intervention was completed. It then restarts the execution of the NC program. The return operation is performed independently for each CNC motor, therefore, the tool is positioned in the CNC coordinate system based on a non-linear interpolation manner.

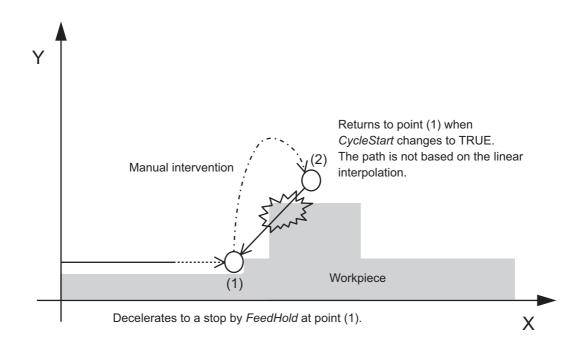
The return operation depends on the CNC version, as below.

- With CNC version 1.02 or higher, the command velocity operates at the rapid feed velocity of each CNC motor.
- With CNC version 1.01 or lower, the command velocity operates at the maximum velocity of each CNC motor.



Precautions for Safe Use

Be sure to correctly perform manual intervention depending on the working direction and workpiece shape. Otherwise, the workpiece, machine, or tools may be damaged.



Precautions for Correct Use

To execute the manual intervention, all of the following conditions must be satisfied.

- The Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration is enabled (G500 is enabled).
- The feed hold is stopped while G01, G02, or G03 is being executed.

Additionally, the above conditions are satisfied when *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready) of *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) is TRUE. The manual intervention program is interlocked using *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready). When the CNC instruction for the manual intervention is started if *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready) is FALSE, the CNC instruction changes to *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted).

• Back Trace of NC Program

If *FeedHold* changes to TRUE during execution of an NC program, the NC program decelerates to a stop. When the deceleration stop is completed, the status transitions to the *Hold* (Holding) status.

If *BackTrace* (Back Trace) changes to TRUE and *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) changes from FALSE to TRUE in the *Hold* (Holding) status, the back trace can be executed. The back trace function executes the NC program in backward direction from the stop position. The status transitions to *Executing* while the back trace is being executed.

However, back trace cannot be executed for the G00 (Positioning) operation of the NC program. When the NC program contains the G00 operation, it stops before the G00 operation.

If the back trace is executed in a status in which the operation is performed using an instruction that enables the manual intervention after the *Hold* (Holding) status, the back trace execution is disabled.

BackTrace is available only for operations of the positioning axis. It is not available for operations of the spindle axis.

The G or M code that is previous executed is not re-executed; therefore, *ModalStatus* holds the status that is set at *BackTrace* execution, and read-ahead processing is stopped.

However, only CurrentBlockNo is updated (rewound).

When the NC program returns to the point at which *BackTrace* was re-executed by *CycleStart* after *BackTrace* was executed once, the update of *ModalStatus* restarts.

Precautions for Correct Use

To execute the backtrace, all of the following conditions must be satisfied.

- The Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration is enabled (G500 is enabled).
- The feedhold is stopped while G01, G02, or G03 is being executed.
- The manual intervention is never executed in the *Hold* status.

Additionally, when *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready) of *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) is TRUE, the above conditions are satisfied. The back trace execution program is interlocked using *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready). If the back trace is executed when *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready) is FALSE, the execution is disabled.

The execution of back trace is not applied to the single block execution.

• Test of NC Program

Created NC program may be checked whether it can operate the machine as intended by executing the NC program before machining workpieces.

You can check the program either by actually operating the machine or, or by displaying the current position without operating the machine.

• Dry run

This is a test run to operate the machine with workpieces removed to check tool operations.

The machine runs at the dry run velocity specified using the relevant CNC coordinate system parameter regardless of the velocity specified by the NC program.

If *DryRun* (Dry Run Enable) changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts, the dry run is executed.

Machine lock

This is a test run to check the changes shown on the position indicator without operating the machine.

If *MachineLock* (Machine Lock Enable) changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts, the machine lock is executed. The NC program is executed as specified and the position indicator changes, however, the axes do not move.

When the status transitions to the *Standby* status, the machine lock is released, and then the position indicator returns to the machine position.

MachineLock applies to all of positioning axes and the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system. When the machine lock is specified while the spindle axis performs the CW/CCW operation and the cycle start is executed, the spindle axis status is maintained, but the output is cut (a speed of 0 is output). Additionally, when the status of the CNC coordinate system transitions from *Executing* to *Standby* during machine lock, the status of the spindle axis transitions to *Standby*.

M code lock

This function is used to lock M codes for test running.

If *AuxiliaryLock* (M Code Lock Valid) changes to TRUE when the execution of an NC program starts, the M code lock is executed. The M code does not run.

• Optional Input

This function outputs an optional input signal to the NC program. This signal can be detected as an input signal in the NC program by setting each bit of *OptionalInputs* (Optional Input) to TRUE. Bit 0 of Optional Input is an input signal for Optional Stop (M01) that stops the NC program by detecting the input signal.

Bits 1 to 31 of Optional Input are input signals for a command $(/N^*)$ that skips one block of the NC program by detecting the input signal.

* N is a constant between 1 to 31.

· Single block

When the NC program is started while *SingleBlock* (Single Block) changes to TRUE, step execution is performed. A row in which a block number (N^{**}) is not described is not recognized as one block in the parsed NC program. The program is executed until the next block number is found.

The NC program loaded from Sysmac Studio cannot be applied to single block execution. However, the single block execution of the NC program loaded from Sysmac Studio can be performed by rewriting the setting value of the single block execution option. To rewrite the setting value of the single block execution option, use the CNC_Write instruction. Specify _cncSingleBlockOption := 8 for *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) and set _cncSingleBlockOptionEnable := 1 to *SettingValue* (Setting Value).

Modal Status

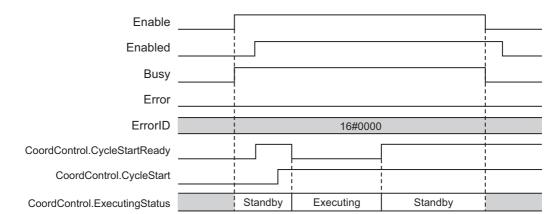
The valid modal status during execution of the NC program is output to *ModalStatus* (Modal Status) of *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs). *ModalStatus* is maintained even while *Standby* is set by *FeedHold*. *ModalStatus* is reset at the timing shown below.

- Reset (Reset) is executed.
- CycleStart is executed in the Standby (Standby) status.
- The program that is currently executing changes to the end of program (M02/M30/M99).

When the program is stopped by CNC_CoordStop or CNC_ImmedieateStop or when the program is stopped as an error is detected during operation, *ModalStatus* is not reset.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the operation of the CNC_CoordControl instruction is shown below.



While Enabled is TRUE, CoordControl is updated.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Only one instance can enable this instruction in the CNC coordinate system.

When this instruction already has an instance enabled in the CNC coordinate system, if an attempt is made to enable this instruction of another instance in the same CNC coordinate system, the instruction is enabled for the subsequent instance.

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs

| Enable | | |
|---------|---------|------------|
| Enabled | | |
| Busy | | |
| Error | | |
| ErrorID | 16#0000 | Error code |

• Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting for errors that occur in instructions.

Functions

Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming about the NC program execution control method.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

| CNC coordinate system | Logical CNC motor con- figuration |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CNC coordinate | 3 |
| system 0 | |

Positioning axis configuration

| CNC coordinate system | Positioning axis CNC motor number | Positioning axis config- uration CNC motor | Positioning axis assignment |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P0 | CNC motor 0 | X-axis |
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P1 | CNC motor 1 | Y-axis |
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P2 | CNC motor 2 | Z-axis |

Spindle axis use CNC motor

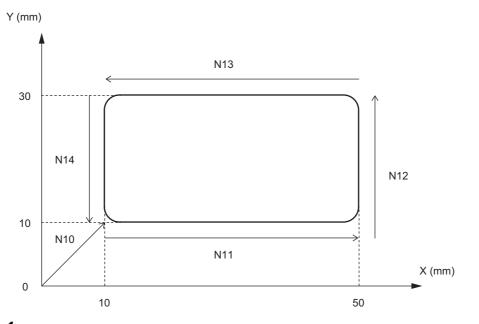
| CNC coordinate | Spindle axis use CNC |
|----------------|----------------------|
| system | motor |
| CNC coordinate | CNC motor 3 |
| system 0 | |

Operation Example

Use the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction to execute the following NC program that has been loaded using the CNC_LoadProgramFile (Load NC Program) instruction.

NC Program

```
// File name: NCProgl.txt
// Program number: 300
N00 G17 G91 F500
N10 G00 X10 Y10
N11 G01 X40
N12 Y20
N13 X-40
N14 Y-20
N15 M30
```

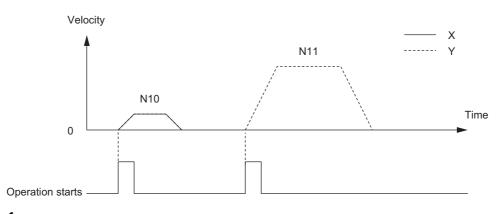


• Operation Pattern 1 (NC Program Execution)

1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

When you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates in accordance with the NC program.

• Operation Pattern 2 (Single Block Execution)

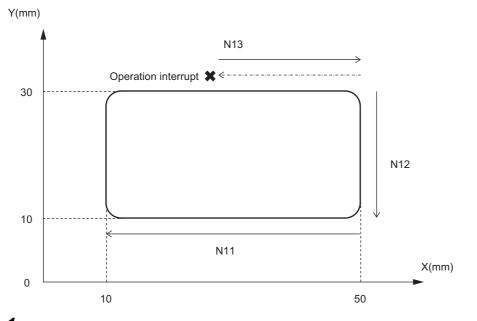


1 Turning ON the Single Block Enable Switch

Turn ON the single block enable switch.

2 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

Every time you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates block by block in accordance with the NC program.



• Operation Pattern 3 (Back Trace Execution)

1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

When you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates in accordance with the NC program.

2 Turning ON the Operation Interrupt Switch

When you turn ON the operation interrupt switch, the executing NC program pauses.

3 Turning ON the Back Trace Enable Switch

When you turn ON the operation start switch in the back trace enable switch ON status, CNC coordinate system 0 rewinds the NC program to run operations.

Operation Pattern 4 (Dry Run Execution)

1 Turning ON the Dry Run Enable Switch

Turn ON the dry run enable switch.

2 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

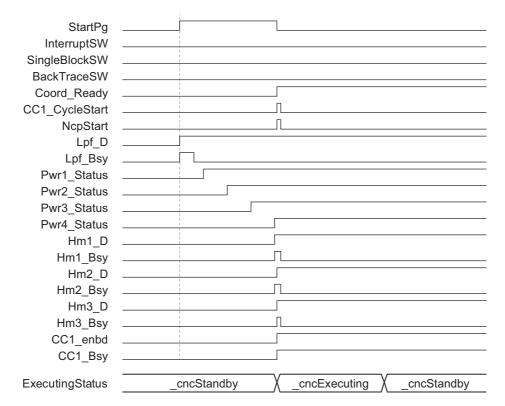
When you turn ON the operation start switch, the machine lock and auxiliary function lock are enabled, and then CNC coordinate system 0 runs the NC program in the dry run mode. At this time, the command position moves, but the feedback position does not change from the machine position. The velocity also becomes the dry run velocity and the auxiliary function output does not operate.

Ladder Diagram

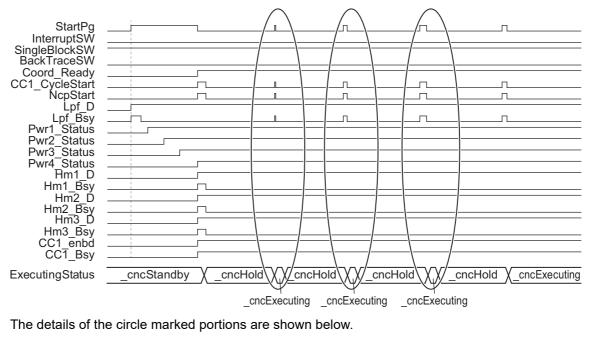
• Main Variables

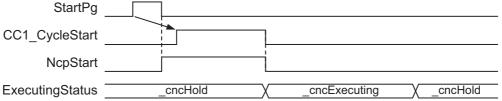
| Name | Data type | Default | Comment |
|---------------|-----------------|---------|--|
| CNC_Coord000 | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0. |
| CNC_Motor000 | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | | CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0. |
| StartPg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation start switch. |
| | | | The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established. |
| Coord_Ready | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the execution ready completion in the NC program. |
| | | | TRUE when the NC program execution condi- tions are satisfied. |
| NcpStart | BOOL | FALSE | When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted. |
| InitFlg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion. |
| | | | Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. |
| | | | When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE. |
| InterruptSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation interrupt switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses. |
| SingleBlockSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the single block enable switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the single block execution is enabled. |
| BackTraceSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the back trace enable switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the back trace is enabled. |
| DryRunSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the dry run enable switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock are enabled. |

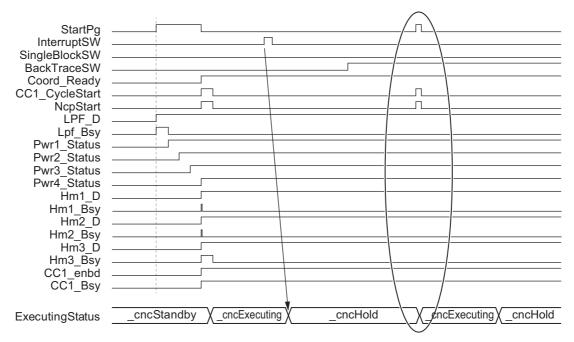
• Timing Chart 1 (NC Program Execution)



Timing Chart 2 (Single Block Execution)



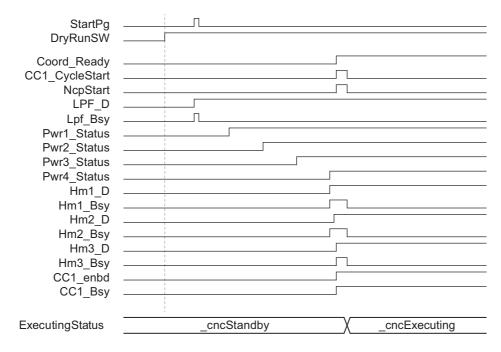




• Timing Chart 3 (Back Trace Execution)

The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.

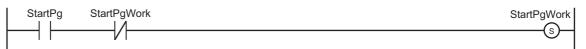
| StartPg | | | |
|-----------------|----------|----------------------|----------|
| CC1_CycleStart | | 1 | |
| NcpStart | | | |
| ExecutingStatus | _cncHold | ¦ χcncExecuting χ | _cncHold |



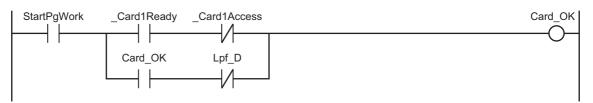
• Timing Chart 4 (Dry Run Execution)

• Sample Programming (NC Program Execution/Single Block Execution/Back Trace Execution)

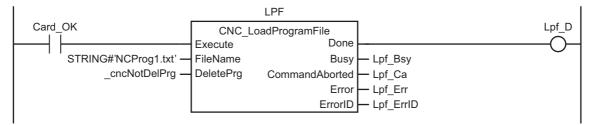
When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, the first pressing process of the operation start switch is executed.



When contact StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.



After checking that an SD Memory Card is inserted, start the Load NC Program to load the NC program.

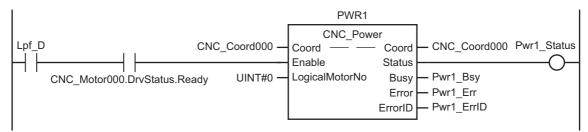


If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

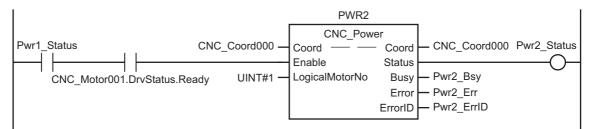
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.



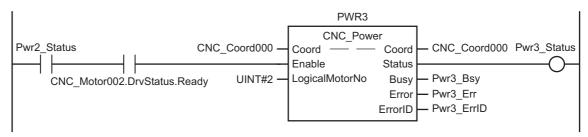
When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



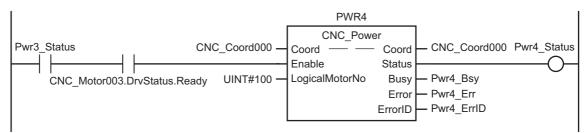
When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.



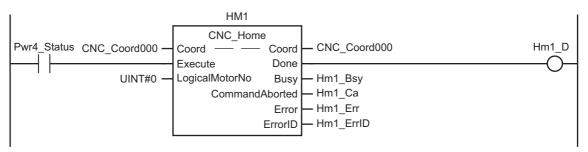
When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.



When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.



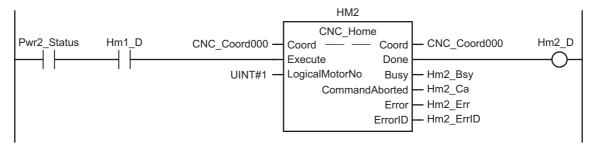
When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.



CNC_CoordControl

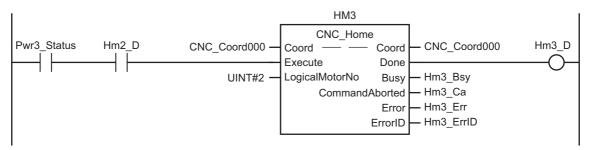
12

Sample Programming



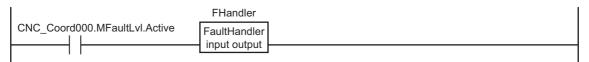
After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.

After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

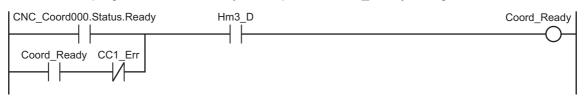


If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

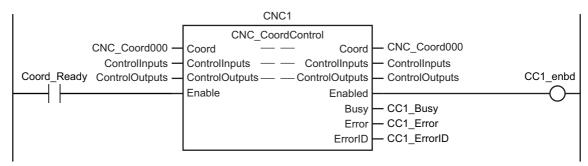
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.



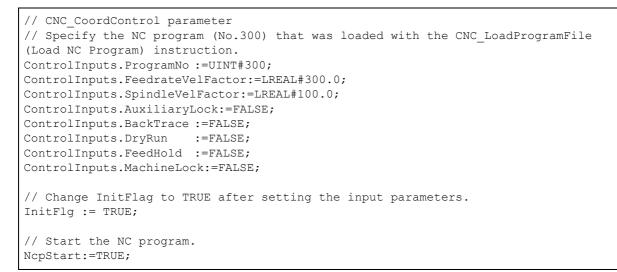
When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord_Ready changes to TRUE.



When Coord_Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.



When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_Coord-Control (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.



When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.

| InitFlg StartPg StartPgWork | NcpStart S |
|---|--------------------------|
| | StartPg |
| NcpStart ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady InitFlg | CC1_CycleStart |
| CC1_CycleStart | ControlInputs.CycleStart |
| ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus - In1 | ControlInputs.CycleStart |
| _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecutingIn2 | CC1_CycleStart |
| | NcpStart R |

When contact InterruptSW is TRUE, stop the execution of the NC program.

| InterruptSW | | | ControlInputs.FeedHold |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------|--|
| 1 | EQ EN In1 In2 | InterruptSW | ControlInputs.FeedHold R InterruptSW |

When contact *BackTraceSW* is TRUE, enable the back trace.

| BackTraceSW | ControlOutputs.B | ackTraceReady | ControlInputs.BackTrace |
|-------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | |
| | | 1 | \cup |
| | | | |

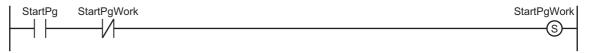
12

When contact SingleBlockSW is TRUE, enable the single block execution.

| SingleBlo | ockSW | ControlInputs.SingleBlock |
|-----------|-------|---------------------------|
| | | \frown |
| | | \cup |
| | | |

Sample Programming (Dry Run Execution)

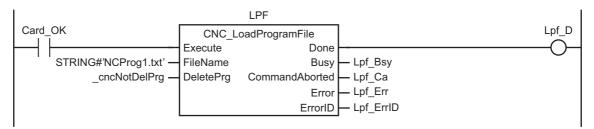
When contact StartPg is TRUE, the first pressing process of the operation start switch is executed.



When contact StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.

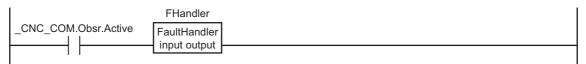


After checking that an SD Memory Card is inserted, start the Load NC Program to load the NC program.

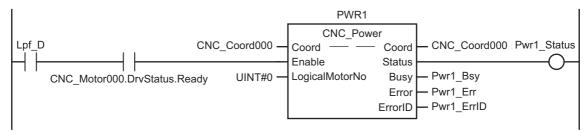


If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

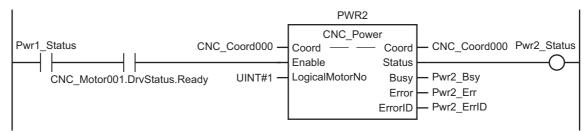
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.



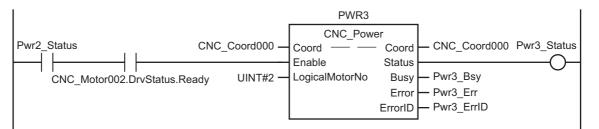
When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



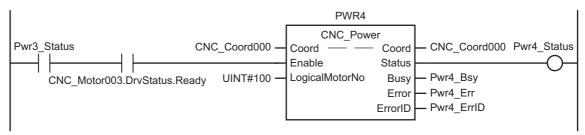
When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.



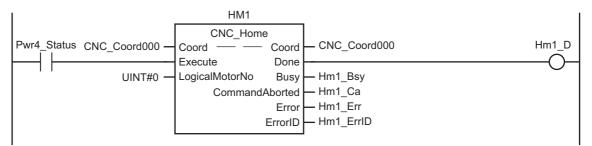
When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.



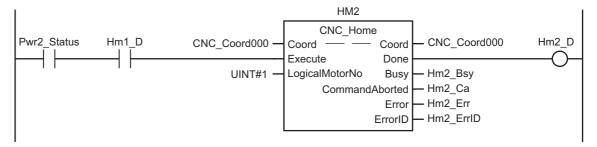
When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.



When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.



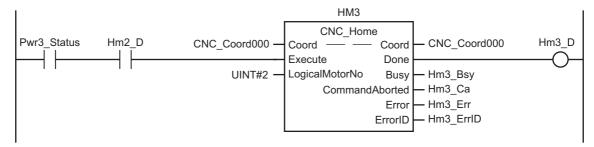
After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.



CNC_CoordControl

12

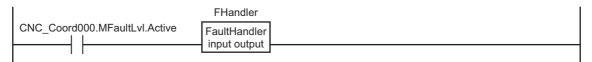
Sample Programming



After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

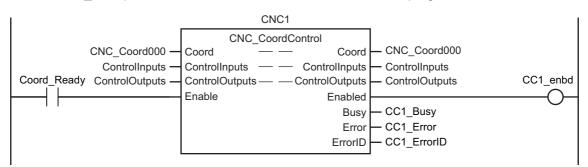
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.



When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord_Ready changes to TRUE.



When Coord_Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.



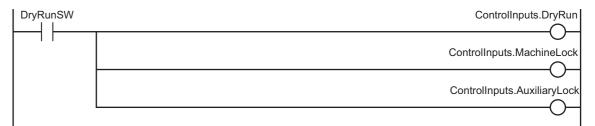
When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_Coord-Control (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

```
// CNC_CoordControl parameter
// Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC_LoadProgram-
File (Load NC Program) instruction.
ControlInputs.ProgramNo :=UINT#300;
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#300.0;
ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
ControlInputs.BackTrace :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.DryRun :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
// Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
InitFlg := TRUE;
// Start the NC program.
NcpStart:=TRUE;
```

When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.

| │ InitFlg StartPg StartPgWork | NcpStart |
|---|--------------------------|
| | StartPg |
| NcpStart ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady InitFlg | CC1_CycleStart |
| CC1_CycleStart | ControlInputs.CycleStart |
| EQ NcpStart EN | ControlInputs.CycleStart |
| ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus In1 _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting In2 | CC1_CycleStart |
| | NcpStart R |

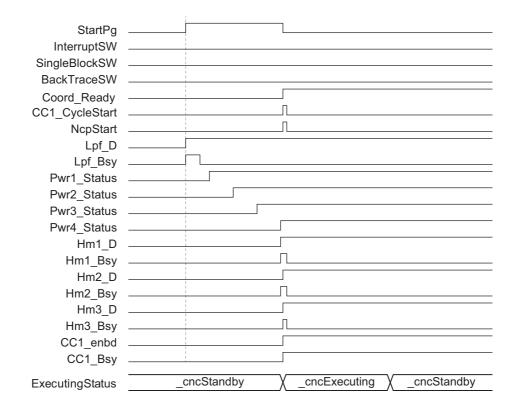
When contact DryRunSW is TRUE, enable the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock.



Structured Text (ST)

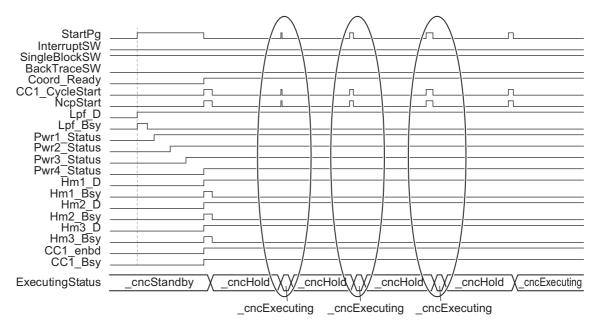
• Main Variables

| Name | Data type | Default | Comment |
|---------------|-----------------|---------|--|
| CNC_Coord000 | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi- |
| | | | nate system 0. |
| CNC_Motor000 | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | | CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0. |
| StartPg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation start switch. |
| | | | The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established. |
| Coord_Ready | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the execution ready completion the NC program. |
| | | | TRUE when the NC program execution condi- tions are satisfied. |
| NcpStart | BOOL | FALSE | When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted. |
| InitFlg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion. |
| | | | Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. |
| | | | When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE. |
| InterruptSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation interrupt switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses. |
| SingleBlockSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the single block enable switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the single block execution is enabled. |
| BackTraceSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the back trace enable switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the back trace is enabled. |
| DryRunSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the dry run enable switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock are enabled. |

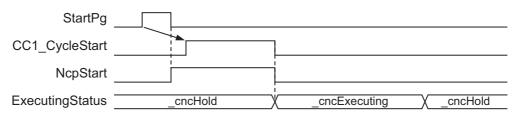


• Timing Chart 1 (NC Program Execution)

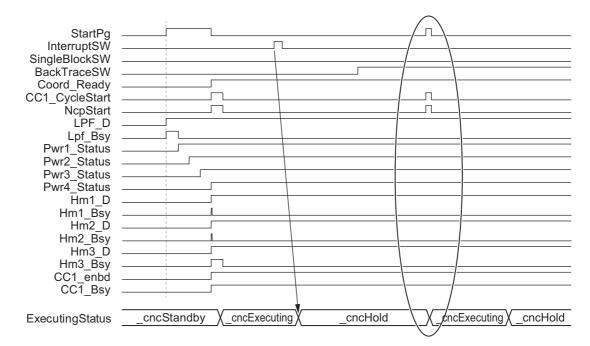
• Timing Chart 2 (Single Block Execution)



The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.

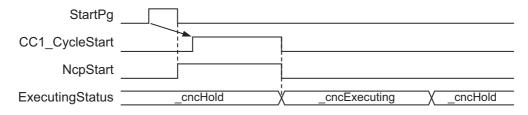


12

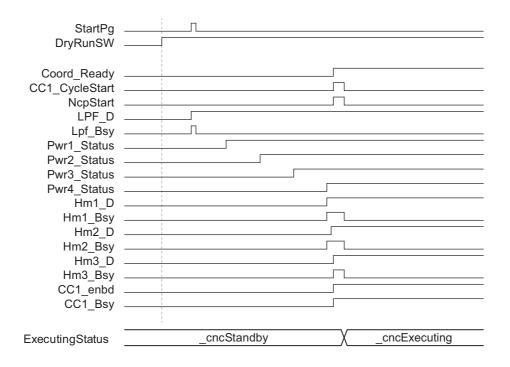


• Timing Chart 3 (Back Trace Execution)

The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.



• Timing Chart 4 (Dry Run Execution)



Sample Programming (NC Program Execution/Single Block Execution/Back Trace Execution)

```
// When StartPq is TRUE, execute the first pressing process of the operation start
switch.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) AND (StartPgWork=FALSE) THEN
        StartPqWork:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When StartPqWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.
IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) THEN
        IF ( Card1Access=FALSE ) AND ( Card1Ready =TRUE) THEN
                LPF Ex:=TRUE;
        END IF;
END IF;
// If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, exe-
cute the error handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF ( CNC COM.Obsr.Active=TRUE) THEN
        FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo
ready status and set the X-axis to the ON status.
IF (LPF Dn = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
                Pwr1 En:=TRUE;
        ELSE
                Pwr1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr2 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr2 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr3 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr3 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr4 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr4 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
```

```
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute
homing of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4 Status=TRUE) THEN
       Hm1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm1 D=TRUE) THEN
       Hm2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm2 D=TRUE) THEN
       Hm3 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error
handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE) THEN
       FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord Ready changes to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D =TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready=TRUE) THEN
       CC1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       CC1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set
IF(CC1 enbd= TRUE)AND( InitFlg=FALSE) THEN
       // CNC CoordControl parameter
       // Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC_LoadPro-
gramFile (Load NC Program) instruction.
       ControlInputs.ProgramNo:=UINT#300;
       ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#300.0;
       ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
       ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.FeedHold:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
       // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
       InitFlg := TRUE;
       // Start the NC program.
       NcpStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
```

```
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg=TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady=TRUE) AND (NcpStart=TRUE)
THEN
        CC1 CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
IF ( CC1 CycleStart =TRUE) THEN
                ControlInputs.CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart change to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = eCNC EXECUTING STATE# cncExecuting) THEN
       NcpStart:=FALSE;
        CC1 CycleStart:=FALSE;
        ControlInputs.CycleStart:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Pressing the operation start switch again re-executes the NC program.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) THEN
        StartPg := FALSE;
        IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) AND (InitFlg=TRUE) THEN
               NcpStart:=TRUE;
        END IF;
END IF;
// When InterruptSW is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
IF (InterruptSW = TRUE) THEN
       ControlInputs.FeedHold :=TRUE;
        // Check that the NC program stops and set the FeedHold flag to OFF.
        IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus= eCNC EXECUTING STATE# cncHold)THEN
                ControlInputs.FeedHold :=FALSE;
                InterruptSW:=FALSE;
        END IF;
END IF;
// When BackTraceSW is TRUE, determine whether the back trace can be used. When the
back trace can be used, enable the back trace.
IF (BackTraceSW = TRUE) THEN
        IF (ControlOutputs.BackTraceReady=TRUE) THEN
                ControlInputs.BackTrace:=TRUE;
       END IF;
ELSE
        ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When SingleBlockSW is TRUE, enable the single block execution.
IF (SingleBlockSW = TRUE) THEN
        ControlInputs.SingleBlock:=TRUE;
ELSE
        ControlInputs.SingleBlock:=FALSE;
END IF;
```

```
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr1 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#0,
       Status=>Pwr1 Status,
       Busy => Pwr1 Bsy,
   Error => Pwrl Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr1 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr2 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#1,
       Status=>Pwr2 Status,
       Busy => Pwr2_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr2 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr3 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#2,
       Status=>Pwr3 Status,
       Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr3_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr4 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#100,
       Status=>Pwr4 Status,
       Busy => Pwr4 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr4 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr4_ErrID
);
// CNC_Home of X-axis
HM1(
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm1 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#0,
 Done => Hm1 D,
 Busy => Hml Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hml Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
```

```
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm2 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1,
 Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm2 Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
НМЗ(
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm3 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#2,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm3 Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm3 ErrID
);
//
        CNC CoordControl
CC1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        ControlInputs:=ControlInputs,
        ControlOutputs:=ControlOutputs,
        Enable:=CC1 En,
       Enabled=>CC1 enbd,
        Busy=>CC1 Bsy,
        Error=>CC1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC LoadProgramFile
LPF(
        Execute:=LPF Ex,
        FileName:=STRING#'NCProg1.txt',
        DeletePrg:=_eCNC_DELETE_PRG#_cncNotDelPrg,
        Done=>LPF D,
        Busy=>LPF_Bsy,
        CommandAborted=>LPF Ca,
        Error=>LPF Err,
        ErrorID=>LPF ErrID
);
```

12

Sample Programming (Dry Run Execution)

```
// When StartPg is TRUE, execute the first pressing process of the operation start
switch.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) AND (StartPgWork=FALSE) THEN
       StartPgWork:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.
IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) THEN
       IF ( _CardlAccess=FALSE ) AND ( CardlReady =TRUE) THEN
               LPF Ex:=TRUE;
       END IF;
END_IF;
// If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, exe-
cute the error handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF ( CNC COM.Obsr.Active=TRUE) THEN
       FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo
ready status and set the X-axis to the ON status.
IF (LPF Dn = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
               Pwr1 En:=TRUE;
       ELSE
                Pwr1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr2 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       Pwr2 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Pwr3 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       Pwr3 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Pwr4 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       Pwr4 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute
homing of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4 Status=TRUE) THEN
       Hm1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
```

```
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm1 D=TRUE) THEN
        Hm2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm2 D=TRUE) THEN
        Hm3 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error
handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE) THEN
        FaultHandler();
END_IF;
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord Ready changes to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D =TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
        Coord Ready :=FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready=TRUE) THEN
        CC1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        CC1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set
IF (CC1 enbd= TRUE) AND ( InitFlg=FALSE) THEN
        // CNC CoordControl parameter
        // Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC LoadPro-
gramFile (Load NC Program) instruction.
        ControlInputs.ProgramNo:=UINT#300;
        ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#300.0;
        ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
        ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
        ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
        ControlInputs.FeedHold:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
        // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
        InitFlg := TRUE;
        // Start the NC program.
       NcpStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg=TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady=TRUE) AND (NcpStart=TRUE)
THEN
        CC1 CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1_CycleStart =TRUE) THEN
                ControlInputs.CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
```

CNC_CoordControl

12

Sample Programming

```
// When the NC program is executed, CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart change to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = eCNC EXECUTING STATE# cncExecuting) THEN
       NcpStart:=FALSE;
       CC1_CycleStart:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.CycleStart:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Pressing the operation start switch again re-executes the NC program.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) THEN
       StartPg := FALSE;
       IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) AND (InitFlg=TRUE) THEN
               NcpStart:=TRUE;
       END IF;
END IF;
// When DryRunSW is TRUE, enable the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function
lock.
IF (DryRunSW = TRUE) THEN
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=TRUE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=TRUE;
       ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=TRUE;
ELSE
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
END IF;
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr1 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#0,
       Status=>Pwr1 Status,
       Busy => Pwr1 Bsy,
   Error => Pwrl Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr1 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr2 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#1,
       Status=>Pwr2 Status,
       Busy => Pwr2_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr2 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr3 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#2,
       Status=>Pwr3 Status,
       Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr3_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
```

```
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr4 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#100,
       Status=>Pwr4 Status,
       Busy => Pwr4 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of X-axis
HM1(
 Coord := CNC_Coord000,
 Execute := Hm1 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#0,
 Done => Hm1_D,
 Busy => Hm1_Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hml Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm2 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1,
 Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm2_Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2_ErrID
);
// CNC_Home of Z-axis
НМЗ(
 Coord := CNC Coord000,
 Execute := Hm3 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#2,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3_Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm3 Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm3_ErrID
);
        CNC_CoordControl
11
CC1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        ControlInputs:=ControlInputs,
        ControlOutputs:=ControlOutputs,
        Enable:=CC1 En,
        Enabled=>CC1 enbd,
        Busy=>CC1 Bsy,
        Error=>CC1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CC1_ErrID
);
```

12

CNC_CoordCatchMCode

The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction receives the M code output from the NC program using the sequence control program.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression ST expression |
|---------------------|---------|--------|---|
| CNC_CoordCatchMCode | Catch M | FB | CNC_CoordCatchMCode_instance CNC_CoordCatchMCode_instance (|
| | Code | | CNC_CoordCatchMCode Coord := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Coord Coord MCode :=parameter, |
| | | | MCode MCode Enable :=parameter, |
| | | | MCodeNo Strobe MCodeNo. :=parameter, |
| | | | Busy – Enabled => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Error Strobe =>parameter |
| | | | Busy =>parameter, |
| | | | Error =>parameter, |
| | | | ErrorID => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|---------|------------------|-----------|------------------|---------|--|
| Enable | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction is executed when <i>Enable</i> is TRUE. |
| MCodeNo | M Code Number | UINT | 0 to 191 | 0 | Specify an M code number to be received. This value is applied only when Enable changes to TRUE. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Enabled | Enable | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the CNC coordinate system is being con- |
| | | | FALSE | trolled. |
| Strobe | Strobe | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the M code output specified in an M code |
| | | | FALSE | is received from the CNC coordinate system. |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------|--|--|
| Enabled | When Enable changes to TRUE. | When Enable changes to FALSE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| Busy | When Enable changes to TRUE. | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | When Enable changes to FALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction. | When the error is cleared. |
| Strobe | When the M code output specified in an M code is received from the CNC coordinate system. | When the M code output is reset by CNC_Coor- dResetMCode. |

Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- nate System | _sCNC_COORD _REF | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| MCode | M code attached infor- mation | _sMCODE_REF | | Outputs the information attached to the M code output. (*) Create a user-defined variable of the _sMCODE_REF type. |

• _sMCODE_REF

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|---------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| ExistsOutputs | Attached informa- | ARRAY[07] | TRUE or | Outputs whether Outputs exists or not |
| | tion output exis- | OF BOOL | FALSE | when an M code is received. |
| | tence | | | The element numbers (07) in the array correspond to the arguments (VAVH) in the M code. |
| | | | | 0=VA, 1=VB, 2=VC, 3=VD, 4=VE, 5=VF, 6=VG, 7=VH |
| Outputs | Attached informa- | ARRAY[07] | | Outputs the Outputs when an M code |
| | tion output | OF LREAL | | is received. |
| | | | | The element numbers in the array correspond to the arguments (VAVH) in the M code. |
| | | | | 0=VA, 1=VB, 2=VC, 3=VD, 4=VE, 5=VF, 6=VG, 7=VH |

Functions

The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction receives the M code output of the NC program as an interface to execute the M codes provided by the sequence control program from the NC program.

This instruction receives (Strobe changes to TRUE) the M code output of the CNC coordinate system specified using *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System) in accordance with *MCodeNo* (M Code Number).

When the M code output is received, information about whether there is the argument specified in MCode is output to *ExistsOutputs* using the sequence control program, and if the argument exists, its value is output to *Outputs*.

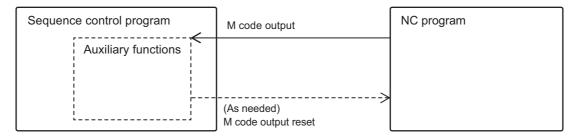
The *ExistsOutputs* and *Outputs* argument values are retained until the M code output is received again using the instance of the same CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction.

If the M code is set to 0 (synchronization) or the M code output has an argument, this instruction continues to wait for block stepping of the NC program until the M code output is reset.

Instruction Details

This instruction realizes to acknowledge the calls for the auxiliary functions from the NC program in the sequence control program.

For example, the auxiliary functions of the processing machine include ATC control, coolant ON/OFF, and spindle control. These auxiliary functions depend on the processing machine, and they can be deployed using various commands of the NJ/NX series.



Up to 192 of M codes outputs output from the NC program can be specified for each CNC coordinate system.

M code numbers (0 to 191) are used to specify the M codes outputs accepted by the CNC_Coord-CatchMCode instruction. A different auxiliary function can be programmed for each M code number of the auxiliary functions.

Also, you can pass up to eight arguments to each M code output that is to be output from the NC program. This can be used when setting the parameter specified from an NC program to the M codes, for example, when specifying a tool number for the tool exchange auxiliary function.

When the M code output is enabled in the NC program, its argument that is specified for M code output is output to *ExistsOutputs* (Argument Existence/Non-existence) and *Outputs* (Argument Value).

If the argument is specified using an NC program to enable the M code output, the NC program must retain the argument value until the argument value is loaded by the sequence control program. Therefore, the NC program continues to wait for a reset from the sequence control program. In the sequence control program, be sure to execute the CNC_CoordResetMCode (Reset M Code) instruction after receiving an M code output that is specified for the argument.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the operation of the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction is shown below.

| Enable | | |
|--------------|---------|-------|
| Enabled | | |
| Busy | | |
| Error | | |
| ErrorID | 16#0000 | |
| Strobe | | |
| ExistsOtputs | | |
| Otputs | | Value |

While *Enabled* is TRUE, *Strobe* is updated.

ExistsOutputs and *Outputs* are updated at the timing when *Strobe* is updated from FALSE to TRUE. *ExistsOutputs* and *Outputs* are not updated at other timings.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction operates independently for each instruction, therefore it is not affected by the restriction of CNC instruction multi-execution processing.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and Error will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

| Enable | | | _ |
|-------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| Enabled | | | |
| Busy | | | |
| Error | | | |
| | | | |
| ErrorID | 16#0000 | Error code | _ |
| ErrorID Strobe | 16#0000 | Error code | |
| | 16#0000 | Error code | |

Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming to receive the auxiliary function output and perform the reset.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

• CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

| CNC coordinate system | Logical CNC motor con- figuration |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | 3 |

Positioning axis configuration

| CNC coordinate system | Positioning axis CNC motor number | Positioning axis config- uration CNC motor | Positioning axis assignment |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P0 | CNC motor 0 | X-axis |
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P1 | CNC motor 1 | Y-axis |
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P2 | CNC motor 2 | Z-axis |

Spindle axis use CNC motor

| CNC coordinate system | Spindle axis use CNC motor |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| CNC coordinate | CNC motor 3 |
| system 0 | |

M code settings

| M code number | Setting value |
|---------------|--|
| M101 | 0: Synchronous (Wait for M code reset) |

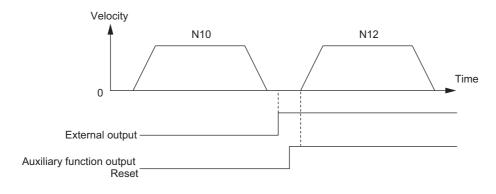
Operation Example

Set 101 for MCodeNo (M Code Number) using the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction and run the sequence control program that turns ON the external output using the N11 block of the NC program shown below. After the external output turned ON, the execution of the NC program is continued using the CNC_CoordResetMCode (Reset M Code) instruction.

• NC Program

```
N10 G91 F1000 G01 X10
N11 M101
N12 X20
M30
```

Operation Patterns



1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

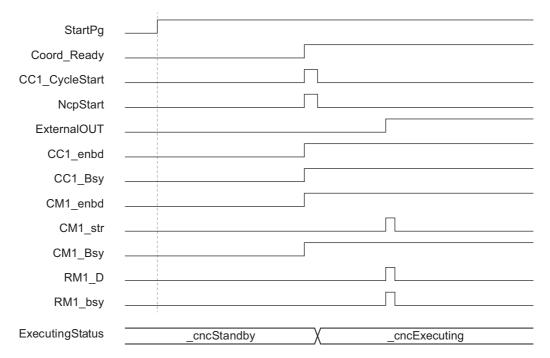
When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 10.00 mm in the positive direction and the external output turns ON. After that, CNC motor 1 is positioned to 20.00 mm in the positive direction.

Ladder Diagram

Main Variables

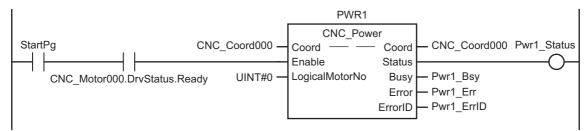
| Name | Data type | Default | Comment |
|--------------|-----------------|---------|---|
| CNC_Coord000 | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0. |
| CNC_Motor000 | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | | CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0. |
| StartPg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation start switch. |
| | | | The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established. |
| Coord_Ready | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the execution ready completion status of the NC program. |
| | | | This variable changes to TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied. |
| NcpStart | BOOL | FALSE | When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted. |
| InitFlg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion. |
| | | | Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. |
| | | | When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE. |
| ExternalOUT | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the external output. |

• Timing Chart

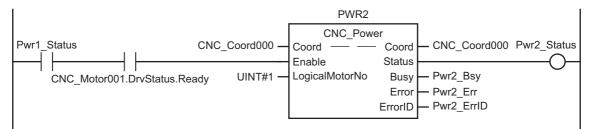


• Sample Programming

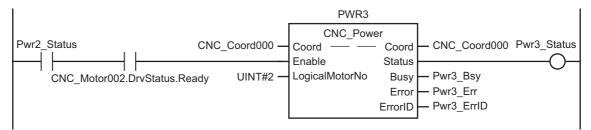
When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



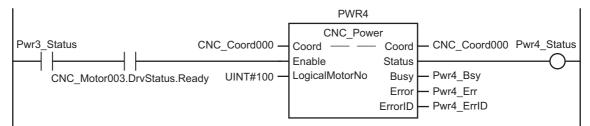
When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.



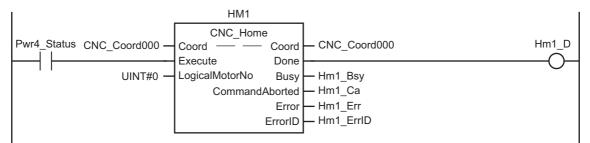
When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.

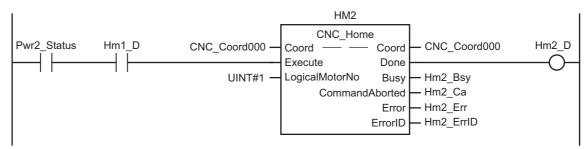


When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.



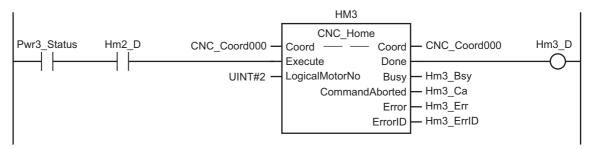
When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.





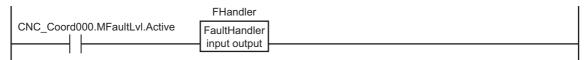
After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.

After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

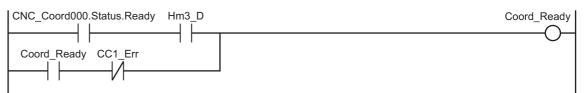


If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

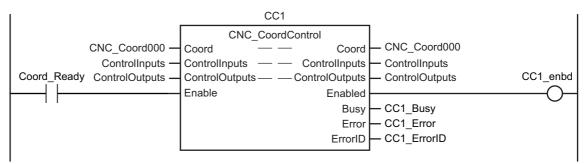
Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

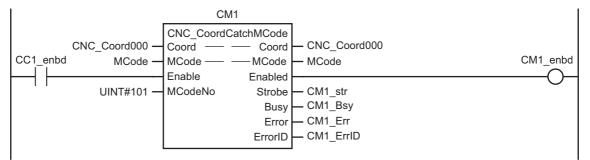


When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord_Ready to TRUE.



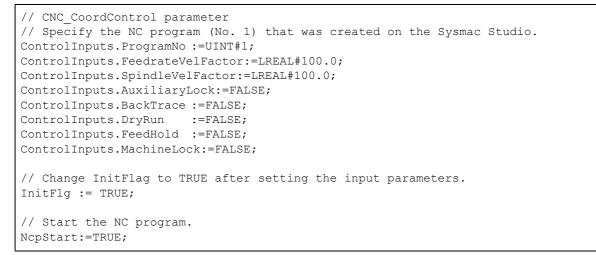
When Coord_Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.



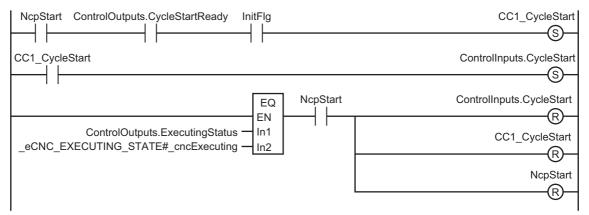


When the execution control of the NC program is started, start the auxiliary function output received.

When the auxiliary function output received is started, set the parameters of the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

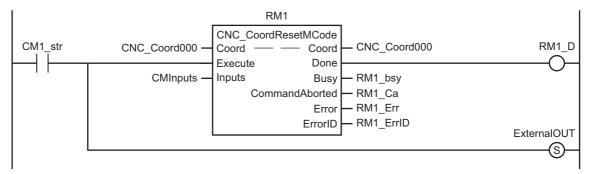


Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.



When the auxiliary function output is received, turn ON the external output and start the auxiliary function output reset.

Continue the NC program after the auxiliary function output of the NC program is reset.

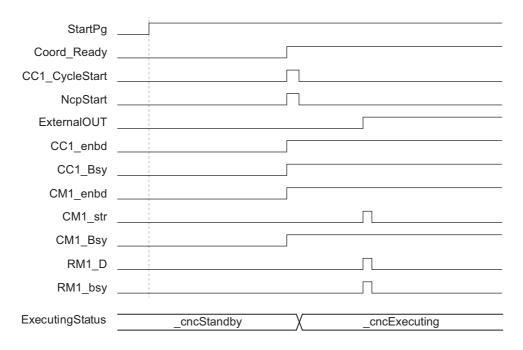


Structured Text (ST)

Main Variables

| Name | Data type | Default | Comment |
|--------------|-----------------|---------|---|
| CNC_Coord000 | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi- |
| | | | nate system 0. |
| CNC_Motor000 | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | | CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0. |
| StartPg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation start switch. |
| | | | The Servo is turned ON when this variable is |
| | | | TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- |
| | | | tions are established. |
| Coord_Ready | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the execution ready completion of the |
| | | | NC program. |
| | | | This variable changes to TRUE when the NC |
| | | | program execution conditions are satisfied. |
| NcpStart | BOOL | FALSE | When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start |
| | | | ready is completed, the NC program is exe- |
| | | | cuted. |
| InitFlg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the input parameter setting comple- |
| | | | tion. |
| | | | Input parameters are set when this variable is |
| | | | FALSE. |
| | | | When the input parameter setting is completed, |
| | | | this variable changes to TRUE. |
| ExternalOUT | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the external output. |

• Timing Chart



• Sample Programming

```
// When StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and
set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (StartPg = TRUE)AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr2 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr2 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr3 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr3 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3_Status = TRUE) AND (CNC_Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr4 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr4 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute
homing of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4_Status=TRUE) THEN
       Hm1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm1 D=TRUE) THEN
        Hm2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm2 D=TRUE) THEN
       Hm3 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error
handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE) THEN
        FaultHandler();
END IF;
```

CNC_CoordCatchMCode

12

Sample Programming

```
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord Ready to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D =TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Coord Ready :=TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
// Also, start the auxiliary function output received to receive the auxiliary
function output from the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready=TRUE) THEN
       CC1 En:=TRUE;
       CM1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       CC1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set
IF (CM1 enbd=TRUE) AND (InitFlg=FALSE) THEN
        // CNC CoordControl parameter
        // Specify the NC program (No. 1) that was created on the Sysmac Studio.
       ControlInputs.ProgramNo:=UINT#1;
        ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
        ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
        ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.FeedHold:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
        // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
       InitFlg := TRUE;
        // Start the NC program.
       NcpStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg=TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady=TRUE) AND (NcpStart=TRUE)
THEN
       CC1_CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1 CycleStart =TRUE) THEN
               ControlInputs.CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, change CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting) THEN
       NcpStart:=FALSE;
       CC1 CycleStart:=FALSE;
        ControlInputs.CycleStart:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the auxiliary function output is received, turn ON the external output and
start the auxiliary function output reset.
// After the auxiliary function output of the NC program is reset, continue the NC
program.
IF CM1 str=TRUE THEN
       ExternalOUT:=TRUE;
       RM1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
```

```
// Check that the NC program is restarted.
IF RM1 D=TRUE THEN
       RM1 Ex:=FALSE;
END IF;
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        Enable:=Pwr1 En,
        LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#0,
        Status=>Pwr1 Status,
       Busy => Pwr1 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr1 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr1 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        Enable:=Pwr2 En,
        LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#1,
        Status=>Pwr2 Status,
       Busy => Pwr2 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr2 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr3 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#2,
       Status=>Pwr3 Status,
       Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr3 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        Enable:=Pwr4 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#100,
       Status=>Pwr4_Status,
       Busy => Pwr4_Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of X-axis
HM1(
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm1 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#0 ,
 Done => Hm1_D,
 Busy => Hm1 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hml Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
```

```
Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
  Execute := Hm2 Ex,
  LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1 ,
 Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm2 Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
НМЗ (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm3_Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#2 ,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm3 Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm3 ErrID
);
11
        CNC CoordControl
CC1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        ControlInputs:=ControlInputs,
        ControlOutputs:=ControlOutputs,
        Enable:=CC1 En,
        Enabled=>CC1 enbd,
        Busy=>CC1 Bsy,
        Error=>CC1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC CoordCatchMCode
CM1 (
        Coord:=CNC Coord000,
        MCode:=MCode,
        Enable:=CM1 En,
        MCodeNo:=UINT#101,
        Enabled=>CM1 enbd,
        Strobe=>CM1 str,
        Busy=>CM1 Bsy,
        Error=>CM1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CM1 ErrID
);
// CNC CoordResetMCode
RM1(
        Coord:=CNC Coord000,
        Execute:=RM1 Ex,
        Inputs:=CMInputs,
        Done=>RM1 D,
        Busy=>RM1 bsy,
        CommandAborted=>RM1 Ca,
        Error=>RM1 Err,
        ErrorID=>RM1 ErrID
);
```

CNC_CoordResetMCode

The CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction resets the M code output from the NC program.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | | ST expression |
|---------------------|---------|--------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CNC_CoordResetMCode | Reset M | FB | CNC_CoordResetMCode_instar | CNC_CoordResetMCode_instance (| |
| | Code | | CNC_CoordResetMCode | | Coord :=parameter, |
| | | | Coord Coo | rd 🗕 | Execute := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Execute Do Inputs Bu | | Inputs := <i>parameter,</i> |
| | | | CommandAbort | 1 | Done => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | En | or | Busy =>parameter, |
| | | | Error | D | CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | | Error => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | | ErrorID =>parameter |
| | | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|---------|-------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|--|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction is executed when <i>Exe-</i> <i>cute</i> changes to TRUE. |
| Inputs | Reset input | ARRAY [07] OF LREAL | | 0 | Outputs the <i>Inputs</i> when the auxiliary function is reset. The element numbers in the array correspond to the auxiliary function output reset return value of the auxiliary function output. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Variables

| Variable | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|----------|--|--|
| Done | When the M code is reset. | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| | | FALSE. |
| | | • After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- | When this instruction is canceled due to an | When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to |
| Aborted | error. | FALSE. |
| | | • After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- | When the error is cleared. |
| | tions or input parameters for the instruction. | |

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | | | |

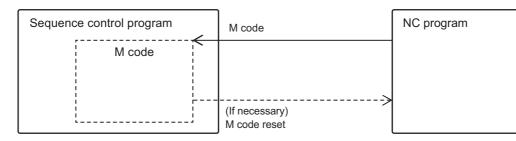
Functions

The CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction resets the M code output of the NC program.

You can specify the CNC coordinate system to reset M code by specifying the CNC coordinate system.

Instruction Details

The M code outputs are enabled (TRUE) in the NC program, and this instruction resets (FALSE) the M code outputs that accepted TRUE for IO refresh of the task for the sequence control program to be executed.



The result of the reset execution is applied to Strobe of the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction in the next and subsequent cycles. (When this reset instruction is executed at the beginning of the sequence control program, the following sequence control program accepts M codes if this occurred in the same scan.)

If an M code output with arguments is reset, the values (8 pieces of LREAL data) can be passed from the sequence control program to NC program. The NC Program stores the received values to NC program system variable _*CNC_MCodeResetRetValueX* (where X is a digit from 0 to 7).

For example, an NC program is written as follows,

P0 = _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue0

You can load the inputs[0] value of CNC_CoordResetMCode, executed lastly for the same CNC coordinate system, to P0.

Timing Charts

A timing chart for the execution of the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction is shown below.

| CNC_CoordCatch | MCode | | | |
|----------------|-------|---------|-----------------|--|
| Enable | | | | |
| Enabled | | | | |
| Busy | | | | |
| Error | | | | |
| ErrorID | | 16#0000 | | |
| Strobe | | |] | |
| ExistsOtputs | | | 1 | |
| Otputs | | | Value | |
| | | | | |
| CNC_CoordReset | MCode | | 1 1 1 | |
| Execute | | | | |
| Done | | | | |
| Busy | | | • | |
| Error | | | | |
| ErrorID | | 16#0000 | | |

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (5603 0000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

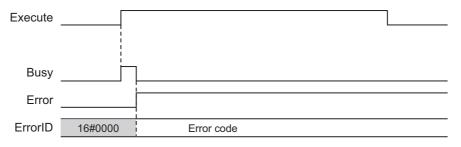
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).



CNC_CoordReset

The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error in the specified CNC coordinate system.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|----------------|--|--------|---|---|
| CNC_CoordReset | CNC Coor- dinate Sys- tem Error Reset | FB | CNC_CoordReset_instance | CNC_CoordReset_instance(Coord := <i>parameter</i> , Execute := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Execute Done Busy Failure Error ErrorID | Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Failure =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | FALSE | The instruction is executed when Exe- |
| | | | FALSE | | cute changes to TRUE. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Failure | Failure End | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction was not executed normally. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------|--|---|
| Done | When the M code is reset. | When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. | When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Failure | When this instruction is executed while the CNC coordinate system decelerated to a stop due to an error. | When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| | • When this instruction is executed while a CNC coordinate system error occurred due to a CNC common error. | Aller one period when Execute is TALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction. | When the error is cleared. |

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |

Functions

This instruction clears an error that is detected in the CNC coordinate system specified in *Coord* (CNC coordinate system) when *Execute* changes to TRUE. You can clear minor faults detected in the CNC coordinate system, monitoring information errors and drive errors.

- Error clear processing is performed regardless of whether the CNC motor is set to the Servo ON or Servo OFF status.
- If a driver error occurs on the CNC motor, driver error reset processing is executed first, and then error reset processing is executed.
- Driver error reset processing continues until the driver error is cleared or during the period specified in Driver Error Reset Monitoring Time of the CNC motor parameter. Driver error reset processing is simultaneously performed for the CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system.
- Errors that are detected at the timing when *Execute* changes to TRUE will be reset.
- · Errors that are detected during reset processing will not be reset.
- If an attempt is made to execute this instruction while the CNC coordinate system is decelerated to a stop due to an error, the instruction is not executed, and *Failure* (Failure End) changes to TRUE. This processing is performed to prevent error reset processing from being started before the target CNC motor stops.

Also, CNC common errors cannot be reset by executing this instruction, therefore, *Failure* (Failure End) changes to TRUE.



Precautions for Correct Use

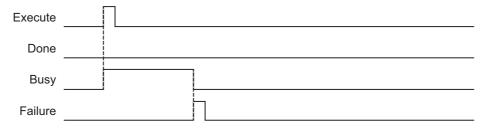
- Error reset processing initiated by this instruction may span multiple control cycles.
- If the CNC motor is active even when this instruction has been executed, the *Failure* (Failure End) output variable of this instruction changes to TRUE.
- Eliminate the cause of the error, and execute retry processing until Done changes to TRUE.
- Before eliminating the cause of the error, always check that each CNC motor stopped completely.
- When using this instruction for the OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, perform exclusive processing to prevent the *ResetECError* (Reset EtherCAT Error) instruction from being executed simultaneously.

Timing Chart

| Execute | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|
| Done | | Π |
| Busy | | |
| Failure | | |
| Output parameter of the error occrred | e instruction for which | |
| Busy | | |
| Error | | |
| ErrorID | Error code | 16#0000 |

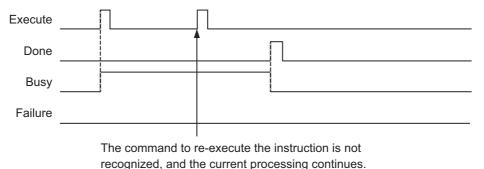
Aborting the Instruction

The instruction is aborted if it is not possible to clear errors that occur when the CNC coordinate system is decelerating to a stop for an error or errors that occur during CNC coordinate system errors resulting from CNC common errors.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If the instruction is re-executed by changing *Execute* to TRUE again, the re-executed instruction is ignored and error clear processing is continued.



Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

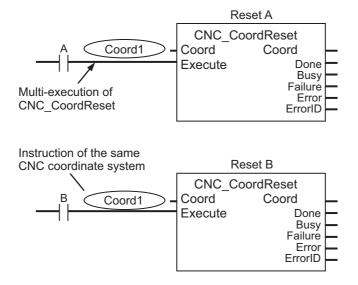
Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

• Execution of Other Instructions during Instruction Execution

If another instance of the CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instruction is executed for the same CNC coordinate system, both instructions are executed.

If a slave error occurs, processing may wait until the Drive Error Reset Monitoring Time for the CNC motor parameters expires.

The elapsed time is also counted for each instruction instance.



CNC_CoordReset

12

Functions

CNC_CoordStop

The CNC_CoordStop instruction performs an immediate stop for all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|---------------|-------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CNC_CoordStop | CNC Coor- | FB | CNC_CoordStop_instance | CNC_CoordStop_instance (|
| | dinate Sys- tem Stop | | CNC_CoordStop | Coord := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Coord Coord | Execute :=parameter, |
| | | | Execute Done Deceleration Busy | Deceleration :=parameter, |
| | | | Jerk CommandAborted | Jerk := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Error | Done => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | ErrorID | Busy => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | Error => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | ErrorID =>parameter |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | FALSE | The instruction is executed when Exe- |
| | | | FALSE | | cute changes to TRUE. |
| Deceleration | Decelera- | ARRAY[02 | 0 | 0 | Specifies the deceleration rate. |
| (Reserved) | tion Rate |] OF LREAL | | | The unit is command units/s ² . |
| Jerk | Jerk | LREAL | 0 | 0 | Specify jerk. |
| (Reserved) | | | | | The unit is command units/s ³ . |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|----------|---|--|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | • When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to |
| | | FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When Done changes to TRUE. |
| | | When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- | When this instruction is canceled due to an | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| Aborted | error. | FALSE. |
| | • When this instruction is executed while there | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| | is an error. | |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- | When the error is cleared. |
| | tions or input parameters for the instruction. | |

Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |

Functions

- · This function performs an immediate stop for all the currently operating CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- · CommandAborted (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE for the instruction that is currently in operation when this instruction is executed.
- When *Execute* changes to TRUE, the operation of stopping starts.

Precautions for Correct Use

If you want to stop the operation of the CNC motor when ErrorStop (Error Deceleration Stopping) is TRUE for the CNC coordinate system, use the CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction.

Instruction Details

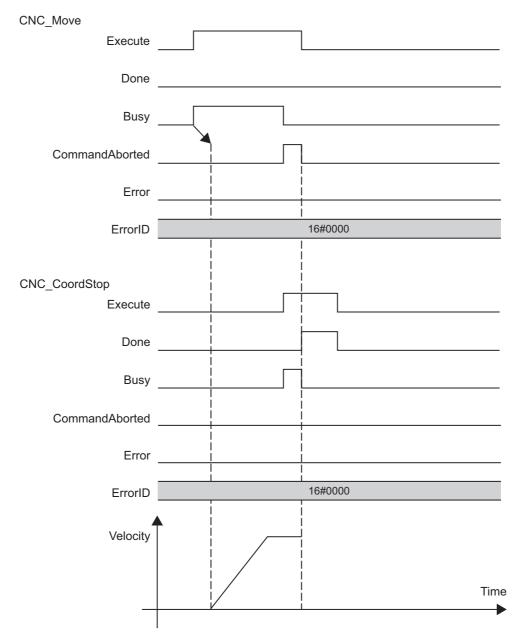
In-position Check

An in-position check is not performed when stopping for this instruction.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Execute* changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when a velocity of 0 is reached.

The following timing chart shows operations to stop the CNC motor during positioning. *Command-Aborted* (Command Aborted) for the positioning instruction that is currently in operation will change to TRUE when this instruction is executed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

CNC_CoordImmediateStop

The CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction immediately stops all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|-------------------|------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CNC_CoordImmedia- | CNC Coor- | FB | CNC_CoordImmediate_instance | CNC_CoordImmediateStop_instance (|
| teStop | dinate Sys- | | CNC CoordImmediateStop | Coord := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | tem Immediate | | Coord Coord | Execute := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | Stop | | Execute Done | Done => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Busy – CommandAborted – | Busy =>parameter, |
| | | | Error | CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | ErrorID | Error => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | ErrorID =>parameter |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | FALSE | The instruction is executed when Exe- |
| | | | FALSE | | cute changes to TRUE. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|---|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| Command- Aborted | Command Aborted | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE while there is an error. |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|----------|---|---|
| Done | When the immediate stop is completed. | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| | | FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When Done changes to TRUE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- | When this instruction is aborted due to an error. | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| Aborted | | FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- | When the error is cleared. |
| | tions or input parameters for the instruction. | |

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

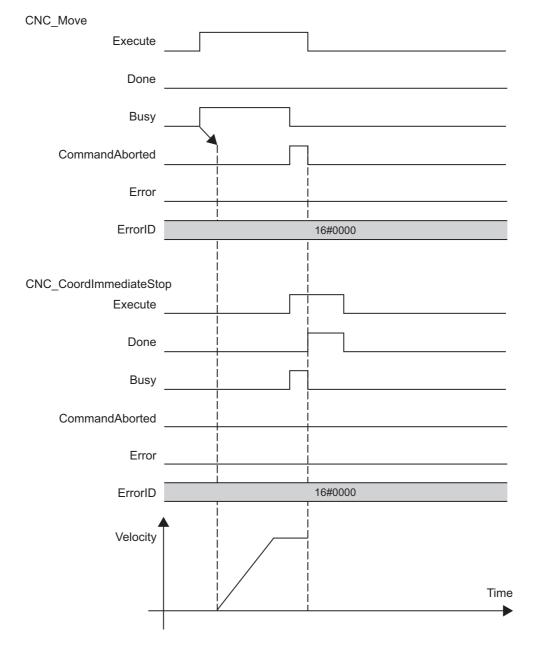
| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid vari- able | Description |
|-------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- nate System | _sCNC_COORD _REF | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |

Functions

- This instruction can be executed for the CNC coordinate system that is in motion.
- When this instruction is executed, all the composition CNC motor stops immediately according to the setting of the **Immediate Stop Method** of CNC coordinate system parameter. *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE for the instruction that is currently in operation.
- When this instruction is executed, *ErrorStop* (Error Deceleration Stopping) changes to TRUE in the CNC coordinate system, and the Immediate Stop Instruction Executed error (560C0000 hex) occurs.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- · Done changes to TRUE when processing of this instruction is completed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

CNC_CoordHalt

The CNC_CoordHalt instruction stops the currently running CNC motor assigned to the positioning axis in the specified CNC coordinate system.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|---------------|-------------------------|--------|--|--|
| CNC_CoordHalt | CNC Coor- | FB | CNC_CoordHalt_instance | CNC_CoordHalt_instance (|
| | dinate Sys- tem Halt | | CNC_CoordHalt Coord Coord Execute Done | Coord := <i>parameter</i> , Execute := <i>parameter</i> , Deceleration := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Deceleration Busy Jerk CommandAborted Error Fror | Jerk := <i>parameter</i> , Done => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | ErrorID | Busy => <i>parameter</i> , CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | Error => <i>parameter</i> , ErrorID => <i>parameter</i>); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | FALSE | The instruction is executed when Exe- |
| | | | FALSE | | cute changes to TRUE. |
| Deceleration | Decelera- | ARRAY[01 | 0 | 0 | Specifies the deceleration rate of the |
| (Reserved) | tion Rate |] OF LREAL | | | CNC motor in the CNC coordinate sys- |
| () | | | | | tem. |
| | | | | | The unit is command units/s ² . |
| Jerk | Jerk | LREAL | 0 | 0 | Specify jerk. |
| (Reserved) | | | | | The unit is command units/s ³ . |

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

Output Variables

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|----------|---|--|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | • When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to |
| | | FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. | When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE. |
| _ | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- | When this instruction is canceled due to an | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| Aborted | error. | FALSE. |
| | • When this instruction is executed while there | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| | is an error. | |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- | When the error is cleared. |
| | tions or input parameters for the instruction. | |

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD_ | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | REF | | |

Functions

- This function immediately stops the currently operating CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- When this instruction starts, the instructions that are currently being executed are aborted by *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted).
- When *Execute* changes to TRUE, the stop processing starts.
- The in-position check is not performed when the CNC motor is stopped by this instruction.
- When this instruction starts, the CNC coordinate system is not changed to the *Stopping* (Deceleration Stopping) status. The CNC coordinate system transitions to *Standby* or *Hold* (Holding). This instruction is mainly used to abort CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute from *Hold* (Holding) during manual intervention.

Functions

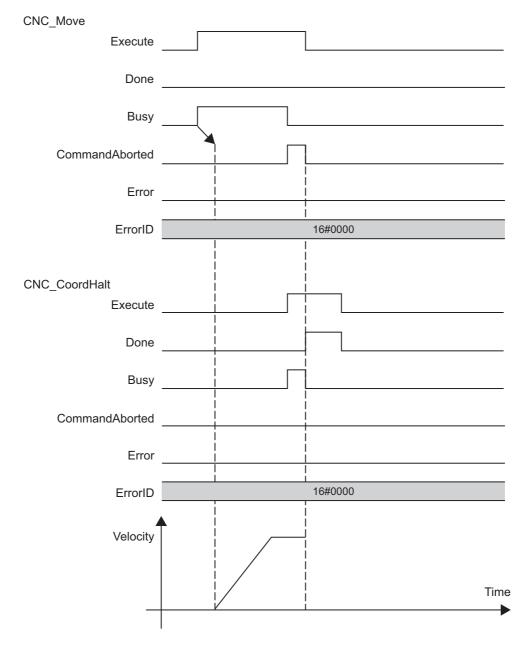
• If this instruction is executed while the CNC coordinate system is set to the *Executing* status, a multi-execution error occurs.

Precautions for Correct Use

When stopping all the CNC motor configurations including the spindle axis, use the CNC_CoordStop instruction.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Execute* changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when a velocity of 0 is reached.
- The following timing chart shows operations to stop the CNC motor during positioning. *Command-Aborted* (Command Aborted) for the positioning instruction that is currently in operation will change to TRUE when this instruction is executed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

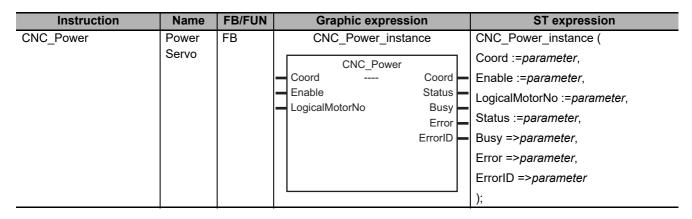
Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

CNC_Power

The CNC_Power instruction makes a Servo Drive ready to operate.



Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|---|---------|--|
| Enable | Enable | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The device is ready for operation when <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, and not ready when it is FALSE. |
| Logical MotorNo | Logical CNC Motor Number | UINT | 0 to (Maximum Positioning Logi- cal CNC Motor Number - 1), 100 | 0 | Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number. When it is assigned to the spindle axis, specify 100. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Status | Servo ON | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the device is ready for operation. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|--------|--|---|
| Status | When the specified CNC motor is ready for | When operation ready status for the specified |
| | operation. | CNC motor is cleared. |
| Busy | When Enable changes to TRUE. | When Enable changes to FALSE. |
| | | • When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- | When the error is cleared. |
| | tions or input parameters for the instruction. | |

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |

Functions

- When *Enable* changes to TRUE, the CNC motor specified in *LogicalMotorNo* is made ready to operate. You can control the CNC motor when it is ready to operate.
- When Enable changes to FALSE, the ready status is cleared for the CNC motor specified by LogicalMotorNo. You cannot control the CNC motor after the ready status is cleared because it will not acknowledge operation commands. Also, an error occurs if a motion command is executed for a CNC motor for which the ready status is cleared. You can execute the CNC_Power (Power Servo) and CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instructions even for CNC motor that are not ready.
- You can use this instruction to disable the operation of CNC motors while they are in motion. In this case, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE. Output of the operation command will stop and the CNC motor will no longer be ready for operation.
- If home is not defined for a Servomotor with an absolute encoder, compensation is performed using the absolute encoder home offset to define home when the CNC motor is ready to operate. Home is also defined when I/O refresh communications with the I/O device assigned to the CNC motor change from a non-established to an established state.

Instruction Details

• Relation to CPU Unit Operating Modes

If a CNC motor is placed in ready status during RUN mode, ready status will continue even if the operating mode changes to PROGRAM mode.

• Deleting Instruction with Online Editing

If a CNC motor is placed in ready status, ready status will continue even if the instruction is deleted during online editing.

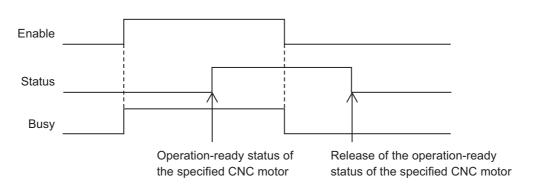
Timing Chart

 When Enable changes to TRUE, Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE to indicate that the instruction was acknowledged.

After the CNC motor becomes ready for operation, Status (Servo ON) changes to TRUE.

• When *Enable* changes to FALSE, *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE. *Status* (Servo ON) changes to FALSE when ready status is cleared. *Status* (Servo ON) outputs the CNC motor ready status regardless of whether *Enable* is TRUE or FALSE.

Status (Servo ON) will not change to TRUE until *Enable* changes to TRUE and the processing is finished at the CNC motor. Make sure that *Status* (Servo ON) changes to TRUE before moving the CNC motor.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Precautions for Correct Use

Do not create a program that starts the CNC_Power instruction of another instance for the CNC motor for which the CNC_Power instruction is currently being executed. Basically, assign a CNC_Power instruction to each CNC motor.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and Error will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

CNC_MoveJog

The CNC_MoveJog instruction jogs a CNC coordinate system according to the specified target velocity.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|-------------|------|--------|--|---|
| CNC_MoveJog | Jog | FB | CNC_MoveJog_instance | CNC_MoveJog_instance(|
| CNC_MoveJog | Jog | FB | CNC_MoveJog_instance CNC_MoveJog Coord Coord PositiveEnable Busy NegativeEnable CommandAborted LogicalMotorNo Error Velocity ErrorID Acceleration | CNC_MoveJog_instance (Coord :=parameter, PositiveEnable :=parameter, NegativeEnable :=parameter, LogicalMotorNo :=parameter, Velocity :=parameter, Acceleration :=parameter, Busy =>parameter, CommandAborted =>parameter, Error =>parameter, |
| | | | | ErrorID => <i>parameter</i> |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|--------------------|---|-----------|--|---------|---|
| Positive Enable | Positive Direction Enable | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | When this variable changes to TRUE, the CNC motor starts moving in the positive direction. When it changes to FALSE, the CNC motor stops moving. |
| Negative Enable | Negative Direction Enable | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | When this variable changes to TRUE, the CNC motor starts moving in the positive direction. When it changes to FALSE, the CNC motor stops moving. |
| Logical MotorNo | Logical CNC Motor Number | UINT | 0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor Number - 1) | 0 | Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number. |
| Velocity | Target Velocity | LREAL | Positive num- ber, 0 | 0 | Specify the target velocity. The unit is command units/min. |
| Acceleration | Accelera- tion/Decel- eration Rate | LREAL | Positive num- ber, 0 | 0 | Specify the acceleration/decelera- tion rate. The unit is command units/s ² . |

CNC_MoveJog

12

Variables

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Busy | When PositiveEnable or NegativeEnable | When the CNC motor stops. |
| | changes to TRUE. | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- Aborted | When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was | When PositiveEnable changes to FALSE if PositiveEnable is TRUE. |
| | multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>).When this instruction is aborted due to an | • When <i>NegativeEnable</i> changes to FALSE if <i>NegativeEnable</i> is TRUE. |
| | error. | After one period when <i>PositiveEnable</i> and |
| | • When this instruction is executed while there is an error. | NegativeEnable are both FALSE. |
| | When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. | |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- | When the error is cleared. |
| | tions or input parameters for the instruction. | |

In-Out Variables

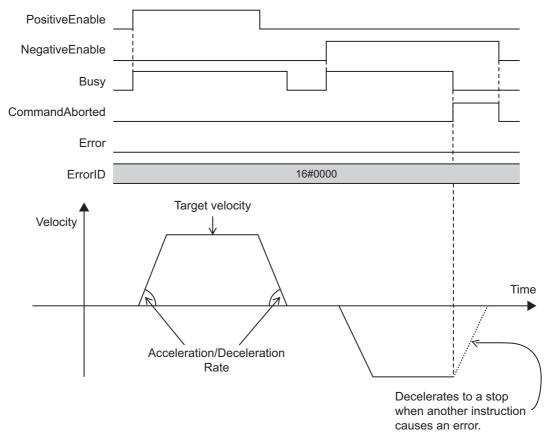
| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |

Functions

- The CNC_MoveJog instruction performs jogging according to the specified Velocity (Target Velocity).
- To jog in the positive direction, change *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) to TRUE. To jog in the negative direction, change *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE.
- If *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) and *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) are changed to TRUE at the same time, *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) takes priority. As a result, the CNC motor will jog in the positive direction.
- If the command velocity of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction exceeds the maximum jog velocity that is set in the CNC motor parameters, the maximum jog velocity is used.
- This instruction can be executed even if home is not defined.

Timing Chart

- *Busy* (Executing) changes to TRUE as soon as *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE.
- The axis starts deceleration as soon as *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to FALSE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE when the axis stops completely.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.



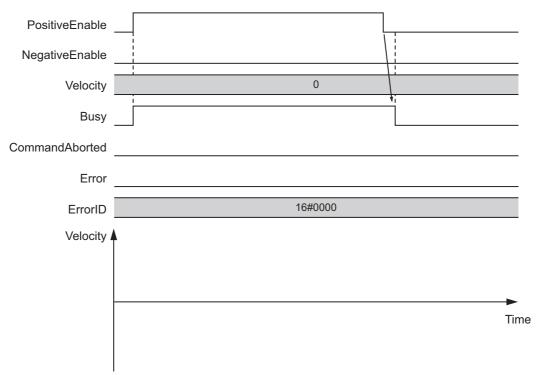
You can specify *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) as the input variables. The *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) input variables are updated operations only when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) rises. Therefore, the velocity will not change even if *Velocity* (Target Velocity) changes while *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) remains TRUE.

Functions

• Timing Chart When Target Velocity Is 0

When the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is 0 and you start jogging the motor, the CNC motor does not move, however, the CNC coordinate system changes to *Moving* status.

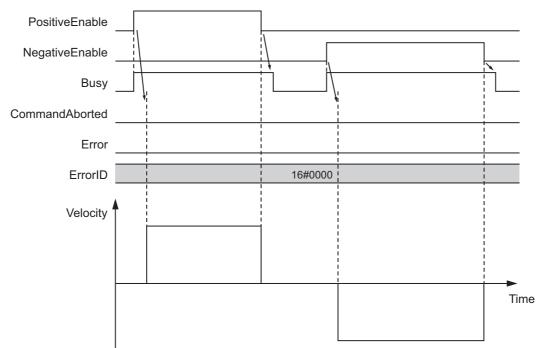
The following timing chart shows an example when the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is 0 and you start jogging the CNC motor.



Timing Chart When Acceleration/Deceleration Rate Is 0

When the *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is 0 and you start jogging the motor, the motor will reach the target velocity without accelerating or decelerating.

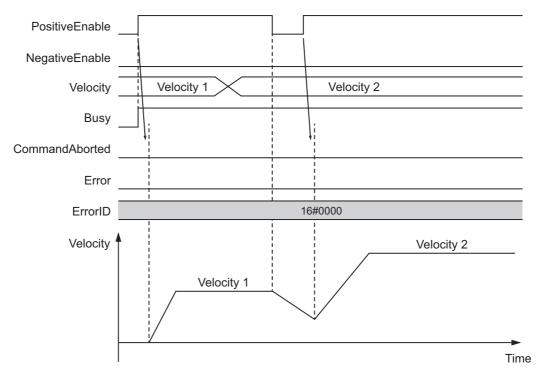
The timing chart below shows an example when the *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) are 0.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

• Restarting with Enable in the Same Direction

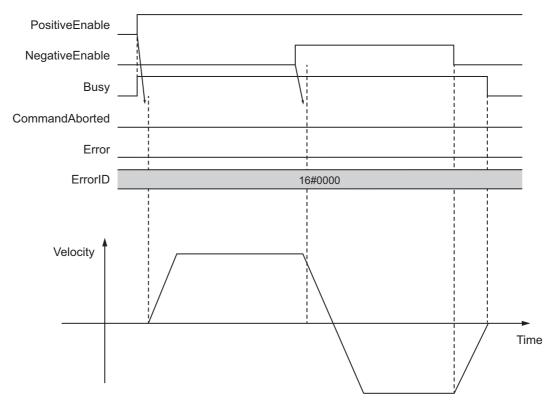
If you change *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE when it is FALSE and the axis is decelerating, the axis will begin to accelerate/decelerate towards the target velocity. If you change the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) or *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) at this time, the new value of the input parameter is used in operation. The axis is not stopped, and *Busy* (Executing) does not change to FALSE. The following example shows operation when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) changes to TRUE during deceleration.



• Restarting with Enable in the Opposite Direction

If you change *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) is TRUE and the axis is jogging in the positive direction, the axis will reverse its direction and start jogging in the negative direction. When this happens, you can jog the axis with the input variables for when *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE. The input variables are *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate).

The deceleration rate before the axis direction is reversed and the acceleration rate after it is reversed follow the input variables for when *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE. When *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) is TRUE and the axis is jogging in the negative direction, the same operation occurs when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) changes to TRUE. If *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE while *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) is TRUE, the axis starts jogging in the negative direction. In this case, the axis will not jog in the positive direction even if *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to FALSE. To jog the axis in the positive direction, change *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) to FALSE, and then back to TRUE again.



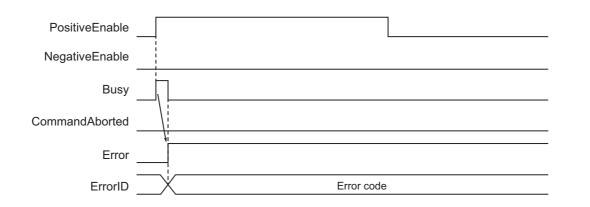
The same operation applies to the opposite case.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).



CNC_Home

The CNC_Home instruction operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|-------------|------|--------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CNC_Home | Home | FB | CNC_Home_instance | CNC_Home_instance (|
| | | | CNC Home | Coord := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Coord Coord | Execute := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy | LogicalMotorNo := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | CommandAborted | Done => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Error | Busy => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | ErrorID | CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | Error => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | ErrorID =>parameter |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|---------|--|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction is executed when <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. |
| Logical MotorNo | Logical CNC Motor Number | UINT | 0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor Number - 1), 100 | 0 | Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the target CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- Aborted | When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting) | • When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. |
| | multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>).When this instruction is aborted due to an error. | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| | • When this instruction is executed while there is an error. | |
| | When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. | |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction. | When the error is cleared. |

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |

Functions

Refer to the description of MC_Home in the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

The following describes differences from the MC_Home specifications.

• Homing Acceleration / Deceleration

You can specify the homing acceleration/deceleration rate as a homing parameter.

The homing acceleration rate and homing deceleration rate cannot be specified individually.

Homing Jerk

You cannot specify the Homing Jerk.

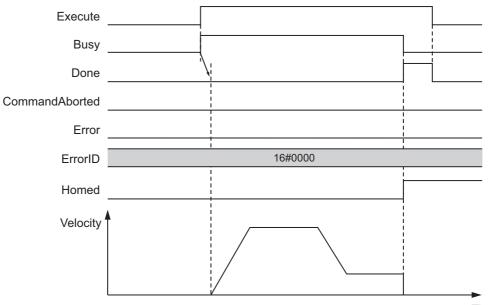
Instruction Details

Refer to the description of MC_Home in the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

Timing Chart

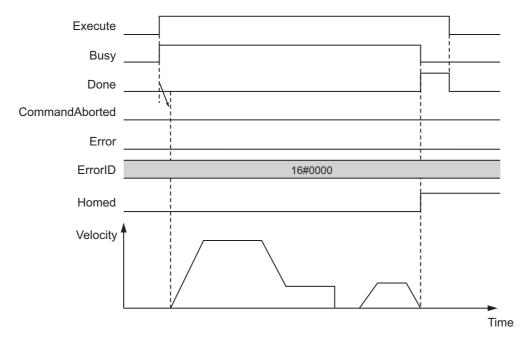
A timing chart for the operation of the CNC_Home instruction is shown below.

• No Homing Compensation



Time

Homing Compensation



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

CNC_HomeWithParameter

The CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction sets the homing parameter and operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|-----------------------|------------|--------|--|--|
| CNC_HomeWithParameter | Home with | FB | CNC_HomeWithParameter_instance | CNC_HomeWithParameter_instance (|
| CNC_HomewithParameter | Parameters | РВ | CNC_HomeWithParameter_Instance CNC_HomeWithParameter Coord Coord HomingParameter HomingParameter Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID | CNC_HomeWithParameter_Instance (Coord :=parameter, HomingParameter :=parameter, Execute :=parameter, LogicalMotorNo :=parameter, Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, CommandAborted =>parameter, Error =>parameter, |
| | | | | ErrorID => <i>parameter</i> |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|---------|---|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE. |
| LogicalMo- torNo | Logical CNC Motor Number | UINT | 0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor number) - 1,100 | 0 | Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | • When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- Aborted | When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. When you start this instruction during | When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| | CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. | |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction. | When the error is cleared. |

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |
| HomingPa- | Homing | _sCNC_HOMING | | Specifies a homing parameter. |
| rameter | Parameter | _REF | | |

Functions

Refer to the description of MC_Home in the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

The following describes differences from the MC_HomeWithParameter specifications.

Homing Acceleration/Deceleration

The user can specify the acceleration/deceleration rate as a homing parameter.

_sCNC_HOMING_REF.Acc is used to specify the homing acceleration/deceleration rate.

There is no parameter that is equivalent to the Homing Deceleration (_sHOMING_REF.Dec).

Homing Jerk

You cannot specify the Homing Jerk.

There is no parameter that is equivalent to the Homing Jerk (_sHOMING_REF.Jerk).

Instruction Details

Refer to the description of MC_HomeWithParameter in the *NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W508) or *NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W561).

Timing Chart

The timing chart is the same as that for the CNC_Home instruction. Refer to the timing chart shown in *CNC_Home* on page 12-92.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

CNC_Move

The CNC_Move instruction performs absolute positioning or relative positioning.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|-------------|-------------|--------|--------------------------------------|---|
| CNC_Move | Positioning | FB | CNC_Move_instance | CNC_Move_instance(|
| | | | CNC_Move | Coord := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Coord Coord | Execute := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy | LogicalMotorNo := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Position CommandAborted | Position := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | - Velocity Error | Velocity :=parameter, |
| | | | Acceleration ErrorID | Acceleration := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | MoveMode | Jerk := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | MoveMode :=parameter, |
| | | | | Done => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | Busy => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | Error => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | ErrorID =>parameter |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------|--|---------|--|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction is executed when <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. |
| LogicalMo- torNo | Logical CNC Motor Number | UINT | 0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor number) - 1 | 0 | Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number. To specify the spin- dle axis, specify 100. |
| Position | Target Posi- tion | LREAL | Negative num- ber, positive number, or 0 | 0 | Specify the target position. The unit is command units. |
| Velocity | Target Velocity | LREAL | Positive number | 0 | Specify the target velocity. The unit is command units/min. |
| Accelera- tion | Accelera- tion/Decel- eration Rate | LREAL | Positive num- ber, 0 | 0 | Specify the acceleration/decelera- tion rate. The unit is command units/s ² . |
| Jerk (Reserved) | Jerk | LREAL | 0 | 0 | Specify jerk. The unit is command units/s ³ . |
| MoveMode | Travel Mode | _eCNC _MOVE _MODE | 0: _cncAbsolute 1: _cncRelative | 0 | Select the travel method 0: Absolute positioning 1: Relative positioning |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|---------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE while there is an error. |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Done | When positioning is completed. | • When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When <i>Done</i> is set to TRUE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- Aborted | When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. | When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| | When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. | |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction. | When the error is cleared. |

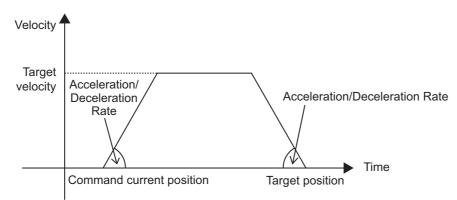
In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |

Functions

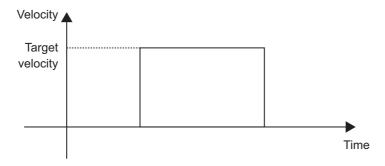
- This instruction performs absolute positioning or relative positioning for the CNC motor.
- When Execute changes to TRUE, the operation of absolute positioning starts.
- This instruction can be executed when the CNC coordinate system status is *Standby* (Stopping) or *Hold* (Holding). However, if the spindle axis is specified, this instruction can only be executed in *Standby*.
- · This instruction can be executed even if home is not defined.
- You can specify *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) as input variables.

The following chart shows an operation example of absolute positioning.



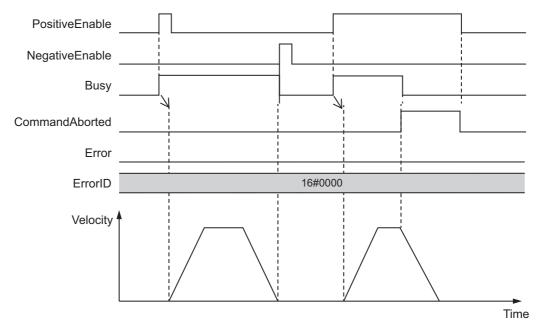
When *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is 0, this instruction can be executed. The CNC motor can reach the target velocity without acceleration or deceleration.

The following chart shows an operation example of an absolute positioning when the acceleration/deceleration rate is 0.



Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- When the CNC motor reaches the target position specified in *Position* (Target Position) and positioning is completed, Done changes to TRUE.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

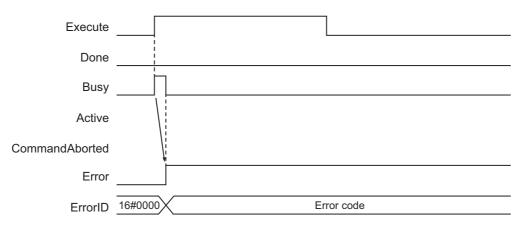
Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming about absolute positioning.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

• CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

| CNC coordinate system | Logical CNC motor configuration |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | 3 |

Positioning axis configuration

| CNC coordinate system | Positioning axis CNC motor number | Positioning axis config- uration CNC motor | Positioning axis assignment |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P0 | CNC motor 0 | X-axis |
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P1 | CNC motor 1 | Y-axis |
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P2 | CNC motor 2 | Z-axis |

Spindle axis use CNC motor

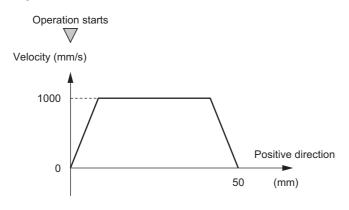
| CNC coordinate system | Spindle axis use CNC motor | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor 3 | | |

CNC_Move

Operation Example

MoveMode (Travel Mode) of the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction is set to Absolute positioning to move to the target position.

• Operation Patterns



1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

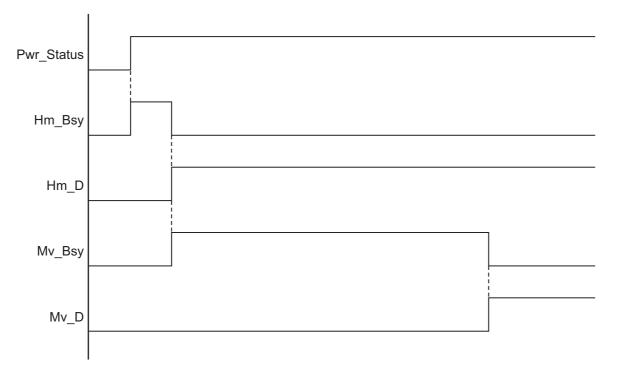
When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 50.00 mm in the positive direction.

Ladder Diagram

Main Variables

| Name | Data type | Default | Comment |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------|---|
| CNC_Coord000 | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi- |
| | | | nate system 0. |
| CNC_Motor000 | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | | CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0. |
| CNC_Mo- | BOOL | FALSE | TRUE when a minor fault level error occurs in |
| tor000.MFaultLvI.A | | | CNC motor 0. |
| ctive | | | |
| StartPg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation start switch. |
| | | | The Servo is turned ON when this variable is |
| | | | TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- |
| | | | tions are established. |

• Timing Chart

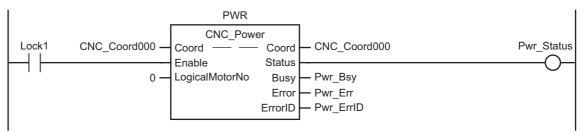


• Sample Programming

When contact *StartPg* is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status.

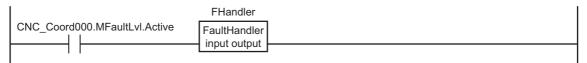


When the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status, turn ON the Servo.

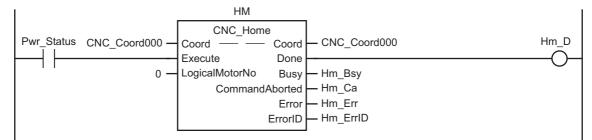


If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

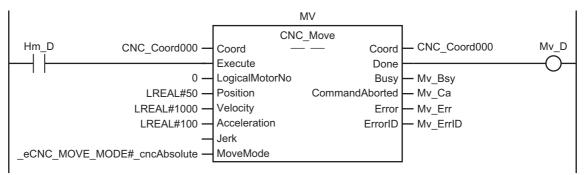


12



When the Servo is ON, the Home instruction is executed.

After the home is defined, start the absolute positioning.

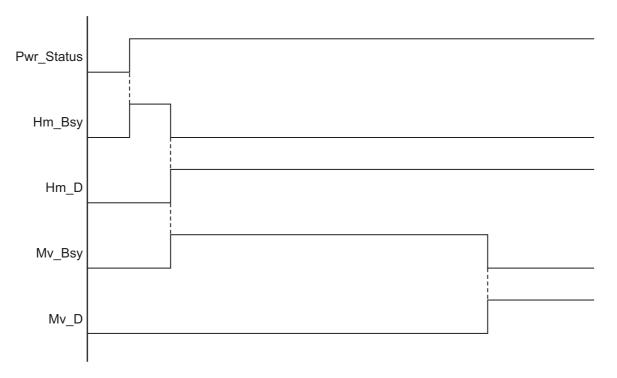


Structured Text (ST)

• Main Variables

| Name | Data type | Default | Comment |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------|--|
| CNC_Coord000 | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi- |
| | | | nate system 0. |
| CNC_Motor000 | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | | CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0. |
| CNC_Mo- | BOOL | FALSE | TRUE when a minor fault level error occurs in |
| tor000.MFaultLvI.A | | | CNC motor 0. |
| ctive | | | |
| StartPg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation start switch. |
| | | | The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- |
| | | | tions are established. |

• Timing Chart



• Sample Programming

```
// When StartPg changes to TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready
status and turn ON the Servo.
// If the Servo is not ready, turn OFF the Servo.
IF (StartPg=TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
 Pwr En:=TRUE;
ELSE
 Pwr En:=FALSE;
END IF;
\ensuremath{\prime\prime}\xspace ] If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis, the
error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF CNC Motor000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE THEN
 FaultHandler();
END_IF;
// When the Servo is ON, the Home instruction is executed.
IF Pwr Status=TRUE THEN
 Hm Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home is defined, start the absolute positioning.
IF Hm D=TRUE THEN
 Mv_Ex:=TRUE;
END_IF;
//CNC_Power
PWR (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Enable := Pwr_En ,
 LogicalMotorNo := 0
 Status => Pwr Status ,
 Busy => Pwr_Bsy ,
 Error => Pwr Err ,
 ErrorID => Pwr ErrID
);
//CNC Home
HM (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm Ex ,
 LogicalMotorNo :=0 ,
 Done => Hm D ,
 Busy => Hm Bsy ,
 CommandAborted=> Hm Ca ,
 Error => Hm Err ,
 ErrorID => Hm ErrID
);
```

```
//CNC_Move
MV (
 Coord := CNC_Coord000 ,
 Execute := Mv_Ex ,
 LogicalMotorNo := 0 ,
 Position := LREAL#50 ,
 Velocity := LREAL#1000 ,
 Acceleration := LREAL#100 ,
 Jerk := LREAL#0 ,
 MoveMode := eCNC MOVE MODE# cncAbsolute ,
 Done => Mv D ,
 Busy => Mv Bsy ,
 CommandAborted=> Mv Ca ,
 Error => Mv_Err ,
 ErrorID => Mv_ErrID
);
```

12

CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute

The CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute outputs the specified target position cyclically.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|----------------------|--|--------|--|--|
| CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute | Cyclic Syn- chronous Absolute Positioning | FB | CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute_instance CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute Coord Coord Execute InPosition LogicalMotorNo Busy Position CommandAborted Error ErrorID | CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute_instance(Coord :=parameter, Execute :=parameter, LogicalMotorNo :=parameter, Position :=parameter, InPosition =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, CommandAborted =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter): |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|---------|--|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | FALSE | The instruction is executed when |
| | | | FALSE | | Execute changes to TRUE. |
| Logical MotorNo | Logical CNC Motor Number | UINT | 0 to (Maximum Positioning Log- ical CNC Motor number) - 1 | 0 | Specify the logical CNC motor num- ber. When the target CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the Positioning Logical CNC Motor Number. |
| Position | Target Posi- tion | LREAL | Negative num- ber, positive number, or 0 | 0 | Specify the target position of the absolute coordinates. The unit is command units. |

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|---|
| InPosition | In-position | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the feedback current positions for all com- |
| | | | FALSE | position axes are within the in-position range of their |
| | | | | target positions. |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

Output Variables

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Variable | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------------------|---|---|
| InPosition | When the feedback current positions for all composition axes are within the in-position | • When the feedback current position has been placed out of the in-position range. |
| | range of their target positions. | • When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. |
| | | • After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When Error is set to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- Aborted | When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>). | When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| | • When this instruction is aborted due to an error. | |
| | • When this instruction is executed while there is an error. | |
| | When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. | |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- | When the error is cleared. |
| | tions or input parameters for the instruction. | |

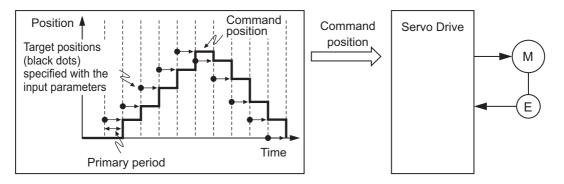
In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |

Variables

Functions

- This instruction outputs the target position from the user program every task period to the Servo Driver or other device in Cyclic Synchronous Position (CSP) Control Mode. The target positions are given as absolute positions.
- The upper limit of the velocity is the value that is set in the Maximum Velocity CNC motor parameter. The maximum acceleration and deceleration are not used.
- If this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task, the target position that is specified in the input parameters is output to the Servo Drive in the next task period. The following timing charts show an example of the operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



Instruction Details

In-position Check

If *Position* (Target Position) is not changed, *InPosition* changes to TRUE when the difference between the target position and the feedback position is within the range that is set for the In-position Range CNC motor parameter. Even if the target position is changed while *InPosition* is TRUE, it will remain TRUE for the remainder of the period and change to FALSE the next period. The setting of the CNC motor parameter, Number of In-position Continuance Cycle is disabled.

Stop Processing

This section describes the methods that are used to stop operations of the CNC coordinate system. To stop operations, use the CNC_CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction, CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction, or CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction. Executing any of these instructions changes *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) of this instruction to TRUE.

- Stopping with the CNC_CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction An immediate stop is performed. The CNC coordinate system does not transition to the Stopping status.
- Stopping with the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction An immediate stop is performed.
- Stopping with the CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction

An immediate stop is performed in accordance with the setting of the **Immediate Stop Method** parameter of each CNC coordinate system.

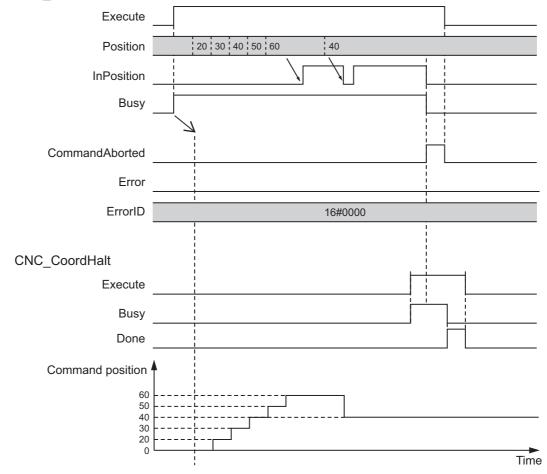
• Stopping Due to Error

If an error that causes the CNC motor to stop occurs, an immediate stop is performed regardless of any settings.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- *InPosition* changes to TRUE when the feedback current positions for all composition axes are within the in-position range from *Positions* (Target Positions).
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing), *Active* (Controlling), and *InPosition* change to FALSE.
- The CNC_CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction is used to stop this instruction.

The following timing charts show an example of an operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



CNC_SvncMoveAbsolute

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

CNC_SpindleGo

The CNC_SpindleGo instruction controls the normal rotation, reverse rotation, and stop for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|---------------|--------------------|--------|--|--|
| CNC_SpindleGo | Spindle Control | FB | CNC_SpindleGo_instance CNC_SpindleGo Coord Coord Execute Done Velocity Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID | CNC_SpindleGo_instance(Coord :=parameter, Execute :=parameter, Velocity :=parameter, Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, CommandAborted =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | FALSE | The instruction is executed when |
| | | FALSE | | Execute changes to TRUE. |
| Target Velocity | LREAL | Negative num- ber, positive | 0 | Specify the target velocity. The unit is command units/min. |
| | Execute Target | Execute BOOL Target LREAL | Execute BOOL TRUE or FALSE Target LREAL Negative num- | Execute BOOL TRUE or FALSE FALSE Target LREAL Negative num- ber, positive 0 |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|----------|---|--|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | • When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to |
| | | FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. | When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| Command- | When this instruction is aborted because | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| Aborted | another motion control instruction was | FALSE. |
| | multi-executed (Aborting). | • After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| | When this instruction is aborted due to an | |
| | error. | |
| | • When this instruction is executed while there | |
| | is an error. | |
| | When you start this instruction during | |
| | CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. | |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- | When the error is cleared. |
| | tions or input parameters for the instruction. | |

• Output Variable Update Timing

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- | _sCNC_COORD | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| | nate System | _REF | | |

Functions

- This instruction outputs the target velocity specified from the user program to the spindle axis in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- This instruction is completed when the command is reported to the spindle axis.
- If *Execute* (Start Up) changes to TRUE when the spindle axis does not exist in the specified CNC coordinate system, only *Busy* (Executing) changes to TRUE. When *Execute* (Start Up) changes to FALSE, *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.

Instruction Details

• Target Velocity

The *Velocity* (Target Velocity) input variable can be set to LREAL data in reference to 0. The axis moves in the positive direction for a positive value and in the negative direction for a negative value. If 0 is set, the command velocity is 0. However, the spindle axis maintains *Moving* (Spindle Moving). You can set *Velocity* (Target Velocity) from the user program. When the target velocity different from the current velocity is specified and *Execute* (Start Up) is turned ON again, the new target velocity is applied.

Stop Processing

This section describes the control mode and command velocity used to stop axis operations.

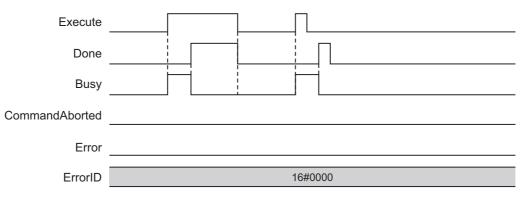
- Stopping with the CNC CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction
 - Set the command velocity to 0.
- Stopping by setting the velocity of the CNC_SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction to 0. Set the command velocity to 0.
- · Stopping by a minor fault level error Set the command velocity to 0.
- · Stopping by a major fault level error and a partial fault level error Set the command velocity to 0.
- Stopping by Servo OFF
 - Set the command velocity to 0 using the specified method.
- · Stopping by changing the operating mode of the NC Integrated Controller to the PROGRAM mode

Set the command velocity to 0 using the specified method.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- · Done (Done) changes to TRUE when a command is acknowledged. If another instruction aborts this instruction, CommandAborted (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and Busy (Executing) and Done (Done) change to FALSE.
- To stop the spindle axis, set Velocity (Target Velocity) of the CNC SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction to 0, and re-execute.

The following timing chart shows an example of an operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

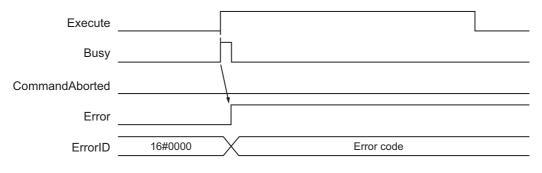
CNC_SpindleGo

12

Errors

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming to control the spindle.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

| CNC coordinate system | Logical CNC motor con- figuration |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | 3 |

Positioning axis configuration

| CNC coordinate system | Positioning axis CNC motor number | Positioning axis config- uration CNC motor | Positioning axis assignment |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P0 | CNC motor 0 | X-axis |
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P1 | CNC motor 1 | Y-axis |
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor P2 | CNC motor 2 | Z-axis |

Spindle axis use CNC motor

| CNC coordinate system | Spindle axis use CNC motor |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| CNC coordinate system 0 | CNC motor 3 |

M code settings

| M code number | Setting value |
|---------------|---------------|
| M03 | 1 (Immediate) |

12

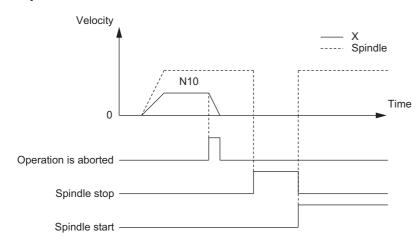
Operation Example

The spindle axis in feed hold is stopped or restarted with the CNC_SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction.

NC Program

```
N10 M03 S100
N20 G91 G01 X100 F50
N21 M30
```

Operation Patterns



1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch

When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 100.00 mm in the positive direction.

2 Turning ON the Operation Interrupt Switch

When you turn ON the operation interrupt switch, the executing NC program pauses.

3 Turning ON the Spindle Stop Switch

When you turn ON the spindle stop switch, CNC motor 3 assigned to the spindle axis stops the rotation.

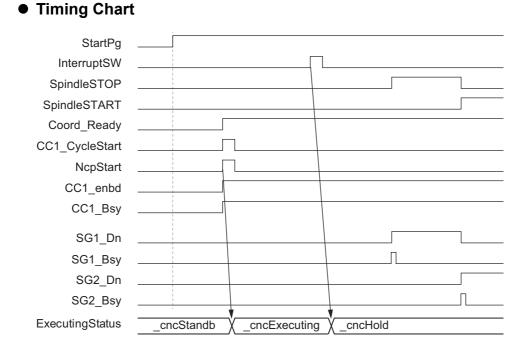
4 Turning ON the Spindle Start Switch

When you turn ON the spindle start switch, CNC motor 3 assigned to the spindle axis starts the rotation. At this time, the spindle stop switch turns OFF.

Ladder Diagram

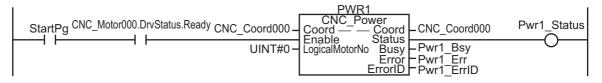
• Main Variables

| Name | Data type | Default | Comment |
|--------------|-----------------|---------|--|
| CNC Coord000 | sCNC_COORD_REF | | CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordi- |
| | | | nate system 0. |
| CNC_Motor000 | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | | CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0. |
| StartPg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation start switch. |
| | | | The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established. |
| Coord_Ready | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the execution ready completion status of the NC program. |
| | | | This variable changes to TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied. |
| NcpStart | BOOL | FALSE | When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted. |
| InitFlg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion. |
| | | | Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. |
| | | | When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE. |
| InterruptSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation interrupt switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses. |
| SpindleSTOP | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the spindle stop switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis stops. |
| SpindleSTART | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the spindle start switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis starts. |

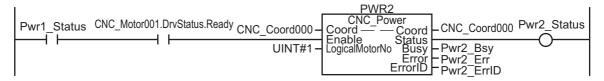


• Sample Programming

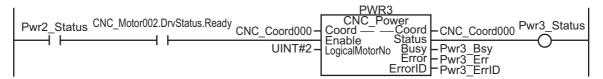
When contact *StartPg* changes to TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.



When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.



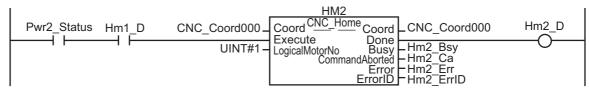
When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.

| 1 | PWR4 |
|---|--|
| | Pwr3_Status CNC_Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready CNC_Coord000 - Coord - Coord - CNC_Coord000 Pwr4_Status |
| | Pwr3_Status CNC_Motorocontrol Coord000 - Coord - Coord - Coord - Coord000 - Coord - Coord - Coord - Coord000 - Coord000 - Coord - Coord - Coord - Coord - Coord000 - Coord - C |
| 1 | |
| | Error Pwr4 Frr |
| | ErrorID – Pwr4–ErrID |

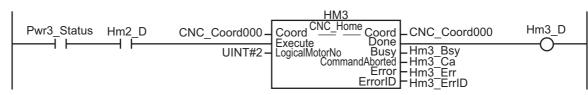
HM1 Pwr4_Status CNC_Coord000 - Coord^{CNC_Home}Coord UINT#0 - UINT#0 - LogicalMotorNo Busy CommandAborted - Hm1_Bsy CommandAborted - Hm1_Ca Error ErrorID - Hm1_Err ErrorID - Hm1_Err

When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.

After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.



After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.



If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

| CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active | FHandler FaultHandler | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Input output | |

When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord_Ready to TRUE.

| CNC_Coord000.Status.Ready | Hm3_D | Coord_Ready |
|---------------------------|-------|-------------|
| Coord_Ready CC1_Err | | |

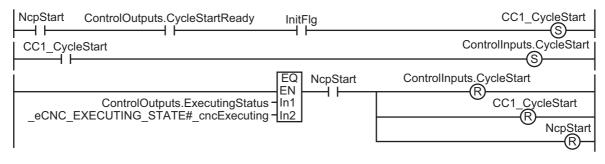
When Coord_Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.

| | CC1 CNC_CoordControl ControlInputs — ControlInputs ControlOutputs — ControlOutputs Enable Enable Error — CC1_Err ErrorID - CC1_ErrID | CC1_enbd |
|--|--|----------|
|--|--|----------|

When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

```
// CNC_CoordControl parameter
// Specify the NC program (No. 1) that was created on the SysmacStudio.
ControlInputs.ProgramNo :=UINT#1;
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
ControlInputs.BackTrace :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.DryRun :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold :=FALSE;
ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
// Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
InitFlg := TRUE;
// Start the NC program.
NcpStart:=TRUE;
```

Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.



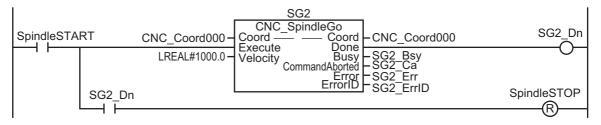
When contact *InterruptSW* is TRUE, the execution of the NC program stops.

| InterruptSW | | ControlInputs.FeedHold |
|--|-------------|------------------------|
| | InterruptSW | ControlInputs.FeedHold |
| ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus - In1 _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncHold - In2 | | InterruptSW |

When contact SpindleSTOP is TRUE, start the spindle control to stop the rotation of the spindle axis.

| 1 | | SG1 | 1 |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-----|--------|
| SpindleSTOP | CNC_Coord000 – LREAL#0.0 – | | SG1_Dn |

When contact SpindleSTART is TRUE, start the spindle control to start the rotation of the spindle axis.

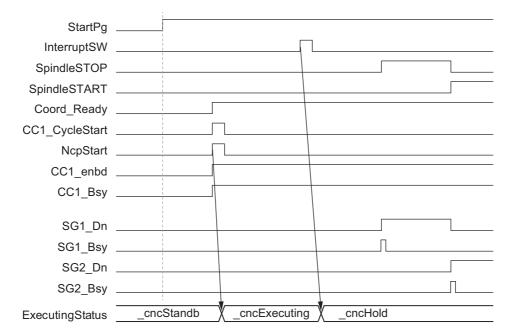


Structured Text (ST)

Main Variables

| Name | Data type | Default | Comment |
|--------------|-----------------|---------|--|
| CNC_Coord000 | _sCNC_COORD_REF | | CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0. |
| CNC_Motor000 | _sCNC_MOTOR_REF | | CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0. |
| StartPg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation start switch. |
| | | | The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communica- tions are established. |
| Coord_Ready | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the execution ready completion status of the NC program. |
| | | | This variable changes to TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied. |
| NcpStart | BOOL | FALSE | When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is exe- cuted. |
| InitFlg | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the input parameter setting comple- tion. |
| | | | Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. |
| | | | When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE. |
| InterruptSW | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the operation interrupt switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the execution of |
| | | | the NC program pauses. |
| SpindleSTOP | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the spindle stop switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis stops. |
| SpindleSTART | BOOL | FALSE | Indicates the spindle start switch. |
| | | | When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis starts. |

• Timing Chart



Sample Programming

```
// When StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and
set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (StartPg = TRUE)AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr2 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr2 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr3 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr3 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3_Status = TRUE) AND (CNC_Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready=TRUE) THEN
        Pwr4 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
        Pwr4 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute
homing of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4_Status=TRUE) THEN
       Hm1 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm1 D=TRUE) THEN
        Hm2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status=TRUE) AND (Hm2 D=TRUE) THEN
       Hm3 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error
handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active=TRUE) THEN
        FaultHandler();
END IF;
```

12

```
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord Ready to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D =TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready=TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
       Coord Ready :=FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready=TRUE) THEN
       CC1 En:=TRUE;
ELSE
       CC1 En:=FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set
IF (InitFlg=FALSE) AND (CC1 enbd=TRUE) THEN
       // CNC_CoordControl parameter
       // Specify the NC program (No. 1) that was created on the SysmacStudio.
       ControlInputs.ProgramNo:=UINT#1;
       ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
       ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor:=LREAL#100.0;
       ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.BackTrace:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.DryRun:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.FeedHold:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.MachineLock:=FALSE;
       // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
       InitFlg := TRUE;
       // Start the NC program.
       NcpStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg=TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady=TRUE) AND (NcpStart=TRUE)
THEN
       CC1 CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1 CycleStart =TRUE) THEN
               ControlInputs.CycleStart:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, change CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting) THEN
       NcpStart:=FALSE;
       CC1 CycleStart:=FALSE;
       ControlInputs.CycleStart:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When InterruptSW is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
IF (InterruptSW=TRUE) THEN
       ControlInputs.FeedHold:=TRUE;
END IF;
// When pausing of the NC program is completed, change InterruptSW to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _cncHold) THEN
       InterruptSW:=FALSE;
END IF;
```

```
// When SpindleSTOP is TRUE, stop the rotation of the spindle axis.
IF SpindleSTOP=TRUE THEN
       SG1 Ex:=TRUE;
ELSE
       SG1 Ex:=FALSE;
END IF;
// When SpindleSTART is TRUE, start the rotation of the spindle axis.
IF SpindleSTART=TRUE THEN
       SG2 Ex:=TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the Spindle Control instruction is completed.
IF SG2 Dn=TRUE THEN
       SpindleSTOP:=FALSE;
END_IF;
// CNC_Power of X-axis
PWR1(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr1 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#0,
       Status=>Pwr1 Status,
       Busy => Pwrl Bsy,
    Error => Pwr1_Err,
    ErrorID => Pwrl ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr2 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#1,
       Status=>Pwr2 Status,
       Busy => Pwr2 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr2 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr3 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#2,
       Status=>Pwr3 Status,
       Busy => Pwr3_Bsy,
    Error => Pwr3 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
       Coord:= CNC Coord000,
       Enable:=Pwr4 En,
       LogicalMotorNo:=UINT#100,
       Status=>Pwr4 Status,
       Busy => Pwr4_Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4_Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
```

12

```
// CNC Home of X-axis
HM1 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hml Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#0 ,
 Done => Hm1 D,
 Busy => Hml Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hm1 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm2 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1 ,
 Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm2 Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
НМЗ (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm3 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#2 ,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3_Bsy,
 CommandAborted=> Hm3 Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm3 ErrID
);
11
        CNC CoordControl
CC1(
        Coord:= CNC Coord000,
        ControlInputs:=ControlInputs,
        ControlOutputs:=ControlOutputs,
        Enable:=CC1 En,
        Enabled=>CC1_enbd,
        Busy=>CC1_Bsy,
        Error=>CC1 Err,
        ErrorID=>CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC SpindleGo (for the spindle axis stop)
SG1(
        Coord:=CNC Coord000,
        Execute:=SG1 Ex,
        Velocity:=LREAL#0.0,
        Done=>SG1 Dn,
        Busy=>SG1_Bsy,
        CommandAborted=>SG1 Ca,
        Error=>SG1 Err,
        ErrorID=>SG1 ErrID
);
```

CNC_GantrySkewControl

The CNC_GantrySkewControl instruction controls the skew of the gantry axes.

| Instruction | Name | FB/F UN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------|---|---|
| CNC_GantrySkewControl | Gantry skew control | FB | CNC_GantrySkewControl_instance CNC_GantrySkewControl Coord Coord OffsetValue OffsetValue Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy SkewMode CommandAborted Error ErrorID | CNC_GantrySkewControl_instance(Coord :=parameter, OffsetValue :=parameter, Execute :=parameter, LogicalMotorNo :=parameter, SkewMode :=parameter, Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Error =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|---------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|---------|---|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction is executed when <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. |
| LogicalMo- torNo | Logical Motor Num- ber | UINT | 0 to (Maximum positioning logi- cal CNC motor number) - 1 | 0 | Specifies a logical motor number. Specify a logical motor number of the CNC motor assigned to the gan- try master axis. |
| SkewMode | Skew Con- trol Mode | _eCNC _SKEW _MODE | 0: _cncCalcOffset 1: _cncAlignOffset 2: _cncWriteOffset 3: _cncReadOffset | 0 | Specifies the operating mode of the gantry skew control. _cncCalcOffset: Calculates the gan- try offset value. _cncAlignOffset: Changes the gan- try offset value and adjusts the slave axis position. _cncWriteOffset: Changes the gan- try offset value. _cncReadOffset: Reads the gantry offset value that is currently valid. |



Precautions for Correct Use

- If a motor that is not assigned to the gantry master axis is specified for the *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical Motor Number) input variable, the *Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Speci-fied* (56050000 hex) error is output.
- If the *SkewMode* (Skew Control Mode) input variable is either 1: _cncAlignOffset or 2: _cncWriteOffset, check if the OffsetValue (Offset Value) in-out variable is appropriate when this instruction is executed. If the value is invalid, the Offset Value Setting Out of Range (562B0000 hex) error is output. The value is not checked when *SkewMode* (Skew Control Mode) is set to 0: _cncCalcOffset or 3: _cncReadOffset.

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|---|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| Command- Aborted | Command Aborted | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE while there is an error. |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. | When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.When <i>CommandAborted</i> changes to TRUE. |
| Command- Aborted | When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (<i>Aborting</i>). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. | When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the execution condi- tions or input parameters for the instruction. | When the error is cleared. |

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-------------|---|
| Coord | CNC Coordi- nate System | _sCNC_COOR- D_REF | | Specifies the CNC coordinate system. |
| OffsetValue | Offset Value | LREAL | | Input: Specify a gantry offset value to change. |
| | | | | It is used when the skew control mode is _cncAlignOffset or _cncWriteOffset. |
| | | | | Output: When the execution of an instruction is completed, the currently valid gantry offset value is stored. |

Functions

A displacement from the home exists between the gantry axes. The value that compensates this displacement is called a gantry offset. Before starting up the gantry system machine, you need to calculate the gantry offset and adjust the value at first.

This instruction is used to calculate and adjust the gantry offset.

Instruction Details

This instruction allows you to switch the operation according to your purposes with *SkewMode* (Skew Control Mode).

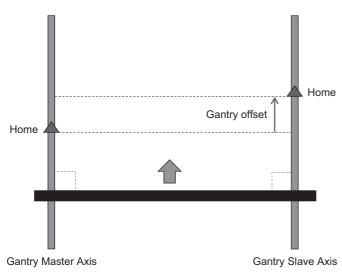
Additional Information

The CNC Function Module saves the gantry offset value changed by this instruction in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory.

_cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)

This mode is used to perform homing operation for the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis in sequence and calculate the offset value between the gantry axes.

This is a general method for calculating the gantry offset value if the gantry system uses an incremental encoder. When you start the system, you must use this mode first and calculate the gantry offset.



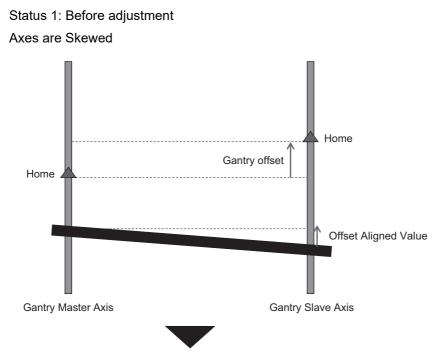
- To perform homing operation for the calculation of the gantry offset, use the homing settings that is set in the each CNC motor settings for the gantry master and slave axes.
- Before executing this instruction, make sure that the gantry axes are positioned in parallel as shown in the figure. If you execute the instruction while the axes are skewed, the gantry offset value will not be calculated correctly.
- When this instruction completes successfully, the gantry offset value is stored in *OffsetValue* (Offset Value) in-out variable.
- When this instruction completes successfully, homes are defined for the gantry master and slave axes. In addition, the current position of the gantry slave axis will be preset so that it is placed at the same current position as the gantry master axis.

_cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)

This mode is used to change the specified value to the currently valid gantry offset value and move the gantry slave axis depending on the distance relative to the offset value change.

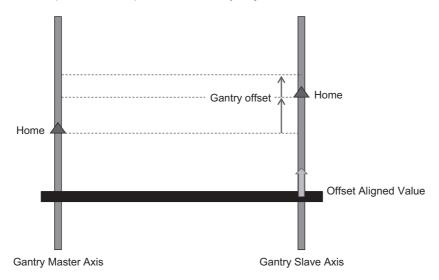
_cncAlignOffset is used for fine-tuning the position after the calculation of the gantry offset value by measuring the parallelism between the axes. This is also used for setting an offset value without using the gantry offset value calculation mode for the gantry system that uses the absolute encoder.

Example of offset value adjustment





Axes are positioned in parallel after they adjust the offset



- Set the *OffsetValue* (Offset Value) in-out variable according to the following formula: OffsetValue (Offset Value): = currently valid offset value + offset aligned value
- Use Alignment Velocity for the velocity of adjustment operation.

• _cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)

This mode is used to change the currently valid gantry offset value to the specified value. The difference from _cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment) is that minor adjustment is not performed after the value is changed.

In addition, this mode can be executed in the servo unlock state.

_cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)

This mode is used to read the currently valid gantry offset value.

In addition, this mode can be executed in the servo unlock state.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Execute* changes to TRUE.
- Done (Done) changes to TRUE when the skew control completes.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) and *Done* (Done) change to FALSE.

| Execute | |
|----------------|---------|
| Done | |
| Busy | |
| CommandAborted | |
| Error | |
| ErrorID | 16#0000 |

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

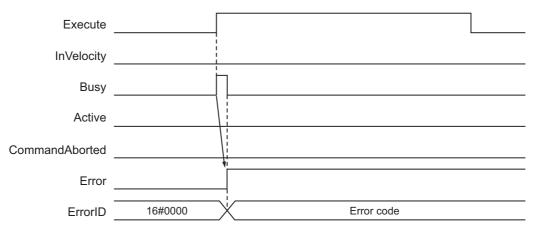
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



13

Common Command Instructions

This section describes the instructions that are used for both CNC motors and CNC coordinate systems.

| CNC_Write | 13-2 |
|---------------------|-------|
| CNC_Read | 13-11 |
| CNC_LoadProgramFile | 13-16 |

CNC_Write

The CNC_Write instruction overwrites CNC parameters.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|-------------|-----------|--------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CNC_Write | Write CNC | FB | CNC_Write_instance | CNC_Write_instance (|
| | Setting | | CNC Write | Target := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Target Target | SettingValue := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | SettingValue SettingValue Done | Execute := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Execute Done ParameterNumber Busy | ParameterNumber := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | CommandAborted | Done => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Error | Busy => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | ErrorID | CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | Error => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | ErrorID => <i>parameter</i> |
| | | | |); |

Precautions for Correct Use

The values that are written by this instruction are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC integrated controller. Any written values are lost when the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF, when settings are downloaded, or when the CNC Function Module is restarted. They return to the values that were set from the Sysmac Studio.

Use the Sysmac Studio and transfer the parameters to save them to the non-volatile memory.

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|----------|----------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction is executed when |
| | | | | | Execute changes to TRUE. |
| Parame- | Parame- | _eCNC | | 0 ^{*1} | Specify the parameter to write. |
| ter Num- | ter Num- | _PARAME- | 0: _cncRotaryVel | | 0: Rotary Axis Velocity |
| ber | ber | TER_NUM- | 1: _cncDryRunVel | | 1: Dry Run Velocity |
| | | BER | 2: _cncFeedholdTime | | 2: Feed Hold Acceleration Decel- |
| | | | | | eration Time |
| | | | 3: _cncInPosTime | | 3: In-position Check Time |
| | | | 4: _cncSwLmtCtrl | | 4: Software Overtravel Limit Oper- |
| | | | | | ation Control |
| | | | 5: _cncToolShape | | 5: Tool Shape Data |
| | | | 6: _cncToolRadiusCom- | | 6: Tool Radius Compensation |
| | | | pCtrl | | Control |
| | | | 7: _cncSpindleOrientation | | 7: Spindle Axis Orientation Opera- |
| | | | | | tion |
| | | | 8: _cncSingleBlockOption | | 8: Single Block Execution Option ^{*2} |
| | | | 9: _cncLHDistance | | 9: Lookahead Distance |
| | | | 11: _cncMaxFeedrate | | 11: Maximum Feedrate |

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|------|---------|-----------|--|---------|--|
| | | | 15: _cncOverrideModeSe- | | 15: Override Method Selection |
| | | | lect | | |
| | | | 20: _cncWorkOffset1 | | 20: 1st Work Coordinate System |
| | | | | | Offset |
| | | | 21: _cncWorkOffset2 | | 21: 2nd Work Coordinate System |
| | | | | | Offset |
| | | | 22: _cncWorkOffset3 | | 22: 3rd Work Coordinate System |
| | | | | | Offset |
| | | | 23: _cncWorkOffset4 | | 23: 4th Work Coordinate System |
| | | | | | Offset |
| | | | 24: _cncWorkOffset5 | | 24: 5th Work Coordinate System |
| | | | | | Offset |
| | | | 25: _cncWorkOffset6 | | 25: 6th Work Coordinate System |
| | | | 20: anoBofDoint1 | | Offset 30: 1st Reference Point |
| | | | 30: _cncRefPoint1 | | 31: 2nd Reference Point |
| | | | 31: _cncRefPoint2 32: _cncRefPoint3 | | 32: 3rd Reference Point |
| | | | 33: cncRefPoint4 | | 33: 4th Reference Point |
| | | | 1000: _cncCoordOpeSet- | | 1000: CNC Coordinate System |
| | | | tings0 | | Extended Operation Settings No.0 |
| | | | 1001: _cncCoordOpeSet- | | 1001: CNC Coordinate System |
| | | | tings1 | | Extended Operation Settings No.1 |
| | | | 1002: _cncCoordOpeSet- | | 1002: CNC Coordinate System |
| | | | tings2 | | Extended Operation Settings No.2 |
| | | | 50: _cncFELmt | | 50: Following Error Over Value |
| | | | 51: _cncChkFELmt | | 51: Following Error Warning Value |
| | | | 52: _cncSwLmt | | 52: Software Overtravel Limit |
| | | | 53: _cncPosiSwLmt | | 53: Positive Software Overtravel Limit |
| | | | 54: _cncNegaSwLmt | | 54: Negative Software Overtravel |
| | | | | | Limit |
| | | | 55: _cncInPosCycle | | 55: Number of In-position Continu- |
| | | | | | ance Cycles |
| | | | 56: _cncInPosRange | | 56: In-position Range |
| | | | 57: _cncRapidFeedAcc | | 57: Rapid Feed Accelera- |
| | | | | | tion/Deceleration |
| | | | 58: _cncSkipVel | | 58: Skip Velocity 59: PID Control |
| | | | 59: _cncPIDCtr | | |
| | | | 62: _cncRapidFeedVel | | 62: Rapid Feed Velocity 63: Maximum Acceleration/Decel- |
| | | | 63: _cncMotorMaxAcc | | 63: Maximum Acceleration/Decel- |
| | | | 2000: cncMotorOpeSet- | | 2000: CNC Motor Operation |
| | | | tings0 | | Extended Settings No.0 |
| | | | 2001: _cncMotorOpeSet- | | 2001: CNC Motor Operation |
| | | | tings1 | | Extended Settings No.1 |
| | | | 2002: _cncMotorOpeSet- | | 2002: CNC Motor Operation |
| | | | tings2 | | Extended Settings No.2 |
| | | | 100: _cncCompScaling | | 100: Compensation Scailing |

*1. The default value for an enumeration variable is actually not the number, but the enumerator.

*2. The single block execution option is a parameter that can only be changed with CNC_Write.

CNC_Write

• Parameter Data Types and Setting Ranges

The table below shows the valid range of each parameter. However, this valid range is available for this instruction, and it varies depending on the value of the correlative parameter.

| Parameter | Data type | Valid range | Comments |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| C Coordinate System Par | ameters | | |
| Rotary Axis Velocity | LREAL | Positive number | |
| Dry Run Velocity | LREAL | Positive number | |
| Feed Hold Acceleration | UDINT | 1 to 10,000 [ms] | |
| Deceleration Time | | | |
| In-position Check Time | UINT | 0 to 10,000 [ms] | |
| Software Overtravel | _eCNC_SWLMT | _cncSwLmtOTErr := | 0: Error |
| Limit Operation Control | CONTROL | 0 | 1: No error (Path saturation) |
| | | _cncSwLmtTraj | |
| | | Saturation := 1 | |
| Tool Shape Data | _sCNC_TOOL | Refer to | Refer to _sCNC_TOOL_SHAPE. |
| | _SHAPE | _sCNC_TOOL | |
| | | _SHAPE. | |
| | | | |
| Tool Radius Compensa- | _sCNC_TOOL | Refer to | Refer to _sCNC_TOOL_RADIUS |
| tion Control | _RADIUS_COMP | _sCNC_TOOL | COMP. |
| | | _RADIUS_COMP. | |
| | | | |
| Orientation of Spindle | _sSPINDLE | Refer to _sSPIN- | Refer to _sSPINDLE_ORIENTATION. |
| Axis | _ORIENTATION | DLE | |
| Setting | | _ORIENTATION. | |
| | | | |
| Single Block Execution | _eCNC_SINGLE | _cncSingleBlockOp- | 0: The single block execution option is |
| Option | _BLOCK_OPTION | tionDisable = 0 | disabled. |
| | | _cncSingleBlockOp- | 1: The single block execution option is |
| | | tionEnable = 1 | enabled. |
| Lookahead Distance | UDINT | 1 to 4,096 | |
| Maximum Feedrate | | 0 min. | |
| Override Method Selec- | _eCNC_OVER- RIDE MODE SE- | _cncSegmentOver- ride := 0 | 0: Segment override method |
| tion | LECT | | 1: Time-base override method |
| | | _cncTimebaseOver- | |
| 1 at Mark Coordinate | | ride := 1 | |
| 1st Work Coordinate System Offset | _sCNC_COORD _AX_DATA | Negative number, positive number, or | |
| System Onset | | 0 | |
| 2nd Work Coordinate | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| System Offset | AX_DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |
| 3rd Work Coordinate | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| System Offset | _AX_DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |
| 4th Work Coordinate | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| System Offset | _AX_DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |
| 5th Work Coordinate | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| System Offset | _AX_DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |
| 6th Work Coordinate | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| System Offset | _AX_DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |

| Parameter | Data type | Valid range | Comments |
|---|--------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1st Reference Point | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| | _AX_DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |
| 2nd Reference Point | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| | _AX_DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |
| 3rd Reference Point | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| | _AX_DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |
| 4th Reference Point | _sCNC_COORD | Negative number, | |
| | AX DATA | positive number, or | |
| | | 0 | |
| CNC Coordinate Sys- | _sCNC_COOR- | Rerfer to | Rerfer to _sCNC_COORD_OPE |
| tem Extended Operation | D OPE SET- | _sCNC_COOR- | SETTINGS |
| Settings No.0 | TINGS | D OPE SET- | SETTINGS |
| CNC Coordinate Sys- | sCNC COOR- | | |
| tem Extended Operation | D OPE SET- | 11100 | |
| | TINGS | | |
| Settings No.1 | | - | |
| CNC Coordinate Sys- | _sCNC_COOR- | | |
| tem Extended Operation | D_OPE_SET- | | |
| Settings No.2 | TINGS | | |
| C Motor Parameters | | | 1 |
| Following Error Over | LREAL | 0.0 min. | |
| Value | | | |
| Following Error Warning | LREAL | 0.0 min. | |
| Value | | | |
| Software Overtravel | _eCNC_SWLMT | _cncNonSwLmt | 0: Disable software limits. |
| Limit | _MODE | := 0 | 1: Immediate stop for command po |
| | | cncCmdImmedia- | tion |
| | | teStop := 1 | (stop using remaining pulses) |
| Positive Software Over- | LREAL | Positive number | |
| travel Limit | | | |
| Negative Software Over- | LREAL | Negative numbers | |
| travel Limit | | | |
| Number of In-position | UINT | 0 to 255 | |
| Continuance Cycles | OINT | 0 10 200 | |
| In-position Range | LREAL | 0.0 min. | |
| · · · | | | |
| Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration | LREAL | 0 min. | |
| | | Desitive www.l | |
| Skip Velocity | LREAL | Positive number | |
| PID Control | _sCNC_PID | Refer to | Refer to _sCNC_PID_CONTROL |
| | _CONTROL | _sCNC_PID_CON- | |
| | | TROL | |
| Rapid Feed Velocity | LREAL | Positive number | |
| Maximum Accelera- | LREAL | 0 min. | |
| tion/Deceleration | | | |
| CNC Motor Operation | _sCNC_MO- | Refer to | Refer to _sCNC_MOTOR_OPE_S |
| Extended Settings No.0 | TOR_OPE_SET- | _sCNC_MO- | TINGS |
| | TINGS | TOR_OPE_SET- | |
| CNC Motor Operation | _sCNC_MO- | TINGS | |
| Extended Settings No.1 | TOR_OPE_SET- | | |
| 5 | TINGS | | |
| CNC Motor Operation | _sCNC_MO- | - | |
| Extended Settings No.2 | TOR_OPE_SET- | | |
| | TINGS | | |
| | | | |

| Parameter | Data type | Valid range | Comments |
|----------------------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| Compensation Scaling | LREAL | 0 to 2.0 | |

• _sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Х | X-axis Position | LREAL | Positive, negative, 0 | X-axis value |
| Y | Y-axis Position | LREAL | Positive, negative, 0 | Y-axis value |
| Z | Z-axis Position | LREAL | Positive, negative, 0 | Z-axis value |
| А | A-axis Position | LREAL | Positive, negative, 0 | A-axis value |
| В | B-axis Position | LREAL | Positive, negative, 0 | B-axis value |
| С | C-axis Position | LREAL | Positive, negative, 0 | C-axis value |

• _sCNC_TOOL_SHAPE

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| ToolRadius | Tool Radius | LREAL | 0.0 min. | Tool radius to be |
| | | | | compensated |
| ToolLength | Tool Length | LREAL | Positive, negative, 0 | Tool length to be |
| | | | | compensated |

• _sCNC_TOOL_RADIUS_COMP

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|
| OvercutMode | Over-cut Mode | _eCNC_OVER- CUT_MODE | _cncOvercutErr := 0 _cncOvercutAvoid := 1 _cncOvercutIgnore := 2 | Over-cut mode set- ting |
| | | DOO! | _cncOvercutTestAvoid := 3 | E. L. |
| ArcFeedrateMode | Circular Feed Rate Mode | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | Feedrate compensa- tion setting for circu- lar interpolation with compensation |

• _sSPINDLE_ORIENTATION

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| OrientationPos | Orientation Position | LREAL | 0 ≤ x < 1 | Orientation position set- |
| | | | | ting |
| OrientationVel | Orientation Velocity | LREAL | Positive number | Orientation velocity set- |
| | | | | ting |
| OrientationAcc | Orientation Accelera- | LREAL | 0.0 min. | Orientation accelera- |
| | tion/Deceleration | | | tion/deceleration setting |

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|-------|--|-----------|-------------|--|
| Кр | Position Loop Gain | REAL | 0 to 3000 | Position loop gain setting |
| Kvff | Velocity Feedforward Gain | REAL | 0 to 100 | Velocity feedforward setting |
| Ki | Integral Gain | REAL | 0 | Integral gain setting (Reserved) |
| Kvfb | Velocity Feedback Gain | REAL | 0 | Velocity feedback gain set- ting (Reserved) |
| Kvifb | Velocity Feedback Gain (before integrator) | REAL | 0 | Velocity feedback gain (before integrator) setting (Reserved) |
| Kviff | Velocity Feedforward Gain (before integrator) | REAL | 0 | Velocity feedforward gain (before integrator) setting (Reserved) |
| Kaff | Acceleration Feedforward Gain | REAL | 0 | Acceleration feedforward gain setting (Reserved) |

• _sCNC_PID_CONTROL

• _sCNC_COORD_OPE_SETTINGS

| Input variable | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|----------------|------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| MaxFeedrate | Maximum Feedrate | LREAL | 0 min. | Setting of the maximum |
| | | | | feed rate of a path |
| RotaryAxisVel | Rotary Axis Velocity | LREAL | Positive num- | Setting of the rotary axis |
| | | | ber | velocity |
| InPosCheckTime | In-position Check Time | UINT | 0 to 10,000 | Setting of the in-position |
| | | | | check time |
| AccTime | Operation Acceleration | LREAL | 0 min. | Setting of the acceleration |
| | Time | | | time |
| DecTime | Operation Deceleration | LREAL | 0 min. | Setting of the deceleration |
| | Time | | | time |
| JerkTime | Operation Jerk Time | LREAL | 0 min. | Setting of the jerk time |
| LHDistance | Lookahead Distance | UDINT | 1 to 4,096 | Setting of the lookahead |
| | | | | distance |

• _sCNC_MOTOR_OPE_SETTINGS

| Input variable | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Function |
|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| MaxAccDec | Maximum Accelera- | LREAL | 0 min. | Setting of the maximum |
| | tion/Deceleration | | | acceleration rate for a CNC |
| | | | | motor operation command |
| RapidVel | Rapid Feed Velocity | LREAL | Positive num- | Setting of the velocity of the |
| | | | ber | rapid feed command |
| RapidAccDec | Rapid Feed Accelera- | LREAL | 0 min. | Setting of the accelera- |
| | tion/Deceleration | | | tion/deceleration rate of the |
| | | | | rapid feed command |
| AbortDec | Reserved | LREAL | 0 | Reserved |
| (Reserved) | | | | |
| InPosRange | In-position Range | LREAL | 0 min. | Setting of the in-position |
| | | | | width |
| InPosCycle | Number of In-position Con- | UINT | 0 to 255 | Setting of the time for |
| | tinuance Cycles | | | checking completion of |
| | | | | positioning |

13

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | • When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to |
| | | FALSE. |
| | | • After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE. | When Done changes to TRUE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When <i>CommandAborted</i> changes to TRUE. |
| CommandAborted | When another instruction causes | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| | an error and aborts this instruction. | FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the exe- | When the error is cleared. |
| | cution conditions or input parame- | |
| | ters for the instruction. | |

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|--------------|---------------|--|-------------|--|
| Target | Write Target | _sCNC_COORD _REF, _sCNC_MOTOR _REF, ARRAY[0N] OF REAL | | Specify the CNC motor, CNC coordinate system, or CNC compensation table data variable for which to write a param- eter. N in the array variable is set auto- matically by the Sysmac Studio. Specify the CNC motor compensation table data variable created with the CNC motor compensation table editor of Sysmac Studio. |
| SettingValue | Setting Value | *1 | | Specify the value to write. The valid range follows the CNC param- eter that is specified by <i>ParameterNum- ber</i> (Parameter Number). It is set to 0 by default. |

*1. Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

• In-Out Variable Update Timing

| Name | Write timing |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| SettingValue | When Done changes to TRUE. |

Functions

The CNC_Write instruction writes the SettingValue (Setting Value) to the CNC parameter specified by *Target* (Write Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) when *Execute* changes to TRUE. To specify the change target, combine the *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) with the *Target* (Write Target). If the combination you specified is invalid, it causes the CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range error (560F 0000 hex).



Precautions for Correct Use

The values that are written by this instruction are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC integrated controller. Any written values are lost when the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF, when settings are downloaded, or when the CNC Function Module is restarted. They return to the values that were set from the Sysmac Studio.

Use the Sysmac Studio and transfer the parameters to save them to the non-volatile memory.

Timing Chart

A timing chart is shown below when data 20 is written to _cncInPosRange (In-position Range) in the CNC motor parameter settings.

| Execute | |] |
|----------------|---|----------|
| Done | | <u>h</u> |
| Busy | | 1 |
| CommandAborted | | |
| Error | | |
| ErrorID | | 16#0000 |
| Value | 1 | 20 |

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If *Execute* for the same instance of this instruction changes to TRUE while *Busy* (Executing) is TRUE, the instruction is re-executed. At this time, the instruction overwrites the previous values of the *Target* (Write Target), *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number), and *SettingValue* (Setting Value) with the values that are specified when Execute rises.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Functions

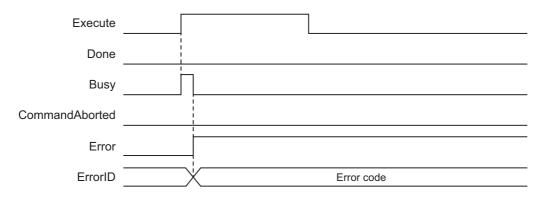
CNC_Write

Errors

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed. The previous values are retained.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs

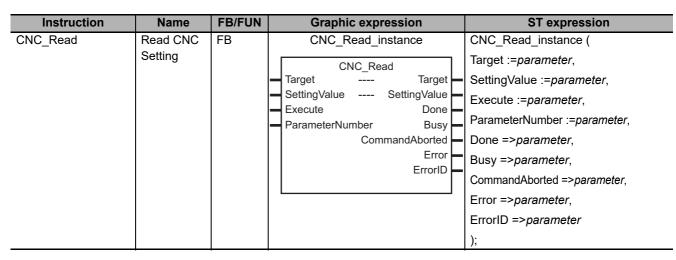


• Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting for details on error codes.

CNC_Read

The CNC_Read instruction reads CNC parameters.



Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|----------|----------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | FALSE | The instruction is executed when |
| | | | | | Execute changes to TRUE. |
| Parame- | Parame- | _eCNC | | 0 ^{*2} | Specify the parameter to read. |
| ter Num- | ter Num- | _PARAME- | 0: _cncRotaryVel | | 0: Rotary Axis Velocity |
| ber | ber | TER_NUM- | 1: _cncDryRunVel | | 1: Dry Run Velocity |
| | | BER ^{*1} | 2: _cncFeedholdTime | | 2: Feed Hold Acceleration Deceler- ation Time |
| | | | 3: _cncInPosTime | | 3: In-position Check Time |
| | | | 4: _cncSwLmtCtrl | | 4: Software Overtravel Limit Oper- ation Control |
| | | | 5: _cncToolShape | | 5: Tool Shape Data |
| | | | 6: _cncToolRadiusCom- pCtrl | | 6: Tool Radius Compensation Con- trol |
| | | | 7: _cncSpindleOrienta- tion | | 7: Spindle Axis Orientation Opera- tion |
| | | | 8: _cncSingleBlockOp- tion | | 8: Single Block Execution Option |
| | | | 9: _cncLHDistance | | 9: Lookahead Distance |
| | | | 11: _cncMaxFeedrate | | 11: Maximum Feedrate |
| | | | 15: _cncOverrideMode- Select | | 15: Override Method Selection |
| | | | 20: _cncWorkOffset1 | | 20: 1st Work Coordinate System Offset |
| | | | 21: _cncWorkOffset2 | | 21: 2nd Work Coordinate System Offset |
| | | | 22: _cncWorkOffset3 | | 22: 3rd Work Coordinate System Offset |

13

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|------|---------|-----------|----------------------|---------|---|
| | | | 23: _cncWorkOffset4 | | 23: 4th Work Coordinate System |
| | | | _ | | Offset |
| | | | 24: _cncWorkOffset5 | | 24: 5th Work Coordinate System |
| | | | | | Offset |
| | | | 25: _cncWorkOffset6 | | 25: 6th Work Coordinate System |
| | | | | | Offset |
| | | | 30: _cncRefPoint1 | | 30: 1st Reference Point |
| | | | 31: _cncRefPoint2 | | 31: 2nd Reference Point |
| | | | 32: _cncRefPoint3 | | 32: 3rd Reference Point |
| | | | 33: _cncRefPoint4 | | 33: 4th Reference Point |
| | | | 1000: _cncCoordOpe- | | 1000: CNC Coordinate System |
| | | | Settings0 | | Extended Operation Settings No.0 |
| | | | 1001: _cncCoordOpe- | | 1001: CNC Coordinate System |
| | | | Settings1 | | Extended Operation Settings No.1 |
| | | | 1002: _cncCoordOpe- | | 1002: CNC Coordinate System |
| | | | Settings2 | | Extended Operation Settings No.2 |
| | | | 50: _cncFELmt | | 50: Following Error Over Value |
| | | | 51: _cncChkFELmt | | 51: Following Error Warning Value |
| | | | 52: _cncSwLmt | | 52: Software Overtravel Limit |
| | | | 53: _cncPosiSwLmt | | 53: Positive Software Overtravel |
| | | | | | Limit |
| | | | 54: _cncNegaSwLmt | | 54: Negative Software Overtravel Limit |
| | | | 55: _cncInPosCycle | | 55: Number of In-position Continu- |
| | | | | | ance Cycles |
| | | | 56: _cnclnPosRange | | 56: In-position Range |
| | | | 57: _cncRapidFeedAcc | | 57: Rapid Feed Accelera- |
| | | | _ ' | | tion/Deceleration |
| | | | 58: _cncSkipVel | | 58: Skip Velocity |
| | | | 59: cncPIDCtr | | 59: PID Control |
| | | | 62: _cncRapidFeedVel | | 62: Rapid Feed Velocity |
| | | | 63: _cncMotorMaxAcc | | 63: Maximum Acceleration/Decel- |
| | | | - | | eration |
| | | | 2000: _cncMotorOpe- | | 2000: CNC Motor Operation |
| | | | Settings0 | | Extended Settings No.0 |
| | | | 2001: _cncMotorOpe- | | 2001: CNC Motor Operation |
| | | | Settings1 | | Extended Settings No.1 |
| | | | 2002: _cncMotorOpe- | | 2002: CNC Motor Operation |
| | | | Settings2 | | Extended Settings No.2 |
| | | | 100: _cncCompScaling | | 100: Compensation Scailing |

*1. Refer to the CNC_Write instruction for _eCNC_PARAMETER_NUMBER.

*2. The default value for an enumeration variable is actually not the number, but the enumerator.

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

Output Variables

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Name | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| | | FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When Done changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| CommandAborted | When another instruction causes | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| | an error and aborts this instruction. | FALSE. |
| | | After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the exe- | When the error is cleared. |
| | cution conditions or input parame- | |
| | ters for the instruction. | |

In-Out Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|--------------|---------------|--|-------------|---|
| Target | Read Target | _sCNC_COORD _REF or _sCNC_MOTOR _REF or ARRAY[0N] OF REAL | | Specify a CNC motor, CNC coordinate system, or CNC motor compensation table data variable from which to read a parameter. N in the array variable is set automati- cally by the Sysmac Studio. Specify the CNC motor compensation table data variable created with the CNC motor compensation table editor of Sysmac Studio. |
| SettingValue | Setting Value | *1 | | Stores the read values. The valid range follows the CNC param- eter that is specified by <i>ParameterNum-</i> <i>ber</i> (Parameter Number). |

*1. Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

13

In-Out Variable Update Timing

| Name | Write timing |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| SettingValue | When Done changes to TRUE. |

Functions

The CNC_Read instruction reads the CNC parameter specified by *Target* (Read Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) to the *SettingValue* (Setting Value) when *Execute* changes to TRUE.

| ~ |
|---|
| / |
| |

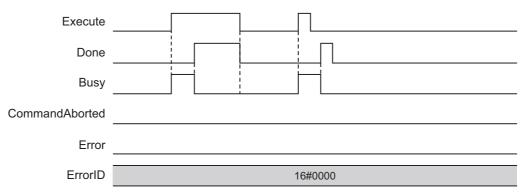
Precautions for Correct Use

The parameter values that can be read by this instruction are not those saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC integrated controller but those that is enabled at the timing when this instruction was executed.

For example, if you wrote parameters with the CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) instruction, the written parameters are read.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for execution of the CNC_Read (Read CNC Setting) instruction is shown below.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If *Execute* for the same instance of this instruction changes to TRUE while *Busy* (Executing) is TRUE, the instruction is re-executed. The CNC_Read instruction reads the parameter specified by *Target* (Read Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) when the last *Execute* changes to TRUE.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

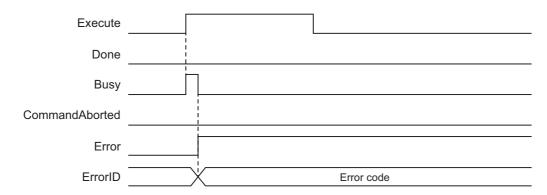
Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-15 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Errors

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed. The previous values are retained.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



• Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting for details on error codes.

CNC_LoadProgramFile

The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction loads an NC program from an external non-volatile memory into the main memory.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|---------------------|------------|--------|---|--------------------------------------|
| CNC_LoadProgramFile | NC program | FB | CNC_LoadProgramFile_instance | CNC_LoadProgramFile_instance (|
| | load | | CNC LoadProgramFile | Execute := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Execute Done | FileName := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | FileName Busy DeletePrg CommandAborted | DeletePrg := <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | Error | Done => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | ErrorID | Busy => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | CommandAborted => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | Error => <i>parameter</i> , |
| | | | | ErrorID => <i>parameter</i> |
| | | | |); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Default | Description |
|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | FALSE | The instruction is executed when Exe- |
| | | | FALSE | | cute changes to TRUE. |
| FileName | File Name | STRING | *1 | | File name to be loaded |
| DeletePrg | Program Deletion Option | _eCNC_DE LETE_PRG | _cncNot DelPrg (0) _cncDel LoadedPrg (1) | _cncNot DelPrg (0) | Specify whether to delete the NC pro- gram loaded by this instruction. _cncNotDelPrg: Do not delete NC pro- gram _cncDelLoadedPrg: Delete all the loaded NC programs |

*1. Up to 66 bytes (65 bytes + NULL)

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| Command- | Command | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE when the instruction is aborted. |
| Aborted | Aborted | | FALSE | |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or | TRUE while there is an error. |
| | | | FALSE | |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. |
| | | | | A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

Output Variables

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

• Output Variable Update Timing

| Output variable | Timing for changing to TRUE | Timing for changing to FALSE |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Done | When this instruction is completed. | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| | | FALSE. |
| | | • After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Busy | When Execute changes to TRUE. | When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE. |
| | | When Error changes to TRUE. |
| | | • When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. |
| CommandAborted | When another instruction causes | When Execute is TRUE and changes to |
| | an error and aborts this instruction. | FALSE. |
| | | • After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE. |
| Error | When there is an error in the exe- | When the error is cleared. |
| | cution conditions or input parame- | |
| | ters for the instruction. | |

13

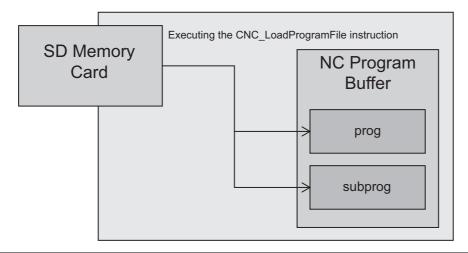
Functions

In order to execute an NC program, it must be loaded into the NC program buffer. This instruction loads the NC program stored in the file (on the SD Memory Card) specified by *FileName*, in the NC program buffer.

Two types of NC program buffers are provided: prog for main programs, and subprog for sub programs. Specify the NC program buffer used to load the NC program in the program file. Up to 512 programs can be loaded into each of the buffers.

NC programs are identified according to the program numbers. If you load a program that has the same program number, the program will be overwritten. The program number must be specified in the program file.

When loading programs, make sure that the NC programs in all the CNC coordinate systems are stopped. Otherwise, a CNC Multi-execution Disabled error (56040000 hex) will occur when the programs are loaded during execution of NC program.

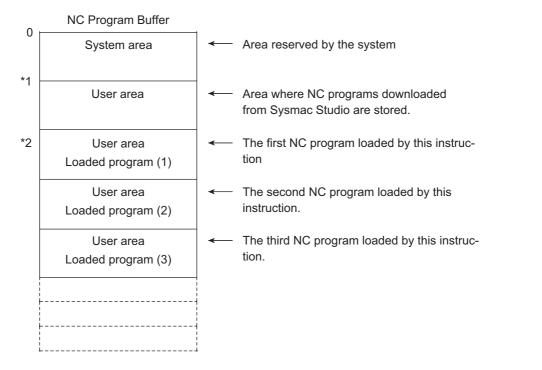


| Program area | Maximum number of programs that can be registered | Range of pro | Program capacity | | |
|--------------|--|--------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Main program | 512 programs | Sysmac Studio | No.0001 to 0299 | In the total number | |
| | (Total number including the pro- grams downloaded from Sysmac Studio) | CNC_loadProgram- File | No.0300 to 0999 | of main and sub pro- grams, the NJ5 series has a capac- ity of 16 MB, and the | |
| Sub program | 512 programs | Sysmac Studio | No.1000 to 2999 | NY5 series has a | |
| | (Total number including the pro- grams downloaded from Sysmac Studio) | CNC_loadProgram- File | No.3000 to 9999 | capacity of 64 MB. The system area also uses this area. | |

NC Program Buffer Configuration and Program Deletion

The CNC Function Module provides a program buffer. Main and sub programs are stored in the same buffer. NC programs are placed in the following sequence from the head address of the buffer: first the system area reserved for the system and next the area that contains the NC programs downloaded from Sysmac Studio.

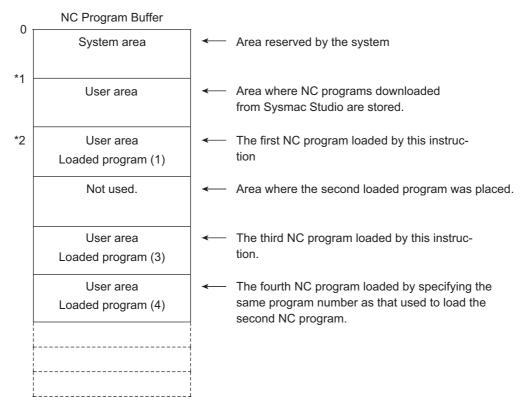
The NC programs loaded by this instruction are placed in the areas following the NC program area downloaded from Sysmac Studio in the order in which they are loaded.



- *1. The available size of the system area is approximately 1 MB.
- *2. The available size of the device manufacturer's area varies depending on the size of the NC programs downloaded from Sysmac Studio.

When a program that has the same program number is loaded, it will be placed at the bottom of the area. An area in which an overwritten NC program exists is not reused and it becomes free space.

Therefore, if NC programs are repeatedly loaded using this instruction, the NC program buffer runs out, and a Load NC Program Size Over error (56230000 hex) is output.



To solve buffer shortage, specify DeletePrg (Program Deletion Option) to _cncDelLoadedPrg (Delete all the loaded NC programs), and execute this instruction at the timing of a setup change. After the loaded NC programs are deleted by this instruction, a new program is loaded.

Even if this *DeletePrg* (Program Deletion Option) instruction is executed, the NC programs placed in the system area and the NC programs loaded from Sysmac Studio are not deleted.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the execution of the CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is shown below.

| Execute | |
|----------------|---------|
| Done | |
| Busy | |
| CommandAborted | |
| Error | |
| ErrorID | 16#0000 |

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction does not detect re-execution. When a CNC instruction is restarted, the system continues the currently executed NC program without a new input value. Also, output variables is not changed due to re-execution.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

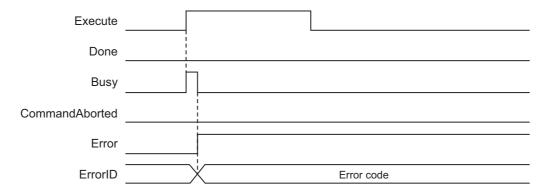
This instruction does not support the multi-execution function. Therefore, more than one instance cannot be executed multiply. If multiple instances are executed, it causes a Too Many Files Open error (56200000 hex).

Errors

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed. The previous values are retained.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

• Timing Chart When Error Occurs



• Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting for details on error codes.

Related System-defined Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Description |
|-----------------|---|-----------|---|
| _Card1Ready | SD Memory Card Ready Flag | BOOL | This flag indicates whether or not the SD Memory Card is physically inserted and whether the mount |
| | | | process is completed successfully, and thus it is now accessible by instructions and communica- tion commands. |
| | | | TRUE: The card can be used. |
| | | | FALSE: The card cannot be used. |
| _Card1Protect | SD Memory Card Write Protected Flag | BOOL | This flag indicates whether or not the SD Memory Card, which has been mounted and is ready, is write-protected. |
| | | | TRUE: Writing is not possible. |
| | | | FALSE: Writing is possible. |
| _Card1Err | SD Memory Card Error Flag | BOOL | This flag indicates whether or not an out-of-speci- fication SD Memory Card (e.g. SDHC card) is mounted, or whether or not the card has a format error (the format is not FAT16 or the system file is damaged). |
| | | | TRUE: Writing is not possible. |
| | | | FALSE: Writing is possible. |
| _Card1Access | SD Memory Card Access Flag | BOOL | This flag indicates whether the SD Memory Card is currently being accessed. |
| | | | TRUE: The card is accessed. |
| | | | FALSE: The card is not accessed. |
| _Card1PowerFail | SD Memory Card Power Interruption Flag | BOOL | This flag indicates whether an error occurred during processing when power was interrupted while the SD Memory Card was accessed. |
| | | | This flag is not cleared automatically. |
| | | | TRUE: An error occurred. |
| | | | FALSE: No error occurred. |

Additional Information

The root directory in a file name indicates the first layer of the SD Memory Card.

Precautions for Correct Use

- This instruction continues the processing to the end even when *Execute* changes to FALSE and execution time exceeds the task period. Whether the process has terminated successfully can be checked by confirming that the Done value has changed to TRUE.
- If the size of the specified file is larger than that of the CNC program buffer, an error occurs.
- Do not access the same file simultaneously with this instruction and SD Memory Card instruction. In the user program, perform exclusive control between this instruction and SD Memory Card instruction.
- For an NC program file to be loaded with this instruction, specify the file (extension: pmc) that is created after the NC program was parsed by CNC Operator. If parse processing is not performed, an NC program file cannot be loaded properly or does not run normally.
- In the following cases, Error changes to TRUE:
 - The SD Memory Card is not ready for use.
 - The file specified by FileName does not exist.
 - The *FileName* value is not valid as a file name.
 - The *FileName* value exceeds the number of bytes that can use for a file name.
 - An error occurred while the SD Memory Card was being accessed, and the card is not accessible.
 - An attempt was made to load main and sub programs over the respective maximum numbers of programs that can be registered.
 - An attempt was made to load programs over the specified program buffer size.
 - This instruction was started while any CNC coordinate system was Executing or Hold.
 - · A failure such as a syntax error was detected in the loaded NC program.
 - One row in the loaded NC program exceeds 1,020 bytes.
 - · Multiple instances of this instruction were executed multiply.

14

System Control Instructions

This section describes instructions that are used for system control.

| ResetCNCError | 14-2 |
|---------------|------|
| GetCNCError | 14-4 |

ResetCNCError

The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | Graphic expression | ST expression |
|---------------|-----------|--------|--|---|
| ResetCNCError | CNC Error | FB | ResetCNCError_instance | ResetCNCError_instance (|
| | Reset | | ResetCNCError Execute Done Busy Failure Error ErrorID | Execute :=parameter, Done =>parameter, Busy =>parameter, Failure =>parameter, Error =>parameter, ErrorID =>parameter); |

Variables

Input Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Execute | Execute | BOOL | TRUE or | The instruction is executed when Execute |
| | | | FALSE | changes to TRUE. The default is FALSE. |

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|---------|-------------|-----------|------------------|---|
| Done | Done | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is completed. |
| Busy | Executing | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged. |
| Failure | Failure End | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE when the instruction was not executed correctly. |
| Error | Error | BOOL | TRUE or FALSE | TRUE while there is an error. |
| ErrorID | Error Code | WORD | *1 | Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution. |

*1. Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting.

Functions

The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

If the reset fails, Failure (Failure End) changes to TRUE.

The ResetCNCError instruction applies to all the CNC coordinate systems even if the program that ResetCNCError instruction is executed is written in any task.

Related System-defined Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Description |
|-------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| _CNC_ErrSta | CNC Error Status | WORD | Contains the error status of the CNC Func- |
| | | | tion Module. |

Precautions for Correct Use

- Errors are not necessarily reset immediately after the execution of this instruction. Check the GetCNCError instruction to confirm whether the error is reset.
- When you use this instruction for the OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, perform exclusive control to prevent the ResetECError instruction from being executed simultaneously.

If this instruction is executed simultaneously with ResetECError instruction, the G5-series Servo Drive may not be able to accept subsequent SDOs.

Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming of the ResetMCError instruction described in the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502).

GetCNCError

The GetCNCError instruction obtains the highest level status (partial fault or minor fault) and highest level event code of the current Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

| Instruction | Name | FB/FUN | | Graphic expressi | ion | | ST expression |
|-------------|---------------|--------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------------|
| GetCNCError | Get CNC Error | FUN | | | | _ | Out:=GetCNCError(Level,Code); |
| | Status | | | (@)GetCNCError | | | |
| | | | EN EN | | | - Out | |
| | | | | | Level | - | |
| | | | | | Code | - | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | • | |

Variables

Output Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Valid range | Description |
|-------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------|--|
| Out | Error Flag | BOOL | *1 | TRUE: Controller error exists. |
| | | | | FALSE: No Controller error |
| Level | Highest Level Status | UINT | 0, 2, and 3 | The highest level status of the current Controller errors that exist in the CNC Function Module |
| | LeverStatus | | | |
| | | | | 0: No Controller error |
| | | | | 2: Partial fault level |
| | | | | 3: Minor fault level |
| Code | Highest | DWORD | 16#0000000 | The highest level event code of the current Con- |
| | Level Event | | 16#00070000 to | troller errors that exist in the CNC Function Module |
| | Code | | 16#FFFFFFF | 16#0000_0000: No Controller error |
| | | | | 16#0007_0000 to 16#FFFF_FFFF: Event code |

*1. Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

Functions

This instruction obtains *Level* (Highest Level Status) and *Code* (Highest Level Event Code) of the current *Controller* errors that exist in the CNC Function Module.

If there are no current Controller errors, the Out (Error Flag) value changes to FALSE.

If there are two or more Controller errors of the highest level event code, *Code* takes as its value the event code of the *Controller* error that occurred first.

Related System-defined Variables

| Name | Meaning | Data type | Description |
|-------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| _CNC_ErrSta | CNC Error Status | WORD | Contains the error status of the CNC Func- |
| | | | tion Module. |

Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming of the ResetMCError instruction described in the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W502).

15

Troubleshooting

This section describes errors (events) that may occur in the CNC Function Module and measures used to correct those errors.

| 15-1 Errors | Related to the CNC Function Module | 15-2 |
|--------------|--|-------|
| 15-1-1 | Error Locations Related to the CNC Function Module | |
| 15-1-2 | Types | |
| 15-1-3 | Event Levels | |
| 15-1-4 | Errors for each Source in CNC Function Module | |
| 15-1-5 | EtherCAT Communication, EtherCAT Slave, and NX Unit Errors . | |
| 15-1-6 | Servo Drive Errors | |
| 15-1-7 | NX Unit Errors | 15-8 |
| 15-2 Trouble | eshooting | 15-9 |
| 15-2-1 | How to Check Errors | |
| 15-2-2 | How to Reset Error | 15-12 |
| 15-3 Error L | ists | 15-13 |
| 15-3-1 | Interpreting Error Descriptions | 15-14 |
| 15-3-2 | Error Lists | 15-15 |
| 15-4 Error D | escriptions | 15-37 |
| 15-4-1 | How to Check Error Contents | 15-37 |
| 15-4-2 | Error Descriptions | 15-38 |

15-1 Errors Related to the CNC Function Module

This section describes the errors that are related to the CNC Function Module.



Additional Information

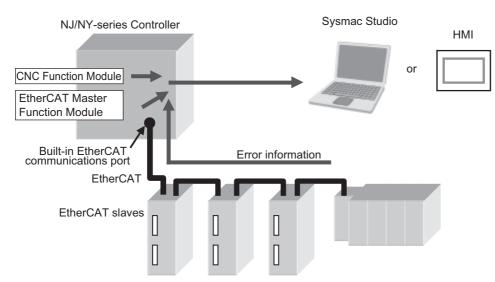
Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) for the NJ-series trouble-shooting.

Refer to the *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for the NY-series troubleshooting.

15-1-1 Error Locations Related to the CNC Function Module

In addition to errors that occur in the CNC Function Module, there are errors caused by EtherCAT communication that is used for connection with the Servo Drive.

- Inside of CNC Function Module
- EtherCAT Master Function Module
- · Built-in EtherCAT communications port hardware
- · EtherCAT slaves



You can check the sources and causes of the errors in the system-defined variables or from the Sysmac Studio or an HMI.

Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to the appendices of the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

15-1-2 Types

| Classification | Description | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| CNC common errors | If an error is detected in the common part of the CNC Function Module, the relevant bit | | |
| | of _CNC_ComErrSta (CNC common error status) is set to TRUE. | | |
| CNC motor errors | If an error is detected in the CNC motor, the relevant bit of _CNC_MotorErrSta (CNC | | |
| | motor error status) is set to TRUE. ^{*1} | | |
| CNC coordinate sys- | If an error is detected in the CNC coordinate system, the relevant bit of _CNC_Coor- | | |
| tem errors | dErrSta (CNC coordinate system error status) is set to TRUE. | | |

The following three sources of errors in the CNC Function Module exist.

*1. If a CNC motor error over the minor fault level is detected, the CNC coordinate system, which includes the CNC motor with the error detected in the composition CNC motor, also cannot be operated.



Additional Information

If an error is detected in a CNC instruction, it causes an error for which the error source is PLC Function Module and the source details is Instruction.

15-1-3 Event Levels

The following table shows the event levels concerning the CNC Function Module.

| Event level | Operation | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| Major Fault | All NJ/NY-series Controller control operations stop for errors in this event level. | | | |
| Partial fault | All control operations for one of the function modules in the NJ/NY-series Controller stop for errors in this event level. | | | |
| | If this error occurs in the CNC Function Module, the relevant CNC motor or CNC coordinate system stops. | | | |
| Minor fault | Some of the control operations for one of the function modules in the NJ/NY-series Controller stop for errors in this event level. | | | |
| | If this error occurs in the CNC Function Module, the relevant CNC motor or CNC coordinate system stops. | | | |
| Observation | Errors in the observation level do not affect NJ/NY-series Controller control opera- tions. | | | |
| | Observations are reported in order to prevent them from developing into errors at the minor fault level or higher. | | | |
| Information | The user is notified of information, excluding errors. | | | |

15-1 Errors Related to the CNC Function Module

15-1-4 Errors for each Source in CNC Function Module

The following tables list the errors in each event level that can occur for each source.

CNC Common Errors

The table below shows errors detected in the CNC common part for each level.

| Level | Error name | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| Major fault | CNC Parameter Setting Invalid | | | |
| Partial Fault | CNC Parameter Setting Error | | | |
| | Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error | | | |
| | CNC Motor Compensation Table Read Error | | | |
| | Required Process Data Object Not Set | | | |
| | Network Configuration Information Missing for CNC Motor Slave | | | |
| | CNC Initialization Error | | | |
| | CNC Control Period Exceeded | | | |
| Minor fault | Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specification | | | |
| | CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled | | | |
| | Parameter Selection Out of Range | | | |
| | CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Setting Value Out of Range | | | |
| | CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range | | | |
| | Illegal NC Program | | | |
| | Illegal CNC Motor Specification | | | |
| | Illegal CNC Motor Compensation Table Specification | | | |
| | NC Program Capacity Exceeded | | | |
| Observation | SD Memory Card Access Failure | | | |
| | File Does Not Exist | | | |
| | Illegal Load NC Program Number Specification | | | |
| | Too Many Files Open | | | |
| | File or Directory Name Is Too Long | | | |
| | SD Memory Card Access Failed | | | |
| | Load NC Program Capacity Exceeded | | | |
| | Number of NC Program Exceeded | | | |
| | Illegal Load NC Program | | | |
| | CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded | | | |
| Information | CNC Function System Information | | | |

CNC Motor Errors

| The table below shows errors detected in | the CNC motor for each level. |
|--|-------------------------------|
|--|-------------------------------|

| Level | Error name | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Major fault | None | | | | |
| Partial fault | None | | | | |
| Minor fault | Immediate Stop Input | | | | |
| | Positive Limit Input Detected | | | | |
| | Negative Limit Input Detected | | | | |
| | Positive Software Limit Exceeded | | | | |
| | Negative Software Limit Exceeded | | | | |
| | In-position Check Time Exceeded | | | | |
| | Following Error Limit Exceeded | | | | |
| | Illegal Following Error | | | | |
| | Absolute Encoder Current Position Calculation Failed | | | | |
| | Servo Main Circuit Power OFF | | | | |
| | Slave Error Detected | | | | |
| | Slave Disconnection during Servo ON | | | | |
| | EtherCAT Slave Communications Error | | | | |
| | Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected | | | | |
| | Homing Direction Limit Input Detected | | | | |
| | Homing Limit Inputs Detected in Both Directions | | | | |
| | Home Proximity/Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected | | | | |
| | Home Proximity/Homing Direction Limit Input Detected | | | | |
| | Home Input/Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected | | | | |
| | Home Input/Homing Direction Limit Input Detected | | | | |
| | Invalid Home Input Mask Distance | | | | |
| | No Home Input | | | | |
| | No Home Proximity Input | | | | |
| | Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded | | | | |
| Observation | Following Error Warning | | | | |
| | Command Position Overflow | | | | |
| | Command Position Underflow | | | | |
| | Actual Position Overflow | | | | |
| | Actual Position Underflow | | | | |
| | Slave Observation Detected | | | | |
| | Software Limit Path Limited | | | | |
| | Velocity Control Command Value Saturated | | | | |
| | Position Deviation between Axes Limit Warning | | | | |
| Information | Slave Error Code Report | | | | |

CNC Coordinate System Errors

The table below shows errors detected in the CNC coordinate system for each level.

| Level | Error name | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Major fault | None | | | | |
| Partial fault | None | | | | |
| Minor fault | Process Data Object Setting Missing | | | | |
| | Deceleration Setting Out of Range | | | | |
| | Jerk Setting Out of Range | | | | |
| | CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled | | | | |
| | CNC Multi-execution Disabled | | | | |
| | Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified | | | | |
| | Logical CNC Motor Number Out of Range | | | | |
| | Target Position Setting Out of Range | | | | |
| | Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF | | | | |
| | Target Velocity Setting Out of Range | | | | |
| | Acceleration/Deceleration Setting Out of Range | | | | |
| | Travel Mode Selection Out of Range | | | | |
| | Immediate Stop Instruction Executed | | | | |
| | Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home | | | | |
| | Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range | | | | |
| | M Code Number Out of Range | | | | |
| | CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled (CNC Coordinate System Specification) | | | | |
| | CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled (Logical CNC Motor Number) | | | | |
| | Cycle Start Multi-execution Disabled | | | | |
| | Impossible CNC Motor Cycle Start Specified when the Servo is OFF | | | | |
| | Illegal NC Program Number Specification | | | | |
| | Illegal Back Trace Specification | | | | |
| | Target Position Positive Software Limit Exceeded | | | | |
| | Target Position Negative Software Limit Exceeded | | | | |
| | Command Position Overflow/Underflow | | | | |
| | Positive Limit Input | | | | |
| | Negative Limit Input | | | | |
| | Home Undefined during Coordinated Motion | | | | |
| | Cycle Start Specified during Positive Software Limit Exceeded | | | | |
| | Cycle Start Specified during Positive Software Limit Exceeded Cycle Start Specified during Negative Software Limit Exceeded | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Cycle Start Specified during Command Position Overflow (Underflow) Cycle Start Specified during Desitive Limit Input | | | | |
| | Cycle Start Specified during Positive Limit Input | | | | |
| | Cycle Start Specified during Negative Limit Input | | | | |
| | NC Program Execution Error | | | | |
| | CNC Coordinate System Composition CNC Motor Error | | | | |
| | CNC Common Error Occurrence | | | | |
| | Servo Main Circuits OFF | | | | |
| | Skew Control Mode Out of Range | | | | |
| <u></u> | Offset Value Setting Out of Range | | | | |
| Observation | None | | | | |

15-1-5 EtherCAT Communication, EtherCAT Slave, and NX Unit Errors

The following errors occur in the CNC Function Module due to an EtherCAT communication, EtherCAT slave, or NX unit error.

| Error name | Event code | Cause | Operation at error detection |
|----------------|--------------|--|------------------------------------|
| EtherCAT Slave | 87800000 hex | An error occurred in a communica- | SERVO OFF is performed for the |
| Communications | | tion with the EtherCAT slave or NX | CNC motor with the error detected, |
| Error | | unit assigned to the CNC motor of | and an operation other than error |
| | | the CNC Function Module. ^{*1} | reset is rejected. ^{*2} |
| Slave Error | 77860000 hex | The EtherCAT slave or NX unit | SERVO OFF is performed for the |
| Detected | | assigned to the CNC motor of the | CNC motor with the error detected, |
| | | CNC Function Module has | and an operation other than error |
| | | detected an error. | reset is rejected. |

*1. When an error occurs in communications with an EtherCAT slave, an error also occurs in the EtherCAT Master Function Module. While multiple devices are assigned to a single CNC motor, if a communication error occurs in even one device, the CNC motor results in a communication error.

*2. If a slave communication error occurs, the CNC motor is placed in the home undefined state.

15-1-6 Servo Drive Errors

This section describes error occurrence notifications in the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive.

There is a time lag between the timing when the CNC Function Module detects a Servo Drive error and the timing when the error code is acquired from the Servo Drive.

Therefore, the CNC Function Module notifies Servo Drive error detection and error code in different events.

• Error Notification

If the CNC Function Module detects a Servo Drive error, it causes minor fault level, Slave Error Detection (77860000 hex).

At this point, the MC Function Module performs the error operation (i.e., it turns OFF the Servo).

• Error Code Notification

When the Servo Drive reports the error code, the MC Function Module generates a Slave Error Code Report information event (97800000 hex). The error code (the main part of the error display number) from the Servo Drive is included in the lower two digits of the attached information of the Slave Error Code Report event.

For example, if the attached information is displayed as FF13, the error with display number 13 (Main Circuit Power Supply Undervoltage) occurred in the Servo Drive.

Precautions for Correct Use

You must change the settings to receive notification of the Slave Error Code Report event. Map object 603F hex (Error Code) in the PDO Edit Pane.

15-1-7 NX Unit Errors

If an error occurs in the OMRON NX series position interface unit, the error detection and error code are notified in the same way as for the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive.

However, NX-series Position Interface Units do not have an object that corresponds to object 603F hex (Error Code), so 0000 hex is given for the Slave Error Code Report (97800000 hex) in the attached information.

Refer to the *NX-series Position Interface Units User's Manual* (Cat. No. W524) and *NX-series Ether-CAT Coupler Units User's Manual* (Cat. No. W519) for details on the errors detected in the NX-series position interface unit.

15-2 Troubleshooting

This section describes how to check and reset an error detected in the CNC Function Module.

The detected CNC Function Module error is retained until the controller is turned off or reset.

To reset a Controller error, it is necessary to eliminate the cause of the error. The same error will occur again if you reset the error, but do not eliminate the cause of the error.

15-2-1 How to Check Errors

An error detected in the CNC Function Module can be checked using the following methods.

- · Controller body's LED
- · Sysmac Studio troubleshooting function
- · HMI troubleshooter
- CNC Operator troubleshooter
- Error status acquirement instruction
- · System-defined variable

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for details on how to check errors using the controller body's LED, Sysmac Studio troubleshooting function, HMI troubleshooter, error status acquirement instruction, or system-defined variable.

Refer to the *CNC Operator Operation Manual* (Cat. No. 0032) for details on how to check errors using the CNC Operator troubleshooter.

Instructions to Get Error Detected in the CNC Function Module

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be acquired using the following instructions. Refer to the explanation of each instruction for details.

| Instruction name | Instruction | Function |
|----------------------|-------------|---|
| Get CNC Error Status | GetCNCError | The GetCNCError instruction obtains the highest level status (partial fault or minor fault) and highest level event code of the current Controller errors that exist in the CNC Function Module. |

System-Defined Variables Related to the Error Detected in the CNC Function Module

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be checked using the following system-defined variables. Refer to the explanation of each variable for details.

| Name | Variable | Function |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| CNC Function Module Error | _CNC_ErrSta | Shows the status of errors that are |
| Status | | detected in the CNC Function Module. |
| CNC Common Error Status | _CNC_ComErrSta | Shows the status of errors that are |
| | | detected by common processing in the |
| | | CNC Function Module. |
| CNC Coordinate System | _CNC_CoordErrSta | Shows the status of errors that are |
| Error Status | | detected for each CNC coordinate sys- |
| | | tem. Up to eight coordinate systems are |
| | | displayed. |
| CNC Motor Error Status | _CNC_MotorErrSta | Shows the status of errors that are |
| | | detected for each CNC motor. Up to 32 |
| | | CNC motors are displayed. |
| CNC Common Partial Fault | _CNC_COM.PFaultLvI.Active | TRUE while there is a CNC common par- |
| Occurrence | | tial fault. |
| CNC Common Partial Fault | _CNC_COM.PFaultLvI.Code | Contains the code for a CNC common |
| Code | | partial fault. |
| | | This is the same value as the upper four |
| | | digits of the event code. |
| CNC Common Minor Fault | CNC COM.MFaultLvI.Active | TRUE while there is a CNC common |
| Occurrence | | minor fault. |
| CNC Common Minor Fault | CNC_COM.MFaultLvI.Code | Contains the code for a CNC common |
| Code | | minor fault. |
| 0000 | | |
| | | This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code. |
| CNC Common Observation | CNC COM Ober Active | TRUE while there is a CNC common |
| Occurrence | _CNC_COM.Obsr.Active | observation. |
| CNC Common Observation | CNC_COM.Obsr.Code | Contains the code for a CNC common |
| Code | | observation. |
| oode | | |
| | | This is the same value as the upper four |
| CNC Coordinate System | | digits of the event code. TRUE while there is a CNC coordinate |
| CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active | |
| - | | system minor fault. |
| CNC Coordinate System | _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Code | Contains the code for a CNC coordinate |
| Minor Fault Code | | system minor fault. |
| | | This is the same value as the upper four |
| | | digits of the event code. |
| CNC Coordinate System | _CNC_Coord[*].Obsr.Active | TRUE while there is a CNC coordinate |
| Observation Occurrence | | system observation. |
| CNC Coordinate System | _CNC_Coord[*].Obsr.Code | Contains the code for CNC coordinate |
| Observation Code | | system observation. |
| | | This is the same value as the upper four |
| | | digits of the event code. |
| CNC Motor Minor Fault | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active | TRUE while there is a CNC motor minor |
| Occurrence | | fault. |
| CNC Motor Minor Fault | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Code | Contains the code for a CNC motor minor |
| Code | | fault. |
| | | This is the same value as the upper four |
| | | digits of the event code. |
| | | J |

| Name | Variable | Function |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| CNC Common Observation | _CNC_Motor[*].Obsr.Active | TRUE while there is a CNC motor obser- |
| Occurrence | | vation. |
| CNC Motor Observation | _CNC_Motor[*].Obsr.Code | Contains the code for a CNC motor obser- |
| Code | | vation. |
| | | This is the same value as the upper four |
| | | digits of the event code. |

15-2-2 How to Reset Error

An error detected in the CNC Function Module can be reset using the following methods.

- · Commands from Sysmac Studio
- Commands from an HMI
- Commands from CNC Operator
- Commands from the user program

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for details on the commands from Sysmac Studio, HMI, and user program.

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be reset using the following instructions. Refer to the explanation of each instruction for details.

| Instruction name | Instruction | Function |
|-----------------------|----------------|---|
| CNC Error Reset | ResetCNCError | The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in |
| | | the CNC Function Module. |
| CNC Coordinate System | CNC_CoordReset | The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error |
| Error Reset | | detected in the specified CNC coordinate system. |

Refer to the *CNC Operator Operation Manual* (Cat. No. 0032) for details on how to check errors using the CNC Operator troubleshooter.

15-3 Error Lists

This section shows lists of errors (events) that may occur in the CNC Function Module.

Refer to the NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503) for all the NJ-series event codes.

Refer to the NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564) for all the NY-series event codes.

• Replacing the Event Explanation in Use of the NY-Series Controller

To describe the events displayed by Sysmac Studio, the events detected commonly in the NY-series Controller and NJ/NX-series Controller are explained as the events detected in the NJ/NX-series Controller. Therefore, it is necessary to interpret the displayed contents when your use an NY-series Controller. Note the following conditions.

- You cannot connect a CJ-series Unit with NY-series Controllers. In the instructions, skip items related to CJ-series Units.
- In explanation of the errors, replace the term CPU Unit with NY-series Controller or NY-series Industrial PC.
- NY-series Controllers have no SD Memory Card slots. Instead, they provide the Virtual SD Memory ory Card function that uses the Windows shared folder. Therefore, replace the term SD Memory Card with Virtual SD Memory Card. Refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568) for details on the Virtual SD Memory Card function.
- NY-series Controllers do not have the SD PWR LED and SD BUSY LED indicators. In the instructions, skip items related to the SD PWR LED and SD BUSY LED indicators.
- NY-series Controllers do not have the RUN LED, ERR LED, and LINK/ACT LED indicators for EtherCAT. Skip the items that describe EtherCAT's RUN LED, ERR LED, and LINK/ACT LED.
- Replace the NJ/NX-series manuals with the NY-series manuals in the *Reference* column.

15-3-1 Interpreting Error Descriptions

| ltem | Description |
|---------------|---|
| Event code | An error (event) detected in the NJ/NY-series CPU unit is given. The codes are given in eight |
| | hexadecimal digits. ^{*1} |
| Event name | The name of the event is given |
| Description | A short description of the error is given. |
| Assumed cause | The assumed cause of the error is given |
| Level | The level of influence on control is given. |
| | The abbreviations have the following meanings. |
| | Maj: Major fault level |
| | Prt: Partial fault level |
| | Min: Minor fault level |
| | Obs: Observation information |
| | Info: Information |
| | The symbols have the following meanings. |
| | O: Level defined by the system |
| | ⊙: Level that can be changed by the user ^{*2} |
| Reference | Shows the number of the manual that describes the detail of the relevant error (event). The manual name that corresponds to the manual number is given before each error table. |

The contents of the error tables are described below.

*1. When the CPU unit with the event detected is limited, its version is indicated in parentheses () of the event code column.

*2. This symbol appears only for events for which the user can change the event level.

15-3-2 Error Lists

CNC Function Errors

The list below shows the errors related to common part of the CNC Function Module, CNC motor, and CNC coordinate system.

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Level | | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|---|---|--------------|-----|-------|-----|------|----------|
| | name | | | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 47810000 hex | CNC Parameter Setting Invalid | A fatal error was detected during setting of the CNC Function Module. | The system failed to transfer the CNC parameter setting. Oth- erwise, an error occurred in the soft- ware. | \checkmark | | | | | P. 15-38 |
| 17800000 hex | CNC Param- eter Setting Error | The CNC parame- ters that were saved in non-volatile memory are miss- ing. | The power supply to the Controller was inter- rupted or communica- tions with the Sysmac Studio were discon- nected while download- ing the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Non-volatile memory failure | | ~ | | | | P. 15-39 |
| 17810000 hex | Absolute Encoder Home Off- set Read Error | The absolute encoder current position that is retained during power interrup- tions was lost. | When the retained variables are backed up with a battery, this event indicates that the life of the battery in the CPU Unit has expired. Backup memory failure | | ~ | | | | P. 15-40 |
| 17820000 hex | CNC Motor Compensa- tion Table Read Error | The CNC motor compensation table that was saved in non-vola- tile memory is missing. | The power supply to the Controller was inter- rupted or communica- tions with the Sysmac Studio were discon- nected while download- ing the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Non-volatile memory failure | | ~ | | | | P. 15-41 |
| 37800000 hex | Required Process Data Object Not Set | The object that is required for the assigned axis type in the CNC motor parameter settings is not allocated to PDO. | The required PDOs are not mapped when the assigned axis type in the CNC motor parame- ter settings is set to a positioning axis or spin- dle axis. Non-volatile memory failure | | V | | | | P. 15-42 |

| Event and | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Leve | I | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|---|---|-----|-----|------|-----|------|----------|
| Event code | name | | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 47800000 hex | CNC Initial- ization Error | A fatal error occurred in the system and pre- vented initializa- tion of the CNC Function Module. | Hardware failure | | ~ | | | | P. 15-42 |
| 77800000 hex | CNC Con- trol Period Exceeded | The primary peri- odic task process- ing has not been completed within two control cycles. | The processing load in the primary periodic task is too heavy. | | ~ | | | | P. 15-43 |
| 37810000 hex | Process Data Object Setting Missing | The PDO mapping is not correct. | The PDOs that are required for the CNC instruction are not mapped. The relevant instruction was executed for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-43 |
| 56000000 hex | Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specification | The CNC coordi- nate system speci- fied for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction does not exist. | • CNC coordinate system does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to the instruction. | | | V | | | P. 15-44 |
| 56010000 hex | Decelera- tion Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Deceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | V | | | P. 15-44 |
| 56020000 hex | Jerk Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Jerk</i> input variable to a CNC instruc- tion is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | V | | | P. 15-45 |
| 56030000 hex | CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled | A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed. | A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-45 |
| 56040000 hex | CNC Multi-execu- tion Dis- abled | Multiple functions that cannot be exe- cuted simultane- ously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate sys- tem). | Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system). The CNC_LoadPro- gramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was <i>Executing</i> (Execut- ing) or <i>Hold</i> (Holding). | | | V | | | P. 15-46 |

| Event code | Event name | Description | | | | Leve | | | Refer- | |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|-----|-----|--------------|-----|------|----------------------|--|
| Event code | | | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 56050000 hex 56060000 hex | Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Num- ber Speci- fied | The CNC motor of the parameter specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruc- tion is not assigned. | The logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is not assigned to the <i>Logi-</i> <i>calMotorNo</i> input vari- able to the CNC instruction was speci- fied, and the instruction was executed. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-46 P. 15-47 | |
| | Motor Num- ber Out of Range | specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | ~ | | | | |
| 56070000 hex | Target Posi- tion Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable. Or, there was an overflow/underflow in the target position. | | | \checkmark | | | P. 15-47 | |
| 56080000 hex | Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF | An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF. | Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParam- eter instruction for an axis for which Ether- CAT process data com- munications are not established. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-48 | |
| 56090000 hex | Target Velocity Set- ting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Velocity</i> input vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-49 | |
| 560A0000 hex | tion/Deceler- ation Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Acceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-49 | |
| 560B0000 hex | Selection Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>MoveMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | \checkmark | | | P. 15-50 | |
| 560C0000 hex | Immediate Stop Instruc- tion Exe- cuted | An Immediate Stop (CNC_Coor- dImmediateStop) instruction was executed. | An Immediate Stop instruction was exe- cuted. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-50 | |

| Eventeede | Event | Description | Accumed | | | Leve | | | Refer- | |
|--------------|---|---|---|-----|-----|------|-----|------|----------|--|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 560D0000 hex | Parameter Selection Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>ParameterNumber</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-51 | |
| 560E0000 hex | CNC Param- eter Setting Read/Write Setting Value Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>SettingValue</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-51 | |
| 560F0000 hex | CNC Param- eter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-52 | |
| 56100000 hex | Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home | A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. | A cycle start was exe- cuted for a CNC coordi- nate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-52 | |
| 56110000 hex | Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>HomingParameter</i> in-out variable of the CNC instruc- tion is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-53 | |
| 56120000 hex | M Code Number Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>MCodeNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | V | | | P. 15-53 | |
| 56130000 hex | CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled (CNC Coordinate System Specifica- tion) | An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This in-out vari- able cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.) | A parameter for an in-out variable that can- not be changed for re-execution was changed. | | | V | | | P. 15-54 | |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Leve | l | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|--|---|-----|-----|------|-----|------|----------|
| Event code | name | - | Assumed cause | Maj | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 56140000 hex | CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled (Logical CNC Motor Number) | An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>LogicalMo-</i> <i>torNo</i> input vari- able when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This input vari- able cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.) | • A parameter for an input variable that cannot be changed for re-execu- tion was changed. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-54 |
| 56150000 hex | Illegal NC Program | An error was detected in the NC program trans- ferred from Sys- mac Studio. | NC program transfer processing failed. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-55 |
| 56160000 hex | Cycle Start Multi-execu- tion Dis- abled | A cycle start was executed multiple times for the same target (CNC coor- dinate system). | A cycle start was exe- cuted while the CNC coordinate system is <i>Executing</i> (Executing), <i>MovingOnHold</i> (Manual Operation While Hold- ing), or <i>Moving</i> (Mov- ing). | | | ~ | | | P. 15-55 |
| 56170000 hex | Impossible CNC Motor Cycle Start Specified when the Servo is OFF | A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF. | A cycle start was exe- cuted for the CNC motor for which Servo is turned OFF. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-56 |
| 56180000 hex | Illegal NC Program Number Specification | The NC program specified for <i>Pro- gramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_Coord- Control instruction is not loaded. | A cycle start was exe- cuted after an unloaded NC program is speci- fied for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction. | | | v | | | P. 15-56 |
| 56190000 hex | Illegal Back Trace Speci- fication | A cycle start was executed when the CNC coordinate system is <i>Standby</i> (Standby) while <i>BackTrace</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_Coord- Control instruction is set to TRUE. | A cycle start was exe- cuted when the CNC coordinate system is Standby (Standby) while BackTrace in the Con- trolInputs in-out vari- able to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE. | | | V | | | P. 15-57 |

| Eventerde | Event | Description | | Level | | | | | Refer- | |
|--------------|--|--|--|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|----------|--|
| Event code | name | | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 56250000 hex | Illegal CNC Motor Speci- fication | The CNC motor specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out vari- able to a CNC instruction does not exist. | • A CNC motor does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-57 | |
| 56260000 hex | Illegal CNC Motor Com- pensation Table Speci- fication | The CNC motor compensation table specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to a CNC instruction does not exist. | A CNC motor compen- sation table does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction. | | | V | | | P. 15-58 | |
| 56290000 hex | NC Pro- gram Capacity Exceeded | Loading failed because the NC program down- loaded from Sys- mac Studio exceeded the max- imum capacity. | The NC program that has a capacity above the maximum was downloaded from Sys- mac Studio. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-58 | |
| 562A0000 hex | Skew Con- trol Mode Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>SkewMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | V | | | P. 15-59 | |
| 562B0000 hex | Offset Value Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>OffsetValue</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-59 | |
| 67800000 hex | Immediate Stop Input | The immediate stop input turned ON. | An immediate stop input signal was detected. The immediate stop input signal is not con- nected correctly or the logic setting for the immediate stop input is wrong. | | | V | | | P. 15-60 | |
| 67810000 hex | Positive Limit Input Detected | The positive limit input turned ON. | A positive limit input signal was detected. The positive limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the positive limit input is wrong. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-61 | |
| 67820000 hex | Negative Limit Input Detected | The negative limit input turned ON. | A negative limit input signal was detected. The negative limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the negative limit input is wrong. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-62 | |

| Event and | Event | Decembrati | A | | | Level | | | Refer- | |
|--------------|---|---|---|-----|-----|-------|-----|------|----------|--|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Maj | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 67830000 hex | Target Posi- tion Positive Software Limit Exceeded | The specified posi- tion exceeds the positive software limit. | The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruc- tion is beyond the posi- tive software limit. The first position is beyond the positive soft- ware limit and an instruction that speci- fies motion in the oppo- site direction of the software limit was exe- cuted. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-63 | |
| 67840000 hex | Target Posi- tion Nega- tive Software Limit Exceeded | The specified posi- tion exceeds the negative software limit. | The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruc- tion is beyond the nega- tive software limit. While the starting posi- tion is out of the nega- tive software limit, an operation was specified in the opposite direction of the software limit. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-63 | |
| 67850000 hex | Command Position Over- flow/Under- flow | Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/over- flow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not specified was executed when there was an underflow/over- flow in the com- mand position. | One of the following was executed when there was a command position overflow/under- flow. A positioning instruc- tion A continuous control instruction in the under- flow/overflow direction An instruction for which the direction is not spec- ified (syncing) | | | ~ | | | P. 15-64 | |
| 67860000 hex | Positive Limit Input | An instruction was executed for a motion in the posi- tive direction when the positive limit input was ON. | An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was ON, or an instruction for a motion with no direction specifi- cation was executed when the positive limit input was ON. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-65 | |
| 67870000 hex | Negative Limit Input | While the negative limit input is set to ON, an instruction that runs in the negative direction was executed. | While the negative limit input is set to ON, an instruction that runs in the negative direction was executed, or an instruction with no direc- tion specified was exe- cuted. | | | V | | | P. 15-66 | |

15

| Eventeede | Event | Description | Assumed aquea | Level | | | | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|--|--|-------|-----|--------------|-----|------|----------|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 67880000 hex | Positive Software Limit Exceeded | The position exceeded the posi- tive software limit while the CNC motor was running. | The position exceeded the positive software limit. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-66 |
| 67890000 hex | Negative Software Limit Exceeded | The position exceeded the neg- ative software limit while the CNC motor was running. | The position exceeded the negative software limit. | | | \checkmark | | | P. 15-67 |
| 678A0000 hex | In-position Check Time Exceeded | The in-position check was not completed within the monitoring time. | Time is required to com- plete positioning. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-67 |
| 678B0000 hex | Following Error Limit Exceeded | The error between the command cur- rent position and actual current value exceeded the Following Error Over Value. | The positioning opera- tion has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-68 |
| 67910000 hex | Illegal Fol- lowing Error | The difference between the com- mand position and the actual current position exceeds the range of 30-bit data when con- verted to pulses. | The command current position was restricted so that the velocity of the CNC motor would not exceed the maximum velocity for the specified travel distance. The CNC motor's positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-68 |
| 67920000 hex | Absolute Encoder Current Position Calculation Failed | It was not possible to correctly restore the current posi- tion from the abso- lute encoder information that was saved when power was inter- rupted. | The position to restore when converted to pulses exceeded the range of signed 40-bit data. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-69 |

| Event ende | Event | Description | A | | | Level | [| | Refer- |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|-----|-----|-------|-----|------|-------------------------|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| Event code 67930000 hex | | Description Home of the CNC motor became undefined while the status of CNC coordinate system is <i>Executing</i> (Exe- cuting), <i>Hold</i> (Hold- ing), <i>MovingOnHold</i> (Manual Operation While Holding). | Assumed cause The command position or actual position over- flowed or underflowed for a CNC motor while the status of CNC coor- dinate system is <i>Execut-</i> <i>ing</i> (Executing), <i>Hold</i> (Holding), or <i>MovingOn-</i> <i>Hold</i> (Manual Opera- tion While Holding), and the home definition was lost. A slave communications error occurred in the CNC motor and the home become unde- fined while the status of CNC coordinate system is <i>Executing</i> (Execut- ing), <i>Hold</i> (Holding), or <i>MovingOnHold</i> (Manual Operation While Hold- ing). A slave for a logical axis left the network or was disabled and home became undefined while the status of CNC coor- dinate system is <i>Execut-</i> <i>ing</i> (Executing), <i>Hold</i> (Holding), or <i>MovingOn-</i> <i>Hold</i> (Manual Opera- tion While Holding). | Maj | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence P. 15-70 |
| 67940000 hex | Cycle Start Specified during Posi- tive Soft- ware Limit Exceeded Cycle Start Specified during Neg- ative Soft- | The first position exceeds the posi- tive software limit. The first position exceeds the nega- tive software limit. | The command current position of the position- ing cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis in the CNC coordi- nate system is out of range of the positive software limit. The command current position of the position- ing cartesian axis or positioning rotational | | | ✓ | | | P. 15-71 P. 15-71 |
| 67960000 hex | ware Limit Exceeded Cycle Start Specified during Command Position Overflow (Underflow) | The cycle start was executed when there was a com- mand position overflow/underflow. | axis in the CNC coordinate system is out of range of the negative software limit. •The cycle start was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow. | | | ✓ | | | P. 15-72 |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | Level | | | | | Refer- | |
|--------------|--|---|--|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|----------|--|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 67970000 hex | Cycle Start Specified during Posi- tive Limit Input | A cycle start was executed when the positive limit input was ON. | A cycle start was exe- cuted when the positive limit input was ON. | | | V | | | P. 15-73 | |
| 67980000 hex | Cycle Start Specified during Neg- ative Limit Input | A cycle start was executed when the negative limit input was ON. | A cycle start was exe- cuted when the negative limit input was ON. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-73 | |
| 67990000 hex | NC Pro- gram Exe- cution Error | An error was detected while the NC program was running. | An error was detected in the running NC program. Refer to the Error Codes in Attached infor- mation for the error con- tents. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-74 | |
| 679B0000 hex | Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded | The deviation of the feedback cur- rent position between the gan- try master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value. | The gantry slave axis is moving slower than the gantry master axis due to poor following perfor- mance of the slave axis. | | | V | | | P. 15-75 | |
| 77820000 hex | CNC Coor- dinate Sys- tem Composi- tion CNC Motor Error | An error occurred for a composition CNC motor in a CNC coordinate system. | An error occurred for a composition CNC motor in a CNC coordinate system while it was moving. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-76 | |
| 77830000 hex | CNC Com- mon Error Occurrence | A CNC common error occurred. | Partial fault level CNC common error occurred. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-76 | |
| 77840000 hex | Servo Main Circuits OFF | An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF. | An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF. | | | V | | | P. 15-77 | |
| 77850000 hex | Servo Main Circuit Power OFF | The main circuit power of the Servo Drive turned OFF while the Servo was ON. | The main circuit power of the Servo Drive was interrupted while the Servo was ON. | | | V | | | P. 15-77 | |
| 77860000 hex | Slave Error Detected | An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allo- cated to the CNC motor. | An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allo- cated to the CNC motor. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-78 | |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Level | | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|--|---|-----|-----|-------|-----|------|----------|
| Event code | name | - | | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 77880000 hex | Slave Dis- connection during Servo ON | An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or dis- abled while the Servo was ON. | An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or disabled while the Servo was ON. | | | V | | | P. 15-78 |
| 77890000 hex | Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected | The limit signal in the direction oppo- site to the homing direction was detected during a homing operation. | The Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn. The location of the hom- ing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached. The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty. | | | V | | | P. 15-79 |
| 778A0000 hex | Homing Direction Limit Input Detected | The limit signal in the homing direc- tion was detected during a homing operation. | The Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn. The location of the hom- ing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached. The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-79 |
| 778B0000 hex | Homing Limit Inputs Detected in Both Direc- tions | The limit signals in both directions were detected during a homing operation. | The wiring of the limit signal is incorrect. The limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the limit signal is not correct. The limit sensor failed. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-80 |

| Eventeede | Event | Description | Accumed course | | Refer- | | | | |
|--------------|---|---|---|-----|--------|-----|-----|------|----------|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 778C0000 hex | Home Prox- imity/Hom- ing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected | The home proxim- ity input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation. | The wiring of the home proximity signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home proximity signal or limit signal is not correct. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor failed. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-80 |
| 778D0000 hex | Home Prox- imity/Hom- ing Direction Limit Input Detected | The home proxim- ity input and the limit signal in the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation. | The wiring of the home proximity signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home proximity signal or limit signal is not correct. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor failed. | | | v | | | P. 15-81 |
| 778E0000 hex | Home Input/Hom- ing Oppo- site Direction Limit Input Detected | The home input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation. | The wiring of the home input signal or limit sig- nal is incorrect. The home input sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not cor- rect. The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-82 |

| Event and | Event | Description | | Level | | | | | Refer- | |
|--------------|---|---|---|-------|-----|--------------|-----|------|----------|--|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Maj | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 778F0000 hex | Home Input/Hom- ing Direc- tion Limit Input Detected | The home input and the limit signal in the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation. | The wiring of the home input signal or limit sig- nal is incorrect. The home input sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not cor- rect. The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-83 | |
| 77900000 hex | Invalid Home Input Mask Dis- tance | The setting of the home input mask distance is not suit- able for the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWith- Parameter instruc- tion. | The set value of the home input mask dis- tance when the operat- ing mode of the MC_Home instruction is set to Proximity Reverse Turn/Home Input Mask Distance is insufficient to decelerate from the homing velocity to the homing approach veloc- ity. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-84 | |
| 77910000 hex | No Home Input | There was no home signal input during the homing operation. Or, a limit signal was detected before there was a home input. | There was no home signal input during the homing operation. A limit signal was detected before there was a home input. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-84 | |
| 77920000 hex | No Home Proximity Input | There was no home proximity signal input during the homing opera- tion. | There was no home proximity signal input during the homing oper- ation when a home proximity input signal was specified. | | | \checkmark | | | P. 15-85 | |
| 87800000 hex | EtherCAT Slave Com- munica- tions Error | A communications error occurred for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to a CNC motor. | A communications error occurred for the Ether- CAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor. | | | ~ | | | P. 15-85 | |
| 561D0000 hex | SD Memory Card Access Failure | SD Memory Card access failed when an instruction was executed. | An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card slot is broken. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-86 | |
| 561E0000 hex | File Does Not Exist | The file specified for an instruction does not exist. | The specified file does not exist. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-86 | |

| Eventeede | Event | Decorintian | Accumed acues | Level | | | | | Refer- | |
|---------------|---|--|--|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|----------|--|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 561F0000 hex | Illegal Load NC Pro- gram Num- ber Specifica- tion | Loading has failed because an attempt was made to load the NC pro- gram with an invalid program | An attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-87 | |
| 5620 0000 hex | Too Many Files Open | number specified. The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction. | The maximum number of open files was exceeded when open- ing a file for an instruc- tion. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-87 | |
| 56210000 hex | File or Direc- tory Name Is Too Long | The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long. | • The file name or direc- tory name that was specified for the instruc- tion to create is too long. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-88 | |
| 5622 0000 hex | SD Mem- ory Card Access Failed | SD Memory Card access failed. | The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card slot is broken. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-88 | |
| 56230000 hex | Load NC Program Capacity Exceeded | Loading has failed because an attempt was made to load the NC pro- gram that has a capacity above the maximum. | An attempt was made to load the NC program that has a capacity above the maximum. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-89 | |
| 56240000 hex | Number of NC Pro- gram Exceeded | Loading failed because an attempt was made to load NC pro- grams over the maximum number of NC programs. | A new NC program was loaded while the num- ber of loaded NC pro- grams reaches the maximum. | | | | ¥ | | P. 15-89 | |
| 56280000 hex | Illegal Load NC Program | An error was detected in the loaded NC pro- gram. | A syntax error was detected in the NC pro- gram you attempted to load. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-90 | |
| 678C0000 hex | Following Error Warn- ing | The following error exceeded the Fol- lowing Error Warn- ing Value. | The positioning opera- tion has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-91 | |
| 678D0000 hex | Command Position Overflow | The number of pulses for the com- mand position overflowed. | When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rota- tional axis, the speci- fied value exceeded the upper limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spin- dle axis). | | | | ~ | | P. 15-91 | |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Level | | | Refer- |
|--------------|--------------|---|--|-----|-----|-------|--------------|------|----------|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Maj | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 678E0000 hex | Command | The number of | When the command | | | | | | P. 15-92 |
| | Position | pulses for the com- | position was converted | | | | | | |
| | Underflow | mand position | to the pulse unit for the | | | | | | |
| | | exceeded the valid | positioning cartesian | | | | | | |
| | | range. (It under- | axis or positioning rota- | | | | \checkmark | | |
| | | flowed.) | tional axis, the speci- fied value exceeded the | | | | v | | |
| | | | lower limit of the signed | | | | | | |
| | | | 40-bit data (signed | | | | | | |
| | | | 54-bit data for the spin- | | | | | | |
| | | | dle axis). | | | | | | |
| 678F0000 hex | Actual Posi- | The number of | When the command | | | | | | P. 15-92 |
| | tion Over- | pulses for the | position was converted | | | | | | |
| | flow | actual position | to the pulse unit for the | | | | | | |
| | | overflowed. | positioning cartesian | | | | | | |
| | | | axis or positioning rota- | | | | | | |
| | | | tional axis, the speci- | | | | \checkmark | | |
| | | | fied value exceeded the | | | | | | |
| | | | upper limit of the signed | | | | | | |
| | | | 40-bit data (signed | | | | | | |
| | | | 54-bit data for the spin- | | | | | | |
| 67900000 hex | Actual Posi- | The number of | dle axis). • When the command | | | | | | D 15 02 |
| 67900000 nex | tion Under- | pulses for the | position was converted | | | | | | P. 15-93 |
| | flow | actual position | to the pulse unit for the | | | | | | |
| | 11000 | underflowed. | positioning cartesian | | | | | | |
| | | | axis or positioning rota- | | | | | | |
| | | | tional axis, the speci- | | | | \checkmark | | |
| | | | fied value exceeded the | | | | | | |
| | | | lower limit of the signed | | | | | | |
| | | | 40-bit data (signed | | | | | | |
| | | | 54-bit data for the spin- | | | | | | |
| | | | dle axis). | | | | | | |
| 679A0000 hex | Position | The deviation of the | The gantry slave axis is | | | | | | P. 15-93 |
| | Deviation | feedback current | moving slower than the | | | | | | |
| | between | position between | gantry master axis due | | | | | | |
| | Axes Limit | the gantry master | to poor following perfor- | | | | | | |
| | Warning | axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded | mance of the slave axis. | | | | \checkmark | | |
| | | the Position Devia- | | | | | | | |
| | | tion Between Axes | | | | | | | |
| | | Warning Value. | | | | | | | |
| 77810000 hex | CNC Plan- | CNC planner ser- | The processing load of | | | | | | P. 15-94 |
| | ner Service | vice processing | the NC program in a | | | | | | |
| | Period | was not finished | period of the CNC plan- | | | | \checkmark | | |
| | Exceeded | within two periods. | ner service is too heavy. | | | | | | |
| 77870000 hex | Slave | A warning was | A warning was detected | | | | İ | | P. 15-94 |
| | Observation | detected for an | for the EtherCAT slave | | | | \checkmark | | |
| | Detected | EtherCAT slave or | or NX Unit that is allo- | | | | | | |
| | | NX Unit. | cated to a CNC motor. | | | | | | |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | Refer- | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|-----|--------|-----|-----|------|----------|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 97810000 hex | Software Limit Path Limited | The path exceeded the software limit was specified during <i>Executing</i> (Executing). There- fore, the path was limited within the software limit range. | • The path exceeded the software limit was speci- fied during <i>Executing</i> (Executing). | | | | V | | P. 15-95 |
| 97830000 hex | Velocity Control Command Value Satu- rated | The velocity control command value for the servo drive is saturated. | The output value by feedback loop calculation exceeded Maximum Velocity defined in the CNC motor parameter, or the actual operation is slower than the commanded one because of the poor following performance of the positioning operation. The spindle rotation velocity (S) or spindle velocity override value was commanded over the Maximum Velocity defined in the CNC motor parameter. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-95 |
| 97800000 hex | Slave Error Code Report | The error code was reported by the slave when a Slave Error Detected error occurred. | The error code was reported by the slave when a Slave Error Detected error (77860000 hex) occurred. | | | | | ~ | P. 15-96 |
| 97820000 hex | CNC Func- tion System Information | This event pro- vides internal infor- mation from the CNC Function Module. | This event provides internal information from the CNC Function Mod- ule. It is recorded to pro- vide additional information for another event. | | | | | V | P. 15-96 |

CNC Instruction Errors

This section shows lists of errors (events) that may occur in CNC instructions. The lower four digits of the event code represents the error code for the instruction. For descriptions of an error code, refer to the description of the corresponding event code. For example, when the error code of the target instruction is 16#3781, refer to the explanation of event code, 54013781 hex.

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Level | | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|---|---|-----|-----|-------|-----|------|-----------|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed Cause | Maj | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 54013781 hex | Process Data Object Setting Missing | The PDO mapping is not correct. | The PDOs that are required for the CNC instruction are not mapped. The relevant instruction was executed for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction. | | | | ✓ | | P. 15-97 |
| 54015600 hex | Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specifica- tion | The CNC coordi- nate system speci- fied for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction does not exist. | • CNC coordinate system does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to the instruction. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-98 |
| 54015601 hex | Decelera- tion Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Deceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-98 |
| 54015602 hex | Jerk Set- ting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Jerk</i> input variable to a CNC instruc- tion is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | √ | | P. 15-99 |
| 54015603 hex | CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled | A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed. | A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-100 |
| 54015604 hex | CNC Multi-exe- cution Dis- abled | Multiple functions that cannot be exe- cuted simultane- ously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate sys- tem). | Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system). The CNC_LoadPro- gramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was <i>Executing</i> (Execut- ing) or <i>Hold</i> (Holding). | | | | ~ | | P. 15-101 |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | Level | | | | | Refer- | |
|--------------|--|--|---|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----------|--|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 54015605 hex | Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Num- ber Speci- fied | The CNC motor of the parameter specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruc- tion is not assigned. | The logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is not assigned to the <i>Logi-</i> <i>calMotorNo</i> input vari- able to the CNC instruction was speci- fied, and the instruction was executed. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-102 | |
| 54015606 hex | Logical CNC Motor Number Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-103 | |
| 54015607 hex | Target Posi- tion Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable. Or, there was an overflow/underflow in the target position. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-103 | |
| 54015608 hex | Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF | An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF. | An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF. Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParam- eter instruction for an axis for which Ether- CAT process data com- munications are not established. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-104 | |
| 54015609 hex | Target Velocity Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Velocity</i> input vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | V | | P. 15-105 | |
| 5401560A hex | Accelera- tion/Decel- eration Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Acceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-105 | |
| 5401560B hex | Travel Mode Selection Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>MoveMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-106 | |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Leve | | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|--|--|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----------|
| | name | - | | Maj | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 5401560D hex | Parameter Selection Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>ParameterNumber</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | V | | P. 15-106 |
| 5401560E hex | CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Setting Value Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>SettingValue</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-107 |
| 5401560F hex | CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out vari- able to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-107 |
| 54015611 hex | Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>HomingParameter</i> in-out variable of the CNC instruc- tion is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the in-out vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-108 |
| 54015612 hex | M Code Number Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>MCodeNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-108 |
| 54015613 hex | CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled (CNC Coordinate System Specifica- tion) | An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This in-out vari- able cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.) | A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-109 |
| 54015614 hex | CNC Instruction Re-execu- tion Dis- abled (Logical CNC Motor Number) | An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>LogicalMo-</i> <i>torNo</i> input vari- able when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This input vari- able cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.) | A parameter for an input variable that cannot be changed for re-execu- tion was changed. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-110 |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Leve | | | Refer- | |
|--------------|---|---|--|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----------|--|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence | |
| 5401561D hex | SD Mem- ory Card Access Fail- ure | SD Memory Card access failed when an instruction was executed. | An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card | | | | ~ | | P. 15-111 | |
| 5401561E hex | File Does Not Exist | The file specified for an instruction does not exist. | slot is broken. The specified file does not exist. | | | | ✓ | | P. 15-112 | |
| 5401561F hex | Illegal Load NC Pro- gram Num- ber Specifica- tion | Loading has failed because an attempt was made to load the NC pro- gram with an invalid program number specified. | An attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-112 | |
| 54015620 hex | Too Many Files Open | The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction. | The maximum number of open files was exceeded when open- ing a file for an instruc- tion. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-113 | |
| 54015621 hex | File or Directory Name Is Too Long | The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long. | • The file name or direc- tory name that was specified for the instruc- tion to create is too long. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-113 | |
| 54015622 hex | SD Mem- ory Card Access Failed | SD Memory Card access failed. | The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card slot is broken. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-114 | |
| 54015623 hex | Load NC Program Capacity Exceeded | Loading has failed because an attempt was made to load the NC pro- gram that has a capacity above the maximum. | An attempt was made to load the NC program that has a capacity above the maximum. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-115 | |
| 54015624 hex | Number of NC Pro- gram Exceeded | Loading failed because an attempt was made to load NC pro- grams over the maximum number of NC programs. | A new NC program was loaded while the num- ber of loaded NC pro- grams reaches the maximum. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-116 | |
| 54015625 hex | Illegal CNC Motor Spec- ification | The CNC motor specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out vari- able to a CNC instruction does not exist. | A CNC motor does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-116 | |

| Event code | Event | Description | Assumed cause | | | Leve | | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|--|---|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----------|
| | name | - | | Мај | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 54015626 hex | Illegal CNC Motor Com- pensation Table Spec- ification | The CNC motor compensation table specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to a CNC instruction does not exist. | A CNC motor compen- sation table does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction. | | | | * | | P. 15-117 |
| 54015628 hex | Illegal Load NC Pro- gram | An error was detected in the loaded NC pro- gram. | A syntax error was detected in the NC pro- gram you attempted to load. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-118 |
| 5401562A hex | Skew Con- trol Mode Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>SkewMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-119 |
| 5401562B hex | Offset Value Setting Out of Range | The parameter specified for the <i>OffsetValue</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | Instruction input param- eter exceeded the valid range of the input vari- able. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-119 |
| 54016783 hex | Target Posi- tion Positive Software Limit Exceeded | The specified posi- tion exceeds the positive software limit. | The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruc- tion is beyond the posi- tive software limit. The first position is beyond the positive soft- ware limit and an instruction that speci- fies motion in the oppo- site direction of the software limit was exe- cuted. | | | | ✓ | | P. 15-120 |
| 54016784 hex | Target Posi- tion Nega- tive Software Limit Exceeded | The specified posi- tion exceeds the negative software limit. | The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruc- tion is beyond the nega- tive software limit. While the starting posi- tion is out of the nega- tive software limit, an operation was specified in the opposite direction of the software limit. | | | | ✓ | | P. 15-121 |

| Event code | Event | Description | Accumed course | | | Leve | | | Refer- |
|--------------|---|---|---|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----------|
| Event code | name | Description | Assumed cause | Maj | Prt | Min | Obs | Info | ence |
| 54016785 hex | Command Position Over- flow/Under- flow | Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/over- flow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not specified was executed when there was an underflow/over- flow in the com- mand position. | One of the following was executed when there was a command position overflow/under- flow. A positioning instruc- tion A continuous control instruction in the under- flow/overflow direction An instruction for which the direction is not spec- ified (syncing) | | | | ~ | | P. 15-122 |
| 54016786 hex | Positive Limit Input | An instruction was executed for a motion in the posi- tive direction when the positive limit input was ON. | An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was ON, or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was exe- cuted when the positive limit input was ON. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-123 |
| 54016787 hex | Negative Limit Input | While the negative limit input is set to ON, an instruction that runs in the negative direction was executed. | While the negative limit input is set to ON, an instruction that runs in the negative direction was executed, or an instruc- tion with no direction specified was executed. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-124 |
| 54017784 hex | Servo Main Circuits OFF | An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF. | An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF. | | | | ~ | | P. 15-125 |

15-4 Error Descriptions

This section describes the information that is given for individual errors.

15-4-1 How to Check Error Contents

The items that are used to describe individual errors (events) are described in the following copy of an error table.

| Event name | Gives the name | of the error. | | Event code | Gives the code of | of the error. | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Meaning | Gives a short de | escription of the err | ror. | | | | | | | | |
| Source | Gives the source | e of the error. | Source details | Gives details on the source of the error. | Detection tim- ing | Tells when the error is detected. | | | | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Level affected by control ^{*1} | Recovery method | Recovery method ^{*2} | Log category | Type of stored log ^{*3} | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | User program execution sta- tus ^{*4} | Operation | Provides special results from the e | l information on the operation that error. | | | | | | |
| LED/Status | This status can be checked using the built-in EtherCAT port LED or Industrial PC Support Utility of the built-in EtherNet/IP port. Indicator status is given only for errors in the EtherCAT Master Function Mo and the EtherNet/IP Function Module. | | | | | | | | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Name | | | | | | | |
| -defined variable | | • • | es, and meanings f ed by the error, or t | • | - | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | e | Correction | | Prevention | | | | | | |
| correction | Lists the possibl | e causes, correctio | ons, and preventive | e measures for the | error. | | | | | | |
| Attached | This is the attac | This is the attached information that is displayed by the Sysmac Studio or an HMI. ^{*5} | | | | | | | | | |
| information | | | ovides precautions, restrictions, and supplemental information. If the user can set the event level, the | | | | | | | | |
| information Precautions/ | Provides precau | tions, restrictions, | and supplemental | information. If the | user can set the e | vent level, the | | | | | |

*1. One of the following:

Major fault: Major fault level Partial fault: Partial fault level

Minor fault: Minor fault level

Observation

Information

*2. After the correction is performed, one of the following methods is used to reset the Controller error state: Automatic recovery: Normal status is restored automatically when the cause of the error is removed. Error reset: Normal status is restored when the error is reset after the cause of the error is removed. Turn-on again: After the cause was remedied, turn the controller on again to return to the normal state. Controller reset: Normal status is restored when the Controller is reset after the cause of the error is removed. Depends on cause: The recovery method depends on the cause of the error.

*3. One of the following:

System: System event log Access: Access event log

*4. One of the following:

Continues: Execution of the user program will continue. Stops: Execution of the user program stops. Starts: Execution of the user program starts. 15

*5. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W503) or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual* (Cat. No. W564) for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

15-4-2 Error Descriptions

CNC Function Errors

This section describes the meanings of the errors related to common parts of the CNC Function Module, CNC motor, and CNC coordinate system.

| Event name | CNC Parameter | Setting Invalid | | Event code | 47810000 hex | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Meaning | A fatal error was | detected during se | etting of the CNC F | unction Module. | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Major fault | Recovery | Cycle the power supply. | Log category System | | | |
| Effects | User program | Stops. | Operation | It will not be poss The Controller w | • | CNC motor control. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | The system failed CNC parameter s wise, an error oc ware. | | the Controller wit ation from an SD If this error recur | form a Clear All n from the Sys- sfer the project to h a restore oper- Memory Card. s after you took tion, contact your | All ys- ct to per- rd. ok | | | |
| Attached information | Attached informa | tion 1: System info | ormation | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Parameter | Setting Error | | Event code | 17800000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| Meaning | The CNC parame | eters that were sav | ved in non-volatile | memory are missi | ng. | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Partial fault | Recovery | Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller. | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | It will not be pose | ible to perform CNC motor contro | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type Name | | | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_COM.PFa | aultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l. | | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The power supply to the Controller was interrupted or communica- tions with the Sysmac Studio were disconnected while downloading the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Download the CNC parameter from the Sysmac Studio. Non-volatile memory failure If the error occurs even after t above correction is performed non-volatile memory has failer After you replace the CPU Un download all settings including CNC Parameter Settings from Sysmac Studio. | | | • | Do not turn OF during save pro CNC paramete | - | |
| | | | is performed, ory has failed. the CPU Unit, ings including the | None | | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Absolute Encoder | solute Encoder Home Offset Read Error Event code 17810000 hex | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|--------------------|---|--|--|
| Meaning | The absolute end | coder current posit | erruptions was los | st. | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Partial fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | It will not be pos | sible to perform (| CNC motor control | |
| System | Variable | Data type | | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_COM.PFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause Co | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | When the retained backed up with a event indicates the battery in the CP expired. | battery, this hat the life of the | Replace the Batt Unit, reset the er homing to define | ror, and perform | backed up with cally replace th CPU Unit. For t refer to the <i>NJ</i> - | • | |
| | Backup memory failure above correction is per CPU Unit backup me Replace the CPU Unit form homing to define | | is performed, o memory failed. J Unit and per- | None | | | |
| Attached information | None | | , | | • | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Motor Comp | ensation Table Rea | id Error | Event code | 17820000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Meaning | The CNC motor of | compensation table | e that was saved i | n non-volatile mem | nory is missing. | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Partial fault | Recovery | Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller. | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | It will not be poss | ible to perform CNC motor contro | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_COM.PFa | aultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l. | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | was interrupted or communica- tions with the Sysmac Studio were disconnected while downloading the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Non-volatile memory failure | | Download the CN from the Sysmac | • | Do not turn OFI during save pro CNC paramete | • | |
| | | | If the error occurs above correction non-volatile mem After you replace download all setti CNC Parameter Sysmac Studio. | is performed, hory has failed. the CPU Unit, ings including the | he | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | 1 | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Required Process | Data Object Not S | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Meaning | The object that is PDO. | required for the as | ssigned axis type ir | the CNC motor pa | arameter settings | is not allocated to | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Partial fault | Recovery | Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller. | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | It will not be pose | sible to perform CNC motor co | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_COM.PFa | aultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The required PDOs are not | | Map the PDOs the | nat are required | Map the PDOs | that are required | |
| | mapped when th | e assigned axis | for the relevant a | issigned axis | for the assigned | d axis type to be | |
| | type in the CNC motor parameter | | type. | | used. | | |
| | settings is set to or spindle axis. | a positioning axis | | | | | |
| | Non-volatile men | nory failure | If the error occur | s even after the | None | | |
| | | | above correction | is performed, | | | |
| | | | non-volatile men | ory has failed. | | | |
| | | | After you replace | e the CPU Unit, | | | |
| | | | download all sett | ings including the | | | |
| | | | CNC Parameter Settings from the | | | | |
| | | | Sysmac Studio. | | | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Initialization E | Error | | Event code | 47800000 hex | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Meaning | A fatal error occu | rred in the system | and prevented ini | tialization of the Cl | NC Function Mod | dule. | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Partial fault | Recovery | Cycle the power supply. | Log category System | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | | t will not be possible to perform CNC motor control. t will not be possible to execute CNC motor control nstructions. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | Hardware has fai | iled. | Replace the CPL | J Unit. | None | | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Control Perio | NC Control Period Exceeded Event code 7780 0000 hex | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------|--|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Meaning | | | task was not finisł | | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | Continuously | | | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Partial fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | · · | ossible for all the CNC coordinate ordinate systems in motion stop | | | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.PFa | aultLvI.Active | BOOL CNC Common Partial F | | | Partial Fault | | | | |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | | | | |
| correction | The processing lo | oad in the pri- | Reduce the amo | unt of processing | Write the programs for the primar | | | | | |
| | mary periodic tas | mary periodic task is too heavy. in the primar the control period long enough tion problems Check the ta | | riodic task or set I to a value that is to cause opera- eriod in the <i>Task</i> f the Sysmac Stu- | only the proces specified period | - | | | | |
| Attached | None | леникана и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и пред Переконски предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предоктавание и предок | | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Process Data Object Setting Missing | | | Event code | 37810000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The PDO mappir | ng is not correct. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Operation is not | possible for the r | elevant CNC coor- | |
| | | | | dinate systems. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinat | e System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | and Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The PDOs that a | re required for | Map the PDOs that are required | | Map the PDOs that are required | | |
| | the CNC instruction are not | | for the instruction. | | for the instruction | ons that are used. | |
| | mapped. | | | | | | |
| | The relevant instruction was exe- | | Some devices do not support the | | Refer to the manual for the device | | |
| | cuted for a device that does not | | relevant instruction | relevant instruction. | | and write the program so that unsupported instructions are not | |
| | have an object that supports the | | Refer to the man | Refer to the manual for the device. | | | |
| | instruction. | | check to see if the relevant | | executed. | | |
| | | | instruction is supported, and cor- | | | | |
| | | | rect the program | | | | |
| | | | ported instruction | - | | | |
| | | | executed. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | 1 | | I | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | | Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specification Event code 5600 0000 hex | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | • | · · | | for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction does not exist. | | | |
| Source | | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction is not exe | ecuted. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MFa | aultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l. | Correction | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | CNC coordinate | system does not | Correct the instru | iction so that the | Specify a variable that exists when | | |
| | exist for the varia | ble specified for | variable exists fo | variable exists for the CNC coordi- nate system that was specified for | | riable for an input | |
| | the Coord in-out | variable to the | nate system that | | | parameter to an instruction. | |
| | instruction. | | the instruction. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Deceleration Setting Out of Range | | | Event code | 56010000 hex | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the De | celeration input va | riable to a CNC in | struction is out of | f range. |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program Continues. Operation | | Operation | The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the para | meter so that the | Set the input parameter to the | |
| | exceeded the val | id range of the | valid range of the | e input variable is | instruction so the | nat the valid range |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for | the relevant | of the input variable is not exceeded. | |
| | | | instruction. | | | |
| Attached | None | | • | | • | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Jerk Setting Out of Range | | | Event code | 56020000 hex | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | The parameter specified for the <i>Jerk</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | | | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | | |
| butes | | | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru | iction is not execut | ed. The relevant | | | |
| | | | CNC coordinate sy | | ystem immediately stops while moving. | | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the para | neter so that the | Set the input pa | arameter to the | | | |
| | exceeded the val | lid range of the | valid range of the | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | | | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for | not exceeded for the relevant | | of the input variable is not | | | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Instruction F | Re-execution Disabl | ed | Event code | 56030000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---|---------------------|--|---|---|---|--|
| Meaning | A CNC instructio | n that cannot be re | e-executed was re- | executed. | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | Source details CNC com- mon/CNC coor- dinate system | | At instruction re-execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru CNC coordinate sy | | ed. The relevant stops while moving. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_COM.MF | aultLvl.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- rence | |
| | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed. | | Correct the program so that the <i>Execute</i> input variable does not change to TRUE until the <i>Busy</i> output variable from the instruction changes to FALSE. | | When using instructions that can- not be re-executed, include a con- dition for the <i>Execute</i> input variable so that it does not change to TRUE unless the <i>Busy</i> output variable for the previous instruc- tion is FALSE. Or, stop the instruc- tion before executing it again. | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | 1 | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Multi-execut | ion Disabled | | Event code | 56040000 hex | | |
|--|---|--------------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| Meaning | Multiple functions nate system). | s that cannot be e | ecuted simultaned | ously were execute | ed for the same t | arget (CNC coordi- | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common/ CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru CNC coordinate s | | ed. The relevant stops while moving. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | • | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MF | aultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | | rence | |
| | _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active | | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | |
| | | | | | Fault Occurren | се | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system). The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was <i>Executing</i> (Executing) or <i>Hold</i> (Holding). | | Check the specifications of multi-execution of instructions for this instruction and correct the pro- gram so that instructions that can- not be executed at the same time are not executed simultaneously. | | Check the specifications for multi-execution of instructions for the instruction and do not execute instructions that cannot be exe- cuted at the same time. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | • | | |
| information Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Unassigned Logic | al CNC Motor Num | ber Specified | Event code | 56050000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The CNC motor of not assigned. | The CNC motor of the parameter specified for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruction is not assigned. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details CNC coordi- nate system | | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Deration The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while r | | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | Correction | | | | |
| correction | The logical CNC | motor number for | Correct the parameter so that the specified value does not exceed | | Specify the appropriate parame- | | | |
| | which the CNC n | notor is not | | | ter so that the LogicalMotorNo | | | |
| | assigned to the L | .ogicalMotorNo | the range of the l | the range of the logical CNC motor number for which the CNC | | input variable to the instruction | | |
| | input variable to | the CNC instruc- | motor number fo | | | d the range of | | |
| | tion was specifie | d, and the | motor is assigned | d to the <i>Logi-</i> | Positioning Axis | s Assignment or | | |
| | instruction was e | xecuted. | calMotorNo input | calMotorNo input variable to the | | <i>signment</i> in the | | |
| | - | | instruction. | | CNC coordinate | e system parame- | | |
| | | | | | ter settings. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | | |
| | None None | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Logical CNC Motor Number Out of Range | | | Event code | 56060000 hex | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Lo | gicalMotorNo input | variable to a CNC | C instruction is ou | it of range. |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | | | | The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | CNC Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parar | neter so that the | Set the input parameter to the | |
| | exceeded the val | id range of the | valid range of the | e input variable is | instruction so th | nat the valid range |
| | input variable. | - | not exceeded for | the relevant | of the input variable is not | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | |
| Attached | None | | • | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Target Position Se | etting Out of Range | | Event code | 56070000 hex | | |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Po | <i>sition</i> input variable | e to a CNC instruc | tion is out of ran | ge. | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru | iction is not execut | ed. The relevant | |
| | | | | CNC coordinate s | ystem immediately stops while moving. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parar | meter so that the | Set the input parameter to the | | |
| | exceeded the val | id range of the | valid range of the | valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant | | nat the valid range | |
| | input variable. Or | , there was an | not exceeded for | | | iable is not | |
| | overflow/underflo | w in the target | instruction. | | exceeded. | | |
| | position. | | | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Impossible CNC N Servo is OFF | Notor Operation Sp | ecified when the | Event code | 56080000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Meaning | An operation inst | ruction was execu | ted for the CNC m | otor for which the | Servo is OFF. | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Recovery Error reset | | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru CNC coordinate s | | ted. The relevant stops while moving | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | <u>steps time tier is</u> | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MEaultLyLActive | BOOL | | | te System Minor | |
| variables | | | 2002 | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | An operation instruction was exe- | | Correct the progr | am so that the | Make sure to e | xecute the opera- | |
| | cuted for the CNC motor for which | | instruction is executed after the | | tion instruction after the Servo is | | |
| | the Servo is OFF | | Servo is turned ON. | | turned ON. | | |
| | Home was preset | with the | If the _EC_PDSI | If the _EC_PDSlavTbl (Process | | If you execute the CNC_Home or | |
| | CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithPa- | | Data Communica | Data Communicating Slave Table) | | CNC_HomeWithParameter | |
| | rameter instructio | — | | system-defined variable for the | | reset home imme- | |
| | which EtherCAT p | process data com- | EtherCAT master of the master | | diately after you turn ON the | | |
| | munications are r | ot established. | axis is FALSE, remove the cause | | power supply to the Controller, | | |
| | | | and execute the CNC_Home or | | download data, reset a slave com- | | |
| | | | CNC_HomeWithParameter | | munications err | ror, disconnect the | |
| | | | instruction to preset home after | | slave, reconnee | ct the slave, or dis∙ | |
| | | | _EC_PDSlavTbl changes to | | | the slave, write the | |
| | | | TRUE. | | program to mal | | |
| | | | | | | b/ (Process Data | |
| | | | | | - | g Slave Table) sys- | |
| | | | | | | riable for the Ethe | |
| | | | | | | TRUE before you | |
| | | | | | execute CNC_I CNC HomeWit | | |
| Attached information | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | I C motor number w | here the error occ | — | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Target Velocity Se | tting Out of Range | | Event code | 56090000 hex | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Meaning | <u> </u> | <u>,</u> | locity input variable | e to a CNC instruc | tion is out of rang | je. |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | | | | elevant instruction is not executed. The relevant coordinate system immediately stops while moving. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parar | neter so that the | Set the input parameter to the | |
| | exceeded the val | id range of the | valid range of the | valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant | | nat the valid range |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for | | | of the input variable is not |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | |
| Attached | None | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Acceleration/Deceleration Setting Out of Range | | | Event code | 560A0000 hex | |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Ac | <i>celeration</i> input va | riable to a CNC in | struction is out of | range. |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | | | | ed. The relevant stops while moving. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the para | meter so that the | Set the input parameter to the | |
| | exceeded the val | lid range of the | valid range of the | e input variable is | instruction so the | nat the valid range |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for | the relevant | of the input var | iable is not |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | |
| Attached | None | | • | | • | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Travel Mode Selection Out of Range | | | Event code | 560B0000 hex | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
| Meaning | The parameter s | The parameter specified for the <i>MoveMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| butes | | | | | | - | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru | uction is not execut | ed. The relevant | | |
| | | | | CNC coordinate sy | | ystem immediately stops while moving. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the para | meter so that the | neter so that the Set the input parameter to t | | | |
| | exceeded the val | lid range of the | valid range of the | e input variable is | instruction so th | nat the valid range | | |
| | input variable. | - | not exceeded for | the relevant | of the input var | iable is not | | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | | | |
| Attached | None | | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Immediate Stop Instruction Executed | | | Event code | 560C0000 hex | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | An Immediate Sto | An Immediate Stop (CNC_CoordImmediateStop) instruction was executed. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module Source of | | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| butes | | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | ion The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stop according to the setting of the <i>Immediate Stop Input Sto</i> | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Method paramete | hod parameter when it is moving. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].N | //FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | | |
| variables | | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | An Immediate Sto | op instruction | | | | | | |
| | was executed. | | | | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Parameter Selection Out of Range | | | Event code | 560D0000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | The parameter specified for the <i>ParameterNumber</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | eset Log category System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Operation The relevant instruction is not executed. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MFa | aultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l. | Correction | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parar | meter so that the | Set the input pa | arameter to the | |
| | exceeded the val | id range of the | valid range of the | e input variable is | instruction so the | nat the valid range | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for | the relevant | of the input var | iable is not | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Parameter S of Range | Setting Read/Write | Setting Value Out | Event code | 560E0000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | The parameter specified for the SettingValue in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction is not executed. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MF | aultLvl.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parar | neter so that the | Set the input parameter to the | | |
| | exceeded the val | lid range of the | valid range of the | valid range of the in-out variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | |
| | in-out variable. | | not exceeded for | the relevant | of the in-out va | riable is not | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | | |
| Attached | None | | • | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Parameter S Range | Setting Read/Write | Target Out of | Event code | 560F0000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Ta | a <i>rget</i> in-out variable | to a CNC instruction | ion is out of rang | e. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | struction is not executed. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MFa | aultLvI.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parar | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input parameter to the | |
| | exceeded the valid range of the | | valid range of the | valid range of the in-out variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | |
| | in-out variable. | | not exceeded for | not exceeded for the relevant | | of the in-out variable is not | |
| | | | instruction. | instruction. | | exceeded. | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Cycle Start Error | with Undefined Hon | ne | Event code 56100000 hex | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | A cycle start was home. | A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At Cycle Start | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | · · | ycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC nate system immediately stops while moving. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | ; | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | A cycle start was | executed for a | Perform homing | to define home | Perform homing to define home | | | |
| | CNC coordinate | system including | for all positioning | axes before exe- | for all positionir | ng axes before exe- | | |
| | the positioning axis with no defined home. | | cuting the cycle start. | | cuting the cycle start. | | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error occ | urred | | | |
| information | | - | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Homing Paramete | er Setting Out of Ra | ange | Event code | 56110000 hex | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Ho | omingParameter in- | out variable to a C | NC instruction is | out of range. | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| butes | | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru | | | | |
| | | | | CNC coordinate s | ystem immediately | stops while moving. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinat | e System Minor | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurren | ce | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | Correction | | | | |
| correction | Instruction input parameter | | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input parameter to the | | | |
| | exceeded the va | lid range of the | valid range of the | valid range of the in-out variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | | |
| | in-out variable. | | not exceeded for | the relevant | of the in-out var exceeded. | riable is not | | |
| | | | instruction. | instruction. | | | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | ation 1: Error Deta | ils | | | | | |
| information | 1:Homing Method out of range, 2: Home Input Signal out of range, 3: Homing Start Direction out of range, 4: | | | | | | | |
| | Home Input Dete | ection Direction ou | t of range, 5: Opera | ation Selection at I | Positive Limit Inp | ut out of range, 6: | | |
| | Operation Select | tion at Negative Li | mit Input out of ran | ge, 7: Homing Vel | ocity out of range | e, 8: Homing | | |
| | | | • | • | | ask Distance out of | | |
| | • | | • | • | • | range, 15: Homing | | |
| | · · · | • | • . | • | • | Home Input Mask | | |
| | Distance exceeded 40-bit range when converted to pulses, 102: Homing Compensation Value exceeded | | | | | | | |
| | | 40-bit range when converted to pulses, 104: Home Offset exceeded 40-bit range (54-bit range for spindle axis) when converted to pulses, 106: Homing Velocity exceeded maximum velocity, 107: Homing Approach | | | | | | |
| | · · | | • • | | • | • | | |
| | - | | | • | | or equal to Homing | | |
| | | • . | on Velocity was no | t less than or equa | a to Homing velo | city, 110: Homing | | |
| Dressutions/ | | eeded maximum a | acceleration rate | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | M Code Number (| Out of Range | | Event code | 56120000 hex | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | The parameter specified for the MCodeNo input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | | | uction is not executed. The relevant ystem immediately stops while moving. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Coord[*].f | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable. | | Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction. | | Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded. | | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Instruction F | Re-execution Disabl | led (CNC Coordi- | Event code | 56130000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---|---------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| Meaning | | | | parameter for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable when re-executing a CNC not be changed when re-executing an instruction.) | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At instruction re-execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | | uction is not execut system immediately | ted. The relevant stops while moving. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | | | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | 9 | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed. | | Correct the program so that the parameter for the relevant in-out variable does not change when the relevant instruction is re-exe- cuted. | | Check the manual to see if each in-out variable to the relevant CNC instruction can be changed by re-execution. Write the pro- gram so that the input parameters for any in-out variable that cannot be changed do not change upon re-execution. | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Event name | | Re-execution Disab | ed (Logical CNC | Event code | 56140000 hex | 56140000 hex | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | Motor Number) | | | | | | |
| Meaning | | • | e parameter for the | - | • | • | |
| | CNC instruction. | (This input variab | e cannot be chang | | ting an instructio | n.) | |
| Source | urce CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | re-execution | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru | iction is not execut | ed. The relevant | |
| | | | | CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving. | | | |
| System | m Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | |
| variables | ·· | | | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | Correction | | | |
| correction | A parameter for a | an input variable | Correct the program so that the | | Check the manual to see if each | | |
| | that cannot be changed for | | parameter for the relevant input | | input variable to the relevant CNC | | |
| | re-execution was changed. | | variable does not change when | | instruction can be changed by | | |
| | | | | the relevant instruction is re-exe- | | /rite the program | |
| | | | cuted. | cuted. | | t parameters for | |
| | | | | | any input variable that cannot be | | |
| | | | | | any input variat | Die that cannot be | |
| | | | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | |
| | | | | | changed do not re-execution. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | changed do not | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | changed do not | | |
| | None | | | | changed do not | | |

| Event name | Illegal NC Program | n | | Event code | 56150000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Meaning | An error was det | An error was detected in the NC program transferred from Sysmac Studio. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller. | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type BOOL | | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MF | aultLvl.Active | | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- | | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | NC program tran | sfer processing | Download the NO | C program from | None | | | |
| | failed. | | Sysmac Studio a | gain. | | | | |
| | | | If this error recurs | s after you took | | | | |
| | | | the above correc | tion, contact your | | | | |
| | | | OMRON represe | ntative. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Cycle Start Multi-e | execution Disabled | | Event code | 56160000 hex | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | A cycle start was | executed multiple | times for the same | e target (CNC coor | rdinate system). | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At cycle start | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The cycle start is | not executed. T | he relevant CNC | |
| | | | | coordinate syster | m immediately st | ops while moving. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvl.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | e System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A cycle start was | executed while | A cycle start cannot be executed | | A cycle start cannot be executed | | |
| | the CNC coordinate | ate system is | multiple times. | | multiple times. | | |
| | | uting), <i>MovingOn-</i> | Correct the program so that a | | Write the program so that a cycle | | |
| | Hold (Manual Op | | cycle start is not | cycle start is not executed while | | start is not executed while the | |
| | Holding), or <i>Movi</i> | <i>ing</i> (Moving). | the CNC coordinate | ate system is | CNC coordinate system is Execut- | | |
| | | | Executing (Executing | uting), <i>MovingOn-</i> | ing (Executing), MovingOnHold | | |
| | | | Hold (Manual Op | eration While | (Manual Opera | tion While Hold- | |
| | | | Holding), or Movi | <i>ing</i> (Moving). | ing), or <i>Moving</i> (Moving). | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Impossible CNC the Servo is OFF | Motor Cycle Start | Specified when | Event code | 56170000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Meaning | A cycle start was OFF. | A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At cycle start | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type BOOL | | Name | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A cycle start was | executed for the | Correct the prog | ram so that a | Execute a cycle | e start after the | |
| | CNC motor for w | hich Servo is | cycle start is exe | cuted after the | Servo is turned ON. | | |
| | turned OFF. | | Servo is turned (| DN. | | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | ation 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error oc | curred | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Illegal NC Progra | m Number Specifi | cation | Event code | 56180000 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Meaning | The NC program instruction is not | | ramNo in the Cont | <i>rollnputs</i> in-out va | riable to the CN0 | C_CoordControl |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At cycle start |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The cycle start is coordinate system | | he relevant CNC ops while moving. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | A cycle start was executed after an unloaded NC program is speci- fied for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>Con- trolInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction. | | Transfer the relevant NC program using Sysmac Studio. Or, use the CNC_LoadProgram- File instruction to load the relevant NC program from the SD Memory Card. | | Specify the NC program trans- ferred by Sysmac Studio or the NC program loaded from the SD Memory Card with the CNC LoadProgramFile instruction for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_Co- ord-Control instruction. | |
| Attached information | None | | I | | I | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | |

| Event name | Illegal Back Trace | Specification | | Event code | 56190000 hex | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Meaning | | A cycle start was executed when the CNC coordinate system is <i>Standby</i> (Standby) while <i>BackTrace</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE. | | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At cycle start | | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | - | | not executed. The relevant CNC m immediately stops while moving. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | | | |
| variables | ·· | | | | Fault Occurrence | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | | |
| correction | A cycle start was | executed when | Correct the program so that a | | Do not execute the cycle start | | | | |
| | the CNC coordin | ate system is | cycle start is not | cycle start is not executed when the CNC coordinate system is <i>Standby</i> (Standby) while <i>Back</i> - | | when the CNC coordinate system | | | |
| | Standby (Standb | y) while <i>Back-</i> | the CNC coordin | | | ndby) while <i>Back-</i> | | | |
| | Trace in the Con | <i>trolInputs</i> in-out | Standby (Standb | | | <i>ntrolInputs</i> in-out | | | |
| | variable to the CN | IC_CoordControl | Trace in the Con | <i>trollnputs</i> in-out | variable to the C | CNC_CoordControl | | | |
| | | | variable to the CN instruction is set | = | | et to TRUE. | | | |
| Attached | None | | • | | • | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | None | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Illegal CNC Motor Specification | | | Event code | 56250000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The CNC motor s | The CNC motor specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is not exist. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction is not exe | ecuted. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MFa | aultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- | | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | A CNC motor doe | es not exist for | Correct the instru | iction so that the | Specify a variable that exists when | | | |
| | the variable spec | ified for the Tar- | variable exists fo | variable exists for the CNC motor | | specifying a variable for an input | | |
| | get input variable | to the instruc- | that was specifie | d for the instruc- | parameter to an instruction. | | | |
| | tion. | | tion. | | | | | |
| Attached | None | | • | | - | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Illegal CNC Motor | Compensation Tab | le Specification | Event code | 56260000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | , and the second | • | • | the <i>Target</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is not exist | | | |
| Meaning | | • | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction is not exe | ecuted. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l. | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A CNC motor cor | npensation table | Correct the instru | iction so that the | Specify a variable that exists when | | |
| | does not exist for | the variable | variable exists fo | variable exists for the CNC motor | | specifying a variable for an input | |
| | specified for the | <i>Target</i> input vari- | compensation tal | ole that was | parameter to an instruction. | | |
| | able to the instru | ction. | specified for the instruction. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | NC Program Cap | acity Exceeded | | Event code | 56290000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | Loading failed be | ecause the NC pro | gram downloaded | from Sysmac Stud | io exceeded the | maximum capacity. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller. | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Common | Minor Fault Occur- | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The NC program | over the maxi- | Correct the program so that the | | Write the program so that the NC | | |
| | mum capacity wa | mum capacity was downloaded | | NC program downloaded from | | program downloaded from Sys- | |
| | from Sysmac Stu | from Sysmac Studio. | | Sysmac Studio does not exceed | | mac Studio does not exceed the | |
| | | | the maximum capacity. | | maximum capacity. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Skew Control Mode Out of Range | | | Event code | 562A0000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | The parameter specified for the SkewMode input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection tim- ing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Stops. | | - | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].M | FaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault | | | |
| variable | | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parar | neter so that the | Set the input parameter to the | | | |
| | exceeded the val | id range of the | valid range of the | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for | the relevant | of the input variable is not | | | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Offset Value Setting Out of Range | | | Event code | 562B0000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Of | <i>ffsetValue</i> input vari | iable to a CNC ins | truction is out of ra | inge. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection tim- ing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Stops. | | - | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | | |
| -defined variable | _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable. | | valid range of the | Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction. | | Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded. | |
| Attached information | None | | • | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Immediate Stop Ir | nput | Event code | 67800000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------|---|---------------------|--|---|
| Meaning | | top input turned O | N | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | according to the se | | | n immediately stops <i>diate Stop Input Stop</i> g. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | An immediate stop input signal was detected. | | Turn OFF the immediate stop input signal. | | (The goal is to detect the immedi- ate stop input. Preventative mea- sures are not required.) | |
| | The immediate stop input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the immediate stop input is wrong. | | If the error occurs even when the immediate stop input signal is OFF, correct the immediate stop signal connection and logic setting for the immediate stop input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in | | Make sure that the immediate stop signal connection and logic setting for the immediate stop input are correct. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | |
| Attached information | None | | the slave settings | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | You must turn OF | F the immediate s | stop input signal be | efore you reset the | e error. | |

| Event name | Positive Limit Inpu | ut Detected | | Event code | 67810000 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------|--|---|--|---------------------|
| Meaning | The positive limit | input turned ON. | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant CN stops according <i>Method</i> parameter | to the setting of t | ne Limit Input Stop |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].M | FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Min rence | or Fault Occur- |
| Cause and | Assumed cause A positive limit input signal was detected. | | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | | | Reset the error and move the axis back in the negative direction before it exceeds the limit in the positive direction. Find the reason the limit was exceeded and make suitable cor- rections. | | The goal is to detect the positive limit input. Preventative measures are not required. However, be sure not to exceed the positive limit input when making programs. | |
| | The positive limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the positive limit input is wrong. | | If a positive limit input signal does not occur, correct the connection of the positive limit signal and the logic setting for the positive limit input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | | Make sure that the positive limit signal connection and logic setting for the positive limit input are cor- rect. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | |
| Attached information | None | | 3 | | 1 | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | |

| Event name | Negative Limit Inp | out Detected | | Event code | 67820000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The negative lim | it input turned ON | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant CN stops according <i>Method</i> parameter | to the setting of t | he <i>Limit Input Stop</i> | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause A negative limit input signal was detected. | | Correction Reset the error and move the axis back in the positive direction before it exceeds the limit in the negative direction. Find the reason the limit was exceeded and make suitable cor- rections. | | Prevention | | |
| correction | | | | | The goal is to detect the negative limit input. Preventative measure are not required. However, be sure not to exceed the negative limit input when making program | | |
| | The negative limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the negative limit input is wrong. | | If a negative limit input signal does not occur, correct the connection of the negative limit signal and the logic setting for the negative limit input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | | Make sure that the negative limit signal connection and logic setting for the negative limit input are co- rect. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | | |
| Attached information | None | | 3 | | 1 | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Target Position Po | ositive Software Lim | Event code | 67830000 hex | | |
|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | , ° | | | | 07030000 110 | |
| Meaning | | | positive software I | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| butes | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru | ction is not execut | ed. The relevant |
| | | | | CNC coordinate sy | stem immediately | stops while moving. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | Correction | | |
| correction | The parameter s | pecified for the | Correct the parameter specified | | Set the parame | ter specified for the |
| | Position input va | riable to the | for the <i>Position</i> input variable to | | Position input variable to the | |
| | instruction is bey | ond the positive | the instruction so that it is within | | instruction so that it is within the | |
| | software limit. | | the positive software limit. | | positive software limit. | |
| | The first position | is beyond the | Correct the progr | am so that the | If the first positi | on is beyond the |
| | positive software | limit and an | travel direction for | r the instruction | positive softwar | re limit, write the |
| | instruction that sp | pecifies motion in | is towards the positive software | | program so that the travel direc- | |
| | the opposite dire | ction of the soft- | limit. | | tion is in the dir | ection of the posi- |
| | ware limit was ex | ecuted. | | | tive software lin | nit. |
| Attached | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error occ | urred | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Target Position Ne | egative Software Li | mit Exceeded | Event code | 67840000 hex | |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| Meaning | The specified po | sition exceeds the | negative software | limit. | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details CNC coordi- nate system | | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instruction is not executed. The relev CNC coordinate system immediately stops while r | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Coord[*]. | _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active BOOL | | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | Prevention | | |
| correction | The parameter specified for the | | Correct the parameter specified | | Set the parameter specified for the | |
| | Position input variable to the | | for the <i>Position</i> input variable to | | Position input variable to the | |
| | instruction is beyond the negative software limit. | | the instruction so that it is within the negative software limit. | | instruction so that it is within the negative software limit. | |
| | The first position is beyond the negative software limit and an | | Correct the program so that the travel direction for the instruction | | If the first position is beyond the negative software limit, write the | |
| | instruction that s | instruction that specifies motion in | | is towards the negative software | | t the travel direc- |
| | the opposite direction of the soft- ware limit was executed. | | limit. | | tion is in the direction of the nega- tive software limit. | |
| Attached information | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error occ | urred | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Command Positio | n Overflow/Underflo | ow | Event code | 67850000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/overflow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not | | | | | | | |
| | specified was ex | ecuted when there | was an underflow | was an underflow/overflow in the command position. | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant instru | uction is not execut | ed. The relevant | | |
| | | | | CNC coordinate s | ystem immediately | stops while moving | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate Syste | | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | Prevention | | | | |
| correction | One of the following was executed | | Execute an error reset and then | | Make sure that overflow or under- | | | |
| | when there was a command posi- | | clear the overflow or underflow | | flow does not occur. | | | |
| | tion overflow/underflow. | | state by executing homing. | | | | | |
| | A positioning instruction | | | | | | | |
| | A continuous control instruction | | | | | | | |
| | in the underflow/overflow directionAn instruction for which the direction is not specified (sync- | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | ing) | | | | | | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error occ | curred | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| _ | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--------------------|--|--------------------|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| Event name | Positive Limit Inpu | it | | Event code | 67860000 hex | | | | |
| Meaning | An instruction was executed for a motion in the positive direction when the positive limit input was | | | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | At instruction | | | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | execution | | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | | |
| butes | | | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction is not exe | ecuted. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | //FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinat | e System Minor | | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurren | ce | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | | | |
| correction | Assumed cause An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> . | | Execute an error reset and then perform a recovery operation in the negative direction. If this error occurs again, check the connec- tion of the positive limit signal, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execution condi- tions for the start command, and correct any mistakes. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | | Prevention Check to make sure there are no problems with the positive limit signal connection, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execute conditions for the instruction. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | | | | |
| Attached information | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error occ | urred | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Negative Limit Input Event code | | | | 67870000 hex | | |
|--|---|-------------|---|---|--|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | , | | egative direction wa | as executed when | the negative lim | it input was ON. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | - | | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction is not exe | ecuted. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Assumed cause An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> . | | Execute an error perform a recove the positive direct occurs again, che tion of the negative logic setting for the input, and the executions for the start correct any mistan Check the logic so the CNC motor p | ry operation in tion. If this error eck the connec- ve limit signal, the ne negative limit ecution condi- command, and akes. settings both in arameters and in | tion. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and the slave settings. | | |
| Attached information Precautions/ Remarks | the slave settings. Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Positive Software Limit Exceeded | | | Event code | 67880000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The position exce | eeded the positive | software limit whil | e the CNC motor i | s in motion. | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module Source | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Follows the settin Selection. | ting of the Software Limit Function | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].M | FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | Prevention | | | |
| correction | The position exceeded the posi- | | Find the reason that the software | | (The goal is to enable detecting | | |
| | tive software limit. | | limit was exceeded and make suit- | | the software limits when they are | | |
| | | | able corrections. | | exceeded due to unanticipated | | |
| | | | | | causes. Prever | ntative measures | |
| | | | | | are not required.) | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | Whenever you ch | nange the positive | software limit setti | ng, make sure tha | t the new setting | is safe. | |

| Event name | Negative Software Limit Exceeded | | | Event code | 67890000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The position exce | eded the negative | e software limit whi | le the CNC motor | is in motion. | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Follows the settir Selection. | tting of the Software Limit Function | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].M | FaultLvI.Active | BOOL | DOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | |
| variables | | | | rence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The position exceeded the nega- | | Find the reason that the software | | (The goal is to enable detecting | | |
| | tive software limit | t. | limit was exceede | limit was exceeded and make suit- | | nits when they are | |
| | | | able corrections. | able corrections. | | to unanticipated | |
| | | | | | causes. Prever | tative measures | |
| | | | | | are not required.) | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | Whenever you ch | nange the negative | e software limit set | ting, make sure that | at the new setting | g is safe. | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| | I In-nocition ('hock | Time Exceeded | Event code | 678A0000 hex | | | |
|--------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|---|-----------------|--|
| Event name | The in-position check was not completed within the | | | | 07070000 1107 | | |
| Meaning | | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection | During instruc- | |
| | | | | | timing | tion execution | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant CN | C coordinate sys | tem immediately | |
| | | | | stops while movi | ng. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | CNC Motor[*].M | FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Min | or Fault Occur- | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Time is required to complete posi- tioning. | | Determine the cause of the slow positioning and remove the cause of the error. Or, adjust the Servo Drive or adjust the In-position | | Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance or oscilla- | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | tion/vibration in the positioning | | |
| | | | | | operation as much as possible. | | |
| | | | Check Time or In | • | operation as much as possible. | | |
| | | | Increase the loop gain if you adjust the Servo Drive. However, make sure that you keep the loop gain low enough so that the con- | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | trol does not osci | llate. | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Following Error Limit Exceeded | | | Event code | 678B0000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The error betwee Over Value. | en the command o | current position and | actual current val | ue exceeded the | Following Error | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant CN stops while mov | C coordinate system immediatel | | |
| System | Variable | - | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].M | FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | |
| variables | | | | re | | rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command. | | | n the range that | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Illegal Following E | Frror | | Event code | 67910000 hex | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Meaning | The difference be when converted to | tween the comman o pulses. | d position and the a | actual current posit | ion exceeds the ra | ange of 30-bit data |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The Servo for the | e relevant CNC m | notor is turned OFF. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | The command cu | urrent position | Correct the program or correct the | | Write the program or set the elec- | |
| | was restricted so that the velocity | | electronic gear ratio so that the | | tronic gear ratio so that the CNC | |
| | of the CNC motor would not | | CNC motor does not exceed the | | motor does not exceed the maxi- | |
| | exceed the maxi | mum velocity for | maximum velocity. | | mum velocity. | |
| | the specified trav | el distance. | | • | , , | |
| | | positioning opera- | Remove the cause of poor follow- | | Remove the cause of poor follow- | |
| | tion has poor foll | | ing performance in the CNC motor | | ing performance in the CNC motor | |
| | mance and the a | • · | positioning opera | | | |
| | slower than the c | ommand. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Absolute Encoder | Current Position C | alculation Failed | Event code | 67920000 hex | |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| Meaning | | le to correctly rest er was interrupted | ore the current pos | sition from the abs | olute encoder inf | ormation that was |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | At power ON, at Controller reset, when download- ing, or when start- ing Servo ON status |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Operation is not | possible for relev | ant CNC motors. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].M | FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | |
| variables | | | | | rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | The position to reverted to pulses of range of signed 4 | exceeded the | Reset the error a ing. Perform hom position where th encoder is set up tion to restore do the range of sign | ning near the ne absolute o so that the posi- nes not exceed | to position. Per the position wh encoder is set of tion to restore of the range of sig Also, do not ex CNC_Power (F instruction or co ply when the er | arameters related form homing near ere the absolute up so that the posi- does not exceed gned 40-bit data. ecute the Power Servo) ycle the power sup- ncoder position |
| Attached information Precautions/ Remarks | None None | | | | exceeds the rai | |

| Event name | Home Undefined | I during Coordinate | ed Motion | Event code | 67930000 hex | 67930000 hex | |
|--------------|---|--------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| Meaning | | | ndefined while the | | | s Executing (Exe- | |
| | <i>.</i> | | peration While Hole | <i></i> | Moving). | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | During instruc- | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | tion execution | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | reset Log category S | | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | | IC coordinate sys | tem immediately | |
| | | | | stops while mov | ing. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinat | e System Minor | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurren | се | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The command pe | | Correct the prog | | | am so that the axis | |
| | position overflowed or under- | | axis operates wit | axis operates within ranges that | | ranges that do not | |
| | flowed for a CNC motor while the | | do not cause overflows or under- | | cause overflows or underflows in | | |
| | status of CNC coordinate system | | flows in the command position or | | the command position or actual position. | | |
| | is Executing (Executing), Moving- | | actual position. | actual position. | | | |
| | <i>OnHold</i> (Manual | • | | | | | |
| | Holding), or <i>Moving</i> (Moving) and | | | | | | |
| | the home definiti | | | | | | |
| | A slave commun | | Correct the slave communica- | | None | None | |
| | occurred in the CNC motor and | | tions error and define home. | | | | |
| | | e undefined while | | | | | |
| | the status of CNC coordinate sys- tem is <i>Executing</i> (Executing), <i>MovingOnHold</i> (Manual Operation While Holding), or <i>Moving</i> (Mov- ing). | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | A slave for a logi | cal axis left the | Connect the disc | onnected or dis- | Do not disconn | ect or disable the | |
| | network or was c | | Connect the disconnected or dis- abled slave to the network again | | | ical axis while the | |
| | | idefined while the | and define home | C C | | coordinate system | |
| | status of CNC co | | | | | xecuting), <i>Moving</i> - | |
| | | ecuting), <i>Moving-</i> | | | | al Operation While | |
| | OnHold (Manual Operation While | | | | Holding), or Mo | • | |
| | Holding), or Mov | • | | | 0,7 | C (), | |
| Attached | None | , | J | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Cycle Start Specified during Positive Software Limit Exceeded | | | Event code | 67940000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The first position | The first position exceeds the positive software limit. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At cycle start | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | - | | he relevant CNC ops while moving. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | orrection | | | |
| correction | The command current position of the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis in the CNC coordinate system is out of range of the positive software limit. | | | | start is execute tioning cartesia ing rotational as | em is in the range | |
| Attached information | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | IC motor number w | here the error occ | urred | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Cycle Start Specified during Negative Software Exceeded | | | Event code | 67950000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The first position | exceeds the nega | tive software limit. | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At cycle start | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | - | | he relevant CNC ops while moving. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The command cu | urrent position of | Reset the error, a | Reset the error, and perform hom- | | Write the program so that a cycle | |
| | the positioning ca | the positioning cartesian axis or | | ing so that the CNC motor outside | | start is executed while the posi- | |
| | positioning rotational axis in the | | the software limit returns in the | | tioning cartesian axis or position- | | |
| | CNC coordinate | • | range of the soft | range of the software limit. | | xis in the CNC | |
| | range of the nega | ative software | | | | em is in the range | |
| | limit. | | | | of the software limit. | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error occ | urred | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Cycle Start Spec Overflow/Underfl | ified during Comm | and Position | Event code | 67960000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| Meaning | The cycle start w | as executed wher | nand position over | flow/underflow. | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At cycle start | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinat | e System Minor ce | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | 9 | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The cycle start was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow. | | clear the overflow | Execute an error reset and then Make sure that overflow clear the overflow/underflow state flow does not occur. by executing homing. | | | |
| Attached information | Attached informa | ation 1: Logical CN | NC motor number where the error occurred | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Cycle Start Spec | ified during Positiv | e Limit Input | Event code | 67970000 hex | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Meaning | | | e positive limit inp | ut was <i>ON</i> . | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At cycle start |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The cycle start is coordinate system | | he relevant CNC ops while moving. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinat | e System Minor |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | A cycle start was the positive limit i | input was <i>ON</i> . | Execute an error perform a recover the negative dire occurs again, che tion of the positiv the logic setting f limit input, and co takes. Check the logic setting the CNC motor p the slave settings | ery operation in ction. If this error eck the connec- e limit signal and for the positive prrect any mis- settings both in arameters and in s. | problems with t signal connection setting for the p Check the logic the CNC motor the slave setting | sure there are no he positive limit on and the logic positive limit input. c settings both in parameters and in gs. |
| Attached information | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error occ | urred | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Cycle Start Spec | ified during Negat | ive Limit Input | Event code | 67980000 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Meaning | A cycle start was | executed when th | ne negative limit inp | out was <i>ON</i> . | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module S | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At cycle start |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The cycle start is coordinate syster | | he relevant CNC ops while moving. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinat | e System Minor |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | Prevention | | |
| correction | A cycle start was the negative limit | | Execute an error perform a recover the positive direct occurs again, che tion of the negative the logic setting f limit input, and co takes. Check the logic set the CNC motor p the slave settings | ry operation in tion. If this error eck the connec- ve limit signal and or the negative or the negative orrect any mis- vettings both in arameters and in | problems with t signal connection setting for the m Check the logic | sure there are no he negative limit on and the logic legative limit input. settings both in parameters and in gs. |
| Attached information | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | IC motor number where the error occurred | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | |

| Event name | NC Program Exe | | | Event code | 67990000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | An error was det | ected while the NC | C program is runnii | ng. | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | Executing (Exe- | | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | cuting) | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant CN stops while movi | • | tem immediately | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MEaulth vI Active | BOOL | | | te System Minor | | |
| variables | | | DOOL | | Fault Occurren | • | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | An error was det | | | rogram error from | | ual for the syntax | | |
| | NC program is ru | | • | rmation, and take | | s available in the | | |
| | Refer to error co | | the appropriate o | | NC program, a | nd write the NC | | |
| | | mation for details | NC program. | | program so tha | | | |
| | on errors. | | | | detected. | | | |
| Attached | | tion 1: Error codes | s caused by CNC | coordinate svstem | when you use G | codes. | | |
| information | 0: No error | | | | | | | |
| | - | r caused by CNC o | coordinate system | does not occur. | | | | |
| | | us buffer error | , | | | | | |
| | | | ronous variable as | sianment buffer. | | | | |
| | | - | nen tool radius cor | - | /e | | | |
| | | | G30, G31, G74, c | • | | s executed when | | |
| | | ius compensation | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| | | - | adius compensatio | n | | | | |
| | - | | 2 or G03, or travel | | I move is less that | an tool radius. | | |
| | | - | adius compensatio | | | | | |
| | - | | 2 or G03, or travel | | p move is less th | an tool radius. | | |
| | | - | next intersection a | | - | | | |
| | | re too many instru -plane move cann | ctions to the next | intersection during | tool radius com | pensation move. | | |
| | | • | ol radius compensi | sation | | | | |
| | | | | | n move. (Interfere | ence condition) | | |
| | An overcut error was detected during tool radius compensation move. (Interference condition) 13: Cannot resolve overcut | | | | | | | |
| | Overcut used by cancel move cannot be resolved. | | | | | | | |
| | 14: Cannot detect intersection of tool radius compensation | | | | | | | |
| | Intersection of compensated paths cannot be detected. | | | | | | | |
| | 15: No move for tool radius compensation error | | | | | | | |
| | More than one compensation move is not performed between startup move and cancel move. | | | | | | | |
| | 16: Not enoug | gh calculation time | for CNC planner | service | | | | |
| | There is not enough calculation time for CNC planner service. | | | | | | | |
| | 17: In-position check time exceeded error | | | | | | | |
| | • CNC cc | ordinate system is | s not in-position sta | ate within the spec | ified check time. | | | |
| | 21: Illegal fee | drate specification | I | | | | | |
| | Feedrat | e (F) specified in I | NC program is illeg | gal. | | | | |
| | 32: Software limit error | | | | | | | |
| | • CNC cc | ordinate system is | s stopped from exc | eeding software li | mit. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 64: Illegal radius specification of circular interpolationRadius specifications of circular interpolation on the X/Y/Z plane are illegal. | | | | | | | |

| | Attached information 2: Error codes that are occurred when NC program is loaded or started |
|--------------|--|
| | 0: No error |
| | An error does not occur when NC program is loaded or started. |
| | 20: Illegal command |
| | An illegal instruction is executed. |
| | 22: Invalid program number |
| | The specified NC program number is not existed. |
| | Attached information 3: Error codes that are occurred during execution of NC program |
| | 0: No error |
| | An error does not occur during execution of NC program. |
| | 4: Illegal NC Program |
| | NC program is stopped due to illegal syntax, instructions, or other reasons. |
| | 7: Invalid NC program number |
| | NC program is stopped because the subprogram number that is not loaded is specified. |
| | 10: Synchronous variable buffer overflow |
| | There is an overflow in synchronous variable assignment buffer. |
| Precautions/ | None |
| Remarks | |

| Event name | Position Deviation | on between Axes L | imit Exceeded | Event code | 679B0000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Meaning | | The deviation of the feedback current position between the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection tim- ing | Whenever Servo is ON | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Stops. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].M | FaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault | | |
| variable | | | | | Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | 9 | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The gantry slave | axis is moving | Eliminate the cau | ise of making the | Eliminate the cause of making the | | |
| | slower than the g | antry master axis | gantry slave axis move slower | | gantry slave axis move slower | | |
| | due to poor follow | wing performance | than it should. | | than it should as | much as possi- | |
| | of the slave axis | | Alternatively, incr | ease the Position | ble. | | |
| | | | Deviation Betwee | en Axes Over | | | |
| | | | Value within the r | ange that will not | | | |
| | | | create problems. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Coordinate | System Composit | tion CNC Motor | Event code | 77820000 hex | | |
|--------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Liont numo | Error | | | | 110200001100 | | |
| Meaning | An error occurred | An error occurred for a composition CNC motor in a CNC coordinate system. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC coordi- | Detection | Continuously | |
| | | | | nate system | timing | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant CN | C coordinate sys | tem immediately | |
| | | | | stops while movi | | ng. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*].I | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | |
| variables | | | | | Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | An error occurred | d for a composi- | Check the error of | code of the CNC | None | | |
| | tion CNC motor i | n a CNC coordi- | motor in the CNC | coordinate sys- | | | |
| | nate system whil | e it is moving. | tem, and remove | the cause of the | | | |
| | | | error. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | When a CNC mo | otor error occurs, tl | he CNC coordinate | system including | the CNC motor v | vill not operate. | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Common E | rror Occurrence | | Event code | 77830000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------|---|-----------------|--|
| Meaning | A CNC common | A CNC common error occurred. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details CNC coordi- nate system | | Detection timing | Continuously | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Operation is no | t possible for relev | ant CNC motors. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Partial fault level error occurred. | CNC common | Check the CNC of that occurred and cause of the erro | d remove the | None | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | When a partial fa | ault level CNC com | nmon error occurs, | the CNC coordin | ate system do not | operate. | |

| Event name | Servo Main Circu | uits OFF | | Event code | 77840000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | An attempt was r | nade to turn ON th | e Servo when the | main circuit power | supply to the Se | rvo Drive was OFF. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC coordi- nate system | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant CN | The Servo for the relevant CNC motor is turned OFF The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Coord[*]. | MFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Coordinate System Minor | | |
| variables | | | Fault Occurrence | | ce | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | An attempt was r | nade to turn ON | Turn ON the Servo after turning | | Turn ON the Servo after turning | | |
| | the Servo when t | the Servo when the main circuit | | ON the main circuit power supply | | ON the main circuit power supply | |
| | power supply to t | he Servo Drive | of the Servo Drive for the CNC | | to the Servo Drive. | | |
| | was OFF. | | motor where the | e error occurred. | | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | tion 1: Logical CN | C motor number w | here the error occ | urred | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Servo Main Circuit Power OFF | | | Event code | 77850000 hex | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Meaning | The main circuit | power of the Serve | Drive turned OFF | while the Servo w | vas ON. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Whenever Servo is ON |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The Servo for the | e relevant CNC m | notor is turned OFF. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].M | FaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | |
| variables | | | | | rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | ! | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | The main circuit | power of the | Turn ON the main | n circuit power of | Turn OFF the Servo, then turn | |
| | Servo Drive was | interrupted while | the Servo Drive for the axis where | | OFF the main circuit power of the | |
| | the Servo was Ol | Ν. | the error occurred, reset the error, | | Servo Drive. | |
| | | | and then turn ON | I the Servo. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Slave Error Detected Event code 77860000 hex | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| Meaning | An error was dete | An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection | Continuously | | |
| | | | | | timing | | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| butes | | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The Servo for th | e relevant CNC m | notor is turned OFF. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type BOOL | | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].M | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active | | | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | Prevention | | |
| correction | An error was detected for the Eth- | | Check the error at the slave and | | None | | | |
| | erCAT slave or N | X Unit that is | check the slave error code | | | | | |
| | allocated to the CNC motor. | | reported in Slave Error Code | | | | | |
| | | | <i>Report</i> (97800000 hex) and per- | | | | | |
| | | | | form the required corrections. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | 1 | | • | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Slave Disconnec | tion during Servo (| NC | Event code | 77880000 hex | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Meaning | | An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or disabled while the Servo was ON. | | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Whenever Servo is ON | | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The Servo for the | e relevant CNC m | notor is turned OFF. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].M | FaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | | |
| correction | An EtherCAT slav | ve or NX Unit that | Reconnect the E | therCAT slave or | Turn OFF the S | Servo before you | | | |
| | is allocated to the | e CNC motor was | NX Unit that is al | NX Unit that is allocated to the | | disconnect, replace, or disable a | | | |
| | disconnected, re | placed, or dis- | CNC motor to the | e network. | slave. | | | | |
| | abled while the S | ervo was ON. | | | | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Homing Opposite | e Direction Limit In | put Detected | Event code | 77890000 hex | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Meaning | The limit signal ir | n the direction opp | osite to the homing | direction was det | ected during a h | oming operation. |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | Source details CNC motor 1 | | During instruc- tion execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w execution status. | • | od for the homing |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].N | /IFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Mir | or Fault Occur- |
| variables | | | | | rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | Correction | | |
| correction | The Operation Se | election at Nega- | To prevent errors at the limit | | Check to see if any of the condi- | |
| | tive Limit Input or | • | inputs, set the Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input and Opera- tion Selection at Positive Limit Input parameters to <i>Reverse turn</i> . | | tions that are given as causes | |
| | Selection at Posi | tive Limit Input | | | exist in advance. | |
| | parameter is set | to <i>No reverse</i> | | | | |
| | turn. | | | | | |
| | The location of th | ne homing input | Correct the locati | Correct the location of the input | | |
| | signal sensors, h | oming settings, | signal sensors, h | oming settings, | | |
| | and homing start | position cause a | and homing start position so that a | | | |
| | limit input to be re | eached. | limit input is not reached. | | - | |
| | The input signal s | sensor wiring is | | Correct the wiring of the input sig- | | |
| | incorrect or the s | ensor is faulty. | nal sensor or rep | lace the sensor. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Homing Directior | n Limit Input Detec | ted | Event code | 778A0000 hex | |
|---|--|---------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Meaning | The limit signal ir | n the homing direc | tion was detected | during a homing o | peration. | |
| Source | CNC Function M | | | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w execution status. | • | od for the homing |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | |
| Cause and | e and Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Assumed causeThe Operation Selection at Nega- tive Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn.The location of the homing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached.The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty. | | To prevent errors at the limit inputs, set the Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input and Opera- tion Selection at Positive Limit Input parameters to <i>Reverse turn</i> . Correct the location of the input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position so that a limit input is not reached. Correct the wiring of the input sig- nal sensor or replace the sensor. | | Check to see if tions that are g exist in advance | |
| Attached information Precautions/ | None None | | • | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Homing Limit Inp | uts Detected in Bo | oth Directions | Event code | 778B0000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | • | | were detected duri | ng a homing opera | ation. | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details CNC | CNC motor | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w execution status. | ith the stop meth | od for the homing | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].N | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active | | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The wiring of the limit signal is incorrect. | | Correct the wiring of the limit sig- nal. | | Check to see if any of the condi- tions that are given as causes | | |
| | The limit sensor is installed in the | | Correct the installation locations of | | exist in advance. | | |
| | wrong location. | | the limit sensors so that they do not turn <i>ON</i> at the same time. | | | | |
| | The contact logic | of the limit signal | Correct the contact logic | | | | |
| | is not correct. | · · | (N.C./N.O.) of the limit signal. | | | | |
| | The limit sensor | The limit sensor failed. | | Replace the limit sensor. | | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Home Proximity/I | Homing Opposite | Direction Limit | Event code | 778C0000 hex | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The home proxim | The home proximity input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w execution status | • | od for the homing | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].N | /FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l. | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | The wiring of the home proximity | | Correct the wiring | Correct the wiring of the home | | any of the condi- | | |
| | signal or limit signal is incorrect. | | proximity signal or limit signal. | | tions that are g | iven as causes | | |
| | The home proxim | ity sensor or limit | Correct the installation location of | | exist in advanc | e. | | |
| | sensor is installe | d in the wrong | | he home proximity sensor or limit | | | | |
| | location. | | | ey do not turn ON | | | | |
| | | | at the same time | - | - | | | |
| | The contact logic | | Correct the conta | • | | | | |
| | proximity signal o | or limit signal is | (N.C./N.O.) of the | • • | | | | |
| | not correct. | | sensor or limit se | | - | | | |
| | | ity sensor or limit | Replace the hom | | | | | |
| | sensor failed. | | sor or limit senso | or. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Home Proximity/ Detected | Homing Direction I | _imit Input | Event code | 778D0000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | | The home proximity input and the limit signal in the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w execution status | | od for the homing | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].N | //FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | rence Prevention | | | |
| | | | | 6.0. 1 | | | | |
| correction | The wiring of the home proximity | | Correct the wiring of the home | | Check to see if any of the condi- | | | |
| | signal or limit signal is incorrect. | | proximity signal or limit signal. | | tions that are given as causes | | | |
| | | nity sensor or limit | Correct the installation location of | | exist in advance | e. | | |
| | sensor is installe | d in the wrong | the home proximity sensor or limit | | | | | |
| | location. | | | ey do not turn ON | | | | |
| | | | at the same time. | | | | | |
| | The contact logic | of the home | Correct the contact logic | | | | | |
| | proximity signal of | or limit signal is | (N.C./N.O.) of the | (N.C./N.O.) of the home proximity | | | | |
| | not correct. | | sensor or limit sensor. | | | | | |
| | The home proxim | nity sensor or limit | Replace the hom | e proximity sen- | | | | |
| | sensor failed. | | sor or limit sensor. | | | | | |
| Attached | None | | • | | • | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Home Input/Hom Detected | iing Opposite Dire | ction Limit Input | Event code 778E0000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | | The home input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation. | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w execution status | | od for the homing | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].N | //FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The wiring of the home input sig- | | | Correct the wiring of the home | | Check to see if any of the condi- | |
| | nal or limit signal is incorrect. | | input signal or limit signal. | | tions that are given as causes | | |
| | The home input sensor or limit | | Correct the installation location of | | exist in advanc | e. | |
| | sensor is installe | d in the wrong | the home input sensor or limit sen- | | | | |
| | location. | | sor so that they do not turn ON at | | | | |
| | | | the same time. | the same time. | | | |
| | The contact logic | of the home | Correct the conta | Correct the contact logic | | | |
| | input signal or lin | nit signal is not | (N.C./N.O.) of the home input sig- | | | | |
| | correct. | | nal or limit sensor. | | | | |
| | The home input | signal output | Replace the hom | ie input signal | 1 | | |
| | device or limit sensor failed. | | output device or limit sensor. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | • | | • | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Home Input/Hom | ning Direction Limi | t Input Detected | Event code | 778F0000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|---|-------------------|---|--|
| Meaning | The home input a operation. | and the limit signa | l in the homing dire | ction were detecte | d at the same tin | ne during a homing | |
| Source | CNC Function M | lodule | Source details | Source details CNC motor | | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w execution status | | od for the homing | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active | | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | e | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The wiring of the nal or limit signa The home input sensor is installe location. | l is incorrect. sensor or limit | input signal or lin Correct the insta the home input s | Correct the wiring of the home input signal or limit signal. Correct the installation location of the home input sensor or limit sen- sor so that they do not turn <i>ON</i> at | | any of the condi- iven as causes e. | |
| | | | the same time. | | | | |
| | The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not correct. | | Correct the contact logic (N.C./N.O.) of the home input sig- nal or limit sensor. | | | | |
| | | The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed. | | Replace the home input signal output device or limit sensor. | | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Invalid Home Inp | ut Mask Distance | | Event code | 77900000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The setting of the ter instruction. | e home input mask | distance is not su | itable for the CNC | _Home or CNC_ | HomeWithParame- | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | | | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation The axis stops wi execution status. | | | nod for the homing | |
| System | Variable | • | Data type | • | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].N | //FaultLvl.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The set value of the home input | | Check the home input mask dis- | | Check the operating specifications | | |
| | mask distance w | hen the operating | tance, homing velocity, and hom- | | for the CNC_Home or | | |
| | mode of the MC_ | Home instruction | ing approach velocity. Change the | | CNC_HomeWithParameter | | |
| | is set to Proximit | y Reverse | settings so that t | settings so that they provide suffi- cient travel distance to decelerate based on the operating specifica- | | n set the home | |
| | · · · | Mask Distance is | cient travel distar | | | ance, homing | |
| | insufficient to dec | | • | | | oming approach | |
| | homing velocity t | • | tions of the CNC | | • | they provide suffi- | |
| | approach velocit | у. | CNC_HomeWith | Parameter | cient travel distance to decelerate | | |
| | | | instruction. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | No Home Input | | | Event code | 77910000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | There was no ho was a home inpu | | ring the homing or | peration. Or, a limi | t signal was dete | cted before there | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | During instruc- tion execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w execution status | • | od for the homing | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].N | /FaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | There was no h | nome signal input | Check the home input settings and wiring and correct them so | | Set the system so that the home | | |
| | during the hom | ing operation. | | | signal is input during the homing | | |
| | A limit signal w | as detected | that the home sig | that the home signal is input | | operation. | |
| | • | as a home input. | during homing ba | ased on the oper- | Make sure that the home signal is | | |
| | | | ation specificatio | ns of the | detected before | • | |
| | | | CNC_Home or C | NC_HomeWith- | | nake sure there are | |
| | | | Parameter instru | ction. | | ems with the home | |
| | | | Also, set the syst | em so that the | input. | | |
| | | | home signal is de | | input. | | |
| | | | limit signals. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | - | | 1 | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| F | | | | F | 770000001 | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Event name | No Home Proximity Input | | | Event code | 77920000 hex | | |
| Meaning | There was no ho | me proximity signa | al input during the | homing operation. | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection | During instruc- | |
| | | | | | timing | tion execution | |
| Error attri- | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The axis stops w | ith the stop meth | od for the homing | |
| | | | | execution status. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].N | /IFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | There was no ho | me proximity sig- | Check the home proximity input settings and wiring and correct | | Set the system so that the home proximity signal is input during the | | |
| | nal input during t | he homing opera- | | | | | |
| | tion when a home | e proximity input | them so that the | them so that the home proximity | | homing operation. Also check to | |
| | signal was specif | ïed. | signal is input du | ring homing | make sure ther | e are no wiring | |
| | | | based on the ope | eration specifica- | problems with t | he home proximity | |
| | | | tions of the CNC | _Home or | input. | | |
| | | | CNC_HomeWith | Parameter | | | |
| | | | instruction. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | EtherCAT Slave | Communications E | Error | Event code | 87800000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Meaning | A communication | s error occurred for | or the EtherCAT sla | ave or NX Unit that | t is allocated to a | a CNC motor. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Minor fault | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The Servo for the | e relevant CNC m | notor is turned OFF. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].N | IFaultLvI.Active | BOOL | | CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- | | |
| variables | | | | | rence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l. | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A communication | s error occurred | Check the event | log for the Ether- | None | | |
| | for the EtherCAT | slave or NX Unit | CAT error that oc | curred. Remove | | | |
| | that is allocated t | o a CNC motor. | the cause of the | error and clear | | | |
| | | | the relevant error | : | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | Even if this error is | s reset, the error in | the EtherCAT Mast | er Function Module | is not reset. This | error can be reset | |
| Remarks | without resetting t | he error in the Ethe | rCAT Master Funct | ion Module, but the | CNC motor will s | till set in Servo OFF. | |

| Event name | SD Memory Card | Access Failure | | Event code | 561D0000 hex | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | SD Memory Card | d access failed wh | en an instruction w | as executed. | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | Source details CNC common | | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. The ope | | ccording to specifi- is not affected. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common | Observation |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | Correction | | |
| correction | An SD Memory Card is not inserted. | | Insert an SD Memory Card. | | Insert an SD Memory Card. | |
| | The SD Memory | Card is dam- | If none of the abo | If none of the above causes | | the SD Memory |
| | aged. | | applies, replace the SD Memory Card. | | Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. | |
| | | | | | Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card. | |
| | The SD Memory | Card slot is bro- | If this error recurs after you took | | None | |
| | ken. | | the two actions mentioned above, replace the Controller. | | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | |

| Event name | File Does Not Exi | st | | Event code | 561E0000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|---|--|
| Meaning | The file specified | for an instruction | does not exist. | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module Source details | | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. The ope | | iccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | • | Data type | Data type | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation | | |
| variables | | | | Occurrence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The specified file | does not exist. | Make sure that th | Make sure that the filename that is specified for the instruction exists. Or, modify the filename so that it matches the filename specified for | | Make sure that the filename that is specified for the instruction exists. | |
| | | | specified for the | | | | |
| | | | Or, modify the file | | | | |
| | | | matches the filen | | | | |
| | | | the instruction. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Illegal Load NC F | Program Number S | Specification | Event code | 561F0000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Meaning | Loading failed be ified. | Loading failed because an attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified. | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | - | | ruction will end according to specifi- ration of the Unit is not affected. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | • | Name | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.Ob | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation | | | |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | An attempt was r | made to load the | Correct the para | meter so that the | Correct the parameter so that the | | | |
| | NC program with | an invalid pro- | NC program num | nber does not | NC program nu | imber does not | | |
| | gram number sp | ecified. | exceed the speci | ified range. | exceed the spe | cified range. | | |
| Attached information | Attached informa ing.) | ition 1: Row numb | er with error detec | ted (Indicates the | row number after | parsing process- | | |
| | | | of the NC program | with error detecte | d (Last 15 charad | cters when the file | | |
| | | eeds 16 character | s) | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Too Many Files C |)pen | | Event code | 56200000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The maximum nu | Imber of open files | was exceeded wl | nen opening a file | for an instruction | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | CNC Function Module | | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation The relevant instr cations. The oper | | | ccording to specifi- is not affected. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation | | |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l. | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The maximum nu | Imber of open | Correct the program to reduce the | | Decrease the number of files. Or, | | |
| | files was exceede | ed when opening | number of open t | number of open files. | | am so that files that | |
| | a file for an instru | iction. | | | no longer need to be open are | | |
| | | | | | closed in order | • | |
| | | | | | many files from | being open at | |
| | | | | | once. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | File or Directory | Name Is Too Long | 1 | Event code | 56210000 hex | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Meaning | | <u> </u> | at was specified fo | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | | Source details CNC common | | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | - | | ruction will end according to specifi- ration of the Unit is not affected. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation | | | |
| variables | | | | Occurrence | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | The file name or | directory name | Correct the progr | am so that the | Write the program so that the | | | |
| | that was specifie | d for the instruc- | file name or direc | file name or directory name speci- | | ames and directory | | |
| | tion to create is t | oo long. | fied for the instru | ction is within | names are with | in FAT16/FAT32 | | |
| | | | FAT16/FAT32 res | strictions. | restrictions. | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | • | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | SD Memory Card | Access Failed | | Event code | 56220000 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | SD Memory Card | l access failed. | | | • | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. The ope | | ccording to specifi- is not affected. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | Correction | | |
| correction | The SD Memory aged. | Card is dam- | Replace the SD Memory Card. | | Do not remove the SD Memory Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card. | |
| | The SD Memory Card slot is bro- ken. If this error recurs after you took the above correction, replace the Controller. | | • | None | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | · | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | |

| Event name | Load NC Program | m Capacity Excee | ded | Event code | 56230000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | Loading failed be | ecause an attempt | was made to load | the NC program c | over the maximum | n capacity. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. The ope | | ccording to specifi- is not affected. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation | |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | An attempt was r | nade to load the | Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the | | Set 1: _cncDell | Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the | |
| | NC program over | r the maximum | <i>DeleteFile</i> input variable for the relevant instruction, and delete the | | DeleteFile input variable for the | | |
| | capacity. | | | | relevant instruction when chang- | | |
| | | | loaded NC progra | am once. | ing the setup so that the NC pro- | | |
| | | | | | gram loaded at | the same time | |
| | | | | | does not exceed the maximum | | |
| | | | | | capacity, and write the program to | | |
| | | | | | delete the loaded NC program. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Number of NC P | rogram Exceeded | | Event code | 56240000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Meaning | | | was made to load | | | umber of NC pro- | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | - | | ruction will end a ration of the Unit | ccording to specifi- is not affected. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation | | |
| variables | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | Correction | | | |
| correction | A new NC progra | am was loaded | Correct the program to reduce the | | Write the program so that the pro- | | |
| | while the number | r of loaded NC | number of NC pr | number of NC programs to be | | gram numbers of unused NC pro- | |
| | programs reache | es the maximum. | loaded. | | grams are reused to prevent too many NC programs from being loaded. | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | tion 1: Row numb | er with error detect | ted (Indicates the r | row number after | parsing process- | |
| information | ing.) | | | | | | |
| | | Attached information 2: File name of the NC program with error detected (Last 15 characters when the file name length exceeds 16 characters) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Illegal Load NC F | Program | | Event code | 56280000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------|---|--|--------------------------|---|--|
| Meaning | An error was det | ected in the loaded | d NC program. | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC common | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Error reset | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. The ope | | ccording to specif is not affected. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | I | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Occurrence | Observation | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A syntax error was detected in the NC program you made an attempt to load. | | CNC Operator, NC program th ferred to the SI The file name a of the NC progr detected are sh attached inform that the syntax are correct. If this error recu the above corre your OMRON r | Perform parsing processing with CNC Operator, and specify the NC program that was trans- ferred to the SD Memory Card. The file name and row number of the NC program with the error detected are shown in the attached information. Make sure that the syntax and instruction are correct. If this error recurs after you took the above correction, contact your OMRON representative. | | Do not edit the file of the NC pro gram that was parsed with CNC Operator and transferred to the SD Memory Card. | |
| Attached information | Attached information 1: Row number with error detected (Indicates the row number after parsing ing.) Attached information 2: File name of the NC program with error detected (Last 15 characters whe name length exceeds 16 characters) Attached information 3: System information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Following Error V | Varning | | Event code | 678C0000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---|---------------|--|--|--|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | Ţ | | ollowing Error War | ning Value. | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | Cycle the power supply or reset the Controller. | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].0 | Obsr.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation | |
| variables | | | | | | Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | The positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than | | Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance in the positioning operation. | | Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance in the positioning operation as best you can. | | |
| conection | poor following pe | rformance and | | | • | | |
| Conection | poor following pe | rformance and | ing performance | in the positioning Following Error ithin the range | • | | |
| Attached | poor following pe the actual motion | rformance and | ing performance operation. Or increase the <i>F</i> <i>Warning Value</i> w | in the positioning Following Error ithin the range | • | | |
| | poor following pe the actual motior the command. | rformance and | ing performance operation. Or increase the <i>F</i> <i>Warning Value</i> w | in the positioning Following Error ithin the range | • | | |
| Attached | poor following pe the actual motior the command. | rformance and | ing performance operation. Or increase the <i>F</i> <i>Warning Value</i> w | in the positioning Following Error ithin the range | • | | |

| Event name | Command Position | on Overflow | | Event code | 678D0000 hex | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|--|-------------------|
| Meaning | The number of p | ulses for the comn | nand position overf | flowed. | • | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The position is no | ot updated, but n | notion continues. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].C | Obsr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common | Observation |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | When the comma | and position was | Correct the program so that the | | Check the gear ratio setting and | |
| | converted to the | pulse unit for the | input value for the command posi- tion does not exceed the pulse number limit for the instruction. Or, change the electronic gear ratio | | the target position setting value, and make sure that the converted number of pulses does not exceed the specified range. | |
| | positioning cartes | • | | | | |
| | tioning rotational | • | | | | |
| | fied value exceed | | | | | |
| | limit of the signed | | settings. | settings. | | |
| | (signed 54-bit da | ta for the spindle | To recover from the overflow, per- | | | |
| | axis). | | form the homing operation. | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Command Position | on Underflow | | Event code | 678E0000 hex | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|--|--|--------------------|--|
| Meaning | The number of p | ulses for the comm | nand position exce | eded the valid ran | je. (It underflowed.) | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The position is no | ot updated, but n | notion continues. | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].C | Obsr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common | Observation | |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | Prevention | | | |
| correction | When the comma | and position was | Correct the program so that the | | Check the gear | ratio setting and | |
| | converted to the | pulse unit for the | input value for the command posi- tion does not exceed the pulse | | the target position setting value, and make sure that the converted | | |
| | positioning cartes | sian axis or posi- | | | | | |
| | tioning rotational | axis, the speci- | number limit for th | number limit for the instruction. Or, change the electronic gear ratio | | es does not exceed | |
| | fied value exceed | led the lower limit | change the election | | | nge. | |
| | of the signed 40- | bit data (signed | settings. | | | | |
| | 54-bit data for the | e spindle axis). | To recover from t | he underflow, | | | |
| | | | perform the homi | ng operation. | | | |
| Attached | None | | 1 | - | 1 | | |
| information | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Actual Position C | verflow | | Event code | 678F0000 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Meaning | The number of p | ulses for the actua | l position overflowe | ed. | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The position is no | ot updated, but m | notion continues. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].C | bsr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common | Observation |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | ! | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | When the comma converted to the positioning cartes tioning rotational fied value exceed limit of the signed (signed 54-bit da axis). | pulse unit for the sian axis or posi- axis, the speci- led the upper I 40-bit data | Correct the progr target position is pulse number lim actual position do the pulse number instruction. Or, ch tronic gear ratio s To recover from t form the homing | well within the hit so that the bes not exceed r limit for the hange the elec- settings. he overflow, per- | the target positi and make sure number of pulse | ratio setting and ion setting value, that the converted es does not exceed nge. Allow some |
| Attached | None | | | | | |
| information | Nana | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | |

| Event name | Actual Position U | Inderflow | | Event code | 67900000 hex | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| Meaning | The number of p | ulses for the actua | l position underflov | wed. | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The position is n | ot updated, but n | notion continues. |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].C | Obsr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common | Observation |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | When the comma | and position was | target position is well within the pulse number limit so that the actual position does not exceedthe target position and make sure number of pulse | | Check the gear ratio setting and | |
| | converted to the | pulse unit for the | | | the target position setting value, and make sure that the converted number of pulses does not exceed the specified range. Allow some | |
| | positioning cartes | sian axis or posi- | | | | |
| | tioning rotational | • | | | | |
| | | led the lower limit | | | | |
| | of the signed 40- | | | | leeway. | |
| | 54-bit data for the | e spindle axis). | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | perform the homi | ng operation. | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Position Deviatio | n between Axes Li | imit Warning | Event code | 679A0000 hex | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|---------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Meaning | | The deviation of the feedback current position between the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value. | | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection tim- ing | Whenever Servo is ON | | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | · | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | | |
| -defined variable | _CNC_Motor[*].C | Obsr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation Occurrence | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | | | |
| correction | The gantry slave axis is moving slower than the gantry master axis due to poor following performance of the slave axis. | | Eliminate the cause of making the gantry slave axis move slower than it should. Alternatively, increase the Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value within the range that will not create problems. | | Eliminate the cau gantry slave axis than it should as ble. | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Planner Se | rvice Period Exce | eded | Event code | 77810000 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Meaning | CNC planner ser | vice processing v | vas not finished with | nin two periods. | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | Source details CNC common | | Continuously |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | • |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_COM.Obs | sr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Assumed cause Correction The processing load of the NC program in a period of the CNC planner service is too heavy. Reduce the amount of process of the NC program in a period of the CNC planner service, or set the CNC planner service period a greater value within the range that does not adversely affect operation. Check the CNC planner service period in the Task Period Monit | | m in a period of service, or set service period to vithin the range versely affect | Set the CNC pl period to be lor plete all require | ng enough to com- | |
| Attached information | None | | · | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | |

| Event name | Slave Observation | on Detected | | Event code | 77870000 hex | |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|--|------------------------|--------|
| Meaning | A warning was de | etected for an Ethe | erCAT slave or NX | Unit. | • | |
| Source | CNC Function Module Source details CNC m | | CNC motor | Detection timing | Continuously | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type BOOL | | Name | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].0 | Obsr.Active | | | CNC Common Observation | |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | A warning was de | etected for the | Check the warning | Check the warning code for the EtherCAT slave and remove the | | |
| | EtherCAT slave of | or NX Unit that is | EtherCAT slave a | | | |
| | allocated to a CN | IC motor. | cause of the war | ning. | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | ition 1: Drive warni | ing code | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Software Limit Pa | ath Limited | | Event code | 97810000 hex | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Meaning | | The path exceeded the software limit was specified during <i>Executing</i> (Executing). Therefore, the path was limited within the software limit range. | | | | | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | Source details CNC motor | | During Executing | | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | • | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | | |
| -defined | _CNC_Motor[*].0 | Obsr.Active | BOOL | BOOL | | CNC Common Observation | | | |
| variables | | | | | Occurrence | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | | | |
| correction | The path exceed | ed the software | Correct the NC program so that | | Set the appropriate path and soft- | | | | |
| | limit was specifie | d during Execut- | the path specified by the NC pro- | | ware limit specified for the NC pro- | | | | |
| | ing (Executing). | | gram does not ex | ceed the soft- | gram. | | | | |
| | | | ware limit, or cha | nge <i>Positive</i> | | | | | |
| | | | Software Overtra | vel Limit or Neg- | | | | | |
| | | | ative Software O | <i>vertravel Limit</i> of | | | | | |
| | | | the Limit Settings | s to the appropri- | | | | | |
| | | | ate setting. | | | | | | |
| Attached | None | | | | | | | | |
| information | | | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | To detect a minor | fault error, set the | e Software Overtra | vel Limit Operation | n Control operation | on parameter in the | | | |
| Remarks | CNC coordinate | system to 0: Error. | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Velocity Control | Command Value S | aturated | Event code | 97830000 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Meaning | | rol command value | | e is saturated. | | | |
| Source | CNC Function M | | | Detection timing | Whenever Servo is ON | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | _CNC_Motor[*].C | Obsr.Active | BOOL | | CNC Common Occurrence | Observation | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | ; | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | loop calculation e Maximum Velocit motor parameter positioning opera lowing performan | The output value for Feedback loop calculation exceeded the <i>Maximum Velocity</i> for the CNC motor parameter setting, or the positioning operation has poor fol- lowing performance and the actual motion is slower than the com- | | Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance in the positioning operation. | | Remove the cause of poor follow- ing performance in the positioning operation as best you can. | |
| | The commanded master axis rota- tion rate (S) or master axis veloc- ity override factor exceeded the <i>Maximum Velocity</i> for the CNC motor parameter setting. | | Check the command value of the master axis rotation rate (S) and the master axis velocity override factor, and correct the program so that the value does not exceed the <i>Maximum Velocity</i> for the CNC motor parameter setting. | | Check to see if any of the condi- tions that are given as causes exist in advance. | | |
| Attached information | None | | | | 1 | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | None | | | | | | |

| Event name | Slave Error Code | Report | | Event code | 97800000 hex | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Meaning | The error code w | as reported by the | e slave when a <i>Sla</i> | ve Error Detected | error occurred. | |
| Source | CNC Function Module | | Source details | CNC motor | Detection timing | After <i>Slave Error</i> <i>Detected</i> error (77860000 hex) |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Information | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | None | | | | | |
| variables | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | The error code w | as reported by | This error accom | his error accompanies a Slave | | |
| | the slave when a | Slave Error | Error Detected e | rror (77860000 | | |
| | Detected error (7 | 7860000 hex) | hex). Check the | slave error code | | |
| | occurred. | | in the attached in | formation and | | |
| | | | make the require | d corrections. | | |
| Attached | Attached informa | tion 1: Slave erro | r code | | | |
| information | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | For the OMRON | 1S-series Servo [| Drive or G5-series | Servo Drive, the e | rror code (the ma | ain part of the error |
| Remarks | display number) | from the Servo Dr | ive is included in th | e lower two digits | of the attached i | nformation. |
| | | | ation is displayed a rred in the Servo D | | with display numb | per 13 (Main Circuit |

| Event name | CNC Function Sys | stem Information | | Event code | 97820000 hex | |
|-----------------------|--|---|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Meaning | This event provid | les internal informa | ation from the CNC | Function Module |). | |
| Source | CNC Function M | odule | Source details | Source details CNC common | | Continuously |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Information | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Not affected. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | None | | | | | |
| variables | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | Prevention | | |
| correction | This event provid mation from the (Module. It is reco additional informa event. | CNC Function orded to provide ation for another | None | | None | |
| Attached | Attached informa | tion 1: System info | ormation | | | |
| information | Attached informa | tion 2: System info | ormation | | | |
| | Attached informa | tion 3: System info | ormation | | | |
| | Attached informa | tion 4: System info | ormation | | | |
| Precautions/ | None | | | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

CNC Instruction Errors

This section provides a table of errors (events) that occur for CNC instructions. The lower four digits of the event code give the error code for the instruction. For descriptions of the error codes, refer to the descriptions of the corresponding event codes. For example, if the error code of the instruction is 16#3781, refer to the description of the event with event code 54013781 hex.

| Event name | Process Data Object Setting Missing Event code | | | 54013781 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|-------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The PDO mapping is not correct. | | | | - | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | The PDOs that are required for the CNC instruction are not mapped. | | Map the PDOs that are required for the instruction. | | Map the PDOs that are required for the instructions that are used. | |
| | The relevant instruction was exe- cuted for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction. | | Some devices do not support the relevant instruction. Refer to the manual for the device, check to see if the relevant instruction is supported, and cor- rect the program so that unsup- ported instructions are not executed. | | and write the pr | nual for the device ogram so that structions are not |
| Attached information | Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | | | ror occurs, the atta | , | hat is displayed ı | may not be correct |

| Event name | Illegal CNC Coor | dinate System Spec | ification | Event code | 54015600 hex | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | ÷ | nate system specif | | n-out variable to a | CNC instruction | does not exist. | |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | e | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | CNC coordinate | system does not | Correct the instruction so that the | | Specify a variable that exists when | | |
| | exist for the varia | able specified for | variable exists for the CNC coordi- | | specifying a variable for an input | | |
| | the Coord in-out instruction. | variable to the | nate system that the instruction. | was specified for | parameter to an instruction. | | |
| Attached | Attached Information | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | |
| information | | ation 2: Error Locat the section is giver | | | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | |
| | Attached Information | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errori | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed ı | may not be correct. | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Deceleration Setti | ng Out of Range | | Event code | 54015601 hex | | |
|--------------|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter specified for the <i>Deceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | | | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mc | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection | At instruction | |
| | | | | | timing | execution | |
| Error attri- | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| | | | | cations. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | None | | | | | | |
| variables | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input parameter to the | | |
| | exceeded the val | lid range of the | • | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for the relevant | | of the input variable is not | | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | is more than one | from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | may not be correct. | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Jerk Setting Out c | of Range | | Event code | 54015602 hex | |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Meaning | • | | <i>k</i> input variable to | a CNC instruction | is out of range. | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input parameter to the | |
| | exceeded the val | lid range of the | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for instruction. | the relevant | of the input variable is not exceeded. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Locat | ion | | • | |
| information | | | ion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | | ogram section, th | e rung number |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| | Attached Informa | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | nay not be correct. |

| Event name | CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled Event code 54015603 hex | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------|--|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Meaning | A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed. | | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant ins cations. | truction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | A CNC instruction re-executed was | re-executed. | Correct the program so that the <i>Execute</i> input variable does not change to TRUE until the <i>Busy</i> output variable from the instruction changes to FALSE. | | When using instructions that can- not be re-executed, include a cor dition for the <i>Execute</i> input variable so that it does not change to TRUE unless the <i>Busy</i> output variable for the previous instruc- tion is FALSE. Or, stop the instruc- tion before executing it again. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Loca | tion | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | <i>,</i> . | rogram section, th | e rung number |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurr is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the is cannot be identified. | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information | that is displayed i | may not be correct. |

| Event name | CNC Multi-execution Disabled | | | Event code | 54015604 hex | |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | Multiple function nate system). | s that cannot be e> | ecuted simultaned | busly were execute | ed for the same ta | arget (CNC coordi- |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Source details Instruction I | | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | e | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | executed simu executed for th (CNC coordina • The CNC_Loa instruction was any of CNC co | dProgramFile s executed when pordinate system (Executing) or | Check the specifications of multi-execution of instructions for this instruction and correct the pro- gram so that instructions that can- not be executed at the same time are not executed simultaneously. | | Check the specifications for multi-execution of instructions for the instruction and do not execute instructions that cannot be exe- cuted at the same time. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | | |
| information | | ation 2: Error Locat the section is giver | | | ogram section, th | e rung number |
| | | possible instruction | | | | r Occurred. If there n if the instruction |
| | | ation 4: Expansion | | , | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | that is displayed i | may not be correct. |

| Event name | Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified Event code 54015605 hex | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The CNC motor not assigned. | of the parameter s | pecified for the Log | <i>gicalMotorNo</i> inpu | t variable to the C | CNC instruction is | | |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed caus | e | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | which the CNC assigned to the | LogicalMotorNo the CNC instruc- ed, and the | Correct the parameter so that the specified value does not exceed the range of the logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is assigned to the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the instruction. | | Specify the appropriate parame- ter so that the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the instruction does not exceed the range of <i>Positioning Axis Assignment</i> or <i>Spindle Axis Assignment</i> in the CNC coordinate system parame- ter settings. | | | |
| Attached | Attached Inform | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | | |
| information | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. | | | | | | | |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | | | |
| | Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx) | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information | that is displayed | may not be correct | | |

| Event name | Logical CNC Moto | or Number Out of R | ange | Event code | 54015606 hex | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Log | <i>gicalMotorNo</i> input | variable to a CNC | instruction is ou | t of range. |
| Source | PLC Function Mc | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input parameter to the | |
| | exceeded the val | id range of the | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for instruction. | the relevant | of the input variable is not exceeded. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Locat | ion | | • | |
| information | | | ion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | | ogram section, th | e rung number |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | may not be correct. |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Target Position Se | etting Out of Range | | Event code | 54015607 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | | | sition input variable | e to a CNC instruc | tion is out of rang | je. |
| Source | PLC Function Mc | | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | truction will end according to speci | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input p exceeded the val input variable. Or overflow/underflo position. | id range of the , there was an | Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction. | | Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Loca | tion | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | <i>,</i> . | ogram section, th | e rung number |
| | | possible instruction | ne Instruction and I on, information is g | | | r Occurred. If there n if the instruction |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | may not be correct. |

| Event name | Impossible CNC N Servo is OFF | Notor Operation Sp | ecified when the | Event code | 54015608 hex | |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------|--|----------------------------|--|---|
| Meaning | An operation inst | Servo is OFF. | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | the Servo is OFF | C motor for which | Correct the progr instruction is exe Servo is turned C | cuted after the N. | tion instruction turned ON. | kecute the opera- after the Servo is |
| | the Servo is OFF. Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithPa- rameter instruction for an axis for which EtherCAT process data com- munications are not established. | | If the _EC_PDSlavTbl (Process Data Communicating Slave Table) system-defined variable for the EtherCAT master of the master axis is FALSE, remove the cause and execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to preset home after _EC_PDSlavTbl changes to TRUE. | | If you execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to preset home imme- diately after you turn ON the power supply to the Controller, download data, reset a slave com- munications error, disconnect the slave, reconnect the slave, or dis- able or enable the slave, write the program to make sure that the <i>_EC_PDSlavTbl</i> (Process Data Communicating Slave Table) sys- tem-defined variable for the Ether- CAT master is TRUE before you execute CNC_Home or CNC HomeWithParameter. | |
| Attached information | | tion 1: Error Locat | | | | |
| Information | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung num from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instructant be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | | - | • | , | that is displayed | may not be correct. |

| Event name | Target Velocity Se | tting Out of Range | | Event code | 54015609 hex | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|----------------------------|--|----------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Ve | <i>locity</i> input variable | to a CNC instruc | tion is out of rang | e. | |
| Source | | | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input p exceeded the val input variable. | | Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction. | | Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded. | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Locat | tion | | • | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If ther is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | may not be correct. | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | Acceleration/Dece | eleration Setting Ou | t of Range | Event code | 5401560A hex | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Ac | celeration input va | riable to a CNC ins | struction is out of | range. | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | Correction | | | |
| correction | Instruction input | | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input pa | | |
| | exceeded the val | lid range of the | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for the relevant instruction. | | of the input variable is not exceeded. | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed ı | may not be correct. | |

| Event name | Travel Mode Sele | Travel Mode Selection Out of Range | | | 5401560B hex | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Mo | oveMode input vari | able to a CNC inst | truction is out of r | ange. |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input | parameter | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input pa | arameter to the |
| | exceeded the va | lid range of the | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for the relevant instruction. | | of the input variable is not exceeded. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Loca | tion | | • | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ı | | ogram section, th | ne rung number |
| | | possible instruction | he Instruction and l on, information is g | | | r Occurred. If there n if the instruction |
| | Attached Informa | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Error | DEx) | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is cl | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information | that is displayed | may not be correct. |
| Remarks | - | | | | | |

| Event name | Parameter Selecti | on Out of Range | | Event code | 5401560D hex | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Meaning | The parameter sp | pecified for the Pa | <i>rameterNumber</i> in | out variable to a C | NC instruction is | out of range. |
| Source | PLC Function Mc | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection | At instruction |
| | | | | | timing | execution |
| Error attri- | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| butes | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| | | | | cations. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | None | | | | | |
| variables | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Instruction input p | parameter | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input pa | |
| | exceeded the val | id range of the | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so th | at the valid range |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for the relevant | | of the input variable is not | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Locat | tion | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung | | ogram section, th | e rung number |
| | from the start of t | he section is giver | n. For ST, the line r | number is given. | | |
| | | | | | | Occurred. If there |
| | is more than one cannot be identifi | | on, information is g | iven on all of them | . Nothing is giver | n if the instruction |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | nay not be correct. |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Parameter S | Setting Read/Write | Setting Value Out | Event code | 5401560E hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|---|--|
| Meaning | , | pecified for the Se | <i>ttingValue</i> in-out v | ariable to a CNC ir | nstruction is out c | of range. | |
| Source | PLC Function M | PLC Function Module | | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Operation The relevant instruction will end according to s cations. | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | e | Correction | Correction | | | |
| correction | Instruction input exceeded the va in-out variable. | - | valid range of the | Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction | | Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded. | |
| Attached | Attached Information | ation 1: Error Loca | tion | | | | |
| information | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. | | | | | | |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is give cannot be identified. | | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Error | IDEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ached information t | that is displayed | may not be correct. | |

| Event name | CNC Parameter S Range | Setting Read/Write | Target Out of | Event code | 5401560F hex | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|---|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | The parameter specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range. | | | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | Operation The relevant instr cations. | | ccording to specifi- | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | e | Correction | Correction | | | | |
| correction | Instruction input exceeded the va in-out variable. | | valid range of the | Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction | | arameter to the nat the valid range riable is not | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Loca | ation | | | | | |
| information | | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. | | | | | | |
| | | e possible instructi | the Instruction and l on, information is g | | | - | | |
| | Attached Information | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Error | DEx) | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an ei | rror occurs, the atta | ched information | that is displayed i | may not be correct. | | |

| Event name | Homing Paramet | er Setting Out of Ra | inge | Event code | 54015611 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | specified for the Ho | mingParameter in- | out variable to a C | CNC instruction is | out of range. | |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi | |
| System | Variable | Variable | | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | e | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input parameter | | Correct the parameter so that the | | Set the input pa | arameter to the | |
| | exceeded the valid range of the | | valid range of the in-out variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | | |
| | in-out variable. | | not exceeded for the relevant instruction. | | of the in-out variable is not exceeded. | | |
| Attached | Attached Inform | ation 1: Error Loca | tion | | | | |
| information | | ation 2: Error Loca the section is give | | | ogram section, th | ne rung number | |
| | | ation 3: Names of the possible instruction in the possible instruction fied. | | | | - | |
| | Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information | that is displayed i | may not be correc | |

| Event name | M Code Number (| Out of Range | | Event code | 54015612 hex | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the MC | CodeNo input varia | ble to a CNC instr | uction is out of ra | nge. | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | 1 | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input p exceeded the val input variable. | | Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for instruction. | e input variable is | Set the input pa instruction so th of the input vari exceeded. | at the valid range | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | nay not be correct. | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

| Event name | CNC Instruction R nate System Spec | Re-execution Disabl | ed (CNC Coordi- | Event code | 54015613 hex | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | | • | e parameter for the nnot be changed w | | | ecuting a CNC | | |
| Source | PLC Function Module | | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed. | | Correct the program so that the parameter for the relevant in-out variable does not change when the relevant instruction is re-exe- cuted. | | Check the manual to see if each in-out variable to the relevant CNC instruction can be changed by re-execution. Write the pro- gram so that the input parameters for any in-out variable that cannot be changed do not change upon re-execution. | | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ition 1: Error Locat | ion | | | | | |
| information | | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. | | | | | | |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If t is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | | | |
| | | | Error Code (Errorl | | | _ | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | lf a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed ı | may not be correct. | | |

| Event name | CNC Instruction | Re-execution Disab | led (Logical CNC | Event code | 54015614 hex | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Motor Number) | | | | | | | | |
| Meaning | An attempt was | made to change th | ne parameter for th | ne LogicalMotorNo | input variable wh | ien re-executing a | | | |
| | CNC instruction | . (This input variab | le cannot be chan | ged when re-exect | uting an instructio | n.) | | | |
| Source | PLC Function Module | | Source details | Instruction | Detection | At instruction | | | |
| | | | | | timing | execution | | | |
| Error attri- | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | | |
| butes | | | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant ins | truction will end a | ccording to specifi- | | | |
| | | | | cations. | | | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | | |
| -defined | None | | | | | | | | |
| variables | | | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | Correction | | | | | |
| correction | A parameter for an input variable | | Correct the prog | Correct the program so that the | | Check the manual to see if each | | | |
| | that cannot be changed for | | parameter for th | parameter for the relevant input | | o the relevant CNC | | | |
| | re-execution was changed. | | variable does not change when | | instruction can | instruction can be changed by | | | |
| | | | the relevant instruction is re-exe- cuted. | | re-execution. Write the program so that the input parameters for | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ble that cannot be | | | |
| | | | | | changed do not change upon | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Attached | Attached Inform | ation 1: Error Loca | tion | | | | | | |
| information | Attached Inform | ation 2: Error Loca | tion Details (Rung | Number). For a pr | rogram section, th | ne rung number | | | |
| | from the start of | the section is give | n. For ST, the line | number is given. | | | | | |
| | Attached Inform | ation 3: Names of t | he Instruction and | Instruction Instanc | e Where the Erro | r Occurred. If there | | | |
| | | is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction | | | | | | | |
| | cannot be identi | ified. | | | | | | | |
| | Attached Inform | Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) | | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is o | changed after an ei | rror occurs, the att | ached information | that is displayed | may not be correct. | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | | | |

| Event name | SD Memory Card | d Access Failure | | Event code | 5401561D hex | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Meaning | SD Memory Car | d access failed wh | en an instruction w | as executed. | | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function M | lodule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed caus | e | Correction | | Prevention | | | | |
| correction | An SD Memory Card is not inserted. | | Insert an SD Mer | Insert an SD Memory Card. | | Insert an SD Memory Card. | | | |
| | The SD Memory | / Card is dam- | Replace the SD | Memory Card | Do not remove | the SD Memory | | | |
| | aged. | | already confirmed that it operates normally. | | Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card. | | | | |
| | The SD Memory | The SD Memory Card slot is bro- | | If this error recurs after you took | | None | | | |
| | ken. | | the two actions mentioned above, replace the Controller. | | | | | | |
| Attached | Attached Inform | Attached Information 1: Error Location | | | | | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ı | | ogram section, th | e rung number | | | |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | | | |
| | Attached Inform | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Error | DEx) | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information | that is displayed i | may not be correct. | | | |

| Event name | File Does Not Exist | | | Event code | 5401561E hex | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|---|---|--------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The file specified | for an instruction | does not exist. | | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Source details Instruction 1 | | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | Ð | Correction | Correction | | | | |
| correction | The specified file | e does not exist. | specified for the i Or, modify the file | at the filename that is Make sure that the filename the instruction exists. e filename so that it filename specified for n. | | | | |
| Attached | Attached Information | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | · | | | |
| information | | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. | | | | | | |
| | | possible instruction | s of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If the ruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruct | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | may not be correc | | |

| Event name | Illegal Load NC F | Program Number S | Specification | Event code | 5401561F hex | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Meaning | Loading failed be ified. | cause an attempt | was made to load | the NC program w | ith an invalid proo | gram number spec- | |
| Source | PLC Function Module | | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | None | | | | | | |
| variables | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | An attempt was r | made to load the | Correct the parameter so that the | | Correct the parameter so that the | | |
| | NC program with | • | NC program num | NC program number does not | | NC program number does not | |
| | gram number spe | ecified. | exceed the speci | fied range. | exceed the spe | cified range. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line i | | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errori | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information | that is displayed | may not be correct. | |

| Event name | Too Many Files C | Dpen | | Event code | 54015620 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Meaning | The maximum nu | umber of open files | was exceeded wh | nen opening a file | for an instruction | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | The maximum nu files was exceede a file for an instru | ed when opening | Correct the program to reduce the number of open files. | | Decrease the number of files. Or, write the program so that files that no longer need to be open are closed in order to prevent too many files from being open at once. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Locat | ion | | | |
| information | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If the is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | | • | · · | , | hat is displayed ı | may not be correct. |

| Event name | File or Directory I | Name Is Too Long | | Event code | 54015621 hex | |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------|--|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Meaning | The file name or | directory name that | at was specified for | an instruction is t | oo long. | |
| Source | PLC Function Module | | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | The file name or that was specified tion to create is to | d for the instruc- | Correct the program so that the file name or directory name speci- fied for the instruction is within FAT16/FAT32 restrictions. | | Write the program so that the specified file names and directory names are within FAT16/FAT32 restrictions. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Locat | ion | | | |
| information | | | ion Details (Rung l n. For ST, the line r | | ogram section, th | e rung number |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | - |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | may not be correct. |

| Event name | SD Memory Car | d Access Failed | | Event code | 54015622 hex | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Meaning | SD Memory Care | d access failed. | | | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant ins cations. | truction will end a | ccording to specifi- | | |
| System | Variable | - | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | d Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | The SD Memory Card is dam- aged. | | Replace the SD | Replace the SD Memory Card. | | Do not remove the SD Memory Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card. | | |
| | The SD Memory Card slot is bro- ken. | | If this error recurs after you took the above correction, replace the Controller. | | None | | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Loca | tion | | | | | |
| information | | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. | | | | | | |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Error | IDEx) | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is cl | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ached information | that is displayed | may not be correct. | | |

| Event name | Load NC Program | m Capacity Excee | ded | Event code | 54015623 hex | | | |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | Loading failed be | ecause an attempt | was made to load | the NC program of | over the maximum | n capacity. | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | | |
| correction | An attempt was r NC program ove capacity. | r the maximum | Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the DeleteFile input variable for the relevant instruction, and delete the loaded NC program once. | | Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the DeleteFile input variable for the relevant instruction when chang- ing the setup so that the NC pro- gram loaded at the same time does not exceed the maximum capacity, and write the program to delete the loaded NC program. | | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | | |
| information | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. | | | | | | | |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Will is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. No cannot be identified. | | | | | • | | |
| | | | Error Code (Errorl | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is cl | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | iched information t | that is displayed r | may not be correct. | | |

| Event name | Number of NC P | rogram Exceeded | | Event code | 54015624 hex | |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Meaning | Loading failed be grams. | ecause an attempt | was made to load | NC programs ove | r the maximum n | umber of NC pro- |
| Source | PLC Function Module | | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | 9 | Correction Correct the program to reduce the number of NC programs to be loaded. | | Prevention | |
| correction | A new NC progra while the numbe programs reache | r of loaded NC | | | Write the program so that the pro- gram numbers of unused NC pro- grams are reused to prevent too many NC programs from being loaded. | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Loca | tion | | | |
| information | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | that is displayed | may not be correct. |

| Event name | Illegal CNC Motor | Specification | | Event code | 54015625 hex | |
|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Meaning | The CNC motor s | specified for the Ta | a <i>rget</i> in-out variable | e to a CNC instruc | tion is not exist. | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection | At instruction |
| | | | | | timing | execution |
| Error attri- | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| butes | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| | | | | cations. | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined | None | | | | | |
| variables | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | A CNC motor doe | es not exist for | Correct the instruction so that the | | Specify a variable that exists when | |
| | the variable spec | | variable exists for the CNC motor | | specifying a variable for an input | |
| | get input variable | to the instruc- | that was specified for the instruc- | | parameter to an | instruction. |
| | tion. | | tion. | | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Locat | lion | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung | | ogram section, th | e rung number |
| | from the start of t | the section is giver | n. For ST, the line r | number is given. | | |
| | Attached Informa | tion 3: Names of th | ne Instruction and I | nstruction Instance | e Where the Error | Occurred. If there |
| | | • | on, information is g | iven on all of them | Nothing is giver | n if the instruction |
| | cannot be identifi | ed. | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | tion 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is cl | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | may not be correct. |
| Remarks | | | | | | |

| Event name | Illegal CNC Motor | Compensation Tab | le Specification | Event code | 54015626 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | The CNC motor of | compensation tabl | e specified for the | <i>Target</i> input variab | le to a CNC instr | ruction is not exist. | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A CNC motor cor | mpensation table | Correct the instruction so that the variable exists for the CNC motor compensation table that was | | Specify a variable that exists when specifying a variable for an input parameter to an instruction. | | |
| | does not exist for | r the variable | | | | | |
| | specified for the | <i>Target</i> input vari- | | | | | |
| | able to the instru- | ction. | specified for the i | nstruction. | | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | , · | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If ther is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | - | |
| | Attached Informa | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an en | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed r | may not be correct. | |

| Event name | Illegal Load NC F | Program | | Event code | 54015628 hex | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | An error was det | ected in the loade | d NC program. | | • | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | - | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | A syntax error wa NC program you to load. | as detected in the made an attempt | NC program th ferred to the SI • The file name a of the NC program detected are sl attached inform that the syntax are correct. | and specify the at was trans- D Memory Card. and row number ram with the error nown in the nation. Make sure and instruction urs after you took ection, contact | Do not edit the file of the NC pro gram that was parsed with CNC Operator and transferred to the SD Memory Card. | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Loca | | epiesentative. | | | |
| information | Attached Informa | ation 2: Error Loca | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | is more than one | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Error Code (Errorl | , | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | that is displayed i | may not be correct. | |

| Event name | Skew Control Mode Out of Range Event c | | | Event code | 5401562A hex | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Sk | <i>ewMode</i> input vari | able to a CNC inst | ruction is out of ra | nge. | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Source details Instruction | | At instruction execution | | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end ac | cording to specifi- | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | | |
| -defined variable | None | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause |) | Correction | Correction | | | | |
| correction | Instruction input exceeded the val input variable. | | Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction. | | Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded. | | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | tion 1: Error Locat | tion | | • | | | |
| information | Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. | | | | | | | |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction the identified. | | | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx) | | | | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed m | ay not be correct. | | |

| Event name | Offset Value Setting Out of Range Event co | | | | 5401562B hex | | |
|--------------|---|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Meaning | The parameter s | pecified for the Off | <i>setValue</i> input vari | able to a CNC ins | truction is out of ra | inge. | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection tim- | At instruction | |
| | | | | | ing | execution | |
| Error attri- | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| butes | | | | | | | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst | ruction will end ac | cording to specifi- | |
| | | | | cations. | - | | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined | None | | | | | | |
| variable | | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | Instruction input | Instruction input parameter | | Correct the parameter so that the | | ameter to the | |
| | exceeded the valid range of the | | valid range of the input variable is | | instruction so that the valid range | | |
| | input variable. | | not exceeded for the relevant | | of the input variable is not | | |
| | | | instruction. | | exceeded. | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ition 1: Error Locat | ion | | | | |
| information | | | ion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line r | , , | ogram section, the | rung number | |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If ther is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | ition 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ | If a program is ch | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | ched information t | hat is displayed m | ay not be correct. | |
| Remarks | | | | | | | |

15

15-4-2 Error Descriptions

| Event name | Target Position Po | ositive Software Lin | nit Exceeded | Event code | 54016783 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|---|---------------------|--|--|
| Meaning | The specified po | sition exceeds the | positive software | imit. | • | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | truction will end a | ccording to specifi | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | the opposite dire ware limit was ex | is beyond the limit and an pecifies motion in ction of the soft- cecuted. | the instruction so the positive softw Correct the program travel direction for is towards the po- limit. | on input variable to n so that it is within instruction so that it is within | | ariable to the hat it is within the e limit. on is beyond the e limit, write the t the travel direc- ection of the posi- | |
| Attached information | Attached Informa from the start of t Attached Informa is more than one cannot be identif | the section is given ition 3: Names of th possible instruction ied. | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ne Instruction and l | on Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number . For ST, the line number is given. e Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there n, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | | | ror occurs, the atta | , | that is displayed i | may not be correc | |

| Event name | Target Position N | egative Software Li | mit Exceeded | Event code | 54016784 hex | |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------|---|--|----------------------|--|
| Meaning | The specified po | sition exceeds the | negative software | limit. | | |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | Ð | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction is beyond the negative software limit. The first position is beyond the negative software limit and an instruction that specifies motion in the opposite direction of the soft- ware limit was executed. | | Correct the paran for the <i>Position</i> in the instruction so the negative soft Correct the progress travel direction for is towards the ne limit. | nput variable to to that it is within ware limit.Position input variable to the instruction so that it is within negative software limit.ram so that the or the instructionIf the first position is beyon negative software limit, write | | ariable to the nat it is within the are limit. on is beyond the are limit, write the t the travel direc- ection of the nega- |
| Attached information | Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If the is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) | | | | r Occurred. If there | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | | | | , | that is displayed ı | may not be correct. |

| Event name | Command Positio | n Overflow/Underfl | ow | Event code | 54016785 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Meaning | • • | nstruction in the un ecuted when there | | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant ins cations. | truction will end a | ccording to specif | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | when there was a command posi- | | Execute an error clear the overflov state by executir | v or underflow | Make sure that flow does not o | overflow or under ccur. | |
| Attached information | Attached Informa from the start of t Attached Informa is more than one cannot be identif | ation 1: Error Locat ation 2: Error Locat the section is given ation 3: Names of th possible instruction ied. ation 4: Expansion | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ne Instruction and on, information is g | number is given. Instruction Instand iven on all of ther | ce Where the Erro | r Occurred. If there | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | | nanged after an er | | , | that is displayed | may not be correc | |

| Event name | Positive Limit Inpu | Positive Limit Input | | | 54016786 hex | |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------|--|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Meaning | An instruction wa | is executed for a n | notion in the positiv | e direction when | the positive limit i | nput was ON. |
| Source | PLC Function Mc | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | • | Correction | | Prevention | |
| correction | Assumed cause An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> . | | Execute an error reset and then perform a recovery operation in the negative direction. If this error occurs again, check the connec- tion of the positive limit signal, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execution condi- tions for the start command, and correct any mistakes. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | | Check to make sure there are no problems with the positive limit signal connection, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execute conditions for the instruc- tion. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings. | |
| Attached information | Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If the is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) | | | | r Occurred. If there | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | | | • | · · | hat is displayed ı | may not be correct. |

| Event name | Negative Limit Input | | | Event code | 54016787 hex | |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Meaning | An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative | | | | the negative limi | it input was ON. |
| Source | PLC Function M | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | e | Correction | | Prevention | |
| Attached | An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> . | | perform a recover the positive direct occurs again, che tion of the negative logic setting for the input, and the ex- tions for the start correct any mistar Check the logic set the CNC motor p the slave settings | signal connection, the logic for the negative limit input, a execute conditions for the i execute conditions for the i tion. Check the logic settings bo the CNC motor parameters the slave settings. | | on, the logic setting limit input, and the ons for the instruc- settings both in parameters and in |
| Precautions/ | Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction the identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (<i>ErrorIDEx</i>) I f a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be compared. | | | | r Occurred. If there n if the instruction | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is c | hanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | iched information f | that is displayed i | may not be correct |

| Event name | Servo Main Circuits OFF | | | Event code | 54017784 hex | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Meaning | An attempt was r | An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFI | | | | | |
| Source | PLC Function Mo | odule | Source details | Instruction | Detection timing | At instruction execution | |
| Error attri- butes | Level | Observation | Recovery | | Log category | System | |
| Effects | User program | Continues. | Operation | The relevant inst cations. | ruction will end a | ccording to specifi- | |
| System | Variable | | Data type | | Name | | |
| -defined variables | None | | | | | | |
| Cause and | Assumed cause | | Correction | | Prevention | | |
| correction | An attempt was i | made to turn ON | Turn ON the Servo after turning | | Turn ON the Servo after turning | | |
| | the Servo when | the main circuit | ON the main circuit power supply | | ON the main circuit power supply | | |
| | power supply to was OFF. | the Servo Drive | of the Servo Drive for the CNC motor where the error occurred. | | to the Servo Drive. | | |
| Attached | Attached Informa | ation 1: Error Locat | tion | | | | |
| information | | | tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line ı | , i | ogram section, th | e rung number | |
| | Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. | | | | | | |
| | Attached Informa | ation 4: Expansion | Error Code (Errorl | DEx) | | | |
| Precautions/ Remarks | If a program is cl | nanged after an er | ror occurs, the atta | iched information t | hat is displayed ı | may not be correct. | |

A

Appendices

| A-1 | Valid R | ange of CNC Parameter Settings A | -2 |
|-----|---------|--|----|
| A-2 | Cancel | lation of Digits of Real Type Data A | -7 |
| A-3 | Conne | cting to 1S-series Servo Drives | 11 |
| | A-3-1 | Wiring the Servo Drive A- | 11 |
| | A-3-2 | Servo Drive Settings A- | 11 |
| | A-3-3 | Object Settings A- | 14 |
| A-4 | Instruc | tions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported | 15 |
| A-5 | Versior | ۱ Information A-: | 20 |

A-1 Valid Range of CNC Parameter Settings

Some real-type CNC parameters have their valid range in addition to a setting range. The valid range is within the setting range and handled as internally effective. If a setting value is within the setting range but outside the valid range, it is not handled as an error but corrected to a value within the valid range so that it can be used for calculation purposes.

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Coordinate System Parameters

| Category | Real number point parameter | Setting range | Valid range | Within the setting range but outside the valid range |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| CNC Coor- | Maximum Feedrate | Positive | 0.0000001 to upper limit ^{*1} | Not handled as an error. |
| dinate Sys- tem | | number, 0 | | 0: Set to the upper limit defined to the left. |
| Operation Settings | | | | Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. |
| | | | | Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit. |
| | Rotary Axis Velocity | Positive | 0.0000001 to upper limit*1 | Not handled as an error. |
| | | number | | Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. |
| | | | | Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit. |
| | Dry Run Velocity | Positive | 0.0000001 to upper limit*1 | Not handled as an error. |
| | | number | | Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. |
| | | | | Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit. |
| NC Pro- | Acceleration Time | Positive | - *2 | - |
| gram | | number, 0 | | |
| Default Set- | Deceleration Time | Positive | - *2 | - |
| tings | | number, 0 | 10 | |
| | Jerk Time | Positive number, 0 | _*2 | - |

| Category | Real number point parameter | Setting range | Valid range | Within the setting range but outside the valid range |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Tool Com- | Tool Radius | Positive | 0, or 0.0000001 to 1,000,000 | Not handled as an error. |
| pensation Settings | | number, 0 | | Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. |
| | | | | Larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000. |
| | Tool Length | Negative | -1,000,000 to -0.0000001 | Not handled as an error. |
| | | number, positive number, or | 0 +0.0000001 to +1,000,000 | The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: |
| | | 0 | | Set to 0.0000001 of the absolute value. |
| | | | | The absolute value is larger than 1,000,000: |
| | | | | Set to 1,000,000 of the abso- lute value. |
| Work Coor- | 1st Work Coordi- | Negative | -1,000,000 to -0.0000001 | Not handled as an error. |
| dinate Sys- | nate System Offset | number, | 0 | The absolute value is larger |
| tem Settings | 2nd Work Coordi- nate System Offset | positive number, or 0 at each of | +0.0000001 to +1,000,000 | than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. |
| | 3rd Work Coordinate System Offset | X-, Y-, Z-, | | The absolute value is larger |
| | 4th Work Coordi- | A-, B-, and | | than 1,000,000: Set to |
| | nate System Offset | C-axis. | | 1,000,000. |
| | 5th Work Coordi- | | | |
| | nate System Offset | | | |
| | 6th Work Coordi- | | | |
| | nate System Offset | | | |
| Reference | 1st Reference Point | Negative | -1,000,000 to -0.0000001 | Not handled as an error. |
| Point Set- tings | 2nd Reference Point | number, positive | 0 +0.0000001 to +1,000,000 | The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than |
| | 3rd Reference Point | number, or | ,, | 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. |
| | 4th Reference Point | 0 at each of X-, Y-, | | The absolute value is larger |
| | | Z-, A-, B-, | | than 1,000,000: Set to |
| | | and | | 1,000,000. |
| | | C-axis. | | |
| Spindle | Orientation Position | 0 ≤ x < 1 | - | - |
| Axis Opera- | Orientation Velocity | Positive | The value converted into | Not handled as an error. |
| tion Set- tings | | number | pulses based on the setting of the motor assigned to the spindle is 60 pulses/min or more | Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min. |
| | Orientation Acceler- | Positive | The value converted into | Not handled as an error. |
| | ation/Deceleration | number, 0 | pulses based on the setting of the motor assigned to the spindle is 0 or 0.004 to | Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 |
| | | | 3200000000000 pulses/s ² | pulses/s ² . |
| | | | | Larger than 3200000000000 pulses/s ² : Set to |
| | | | | 3200000000000 pulses/s ² . |
| *4. Davida th | | | e CNC motors assigned to posit | · |

*1. Double the Maximum Velocity value among the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system.

^{*2.} This parameter has no valid range, but a recommended usage range. Refer to the *NJ/NY-series G code In*structions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031).

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Motor Parameters

| Category | Real number point | Setting | Valid range | Within the setting range but | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Category | parameter | range | valiu ralige | outside the valid range | |
| Unit Con- | Travel Distance Per | Positive | - | - | |
| version Set- | Work Rotation | number | | | |
| tings | Maximum Valaaitu | Positive | The value after conversion | Not handled as an error. | |
| Operation Settings | Maximum Velocity | number | into pulses is 60 pulses/min or | | |
| Settings | | number | more. | Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min. | |
| | Maximum Accelera- | Positive | The value after conversion | Not handled as an error. | |
| | tion/Deceleration | number, 0 | into pulses is 0 or 0.004 to 3200000000000 pulses/s ^{2.} | Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 pulses/s ² . | |
| | | | | Larger than 3200000000000 | |
| | | | | pulses/s ² : Set to | |
| | | | | 3200000000000 pulses/s ² . | |
| | Rapid Feed Velocity | Positive | Lower limit: The value after | Not handled as an error. | |
| | | number | - | | Larger than 0 and less than |
| | | | pulses/min or more. | 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 | |
| | | | Upper limit: Less than or | pulses/min. | |
| | | | equal to the maximum veloc- | Maximum velocity is | |
| | | | ity. | exceeded: Set to the maxi- | |
| | | | | mum velocity. | |
| | Rapid Feed Acceler- | Positive | The value after conversion | Not handled as an error. | |
| | ation/Deceleration | number, 0 | into pulses is 0 or 0.004 | Larger than 0 and less than | |
| | | | pulses/s2 or more. | 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 | |
| | | | | pulses/s ² . | |
| | In-position Range | Positive | - | - | |
| | | number, 0 | | | |
| | Skip Velocity | Positive | The value after conversion | Not handled as an error. | |
| | | number | into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more. | Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 | |
| Limit Set- | Positive Software | Positive | - | pulses/min. - | |
| tings | Overtravel Limit | number | | | |
| | Negative Software | Negative | - | - | |
| | Overtravel Limit | number | | | |
| | Following Error Over | Positive | - | - | |
| | Value | number, 0 | | | |
| | Following Error | Positive | - | - | |
| | Warning Value | number, 0 | | | |

| Category | Real number point parameter | Setting range | Valid range | Within the setting range but outside the valid range |
|------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Homing Settings | Homing Velocity | Positive number | The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more. | Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min. |
| | Homing Approach Velocity | Positive number | The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more. | Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min. |
| | Homing Accelera- tion/Deceleration | Positive number, 0 | The value after conversion into pulses is 0 or 0.004 pulses/s ² or more. | Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 pulses/s ² . |
| | Home Input Mask Distance | Positive number, 0 | - | - |
| | Home Offset | Positive number, negative number, or 0 | - | - |
| | Homing Compensa- tion Value | Positive number, negative number, or 0 | - | - |
| | Homing Compensa- tion Velocity | Positive number | The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more. | Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min. |
| Servo Gain Settings | Position Loop Gain | 0 to 3000 | 0, or 0.01 to 3000.0 | Larger than 0 and less than 0.01: Not handled as an error but set to 0.01. |
| | Velocity Feedfor- ward Gain | 0 to 100 | 0, or 0.01 to 100.0 | Larger than 0 and less than 0.01: Not handled as an error but set to 0.01. |
| Gantry Set- tings | Alignment Velocity | Positive number | The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more. | Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min. |
| | Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value | Positive number, 0 | - | - |
| | Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value | Positive number, 0 | - | - |

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Motor Compensation Table Settings

| Category | Real number point parameter | Setting range | Valid range | Within the setting range but outside the valid range |
|---------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Basic Set- tings | Compensation Scail- ing | 0 to 2.0 | - | - |
| | Source Compensa- tion Start Position | Positive number, 0, or nega- tive num- ber | -1,000,000 to -0.0000001 0, +0.0000001 to +1,000,000 | Not handled as an error. The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.00000001. The absolute value is larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000. |
| | Source Compensa- tion Section Dis- tance | Positive number | +0.0000001 to +1,000,000 | Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. Larger than 1,000,000: Set to 10,00,000. |

For information about the valid ranges of input variables for CNC instruction function blocks, refer to *11-1-1 Input Variables for CNC Instructions* on page 11-2.

A-2 Cancellation of Digits of Real Type Data

The CNC Function Module mixes single-precision real type data and double-precision real type data for its calculation. For this reason, cancellation of digits occurs when data is converted from double-precision reals into single-precision reals.

Example:

The mantissa part of single-precision reals (REAL) is 23-bit. The number of digits of numbers that can be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is maintained. On the other hand, information loss from over-flowed lower bits occurs when a number that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is handled.

In the following program example, the Data2 value is 16777216.

| Variable name | Data type |
|---------------|-----------|
| Data1 | LREAL |
| Data2 | LREAL |
| Data3 | REAL |

(ST Program)

```
Data1 := 16777217; // 2^23 + 1
Data3 := Data1; // Deceased conversion from LREAL to REAL
Data2 := Data3; // Increased conversion from REAL to LREAL
```

Parameters

The following parameters use single-precision reals (REAL).

Set the parameter by considering the following effects.

| Parameter | Effect |
|---|--|
| CNC Common Parameters | |
| N/A | |
| CNC Coordinate System Parar | neters |
| N/A | |
| CNC Motor Parameters | |
| Maximum Velocity | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum velocity works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost. |
| Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum acceleration works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost. |
| Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum acceleration works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost. |
| In-position Range | An In-position state may occur in a range different from the defined In-position due to the following two reasons: |
| | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a use-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation. |
| | If a deviation of CNC motor (value obtained by deducting the current position from the commanded position) turns to a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part, a use-set value from which overflowed lower bit infor- mation is lost is used for operation. |
| Skip Velocity | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation. |
| Positive Software Over- travel Limit | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for software limit. |
| Negative Software Overtravel Limit | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for software limit. |
| Homing Velocity | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation. |
| Homing Approach Velocity | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation. |
| Homing Accelera- tion/Deceleration | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation. |
| Home Offset | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for preset. |
| Homing Compensation Velocity | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation. |
| Position Loop Gain | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-defined value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for position loop gain. |

| | Parameter | Effect | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Velocity Feedforward Gain | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac | | | | | | | |
| | | Studio, a user-defined value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is | | | | | | | |
| | | used for velocity feedforward gain. | | | | | | | |
| | Alignment Velocity | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac | | | | | | | |
| | | Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is | | | | | | | |
| | | used for operation. | | | | | | | |
| C | NC Motor Compensation Tab | le Parameters | | | | | | | |
| | N/A | | | | | | | | |

Retained Variables

The following retained variables use single-precision reals (REAL).

| | Parameter | Effect | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CN | NC Motor Retained Variables | | | | | | | | | |
| | Absolute Encoder Home | When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is restored to | | | | | | | | |
| | Offset | the ABS current position, it is restored with the value from which overflowed | | | | | | | | |
| | | lower bit information is lost. | | | | | | | | |
| | Gantry Offset | When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is restored to | | | | | | | | |
| | | the gantry offset, it is restored with the value from which overflowed lower bit | | | | | | | | |
| | | information is lost. | | | | | | | | |

Precautions for Correct Use

You cannot execute NC programs to a coordinate system if a CNC motor that composes the coordinate system is manually operated. In the same way, the manual operation cannot be executed during execution of the NC program except for the *Hold* (Holding) status.

A

Input Variables for CNC Instructions

To ensure visibility, double-precision reals (LREAL) data is used in PLC program. However, the following variables use single-precision reals (REAL) data for the internal use.

| | Input variable | Effect |
|---|--------------------------|---|
| С | NC_MoveJog | · |
| | Velocity | When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, |
| | | a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the velocity. |
| | Acceleration | When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, |
| | | a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the accelera- |
| | | tion/deceleration rate. |
| С | NC_Move | |
| | Velocity | When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, |
| | | a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the velocity. |
| | Acceleration | When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, |
| | | a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the accelera- |
| | | tion/deceleration rate. |
| С | NC_HomeWithParameter | |
| | HomingParameter. Vel | Refer to Homing Velocity |
| | HomingParameter. | Refer to Homing Approach Velocity |
| | ApproachVel | |
| | HomingParameter. Acc | Refer to Homing Acceleration/Deceleration |
| | HomingParameter. Offset | Refer to Home Offset |
| | HomingParameter. Com- | Refer to Homing Compensation Velocity |
| | pensationVel | |
| С | NC_SpindleGo | |
| | Velocity | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a |
| | | user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for |
| | | operation. |
| С | NC_CoordControl | |
| | ControlOutputs. Feedrat- | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a |
| | eVelFactor | user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for |
| | | operation. |
| | ControlOutputs. Feedrat- | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a |
| | eVelFactorChangeRate | user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for |
| | | operation. |
| С | NC_GantrySkewControl | |
| | GantryOffset | If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a |
| | | user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for |
| | | operation. |

A-3 Connecting to 1S-series Servo Drives

This section describes connections to an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications.

Basically, the connections are the same as for the Motion Control Function Module. This section, therefore, describes only the differences. For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual* (Cat. No. W507).

A-3-1 Wiring the Servo Drive

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

A-3-2 Servo Drive Settings

Assigning External Input Signals

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

Backlash Compensation

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

PDO Mapping

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

Relationships between CNC Function Module and Process Data

This function changes from the MC Function Module.

The functions of the CNC Function Module are related to the information in the process data objects.

Depending on the EtherCAT slave configuration and functions that are used by the CNC Function Module, you may sometimes need to change the relationships.

To access the settings, click the **Detailed Settings** Button on the CNC Motor Basic Setting Display in Sysmac Studio.

• Output Settings (Controller to Servo Drive)

The settings apply to the command data that is sent from the CNC Function Module to the Servo Drive.

The default settings in Sysmac Studio are listed in the following table. (The O mark indicates a required object for positioning axis assignment/The \triangle mark indicates a required object for spindle axis assignment

| Function name | Process data | Description | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| $O \triangle$ Control Word | 6040 hex-00.0 | This data is used to control the status of the Servo | | | | | |
| | (Controlword) | Drive. | | | | | |
| | | Set 6040 hex: Controlword. | | | | | |
| O Target Position | 607A hex-00.0 | The target position for position control. This is used by | | | | | |
| | (Target position) | the positioning axis. | | | | | |
| | | Set 607A hex: Target position. | | | | | |
| | | It is not used by the spindle axis. 0 is always output. | | | | | |
| riangle Target Velocity | 60FF hex-00.0 | The target velocity for velocity control. This is used by | | | | | |
| | (Target velocity) | the spindle axis. | | | | | |
| | | Normally set 60FF hex: Target velocity. | | | | | |
| | | It is not used by the positioning axis. 0 is always output. | | | | | |
| Target Torque | 6071 hex-00.0 | The target torque for torque control. | | | | | |
| | (Target torque) | This is not used by the CNC Function Module. 0 is always output. | | | | | |
| Max Profile Velocity | 607F hex-00.0 | The velocity limit value for torque control. | | | | | |
| | (Max profile velocity) | This is not used by the CNC Function Module. The maximum motor velocity is always output. | | | | | |
| \triangle Operation Mode | 6060 hex-00.0 | This data is required to change the control mode. | | | | | |
| | (Modes of operation) | Normally set 6060 hex: Modes of operation.*1 | | | | | |
| | | For the positioning axis, always CSP mode (8) is output. | | | | | |
| | | For the spindle axis, always CSV mode (9) is output. | | | | | |
| Positive Torque Limit | 60E0 hex-00.0 | This is the torque limit value in the positive direction. | | | | | |
| Value | (Positive torque limit value) | This is not used by the CNC Function Module. 3000 is always output. | | | | | |
| Negative Torque Limit | 60E1 hex-00.0 | This is the torque limit value in the negative direction. | | | | | |
| Value | (Negative torque limit value) | This is not used by the CNC Function Module. 3000 is always output. | | | | | |
| Touch Probe Function | 60B8 hex-00.0 | This data is used to control the touch probe function. | | | | | |
| | (Touch probe function) | It is required for the touch probe functions such as the CNC_Home instruction, CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction, and G31 (Skip Function). | | | | | |
| | | Normally set 60B8 hex: Touch probe function. | | | | | |

*1. If you set 6060 hex (Modes of operation), also set 6061 hex (Modes of operation display). Normal operation is not possible if only one of these two is set.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change the settings, make sure that the desired operations are performed for the CNC Function Module and process data settings.
- If you are not using an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications or G5-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications, always set the Modes of Operation (6060 hex).

• Input Settings (Servo Drive to Controller)

This is the status data settings from the Servo Drive to the CNC Function Module.

The default settings in Sysmac Studio are listed in the following table. (The O mark indicates a required object for positioning axis assignment/The \triangle mark indicates a required object for spindle axis assignment

| Function name | Process data | Description | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| O∆ Status Word | 6041 hex-00.0 | The status of the Servo Drive. Set 6041 hex: Sta- | | | | | |
| | (Statusword) | tusword. | | | | | |
| $O \triangle$ Position Actual Value | 6064 hex-00.0 | Shows the actual position. Set 6064 hex: Position | | | | | |
| | (Position actual value) | actual value. | | | | | |
| Actual velocity | Not set. *1 | Shows the actual velocity. | | | | | |
| | | This is not used by the CNC Function Module. | | | | | |
| Torque Actual Value | 6077 hex | Shows the actual torque. | | | | | |
| | (Torque actual value) | Normally set 6077 hex: Torque actual value. | | | | | |
| riangle Modes of Operation | 6061 hex-00.0 | Shows the operation mode. | | | | | |
| Display | (Modes of operation dis- play) | Normally set 6061 hex: Modes of operation display. ^{*2} | | | | | |
| Touch probe status | 60B9 hex-00.0 | Shows the status of the touch probe function. | | | | | |
| | (Touch probe status) | It is required for the touch probe functions such as the CNC_Home instruction, CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction, and G31 (Skip Function). | | | | | |
| | | Normally set 60B9 hex: Touch probe status. | | | | | |
| Touch probe pos1 pos | 60BA hex-00.0 | The latched position for touch probe 1. | | | | | |
| value | (Touch probe pos1 pos value) | It is required for the touch probe functions of the CNC_Home instruction and CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction. | | | | | |
| | | Normally set 60BA hex: Touch probe pos1 pos value. | | | | | |
| Touch probe pos2 pos | 60BC hex-00.0 | The latched position for touch probe 2. | | | | | |
| value | (Touch probe pos2 pos | This is required for G31 (skip function). | | | | | |
| | value) | Normally set 60BC hex: Touch probe pos2 pos value. | | | | | |
| Error Code | 603F hex-00.0 | The error code in the Servo Drive. | | | | | |
| | (Error code) | Normally set 603F hex: Error code. | | | | | |

*1. If required, map the selected process data to a PDO before setting it. The standard setting is 606C hex-00.0 (Velocity actual value).

*2. If you set 6061 hex (Modes of operation display), also set 6060 hex (Modes of operation). Normal operation is not possible if only one of these two is set.

Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change the settings, make sure that the desired operations are performed for the CNC Function Module and process data settings.
- If you are not using an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications or G5-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications, always set the Modes of Operation Display (6061 hex).

Digital Input Settings

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

А

A-3-3 Object Settings

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported

Whether multi-execution of CNC instructions is supported depends on the current status of the CNC motor or CNC coordinate system, and on the type of instruction to execute. This section describes the relationships among them.

The following table gives the instructions for which multi-execution is supported and the state transitions for instructions when the instructions are executed for a positioning axis or CNC coordinate system.

The color of the cell in the table shows you if multi-execution of the instruction is supported.

- White : Multi-execution of the instruction is supported.
- Gray : Multi-execution of the instruction is not supported. An error will occur.
- Yellow : Multi-execution of the instruction is not supported. CommandAborted changes to TRUE and execution of the instruction is disabled.

The letters in the table give the state of transition as follows.

- A : Standby
- B : Moving
- C : Executing
- D : Hold
- E : MovingOnHold
- F : Stopping
- G : ErrorStop
- H : CW/CCW

• Operations for Positioning Axis States in CNC Coordinate System when Instructions are Executed

| Spindle axis state, and servo lock/unlock state of logical motor number | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|------|--------|--|
| | | | Α | | | В | | С | D | Е | F | | G | |
| Positionii | | Standby | | | Hold Executing | | MovingOnHold | Stopping | | ErrorStop | | | | |
| Instruction | | Loc | k | Unlock | Loc | :k | Unlock | | | Hold | | Lock | Unlock | |
| | CNC Coordi- nate System axis state | Standby | CW/ CCW | | Standby CW/CCW | Moving | | | | | | | | |
| CNC_Power | (Enable=TRUE) | | А | | | В | | С | D | Е | F | G | G | |
| | (Enable=FALSE) | | А | | | A or B ^{*1} | | А | А | А | F | | G | |
| CNC_MoveJo | | В | | G | | G | | G | Е | G | F | | G | |
| CNC_Home (axis) | | В | | G*2 | | G | | G | G | G | F | | G | |
| CNC_Home (| | В | | G | | G | | G | G | G | F | | G | |
| (Positioning | | В | | G ^{*2} | G | | | | G | G | F | G | | |
| CNC_HomeW (Spindle axis | /ithParameter) | B G | | | G | | | | G | G | F | G | | |
| CNC_Gantry | SkewControl *3 | B G ^{*2} | | | | G | C | 3 | F | G | | | | |
| CNC_Gantry | SkewControl *4 | В | | | G | | | G | G | | F | | G | |
| CNC_Move (F axis) | Positioning | В | | G | G | | | G | Е | G | F | | G | |
| CNC_Move (S | Spindle axis) | В | B G | | | G | | | | | F | | G | |
| CNC_SyncMo | oveAbsolute | В | | G | G | | G | E | G | F | | G | | |
| CNC_Spindle | Go | A | | G | B ^{*5} G ^{*5} | | G | D | Е | F | | G | | |
| CNC_CoordC | Control *6*7 | | А | | В | | | | D | Е | F | | G | |
| CNC_CoordF | leset | | А | | В | | | | D | Е | F | | A | |
| CNC_CoordHalt | | | А | | A | | | | D | D | F | | G | |
| CNC_CoordStop | | | F | | | F | | F | F | F | F | | G | |
| CNC_CoordImmdiateStop | | | G | | | G | | G | G | G | G | | G | |
| CNC_CoordCatchMCode | | | <u>A</u> | | | В | | C | D | E | F | | G | |
| CNC_CoordResetMCode | | | A | | | B | | C | D | E | F | | G | |
| ResetCNCEr | or | | A | | | B | | C | D | E E | F F | | A G | |
| CNC_Write CNC_Read | | | A A | | | B | | C C | D D | E | F | | G G | |
| CNC_LoadPr | ogramFile | | A | | | В | | C *8 | D *8 | E *8 | F | | G | |

*1. A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, B.

*2. This instruction can be executed only in PresetMode, even when the Servo is unlocked.

*3. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:

- •_cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)
- _cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)
- *4. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:
 - _cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)
 - _cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)

*5. Multi-execution of CNC_SpindleGo instruction is not possible while the spindle axis is in *Moving*.

- *6. CycleStart can be accepted in Standby only if the Servo of all the CNC motors assigned to the coordinate system are locked and home is defined for all the CNC motors of positioning axes. If the conditions for the acceptance are not met, an error occurs.
- *7. CycleStart cannot be executed while CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is running.
- *8. Multi-execution of CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is not possible while an NC program is running, or in Hold.

Α

• Operations for Spindle Axis States in the CNC Coordinate System when Instructions are Executed

| | Spindle axis state, and servo lock/unlock state of logical motor number | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|--------|-----------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|---------|--------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--------------------|--------|-----------|--------|--|
| | | | | | Α | | | Н | | | | | B | F | | G | | | |
| Spindle axis state | | Standby | | | | | CW/CCW | | | | | | Moving | | Stopping | | ErrorStop | | |
| Servo lock/unlock state | | Lock | | | | Unlock | Lock | | | | | Unlock | Lock | Unlock | | Lock | Unlock | | |
| Instruction | CNC Coordi- nate System axis state | Standby | Moving | Executing | Hold | MovingOnHold | | Standby | Moving | Executing | Hold | MovingOnHold | | | | | | | |
| | (Enable=TRUE) | | | | Α | | | | | | Н | | | | В | F | | G | |
| CNC_Power (Enable=FAL | .SE) | | | | A | | | | | A | \ or I | H ^{*1} | | Ac | or B ^{*2} | F | | G | |
| CNC_MoveJ | | А | G | G | А | G | G | Н | G | G | Н | G | G | | G | F | | G | |
| CNC_Home (axis) | (Positioning | А | G | G | G | G | G ^{*3} | Н | G | G | G | G | G | G | | F | | G | |
| CNC_Home | (Spindle axis) | В | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | | F | G | | |
| CNC_HomeV (Positioning | VithParameter axis) | А | G | G | G | G | G ^{*3} | Н | G | G | G | G | G | G | | F | G | | |
| CNC_HomeV (Spindle axis | VithParameter s) | В | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | | F | G | | |
| CNC_Gantry | SkewControl *4 | А | G | G | G | G | G ^{*3} | В | G | G | G | G | G ^{*3} | G | | F | | G | |
| - | SkewControl *5 | А | G | G | G | G | A | В | G | G | G | G | В | G | | F | | G | |
| CNC_Move (axis) | | А | G | G | А | G | G | н | G | G | н | G | G | G | | F | G | | |
| CNC_Move (| Spindle axis) | В | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | G | | G | F | | G | |
| CNC_SyncM | oveAbsolute | А | G | G | А | G | G | Н | G | G | Н | G | G | | G | F | | G | |
| CNC_Spindle | | Н | Η | G | Н | Н | G | Η | Н | G | Н | Н | G | (| G ^{*6} | F | | G | |
| CNC_Coord | | | | | Α | | | Н | | | | | В | F | | G | | | |
| CNC_Coord | | | 1 | | A | 1 | 1 | | r | | Н | 1 | 1 | | В | F | | A | |
| | CNC_CoordHalt | | Α | G | Α | A | A | Н | Н | G | Н | Н | Н | | A | F | | G | |
| CNC_CoordStop F | | | | | F | | | | F | F | | G | | | | | | | |
| CNC_Coord | mmdiateStop | | | | G | | | | | | G H | | | | G B | G F | | G G | |
| CNC_Coord | | | | | A | | | | | | н Н | | | | B | F | | G | |
| ResetCNCEr | | | | | A | | | | | | п Н | | | B | | F | | A | |
| CNC_Write | | | | | A | | | | | | H | | | В | | F | | G | |
| CNC_Read | | | | | A | | | | | | н | | | | B | F | | G | |
| CNC_LoadP | rogramFile | А | А | | A ^{*9} | | Α | Н | н | | H ^{*9} | | Н | | B | F | | G | |
| | a targat matar ia g | | | | | | | . · | L . | l | •• | | | 1 | | | | | |

*1. A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, H.

*2. A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, B.

*3. This instruction can be executed only in *PresetMode*, even when the Servo is unlocked.

*4. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:

_cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)

_cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)

- *5. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:
 - •_cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)
 - _cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)
- *6. Multi-execution of CNC_SpindleGo instruction is not possible while the spindle axis is in *Moving*.
- *7. CycleStart in Standby and CW/CCW can be accepted only if the Servo of all the CNC motors assigned to the coordinate system are locked and home is defined for all the CNC motors of positioning axes. If the conditions for the acceptance are not met, an error occurs.
- *8. CycleStart cannot be executed while CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is running.
- *9. Multi-execution of CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is not possible while an NC program is running, or in Hold.

Α

A-5 Version Information

This appendix provides information related to the upgrade of CNC version.

CNC Function

• Functions That Were Added for CNC Version 1.02

| Function | Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Added parameters to the CNC | The Lookahead Distance and Override Method Selection were added to |
| coordinate system parameters. | the CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings, and the CNC Coordinate |
| | System Extended Operation Settings were added. |
| Added parameters to the CNC | The Rapid Feed Velocity was added to the Operation Settings, and the |
| motor parameters. | CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings were added. |
| Added a variable to the CNC coor- | The Velocity Limit Over status was added. |
| dinate system variables and the | |
| CNC motor variables. | |

CNC Instructions

The CNC instructions that are supported and their specifications depend on the CNC version.

These are given in the following table.

| Instruction | Name | New/ Changed | CNC version | Reference |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| CNC_CoordControl | CNC Coordinate System NC | Changed | Ver. 1.02 | P. 12-2 |
| | Control | | | |
| CNC_Write | Write CNC Setting | Changed | Ver. 1.02 | P. 13-2 |
| CNC_Read | Read CNC Setting | Changed | Ver. 1.02 | P. 13-11 |

OMRON Corporation **Industrial Automation Company** Kyoto, JAPAN

Contact: www.ia.omron.com

Regional Headquarters OMRON EUROPE B.V. Wegalaan 67-69, 2132 JD Hoofddorp The Netherlands Tel: (31)2356-81-300/Fax: (31)2356-81-388

OMRON ASIA PACIFIC PTE. LTD. 438B Alexandra Road, #08-01/02 Alexandra Technopark, Singapore 119968 Tel: (65) 6835-3011/Fax: (65) 6835-2711

OMRON ELECTRONICS LLC 2895 Greenspoint Parkway, Suite 200 Hoffman Estates, IL 60169 U.S.A. Tel: (1) 847-843-7900/Fax: (1) 847-843-7787

OMRON (CHINA) CO., LTD. Room 2211, Bank of China Tower, 200 Yin Cheng Zhong Road, PuDong New Area, Shanghai, 200120, China Tel: (86) 21-5037-2222/Fax: (86) 21-5037-2200

Authorized Distributor:

© OMRON Corporation 2017-2022 All Rights Reserved. In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

Cat. No. O030-E1-06